CANADA BASKETBALL

Code of Conduct and Ethics

(the “Code”)

Canada Basketball (the “Organization”) has adopted the Universal Code of Conduct to Prevent and Address Maltreatment in Sport (“UCCMS”) (provided as Appendix A) which shall be incorporated into this Code by reference as if set out in full herein. Any modifications or amendments made to the UCCMS by the Sport Dispute Resolution Centre of Canada (“SDRCC”) shall come into effect immediately and automatically upon their adoption by the SDRCC, without the need for any further action by the Organization.

The Organization is a Program Signatory of the Office of the Sport Integrity Commissioner (the “OSIC”), as of December 1, 2022, the “Effective Date”.

The Organization has designated specific Organizational Participants within the organization as UCCMS Participants. A full list of designated individuals is available by contacting adriedger@basketball.ca.

It is important to note that the Code applies to all Organizational Participants, but not all Organizational Participants are UCCMS Participants and subject to the complaint process under the OSIC.

A. Purpose

1. The purpose of this Code is to ensure a safe and positive environment within the programs, activities, and Events of the Organization by making all Organizational Participants aware that there is an expectation, at all times, of appropriate behaviour consistent with the Organization’s core values, mission, and policies.

2. The Organization supports equal opportunity, prohibit discriminatory practices, and is committed to providing an environment in which all individuals can safely participate in sport and are treated with respect and fairness.

B. Application – General

3. This Code applies to the conduct of all Organizational Participants during the business, activities, and Events of the Organization including, but not limited to competitions, practices, evaluations, treatment, or consultations (e.g., massage therapy), training camps, travel associated with organizational activities, the office environment, and any meetings.

4. This Code also applies to the conduct of all Organizational Participants outside of the business, activities, and Events of the Organization when such conduct adversely affects the Organization’s relationships (and the work and sport environment) or is detrimental to the image and reputation of the Organization. Such applicability will be determined by the Organization at its sole discretion.
5. This Code applies to Organizational Participants active in the sport or who have retired from the sport where any claim regarding a potential breach of this Code occurred when the Organizational Participant was active in the sport.

C. **Prohibited Behaviours**

6. All Organizational Participants must refrain from any behaviour that constitutes a Prohibited Behaviour as defined by the UCCMS and the Code.

7. Organizational Participants are responsible for knowing what actions or behaviours are Prohibited Behaviours and/or Maltreatment.

8. Prohibited Behaviours under the UCCMS include, but are not limited to:

   a) Physical Maltreatment
   b) Psychological Maltreatment
   c) Neglect
   d) Sexual Maltreatment
   e) Grooming
   f) Boundary Transgressions
   g) Discrimination
   h) Failing to Report
   i) Aiding and Abetting
   j) Retaliation
   k) Interference with or Manipulation of Process
   l) False Reports

9. In addition to the Prohibited Behaviours as defined by the UCCMS, this Code sets out other expected standards of behaviour and conduct for all Organizational Participants and any failure to respect these expected standards of behaviour by an Organizational Participant may constitute a breach of this Code. In addition, the following behaviours also constitute breaches of this Code:

   a) Bullying
   b) Harassment
   c) Workplace Harassment
   d) Workplace Violence

D. **Responsibilities of Organizational Participants**

10. All Organizational Participants have a responsibility to:

   a) Refrain from any behaviour that constitutes Maltreatment or Prohibited Behaviour under this Code or the UCCMS.

   b) Maintain and enhance the dignity and self-esteem of other Organizational Participants by:

      i. Treating each other with fairness, honesty, respect and integrity;

      ii. Focusing comments or criticism appropriately and avoiding public criticism of Athletes, coaches, officials, organizers, volunteers, employees, or other Organizational Participants;
iii. Consistently demonstrating the spirit of sportsmanship, sport leadership, and ethical conduct; and

iv. Ensuring adherence to the rules of the sport and the spirit of those rules.

c) Refrain from the use of power or authority to coerce another person to engage in inappropriate activities.

d) Not publicly criticize other Organizational Participants.

e) Refrain from consuming tobacco products, cannabis, or recreational drugs while participating in the programs, activities, competitions, or Events of the Organization.

f) In the case of Minors, not consume alcohol, tobacco, or cannabis at any competition or Event.

g) In the case of individuals who are not Minors, not consume cannabis in the Workplace or in any situation associated with the Events of the Organization (subject to protections under applicable human rights legislation), not consume alcohol during training, competitions, or in situations where Minors are present, and take reasonable steps to manage the responsible consumption of alcohol in adult-oriented social situations.

h) When driving a vehicle:

i. Have a valid driver’s license;

ii. Obey traffic laws;

iii. Not be under the influence of alcohol or illegal drugs or substances;

iv. Have valid car insurance; and

v. Refrain from engaging in any activity that would constitute distracted driving.

i) Respect the property of others and not wilfully cause damage.

j) Promote sport in the most constructive and positive manner possible.

k) Refrain from engaging in deliberate behaviour which is intended to manipulate the outcome of a competition and/or not offer, receive, or refrain from offering or receiving any benefit which is intended to manipulate the outcome of a competition. A benefit includes the direct or indirect receipt of money or other anything else of value, including, but not limited to, bribes, gains, gifts, preferential treatment, and other advantages.

l) Adhere to all applicable federal, provincial/territorial, municipal and host country laws.

m) Comply with the bylaws, policies, procedures, rules, and regulations of the Organization, and as adopted and amended from time to time.
E. **Directors, Committee Members, and Employees**

11. In addition to section D (above), Directors, Committee Members, and employees of the Organization have additional responsibilities to:

   a) Function primarily as a director, committee member or employee of the Organization (as applicable) and ensure to prioritize their duty of loyalty to Organization (and not to any other organization or group) while acting in this role.

   b) Ensure that financial affairs are conducted in a responsible and transparent manner with due regard for all fiduciary responsibilities.

   c) Comply with their obligations under the *Screening Policy*, including understanding ongoing expectations under the *Screening Policy* and fully cooperating in the screening process.

   d) Conduct themselves openly, professionally, lawfully and in good faith.

   e) Be independent and impartial and not let self-interest, outside pressure, expectation of reward, or fear of criticism influence their decision-making on behalf of the Organization.

   f) Exercise the degree of care, diligence, and skill required in the performance of their duties pursuant to applicable laws.

   g) Maintain required confidentiality of organizational information.

   h) When acting as a Director or Committee Member, respect the decisions of the majority (the Board or a Committee, as applicable) and resign if unable to do so.

   i) Commit the time to attend meetings and be diligent in preparation for, and participation in, discussions at such meetings.

   j) Have a thorough knowledge and understanding of all governance documents.

F. **Athlete Support Personnel**

12. In addition to section D (above), Athlete Support Personnel have many additional responsibilities.

   Athlete Support Personnel must understand and respect the inherent Power Imbalance that exists in their relationship with Athletes and must be extremely careful not to abuse it, either consciously or unconsciously.

13. Athlete Support Personnel will:

   a) Avoid any behaviour that abuses the Power Imbalance inherent in the position of the Athlete Support Personnel.

   b) Ensure a safe environment by selecting activities and establishing controls that are suitable for the age, experience, ability, and fitness level of the Athletes.
c) Prepare Athletes systematically and progressively, using appropriate time frames and monitoring physical and psychological adjustments while refraining from using training methods or techniques that may harm Athletes.

d) Avoid compromising the present and future health of Athletes by communicating and cooperating with sport medicine professionals in the diagnosis, treatment, and management of Athletes’ medical and psychological treatments.

e) Support the Athlete Support Personnel of a training camp, provincial/territorial team, or national team, should an Athlete qualify for participation with one of these programs.

f) Accept and promote Athletes’ personal goals and refer Athletes to other coaches and sport specialists as appropriate.

g) Provide Athletes (and the parents/guardians of Minor Athletes) with the information necessary to be involved in the decisions that affect the Athlete.

h) Act in the best interest of the Athlete’s development as a whole person.

i) Comply with their obligations under the Screening Policy, including understanding ongoing expectations under this Policy and fully cooperating in the screening process. Additionally complete all safe sport training requirements and follow the Rule of Two (both in-person and virtually).

j) Report any ongoing criminal or anti-doping investigation, conviction, or existing bail conditions to the Organization, including those for violence, child pornography, or possession, use, or sale of any illegal or prohibited substance or method.

k) Under no circumstances provide, promote, or condone the use of drugs (other than properly prescribed medications) or prohibited substances or prohibited methods and, in the case of Minors, alcohol, cannabis, and/or tobacco.

l) When acting as a coach, respect Athletes competing for other jurisdictions and, in dealings with them, not encroach upon topics or take actions which are deemed to be within the realm of ‘coaching’, unless after first receiving approval from the coaches who are responsible for the Athletes.

m) When a Power Imbalance exists, not engage in a sexual or intimate relationship with an Athlete of any age.

n) Disclose to the Organization any sexual or intimate relationship with an Athlete over the age of majority and, if requested by the Organization, immediately discontinue any coaching involvement with that Athlete.

o) Effectively communicate and cooperate with sport science and sport medicine professionals in the diagnosis, treatment, and management of Athletes’ medical and psychological treatments, including discussing optimal nutritional strategies. Dieting and other weight management methods are not permitted for Athletes 17 years of age and younger, except under the direct supervision and guidance of an appropriately licenced healthcare professional and with the written authorization of the parents/guardians of the Athlete.
p) Recognize the power inherent in the position of Athlete Support Personnel and respect and promote the rights of all Organizational Participants in sport. This is accomplished by establishing and following procedures for confidentiality (right to privacy), informed participation, and fair and reasonable treatment. Athlete Support Personnel have a special responsibility to respect and promote the rights of Organizational Participants who are in a vulnerable or dependent position and less able to protect their own rights.

q) Dress professionally and use appropriate language.

r) Respect the decisions and judgements of officials and encourage athletes to do the same.

G. **Athletes**

14. In addition to section D (above), Athletes have additional responsibilities to:

   a) Follow their Athlete Agreement (if applicable).

   b) Report any medical problems in a timely fashion, when such problems may limit their ability to travel, practice, or compete.

   c) Participate and appear on-time and prepared to participate to their best abilities in all competitions, practices, training sessions, and evaluations.

   d) Properly represent themselves and not attempt to participate in a competition for which they are not eligible by reason of age, classification, or other reason.

   e) Adhere to any rules and requirements regarding clothing, professionalism, and equipment.

   f) Act in accordance with applicable policies and procedures and, when applicable, additional rules as outlined by Athlete Support Personnel.

H. **Officials**

15. In addition to section D (above), officials have additional responsibilities to:

   a) Maintain and update their knowledge of the rules and rules changes.

   b) Adhere at all times to the rules of their international federation and any other sport organization that has relevant and applicable authority.

   c) Place the safety and welfare of competitors, and the fairness of the competition above all else.

   d) Strive to provide a fair sporting environment, and at no time engage in Maltreatment of any person on the field of play.

   e) Respect the terms of any agreement that they enter into with the Organization.

   f) Work within the boundaries of their position’s description while supporting the work of other officials.

   g) Act as an ambassador of the sport by agreeing to enforce and abide by national and provincial/territorial rules and regulations.
h) Take ownership of actions and decisions made while officiating.

i) Respect the rights, dignity, and worth of all Organizational Participants.

j) Act openly, impartially, professionally, lawfully, and in good faith.

k) Be fair, equitable, considerate, independent, honest, and impartial in all dealings with others.

l) Respect the confidentiality required by issues of a sensitive nature, which may include discipline processes, appeals, and specific information or data about Organizational Participants.

m) Comply with their obligations under the Screening Policy, including understanding ongoing expectations under this Policy and fully cooperating in the screening process.

n) Honour all assignments unless unable to do so by virtue of illness or personal emergency, and in these cases inform a supervisor or the Organization at the earliest possible time.

o) When writing reports, set out the facts to the best of their knowledge and recollection.

p) Dress in proper attire for officiating.

I. Parents/Guardians and Spectators

16. In addition to section D (above), parents/guardians and spectators at Events will:

a) Encourage Athletes to compete within the rules and to resolve conflicts without resorting to hostility or violence.

b) Condemn the use of violence in any form.

c) Never ridicule an Organizational Participant for making a mistake during a competition or practice.

d) Respect the decisions and judgments of officials and encourage Athletes to do the same.

e) Support all efforts to stop and prevent verbal and physical abuse, coercion, intimidation, and excessive sarcasm.

f) Respect and show appreciation to all competitors, and to coaches, officials and other volunteers.

g) Never harass competitors, Athlete Support Personnel, officials, parents/guardians, or other spectators.

h) Never encourage, aid, covert up or assist an Athlete in cheating through doping, competition manipulation or other cheating behaviour.

J. Provincial/Territorial Organizations and Clubs

17. Provincial/Territorial Organizations and Clubs must:

a) Adhere to all the Organization’s governing documents and, when required, amend their own rules to comply or align with those of the Organization.
b) Pay all required dues and fees by the prescribed deadlines.

c) When required, ensure that all Athletes and Athlete Support Personal participating in sanctioned competitions and Events of the Organization are registered and in good standing.

d) Appropriately screen prospective employees, and where applicable provide Safe Sport training, to help ensure Athletes have a healthy and safe sport environment.

e) Ensure that any possible or actual misconduct is investigated promptly and thoroughly.

f) Impose appropriate disciplinary or corrective measures when misconduct has been substantiated.

g) Advise the Organization immediately of any situation where a complainant has publicized a complaint in the media (including social media).

h) Provide the Organization with a copy of all decisions rendered pursuant to the organization’s policies for complaints and appeals.

i) Implement and enforce any decisions and disciplinary sanctions imposed pursuant to the discipline process of the Organization or any other Provincial/Territorial Organization and Club, as applicable.

K. Anti-Doping

18. The Organization adopts and adheres to the Canadian Anti-Doping Program. The Organization and its Members will respect any sanction imposed on an Organizational Participant as a result of a breach of the Canadian Anti-Doping Program or any other applicable Anti-Doping Rules.

19. All Organizational Participants shall:

a) Abstain from the non-medical use of medications or drugs or the use of Prohibited Substances or Prohibited Methods as listed on the version of the World Anti-Doping Agency’s Prohibited List currently in force.

b) Coaches, trainers and other athlete support personnel who use methods or substances prohibited by the CADP without valid and acceptable justification may not coach, train, or otherwise support athletes.

c) Participants must reasonably cooperate with the CCES or another anti-doping organization that is investigating anti-doping rule violations.

d) Participants may not harass, intimidate, or otherwise conduct themselves offensively toward a Doping Control official or other individual involved in Doping Control, whether or not such conduct constitutes Tampering as defined in the Canadian Anti-Doping Program.

20. All Athlete Support Personnel or other Persons who are Using a Prohibited Substance or Prohibited Method without a valid and acceptable justification shall refrain from providing support to Athletes that fall under the Organization’s jurisdiction.

1 Any capitalized terms used in this Anti-Doping section shall, unless the context requires otherwise, have the meanings ascribed to them in the Definitions section of the Canadian Anti-Doping Program.
L. **Retaliation, Retribution or Reprisal**

21. It is a breach of this *Code of Conduct and Ethics* for any Organizational Participant to engage in any act that threatens or seeks to intimidate another individual with the intent of discouraging that individual from filing, in good faith, a Report pursuant to any policy of the Organization. It is also a breach of this *Code of Conduct and Ethics* for an individual to file a Report for the purpose of retaliation, retribution, or reprisal against any other individual. Any individual found to be in breach of this section shall be liable for the costs related to the disciplinary process required to establish such a breach.

M. **Privacy**

22. The collection, use and disclosure of any personal information pursuant to this Policy is subject to the *Privacy Policy*.

N. **Definitions**

23. Terms in this Code are defined as follows:
   
a) **Athlete** – An individual who is an Athlete Participant in the Organization who is subject to the policies of the Organization and to this Code.

b) **Athlete Support Personnel** - Any coach, trainer, manager, agent, team staff, official, medical, paramedical personnel, parent or any other person working with, treating or assisting an Athlete participating in or preparing for sports competition.

c) **Bullying** – Offensive behaviour and/or abusive treatment of an Organizational Participant that typically, but not always, involves an abuse of power.

d) **Event** – an event sanctioned by the Organization, and which may include a social Event

e) **Harassment** – as defined in the *UCCMS*.

f) **Organization** – Canada Basketball

g) **OSIC** – Office of the Sport Integrity Commissioner, an independent division of the Sport Dispute Resolution Centre of Canada (SDRCC) which comprises the functions of the Sport Integrity Commissioner

h) **Organizational Participants** – Refers to all categories of individual members and/or registrants defined in the By-laws of the Organization who are subject to the policies of the Organization, as well as all people employed by, contracted by, or engaged in activities with, the Organization including, but not limited to, employees, contractors, Athletes, coaches, instructors, officials, volunteers, managers, administrators, parents or guardians, spectators, committee members, and Directors and Officers.

i) **Person in Authority** – Any Organizational Participant who holds a position of authority within the Organization including, but not limited to, coaches, instructors, officials, managers, support personnel, chaperones, committee members, and Directors and Officers.

j) **Power Imbalance** – As defined in the UCCMS
k) **Report** – As defined in the UCCMS

l) **UCCMS** – Universal Code of Conduct to prevent and address Maltreatment in Sport, as amended from time to time by the SDRCC

m) **UCCMS Participant** – An Organizational Participant affiliated with the Organization who has been a) designated by the Organization and b) who has signed the required consent form. UCCMS Participants may include an athlete, a coach, official, an athlete support personnel, an employee, a contractual worker, an administrator, or a volunteer acting on behalf of, or representing the Organization in any capacity.

n) **Workplace** – Any place where business or work-related activities are conducted. Workplaces include but are not limited to, the registered office(s), work-related social functions, work assignments outside the registered office(s), work-related travel, the training and competition environment, and work-related conferences or training sessions.

o) **Workplace Harassment** – A course of vexatious comment or conduct against an Organizational Participant in a Workplace that is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome. Workplace Harassment should not be confused with legitimate, reasonable management actions that are part of the normal work/training function, including measures to correct performance deficiencies, such as placing someone on a performance improvement plan, or imposing discipline for workplace infractions.

p) **Workplace Violence** – The use of or threat of physical force by a person against a worker in a Workplace that causes or could cause physical injury to the worker; an attempt to exercise physical force against a worker in a Workplace that could cause physical injury to the worker; or a statement or behaviour that it is reasonable for a worker to interpret as a threat to exercise physical force against the worker in a Workplace that could cause physical injury to the worker.

O. **Review and Approval**

24. This Policy was reviewed and approved by the Canada Basketball Board of Directors on December 15, 2022.
Appendix A

UNIVERSAL CODE OF CONDUCT TO PREVENT AND ADDRESS MALTREATMENT IN SPORT

VERSION 2022 (6.0)

The Universal Code of Conduct to Prevent and Address Maltreatment in Sport (UCCMS) is the core document that sets harmonized rules to be adopted by sport organizations that receive funding from the Government of Canada to advance a respectful sport culture that delivers quality, inclusive, accessible, welcoming and safe sport experiences.

The UCCMS was first published in 2019 (version 5.1) by the Canadian Centre for Ethics in Sport. Version 2022 (6.0) was published on May 31, 2022 by the Sport Dispute Resolution Centre of Canada (SDRCC) and is effective no later than November 30, 2022.

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1 PURPOSE

1.1 The Canadian sport sector is committed to advancing a respectful sport culture that delivers quality, inclusive, accessible, welcoming and safe sport experiences.

1.2 Individuals should have the reasonable expectation when they participate in sport in Canada that it will be in an environment that is free from all forms of Maltreatment and that treats every individual with dignity and respect. Maltreatment in all its forms is a serious issue that undermines the health, well-being, performance and security of individuals, communities, and society.

2 GENERAL PRINCIPLES AND COMMITMENT

2.1 Maltreatment violates the integrity of individual(s) and undermines the principles endorsed by the Federal, Provincial, and Territorial Ministers responsible for Sport, Physical Activity, and Recreation through the Red Deer Declaration for the Prevention of Harassment, Abuse and Discrimination in Sport.

2.2 Sport organizations that have adopted the present Universal Code to Prevent and Address Maltreatment in Sport (the “UCCMS”) are committed to creating a sport environment that is free from all forms of Maltreatment and that treats all Participants with dignity and respect.

2.3 Maltreatment is unacceptable and fundamentally incompatible with the core values that lie at the heart of Canadian sport. The commitments expressed below reflect this common understanding amongst Adopting Organizations and shall guide the interpretation and application of the UCCMS: 2.3.1 All Participants in sport can expect to play, practice, compete, work, volunteer, and interact in an environment free from Maltreatment.

2.3.2 All Participants recognize that Maltreatment can occur regardless of race, sex, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, age, disability, religion, and other characteristics. Moreover, it is recognized that those from marginalized groups have increased vulnerability to experiences of Maltreatment.

2.3.3 All Participants recognize that persons who have experienced Maltreatment may experience a range of effects that may emerge at different times and that can profoundly affect their lives.

2.3.4 Persons who have experienced Maltreatment may suffer from the impact of trauma, and efforts must be made to understand that impact and to avoid re-traumatization.

2.3.5 Addressing the causes and consequences of Maltreatment is a collective responsibility and requires the deliberate efforts of all Participants and other sport stakeholders.
2.4 The following principles will guide the determination of *Prohibited Behaviour* and imposition of sanctions:

- Harmonized;
- Comprehensive;
- Fair;
- Trauma-informed;
- Evidence-driven;
- Independent administration;
- Proportionate;
- Expert-informed.

### 3 OBJECTIVES

3.1 Every *Participant* in sport should strive to:

3.1.1 Ensure their intentions, actions and efforts reflect a commitment to prioritizing the safety of all *Participants*.

3.1.2 Treat others with respect and dignity.

- 3.1.3 Demonstrate the spirit of sportsmanship, leadership and ethical conduct.
- 3.1.4 Demonstrate respect for the diversity of *Participants*.
- 3.1.5 Act to correct or prevent practices that are unjustly *Discriminatory*.
- 3.1.6 Treat individuals fairly and reasonably.
- 3.1.7 Ensure adherence to the rules of the sport and the spirit of the rules.
- 3.1.8 Immediately *Report* any acts or suspicions of *Maltreatment* or other *Prohibited Behaviours*.
- 3.1.9 Foster meaningful inclusion of all individuals.
- 3.1.10 Identify and engage in conversations that lead to positive behaviour change.
- 3.1.11 Accept and consider feedback with respect to their own actions and take positive steps to resolve the concerns raised.
- 3.1.12 Establish, respect and maintain appropriate boundaries with *Participants*.
- 3.1.13 Ensure all interactions and communications are consistent with the role of the *Participant* in relation to the sport, and carried out in a way that is transparent to other *Participants* and promotes the concept of individual accountability.
- 3.1.14 Monitor their own behaviours and the behaviours of others.
- 3.1.15 Treat all *Disclosures*, allegations or suspicions of *Maltreatment* seriously.
- 3.1.16 Abstain from all forms of *Prohibited Behaviours*. 
3.2 All Participants in a position of trust or authority have a responsibility to: 3.2.1 Protect the health and well-being of other Participants.
3.2.2 Prevent or mitigate opportunities for Maltreatment and other Prohibited Behaviours.
3.2.3 Respond appropriately to incidents of Maltreatment.
3.2.4 Incorporate best practices to recognize systemic bias, unconscious bias, and other Discriminatory practices.
3.2.5 Respond quickly and effectively to eliminate Discriminatory practices.
3.2.6 Recognize when they are in a position of Power Imbalance.
4 SCOPE OF APPLICATION

4.1 Individual Subject to and Protected by the UCCMS

The UCCMS applies to all Participants as determined by the Adopting Organization. Participants, especially those in positions of trust or authority, are responsible for knowing what constitutes a Prohibited Behaviour. They shall also recognize that the categories of Maltreatment are not mutually exclusive, nor are the examples provided in each category an exhaustive list.

4.2 Investigations and Disciplinary Review

Participants alleged to be in violation of the UCCMS are subject to applicable investigation and disciplinary review processes as outlined in the Adopting Organization’s policies.

4.3 Context in which the UCCMS is in Effect

The UCCMS applies to any of the Prohibited Behaviours described herein, provided the Prohibited Behaviour occurs in any one or a combination of the following situations:

4.3.1 Within an Adopting Organization’s environment; or

4.3.2 When the Participant alleged to have committed a Prohibited Behaviour was engaging in an Adopting Organization’s activities.

The UCCMS may also apply when the Prohibited Behaviour occurs in any one or a combination of the following situations:

4.3.3 When the Participants involved interacted or were known to each other due to their mutual involvement in an Adopting Organization’s activities; or

4.3.4 Outside of an Adopting Organization’s environment where the Prohibited Behaviour has a serious and detrimental impact on another person or could undermine the integrity of sport or bring the Canadian sport system into disrepute.

The physical location(s) where the alleged Prohibited Behaviour occurred is not determinative.

4.4 Sport-Specific Considerations

The UCCMS acknowledges that sport-specific differences exist with respect to such aspects as acceptable levels of touch, physical contact, and aggression during training or competition. However, as the UCCMS does not address rules of the game, any relevant sport-specific differences will be considered during an investigative or disciplinary review process.

4.5 Amendments

The UCCMS may be amended from time to time by the Office of the Sport Integrity Commissioner and amendments shall be published on its website 6 months before such amendments must come into effect.
5 PROHIBITED BEHAVIOURS

5.1 Violations of the UCCMS

It is a violation of the UCCMS for a Participant to engage in the behaviours described in this Section. It may be that conduct constituting Prohibited Behaviour falls into more than one of the categories of this Section. It is the assessment of the conduct itself that is important, not into which category or categories it falls.

5.2 Psychological Maltreatment

5.2.1 Psychological Maltreatment includes, without limitation, verbal conduct, non-assaultive physical conduct, conduct that denies attention or support, and/or a person in authority’s pattern of deliberate non-contact behaviours that have the potential to cause harm. a) Verbal Conduct: without limitation, verbally assaulting or attacking someone, including in online forms; unwarranted personal criticisms; implied or expressed body shaming; derogatory comments related to one’s identity (e.g. race, gender identity or expression, ethnicity, Indigeneity, disability); comments that are demeaning, humiliating, belittling, intimidating, insulting or threatening; the use of rumours or false statements about someone to diminish that person’s reputation; using confidential sport and non-sport information inappropriately.

b) Non-assaultive physical conduct: physical behaviour, or the encouragement of physical behaviour, that has the potential to be harmful or instil fear, including, without limitation:

i) body-shaming, such as, without limitation, repeated and unnecessary weigh-ins, setting unreasonable weigh-in goals, inappropriately taking food away from athletes, prescribing inappropriately restrictive diets, inappropriately focusing on the physical appearance of a person’s body, unnecessary or inappropriate emphasis on biometric data; and

ii) forms of physically aggressive behaviours such as, without limitation, throwing objects at or in the presence of others without striking another; damaging another’s personal belongings; hitting, striking or punching objects in the presence of others.

c) Conduct that causes denial of attention or support: without limitation, forms of lack of support or isolation such as ignoring psychological needs or socially isolating a person repeatedly or for an extended period of time; abandonment of an athlete as punishment for poor performance; arbitrarily or unreasonably denying feedback, training opportunities, support or attention for extended periods of time and/or asking others to do the same.

d) A person in authority’s pattern of deliberate non-contact behaviours that has the objective potential to be harmful.

5.2.2 Psychological Maltreatment is determined by the behaviour viewed objectively, not whether harm is intended or results from the behaviour.
5.3 Physical Maltreatment

5.3.1 Physical Maltreatment includes contact or non-contact infliction of physical harm. a) Contact behaviours: without limitation, deliberately punching, kicking, beating, biting, striking, strangling or slapping another; deliberately hitting another with objects; providing a massage or other purported therapeutic or medical interventions with no specific training or expertise.

b) Non-contact behaviours: without limitation, isolating a person in a confined space; forcing a person to assume a painful stance or position for no athletic purpose (e.g., requiring an athlete to kneel on a hard surface); the use of exercise for the purposes of punishment; withholding, recommending against, or denying adequate hydration, nutrition, medical attention or sleep; denying access to a toilet; providing alcohol to a Participant who is under the legal drinking age; providing illegal drugs or non-prescribed medications to a Participant; encouraging or permitting an athlete under their authority to return to play following any injury, including after a concussion, when they knew or ought to have known that the return is premature, or without the clearance of a medical professional where reasonably required; encouraging an athlete to perform a potentially dangerous skill for which the Participant knows or ought to know that the athlete is not developmentally ready.

5.3.2 Physical Maltreatment is determined by the behaviour viewed objectively, not whether harm is intended or results from the behaviour.

5.4 Neglect

5.4.1 Neglect refers to the omission of adequate care and attention and is evaluated with consideration given to the Participant’s needs and requirements. Examples of Neglect include without limitation: not allowing an athlete adequate recovery time and/or treatment for a sport injury; disregarding and/or not considering a person’s physical or intellectual disability; not ensuring appropriate supervision of an athlete during travel, training or competition; not considering the welfare of the athlete when prescribing dieting or other weight control methods (e.g., weigh-ins, caliper tests); disregarding the use of performance-enhancing drugs by an athlete; failure to ensure safety of equipment or environment; allowing an athlete to disregard sport’s rules, regulations, and standards.

5.4.2 Neglect is determined by the behaviour viewed objectively, not whether harm is intended or results from the behaviour.

5.5 Sexual Maltreatment

5.5.1 Sexual Maltreatment includes, but is not limited to, a) any non-consensual touching of a sexual nature and/or the Criminal Code offence of sexual assault; b) forcing or coercing a person into sexual acts; c) participating in or performing acts on a person that violate their sexual integrity; d) Criminal Code offences that do not involve actual physical contact or that can occur through electronic means such as indecent exposure, voyeurism, non-
Consensual distribution of sexual/intimate images, luring and agreement or arrangement to commit a sexual offence;

e) Sexual harassment, which is defined as any series of or serious comment(s) or conduct of a sexual nature that is unwelcome and that would be objectively perceived to be unwelcome, and which broadly includes jokes, remarks or gestures of a sexual or degrading nature, or distributing, displaying or promoting images or other material of a sexual or degrading nature, or any act targeting a person’s sexuality, gender identity or expression. It can also include stalking or harassment in person or by electronic means where the stalking or harassment is of a sexual nature.

5.5.2 Sexual Maltreatment can take place through any form or means of communication (e.g. online, social media, verbal, written, visual, hazing, or through a third party).

5.5.3 Sexual Maltreatment of a Minor is any Sexual Maltreatment against a Minor. It includes the items described in 5.5.1 above and also includes, but is not limited to, the Criminal Code offences that are specific to individuals who are not adults or to individuals under a particular age, such as sexual exploitation, sexual interference, and any offence related to exploitation of a Minor through prostitution. Sexual Maltreatment of a Minor is not limited to acts that involve physical contact but can include acts that can occur in person or via electronic means such as, but not limited to, invitation to sexual touching, making sexually explicit material available to a Minor, and acts that occur only online such as luring or agreement or arrangement to commit a sexual offence against a Minor. It also includes any offence related to child pornography as that term is defined in the law in Canada. For the sake of clarity, it shall not constitute a violation in and of itself for a Minor Participant to create, possess, make available or distribute images of themselves.

5.5.4 A Participant is presumed to know that a person is a Minor.

5.5.5 It is prohibited for a Participant to create, possess, make available or distribute images that sexualize or contain nudity of another person in the absence of Consent.

5.5.6 Where there is a Power Imbalance, sexual acts or communications (electronic or otherwise) between any Participant and another Participant are prohibited.

5.5.7 Examples of Sexual Maltreatment include, without limitation: a) Reprisal or a threat of reprisal for the rejection of a sexual solicitation or advance, where the reprisal is made or threatened by a Participant who has more power in the context of a relationship that involves a Power Imbalance, or if the person to whom the solicitation or advance is made is a Minor;

b) Pressuring a person to engage in sexual activity, including by making repeated advances that are known or ought to be known to be unwelcome;

c) Questions asked of a person about their sexual preferences, sexual history, sexual organs or sexual experiences, particularly when such questions are asked by a Participant who has more power in the context of a relationship that involves a Power Imbalance, or asked of a Minor or Vulnerable Participant;

d) Sexual attention when the person giving the attention reasonably knows or ought to know that the attention is unwanted or unwelcome or where the object of the attention is a Minor. Sexual attention includes but is not limited to comments about a person’s appearance, body or clothing that could be
objectively perceived by another person as being sexual in nature, practical jokes based on
sex, intimidating sexual remarks, propositions, invitations or familiarity.
e) Unwelcome remarks based on gender which are not of a sexual nature but which are
demeaning such as derogatory gender-based jokes or comments.

5.6 Grooming

5.6.1 Grooming is conduct that may precede other behaviours defined as Sexual Maltreatment, or is
carried out in conjunction with other forms of Sexual Maltreatment. Repeated Boundary
Transgressions by a Participant toward a Minor or Vulnerable Participant may also be deemed to
be Grooming, even in the absence of deliberate intention to facilitate a sexual relationship.

5.6.2 In assessing whether Grooming has occurred, the existence of a Power Imbalance should be taken
into account.

5.6.3 The Grooming process is often gradual and involves building trust and comfort with a person, and
sometimes also with the protective adults and peers around the person. It may begin with subtle
behaviours that may not appear to be inappropriate but that can serve to sexualize a relationship,
reduce sexual inhibitions, or normalize inappropriate behaviour. It may include the testing of
boundaries (e.g., seemingly accidental touching) that gradually escalates to Sexual Maltreatment
(e.g. sexualized touching). It is acknowledged that many victims/survivors of sexual abuse do not
recognize the Grooming process as it is happening, nor do they recognize that this process of
manipulation is part of the overall abuse process.

5.7 Boundary Transgressions

5.7.1 Identifying a Boundary Transgression is dependent on context, including the age of the persons
involved and the existence of a Power Imbalance. It may be the case that a particular act or
communication does not meet the threshold of any of the types of Maltreatment, but is an act or
communication that is nonetheless viewed as inappropriate in the circumstances. The assessment
of the behaviour should consider whether the behaviour would raise concern in the mind of a
reasonable observer, what objective appears to be guiding the interaction, and whose needs are
being met. Even if the act in question does not, on its own, objectively cause harm to another
person, a Boundary Transgression is nonetheless an act that should be corrected in order to
ensure the safety and security of all members involved in sport, recognizing that Boundary
Transgressions are often part of the Grooming process.

5.7.2 Recognizing that there may be a need to be flexible in the way in which such Boundary
Transgressions are addressed, a Boundary Transgression may trigger review of the circumstances
and potentially be resolved informally, or a formal conduct review may be initiated.

5.7.3 Consequences can range from formal disciplinary action to simply recording the circumstances and
its resolution and retaining it in the record of the Participant in the event future Boundary
Transgressions occur. A repeated Boundary Transgression after a consequence should be treated
seriously.
5.7.4 The concept of Boundary Transgressions is intended to be broad in scope. By way of example and not limitation, a Boundary Transgression may be a circumstance where: a) one person uses contact information available to the person for the purpose of sport, to make contact with a person for a purpose that is not related to sport; b) a Participant uses or attempts to use a line of communication with another person that is not within the typical communication channels; c) communicating privately with a Minor through social media or text; d) a Participant inappropriately shares personal photographs; e) a Participant arranges for or engages in inappropriate sharing of locker rooms; f) one-on-one meetings that are not held in an open and observable environment; g) there is inappropriate private travel or transportation; and h) providing personal gifts.

5.8 Discrimination
5.8.1 Discrimination can include overt or subtle forms of harm that uniquely define the adverse or inequitable experiences of marginalized persons.
5.8.2 The following are examples of Discrimination if they are based on one or more of the grounds of Discrimination within the definition: a) Denying someone access to services, benefits, or opportunities; b) Treating a person unfairly; c) Communicating hate messages or unwelcome remarks or jokes; d) The perpetuation of misogynistic, racist, ableist, homophobic, or transphobic attitudes and stereotypes.

5.8.3 Discrimination does not require an intention to cause harm.

5.9 Subjecting a Participant to the Risk of Maltreatment
5.9.1 Sport administrators or other sport decision-makers in positions of authority who place Participants in situations that they know or ought to have known make the Participant vulnerable to Maltreatment are subjecting a Participant to the risk of Maltreatment.
5.9.2 Subjecting a Participant to the risk of Maltreatment includes, without limitation: instructing an athlete and coach to share a hotel room when traveling, knowingly hiring a Participant who has a past history of Prohibited Behaviour and who is under a sanction of temporary or permanent ineligibility pursuant to a UCCMS enforcement process, assigning guides and other support staff to a para-athlete when the guide or support staff has a past history of Prohibited Behaviour and is under a sanction of temporary or permanent ineligibility pursuant to a UCCMS enforcement process, or assigning a guide or support staff to a para-athlete in the absence of consultation with the para-athlete.

5.10 Aiding and Abetting
5.10.1 Aiding and Abetting is any act or communication taken with the purpose of directly assisting, furthering, facilitating, promoting, or encouraging the commission of Maltreatment or other Prohibited Behaviour by or against a Participant.
5.10.2 Aiding and Abetting also includes, without limitation: knowingly allowing any person who is suspended or is otherwise ineligible to participate in an Adopting Organization's
activities; providing any coaching-related advice or service to an athlete who is suspended or is otherwise ineligible; and allowing any person to violate the terms of their suspension or any other sanctions imposed.

5.11 Failure to Report

5.11.1 Failure to Report possible Maltreatment or other Prohibited Behaviour: a) It is a violation for any adult Participant who knew or ought to have known of a Participant’s Prohibited Behaviour toward another person to fail to Report such conduct. For clarity, a Participant Participant Prohibited Behaviour not obligated to an instance of which they were personally subject.

b) Where information regarding a Participant’s Prohibited Behaviour toward another adult is made known to an adult Participant through an explicitly confidential Disclosure, the adult Participant shall not be required to Report the information obtained through that Disclosure. Nevertheless, if an adult Participant Participant Prohibited Behaviour Disclosure Report such conduct, knew or ought to have known of the ‘s for reasons other than the explicitly confidential, it remains a violation for them to fail to

c) The person making the Report does not need to determine whether a violation took place: instead, the responsibility lies in Reporting the objective behaviour. Early intervention is required to prevent escalation, hence the obligation on all adult Participants to Report.

d) The Reporting Obligation is ongoing and is not satisfied simply by making an initial Report. The Reporting Obligation includes Reporting, on a timely basis, any and all relevant information of which an adult Participant becomes aware.

e) It is a violation for any adult Participant to fail to fulfill any applicable legal Duty to Report.

5.12 Intentionally Reporting a False Allegation

5.12.1 It is a violation to Report a knowingly false allegation, or influence another to Report a knowingly false allegation, that a Participant engaged in Prohibited Behaviour. An allegation is false if the events Reported did not occur, and the person making the Report knows at the time of Reporting that the events did not occur.

5.12.2 A false allegation is different from an unsubstantiated allegation; an unsubstantiated allegation means there is insufficient supporting evidence to determine whether an allegation is true or false. Absent demonstrable bad faith, an unsubstantiated allegation alone is not a violation of the UCCMS.

5.13 Interference with or Manipulation of Process

5.13.1 It is a violation of the UCCMS for a Participant to directly or indirectly interfere with or manipulate an investigation or disciplinary review process by: a) knowingly destroying, falsifying, distorting, concealing, or misrepresenting information, with the intent to interfere with or influence the resolution process or the implementation of an outcome;
b) attempting to discourage or prevent a person’s proper participation in or use of the processes;

c) harassing or intimidating any person involved in the processes before, during, and/or following any proceedings;

d) failing to comply with any temporary or provisional measure or final sanction;

e) influencing or attempting to influence another person to interfere with or manipulate the process; or

f) distributing or otherwise publicizing materials a Participant gains access to during a UCCMS investigation or hearing, except as required by law or as expressly permitted.

5.13.2 All Participants are expected to act in good faith throughout any investigation or disciplinary review process, and the sole purpose of Section 5.13 is to provide a means to discipline those who do not. In recognition that a victim/survivor, of sexual abuse in particular, may conceal information out of embarrassment, shame or to protect the perpetrator, absent demonstrable bad faith, minimizing or concealing in such circumstances is not a UCCMS violation.

5.14 Retaliation

5.14.1 It is considered retaliation for a Participant to take an adverse action against any person for making a good faith Report of possible Prohibited Behaviour or for participating in any UCCMS enforcement process.

5.14.2 Retaliation includes threatening, intimidating, harassing, coercing, negatively interfering with sport participation, or any other conduct that would discourage a reasonable person from engaging or participating in an investigation or disciplinary review process related to behaviour prohibited by the UCCMS. Retaliation after the conclusion of these processes is also prohibited, even where there is a finding that no Prohibited Behaviour occurred. Retaliation does not include good-faith actions lawfully pursued in response to a Report of possible Prohibited Behaviour.

6 OTHER PROCEEDINGS AND RECOGNITION OF SANCTIONS

6.1 Facts Accepted by Courts or Professional Disciplinary Tribunals

6.1.1 Facts accepted by a criminal court, by a civil court or by a professional disciplinary tribunal of competent jurisdiction shall be admissible as evidence within the applicable UCCMS enforcement process, as allowable by applicable law.

6.2 Criminal Code Convictions

6.2.1 Automatic Sanctions

A Participant convicted of a Criminal Code Prohibited Behaviour shall be automatically sanctioned, subject to a right to challenge only the sanction. offence for conduct considered to be
6.2.2 Convictions Under Appeal

If the criminal conviction is under appeal, the Participant shall continue to serve the UCCMS sanction until such time as the conviction is overturned and is not subject to a further appeal, or the sanction is completed, whichever is earlier.

6.2.3 Convictions Successfully Overturned

If the criminal conviction is successfully overturned, UCCMS violations arising from the same situation may still be asserted and sanctions imposed against the Participant. In such cases, evidence of facts accepted by the criminal court shall be admissible within the applicable UCCMS enforcement process, as allowable by applicable law.

6.3 Findings from Other Proceedings

A Participant shall be deemed to have violated the UCCMS if found guilty of an offence or of misconduct considered to be Prohibited Behaviour by:

a) a foreign criminal court;

b) a professional disciplinary tribunal of competent jurisdiction; or

c) a sport organization’s disciplinary process or a specialized sports tribunal.

The Participant shall be automatically sanctioned, with consideration given to any sanctions imposed in such other proceeding, subject to a right to challenge:

a) the sanction; or

b) the deemed violation, based on a violation of procedural fairness and/or natural justice in the relied-upon proceeding.

7 RANGE OF POSSIBLE SANCTIONS

7.1 Temporary or Provisional Measures

Prior to the final resolution of an alleged violation of the UCCMS, temporary or provisional measures may be imposed in accordance with the Adopting Organization’s policies.

Temporary or provisional measures should be evaluated with consideration to and weighing of the following factors:

(i) the seriousness of the allegations and the facts and circumstances of the case;

(ii) the safety and well-being of Participants and the sport community;

(iii) potential risks and prejudice from action and inaction, with safety being paramount; and

(iv) the best interest of sport and those who participate in it, including the views of the person(s) directly impacted.
7.2 Types of Sanctions

Different incidents constituting a violation of the same part of the UCCMS may arise out of markedly different circumstances, including various case-specific aggravating and/or mitigating factors as described in Section 7.4. However, progressive discipline is not required as a single occurrence of Prohibited Behaviour can lead to a very significant sanction. Subject to Section 7.3, if Prohibited Behaviour is confirmed one or more of the following sanctions may be imposed:

7.2.1 Verbal or Written Apology

The requirement that a Participant issue a verbal, written or online apology to acknowledge the Prohibited Behaviour and its impact on others.

7.2.2 Verbal or Written Warning

A verbal reprimand or an official, written notice and formal admonition that a Participant has violated the UCCMS and that more severe sanctions will result should the Participant be involved in other violations.

7.2.3 Education

The requirement that a Participant undertake specified supplemental educational or similar remedial measures to address the Prohibited Behaviour.

7.2.4 Probation

A probationary period may include a loss of privileges or other conditions, restrictions, or requirements for a specified period of time. Any further violation of the UCCMS during the probationary period will result in additional disciplinary measures, likely including a period of suspension or permanent ineligibility.

7.2.5 Suspension

Suspension, either for a set time or until further notice, from participation, in any capacity, in any program, practice, activity, event, or competition organized or sanctioned by any Adopting Organization and/or its members. A suspended Participant may be eligible to return to sport but reinstatement may be subject to certain restrictions or contingent upon the Participant satisfying specific conditions noted at the time of suspension.

7.2.6 Eligibility Restrictions

Restrictions or prohibitions from some types of participation but allowing participation in other capacities under strict conditions.

7.2.7 Permanent Ineligibility
Permanent ineligibility to participate, in any sport, in any capacity, in any program, activity, event, or competition organized or sanctioned by any *Adopting Organization* and/or its members.
7.2.8 Other discretionary sanctions

Other sanctions for Prohibited Behaviour may be imposed, including, but not limited to, other loss of privileges, loss of right to attend or spectate sport events, no contact directives, a fine or a monetary payment to compensate for direct losses, or other restrictions or conditions as deemed necessary or appropriate.

7.3 Presumptive Sanctions

7.3.1 The following sanctions are presumed to be fair and appropriate for the listed Maltreatment, but the Respondent may rebut these presumptions:

a) Sexual Maltreatment involving a Minor shall carry a presumptive sanction of permanent ineligibility;

b) Sexual Maltreatment, Physical Maltreatment with contact, Grooming, and Prohibited Behaviour described in Sections 5.9 to 5.14 shall carry a presumptive sanction of either a period of suspension or eligibility restrictions;

c) While a Respondent has pending charges under the Criminal Code regarding allegations of a crime against a person, if justified by the seriousness of the offence, the presumptive sanction shall be a period of suspension until a final determination is made by the applicable UCCMS enforcement process. 7.3.2 Failure to comply with a previously imposed sanction will result in automatic suspension until such time as compliance occurs.

7.4 Sanctioning Considerations

Any sanction imposed against a Participant must be proportionate and reasonable, relative to the Maltreatment that has occurred. Factors relevant to determining appropriate sanctions for a Respondent include, without limitation:

a) The nature and duration of the Respondent’s relationship with the affected individuals, including whether there is a Power Imbalance or position of trust;

b) The Respondent’s prior history and any pattern of Prohibited Behaviour or other inappropriate conduct;

c) Any previous disciplinary findings regarding, or sanctions against, the Respondent;

d) Maltreatment of a Minor or of a Vulnerable Participant is to be considered an aggravating circumstance;

e) The ages of the persons involved, including when the Respondent is a Minor, whereby Maltreatment by a Minor of a child under the age of 12 or of a Vulnerable Participant is to be considered an aggravating circumstance;

f) Whether the Respondent poses an ongoing and/or potential threat to the safety of others;

g) The Respondent’s voluntary admission of the violation(s), acceptance of responsibility for the Prohibited Behaviour, and/or cooperation in the applicable UCCMS enforcement process;

h) Real or perceived impact of the incident on the affected individuals, sport organization or the sporting community;
i) Deterrent effect on future such conduct;
j) Potential impact on the public’s confidence in the integrity of the Canadian sport system;

k) Aggravating or mitigating circumstances specific to the Respondent being sanctioned (e.g. lack of appropriate knowledge or training regarding the requirements in the UCCMS; addiction; disability; illness; lack of remorse; intent to harm);

l) Whether, given the facts and circumstances that have been established, the Respondent’s continued participation in the sport community is appropriate;

m) Whether the Respondent was found to have committed of one or more previous UCCMS violation(s);

n) The desired outcomes of the person(s) directly impacted by the Prohibited Behaviour; and/or

o) Other mitigating and aggravating circumstances.

Any single factor, if severe enough, may be sufficient to justify the sanction(s) imposed. A combination of several factors may justify elevated or combined sanctions.

8 PUBLIC DISCLOSURE

8.1 In order to uphold the purpose and principles of the UCCMS, a searchable database or registry of Respondents whose eligibility to participate in sport has in some way been restricted shall be maintained and shall be publicly available, subject to applicable laws. The database or registry shall include sufficient information to provide context to the applicable sanction pursuant to the provisions contained in the UCCMS. Adopting Organizations are responsible to collaborate with one or more organizations maintaining such a registry.

8.2 Further details of the results of a UCCMS enforcement process, for example a summary or redacted decision or summary or redacted investigation report, may also be publicized in a manner consistent with the purpose and principles of the UCCMS, as well as applicable law.
APPENDIX I: DEFINITIONS

a) **Adopting Organization** « Organisme ayant adopté le CCUMS »: An organization that has adopted the current version of the UCCMS, as amended.

b) **Boundary Transgressions** « Transgressions des limites »: Interactions or communications that breach objectively reasonable boundaries of an individual and are inconsistent with duties/responsibilities of the Participant. See Section 5.7.

c) **Consent** « Consentement (consentir) »: The communicated voluntary agreement to engage in the activity in question, by a person who has the legal capacity to consent. Consent regarding sexual activity is assessed in accordance with the laws of Canada, including the Criminal Code.


e) **Disclosure** « Divulgation »: The sharing of information by a person regarding an incident or a pattern of Maltreatment experienced by that person, including a breach of reasonable boundaries. Disclosure does not constitute a formal Report.

f) **Discrimination** « Discrimination »: Behaviour, policies, and/or practices that contribute to differential, inequitable, adverse or otherwise inappropriate treatment of or impact on an individual or class of individuals based on one or more prohibited grounds, which include race, national or ethnic origin, colour, Indigeneity, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, pregnancy, marital status, family status, language, genetic characteristics or disability, and analogous grounds. Behaviour, policies, and/or practices specifically benefitting members of marginalized groups shall not be considered Discrimination. Discrimination does not include behaviour, policies and/or practices rationally connected to legitimate sport objectives with the honest and good faith belief that they are reasonably necessary to accomplish the relevant objectives, provided that accommodation of the needs of an individual or a class of individuals affected would impose undue hardship on the and/or that would have to accommodate those needs, considering health, safety, cost, and legitimate sport objectives. See Section 5.8.

g) **Grooming** « Conditionnement »: Deliberate conduct by a Participant comprised of one or several acts that, viewed objectively, either make it easier to engage in Sexual Maltreatment or reduce the chance that Sexual Maltreatment will be Reported. See Section 5.6.

h) **Legal Duty to Report** « Obligation légale de signaler »: The legal obligation to report potential abuse of a person under the age of protection in their province or territory of residence, in accordance with applicable provincial and territorial legislation.
i) **Maltreatment** « Maltraitance »: A volitional act and/or omission described in Sections 5.2-5.6 that results in harm or has the potential for physical or psychological harm.

j) **Minor** « Mineur »: For the purpose of the UCCMS, an individual who is under the age of 19 years old. It is at all times the responsibility of the adult Participant to know the age of a Minor.

k) **Neglect** « Négligence »: Any pattern or a single serious incident of lack of reasonable care, inattention to a Participant’s needs, nurturing or well-being, or omissions in care. See section 5.4.

l) **Participant** « Participant »: Any individual who is subject to the UCCMS. Participants could include, without limitation, athletes, coaches, officials, volunteers, administrators, directors, employees, trainers, parents/guardians, etc., according to the policies of the Adopting Organization.

m) **Physical Maltreatment** « Maltraitance physique »: Any pattern or a single serious incident of deliberate conduct, including contact behaviours and non-contact behaviours as outlined in Section 5.3, that has the potential to be harmful to a person’s physical or psychological well-being. See Section 5.3.

n) **Power Imbalance** « Déséquilibre de pouvoir »: A Power Imbalance is presumed to exist where a Participant has authority or control over another person, is in a position to confer, grant or deny a benefit or advancement to the person, or is responsible for the physical or psychological well-being of the person. Whether an actual Power Imbalance exists will be determined based on the totality of the circumstances, including the subjective view of the subordinate Participant. i. Once a coach-athlete relationship is established, a Power Imbalance is presumed to exist throughout the coach-athlete relationship, regardless of the age of the athlete.

ii. Where the coach-athlete relationship began while the athlete was a Minor, the Power Imbalance is presumed to continue even after the coach-athlete relationship terminates, until the athlete reaches 25 years of age.

iii. A Power Imbalance may exist, but is not presumed, where a sexual or romantic relationship existed between two adult Participants before the sport relationship commenced (e.g., a relationship between two spouses or life partners, or a sexual relationship between Consenting adults that preceded the sport relationship).

iv. A Power Imbalance is presumed to exist where the Participant and other person are in 1) an authority-based relationship in which one person has power over another by virtue of an ascribed position of authority, such as between high performance director and coach; employer and employee; technical official and athlete; 2) a dependency relationship in which the person in a position of lesser power is dependent upon the other person for a sense of security, safety, trust, and fulfillment of needs, conducive to intimate physical or psychological connections, such as between parent/guardian and child; teacher and student; person with a disability and attendant; coach and athlete; high performance director and athlete; sport science and medical support staff and athlete; billet or host family and athlete.

v. A presumption that Power Imbalance exists may be rebutted.

vi. A Power Imbalance may arise in a peer-to-peer relationship, including but not limited to teammate-teammate, athlete-athlete, coach-coach or official-official relationships.
vii. Power may be represented by seniority, age differential, ability, physical size, public profile, gender identity or expression, sexual orientation, ethno-racial identity, level of physical and intellectual disability, and their intersections, as some examples.

viii. Maltreatment occurs when this power is misused. Moreover, it is recognized that those from marginalized groups have experienced positions of lesser power.

o) **Prohibited Behaviour** « Comportement prohibé »: Any of the conduct described in Section 5, including but not limited to Maltreatment.

p) **Psychological Maltreatment** « Maltraitance psychologique »: Any pattern or a single serious incident of deliberate conduct that has the potential to be harmful to a person’s psychological well-being. See Section 5.2.

q) **Reporting (or Report)** « Signalement (signaler) »: The provision of information by a Participant or by any person to an independent authority designated by the Adopting Organization to receive Reports regarding Prohibited Behaviour. Reporting may occur through either: (i) the person who experienced the Prohibited Behaviour, or (ii) someone who witnessed the Prohibited Behaviour or otherwise knows or reasonably believes that Prohibited Behaviour or a risk of Prohibited Behaviour exists.

r) **Reporting Obligation** « Obligation de signaler »: The obligation to Report possible Prohibited Behaviour under the UCCMS. See Section 5.11.

s) **Respondent** « Intimé »: A Participant who is alleged to have engaged in one or more of the Prohibited Behaviours described herein.

t) **Sexual Maltreatment** « Maltraitance sexuelle »: Any pattern or a single incident, whether physical or psychological in nature, that is committed, threatened, or attempted, and that has the potential to be harmful to a person’s sexual integrity. See Section 5.5.

u) **Vulnerable Participant** « Participant vulnérable »: Persons at increased risk of Maltreatment and/or coercion, often due to age, gender, race, poverty, Indigeneity, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, disability, psychosocial or cognitive ability, and their intersections. Vulnerable Participants include persons who are not able to provide informed Consent.