ACCURX LIMITED

Carbon Reduction Plan

2025/26

Supplier name: Accurx Limited
Reporting period: 1 July 2025 – 30 June 2026 (25/26)
Baseline year: 23/24 (1 July 2023 – 30 June 2024)
Prepared in accordance with PPN 006

Publication date: 15 September 2026
Prepared by Furthr

Contents

Commitment to Achieving Net Zero

Accurx Limited is committed to achieving Net Zero emissions by 2040, ten years ahead of the 2050 date required by the UK Government's Procurement Policy Note PPN 006 and the associated Carbon Reduction Plan reporting standard.

The NHS is Accurx's sole market. The NHS has committed to net zero by 2040 for the emissions it controls directly and by 2045 for the emissions it influences, including the goods and services it buys. Non-medicine supply chain emissions account for more than 40% of the NHS carbon footprint, so supplier decarbonisation is central to the NHS meeting its own targets. Accurx's 2040 commitment is set deliberately to match the earlier of those two dates.

This is Accurx's fourth annual emissions measurement and its second Carbon Reduction Plan. Emissions have fallen in each of the last two reporting years, and the 25/26 footprint of 602.88 tCO_2e is 32.8% below the 23/24 baseline. Market-based emissions figures are reported throughout this document.

Reporting Entity and Organisational Boundary

The reporting entity for this Carbon Reduction Plan is Accurx Limited, the legal entity bidding for public-sector work. Accurx is a healthcare software company supplying communication and clinical workflow tools to the NHS, with approximately 265 full-time staff.

The organisational boundary has been defined using the operational control approach, consistent with the GHG Protocol Corporate Standard and ISO 14064-1:2018. All entities and operations over which Accurx has operational control are included. Accurx operates from a single site, Curtain Road HQ in London, with a substantial proportion of staff working on a hybrid or remote basis. The commitment and environmental management measures set out in this Plan apply to Accurx Limited and are capable of being applied when performing public-sector contracts.

Facilities within the boundary

Territory	Location	Address
London, United Kingdom	Curtain Road HQ	7 Curtain Road, London EC2A 3LT

Baseline Emissions Footprint

Baseline emissions are a record of the greenhouse gases produced before the introduction of strategies to reduce emissions, and are the reference point against which reductions are measured. The baseline year for this Plan is 23/24, covering 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024. Every reduction measure in this Plan is modelled as a percentage of its category's 23/24 baseline value, so that progress and targets are expressed consistently against a single reference point.

This represents a change from the previous Carbon Reduction Plan, which used calendar year 2022 as its baseline. Accurx has since moved its reporting period from the calendar year to a July to June financial year, and the 23/24, 24/25 and 25/26 inventories have been prepared on a consistent basis with comparable methodologies and factor datasets. Rebaselining onto 23/24 gives a like-for-like three-year series and is consistent with GHG Protocol guidance on recalculating a base year following a significant change in reporting boundary or methodology.

Baseline Year: 23/24 (1 July 2023 – 30 June 2024)

Emissions	Total (tCO_2e)	Notes
Scope 1	2.99	Fugitive refrigerant losses at the Curtain Road offices. See the note below on data completeness.
Scope 2 (market-based)	0.00	Purchased electricity supplied under a renewable electricity contract. Location-based equivalent: 45.46 tCO_2e.
Scope 3	894.66	Purchased goods and services, capital goods, upstream transport, waste, business travel and employee commuting including homeworking.
Total	**897.65**	

Note on Scope 1 data completeness. The 23/24 Scope 1 figure of 2.99 tCO_2e reflects incomplete refrigerant data for the office cooling systems. Data collection improved in 24/25, giving 9.22 tCO_2e with no change in underlying activity, and the same figure carries into 25/26. The baseline Scope 1 figure is therefore understated. Because Scope 1 represents 1.5% of the current footprint, this does not materially affect the total, but the reduction targets in this Plan are set on total absolute emissions rather than split by scope so that they do not rest on a known-incomplete number.

Baseline emissions by category (23/24, market-based)

GHG category	Emissions (tCO_2e)	Included in CRP	Details
1.4 Fugitive emissions	2.99	Yes	Refrigerant losses at the Curtain Road offices, on incomplete data.
2.1 Purchased electricity (market-based)	0.00	Yes	Renewable electricity contract. Location-based equivalent 45.46 tCO_2e.
3.1 Purchased goods and services	680.99	Yes	Procured goods and services across the value chain.
3.2 Capital goods	103.12	Yes	IT hardware and office fit-out.
3.3 Fuel- and energy-related activities	0.00	Yes	Nil under market-based accounting. Location-based equivalent 18.18 tCO_2e.
3.4 Upstream transportation and distribution	0.12	Yes	Courier services.
3.5 Waste generated in operations	0.40	Yes	Office waste.
3.6 Business travel	24.63	Yes	Air, rail, road travel and accommodation.
3.7 Employee commuting (incl. homeworking)	85.40	Yes	Commuting and homeworking energy use.

Current Year Emissions Reporting

In the 25/26 reporting year, covering 1 July 2025 to 30 June 2026, Accurx's total emissions were 602.88 tCO_2e on a market-based basis. This is a reduction of 16.3% against 24/25 and 32.8% against the 23/24 baseline. Scope 3 accounts for 98.5% of the total.

Reporting Year: 25/26 (1 July 2025 – 30 June 2026)

Emissions	Total (tCO_2e)	Notes
Scope 1	9.22	Fugitive refrigerant losses at the Curtain Road offices, unchanged from 24/25.
Scope 2 (market-based)	0.00	Renewable electricity contract maintained. Location-based equivalent: 26.51 tCO_2e.
Scope 3	593.66	98.5% of the footprint, concentrated in purchased goods and services.
Total	**602.88**	

Emissions by category (25/26, market-based)

GHG category	Emissions (tCO_2e)	Included in CRP	Details
1.4 Fugitive emissions	9.22	Yes	Refrigerant top-ups in office cooling systems, with the quantity replaced treated as leakage.
2.1 Purchased electricity (market-based)	0.00	Yes	Curtain Road HQ electricity under a renewable contract. Reported as 26.51 tCO_2e on a location basis.
3.1 Purchased goods and services	452.70	Yes	Professional services, technology and software, cloud hosting, employee expenses, catering, messaging and water. The largest source at 75.1% of the footprint.
3.2 Capital goods	9.98	Yes	IT hardware, office machinery and furniture recorded in the capital assets register.
3.3 Fuel- and energy-related activities	0.00	Yes	Nil under market-based accounting, following the treatment of purchased electricity. Reported as 10.60 tCO_2e on a location basis.
3.4 Upstream transportation and distribution	0.77	Yes	Courier and logistics services supporting day to day operations.
3.5 Waste generated in operations	0.33	Yes	Office and catering waste, with primary data confirming full diversion from landfill for kitchen waste.
3.6 Business travel	45.98	Yes	Accommodation and subsistence, air, rail and road travel.
3.7 Employee commuting (incl. homeworking)	83.90	Yes	Commuting journeys and homeworking energy, extrapolated from a survey covering 137 of 265 staff.
Other Scope 3 categories	0.00	No	Assessed and determined not relevant (see relevance assessment).

Accurx reports eight Scope 3 categories against a PPN 006 minimum subset of five. Categories assessed as not relevant are individually addressed in the relevance assessment later in this Plan.

Scope 2 dual reporting

Scope 2 emissions are reported on both a market-based and a location-based basis, as required by the GHG Protocol Scope 2 Guidance. In 25/26 the market-based figure was 0.00 tCO_2e and the location-based figure was 26.51 tCO_2e. The difference reflects the renewable electricity contract in place at Curtain Road HQ, which has held market-based Scope 2 at nil in every reporting year. The location-based figure fell by 44.9% over the three years, from 45.46 tCO_2e in 23/24, following lower office electricity consumption.

Line	23/24	24/25	25/26
Purchased electricity (location-based)	45.46	48.13	26.51
Fuel- and energy-related activities (location-based)	18.18	19.25	10.60
Total (location-based)	961.29	788.66	639.99
Total (market-based)	**897.65**	**720.53**	**602.88**

Multi-year comparison, 23/24 to 25/26

GHG category	23/24	24/25	25/26	Change 24/25 to 25/26
1.4 Fugitive emissions	2.99	9.22	9.22	**0.0%**
2.1 Purchased electricity (market-based)	0.00	0.00	0.00	**n/a**
3.1 Purchased goods and services	680.99	516.93	452.70	**−12.4%**

GHG category	23/24	24/25	25/26	Change 24/25 to 25/26
3.2 Capital goods	103.12	13.58	9.98	−26.5%
3.3 Fuel- and energy-related activities	0.00	0.00	0.00	n/a
3.4 Upstream transportation and distribution	0.12	0.29	0.77	+165.5%
3.5 Waste generated in operations	0.40	0.48	0.33	−31.3%
3.6 Business travel	24.63	78.14	45.98	−41.2%
3.7 Employee commuting (incl. homeworking)	85.40	101.89	83.90	−17.7%
Total (market-based)	**897.65**	**720.53**	**602.88**	**−16.3%**

Understanding the year-on-year movement

Purchased goods and services. The largest single contributor to the reduction, down 12.4% on 24/25 and 33.5% on the baseline. This reflects both lower procurement in some categories and a more granular treatment of the purchase ledger, with emission factors now selected to match the nature of each supplier rather than applying a single blended rate across the ledger.

Capital goods. Down 26.5% on 24/25 and 90.3% on the baseline, following the completion of the office fit-out and hardware purchases that fell in the baseline year. This category is now a small part of the footprint.

Business travel. Down 41.2% on 24/25 but still 86.7% above the 23/24 baseline, reflecting market development activity in Scotland and Wales. Returning this category to baseline levels is the first business travel measure in the reduction plan. All business travel is currently calculated on a spend basis, which limits the insight available into mode and class, and improving this is a stated data quality priority.

Employee commuting. Down 17.7% despite headcount growing from 221.4 to 265 full-time equivalents. The commuting and homeworking survey response rate improved from 40% to 51.7%, giving a broader and more representative sample which captured a higher share of journeys by public transport, walking and cycling.

Upstream transportation and distribution. The 165.5% increase arises from a very small base and from wider capture of courier data. At 0.77 tCO_2e this category represents 0.1% of the footprint.

Emissions intensity

Intensity metrics distinguish change driven by organisational growth from change driven by more emissions-intensive activity. Accurx publishes headcount alongside its total, which none of the six benchmarked NHS supplier plans currently does.

Metric	23/24	24/25	25/26
Absolute emissions (tCO_2e, market-based)	897.65	720.53	602.88
Average FTE	not recorded	221.4	265
tCO_2e per FTE	not derivable	3.25	2.28

Emissions per full-time equivalent fell 30.1%, from 3.25 to 2.28 tCO_2e, while headcount grew 19.7%. Both the absolute and the intensity measures moved in the right direction, so the reduction is not a function of a smaller organisation. Average FTE was not recorded for 23/24, so intensity cannot be derived for the baseline year.

Emissions Hotspots

Three categories account for 96.6% of Accurx's 25/26 footprint. These are where reduction effort will have the greatest effect and where the initiatives in this Plan are concentrated.

Hotspot	25/26 (tCO_2e)	Detail
Purchased goods and services (3.1)	452.70	75.1% of the footprint. The main purchase ledger accounts for 382.66 tCO_2e, of which professional and business services is 159.92 and technology, software and IT is 129.35. Cloud hosting adds 26.80 and employee expenses 23.98.
Employee commuting and homeworking (3.7)	83.90	13.9% of the footprint. Commuting journeys account for 45.70 tCO_2e, of which the London Underground is 37.89, and homeworking energy accounts for 38.20 tCO_2e, of which gas heating is 24.75.
Business travel (3.6)	45.98	7.6% of the footprint. Accommodation and subsistence is 18.58 tCO_2e, air travel 16.54, rail 5.55 and road and taxi 5.31.
Capital goods (3.2)	9.98	1.7% of the footprint, covering IT hardware, office machinery and furniture.
Fugitive emissions (1.4)	9.22	1.5% of the footprint and the whole of Scope 1, arising from refrigerant top-ups in office cooling systems.
Upstream transport and waste	1.10	0.2% of the footprint combined.
Total	**602.88**	

The shape of the footprint reflects an operating model built on specialist services and cloud-based software rather than physical goods. Professional and business services together with technology, software and IT account for three quarters of main purchase ledger emissions. This concentration means supplier engagement, rather than operational change on a single site, is the principal decarbonisation lever available to Accurx.

Artificial intelligence and product emissions

Accurx launched Accurx Scribe in 2025, its first product using artificial intelligence, and expects to increase its use of clinically safe and secure AI. Emissions from AI and data platform partners are brought into the inventory as directly reported supplier figures rather than estimated from spend. Tandem Health, the ambient voice technology subprocessor, reported 2.24 tCO_2e attributable to Accurx in 25/26, which is 0.5% of purchased goods and services and 0.4% of the total footprint. Microsoft Azure accounts for a further 26.80 tCO_2e. Product-level footprinting completed for Accurx Scribe found that an AI supported consultation carries 94.8% lower emissions than the business-as-usual route in primary care, and 88.8% lower in secondary care, because the documentation, printing and postage it displaces outweigh the AI inference by a wide margin.

Emissions Reduction Targets

Accurx is committed to achieving Net Zero emissions by 2040. To progress towards that goal, this Plan sets a near-term target for 2030. Both targets are expressed as absolute reductions against the 23/24 baseline, and every reduction measure is modelled against the same baseline so that delivery can be tracked directly against them.

Target year	Reduction	Basis and key measures
2030	−45% vs 23/24	Near-term target of 493.71 tCO_2e. More demanding than the published interim targets of the health-tech and public-sector software suppliers Accurx is benchmarked against, and met in full by the dated measures in this Plan.

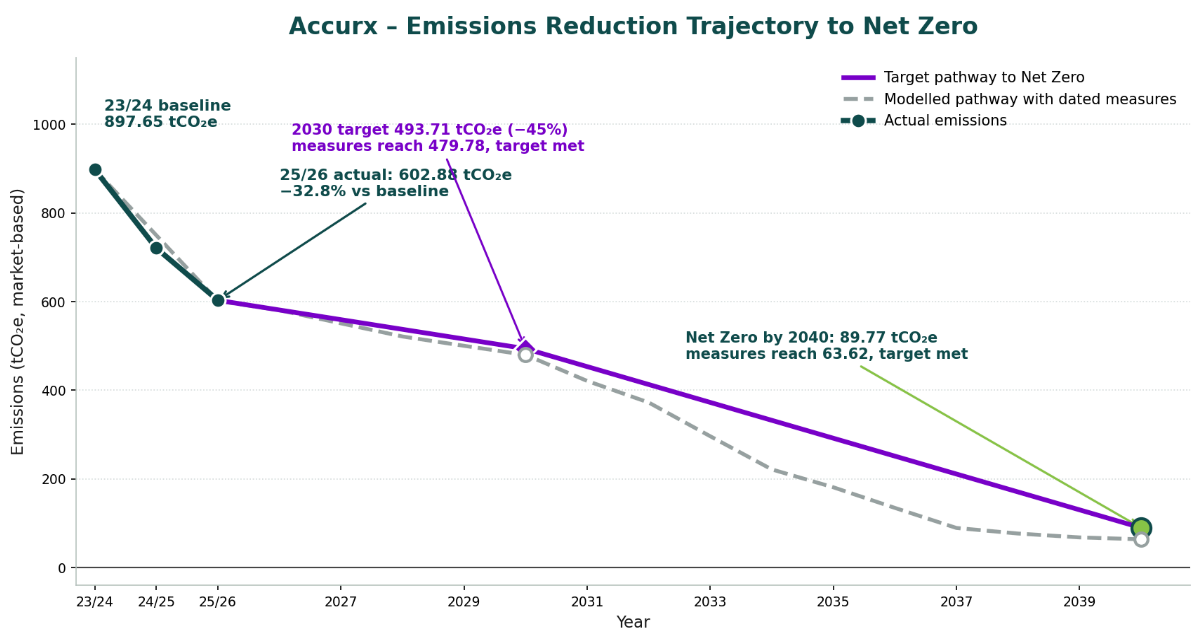
Target year	Reduction	Basis and key measures
2040	−90% vs 23/24 (Net Zero)	A 90% absolute reduction to 89.77 tCO_2e, with the residual neutralised through high-integrity, permanent carbon removals. The 2040 date aligns with the NHS commitment to net zero for the emissions it controls directly.

Accurx has already delivered 32.8% of the 45% reduction required by 2030. Reaching the target from the 25/26 position requires a further 18.1% reduction over the next five years.

Projected trajectory to Net Zero

The graph below shows actual emissions for 23/24 to 25/26 alongside the target pathway to 2030 and Net Zero in 2040. It also shows the pathway delivered by the reduction measures in this Plan, each phased across its own delivery window.

The measures reach 479.78 tCO_2e by 2030, meeting the near-term target of 493.71 tCO_2e with 13.93 tCO_2e of headroom, and 63.62 tCO_2e by 2040, meeting the Net Zero target of 89.77 tCO_2e with 26.15 tCO_2e of headroom. The modelled pathway passes through 601.37 tCO_2e in 25/26 against an actual of 602.88 tCO_2e, so the model is calibrated to observed performance rather than fitted to the targets.



A supporting workbook (Accurx CRP Trajectory Workbook) accompanies this Plan and shows every value plotted above, with all formulas and the cells that link back to the underlying assumptions, including a year-by-year phasing grid for each measure.

Carbon Reduction Initiatives

The environmental management measures set out below have been completed, or are approved for implementation, and are capable of being applied by Accurx Limited when performing public-sector contracts.

Completed carbon reduction initiatives

The following measures and projects have already been completed or implemented by Accurx:

Activity	Completed	Scope(s)
Decommissioned natural gas heaters within the office facilities	2023	1

Activity	Completed	Scope(s)
Moved office electricity onto a renewable supply contract, holding market-based Scope 2 at nil in every year since	2023	2
Committed to annual greenhouse gas measurement to identify hotspots and improve input data integrity	2023	1, 2, 3
Created a cross-departmental ESG Working Group to lead environmental initiatives	2023	1, 2, 3
Committed to implementing an environmental management system	2024	1, 2, 3
Engaged IT hardware suppliers to reduce capital goods emissions	2024	3
Engaged an organic waste company to process kitchen waste, achieving full diversion from landfill	2024	3
Engaged tier 1 suppliers to report emissions from text message and email distribution	2024	3
Extended Scope 3 coverage to eight categories, against a PPN 006 minimum subset of five	2025	3
Completed product-level carbon footprinting for Accurx Scribe, ahead of the April 2028 NHS requirement	2026	3
Brought AI subprocessor and data platform emissions into the inventory as directly reported supplier figures	2026	3
Raised the commuting and homeworking survey response rate from 40% to 51.7%	2026	3

How the measures are modelled and phased

Every measure is expressed as a percentage of its GHG Protocol category's 23/24 baseline value, so that the contribution of each one can be read directly against the targets. Each measure has a delivery window running from a start year to a target year, and is assumed to deliver on a straight line across that window.

Windows are staggered by how difficult the measure is to implement and how much of the delivery sits within Accurx's control. Measures that depend only on Accurx's own decisions start immediately and complete by 2027 to 2029. Measures that depend on supplier commitments or sustained behaviour change fall in the early to mid 2030s. Measures that depend on national infrastructure, such as rail and Underground decarbonisation and the domestic heat pump rollout, complete between 2035 and 2040 because Accurx can influence but not determine them.

Period	Character of the measures	Reduction (tCO_2e)	Count
Delivered by 25/26	Reductions already banked against the baseline: purchase ledger granularity and supplier-specific factor selection, capital goods rationalisation after the office fit-out, and improved commuting survey resolution.	296.28	3 measures
2027 to 2029	Measures wholly within Accurx's control: waste, expenses policy, catering, recovery of business travel to baseline levels, refrigerant replacement, device circularity and public transport incentives.	73.84	7 measures
2030 to 2034	Measures requiring supplier action or sustained behaviour change: cloud region selection, travel and accommodation policy, messaging suppliers, homeworking tariffs and technology supplier decarbonisation.	230.67	9 measures
2035 to 2040	Measures dependent on third parties and national infrastructure: the long tail of professional services suppliers, bus, rail and Underground decarbonisation,	233.24	6 measures

Period	Character of the measures	Reduction (tCO_2e)	Count
	the remaining ledger sectors and domestic heat pump rollout.		
Total		**834.03**	**25 measures**

Near-term and long-term reduction initiatives

The measures below build on the initiatives set out in the previous Carbon Reduction Plan and model them against the 23/24 baseline, with a quantified contribution and delivery window for each. All values are reproduced with their formulas and year-by-year phasing in the accompanying workbook.

Cat.	Reduction measure	23/24 base	% of base	Reduction (tCO_2e)	Delivery window
3.1	Purchase ledger granularity and supplier-specific factor selection	680.99	29.7%	202.25	2023 to 2025
3.2	Capital goods rationalisation following completion of the office fit-out	103.12	89.7%	92.52	2023 to 2025
3.7	Improved commuting survey resolution and embedded hybrid working	85.40	1.8%	1.50	2023 to 2025
3.5	Waste reduction and continued diversion from landfill	0.40	85.0%	0.34	2025 to 2027
3.1	Employee expenses reduced through policy and spend controls	680.99	3.0%	20.43	2025 to 2027
3.1	Lower-carbon office catering and reduced food waste	680.99	1.5%	10.21	2025 to 2028
3.6	Return business travel to 23/24 levels after the market development peak	24.63	86.7%	21.35	2025 to 2028
1.4	Low-GWP refrigerant replacement eliminating the category	2.99	308.4%	9.22	2026 to 2028
3.2	Capital goods circularity and extended device life	103.12	5.3%	5.44	2026 to 2029
3.7	Public transport incentives and active travel	85.40	8.0%	6.83	2026 to 2029
3.4	Courier and logistics efficiency	0.12	80.0%	0.10	2027 to 2030
3.1	Cloud hosting shifted to renewable-powered regions	680.99	5.0%	34.05	2027 to 2031
3.6	Travel policy: virtual first, rail default for domestic trips	24.63	30.0%	7.39	2027 to 2031
3.1	Messaging and SMS suppliers decarbonise	680.99	1.0%	6.81	2028 to 2031
3.7	Homeworking electricity on renewable tariffs	85.40	20.0%	17.08	2028 to 2032
3.1	Temporary staff commuting shifted to low-carbon modes	680.99	1.0%	6.81	2029 to 2032
3.6	Lower-carbon accommodation through a strengthened booking policy	24.63	20.0%	4.93	2029 to 2033
3.1	Technology, software and IT suppliers decarbonise	680.99	22.0%	149.82	2030 to 2034
3.6	Road and taxi travel electrified	24.63	15.0%	3.69	2030 to 2034
3.7	Bus and rail commuting decarbonisation	85.40	12.0%	10.25	2031 to 2035

Cat.	Reduction measure	23/24 base	% of base	Reduction (tCO_2e)	Delivery window
3.6	Rail travel decarbonisation as the network electrifies	24.63	20.0%	4.93	2032 to 2036
3.1	Professional and business services suppliers decarbonise	680.99	24.0%	163.44	2032 to 2037
3.7	London Underground traction decarbonisation	85.40	18.0%	15.37	2034 to 2038
3.1	Remaining purchase ledger sectors via procurement policy	680.99	2.6%	17.71	2035 to 2039
3.7	Homeworking heating electrification	85.40	25.2%	21.55	2035 to 2040
	Total identified reduction			**834.03**	

Two categories show a reduction exceeding 100% of their 23/24 baseline value. Fugitive emissions are higher in 25/26 than in 23/24 because refrigerant data completeness improved, and business travel is higher because of market development activity. Measures for those categories must recover that growth before delivering a net reduction, so their percentages are calculated against the baseline value rather than the current one.

Delivery against the targets

Position	tCO_2e	Against target
23/24 baseline	897.65 tCO_2e	
Total identified reduction across all measures	834.03 tCO_2e	93.0% of the baseline
Residual after all measures	63.62 tCO_2e	to be neutralised
Modelled position at 2030	479.78 tCO_2e	target 493.71, met with 13.93 headroom
Modelled position at 2040	**63.62 tCO_2e**	**target 89.77, met with 26.15 headroom**

The measures identified in this Plan deliver a 93.0% reduction against the 23/24 baseline, meeting the 2030 near-term target and the 2040 Net Zero target in full, with the residual 63.62 tCO_2e neutralised through high-integrity carbon removals. Progress against each dated measure will be reviewed annually, and this Plan will be updated accordingly.

Enabling actions

The measures above depend on a set of enabling actions, each dated to sit ahead of the reductions it unlocks.

- **Business travel data quality.** Move business travel from spend-based estimation to activity data by capturing mode, class and distance at the point of booking, so that the travel hierarchy can be monitored and enforced. Owner: Finance. Target: 2027, ahead of the 2028 travel measures.
- **Travel hierarchy and rail substitution.** Issue a travel policy requiring virtual meetings to be considered first and rail to be the default for domestic journeys, including travel between London and Scotland and between London and Wales. Owner: Governance, Risk and Compliance. Target: 2027, delivering in full through 2031.
- **Supplier engagement programme.** Survey the largest suppliers by emissions, beginning with professional services and technology, software and IT, which together account for three quarters of main purchase ledger emissions. Obtain supplier-specific data and reduction commitments in place of spend

proxies. Owner: Governance, Risk and Compliance. Target: 2027, ahead of the 2034 and 2037 supplier measures.

- **Sustainable procurement policy.** Require emissions measurement and reduction credentials in supplier selection and contract renewal, and guide spend towards preferred suppliers that meet those requirements. Support suppliers that are not yet able to meet them to develop a plan. Owner: Procurement. Target: 2028.
- **Product-level carbon footprinting.** Extend the footprinting approach demonstrated for Accurx Scribe across the wider product set, ahead of the April 2028 NHS requirement, and formalise the customer-facing tool that lets NHS organisations report their own use of Accurx products. Owner: Product, with Sustainability. Target: 2028.
- **Environmental management system.** Complete implementation of an environmental management system certified to ISO 14001 to support the monitoring and continuous improvement of these measures. Owner: Governance, Risk and Compliance. Target: 2028.
- **Cloud and AI efficiency.** Select renewable-powered cloud regions, review model and infrastructure choices for efficiency, and assess the emissions impact of new AI features before launch alongside cost and performance. Owner: Engineering. Target: 2031, in line with the cloud hosting measure.
- **Commuting and homeworking support.** Provide incentives for public transport use, continue cycle to work and electric vehicle schemes, and give staff guidance and support on moving to renewable home energy tariffs and away from gas heating. Owner: People. Target: 2032 for the tariff measure, with heating support continuing to 2040.
- **Reduce spend-based measurement.** Lower the share of the footprint calculated from spend below the current 74.7% by moving the largest suppliers onto direct disclosure, activity data or product carbon footprints. This makes genuine supplier decarbonisation visible in the numbers and stops price inflation reading as emissions growth. Owner: Sustainability, with Furthr. Target: ongoing, reviewed annually.
- **Carbon literacy training.** Continue carbon literacy and reduction training so that objectives, targets and responsibilities are understood across the organisation, supported by the ESG Working Group. Owner: Governance, Risk and Compliance. Target: ongoing.
- **Net Zero implementation plan.** Develop the wider Net Zero implementation plan that governs delivery of the long-dated measures and sets out how the residual 63.62 tCO_2e will be neutralised through high-integrity, permanent carbon removals. Owner: Governance, Risk and Compliance. Target: 2030.

The environmental management measures identified in this Plan have been implemented or approved for implementation and are capable of being applied by Accurx Limited when performing public-sector contracts.

Carbon offsetting

While reduction measures take effect, Accurx offsets its full footprint using a mixture of reduction offsets, nature-based removals through reforestation and durable technology-based removals through biochar. Offsetting is additional to the reduction targets in this Plan and is not counted towards them. Consistent with the Science Based Targets initiative approach, the interim targets set out above are to be met through absolute emissions reductions alone.

NHS Net Zero Supplier Roadmap Alignment

The NHS Net Zero Supplier Roadmap, built on PPN 006, sets escalating requirements on suppliers through to 2030. Because the NHS is Accurx's sole market, these requirements are both a customer expectation and a condition of trading. The table below sets out each milestone and Accurx's current position.

From	Requirement	What it asks of suppliers	Position
April 2022	Net zero and social value weighting	A minimum 10% weighting for net zero and social value in NHS procurement evaluations.	**Met**
April 2024	Carbon Reduction Plan (PPN 006)	A published CRP covering UK Scope 1 and 2 and a defined subset of Scope 3, updated annually.	**Met**
Ongoing	Evergreen Sustainable Supplier Assessment	Self-assessment and disclosure of sustainability maturity and reduction progress.	**Met**
April 2027	Global Scope 1, 2 and 3 reporting and targets	Publicly report emissions and reduction targets covering all relevant global Scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions.	**Met**
April 2028	Product-level carbon footprinting	Quantified lifecycle emissions for individual products and services supplied to the NHS.	**Started**
January 2030	Net zero alignment as a condition of supply	Demonstrated alignment with the NHS net zero target.	**On track**

One item requires continued action to stay ahead of the roadmap: extending the product-level footprinting approach demonstrated for Accurx Scribe across the wider product set ahead of April 2028. Accurx publishes interim targets annually with this Plan, ahead of the April 2027 requirement to do so.

Scope 3 Relevance Assessment

The table below records the relevance of all fifteen GHG Protocol Scope 3 categories to Accurx's operations. Categories assessed as not relevant are shown with a reasoned explanation, consistent with the Carbon Reduction Plan reporting standard.

GHG category	25/26 (tCO_2e)	Included in CRP	Details
3.1 Purchased goods and services	452.70	Yes	Relevant and included. Accurx procures professional services, software, cloud hosting and messaging services to build and deliver its products. At 75.1% of the footprint this is by a wide margin the largest source and the principal focus of the reduction plan.
3.2 Capital goods	9.98	Yes	Relevant and included. Accurx purchases IT hardware, office machinery and furniture, all of which carry embodied manufacturing emissions.
3.3 Fuel- and energy-related activities	0.00	Yes	Relevant and included, reported as nil on a market basis. Well-to-tank and transmission losses follow the treatment of purchased electricity, which is supplied under a renewable contract. The location-based equivalent of 10.60 tCO_2e is disclosed.
3.4 Upstream transportation and distribution	0.77	Yes	Relevant and included. Courier and logistics services are procured by Accurx and sit within its value chain.
3.5 Waste generated in operations	0.33	Yes	Relevant and included. Office and catering waste is generated at Curtain Road HQ, with primary data confirming diversion from landfill for kitchen waste.
3.6 Business travel	45.98	Yes	Relevant and included. Staff travel across the UK to work with NHS customers, including to sites in Scotland and Wales, and stay in hotels.

GHG category	25/26 (tCO_2e)	Included in CRP	Details
3.7 Employee commuting	83.90	Yes	Relevant and included. Accurx operates a hybrid model, so both commuting journeys and homeworking energy are material. Reporting this category exceeds the PPN 006 minimum and is not done by two of the six benchmarked NHS supplier plans.
3.8 Upstream leased assets	0.00	No	Not relevant. Curtain Road HQ is within the operational control boundary and its energy is reported under Scopes 1 and 2 rather than as a leased asset.
3.9 Downstream transportation and distribution	0.00	No	Not relevant. Accurx delivers software and does not distribute physical products downstream.
3.10 Processing of sold products	0.00	No	Not relevant. Accurx does not sell intermediate products requiring further processing.
3.11 Use of sold products	0.00	No	Not relevant to the inventory. Customer-side energy use of Accurx software is not attributable under the operational control boundary. Product-level footprinting has nonetheless been completed for Accurx Scribe and is reported separately.
3.12 End-of-life treatment of sold products	0.00	No	Not relevant. Accurx products are delivered as software and require no end-of-life treatment.
3.13 Downstream leased assets	0.00	No	Not relevant. Accurx does not lease assets to third parties.
3.14 Franchises	0.00	No	Not relevant. Accurx is neither a franchisee nor a franchisor.
3.15 Investments	0.00	No	Not relevant. Accurx does not hold an investment portfolio.

Emission Factors and Data Quality

The emission factor datasets applied in this Carbon Reduction Plan are set out below. Activity-based factors and direct supplier disclosures are used in preference to spend-based factors wherever the underlying data allows.

Factor sources

Source	Applied to	Notes
DEFRA 2025	Fuels, refrigerants, travel, waste and commuting	UK Government greenhouse gas conversion factors, applied to activity data including refrigerants, commuting journeys, homeworking energy and waste.
AIB v2025	Electricity (European markets)	Association of Issuing Bodies residual mix and production mix factors, used for market-based and location-based electricity reporting.
IEA v2025.01	Electricity (international markets)	International Energy Agency national grid factors where AIB coverage does not apply.
EPA v2025	Electricity and fuels (United States)	United States Environmental Protection Agency factors, applied where relevant to supplier operations.
Exiobase 3.8.2	Purchased goods and services, capital goods, business travel	Multi-regional environmentally extended input-output factors, applied to procurement and expense spend.
Direct disclosures and product LCA	Cloud, AI and data platform suppliers	Supplier-reported emissions used in preference to spend estimates, including Microsoft Azure, Tandem Health, Snowflake and Rudderstack.

Emissions are reported in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent (tCO_2e) and include the seven Kyoto Protocol greenhouse gases where relevant to the activity. Calculations are compliant with ISO 14064-1:2018, aligned with the GHG Protocol Corporate Standard, and consistent with the accounting principles in the IPCC 2019 Refinement to the 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories.

Data quality profile

The table below shows how 25/26 emissions were calculated. Spend-based factors still cover 74.7% of the footprint, which means most of it currently moves with cost rather than with carbon. A supplier who halves their emissions and one who raises prices without changing anything look the same in a spend-based inventory. Raising the share derived from activity data, direct disclosure and product carbon footprints is therefore a stated objective of the supplier engagement plan.

Data quality	% of emissions	Description
Spend-based estimate	74.7%	Emissions derived from procurement and expense spend using Exiobase factors.
Activity estimates	14.5%	Emissions derived from modelled activity, such as waste and water estimated from office attendance.
Direct disclosure	7.6%	Emissions reported directly by suppliers, including the cloud and AI platforms.
Revenue intensity	1.6%	Emissions derived from supplier revenue intensity metrics.
Activity data	1.2%	Emissions derived from primary activity data.
Product carbon footprint	0.4%	Emissions derived from supplier product carbon footprints.

Declaration and Sign-Off

This Carbon Reduction Plan has been completed in accordance with PPN 006 and associated guidance and reporting standards for Carbon Reduction Plans.

Emissions have been reported and recorded in accordance with the published reporting standard for Carbon Reduction Plans and the GHG Reporting Protocol corporate standard, and use the appropriate Government emission conversion factors for greenhouse gas company reporting.

Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions have been reported in accordance with SECR requirements, and the required subset of Scope 3 emissions have been reported in accordance with the published reporting standard for Carbon Reduction Plans and the Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Standard.

This Carbon Reduction Plan is published on Accurx's UK website, with a prominent link from the homepage, and is available at https://www.accurx.com/carbon-reduction-plan. The Plan is reviewed and updated annually, within six months of the end of each financial year.

This Carbon Reduction Plan was approved by the Board of Directors of Accurx Limited on 21st September 2026.

Signed on behalf of Accurx Limited:

J Haddad

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Name: Jacob Haddad

Title: Founder and CEO

Date signed: 22nd September 2026

Signed on behalf of Furthr Ltd:

Henry Bishop, Director

Date signed: 15 September 2026

References: GHG Protocol Corporate Standard (ghgprotocol.org/corporate-standard); UK Government GHG conversion factors (gov.uk/government/collections/government-conversion-factors-for-company-reporting); GHG Protocol Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Standard (ghgprotocol.org/standards/scope-3-standard); ISO 14064-1:2018; NHS England, Delivering a Net Zero National Health Service and the NHS Net Zero Supplier Roadmap; Science Based Targets initiative.