



# Squeezing the best out of mobility data collaboration

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Sebastian Castellanos – [sebastian@numo.global](mailto:sebastian@numo.global)

# What is NUMO?

NUMO is **a global alliance** that channels **tech-based disruptions** in urban transport to create **joyful cities** where **sustainable & just** mobility is the **new normal**.

We are a non-profit organisation housed at:



WORLD  
RESOURCES  
INSTITUTE



# Join us!

## Shared Mobility Principles for Livable Cities

10 guiding principles produced by a working group of NGOs, endorsed by 157 cities, advisors, companies, and community advocates designed to guide urban decision-makers toward the best outcomes for all.



- 1 We plan our cities and their mobility together.
- 2 We prioritize people over vehicles.
- 3 We support the shared and efficient use of vehicles, lanes, curbs and land.
- 4 We engage with stakeholders.
- 5 We promote equity.
- 6 We lead the transition towards a zero-emission future and renewable energy.
- 7 We support fair user fees across all modes.
- 8 We aim for public benefits via open data.
- 9 We work towards integration and seamless connectivity.
- 10 We support that autonomous vehicles in dense urban areas should be operated only in shared fleets.



# In less than three years, micromobility services have been deployed in over 500 cities worldwide.



# Still, many questions remain regarding how these (and future) new modes can help or hinder city goals



**Equity**

Are these new modes improving equitable access to everyone?



**Safety**

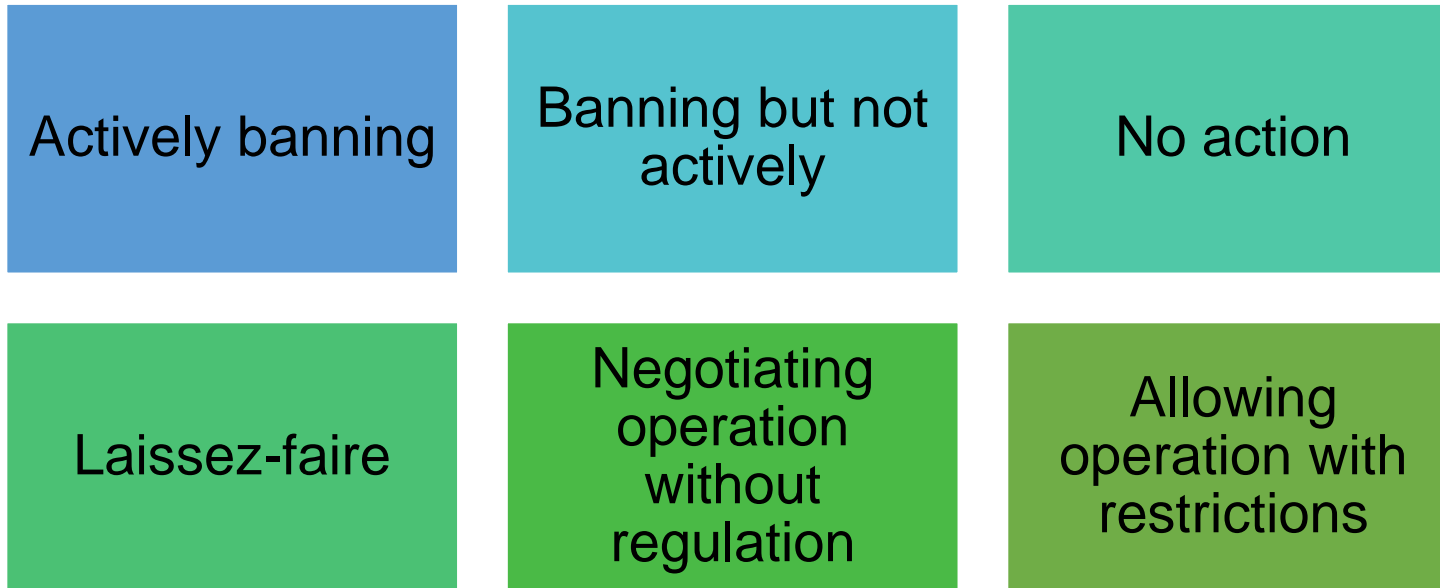
Are these new modes safe for residents, riders and pedestrians?



**Environment**

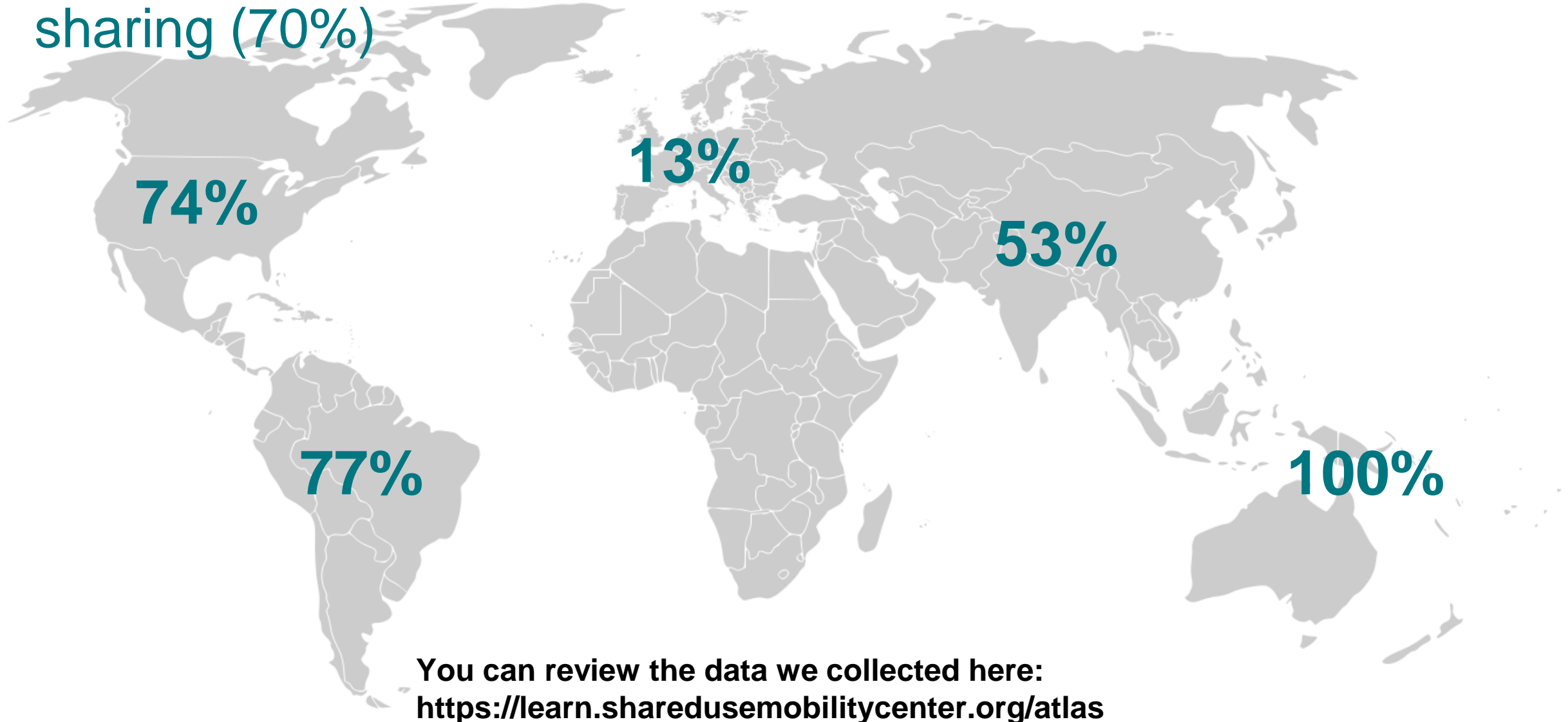
Are these new modes good or bad for the environment?

# The range of policy responses has been diverse, and sometimes contradictory



- All of these approaches have advantages and disadvantages.
- We looked at over 100 regulations worldwide to see if there was something we could learn.

Regardless of the way they are regulating, most cities analyzed have adopted some sort of requirement on data sharing (70%)



However, which data are useful, and which are not?  
Does it make sense for cities to just request everything?



# However, which data are useful, and which are not? Does it make sense for cities to just request everything?

## US cities are joining forces to figure out what the hell to do with all these scooters

*After being caught flat-footed, cities are pushing back against scooter companies*

By Andrew J. Hawkins | @andyjayhawk | Jun 25, 2019, 8:00am EDT

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## The ACLU is suing Los Angeles over its controversial scooter tracking system

*MDS, or Mobility Data Specification, is used by LADOT to track all of the city's electric scooters*

By Andrew J. Hawkins | @andyjayhawk | Jun 8, 2020, 5:28pm EDT

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# Cities are held to a higher standard, and therefore must juggle multiple considerations

## Expectation (e.g. privacy)

- Would citizens expect their government to have access to sensitive information? E.g. what would a car driver think?

## Capacity

- Do governments have the capacity to use all these data? Do governments have a clear understanding of how they will be using it?

## Legality

- Is there precedent for governments to have access to these data?

We worked with cities, micromobility companies, data brokers and other NGOs to identify how and what data is actually useful to cities



We defined *use cases* for micromobility data that connect policy goals with data needs.

What are cities trying to achieve?

Policy goals

While city goals around the world can be very diverse, the group identified 3 high level goals that encompass the most basic ones that cities are pursuing



### **Equity**

Access to Necessities for every community resident.



### **Safety**

Ensuring streets are safe for residents, riders and pedestrians.



### **Environment**

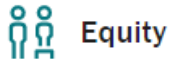
Putting the environmental impact of vehicles and services in the public purview.



# And for each high-level goal, we identified more specific objectives that apply to shared mobility services

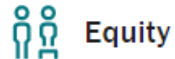
## Access to Necessities

Increase access, convenience and reliability to fundamental daily necessities that improve social mobility and quality of life, especially for underserved communities.



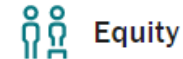
## Access to Platforms

Increase the ability for all users, especially in underserved communities, to get timely and accurate information, afford and easily access, and understand how to use micromobility services.

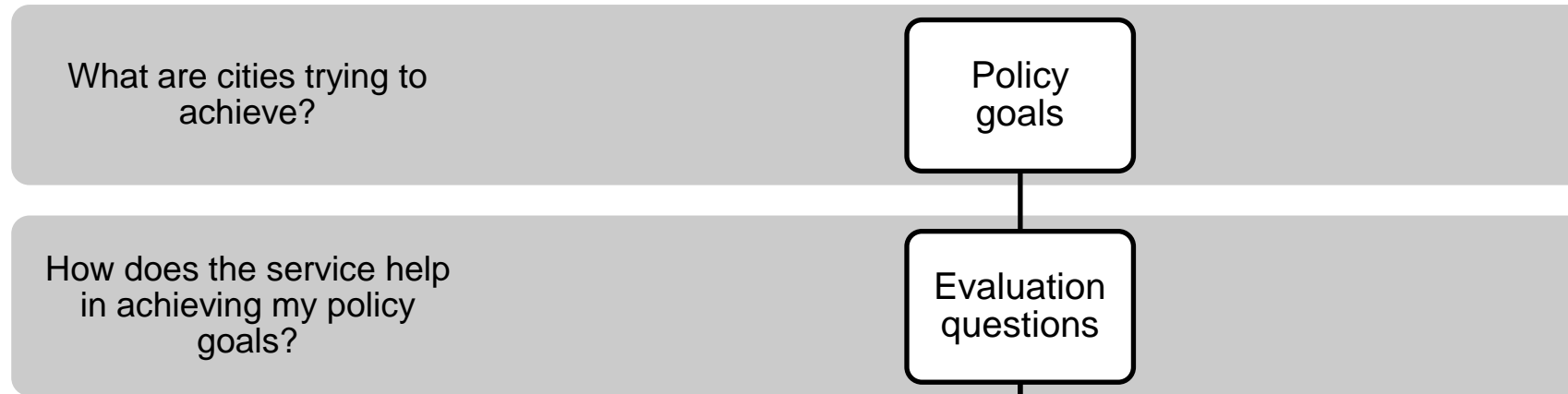


## Access to Vehicles

Anyone, anywhere can find and access an available micromobility vehicle within a x-minute walk.



For each goal, we then created a set of questions that can help cities get a better sense of how these services are helping or hindering their goals



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**O1**

Does this service increase access to necessities in the community?

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**O2**

Is this service being used to increase access to necessities in the community?

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**O3**

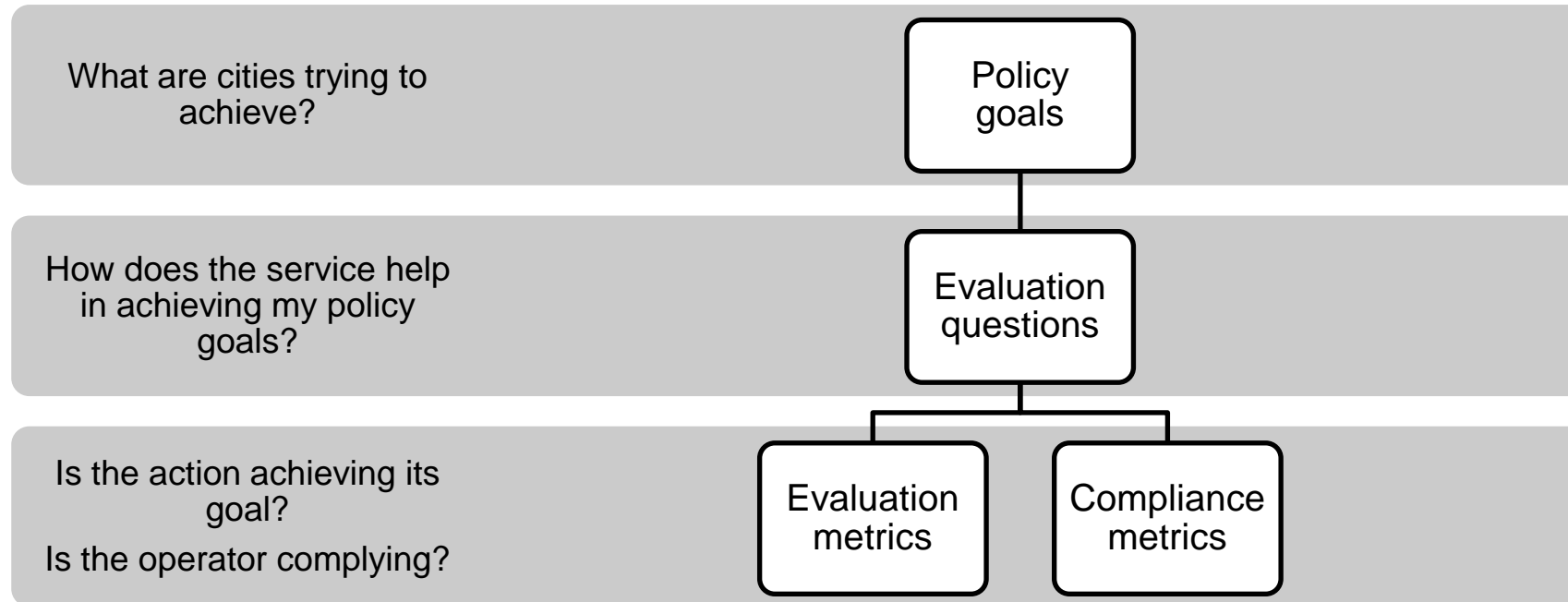
How is this service integrating into the transit network?

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**O4**

Are there more, new trips added in underserved neighborhoods?

# For each question, we then defined metrics to evaluate progress



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**O2**

Is this service being used to increase access to necessities in the community?

Evaluation Metrics ↗

Equity Metrics →

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## Evaluation Metrics

Trip use case survey answers

[View Data Required](#)

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Percentage of trips that start or end at education, healthcare, grocery store, and other community necessities

[View Data Required](#)

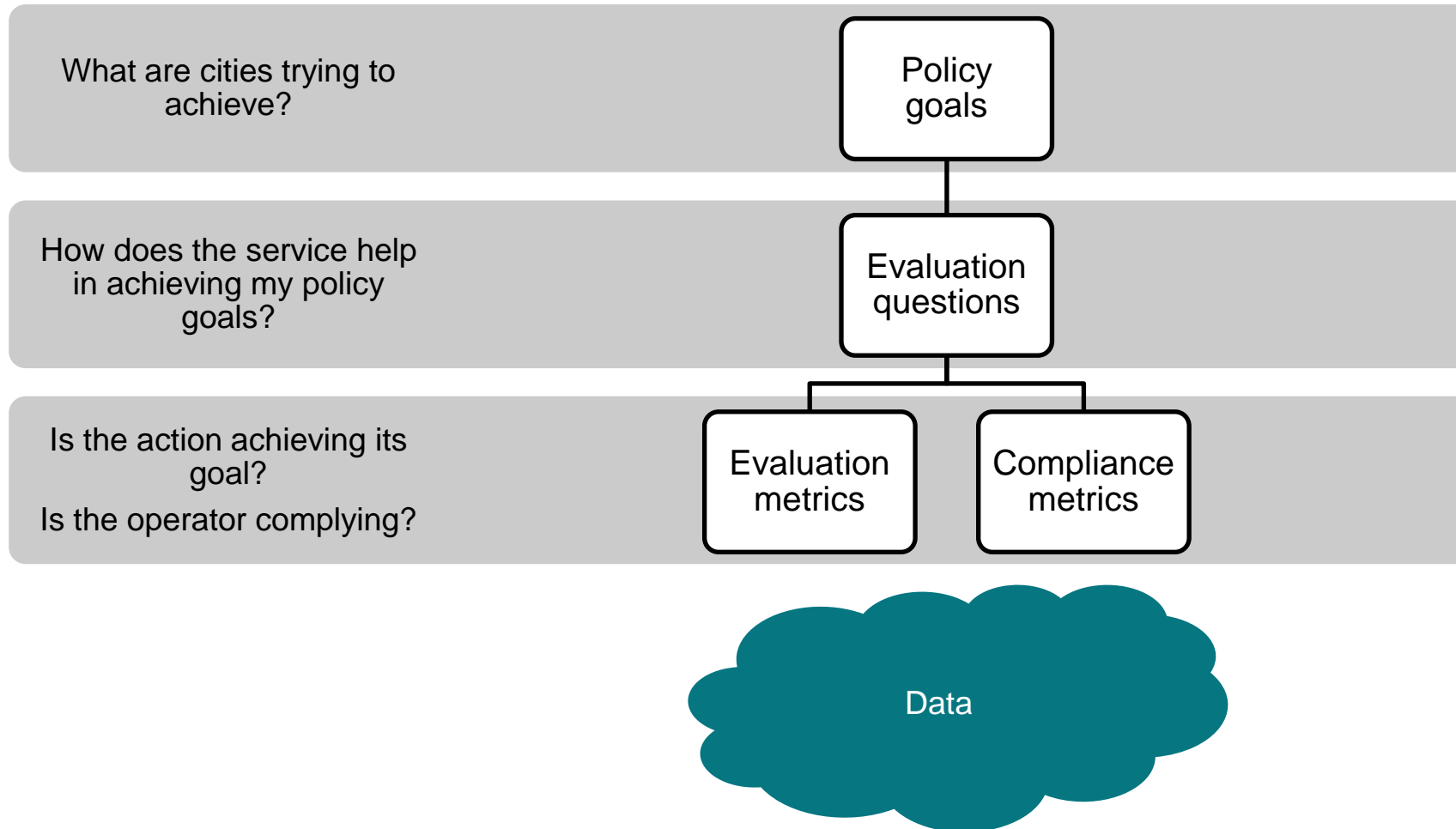
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Trips originating and terminating in underserved areas (total trips + trips per 10,000ppl)

[View Data Required](#)



# And finally, we identified the data sources required to evaluate each metric



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## “route” start

The start location of an individual trip.

**Source** Mobility Data Specification

## “route” end

The end location of an individual trip.

**Source** Mobility Data Specification

## Service area spatial file

A spatial file containing the geographic boundaries where companies may operate in a jurisdiction.

**Source** City Open Data

## Healthcare locations spatial file

A spatial file containing all the locations of healthcare facilities in a jurisdiction.

**Source** City Open Data

## Grocery stores locations spatial file

A spatial file containing all the locations of grocery stores in a jurisdiction.

**Source** City Open Data

## Government facilities locations spatial file

A spatial file containing all the locations of government institutions in a jurisdiction.

**Source** City Open Data

These use cases are meant to help cities that are currently creating new regulations for any new mobility service



**Bogotá**



**Detroit**

See all our use cases  
at:

<https://policydata.numo.global/>



Micromobility & Your City  
A Mobility Data Tool for Cities

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# Leveraging Data to Achieve Policy Outcomes.

[Explore Use Cases for Micromobility Data](#)







Thank you!

Join us in creating **joyful cities** where **sustainable**  
& **just** mobility is the **new normal**