





@PBISForum

5G – Connectedness & Hope: A Roadmap to Cultivating Belonging in **Schoolwide Suicide Prevention**

Presenters:

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- Topic: Mental Health/Social-Emotional-Behavioral Well-Being
- Kevwords: Tier 1



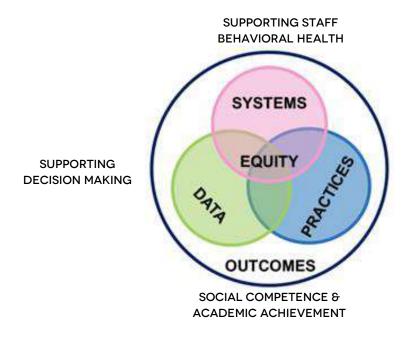


Learning Objectives

- 1. Understand the role of connectedness in suicide prevention
- 2. Apply a multi-tiered framework for suicide prevention
- 3.Identify strategies that normalize mental wellness, help-seeking, and suicide prevention
- 4. Develop an actionable plan for enhancing connectedness in schools



MTSS: System investment for a Continuous Improvement Framework



SUPPORTING STUDENT BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

- We Organize our resources and examine our strengths and needs
- We make sure students get help early
- · We invest in what is likely to work for our students
- We invest in our staff so they can support ALL students
- We make sure we are implementing well as we review student outcomes
- We continuously adjust based on strengths and need and improve based on our stakeholder's input



MTSS is an Operating System for our School Initiatives

Outcomes

What organizational goal is supported by the initiative?

Systems

Which team is overseeing the initiative?

What PD & Coaching is being provided?

Practices

What continuum of evidence-based practices will be used?

Data

What is the baseline data?

How will we know if it is working?

Equity

Is the initiative culturally responsive and equitable?



Adapted from: Perales, K., Singer, J. (2024, October). Addressing Suicide in Schools [Slide 5]. National PBIS Leadership Forum, Chicago.

Why Schools?

- Accessibility
- Early Intervention
- Consistent Support
- Collaboration
- Alignment with the public health prevention approach



Understanding Suicide

Connectedness through key concepts



Current Data and 10-Year Trends

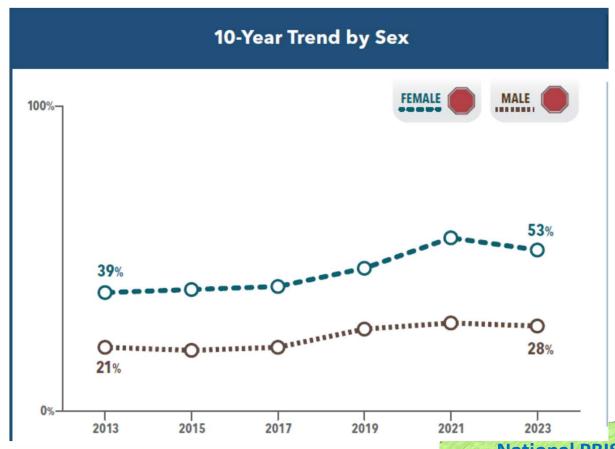
(YRBS Past Year; High School Students)

The Percentage of High School Students Who:*	2013 Total	2015 Total	2017 Total	2019 Total	2021 Total	2023 Total	Trend (All Years Available)
Experienced persistent feelings of sadness or hopelessness	30	30	31	37	42	40	
Experienced poor mental health [†]	-	-	-	-	29	29	-
Seriously considered attempting suicide	17	18	17	19	22	20	
Made a suicide plan	14	15	14	16	18	16	
Attempted suicide	8	9	7	9	10	9	
Were injured in a suicide attempt that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse	3	3	2	3	3	2	\rightarrow



Persistent Sadness or Hopelessness

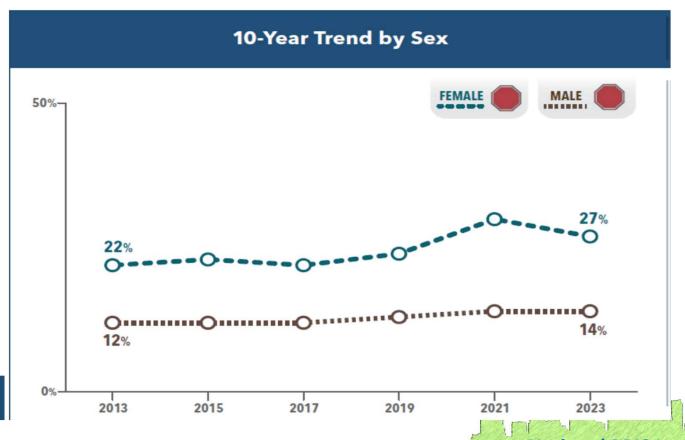
(YRBS Past Year; High School Students)





Seriously Considered Attempting Suicide

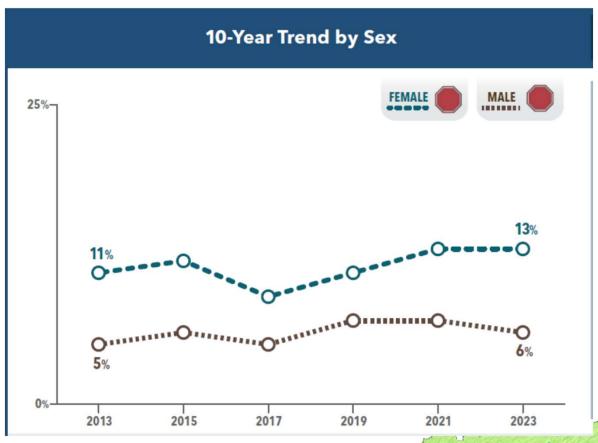
(YRBS Past Year; High School Students)





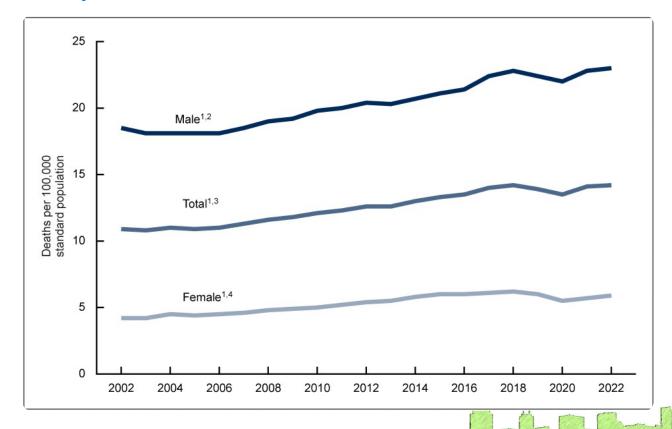
Attempted Suicide

(YRBS Past Year; High School Students)



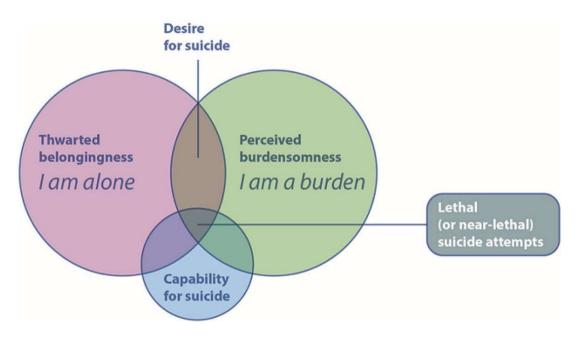


Age-Adjusted Suicide Rates 2002-2022





Interpersonal Theory of Suicide

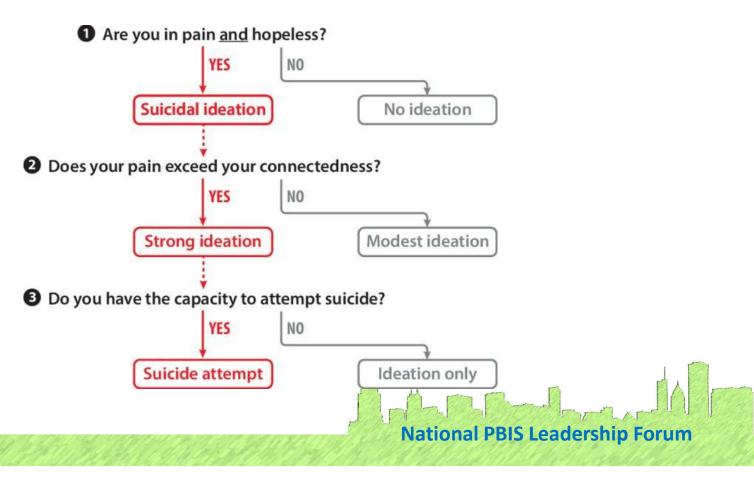


- Historically, theories of suicide did not meaningfully differentiate between ideation and attempts
- New generation aims to address both the development of suicidal ideation and progression from ideation to a suicide attempt
- Pioneer of these theories was Thomas Joiner with the Interpersonal Theory of Suicide



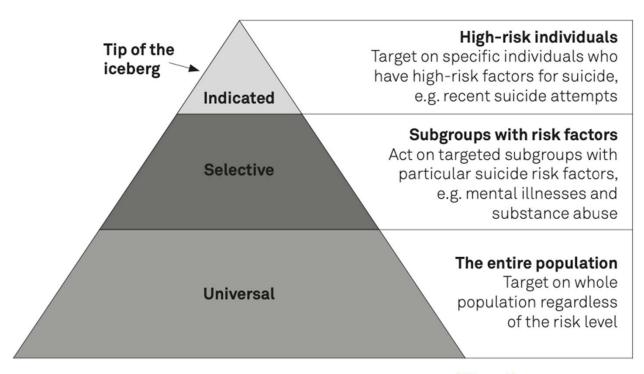
Three-Step Theory: Ideation to Action

(Klonsky & May, 2015)



Public Health Model to Suicide Prevention

(Yip & Tang, 2021)





Steps in a Public Health Model

(Yip & Tang, 2021)

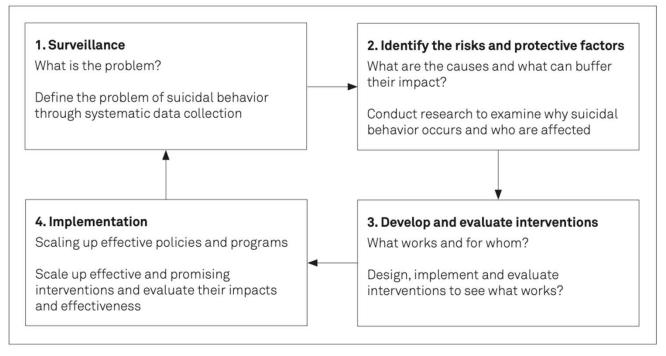


Figure 3.3 Steps in a public health model. Reprinted with permission from "Preventing Suicide: A Global Imperative," by the World Health Organization, p. 13. © 2014 by the WHO.



Comprehensive Approach to Suicide Prevention (AFSP)





Poll Everywhere: Myth or Fact

- Answers are anonymous
- You only have to join once to interact with the polls
- Answer formats:
 - Open-ended
 - Multiple Choice



- Use your cell to respond
- You only have to join once to interact with the polls





Weaving the Tapestry: Suicide Prevention for All

- Grounded in connectedness
- Includes stories of lived experience
- Engaging and interactive
- Balance of informational and skills-based content



EVERYONE has a role





SC SCHOOL BEHAVIORAL Weaving the Tapestry: Suicide Prevention for All

Crafting Connectedness

Outcomes:

- 1. Identify key components of suicide prevention
- 2. Analyze the impact of stigma on mental health
- 3. Apply concepts of connectedness to community settings
- 4. Evaluate the use of language in discussing mental health

The Art of Helping

Outcomes:

- 1. Identify core qualities of effective helpers
- 2. Explain the role of protective factors in suicide prevention
- 3. Interpret suicide risk using the Interpersonal Theory of Suicide
- 4. Recognize warning signs as invitations for support
- 5. Describe the A.S.K. framework for supportive conversations

The Finishing Touch

Outcomes:

- Apply the A.S.K. framework to guide conversations and ensure safety when suicide risk is present.
- 2. Recognize and respond to warning signs through interactive practice scenarios.
- 3. Describe how to use a safety plan to support someone in crisis.
- Explain the role of resilience in suicide prevention and how it can be strengthened.
- Identify trusted resources that support safety, recovery, and continued learning.

Connecting Through Conversation

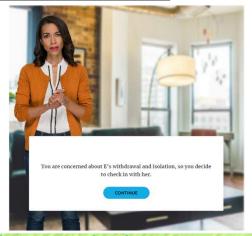
When supporting someone in distress, it helps to have a simple, clear approach to guide the conversation. That's where A-S-K comes in: Ask directly and genuinely, Seek more information, and Know what to do next. Each step builds connection, increases safety, and ensures that no one has to navigate their struggles alone.



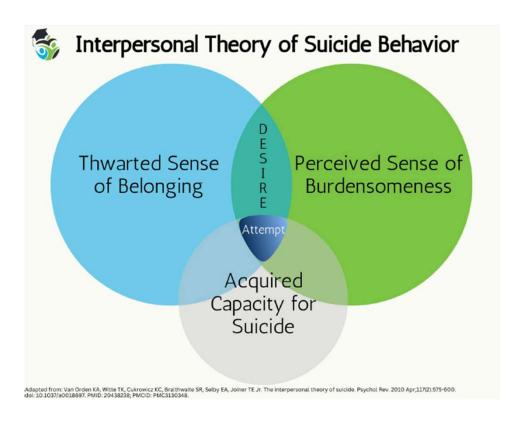




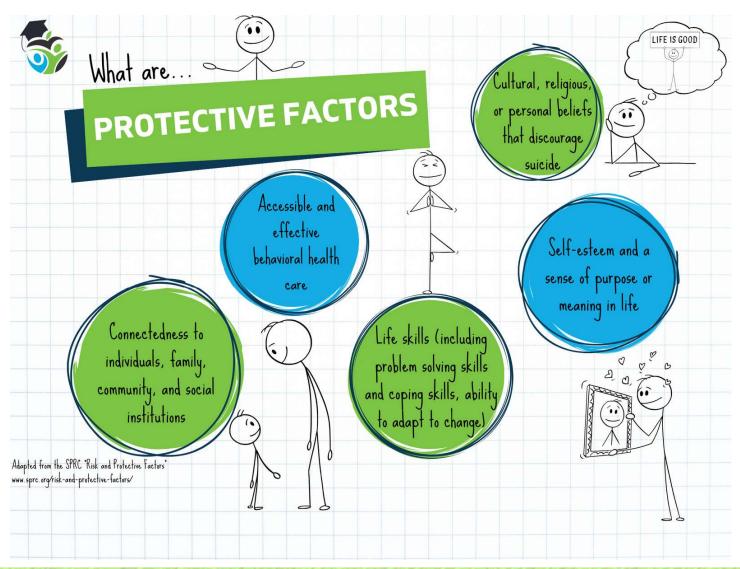




Weaving the Tapestry: Suicide Prevention for All







Overview of Connectedness

Connectedness is an emotional experience, evoked by, but independent of, the presence of others.

• Relationship + Systems



Importance and Outcomes

When youth feel connected to their school, they are **less likely** to experience:

- Poor mental health.
- Sexual health risks.
- Substance use.
- Violence.

And more likely to:

- Engage in positive health behaviors (physical activity and healthy eating).
- Have higher grades and test scores, have better school attendance, and graduate high school.

Furthermore, school connectedness at age 11 was protective against childhood adversity when predicting internalizing and externalizing problems at age 14. That is, students with a history of adversity who felt more connected to school were less likely to exhibit internalizing and externalizing symptoms than those who felt less connected to school.

School Connectedness

Decision-Making

Create decision-making processes that facilitate student, family, and community engagement, academic achievement, and staff empowerment.

Curricula

Provide students with the academic, emotional, and social skills necessary to be actively engaged in school.

Classroom Management

Use effective classroom management and teaching methods to foster a positive learning environment.

Relationships

Create trusting and caring relationships that promote open communication among administrators, teachers, staff, students, families, communities, and supportive agencies

Family Engagement

Provide education & opportunities to enable families to be actively involved in their children's academic & school life.

Professional Development

Provide professional development and support for teachers and other school staff to meet the diverse cognitive, emotional, and social needs of children & teens.

Screening

Proactively identify needs through screening and link youth to appropriate resources

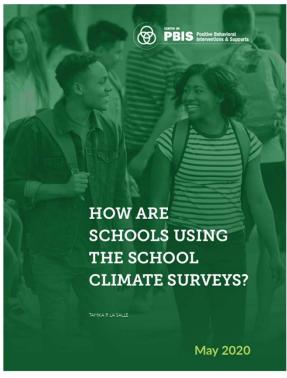
Safe Environment

Create positive and predictable environments with clear expectations, supported by trauma-informed discipline strategies

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2009). Fostering School Connectedness Information for School Districts and School Administrators. Retrieved from: http://www.cdc.gov/healthyouth/protective/pdf/connectedness_administrators.pdf (PDF, 1.72MB)

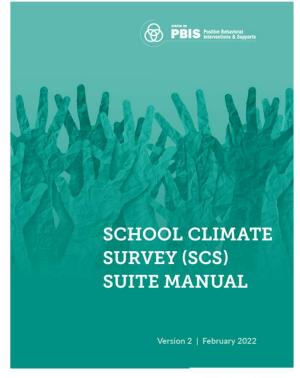


What are YOU doing to Promote Connectedness?



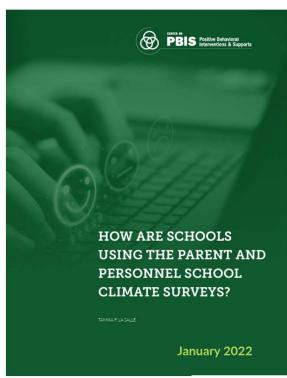
La Salle, T.P. (2020). How are schools using the school climate surveys?
Eugene, OR: University of Oregon





Center on PBIS. (January 2022). School Climate Survey (SCS) Suite Manual. University of Oregon. www.pbis.org.





La Salle, T. P. (January, 2022). How are Schools Using the Parent and Personnel School Climate Surveys? Center on PBIS, University of Oregon. www.pbis.org.



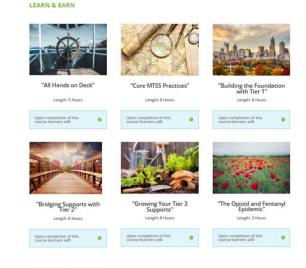


Modeling Connectedness

- Relationship Centered Support
- Clear is Kind: Well defined expectations and outcomes
- Accessible Resources Driven by Community









Connectedness in High Leverage Practices

The System



MTSS paves the pathway for Connectedness

MTSS/ISF inherently promotes protective factors

- Written protocols for helping students at risk for suicide
- Written protocols for response after a death by suicide
- Identification of youth at risk of suicide
- Promoting protective factors
- Ensuring stakeholders are engaged (training and protocol)
- Community partnerships





Individualized student Interventions and Support Reintegration and Re-Entry Growth and Healing Crisis Response



Tier 2

Mentoring Programs

Data-Informed (gated) Screening/Assessment

Psychoeducational Interventions (small group)

Targeted PD for Specialized Staff

Tier 1

Policy/Procedure
Universal Screening
Mental Health Literacy PD
Universal Curricular Suicide Education
Youth Voice/Peer Support
Suicide Awareness PD





Tier 1: Where Connectedness is Crafted



Compassionate Considerations:



REVIEW THE FOLLOWING ELEMENTS TO ASSESS READINESS IS IS NOT A COMPRHENSIVE LIST BUT RATHER A TOOL TO BEGIN, OR EXPAND ON, PREVENTIO CONVERSATIONS*					
O1	DOES YOUR SCHOOL HAVE AN UP-TO-DATE CRISIS RESPONSE PLAN?	YES	NO		
02	DOES YOUR SCHOOL HAVE AN IDENTIFIED MULTI- DISCIPLINARY CRISIS RESPONSE TEAM? (SCHOOL PSYCH, SCHOOL SOCIAL WORKER, SCHOOL SOCIAL WORKER, SCHOOL NURSE, ADMIN, LICENSED MENTAL HEALTH PRACTITIONER, SRO, PARENT VOICE)	YES	NO		
03	ARE TEAM ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES CLEARLY DEFINED AND REFLECTIVE OF BEST- PRACTICES?	YES	NO		
04	DOES THE CRISIS PLAN HAVE WRITTEN PROTOCOLS ON HOW TO MANAGE CRISIS/SUICIDAL BEHAVIOR? (KEY CONSIDERATION: DO PROTOCOLS INCLUDE SUICIDE SPECIFIC SCREENING/ASSESSMENT/SAFETY PLANNING)	YES	NO		
05	DOES THE CRISIS PLAN HAVE A WRITTEN PROTOCOL FOR RESPONDING TO AN ATTEMPT ON CAMPUS?	YES	NO		
06	DOES THE CRISIS PLAN HAVE A WRITTEN PROTOCOL FOR RESPONDING TO AN ATTEMPT OFF CAMPUS?	YES	NO		
07	DO CRISIS RESPONSE TEAM MEMBERS RECIEVE ADDITIONAL TRAINING SPECIFIC TO PROTOCOLS, CRISIS DEESCALATION, AND ROLES/RESPONSIBILITIES?	YES	NO		
08	DO ALL SCHOOL PERSONNEL RECIEVE MENTAL HEALTH/SUICIDE PREVENTION TRAINING?	YES	NO		
09	ARE COPIES OF THE SCHOOL CRISIS PLAN READILY ACCESSBILE TO ALL SCHOOL PERSONNEL?	YES	NO		
10	DO ALL SCHOOL PERSONNEL UNDERSTAND THE PROCESS FOR CONNECTING A STUDENT TO MENTAL HEALTH RESOURCES IN THE SCHOOL IF THEY HAVE CONCERNS FOR THEIR SAFETY OR WELL-BEING?	YES	NO		
11	DO ALL STUDENTS UNDERSTAND THE PROCESS FOR CONNECTING A THEMSELVES OR A PEER TO MENTAL HEALTH RESOURCES IN THE SCHOOL IF THEY HAVE CONCERNS FOR THEIR SAFETY OR WELL-BEING?	YES	NO		



Tier 1 Suicide Prevention

Tier 1 suicide prevention represents the universal foundation of a school's comprehensive approach. It focuses on building environments where every student feels **seen**, **valued**, and **supported...**before crisis occurs.

Кеу	
Features: Prevention for	Reaches every student, staff, and family through proactive systems, not just those identified as "at risk."
All Cultural and Climate Focus	Embeds connection, inclusion, and belonging in daily routines, language, and schoolwide practices.
Skill Development	Equips all students and staff with emotional literacy, help-seeking skills, and shared language around wellness.
Intentional Integration	Aligns with core academic and behavioral supports, ensuring connectedness is both relational and systemic.
Protective by	Cultivates safety, trust, and engagement that buffer against hopelessness

and isolation.

Design

Creating a Climate of Connection

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends that schools use the following strategies to increase students' feelings of connectedness to school.

- Create decision-making processes that facilitate student, family and community engagement, academic achievement and staff empowerment.
- Provide education and opportunities to enable families to be actively involved in their children's academic and school life.
- Provide students with the academic, emotional and social skills necessary to be actively engaged in school.
- Use effective classroom management and teaching methods to foster a positive learning environment.
- Provide professional development and support for teachers and other school staff to enable them to meet the
 diverse cognitive, emotional and social needs of children and adolescents.
- Create trusting and caring relationships that promote open communication among administrators, teachers, staff,
 students, families and communities.

Creating a Climate of Connection: Policy



Model School District Policy on Suicide Prevention

The Model School District Policy on Suicide Prevention provides a thorough plan for school districts to implement suicide prevention policies in their community.

American Foundation for Suicide Prevention

- Clear leadership & coordination: District- and schoollevel leads oversee consistent implementation and communication.
- Comprehensive staff training: All personnel receive annual awareness and response training with clear referral pathways.
- Early identification & referral protocols: Written procedures guide timely response, parent notification, and connection to care.
- Partnerships & continuity of care: Strong coordination with community mental health and crisis services.
- Lethal means safety & postvention planning: Includes guidance on means restriction and supports recovery after a crisis.
- Equity, privacy, and review: Ensures confidentiality, cultural responsiveness, and ongoing evaluation of policy impact.

Life Skills Integration

- Embeds social-emotional learning within daily instruction and interactions.
- Builds self-awareness, empathy, and emotion regulation across the community.
- Strengthens help-seeking, problem-solving, and conflict resolution skills.
- Aligns competencies with schoolwide expectations and MTSS practices.
- Creates consistent language and modeling for connection, safety, and care.



"All Hands on Deck"

Length: 5 Hours

Upon completion of this course learners will:

- Understand the background and purpose of the SC SBHA
- Analyze the current state of youth mental health
- Define and describe mental health and mental illness, including types of mental health challenges and the impact of stigma
- Recognize risk and protective factors and their impact on youth
- Explain Multi-tiered System of Supports (MTSS) and its role in supporting school behavioral health
- Identify the importance of strong relationships and apply relationshipbuilding strategies

Mental Health Literacy and Prevention Awareness Training

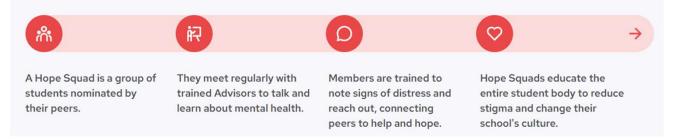
- Promotes shared understanding of mental health, wellness, and protective factors.
- Normalizes help-seeking and compassionate response for all members of the school community.
- Builds staff and student confidence to recognize and refer concerns early.
- Integrates awareness campaigns, PD, and student-led initiatives into Tier 1 systems.
- Ensures consistent, stigma-free messaging across classrooms, teams, and families.





Student-led and Peer-driven Initiatives





- Empower student voice in shaping mental health culture and messaging.
- Establish peer ambassador or helper programs that promote connection and help-seeking.
- Integrate student leadership into awareness campaigns, assemblies, and events.
- Foster peer-to-peer learning around empathy, inclusion, and support strategies.
- Ensure adult allies coach, guide, and sustain student initiatives within Tier 1 systems.

PBIS to Promote Inclusion

 Embeds equitable, relationship-centered practices into everyday systems.



Positive greetings at the door for ALL students

 Reinforces belonging and safety through clear, inclusive expectations.



Post, teach, and model behavioral expectations (Be Kind)

 Uses data to identify and reduce disproportionality in discipline and access.



Post, teach, and model behavioral expectations (Be Kind)

 Celebrates student strengths and diverse identities through recognition systems.



Positive office referrals and spotlight boards highlighting growth, kindness, or effort.

 Creates a shared language of care, respect, and community across all settings.



Restorative, trauma-informed dialogue stems: "What happened?", "Who was affected?", "What can we do to make it right?"

From Awareness to Action



Prevention: Pair and Group Share

What are you already doing?
Where do you see opportunity for growth?
What's your next step?



Resources and Continuing Ed

CRISIS TEXT LINE

Text HELLO to 741741 Free, 24/7, Confidential

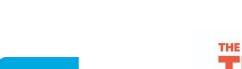


LIFELINE



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10/23

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