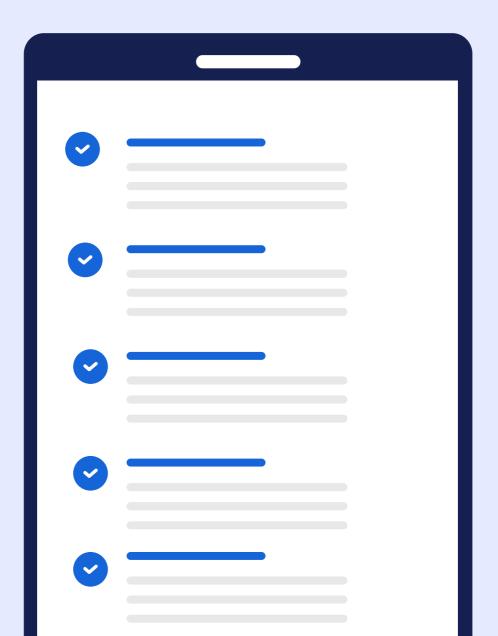


## Real Estate Accounting Definitions



## **Definitions**

**General Ledger:** A report showing all the transactions over time (revenue, expenses, bills, etc.)

**Ledger's Running Balance:** The current balance in any bank account, debit or credit card after every transaction.

**Opening balance:** The starting balance of an account on a specific date.

**Bank Reconciliation:** Matching your bank account transactions with your DoorLoop transactions.

**Undeposited Funds:** Payments received that were not added to your bank account balance yet.

Memo: Notes about a transaction or bill.

Operating Account: The main bank account for everything (income & expenses).

Escrow Account: A bank account where money is held, like security deposits.

Payee: The person who is being paid.

**Vendor:** Anyone that provides services, like a plumber.

Fixed asset account: All your properties that earn income.

Owner Distributions: Payments made to owners.

**Balance Sheet:** A report of your assets, liabilities, & equity at a certain point in time.

**Net Operating Income (NOI):** Your final profit and loss for a certain date range.

Profit & Loss Report: How much money you made or lost.

Rent Roll Report: All your rent that was paid or still owed.

## **Definitions**

Journal entry: An advanced way of adding financial transactions.

**Debit:** A debit increases an asset or expense and decreases liability or equity.

Credits on a Lease: Reduces the amount to be paid on a specific charge.

**Accounts Receivable (AR) Report:** Shows all money owed to you for unpaid rent, charges and anyone that overpaid.

Accounts Payable (AP) Report: Shows any bills that haven't been paid.

**Chart of Accounts:** The categories of your income, expenses, equity, assets, and liabilities.

- Assets: Shows all the value of a business like your cash, property, & money owed.
- Liabilities: Used for money you might owe back like security deposits.
- **Equity:** Keeps track of the owners contributions and shares.
- Revenue: Money earned from rent, management fees, etc..
- **Expenses:** Money lost from buying anything, paying bills like taxes, vendors, repairs, utilities, and any business costs.