

Literature Review in IEEE Format

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Introduction
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Conclusion
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Author last name and year

Solheim 2

Algorithmic Bias And Decision-Making In Automated Systems

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Automated decision-making systems increasingly shape outcomes in areas such as hiring, credit scoring, and risk assessment. Researchers examine how algorithmic bias emerges through training data, model design, and implementation context.

Studies show that biased datasets lead to unequal outcomes even when models follow neutral optimization rules [1]. Experimental evaluations demonstrate that skewed input data can amplify existing social patterns rather than correct them [2].

Other research focuses on mitigation strategies. Methods such as dataset auditing and model transparency reduce bias under controlled conditions, though results vary across domains [3]. These findings indicate that technical solutions must align with contextual oversight.

The literature identifies algorithmic bias as a structural challenge rather than a coding error. Ongoing research emphasizes accountability frameworks that combine technical design with policy-level safeguards.

Numbered
citations in
square brackets

References

References – numbered
in order of appearance

[1] S. Barocas and A. Selbst, “Big data’s disparate impact,” *California Law Review*, vol. 104, no. 3, pp. 671–732, 2016.

[2] J. Buolamwini and T. Gebru, “Gender shades,” *Proceedings of the Conference on Fairness, Accountability, and Transparency*, pp. 77–91, 2018.

[3] M. Mitchell et al., “Model cards for model reporting,” *Proceedings of the Conference on Fairness, Accountability, and Transparency*, pp. 220–229, 2019.