

Blue Owl Credit Income Fund AUT

ARSN 681 297 085

Annual Report

For the year ended 30 June 2026

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These financial statements cover Blue Owl Credit Income Fund AUT as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of Blue Owl Credit Income Fund AUT is Channel Investment Management Limited (ABN 22 163 234 240, AFSL 439007). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 19, 1 Eagle Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000.

Directors' report

The Directors of Channel Investment Management Limited (ABN 22 163 234 240, AFSL 439007), the Responsible Entity of Blue Owl Credit Income Fund AUT (the "Fund"), present their report together with the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2026.

Principal activities

The Fund was constituted on 4 October 2024 and was registered as a managed investment scheme with the Australian Securities and Investment Commission on 17 October 2024.

The Fund seeks to generate current income and, to a lesser extent, capital appreciation, by investing primarily in U.S. middle-market companies, through Blue Owl Credit Income Corp. (the "Underlying Fund"), focusing on loans, debts, and equity investments. The Underlying Fund is a closed end management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company under the U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended from time to time. The Investment Manager of the Underlying Fund is Blue Owl Credit Advisors LLC (the "Underlying Fund Investment Manager").

The Responsible Entity and Investment Manager of the Fund is Channel Investment Management Limited (the "Responsible Entity" or "Investment Manager").

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

Directors

The following persons held office as Directors of Channel Investment Management Limited during or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

Glen Holding	Executive Director
Sandra Birkensleigh	Non-Executive Chair
Bede King	Non-Executive Director
Karen Prentis	Non-Executive Director

Review and results of operations

The Fund invested in accordance with the investment objective as set out in the governing documents of the Fund and in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Fund's performance for Class A was 5.00% (net of fees) for the year ended 30 June 2026 (period 17 October 2024 to 30 June 2025: 2.06%) and for Class B was 5.22% (net of fees) for the year ended 30 June 2026 (period 17 October 2024 to 30 June 2025: 2.10%). The Fund does not operate against a benchmark.

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended 30 June 2026	For the period 17 October 2024 to 30 June 2025
Operating profit before finance costs attributable to unitholders (\$'000)	8,012	222
Distributions - Class A		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	3,564	166
Distributions (cents per unit)	8.84	1.70
Distributions - Class B		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	11,703	107
Distributions (cents per unit)	8.84	1.70

Significant changes in state of affairs

In the opinion of the Directors of the Responsible Entity, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2026 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years, or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

Directors' report (continued)

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund, and in accordance with the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regard to the insurance cover provided to either the officers of the Responsible Entity or the auditors of the Fund. So long as the officers of Channel Investment Management Limited act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the Law, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

The auditors of the Fund are in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity or its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Fund's property during the year are disclosed in Note 17 (e) of the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Fund's property to the Directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

There were no interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year.

Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in Note 13 to the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed on the statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Rounding of amounts to the nearest dollars

The Fund is an entity of the kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2026/183* and in accordance with that instrument, amounts in the financial statements and directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise stated.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 4.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Channel Investment Management Limited, the Responsible Entity.



Glen Holding
Director
Channel Investment Management Limited

Brisbane
22 September 2026



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**Shape the future
with confidence**

Auditor's independence declaration to the Directors of Channel Investment Management Limited as the Responsible Entity of Blue Owl Credit Income Fund AUT

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Blue Owl Credit Income Fund AUT for the financial year ended 30 June 2026, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit;
- b. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit; and
- c. No non-audit services provided that contravene any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'Ernst & Young'.

Ernst & Young

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Rohit Khanna'.

Rohit Khanna
Partner
22 September 2026

Statement of comprehensive income

		Year ended 30 June 2026 \$'000	For the period 17 October 2024 to 30 June 2025 \$'000
	Notes		
Investment income			
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost		606	6
Net losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	5	(7,014)	(56)
Dividend and distribution income		15,063	281
Total investment income		<u>8,655</u>	<u>231</u>
Expenses			
Administration fees		167	4
Other expenses		476	5
Total operating expenses		<u>643</u>	<u>9</u>
Operating profit before finance costs attributable to unitholders		<u>8,012</u>	<u>222</u>
Finance costs attributable to unitholders			
Distributions to unitholders	14	(15,267)	(273)
Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders	13	7,255	51
Profit/(loss) for the year		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the financial year		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of financial position

		As at	
	Notes	30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	13,703	1,342
Receivables	11	14,790	267
Investments paid in advance		-	25,640
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7	218,309	25,314
Total assets		246,802	52,563
Liabilities			
Distributions payable	14	3,797	273
Applications received in advance		388	-
Payables	12	32	4
Redemptions payable		12,676	-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	8	20,056	-
Total liabilities		36,949	277
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability	13	209,853	52,286

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of changes in equity

	Notes	Year ended 30 June 2026 \$'000	For the period 17 October 2024 to 30 June 2025 \$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year		-	-
Comprehensive income/(loss) for the year			
Profit/(loss) for the year		-	-
Other comprehensive income/(loss)		-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		-	-
Transactions with unitholders in their capacity as unitholders		-	-
Total equity at the end of the financial year		-	-

Under Australian Accounting Standards, the net asset attributable to unitholders of the Fund are classified as a liability rather than equity. As a result, there was no equity at the beginning or end of the year. Movements in net assets attributable to unitholders are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs attributable to unitholders. Refer to Note 13 for further details.

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of cash flows

		Year ended 30 June 2026 \$'000	For the period 17 October 2024 to 30 June 2025 \$'000
	Notes		
Cash flows from operating activities			
Payments for purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(169,424)	(25,403)
Proceeds from maturity/sales of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		1,942	33
Payments for investments paid in advance		-	(25,640)
Interest income received from financial assets at amortised cost		545	4
Administration fees paid		(139)	-
Dividends and distributions received		13,757	16
Other expenses paid		(481)	(5)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	15 (a)	(153,800)	(50,995)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		203,981	52,337
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(26,484)	-
Distributions paid to unit holders		(11,742)	-
Receipts from applications received in advance		388	-
Net cash inflow from financing activities		166,143	52,337
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		12,343	1,342
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,342	-
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		18	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	6	13,703	1,342
Non-cash financing activities			
Reinvestment of distributions paid to unitholders	15 (b)	1	-

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the financial statements

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1 General information

These financial statements cover Blue Owl Credit Income Fund AUT (the "Fund") as an individual entity. The Fund was constituted on 4 October 2024 and registered as a managed investment scheme with the Australian Securities and Investment Commission on 17 October 2024. The Fund will terminate in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution or by law.

The Responsible Entity and Investment Manager of the Fund is Channel Investment Management Limited (ABN 22 163 234 240) (the "Responsible Entity" or "Investment Manager"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 19, 1 Eagle Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000.

The Fund seeks to generate current income and, to a lesser extent, capital appreciation, by investing primarily in U.S. middle-market companies, through Blue Owl Credit Income Corp. (the "Underlying Fund"), focusing on loans, debts, and equity investments. The Underlying Fund is a closed end management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company under the U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended from time to time. The Investment Manager of the Underlying Fund is Blue Owl Credit Advisors LLC (the "Underlying Fund Investment Manager").

The Fund is constituted and domiciled in Australia.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors of the Responsible Entity on 22 September 2026. The Directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

2 Summary of material accounting policies

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Fund is a for-profit fund for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities, except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are generally expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and net assets attributable to unitholders. The Fund manages investments in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, but this amount cannot be reliably determined as at reporting date.

(i) Compliance with IFRS Accounting Standards

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(ii) New and amended standards adopted for the first time

There are no new standards or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2025 that will affect the current or future years.

(iii) Accounting standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective

A number of new standards, amendments and interpretations have been issued which are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after 1 July 2026, and have not been early adopted by the Fund. With the exception of the below, none of these are expected to have a material impact on the financial statements of the Fund.

AASB 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements ("AASB 18")

AASB 18 was issued in June 2024 and will replace AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*. The new standard introduces new requirements for the statement of comprehensive income, including:

- new categories for the classification of income and expenses into operating, investing, and financing categories; and
- presentation of subtotals for "operating profit" and "profit before financing and income taxes"

Additional disclosure requirements are introduced for management-defined performance measures and new principles for aggregation and disaggregation of information in the notes and primary financial statements, as well as the presentation of interest and dividends in the statement of cash flows.

The new standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027, and will apply to the Fund for the first time in the financial year ending 30 June 2028.

This new standard is not expected to have an impact on the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income or expenses, however there will likely be changes in how the statement of comprehensive income and statement of financial position line items are presented, as well as some additional disclosures in the notes to the financial statements. The Responsible Entity is in the process of assessing the impact of the new standard.

(iv) Investment entity

The Fund meets the definition of investment entity within AASB 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements* as the following criteria are met:

- The Fund obtains and manages funds for the purpose of providing investors of the Fund with investment management services;
- The Fund has committed to investors that its business purpose is to invest funds solely for return from capital appreciation and investment income; and
- The Fund measures and evaluates the performance of its investments on a fair value basis.

As such, the Fund does not consolidate any entity.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(b) Foreign currency

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are recognised in statement of comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported in the statement of comprehensive income on a net basis within net gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

(c) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss; and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its investment in the Underlying Fund based on its business model for managing that investment and the contractual cash flow characteristics of that investment. The Fund's investment in the Underlying Fund is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. As such, the investment in the Underlying Fund is classified as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

All derivative financial assets and derivative financial liabilities are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

• Financial Liabilities

Derivative contracts that have a negative fair value are presented as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss from this date.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Fund measures financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For further details on how the fair value of financial instruments is determined please see Note 4.

(iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

As at the end of the reporting year, there are no financial assets or liabilities offset or with the right to offset in the statement of financial position.

(d) Derivatives and hedging activities

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into, and they are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting year. The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged.

At inception of the hedge relationship, the Fund documents the economic relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items including whether changes in the cash flows of the hedging instruments are expected to offset changes in the cash flows of hedged items. The group documents its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking its hedge transactions.

The fair values of derivative financial instruments consisting of foreign currency forward contracts designated in hedge relationships are disclosed in Note 9.

Fair value hedges

The Fund applies fair value hedge accounting to its derivative instruments and performs a hedge effectiveness assessment at each reporting year to determine whether the hedge will be highly effective over the term of the hedge relationship. The Fund designates the changes in value of the spot element of a forward contract (i.e. excluding the forward elements) as the hedging instrument for all of its hedging relationships involving forward contracts.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(d) Derivatives and hedging activities (continued)

Fair value hedges (continued)

A qualitative assessment is made to determine whether an economic relationship exists between the hedged item and the hedging instrument. The effect of credit risk is assessed to determine whether it dominates the value changes that result from the economic relationship. Where the terms of the hedging instrument and hedged item do not match, the source of ineffectiveness in the hedge relationship is identified.

Any potential ineffectiveness will be measured using a quantitative assessment at each hedge testing date and accounted for in statement of comprehensive income. Potential sources of ineffectiveness identified by the Fund with respect to the foreign exchange exposures include:

- The amount of the currency exposure being hedged changes due to a change in the fair value of the underlying asset; or
- The impact of credit/debit valuation adjustments on the hedging.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income immediately and are included in the net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset that are attributable to the hedged risk.

The carrying value of the hedged investment is adjusted for fair value changes attributable to the risk being hedged, and those fair value changes are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. The hedging instrument is measured at fair value, with changes in fair value also recognised in statement of comprehensive income.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, exercised, or when it no longer qualifies for hedge accounting.

(e) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Under the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity is not obligated to redeem unitholder units, but the Responsible Entity may allow the redemption of units from time to time. Applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is deemed to be in the best interests of unitholders, in accordance with the Fund's Constitution.

The units can be put back to the Fund for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value attributable to the unitholders.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the reporting date if the holder puts the units back to the Fund. This amount represents the expected cash flows on redemption of these units.

Units are classified as equity when they satisfy all of the following criteria under AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*:

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavourable conditions to the Fund, and is not a contract settled in the Fund's own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss.

As this is a multi-class fund, units are classified as financial liabilities as they do not meet the requirements of equity in accordance with AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*.

(f) Distributions

In accordance with the Fund's Constitution, the Fund distributes its distributable (taxable) income, and any other amounts determined by the Responsible Entity, to unitholders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs attributable to unitholders.

(g) Increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. As the Fund's units are classified as liabilities, movements in net assets attributable to unitholders are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs attributable to unitholders.

(h) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

Applications and redemptions are recognised on the trade date. Redemption amounts payable comprise amounts due to unitholders in respect of units redeemed but not yet settled at the reporting date. These amounts are recognised as financial liabilities at the redemption amount payable and are derecognised when settled.

Applications received in advance comprise application monies received from investors for units not yet issued at the reporting date. These amounts are recognised as a liability until the related units are issued, at which time they are reclassified to net assets attributable to unitholders.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase, if any, and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

(j) Investments paid in advance

Investments paid in advance represent amounts paid by the Fund for investment acquisitions that have not yet settled or for which the underlying financial instrument has not yet been transferred to the Fund as at the reporting date. These prepayments are recognised as a current asset on the statement of financial position when the payment has been made but the risks and rewards of ownership have not yet transferred. Upon settlement or transfer of ownership, the prepaid amount is reclassified to the appropriate investment category (e.g., financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) and measured in accordance with the Fund's investment valuation policy.

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(k) Investment income

(i) Dividend and distribution income

Dividend and distribution income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within dividend and distribution income when the Fund's right to receive payment is established.

(ii) Net gains/(losses) on financial instrument at fair value through profit or loss

Changes in fair value of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2 (c) to the financial statements.

(iii) Interest income

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method and includes interest from receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between the parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, including transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

(l) Expenses

Any expenses which are paid by the unitholder from Fund's assets are included in the Fund's financial statements and recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accrual basis. Any expenses that are paid directly to the Responsible Entity and/or Investment Manager by the unitholder as per the terms of individual agreements are not recognised in the Fund's financial statements.

(m) Income tax

Under the income tax legislation, the Fund is not liable to pay income tax as the net income of the Fund is assessable in the hands of the unitholders who are 'presently entitled' to the income of the Fund. There is no income of the Fund to which the unitholders are not presently entitled. Under the Fund's Constitution, unitholders are presently entitled to their proportionate share of the Fund's distributable income for each financial year, as determined by the Responsible Entity in accordance with the Fund's Constitution.

(n) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for interest, dividends and distributions receivable, interest, and GST receivable. Interest is accrued at the end of each reporting year from the time of the last payment in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(k) above. Dividends and distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

Receivable from sale of investments represent amounts due from the redemption of interests in underlying investment funds where the redemption request has been accepted or the investment has been redeemed prior to the reporting date but cash proceeds have not yet been received by the Fund. These balances are recognised at amortised cost and are included within receivables.

(o) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owed by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting year.

As the Fund has a contractual obligation to distribute its distributable income, a separate distribution payable is recognised in the statement of financial position as at the end of each reporting year where this amount remains unpaid as at the end of the reporting year.

(p) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as audit fees, custodial services and investment management fees have been passed onto the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of 75% hence investment management fees, custodial fees and other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Accounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

(q) Use of estimates and judgements

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

When making fair value determinations for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss that do not have readily available market prices, management consider industry-accepted valuation methodologies, primarily consisting of an income approach and market approach that require significant adjustments based on unobservable inputs.

Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

For certain other financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, receivables and payables, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

(r) Rounding of amounts

The Fund is an entity of the kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2026/183* and in accordance with that instrument, amounts in the financial statements and directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise stated.

(s) Comparative revisions

Comparative information has been revised where appropriate to enhance comparability. Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

3 Financial risk management

(a) Objectives, strategies, policies and processes

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including market risk (which incorporates price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management program focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's governing documents and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed. Financial risk management is carried out by the Investment Manager under policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of price risk and ratings analysis for credit risk.

As part of its risk management strategy, the Fund uses derivatives and other investments, including foreign currency forward contracts, to manage exposures arising from forecast transactions. These methods are explained below.

(b) Market risk

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The Fund's interest-bearing financial assets expose it to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows.

Except for cash and cash equivalents, the Fund does not hold any interest-bearing investments as at 30 June 2026 (30 June 2025: nil), as such, the Fund's exposure to interest rate risk is not significant.

(ii) Price Risk

Price risk arises from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain.

The Fund is exposed to price risk on its investment in the Underlying Fund and foreign currency forward contracts. The Fund's exposure to price risk as at 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025 is limited to the fair value of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

Where non-monetary financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar, the price in the future will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. This risk arising from changes in foreign exchange rates is considered a component of price risk. Section (iii) below sets out how this component of price risk is managed and measured.

The table at Note 3(c) summarises the sensitivities of the Fund's assets and liabilities to price risk. The analysis is based on the assumption that the markets in which the Fund invests moves by +/-10% (2025: +/-10%).

(iii) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Fund invests into a United States Dollar denominated share class of the Underlying Fund. The foreign exchange risk arising from this investment is managed by predominantly hedging foreign exchange risk back to the functional currency of the Fund, the Australian Dollar, through the use of foreign exchange forward contracts. For accounting purposes, the Fund does not designate any derivative contracts as hedge accounting relationship.

While the Fund has direct exposure to foreign exchange risk through its investment in the Underlying Fund, it may also be indirectly affected by the impact of foreign exchange rate changes through the operations of the Underlying Fund. For that reason, the sensitivity analysis below may not necessarily indicate the total effect on the Fund's net assets attributable to unitholders of future movements in foreign exchange rates.

The below table summarises in Australian Dollars the Fund's net exposure to United States Dollars, including the notional value of foreign exchange forward contracts:

	30 June 2026	As at 30 June 2025
	United States Dollar \$'000	United States Dollar \$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	1,659	11
Receivables	14,703	265
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	203,756	24,829
Gross exposure	220,118	25,105
Net exposure from foreign currency forward contracts	(214,332)	(25,370)
Net exposure	5,786	(265)

The table at Note 3 (c) summarises the sensitivities of the Fund's exposure to foreign exchange risk. The analysis is based on the reasonably possible shift that the Australian Dollar weakened and strengthened by +/-10% (2025: +/-10%) against the United States Dollar, being the foreign currency to which the Fund is exposed.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to price risk and foreign exchange risk. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in foreign exchange rates, changes in market indices, security benchmarks, and / or benchmark returns. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market movements resulting from changes in the performance of and/or correlation between the performances of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables should not be used to predict future variances in the risk variables.

	Impact on operating profit/net assets attributable to unitholders			
	Price risk		Foreign exchange risk	
	Increase +10% \$'000	(Decrease) -10% \$'000	Increase +10% \$'000	(Decrease) -10% \$'000
As at 30 June 2026	19,825	(19,825)	579	(579)
As at 30 June 2025	2,531	(2,531)	(27)	27

(d) Credit risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when they fall due, causing a financial loss to the Fund. The main concentration of credit risk, to which the Fund is exposed, arises from the Fund's investment in the Underlying Fund. The Fund is also exposed to counterparty credit risk on derivative contracts, cash and cash equivalents and receivables.

The Fund holds no collateral as security or any other credit enhancement. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of each reporting year is the carrying amount of the financial assets. None of these assets are impaired nor past their due date.

(i) Settlement of securities transactions

All transactions relating to investments in the Underlying Fund are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered low, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made once the securities purchased have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligations.

(ii) Cash and cash equivalents

The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is low as Citibank N.A. Hong Kong Branch the custodian of the Fund, has a rating of A+ as at 30 June 2026 (2025: A+) as determined by Standard and Poor's.

(iii) Other

The Fund is not materially exposed to credit risk on other financial assets.

(e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund is exposed to liquidity risk through its investment in the Underlying Fund, which represents substantially all of the Fund's investment portfolio. The Underlying Fund invests primarily in private credit and other investments that are not traded in active markets and are generally considered illiquid. Accordingly, the Fund's ability to realise its investment in the Underlying Fund is dependent on the liquidity available from the Underlying Fund. The Underlying Fund provides liquidity through a discretionary quarterly repurchase programme. Repurchase offers are generally limited to 5% of outstanding shares per quarter and may be satisfied on a pro rata basis where shareholder redemption requests exceed available repurchase capacity. As a result, the Fund may not be able to realise its investment in the Underlying Fund in the amount, timeframe or at the carrying value assumed for the purpose of meeting redemption requests from unitholders.

The Responsible Entity manages this risk through ongoing monitoring of the liquidity profile of the Underlying Fund, forecasting expected redemption activity, maintaining appropriate working capital balances and maintaining regular engagement with the Underlying Fund Investment Manager regarding available liquidity and repurchase capacity.

Under the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity is not obligated to redeem unitholder units, but the Responsible Entity may allow the redemption of units from time to time under the Fund's Constitution.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or suspend redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interest of the unitholders. The assets of the Underlying Fund are generally expected to be illiquid, which will ultimately limit the ability of the Fund to redeem its holdings in the Underlying Fund (and by extension, limit the Responsible Entity's ability to accept redemptions in the Fund). The Responsible Entity did not reject or withhold any redemptions during the year ended 30 June 2026 or period ended 30 June 2025.

(i) Maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 to 6 months \$'000	7 to 12 months \$'000	Over 12 months \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 30 June 2026					
Distributions payable	3,797	-	-	-	3,797
Applications received in advance	388	-	-	-	388
Payables	32	-	-	-	32
Redemptions payable	12,676	-	-	-	12,676
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability	209,853	-	-	-	209,853
Contractual cash flows (excluding derivatives)	226,746	-	-	-	226,746

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Liquidity risk (continued)

(i) Maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities (continued)

	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 to 6 months \$'000	7 to 12 months \$'000	Over 12 months \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 30 June 2025					
Distributions payable	273	-	-	-	273
Payables	4	-	-	-	4
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability	52,286	-	-	-	52,286
Contractual cash flows (excluding derivatives)	52,563	-	-	-	52,563

(ii) Maturities of net settled derivative financial instruments

The table below analyses the Fund's net settled derivative financial instruments based on their contractual maturity. The Fund may, at its discretion, settle financial instruments prior to their original contractual settlement date, in accordance with its investment strategy, where permitted by the terms and conditions of the relevant instruments.

	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 to 6 months \$'000	7 to 12 months \$'000	Over 12 months \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 30 June 2026					
Net settled derivatives					
Forward currency contracts	11	(1,877)	(3,637)	-	(5,503)
Total net settled derivatives	11	(1,877)	(3,637)	-	(5,503)
As at 30 June 2025					
Net settled derivatives					
Forward currency contracts	-	163	322	-	485
Total net settled derivatives	-	163	322	-	485

4 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures and recognises financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

The Fund had no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current financial year or prior period.

Fair value hierarchy

Classification of financial assets

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (Level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

(a) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (Level 2 and Level 3)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2. If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds. Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Investment Manager. The Investment Manager considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The Fund invests substantially all of its assets in the Underlying Fund. The Underlying Fund holds, through an underlying investment program, the portfolio of investments which are subject to ongoing valuation.

The fair value of the investment in the Underlying Fund is based on the prevailing Net Asset Value ("NAV") as reported by the Underlying Fund Investment Manager. The Fund may make adjustments to the NAV based on considerations such as liquidity of the Underlying Fund or its underlying investments, the value date of the NAV provided, any restrictions on redemptions, or the basis of accounting.

The fair value of foreign currency forward contracts is determined using discounted cash flow techniques based on observable market inputs, including forward exchange rates and yield curves applicable to the remaining term of the contract as at the valuation date. These foreign currency forward contracts are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

4 Fair value measurement (continued)

(b) Recognised fair value measurements

The following table presents the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
At 30 June 2026				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Investment in Underlying Fund	-	-	203,756	203,756
Foreign currency forward contracts	-	14,553	-	14,553
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	14,553	203,756	218,309
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Foreign currency forward contracts		20,056		20,056
Total Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-	20,056	-	20,056
At 30 June 2025				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Investment in Underlying Fund	-	-	24,829	24,829
Foreign currency forward contracts	-	485	-	485
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	485	24,829	25,314

(c) Transfer between levels

Management's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting year.

There were no transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy for the year ended 30 June 2026 and period ended 30 June 2025.

(d) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

The following table presents the movement in the level 3 financial asset, being the investment in the Underlying Fund, for year ended 30 June 2026 and period ended 30 June 2025.

	Year ended 30 June 2026 \$'000	For the period 17 October 2024 to 30 June 2025 \$'000
Opening balance	24,829	-
Purchases	211,560	25,111
Sales	(15,121)	-
Net losses recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	(17,512)	(282)
Closing balance	203,756	24,829
Total unrealised losses for the year included in statement of comprehensive income for assets held at the end of the year	(16,285)	(282)

(i) Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value

The following table summarises the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in the level 3 fair value measurements.

Description	Valuation Method	Fair value \$'000	Unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
As at 30 June 2026				
Investment in Underlying Fund	Net Asset Value approach	203,756	Net asset value as provided by Underlying Fund Manager	10+/- increase (decrease) in the net asset value per unit would result in an increase (decrease) in fair value \$20,376,000/(20,376,000).
As at 30 June 2025				
Investment in Underlying Fund	Net Asset Value approach	24,829	Net asset value as provided by Underlying Fund Manager	10+/- increase (decrease) in the net asset value per unit would result in an increase (decrease) in fair value \$2,483,000/(2,483,000).

5 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Net gains/(losses) recognised in relation to financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss:

	Year ended 30 June 2026 \$'000	For the period 17 October 2024 to 30 June 2025 \$'000
Financial instruments		
Net realised gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	15,313	(226)
Net unrealised gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(22,327)	170
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(7,014)	(56)

6 Cash and cash equivalents

	30 June 2026 \$'000	As at 30 June 2025 \$'000
Cash at bank	13,703	1,342
Total cash and cash equivalents	13,703	1,342

7 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	30 June 2026 \$'000	As at 30 June 2025 \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Investment in Underlying Fund	203,756	24,829
Foreign currency forward contracts	14,553	485
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	218,309	25,314

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3 and Note 4 to the financial statements.

8 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	30 June 2026 \$'000	As at 30 June 2025 \$'000
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		
Foreign currency forward contracts	20,056	-
Total financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	20,056	-

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3 and Note 4 to the financial statements.

9 Derivative financial instruments

In the normal course of business the Fund enters into transactions in various derivative financial instruments which have certain risks. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

Derivative transactions include many different instruments such as forwards, futures and options. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Fund's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- Hedging to protect investments of the Fund against a fluctuation in foreign currency exchange rates
- Hedging to protect income generated by the Fund's investments against a fluctuation in foreign currency exchange rates.

The Fund holds the following derivative instruments:

(a) Foreign currency forward contracts

Foreign currency forward contracts are primarily used by the Fund to economically hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-Australian dollar denominated trading securities. The Fund agrees to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed upon price on an agreed future date. Foreign currency forward contracts are valued at the prevailing bid price at the end of each reporting year. The Fund recognises a gain or loss equal to the change in fair value at the end of each reporting year.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments at year end are detailed below:

	Contractual/ Notional \$'000	Fair Value Assets \$'000	Fair Value Liabilities \$'000
As at 30 June 2026			
Foreign currency forward contracts	214,332	14,553	20,056
Total	214,332	14,553	20,056

9 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

(a) Foreign currency forward contracts (continued)

	Contractual/ Notional \$'000	Fair Value Assets \$'000
As at 30 June 2025		
Foreign currency forward contracts	25,370	485
Total	25,370	485

(b) Risk exposures and fair value measurements

Information about the Fund's exposure to credit risk and interest rate risk and about the methods and assumptions used in determining fair values is provided in Note 3 and Note 4 to the financial statements. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting year is the carrying amount of each class of derivative financial instruments disclosed above.

10 Structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements. An interest in a structured entity is any form of contractual or non-contractual involvement which creates variability in returns arising from the performance of the entity for the Fund. The Fund classifies the investment in Blue Owl Credit Income Corp., the Underlying Fund, as a structured entity.

The exposure to investments considered structured entities as at 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025 are disclosed in the following table:

Name	Fair value of investments 2026 \$'000	Interest held 2026 %	Fair value of investments 2025 \$'000	Interest held 2025 %
Blue Owl Credit Income Corp.	203,756	0.77%	24,829	0.15%

The Fund has exposures to structured entities through its trading activities. The Fund typically has no other involvement with the structured entity other than the securities it holds as part of trading activities and its maximum exposure to loss is restricted to the carrying value of the asset. Exposure to trading assets are managed in accordance with financial risk management practices as set out in Note 3.

The Fund substantially invests all its assets in the Underlying Fund. The dividend income of \$15,062,519 (30 June 2025: 281,221) and net unrealised loss of \$16,285,342 (30 June 2025: 281,704) during the period to 30 June 2026 from its interest in the Underlying Fund considered as structured entity are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

11 Receivables

	As at 30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000
Receivable from sale of investments	13,151	-
Interest receivable	63	2
Dividend receivable	1,552	265
Withholding tax receivable	19	-
GST receivable	5	-
Total receivables	14,790	267

12 Payables

	As at 30 June 2026 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000
Administration fees payable	32	4
Total payables	32	4

13 Net assets attributable to unitholders

The Fund's units are classified as a liability as they do not meet the definition of a financial liability to be classified as equity set out in Note 2 (e).

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	Year ended 30 June 2026	Amount \$'000	For the period 17 October 2024 to 30 June 2025	Amount \$'000
Units 000			Units 000	
Class A				
Opening balance	23,095	23,176	-	-
Applications	29,978	29,717	23,095	23,214
Redemptions	(10,143)	(9,821)	-	-
Reinvestment of distributions	1	1	-	-
Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders	-	(1,101)	-	(38)
Closing balance	42,931	41,972	23,095	23,176
Class B				
Opening balance	28,998	29,110	-	-
Applications	175,734	174,264	28,998	29,123
Redemptions	(30,233)	(29,339)	-	-
Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders	-	(6,154)	-	(13)
Closing balance	174,499	167,881	28,998	29,110

13 Net assets attributable to unitholders (continued)

	Year ended 30 June 2026		For the period 17 October 2024 to 30 June 2025	
	Units 000	Amount \$'000	Units 000	Amount \$'000
Total				
Opening balance	52,093	52,286	-	-
Applications	205,712	203,981	52,093	52,337
Redemptions	(40,376)	(39,160)	-	-
Reinvestment of distributions	1	1	-	-
Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders	-	(7,255)	-	(51)
Closing balance	217,430	209,853	52,093	52,286

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right in the underlying assets of the Fund. There are two separate classes of units and each unit within the same class has the same rights attracting to it as all other units within the same class.

Units are redeemed on demand at the unitholders' option. As such, the amount expected to be settled within twelve months after the end of the reporting year cannot be reliably determined.

Capital risk management

The Fund manages its net asset attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding that net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability. Refer to Note 3 (e) for details of how the Fund manages its units.

14 Distributions to unitholders

Distributions are payable at the end of each financial year. Such distributions are determined by reference to the net taxable income of the Fund.

	Year ended 30 June 2026		For the period 17 October 2024 to 30 June 2025	
	\$'000	Cents per unit	\$'000	Cents per unit
Distributions - Class A				
July	160	0.69	-	-
August	185	0.68	-	-
September	314	1.02	-	-
October	258	0.70	-	-
November	281	0.69	-	-
December	332	0.75	-	-
January	297	0.65	-	-
February	332	0.67	-	-
March	325	0.64	-	-
April	321	0.66	-	-
May (payable)	329	0.72	1	0.69
June (payable)	430	0.97	165	1.01
Total distribution - Class A	3,564	8.84	166	1.70
Distributions - Class B				
July	202	0.70	-	-
August	313	0.68	-	-
September	754	1.02	-	-
October	682	0.70	-	-
November	829	0.68	-	-
December	1,100	0.75	-	-
January	1,037	0.64	-	-
February	1,232	0.68	-	-
March	1,250	0.64	-	-
April	1,266	0.66	-	-
May (payable)	1,319	0.72	9	0.69
June (payable)	1,719	0.97	98	1.01
Total distribution - Class B	11,703	8.84	107	1.70
Total distributions	15,267		273	

15 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended 30 June 2026 \$'000	For the period 17 October 2024 to 30 June 2025 \$'000
(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		
Distributions to unitholders	15,267	273
Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders	(7,255)	(51)
Payments for purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(169,424)	(25,403)
Proceeds from maturity/sales of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,942	33
Payments for investments paid in advance	-	(25,640)
Net gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7,014	56
Decrease in receivables	(1,372)	(267)
Increase in payables	28	4
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(153,800)	(50,995)

15 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities (continued)

	Year ended 30 June 2026 \$'000	For the period 17 October 2024 to 30 June 2025 \$'000
(b) Non-cash financing activities	1	-
Shares issued under the distribution reinvestment plan	1	-
Total non-cash financing activities	1	-

As described in Note 2 (g), income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders.

16 Auditors' remuneration

During the year, the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditors of the Fund, Ernst & Young (EY), and by their related network firms:

	Year ended 30 June 2026 \$	For the period 17 October 2024 to 30 June 2025 \$
EY and related network firms		
<i>Audit and other assurance services</i>		
Audit of financial statements	17,629	17,000
Audit of compliance plan	6,487	6,256
Total services provided by EY	24,116	23,256

The fees for audit and other assurance services are paid by the Responsible Entity out of the administration fees it receives.

17 Related party transactions

(a) Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Channel Investment Management Limited, whose ultimate holding company is Channel Capital Pty Ltd.

Channel Investment Management Limited was also appointed as the Investment Manager of the Fund.

(b) Key management personnel

(i) Directors

Key management personnel includes persons who were directors of Channel Investment Management Limited at any time during the financial year as follows:

Name	
Glen Holding	Executive Director
Sandra Birkenleigh	Non-Executive Chair
Bede King	Non-Executive Director
Karen Prentis	Non-Executive Director

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

(c) Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel do not receive any remuneration directly from the Fund. Key management personnel of Channel Investment Management Limited are paid by Channel Capital Pty Ltd, the parent entity of the Responsible Entity. Payments made from the Fund to Channel Investment Management Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to key management personnel remuneration.

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting year.

(d) Responsible Entity fees

The following fees are charged by the Responsible Entity:

(i) Administration fees

Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive an administration fee (the "Administration Fee"). The Administration Fee, calculated by reference to the net asset value ("NAV") of the Fund is as follows:

- Class A: 0.25% per annum of the NAV of the Fund referable to Class A units
- Class B: 0.05% per annum of the NAV of the Fund referable to Class B units

Normal operating expenses of the Fund (other than the abnormal or extraordinary expenses, indirect costs and transaction costs) that would otherwise be recoverable from the Fund are paid out of the Administration Fee.

Although the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive a management fee and an entry fee under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, no such fees are currently charged.

17 Related party transactions (continued)

(d) Responsible Entity fees (continued)

(i) Administration fees (continued)

The transactions during the year and amounts payable at year end between the Fund and the Responsible Entity were as follows:

	Year ended 30 June 2026 \$	For the period 17 October 2024 to 30 June 2025 \$
Administration fees for the year incurred by the Fund with Responsible Entity	166,800	3,856
Aggregate amounts payable to the Responsible Entity at the end of the reporting year	31,859	3,856

(ii) Performance fees

The Responsible Entity is not entitled to charge any performance fee under the Fund's Constitution, and does not currently charge any performance fee.

(e) Related party unit holdings

Parties related to the Fund (including Channel Investment Management Limited, its related parties and other trust managed by Channel Investment Management Limited and the Investment Manager) held no units in the Fund as at 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025.

(f) Related party investments

The Fund did not hold any investments in other schemes managed by Channel Investment Management Limited or its related parties.

(g) Other transactions within the Fund

From time to time directors of Channel Investment Management Limited or their directors' related entities, may invest in or withdraw from the Fund. These investments or withdrawals are on the same terms and conditions as those entered into by other Fund investors.

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel of the Responsible Entity have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the year and there were no material contracts involving directors' interests existing at the year end.

18 Events occurring after the reporting period

No significant events have occurred since the end of the year which would impact on the financial position of the Fund as disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2026 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

19 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025.

Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the Directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 5 to 22 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2026 and of its performance for the year ended on that date,
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (c) Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements also comply with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Channel Investment Management Limited, the Responsible Entity.



Glen Holding
Director
Channel Investment Management Limited

Brisbane
22 September 2026



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Independent auditor's report to the unitholders of Blue Owl Credit Income Fund AUT

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Blue Owl Credit Income Fund AUT (the "Fund"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2026, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a. Giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2026 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b. Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the financial report and auditor's report thereon

The directors of Channel Investment Management Limited ("Responsible Entity") are responsible for the other information. The other information is the Directors' Report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of

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the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of the Fund's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



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We communicate with the directors of the Responsible Entity regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'Ernst & Young'.

Ernst & Young

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Rohit Khanna'.

Rohit Khanna
Partner
Sydney
22 September 2026