# JCB Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Policy



JamiesonCooteBonds Pty Ltd ACN 165 890 282 | AFSL 459 018 Date of Issue: May 2025

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# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Jamieson Coote Bonds (JCB) as a firm believes that investing sustainably is key to protecting and enhancing wealth over time. This comes from the idea that as professional risk managers, we need to manage the range of issues that our clients' capital is exposed to – inclusive of ESG factors. For government bond managers, it is widely accepted that there are significant limitations to ESG assessment and integration, as articulated by the UNPRI in their recent paper on *A practical guide to ESG Integration in Sovereign Debt*.

"Despite its size and importance, the sovereign debt market has been the subject of less systematic environmental, social and governance (ESG) consideration than other investment asset classes.

However, appetite for ESG integration is growing among investors, with a rising number appreciating that ESG factors can and do affect sovereign debt valuations."

UNPRI: A PRACTICAL GUIDE TO ESG INTEGRATION IN SOVEREIGN DEBT

Despite these challenges, JCB constantly reflects on ESG issues and does what it can. We do note that by deliberately focusing on the most highly rated issuers (G7) there is a natural bias towards sovereigns that are high grade in nature with relatively strong ESG credentials.

Our investment decisions are driven by a comprehensive analysis that includes, but is not limited to, ESG factors. We believe that incorporating these principles helps us identify opportunities that offer sustainable value, aligning with our mission to deliver long-term, true-to-label returns for our clients. This approach not only supports our fiduciary responsibilities but also reflects our commitment to responsible and forward-thinking investment practices.

As an active manager of high-grade government bonds, the opportunity for stakeholder engagement compared to other asset classes including shares and corporate bonds is realistically lower.

- In this universe, we deal with government bonds and national economies, as opposed to corporate and individual businesses.
- In addition, considering JCB tends to combine both relative value (RV) and directional styles in our investment approach, the integration of ESG factors as a risk source is different to fundamental or corporate credit managers. RV investing looks to exploit mis-pricings between securities; mis-pricings are driven by demand and supply and generally tend to behave independently of premia of interest rates, liquidity and credit (which are the main characteristics of traditional or fundamental bond managers). Extending this further, this means that ESG risk factors falls in the same camp of acting independently of JCB's RV approach.

JCB recognises that sensible application of ESG principles over time can both generate financial benefit (e.g. enhancing risk-adjusted returns) and effect change in targeted areas. This ESG policy has been compiled to crystallise JCB's beliefs on ESG principles with regards to government bond investing. It demonstrates our long-term commitment to delivering quality, true-to-label returns for our investors, and the role that ESG has within that mission.

### **KEY PERSONNEL**

ESG activities are led by Paul W. Chin SF FIN, Chief Executive Officer at JCB.

Notably, Paul is a member of the JCB Investment Team, providing macro input and managing investment risk, which structurally integrates ESG into the investment and risk management process.

#### Charles Jamieson, Executive Director - Chief Investment Officer

Charles is a co-founder of Jamieson Coote Bonds (JCB) and oversees portfolio management for the Australian, global and absolute return high grade bond investment strategies.

Prior to JCB, Charles forged a career as a seasoned bond investor from 2001 in New York, Tokyo, London and Sydney, with Merrill Lynch/Bank of America Merrill Lynch. Over his career, Charles has managed large Government Bond portfolios in key major currencies and derivative instruments. Charles has successfully navigated bond portfolios through the complete economic cycle, including challenging market events such as September 11, 2001, the Global Financial Crisis, Eurozone crises, the US credit rating downgrade, concerns related to China and Greece, and more recently the global pandemic.

Upon returning to Australia with the Bank of America Merrill Lynch, Charles's most recent appointment was as the Co-Head of Fixed Income, Currencies & Commodities, where he was a member of the Bank's Executive Management team. He also served as a member of the Australian Financial Markets Association (AFMA) Bond Committee. Charlie is a frequent speaker at major conferences and is well-recognised in the financial media community. He has also established himself as a regular contributor for The Australian.

Charles holds a Bachelor of Commerce from Monash University, majoring in accounting and finance.

#### Paul W. Chin SF FIN, Executive Director - Chief Executive Officer

Paul leads the firm's operational performance and strategic direction. In addition, he provides macro analysis, investment insight and ESG leadership to benefit the security section process and the wider business. Having joined JCB at a formative stage with A\$57m in funds under management in July 2016, he has a deep understanding of the firm's underlying business and operations.

Paul is a career investment researcher and portfolio manager across North America and Australasia. He has previously worked at Colonial First State, Advance Funds Management, Barclays Global Investors (now BlackRock) including as a portfolio manager in San Francisco and Vanguard as senior investment strategist. He has authored/co-authored bond, multi-asset and factor-based thought-leadership for Vanguard. He was a member of the Investment Strategy Group that inputted into the bond investment process on macro issues. He was originally hired at Vanguard to lead the team responsible for portfolio construction analytics.

Paul holds a Bachelor of Commerce from Monash University and a Masters in Applied Finance & Investments from FINSIA. He is a Senior Fellow of FINSIA and a Councillor on the FINSIA Industry Council for Funds & Asset Management. In addition, he serves as an advisory board member of Asian wealth manager the Boman Group. He also serves as an independent member of a number of Investment Committees, delivering asset allocation, manager selection and bond insights.

#### **Angus Coote, JCB Chair**

Angus is a JCB co-founder and JCB Chair, focusing on key clients and global strategic distribution.

Angus has enjoyed a career as an intermediator of High-Grade Bonds across the world's major financial centres with clients across Global Central Banks, Asset Managers, Sovereign Wealth Funds and Hedge Funds. He began his career with JP Morgan in London before transitioning to ANZ in Asia (Hong Kong, Singapore) – all specialising in marketing Australian Government Bonds and other debt products. During this time, Angus transacted the first ever Australian Bond investments for several of the large Asian Central Banks who now dominate the market as the largest holders of Australian Government debt. He subsequently returned to Australia with ANZ before joining Westpac in Sydney to Head Global Central Bank distribution.

Angus has a Bachelor of Business from the Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology majoring in economics and finance.

### Christopher Manuell CMT, Director - Senior Portfolio Manager

Chris oversees a range of investment strategies for institutional and retail clients.

Chris began his bond investment specialist career in 1994 and has worked at Merrill Lynch, Société Générale and The Royal Bank of Canada, across Sydney, London and Toronto. His investment experience has allowed him to become an expert in the spectrum of financial instruments and portfolio strategies. Additionally, he has had to engage extensively with institutional clients (e.g. financial institutions, pension plans, asset managers, hedge funds and sovereign wealth funds) which has built up his expertise in market flow dynamics.

Chris holds a Bachelor of Economics from La Trobe University and a Graduate Diploma in Applied Finance and Investment from the Securities Institute of Australia (now Finsia). Chris earned the right to use the Chartered Market Technician (CMT nominal, awarded by the Market Technicians Association) – one of the few in Australia to hold this designation. With over 10 years of experience as a CMT, Chris has developed a proprietary process of technical analysis to help mitigate investment risk and add value to duration management.

#### James Wilson, Director - Senior Portfolio Manager

James is responsible for managing investment strategies for institutional and retail clients.

Prior to joining JCB, James was Senior Portfolio Manager, Fixed Interest and Absolute Returns at VFMC where he was responsible for managing global and domestic active fixed income portfolios. Prior to that James spent seven and half years at ANZ as a senior rates trader in Sydney and London. It was at ANZ that James first worked alongside Executive Director, Angus Coote. James brings with him more than 15 years' experience across domestic and global fixed income markets.

James holds a Bachelor of Commerce and Bachelor of Engineering (Honors) from the University of Melbourne.

#### Mahika Bhardwaj, Associate - Quantitative Analyst

Mahika is a Quantitative Analyst, providing insights and support into JCB's investment process.

Mahika has founded her career in financial modelling, data analysis and coding across Australia, Singapore and her native India. She has applied her skills most recently with the University of Melbourne as a Finance Officer, and previously with CFOWorx, Varidus (Singapore) and Wavteq (India).

Mahika holds a Masters of Management (in Finance) from the University of Melbourne, and a Bachelors of Science (in Economics, Mathematics and Statistics) from Christ University in India. Mahika is also a Level 2 candidate in the CFA program.

# **JCB ESG PHILOSOPHY**

JCB's core beliefs on ESG, which are incorporated into investment analysis and decision-making processes, can be summarised as follows:

Figure 1: JCB's core belief pillars on ESG - Part 1

Pillar	Implications for JCB's investment approach
Returns can be enhanced; risk can be reduced over time – through active ESG management.	<ul> <li>As a government bond manager, over time we believe that returns can be enhanced, and risk can be reduced through a deliberate ESG approach.</li> <li>Ultimately, our investment decisions are likely to tilt more towards the investment merits (e.g., liquidity levels of two competing securities, all else being equal) – which means that our portfolio will balance explicit ESG investments (i.e., not overweight) vs broader investments.</li> </ul>
We believe that high grade bonds (sovereigns, semi government, supranational and agencies) are a key tool to use in portfolio defence.	<ul> <li>Our ability to express our ESG views are in terms of issuers and issues. We engage in ESG via issuer selection and security selection (green, sustainable and social vs nominal equivalent).</li> <li>Our notion of 'liking' or 'disliking' a country or issue runs on a spectrum. We are not restricted to holding benchmark weights (as in index-relative): we can go long or short relative to another bond, creating a 'spread' position.</li> <li>We apply a range of Relative Value and Directional strategies to implement our beliefs and convictions.</li> </ul>
We liaise and promote with issuers, but we're realistic in what we can impact.	<ul> <li>Formal quarterly input (incl. ESG).</li> <li>Annual review of ESG activities.</li> <li>Quarterly ESG bond issues universe review – covering sovereigns, semis, supranational, agencies.</li> </ul>

As an investment manager, JCB's mission is to deliver strong risk-adjusted returns for our investors. We view performance over appropriate time frames, which means that we need to be mindful of ESG factors that affect and impact outcomes. JCB specifically believes:

- That investing without reference to ESG principles can heighten reputational risk (affecting financial outcomes) and detract from long-term performance. Measurement and management of these defined issues is key to protecting and adding value.
- 2. ESG factors are increasingly playing out in investment market outcomes as financial market players recognise its impact over time. We note that this is an evolutionary process, and the level of impact varies across factors. For instance, according to the United Nations/UNEP Finance Initiative Sovereign Credit Risk Report (2013), academic and investor research show:
  - a. Environmental: little current observable correlation to date between environmental issues and bond performance. However, Governments around the world are likely to continue to implement supportive regulation, which will support many green projects. Governments are also going to continue to offer tax advantages and other incentives for green and sustainable investors in order to help drive progress in the market.
  - b. Social and Political: investors can build up a picture of a country and better gauge the risks of investment by paying attention to these inputs. Ultimately, we recognise the link between managing human capital, longer term productivity and ultimate country performance.

<sup>1</sup> Although given the relative newness of the ESG industry with specific linkage to (sovereign) bond outcomes, the research is nascent. This contrasts with share based investments where the body of research suggests ESG can alter and improve outcomes. We firmly believe that as industry research is carried out and more data becomes available, the story will be accretive.

c. Governance: That corruption and sovereign debt performance are clearly correlated. We believe that a stable, defined and balanced sovereign environment is conducive to longer term constructive outcomes.

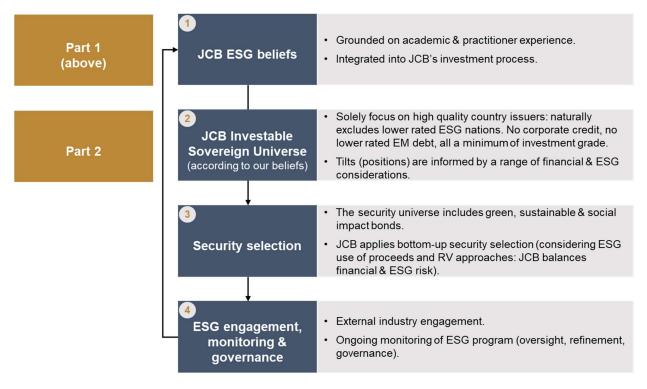
In a connected and increasingly reactive world, we understand how markets can respond to poor outcomes. This can lead to discounting by markets and ultimately weaker investment performance over time.

- 3. Bond investment decisions (and actions in the primary and secondary bond markets) have impacts on capital allocation and the real world. For instance, green bonds allow investors to allocate capital towards sustainable products and initiatives without taking on additional risk; these same bonds can even help to hedge against certain types of climate risk. In addition, certain bonds issued by supranational issuers/entities such as the European Investment Bank (EIB), European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) and the World Bank are specifically earmarked for sustainable development projects which are consistent with Social and Environmental sustainability goals and outcomes.
- 4. JCB also recognises the growing importance of ESG factors to investors/asset owners as well as the broader societal expectations. More recently, this trend has continued on the same trajectory. Our ongoing engagement with investors/asset owners combined with reflection of the measurable macro investment behaviours have shaped our thinking as part of an overarching concern for society.

### **ESG INTEGRATION**

The section outlines how JCB integrates ESG factors into the investment process. Figure 2 (below) summarises how JCB applies its beliefs within the investment process.

Figure 2: JCB's philosophical approach to ESG - Part 2



# (2a) JCB Investable Universe - Sovereigns:

1. JCB focuses on highly rated global sovereigns² in its investment universe. This includes G7 nations plus selected highly rated satellite countries which are predominantly Developed Market. At JCB, our investment philosophy is grounded in the belief that sovereign bonds from developed countries inherently align with high ESG standards. We prioritize these issuers as they typically exhibit robust governance, social stability, and environmental stewardship, and are supported by responsive and supportive governments. Consequently, our investment strategy naturally excludes countries where significant ESG concerns are prevalent, ensuring that our portfolios are composed of sovereign issuers with sound practices that align with our commitment to sustainable investing. As an example, according to the 2022 ranking of countries by ESG measures, 15 of JCB's countries of focus appear in the top 20 of measured countries, with the remaining countries appearing in the top fifty.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Australian Government Bonds, as in the case of its domestic fund.

# (2b) JCB Investable Universe – Sectors:

- 2. There are specific ways in which we can influence ESG outcomes as a function of our investment beliefs and investable universe (but these are limited):
  - We invest in High Grade Government Bonds (i.e. highly rated sovereigns, states/semis of these
    nations, supra nationals and agencies). This includes green, sustainable and social impact bonds
    issued by high grade governments with proceeds being deployed across a range of sectors.
  - Conversely, we do not invest in corporate/credit-based debt traditional credit risk exposure is nil –
    accordingly, we do not engage with individual corporations. Our country universe is predominately
    Developed Market in nature<sup>3</sup>.

Figure 4: Process and tools in place as part of JCB's ESG program

JCB ESG policy				
Proprietary/ Customised Models	Evalu	uation	Monitoring & Management	
Models & Tools  ESG Eligible Securities Universe (quarterly)  JCB macro ESG model  Bloomberg filters/analysis tool/sources (e.g. sovereign rank)	Models & Tools  Relative Value Model  JCB Monday Macro Meeting notes (set item)  Key relationships with investment bank researchers (set item as part of relationships)		<ul> <li>Issuer meetings (logged)</li> <li>Collaboration</li> <li>Engagement with industry bodies (logged)</li> <li>Engagement with our industry &amp; contacts/networks (e.g. conferences/peers)</li> </ul>	
Reporting and Feedback				
Reporting  Risk Exposure Dashboard  Portfolio Tools  Bloomberg AIM/PORT/analytics		Governance  JCB's ESGI policy  JCB Advisory Board  JCB Advisory Board Sub-Com  JCB Board		

Source: Jamieson Coote Bonds

3. JCB retains a key relationship with Bloomberg and, as part of this, we have access to a variety of research inputs to shape our investment thinking. JCB uses this information to assess candidate high grade sovereign issuers and securities which ultimately allows us to balance and assess investment and ESG concerns. For instance, JCB relies on Bloomberg into assessing candidate issuers and securities into our portfolios to balance investment and ESG outcomes – which includes use of proceeds, reporting, assurances, sustainability and social aspects of each issue – alongside with financial metrics such as issue sizes outstanding, spreads, duration, coupon and current yield.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> China and South Korea are two possible/investable sovereigns within our universe: depending on index provider, these countries can be considered Emerging Markets.

4. The size of our positions in portfolios is determined at the Asset Allocation (sector weighting) side of JCB's Investment Process as well as at the Security Selection stage. Our strategic (slower moving) positions act as ballast for our portfolios, and are the main parts where ESG positions are expressed. Our ESG positions are therefore longer-term in nature, reflecting our stated belief that these things take time to eventuate. With these time horizons in mind, it supports our notion that our portfolios retain high liquidity – even in times of stress:

Engagement with industry On desk take-up: Ongoing preparations & readings market scans & analysis Strategic, slower-moving Tactical, nearer-term ASCOR (UN PRI), Notre Dame, ESG headlines - G7+ Reference JCB spread monitor Consider insights from Issuer Morning Macro Meeting, weekly (global SSAs in our universe) (data from Bloomberg) Bloomberg, Sustainalytics Engagement program inly rated G7 issuers and select satellities tural bias toward high grade sovereigns with relatively strong G credentials exposure to authoritarian / undernocratic regimes Financial decision **ESG** decision What is our current risk appetite? Where on the curve can we substitute Green/Sustainable/Social bonds (ICMA)? y dimensions:
Market pricing
Liquidity (spreads)
Issuer financial position, credit rating (quality)
Risk/Reward vs existing ideas in the portfolio
Market environment type (e.g. how volatilities
are tracking, relative to history) Key dimensions for candidates:
- Issuer selection (preference s: We consider ESG headlines as it relates to the given issuer work, current news/sentiment SDGs addressed At the portfolio level, we also consider underlying holding SDG focus Souss addressed
Geographic spread of Issuers
Underlying & Project sector spread (within geography)
Credentials – Climate & Net Zero
Credentials – Biodiversity Key levels as indicated by in-house technical As much as possible, we aim for issuer geographic diversity, and diversity of projects. analyses
Targeted PnL
Time of the year & seasonality, e.g. summer
or Christmas periods may after volatility levels
The agreed level of conviction
Judgement using inhouse tools to invest (e.g.
RVbutterfly security analysis, technical
analysis tools) We look at progress against stated plan re: climate, net zero and biodiversity. Investment decisions

Figure 5: Example of JCB's approach in integrating our inputs in decision making.

Source: Jamieson Coote Bonds

JCB can use the information gleaned from above in a number of portfolio construction ways. We can calibrate the size of spread positions in the portfolio over time. We can favour higher ranked countries versus lower ranked countries.

5. The JCB Investment Team refine information on a weekly basis at the Morning Macro Meeting (MMM). This brings together the aforementioned information and data. Our JCB MMM preparation and engagement allow us to delve into more detail as needed to substantiate views about individual countries and/or regions and situations within the lens established by the Quarterly JCB Advisory Board insights. We take in a range of inputs – quantitative and qualitative across economic and financial market spheres. Our relationships with top tier investment bank research arms means we are subscribers to additional quantitative and qualitative input (i.e. reports, analyses which supplement our own primary research) as a basis for our discussions.

# (3) Security Selection:

The Environment is one example where we can influence financial markets and participant issuers by positively choosing green bond exposures (over the equivalent nominal bond with similar financial characteristics).

In terms of expressing our ESG preferences, given the choice of two similar bonds – one nominal, and one green, we evaluate the investment merit (e.g. time horizon, returns, yields, liquidity profile) against the ESG impact. This includes comparing the current market prices of the bonds with identical tenors to isolate "what has been priced in".

Ultimately, our investment decisions are likely to tilt more towards the investment merits (e.g. liquidity levels of two competing securities, all else being equal) – which means that our portfolio will balance explicit ESG investments (i.e. not overweight) vs broader investments. JCB can express our ESG views by investing in government bonds issued by high grade sovereigns, semis/states, supranationals and agencies (the last two being explicitly backed by governments or groups of governments) as labelled by Bloomberg<sup>4</sup>:

- Green bonds: fixed income instruments for which the use of the proceeds are entirely dedicated to projects or activities that promote climate change mitigation or adaptation, or other environmental sustainability purposes.
- b. Sustainable bonds: fixed income instruments for which there is a mixed use of proceeds with less than 100% of the use of proceeds dedicated to environmentally sustainable outcomes. "Mixed use of proceeds" is defined as having a combination of green and social activities as eligible projects.
- c. Social impact bonds: fixed income instruments for which the use of the proceeds are entirely dedicated to projects or activities that promote improved social welfare and positive social impact directly for vulnerable, marginalized, underserved, or otherwise excluded or disadvantaged populations.

The Investment Team also reviews the bonds each month that are investable under our ESG guidelines (downloaded from Bloomberg). These individual listings allow a ready comparison versus their nominal counterparts as part of the decision-making (to invest in green or nominal).

Our ESG Eligible Securities Universe notes the securities that fall within our purview. Core data is fed from Bloomberg, and we run our own internal screens in Excel. We sort the candidate securities by currency and attractiveness, as needed, and is a valuable reference point for our Portfolio Managers when we're looking to express our views. This is powerful for being able to wrap our arms easily and clearly around attractive issues. We can then apply our RV model to unearth investment opportunities given the real-time Bloomberg pricing in the sheet.

Our MMM embeds ESG considerations in our discussions. i.e. when we're doing a proof-of-concept on a potential (or existing) structure, we try to look at the investment from all angles, inclusive of ESG risks. We've been well trained to take a fundamental view, and considering ESG aspects is a mere extension. These notes are also captured in our MMM pre-reads, plus backed up by our relationships with investment bank research arms.

Our RED (Risk Exposure Dashboard), also reports on ESG holdings (as does Bloomberg): we formally review this at our MMM and discuss whether these are appropriate levels in our portfolios.

# (4) ESG monitoring & governance

JCB's Investment Strategy & Sustainable Team are accountable for ESG policy, including monitoring and governance. As part of this, the Investment & Sustainable Team take input from the Advisory Board and their formal quarterly meetings.

JCB's Annual General Meeting is an opportunity for the Investment Strategy & Sustainable Team to review progress, report and engage with stakeholders – this output allows JCB to alter and enhance our ESG policy over time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Bloomberg's definitions of what constitutes a social or sustainability bond are based on the 2021 Social Bond Principles (SBP), the 2021 Green Bond Principles (GBP) and the 2021 Sustainability Bond Guidelines (SBG) published by the International Capital Market Association.

# **ENGAGEMENT**

# Challenges with engagement with government bond issuers

We are conscious that ESG engagement entails having a view beyond integration of ESG factors into our investment process or simply driving returns. To that end, we believe that engaging with these financial ecosystem stakeholders is the most effective way to promote sustainable outcomes, namely: bond issuers (i.e. governments), market makers, clients & prospects, industry groups, researchers & regulatory bodies, government agencies and the media.

In particular, we engage with issuers and investors with a view to communicate potential downside challenges and having these addressed or mitigated against by the issuer. This also includes positive measures by issuers to align with investors' needs — e.g. raising the breadth and depth of bonds such as green, sustainable or impact which are consistent with the appetite for capital to support specific SDGs and protect against ESG risks.

We are also sensitive to how capital is allocated, and that capital within the system continues to be effectively managed. Considering government bond yields drive not only the dynamics of the government yield curve, but also other asset classes (from debt to equity – both public and private markets) as a reference point, effective engagement has implications well beyond just government bonds.

# JCB's commitment to engagement

As part of our commitment to the UNPRI we seek to be active owners. JCB's active ownership and engagement goals include:

- To help sovereigns better understand the increasing ESG demands of investors
- To convey expectations and concerns on behalf of our clients
- To promote discussions between investors, sovereign issuers and other stakeholders
- To increase the information provided to the market on ESG matters
- To extract ESG information important for our analysis
- To encourage ESG data transparency

# JCB engaging with members of the financial ecosystem

We engage with the key members of the financial ecosystem. JCB believes that impact on emissions reduction in line with the Paris agreement is imperative for achieving long term sustainability goals. Our focus is on exchanging information (mutual transference between the parties), improving transparency (disclosure, focus on data quality, improve risk assessment) and creating opportunities (allowing JCB to better position for current and future ESG demand/client expectations), with the sub-goals of promoting sustainable investing and thinking about improving financial sustainability; these parties include:

- d. Issuers.
  - Examples: JCB's investment team meet and/or engage with issuers. This is an opportunity to gain greater insights into entities (e.g. NSWTC or Asian Development Bank) and the initiatives they are pursuing as a function of capital raised. We take the opportunity to assess their ESG merit and articulate our ideas and ESG preferences.
- e. Investment banks/research teams, (inclusive of capital market desks and dealer panels). Examples: JCB constantly engage with investment banks and research teams as part of JCB's investment process to gain investment insights and compare market ideas. Along with gaining insights on how the bond market is functioning (including investor preferences on sustainable finance), we understand that these entities also have influence on capital market allocation (e.g. through issuances and book builds) as well as advising sovereigns on ESG issues that might be material to pricing and would increase the attractiveness of their bonds.
- Clients & prospects: institutional asset owners, retail direct and intermediated.

Examples: JCB's engagement with clients and prospects across retail and institutional markets means the firm is constantly engaged with these segments and their portfolio construction concerns. Sustainable finance themes are increasingly having prominence in these discussions.

- g. Industry groups, researchers, regulatory bodies.

  Examples: JCB's Head of Investment Strategy & Sustainable is a Senior Fellow of FINSIA (Financial Services Institute of Australasia) and sits on the National Industry Council for Funds & Asset Management. Over recent years, JCB has driven the ESG agenda for education and conferences and, as part of these, have sourced expert speakers for FINSIA conferences on ESG, scheduled and/or moderated sessions on this topic allowing this important topic to be actively promoted.
- h. Government agencies.

  Examples: Engagement with regulatory bodies and/or government bodies (e.g. AOFM) ensure that our ideas on sustainable finance are heard.
- i. Media.

#### Examples of JCB's engagement on key issues

#### **Green Bonds**

- Investing in green bonds from an issuer in lieu of the same issuer's conventional securities. This decision
  may stem from focusing on social rationale as opposed to outright financial ones. We are conscious that
  ESG engagement is about altering over time the issuer's balance and approach to capital deployment.
- Encouraging the Australian Commonwealth Government to echo state treasuries by issuing green bonds.
- Continuing to engage with issuers of green/sustainable bonds with respect to liquidity and issues
  outstanding. In this sense, we are looking for a meaningful growth and availability of stock to support a
  vibrant market. This can be achieved by encouraging issuers to continue to focus on mitigating ESG risks
  and improve ESG outcomes over time.

# **MODERN SLAVERY**

JCB abhors and strongly rejects modern slavery in substance and form. Working with our partner firm, Channel Capital, we seek to deal with modern slavery examples across our value chain, prospects/clients and vendors as well as the industry and issuers.

JCB's business is modest in size – as such the business is simple in structure and reporting lines. This ensures clear vision by management into key dealings.

The well-defined and high-quality nature of JCB's investment universe focusing on government bonds means the countries in this universe tend to have high governance standards.

We note that JCB's revenue falls the compulsory reporting threshold for firms (per state/federal legislation).

### **CLIMATE CHANGE**

JCB is dedicated to aligning with the Paris Agreement and the Net Zero Investment Framework, which was updated in June 2024 to include sovereign bonds in net zero targets. We understand that achieving net zero targets for our portfolio is contingent upon the net zero commitments of the sovereign nations to which we are exposed. The recent guidelines from the Net Zero Investment Framework 2.0 emphasize the potential of sovereign bond portfolios to contribute to these targets, while also acknowledging the inherent limitations due to the nature of sovereign bonds. We continue to improve our efforts to track our investments in Green, Social and Sustainable bonds.

At JCB, we are committed to adhering to this framework and industry standards. We actively participate in discussions, partnerships, and working groups to ensure alignment and continuous improvement. We believe

that collaboration and proactive engagement are crucial to meeting these standards and achieving our sustainability goals.

"Given the limitations of aligning sovereign bond portfolios with net zero pathways, a 2040 target of 100% of assets being aligned is not required."

Net Zero Investment Framework 2.0

# **DIVERSITY, EQUITY & INCLUSION**

All employees have a right to work in a workplace free from discrimination and harassment. As a business (investment management) which is all about people, we're committed to delivering a trusting and supportive environment where everyone feels connected, appreciated and heard. As well as being the right thing to do, this approach helps to foster a motivated and engaged team which is focused on delivering attractive outcomes for our investors. We have a zero tolerance policy to bullying, harassment, victimization and racism of any kind. We seek to achieve higher standards than the minimum set out in legislation, and we will proactively encourage a culture that supports diversity and equal opportunity.

Our approach to recruitment and selection is based on a number of core principles to drive fair treatment, including seeking a diverse pool of qualified candidates for each role, asking fair, objective and consistent questions during interviews, maintaining records of recruitment and selection processes/interviews.

### **CONFLICTS OF INTEREST**

JCB is committed to operating within regulatory obligations and, accordingly, enacts a conflicts of interest policy that facilitates efficient, honest and fair operation of our financial services business. The policies have been designed to ensure any actual potential and/or perceived conflicts of interest and considers those in its sphere of influence – namely JCB, its staff, clients and prospects. Specifically, the Conflicts of Interest Policy and Procedure has been adopted by the JCB Board and presents the framework upon which the JCB will meet its regulatory obligations in respect of managing, controlling and disclosing conflicts of interest under its Australian Financial Services ('AFS') licence.

JCB's staff members are required to complete annual conflicts of interest training to ensure they have the appropriate understanding to identify and report conflicts of interest which can then be prevented or managed pursuant to its conflicts of interest framework.

This Policy relates to JCB in its capacity as an AFS licensee.

The aim of this Policy is to:

- Ensure the Company has identified and continues to identify its actual and potential conflicts of interest;
- Ensure the Company has a policy on managing, controlling and disclosing all conflicts of interest;
- Ensure the Company has arrangements in place to mitigate the impact that conflicts of interest may have on its continued operation; and
- Promote a culture of compliance.

This Policy applies to services provided to mandate clients, and to the conduct of the licensee as well as its representatives.

### **ESG REPORTING**

In line with signing up to the obligations of the UNPRI, JCB will report in line with the UNPRI's reporting requirements to stakeholders (inclusive of clients/prospects and internal governance). In addition, our investment team have created an ESG risks and opportunities log which captures our high-level thinking as it relates to portfolio construction. This complements our existing ESG engagement log in place.

# JCB AS A FIRM - OUR APPROACH TO MANAGING CORPORATE ESG

JCB as a firm is committed to playing its role in the ecosystem with respect to ESG obligations and achieving incremental improvements. Appendix A contains the defined targets, initiatives to realise and ways we will measure and reporting frequency.

### **COMPLIANCE POLICY**

The JCB ESG Policy is part of the overall Risk and Compliance framework of the firm. All staff are provided with access to copies of the policies and procedures that make up JCB's Risk and Compliance framework and are required to participate in annual staff training and sign a bi-annual staff acknowledgment in regard to compliance with certain policies and procedures. The Executive Director/Co-Founder is responsible for ensuring adherence with this Policy.

### FOR MORE INFORMATION

For more information, please contact JCB.

T: +61 (0)3 8580 0088

E: <u>distribution@channelcapital.com.au</u> W: <u>www.jamiesoncootebonds.com.au</u>

# **APPENDIX A: JCB CORPORATE ESG TARGETS**

Targets	Initiatives to support	Progress measurement/reporting			
Climate Related Initiatives					
Net zero:  1. Align with the Net Zero Investment Framework 2.0	<ul> <li>Track Scope 3 (Category 15) for portfolio emissions in line with PCAF standards. Continue to track Scope 2 emissions as a result of business travel and electricity use</li> <li>Plan decarbonisation strategy to align with the Paris Agreement in the long term. Offset JCB's remaining emissions and continue to review possible targets.</li> <li>Encourage responsible printing practices and ongoing use of recycled paper. Monitor the consumption/replenishment of recycled paper for printing.</li> <li>(Continue to) operate JCB from a carbon neutral building while tracking air quality, energy efficiency &amp; waste management. Track recycling practices from the 101 Collins recycling report circulated monthly.</li> </ul>	Six monthly reporting to the JCB Board and clients (client reporting, in our annual Responsible Investment Report).			
Engagement: 2. Improve engagements with issuers and industry bodies	<ul> <li>Initiate dialogue with issuers adhering to JCB's objectives and targets to driving positive change and foster a culture of transparency and accountability.</li> <li>Track number of engagements with issuers along with their progress on net zero commitments.</li> <li>Engage with UNPRI to improve reporting and sustainable investment outcomes for clients.</li> </ul>	Undertake quarterly     assessment with the team     focused on critical interest     areas.			
Social Initiatives					
Diversity, Equity, Inclusion: 3. JCB's business to be comprised of 30% females by 2030.	<ul> <li>Evaluate team composition vs business needs.</li> <li>Work with the Remuneration &amp; Rewards Committee on fortifying succession plans.</li> <li>Offer our expertise and resources to advance the development of female undergraduates</li> <li>Enhance diversity metrics tracking, incl cultural background, and improve hiring processes by utilising Channel Capital's HR expertise.</li> <li>Utilize Channel Capital's expertise to advancing the woman in senior management at JCB.</li> </ul>	Six monthly reporting to the JCB Board and clients (client reporting, in our annual Responsible Investment Report).			
Capabilities:  4. Increase the team's knowledge base of ESG issues over time.	<ul> <li>Select training and development module (e.g. with UN PRI) on key ESG issues.</li> <li>Seek counsel and advice from the JCB Advisory Board on our progress.</li> </ul>	Six monthly reporting to the JCB Board and clients (client reporting, in our annual Responsible Investment Report).			
Governance					
Governance:  5. Define the scope of each policy review to incl. areas of the business that may be impacted by climate-related changes.	<ul> <li>Review controls and procedures that are designed to manage climate-related risks and opportunities effectively.</li> <li>Use the insights gained from each review to continuously improve the controls and procedures, adapting to new risks and opportunities as they arise.</li> </ul>	Policies to be reviewed by management annually.			