

channel capital APOLLO

Apollo Asset Backed Credit Trust (AUD) Class A

Fund Report as at 30 June 2025

For Professional & Wholesale Investors Only

FUND DETAILS

APIR	CHN5250AU
ARSN	684 032 291
Fund Name	Apollo Asset Backed Credit Trust (AUD)
Responsible Entity	Channel Investment Management Limited ("CIML or "RE")
Underlying Company	Apollo Asset Backed Credit Company LLC
Underlying Company Manager	Apollo Manager, LLC, subsidiary of Apollo Asset Management, inc.
Underlying Company's Investment Objective ¹	The Underlying Company seeks to invest in asset backed finance assets that provide high current income, backed by stable, contractual cashflows.
Fund Inception Date	31-03-2025
Net Asset Value	A\$22.2M
Underlying Company Net Asset Value	US\$749M
Redemption Unit Price	A\$1.0088
Valuations, Applications and Redemptions ²	Monthly
Distributions	Quarterly ³
Currency Hedging	The Fund targets a hedge ratio of 100% to AUD
Management Fee ⁴	1.15% p.a. of the net asset value of the Fund
Indirect Performance Fee	The Fund does not charge a performance fee. However, the Underlying Company is entitled to charge a performance fee of 10% on returns exceeding a 5% p.a. hurdle rate ⁵ .

UNDERLYING COMPANY CHARACTERISTICS

ASSET BACKED CREDIT PORTFOLIO

4.10 years

Weighted Average Life⁶

1.10 years

Portfolio Effective Duration⁷

68%

Floating Rate

81%

IG / IG Equivalent Exposure

92%

Proprietary Origination

136

Number of Investments

0.0x

Company Level Leverage⁸

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY (NET RETURN)*

1M	3M	6M	FYTD	1 Y	Inception
0.53%	1.37%				1.37%

FUND PERFORMANCE (NET RETURN)*

Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	CYTD
2025				0.04%	0.80%	0.53%							1.37%

*Past performance is not indicative nor a guarantee of future returns. The performance data presented herein pertains specifically to the Class A units of the Fund and is predicated on the month-end unit prices expressed in Australian Dollars. Net return of the Fund has been calculated after the deduction of management fees and operating costs. Please note that these figures do not factor in the potential tax obligations at an individual investor level. The value of an investment can rise and fall and past performance is not indicative of future performance. The Net Asset Value is determined by subtracting Fund liabilities from Fund assets. Unless stated otherwise, all figures are net of GST and RITC. Investors are reminded to seek independent financial advice before making investment decisions based on this performance data.

- The Fund invests substantially all of its assets into the Underlying Company. Please refer to the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement for more information.
- 2. Processed monthly, subject to available liquidity. The RE retains discretion to accept or reject redemption requests.
- 3. When applicable or available from the Underlying Company, or otherwise as determined by the RE.
- 4. Inclusive of GST and less RITC. Includes the Fund's management fee of 0.15% p.a., Underlying Company's management fee of 1.00% p.a., and excludes the Underlying Company's estimated expenses of 0.75% p.a.
- 5. Refer to the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement for more information on performance fees.
- Weighted Average Life is the average time in years that each dollar of principal in a portfolio is expected to be outstanding before being repaid.
- 7. Portfolio Effective Duration is a measurement of the portfolio's sensitivity to changes in interest rates.
- 8. Leverage is expressed as Company Level debt to equity, excluding FinCo line utilised for short-term settlements.

UNDERLYING COMPANY⁹ PORTFOLIO UPDATE

During June, the underlying portfolio strategy has remained focused on maintaining high-quality positioning given that public market asset-backed finance (ABF) spreads are trading below historical median levels. In this tighter spread environment, Apollo's objective is to avoid chasing risk and to remain patient for more attractive entry points.

The Underlying Company remains conservatively positioned, with recent deployment directed towards investments senior in the capital structure and supported by strong underlying fundamentals. Apollo continues to view the asset-backed sector as attractive, given its diverse collateral base, embedded structural protections, contractual cashflows, and low correlation to traditional corporate credit indices. With sourcing efforts remaining centred on opportunities that offer relative value compared to liquid public securities, this enables Apollo to leverage its affiliated origination platforms, strategic partnerships, and direct channels.

The Underlying Company is focused on actively scaling new originations while taking advantage of attractive bank financing and senior public securities. In an uncertain environment, Apollo sees real estate and hard assets as potential dampeners of volatility.

From a relative value perspective, the portfolio is focused on higher-rated commercial mortgage assets. Apollo is evaluating seasoned secondary market paper and tier-1 quality assets. Additionally, neighbourhood and community shopping centres have stood out within commercial real estate, with rents up year-on-year, and vacancy rates remaining largely stable for the past three years¹⁰.

Market conditions have shown signs of stabilisation, with tariff-related volatility easing and credit market volatility subsiding, although commodities and equities remain more volatile. In residential credit, the agency non-owner-occupied (NOO) basis has tightened relative to non-qualified mortgage (Non-QM) assets as Non-QM has seen renewed dealer participation. Given this tightening, Apollo has shifted some focus back towards Agency NOO while slowing purchases at current levels, targeting smaller pools available at wider spreads or with stronger credit quality. This market has continued to deliver incremental liquidity.

Given the expected slower pace of GDP growth in 2025, Apollo remains neutral on the Consumer Finance pillar. Deployment in this pillar is concentrated on homeowners with high credit scores, with a deliberate avoidance of non-prime consumer risk and point-of-sale assets.

^{9.} The Apollo Asset Backed Credit Trust (AUD) ARSN 684 032 291 ('Fund') invests substantially all of its assets into the Apollo Asset Backed Credit Company LLC ('the Underlying Company'). The Underlying Company is managed by Apollo Manager, LLC, ('the Underlying Company Manager'), which is a subsidiary of Apollo Asset Management, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, 'Apollo').

^{10.} Source: Apollo Global Management, *Monthly CMBS Market Update*, July 2025. Reflects the views and opinions of Apollo Analysts. Subject to change at any time without notice. There can be no assurances that any of the trends described herein will continue or will not reverse. Past events and trends do not imply, predict or guarantee, and are not necessarily indicative of future events or results.

MARKET OVERVIEW¹¹

Risk assets rallied in June, with the S&P 500 Index¹² hitting a record high, amid signs that the US economy remains resilient despite ongoing policy uncertainty.

US job growth moderated in May, with nonfarm payrolls rising by 139,000 and the prior two months revised down by 95,000, signalling increased employer caution against a backdrop of ambiguity around the policies of US President Donald Trump's administration. Still, the slightly better-than-expected gain in nonfarm payrolls, along with a steady 4.2% unemployment rate and accelerating wage growth, helped alleviate concerns about a sharp deterioration in labour demand. Additionally, inflation indicators in May came in well below expectations, with headline inflation rising just 0.08% and core 0.13%, defying predictions of stronger price pressures following President Trump's tariff hike.

During June, US Treasury ¹³ yields fell 17 basis points, partially reversing May's sharp rise. While easing inflation concerns prompted the decline, investors remained cautious given President Trump's fiscal policies and repeated attacks on the US Federal Reserve's independence.

The US Investment Grade Index¹⁴ added 1.8% in June after remaining flat in May. The move higher was due to a combination of falling interest rates and investor demand for high-quality credit. After a particularly volatile April and May investment grade spreads calmed, delivering 5 basis points and continuing to approach yearly tights.

Robust investor demand fuelled a busy month for primary issuance in June, with investment grade supply totalling US\$113 billion, up 19% from the four-year average, bringing first-half 2025 issuance to US\$910 billion - the second busiest first half on record. While gross volumes were robust, net supply slowed to just US\$12 billion due to elevated maturities, which reached US\$101 billion during the month. Overall, total credit supply across investment-grade, high yield, and loans reached US\$255 billion in June, underscoring the sustained momentum in capital markets¹⁴.

^{11.} Source: Apollo Analysts. Reflects the views and opinions of Apollo Analysts. Subject to change at any time without notice. There can be no assurances that any of the trends described herein will continue or will not reverse. Past events and trends do not imply, predict or guarantee, and are not necessarily indicative of future events or results.

^{12.} Reference to the Standard & Poor's 500 Index.

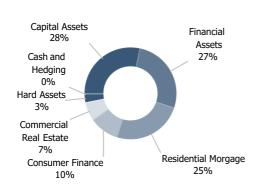
^{13.} Reference to the 10-Year U.S. Treasury.

^{14.} Source: J.P. Morgan, *US Corporate Credit Issuance Review*, July 2025. Reflects the views and opinions of Apollo Analysts. Subject to change at any time without notice. There can be no assurances that any of the trends described herein will continue or will not reverse. Past events and trends do not imply, predict or guarantee, and are not necessarily indicative of future events or results.

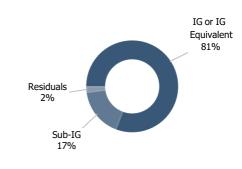
UNDERLYING COMPANY¹⁵

As of 30 June 2025

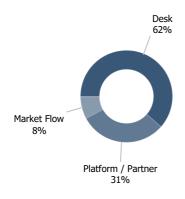
PILLARS



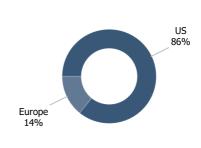
RISK LEVEL BREAKDOWN



ORIGINATION CHANNEL



REGIONAL BREAKDOWN

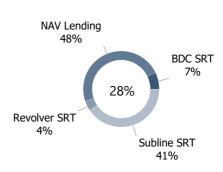


UNDERLYING PORTFOLIO BREAKDOWN¹⁶

As of 30 June 2025

CAPITAL SOLUTIONS

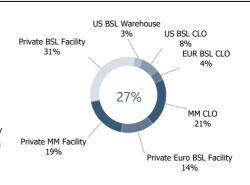
- Allowing private equity firms to borrow money secured against a portfolio of their holdings has become a popular instrument in the past few years. The strategy has become an increasingly important part of the private equity ("PE") industry given the slowdown in global M&A activity. Our strategy in this asset class has been to focus on deals of at least \$1 billion with Tier 1 PE, growth equity, and venture funds, with large, diversified portfolios. Over the past three years, Apollo has originated \$16 billion of NAV loans, with most of the transactions at an LTV of less than 15%. We see a strong pipeline as PE firms realize there can be a material MOIC benefit to utilizing NAV loans to fund investments in the middle of the fund life rather than reserving uncalled capital.
- We have continued to see existing risk on bank balance sheets being actively transferred to private
 investors as banks continue to manage risk weighted assets and other risk exposures. We believe
 there is a dislocation between the quality of bank origination and the capital charges associated
 with these originations. As a result, both 2024 and 2025 have represented a great opportunity to
 deploy in the Significant Risk Transfer (SRT) market, which we believe can alleviate risk-weighted
 asset pressures on bank balance sheets.



- 15. As of 30 June, 2025. Portfolio breakdowns include Unsettled Investments and exclude Trade Date Cash + Hedging. Subject to change. Diversification does not ensure profit or protect against loss. Past performance is not indicative nor a guarantee of future returns. There can be no assurance that Underlying Company will achieve its objectives or avoid substantial losses. There is no guarantee that similar allocations or investment opportunities will become available in the future or, if available, profitable. Please refer to the Product Disclosure Statement sections for additional disclosures.
- 16. Portfolio breakdowns include Unsettled Investments and exclude Trade Date Cash + Hedging. Subject to change at any time without notice. There is no guarantee that similar allocations or investments will be available in the future.

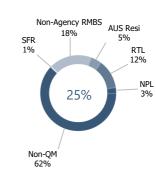
FINANCIAL ASSETS

- We've increasingly seen issuers that typically raised capital in traditional borrowing markets tap the Asset-Backed Securities market as an alternative source of financing, specifically music royalties and sports & media.
- We believe credit warehousing continues to remain attractive given our preference for IG-type risk profiles in this environment. These transactions can offer significant structural protection (i.e., credit enhancement) against adverse impacts to debt service or enterprise value.
- CLOs have completely retraced the post-Liberation Day spread move caused by US tariffs uncertainty & broader market volatility. While important questions remain going forward, realized credit stress in CLOs has been generally limited.



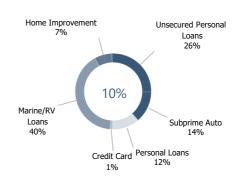
RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGES

- We continue to see a persistent shortage of home inventory amid high mortgage rates and rising home prices. Sales of previously owned US homes decreased 5.9% in March, the most since 2022. At the same time, while the national mortgage delinquency rate has edged up slightly year-over-year to 3.53% in February, this level is still below pre-pandemic rates. Our view continues to be that the supply-demand imbalance and the aging housing inventory, which will likely necessitate an upgrade, will bolster demand for Residential Transition Loans ("RTLs") Home Improvement Loans and opportunities in low LTV, closed-ended second liens to prime borrowers.
- We remain committed to our RTL strategy through incremental allocations to forward flow
 agreements. We are focused on high-quality, light-touch renovation loans—avoiding high-touch
 construction projects—in recognition of elevated labor and material costs. We also believe Tier 1
 residential real estate offers structural inflation protection and relatively stable collateral values, amid
 broader macroeconomic uncertainty.



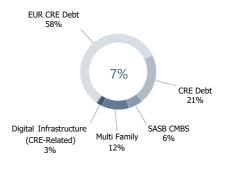
CONSUMER FINANCE

• Against the backdrop of potential consumer weakness, we remain focused on exposure concentrated in prime and super-prime borrowers. Recently, Apollo's ABF platform purchased marine and recreational vehicle ("RV") loans as well as home improvement loans originated by one of Apollo's 16 proprietary origination platforms. This platform typically targets prime or super-prime borrowers—older homeowners with low mortgage rates and high home equity—who offer strong credit performance relative to other secured asset classes. Apollo also committed to an additional pool of consumer loans that are fixed rate, fully amortized installment products typically used for home improvement or debt consolidation for high earning individuals like doctors. The high-income, high-FICO, homeowning nature of these borrowers give us confidence in the expected performance of these loans, even in a recession. Also, the deal gives our platform recurring access to ample supply of granular consumer credit information such as borrower characteristics and repayment behaviors.



COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE

- While the commercial real estate ("CRE") market was hit hard by lower demand for office space in the post-pandemic era and higher rates, the relative value of CRE credit remained attractive compared to other investment strategies, and we continue to focus on well-priced, senior positions with significant downside protection that offers potential for attractive risk-adjusted returns. We are focused on evaluating opportunities in both traditional property types (i.e. residential, industrial, retail, hotel) and more niche property types (i.e. data centers, student housing, self-storage). Notably, our data center exposure is focused on long-term leases to highly-rated tenants.
- We are also selectively acquiring pro rata strips of loans originated from our Commercial Real Estate
 lending platform, capitalizing on the relative value of whole loans versus securities as bank financing
 markets have improved, and financing is once again attractively priced. As these opportunities
 continue to scale, we expect the Company's allocation to Commercial Mortgage investments to
 potentially grow over time.



HARD ASSETS

We have maintained cautious and underweight allocation to the Hard Assets pillar. With metal prices
inflated, we see asymmetric risk to the downside if pricing volatility picks up for Hard Assets. Our
limited exposure to the pillar has been exclusively to opportunities sourced or originated by our
controlled origination platforms, like PK Air, where we have deep expertise in the underlying assets.



TOP 10 POSITIONS

As at 30 June 2025

Pillar	Sub-Pillar	Description	% Total Portfolio Market Value
Residential Mortgage	Non-QM	Aggregation trust that holds a diverse portfolio of individual residential mortgage loans. The underlying trust holds 800+ positions.	16%
Financial Assets	Private BSL Facility	Structured private financing facility holding a diverse portfolio of broadly-syndicated corporate loans.	8%
Capital Solutions	NAV Lending	NAV loan backed by a seasoned, blue-chip upper middle market private equity portfolio. The transaction offered an attractive LTV backed by the portfolio's equity value.	8%
Capital Solutions	Subline SRT	SRT transaction backed by a diverse portfolio of subscription facilities made to funds managed by blue-chip managers. SRTs can offer significant credit enhancement.	5%
-inancial Assets	Private MM Facility	Structured private facility holding a diverse portfolio of middle market loans.	5%
Capital Solutions	NAV Lending	NAV loan backed by a seasoned, blue-chip upper middle market private equity portfolio. The transaction offered an attractive LTV backed by the portfolio's equity value.	4%
Financial Assets	Private Euro BSL Facility	Structured private financing facility holding a diverse portfolio of broadly-syndicated Euro corporate loans.	4%
Commercial Mortgage	Euro CRE Debt	Vehicle primarily holding a diverse portfolio of senior, performing loans secured by high-quality commercial real estate throughout the U.K. and Europe.	4%
Capital Solutions	Subline SRT	SRT transaction backed by a diverse portfolio of subscription facilities made to funds managed by blue-chip managers. SRTs can offer significant credit enhancement.	3%
Consumer Finance	Marine/RV	Marine/RV Loans targeting high FICO borrowers. This borrower pool can include homeowners with established credit histories and substantial home equity.	3%
			61% Total

APOLLO AT A GLANCE

As of 31 March 2025

APOLLO CREDIT

US\$641B

30+

Credit Assets Under Management

Years of Experience

~500

>50%

Credit Investment Professionals

Of AUM from Apollo & Affiliates

APOLLO ASSET-BACKED FINANCE

US\$246B

US\$359B

In-force Asset-Backed AUM¹⁷

Total Asset-Backed Deployment 18

30+

4,100+

Apollo Direct Sourcing Platforms and Partnerships

Employees focused on Origination

- 17. As of 31 March 2025. AUM breakout excludes non-core real estate.
- 18. Reflects total asset-backed deployment to date through 31 December 2024.

ASSET BACKED FINANCE SIX "FINANCIAL ASSET" PILLARS

- Consumer Finance: Loans or instruments backed by consumer-related receivables, such as auto loans, student loans, credit cards, and personal or unsecured consumer debt.
- Residential Mortgage Loans: Investments in newly originated or legacy residential mortgages globally, including distressed and nonperforming loan pools.
- Commercial Real Estate: Mortgage loans and securities backed by commercial properties such as offices, retail centers, hotels, hospitals, and industrial assets, including private lending and secondary loan acquisitions.
- Asset-Backed Investments: Loans secured by hard assets in sectors like transportation, aviation, solar, infrastructure, and agriculture, typically supported by long-term contractual cash flows.
- 5. **Financial Assets:** Cash flow–generating investments including receivables-backed instruments, CLOs, royalty streams, NAV lending, and bespoke financing solutions.
- Capital Solutions: Financing ownership of capital solutions such as NAV lending, GP solutions and bank regulatory relief.

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PLATFORM AVAILABILITY

CFS Edge

HUB24

Netwealth



IMPORTANT INFORMATION

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Apollo Asset Backed Credit Trust (AUD)

Class A

The Zenith Investment Partners (ABN 27 103 132 672, AFS Licence 226872) ("Zenith") rating (assigned 1 May 2025 for the Apollo Asset Backed Credit Trust (AUD)) referred to in this document is limited to "General Advice" (s766B Corporations Act 2001) for Wholesale clients only. This advice has been prepared without taking into account the objectives, financial situation or needs of any individual and is subject to change at any time without prior notice. It is not a specific recommendation to purchase, sell or hold the relevant product(s). Investors should seek independent financial advice before making an investment decision and should consider the appropriateness of this advice in light of their own objectives, financial situation and needs. Investors should obtain a copy of, and consider the PDS or offer document before making any decision and refer to the full Zenith Product Assessment available on the Zenith website. Past performance is not an indication of future performance. Zenith usually charges the product issuer, fund manager or related party to conduct Product Assessments. Full details regarding Zenith's methodology, ratings definitions and regulatory compliance are available on our Product Assessments and at https://www.zenithpartners.com.au/our-solutions/investment-research/regulatory-guidelines/.

This report has been prepared, and all information regarding the Fund is provided, by CIML for use only by wholesale clients. To the extent any information provided by Apollo involves the provision of financial services in Australia under the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), such information is provided by Apollo Management Singapore Pte. Ltd., and the following disclosure applies: Apollo Management Singapore Pte. Ltd. is exempt from the requirement to hold an AFSL under the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) for financial services provided to wholesale clients. It does not hold such a licence and is regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore under Singaporean laws, which differ from Australian laws.

Assets Under Management (AUM) - The assets of the funds, partnerships and accounts to which Apollo provides investment management, advisory, or certain other investment-related services, including, without limitation, capital that such funds, partnerships and accounts have the right to call from investors pursuant to capital commitments. Apollo's AUM equals the sum of: 1. The NAV, plus used or available leverage and/or capital commitments, or gross assets plus capital commitments, of the yield and certain hybrid funds, partnerships and accounts for which we provide investment management or advisory services, other than certain CLOs, CDOs, and certain perpetual capital vehicles, which have a fee-generating basis other than the mark-to-market value of the underlying assets; for certain perpetual capital vehicles in yield, gross asset value plus available financing capacity; 2. The fair value of the investments of the equity and certain hybrid funds, partnerships and accounts Apollo manages or advises, plus the capital that such funds, partnerships and accounts are entitled to call from investors pursuant to capital commitments, plus portfolio level financings; 3. The gross asset value associated with the reinsurance investments of the portfolio company assets Apollo manages or advises; and 4. The fair value of any other assets that Apollo manages or advises for the funds, partnerships and accounts to which Apollo provides investment management, advisory, or certain other investment-related services, plus unused credit facilities, including capital commitments to such funds, partnerships and accounts for investments that may require pre-qualification or other conditions before investment plus any other capital commitments to such funds, partnerships and accounts available for investment that are not otherwise included in the clauses above. Apollo's AUM measure includes Assets Under Management for which Apollo charges either nominal or zero fees. Apollo's AUM measure also includes assets for which Apollo does not have investment discretion, including certain assets for which Apollo earns only investmentrelated service fees, rather than management or advisory fees. Apollo's definition of AUM is not based on any definition of Assets Under Management contained in its governing documents or in any management agreements of the funds Apollo manages. Apollo considers multiple factors for determining what should be included in its definition of AUM. Such factors include but are not limited to (1) Apollo's ability to influence the investment decisions for existing and available assets; (2) Apollo's ability to generate income from the underlying assets in the funds it manages; and (3) the AUM measures that Apollo uses internally or believes are used by other investment managers. Given the differences in the investment strategies and structures among other alternative investment managers, Apollo's calculation of AUM may differ from the calculations employed by other investment managers and, as a result, this measure may not be directly comparable to similar measures presented by other investment managers. Apollo's calculation also differs from the manner in which its affiliates registered with the SEC report "Regulatory Assets Under Management" on Form ADV and Form PF in various ways. Apollo uses AUM, Gross capital deployed and dry powder as performance measurements of its investment activities, as well as to monitor fund size in relation to professional resource and infrastructure needs.