



LONG -TERM RENTAL VS SHORT-TERM RENTAL INVESTING COMPARED



Long-Term Rentals

Predictable monthly cash flow with stable, recurring income.

Lower vacancy risk with longer lease terms.

Lower maintenance, fewer turnovers, and less day-to-day management.

Generally fewer restrictions and governed by standard landlord-tenant laws.

Conventional and DSCR financing are widely available and typically easier to qualify for.

Performs well in areas with steady housing demand and long-term renters.

Income Potential

Vacancy Risk

Management & Operating Costs

Regulations

Financing

Best Markets

Short-Term Rentals

Higher income potential, especially in tourist markets, but revenue is seasonal and demand-dependent.

Higher vacancy risk with occupancy influenced by tourism, local events, and competition.

More hands-on management with frequent cleaning, guest communication, restocking supplies, and higher operating costs.

Many cities require permits, occupancy taxes, or restrict short-term rentals through zoning and local ordinances.

Financing may be more complex, particularly when underwriting is based on projected short-term rental income.

Performs best in tourist destinations, business hubs, and event-driven markets.

Key Takeaways



LONG -TERM RENTALS

Offer stable cash flow, lower management demands, and simpler financing.

SHORT -TERM RENTALS

Provide greater income potential but require more active management and carry greater market and regulatory risk.

Ready to Finance Your Next Rental Investment?
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