



**Legislative Committee Meeting Agenda
Monday, March 25, 2024 - 3:00-3:30 p.m.
Zoom Meeting**

Agenda

- Welcome - **Michael Hadley**, Chair, CalDesal Legislative Committee

Events Update

- CalDesal 2024 Spring Mixer
 - ACWA Spring Conference – Sacramento
 - Wednesday, May 8 – 6:00 PM – Hyatt Regency Sacramento

Legislative Update

- Legislative session update
 - State Budget update
- Update on CalDesal position bills:
 - AB 1567 (Garcia) - \$15.1B resources bond measure – SUPPORT IF AMENDED
 - Senate Natural Resources and Water Committee
 - SB 366 (Caballero) – Water plan update – SUPPORT
 - Assembly Water, Parks, and Wildlife Committee
 - SB 867 (Allen) - \$15.5B resources bond measure – SUPPORT IF AMENDED
 - Assembly Natural Resources Committee
- Recommended bill positions:
 - AB 2409 (Papan) – OPR – Permitting transparency/accountability dashboard
 - Recommended position: SUPPORT IF AMENDED
- Review of bill tracking report
 - Any additional legislation for discussion?
- Other items?

**Next Legislative Committee Meeting:
Monday, April 22, 2024 – 3:00 PM**

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 2409

Introduced by Assembly Member Papan

February 12, 2024

An act to add Section 65040.18 to the Government Code, relating to land use.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2409, as introduced, Papan. Office of Planning and Research: permitting accountability transparency dashboard.

Existing law establishes the Office of Planning and Research within the Governor's office to provide long-range planning and research and to serve as the comprehensive state planning agency.

This bill would require the office, on or before January 1, 2026, to create and maintain, as specified, a permitting accountability transparency internet website (dashboard). The bill would require the dashboard to include a display for each permit to be issued by specified state agencies for all covered projects. The bill would define various terms for these purposes. The bill would also require the dashboard to include, but not be limited to, information for each permit to be issued by a state agency that is required for the completion of the project, including, among other requirements, the permit application submission date. The bill would require each state agency with a responsibility for issuing a permit for a covered project to provide information in the appropriate time and manner as determined by the office. The bill would also make related findings and declarations.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:

(a) The timely issuance of permits for critical infrastructure projects is essential for the protection of human health and safety as well as the economic well-being of the state.

(b) Delays in the permitting process can result in increased costs and hinder the timely delivery of critical public benefits such as water supply, flood risk reduction, energy reliability, and environmental protection and enhancement.

(c) Transparency in the permitting process is crucial for public understanding and confidence in the state's ability to advance large infrastructure projects for the public benefit.

SEC. 2. Section 65040.18 is added to the Government Code, to read:

65040.18. (a) For purposes of this section:

(1) "Covered project" means a publicly owned project for the development of infrastructure for water supply, flood risk reduction, energy reliability, or environment protection or enhancement with an estimated cost of one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) or more.

(2) "Dashboard" means the permitting accountability transparency internet website created and maintained by the office pursuant to this section.

(3) "Permit" means a permit, agreement, certification, approval, authorization, permission, notice to proceed, or directive, or issuance of this document, from a state agency that is necessary for the project to proceed.

(4) "State agency" means the state agencies, boards, commissions, or departments with the authority to issue permits that would authorize the project or project-related work that are the following:

(A) Department of Fish and Wildlife.

(B) State Water Resources Control Board.

(C) The regional water quality control board for each of the regions described in Section 13200 of the Water Code.

(D) Department of Water Resources.

(E) State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission.

1 (b) The office shall create and maintain a permitting
2 accountability transparency internet website on or before January
3 1, 2026, that is publicly accessible.

4 (c) The dashboard shall include a display for each permit to be
5 issued by a state agency for all covered projects.

6 (d) The dashboard shall include, but not be limited to,
7 information for each permit to be issued by a state agency that is
8 required for the completion of the covered project, including all
9 of the following:

10 (1) Permit application submission date.

11 (2) Date the permit application is deemed complete.

12 (3) The number of resubmittals required for the permit
13 application to be deemed complete.

14 (4) Anticipated timeline for permit issuance.

15 (5) Date the permit application is approved or denied.

16 (e) The office shall periodically, but no less than once per
17 calendar quarter, update the dashboard for each covered project
18 to ensure accurate and timely information.

19 (f) Each state agency with a responsibility for issuing a permit
20 for a covered project shall provide information in the appropriate
21 time and manner as determined by the office.

CalDesal - All Tracked Bills

3/25/2024

[AB 45](#)

(Boerner D) Coastal resources: coastal development permits: blue carbon demonstration projects.

Current Text: Amended: 5/25/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 5/25/2023

Status: 9/1/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/14/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Location: 9/1/2023-S. 2 YEAR

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	2 year	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: The California Coastal Act of 1976, among other things, requires anyone wishing to perform or undertake any development in the coastal zone, except as specified, in addition to obtaining any other permit required by law from any local government or from any state, regional, or local agency, to obtain a coastal development permit from the California Coastal Commission, as provided. This bill would authorize the commission to authorize blue carbon demonstration projects, as defined, in order to demonstrate and quantify the carbon sequestration potential of these projects to help inform the state's natural and working lands and climate resilience strategies.

Position

Watch

Misc1

Misc2

[AB 305](#)

(Villapudua D) California Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024.

Current Text: Amended: 4/25/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 4/25/2023

Status: 6/14/2023-Referred to Coms. on N.R. & W. and GOV. & F.

Location: 6/14/2023-S. N.R. & W.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would enact the California Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024 which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$4,500,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law for flood protection projects, as specified. The bill would provide for the submission of these provisions to the voters at the November 5, 2024, statewide general election.

Position

Watch

Misc1

Misc2

ACWA - F/A

[AB 408](#)

(Wilson D) Climate-resilient Farms, Sustainable Healthy Food Access, and Farmworker Protection Bond Act of 2024.

Current Text: Amended: 8/14/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 8/14/2023

Status: 9/1/2023-In committee: Held under submission.

Location: 8/21/2023-S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would enact the Climate-resilient Farms, Sustainable Healthy Food Access, and Farmworker Protection Bond Act of 2024, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$3,650,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law, to finance programs related to, among other things, agricultural lands, food and fiber infrastructure, climate resilience, agricultural professionals, including farmers, ranchers, and farmworkers, workforce development and training, air quality, tribes, disadvantaged communities, nutrition, food aid, meat processing facilities, and fishing facilities.

Position

Watch

Misc1

Misc2

[AB 841](#)

(Berman D) State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission: Industrial Heat Electrification Roadmap.

Current Text: Amended: 7/6/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 7/6/2023

Status: 9/1/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/21/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Location: 9/1/2023-S. 2 YEAR

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	2 year	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, on or before January 1, 2025, to submit to the Legislature an Industrial Heat Electrification Roadmap, which would, among other things, identify the industrial subsectors for various California facilities that use heat application equipment operating at or below 1,000 degrees Celsius and their locations and evaluate various issues related to industrial electrification, as specified. The bill would authorize the commission to consult with the State Air Resources Board to include in the roadmap an estimate of the reductions in emissions of greenhouse gases and criteria air pollutants, and commensurate health benefits, from electrifying the identified industrial subsectors.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

CMUA - F

AB 1407 (Addis D) Coastal resources: ocean recovery and restoration: large-scale restoration: artificial reefs.

Current Text: Amended: 7/13/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 7/13/2023

Status: 9/14/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(14). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 9/13/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Location: 9/14/2023-S. 2 YEAR

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	2 year	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would require the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency, on or before December 1, 2024, to establish acreage-based targets to restore kelp forests, eelgrass meadows, and native oyster beds, with the goal of achieving restoration by the year 2050, as provided. The bill would require the Ocean Protection Council to establish a Kelp Forest and Estuary Restoration and Recovery Framework to achieve the above-described acreage-based targets. The bill would require the framework to contain specified things, including criteria by which a designated area of kelp forests, eelgrass meadows, and native oyster beds can be considered restored. The bill would require the council to establish an interagency working group that coordinates and facilitates large-scale restoration along the coast, as provided. The bill would establish in the State Treasury the Ocean Restoration and Recovery Fund to be administered by the council and consisting of specified moneys. The bill would require the fund to be used, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to develop and carry out large-scale restoration and enhancement projects, as provided. The bill would require the council to publish various items on its internet website and to provide reports to the Legislature, regarding the above provisions, as provided.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

AB 1567 (Garcia D) Safe Drinking Water, Wildfire Prevention, Drought Preparation, Flood Protection, Extreme Heat Mitigation, Clean Energy, and Workforce Development Bond Act of 2024.

Current Text: Amended: 5/26/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 5/26/2023

Status: 6/14/2023-Referred to Coms. on N.R. & W. and GOV. & F.

Location: 6/14/2023-S. N.R. & W.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would enact the Safe Drinking Water, Wildfire Prevention, Drought Preparation, Flood Protection, Extreme Heat Mitigation, Clean Energy, and Workforce Development Bond Act of 2024, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$15,995,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for safe drinking water, wildfire prevention, drought preparation, flood protection, extreme heat mitigation, clean energy, and workforce development programs.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Support if

AB 1569 (Garcia D) Salton Sea geothermal resource area: Lithium Valley Office of Development.**Current Text:** Amended: 5/18/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Last Amend:** 5/18/2023**Status:** 9/1/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/14/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)**Location:** 9/1/2023-S. 2 YEAR

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	2 year	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: The Warren-Alquist State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Act establishes the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission (Energy Commission) in the Natural Resources Agency. Existing law requires the Energy Commission to undertake a continuing assessment of trends in the consumption of electrical energy and other forms of energy and to analyze the social, economic, and environmental consequences of these trends, and to carry out, or cause to be carried out, under contract or other arrangements, research and development into alternative sources of energy, improvements in energy generation, transmission, and siting, fuel substitution, and other topics related to energy supply, demand, public safety, ecology, and conservation that are of particular statewide importance. This bill would establish, upon appropriation by the Legislature, the Lithium Valley Office of Development in the Energy Commission. The bill would require the office, in consultation with relevant state and local agencies, to coordinate activities related to funding, economic development, construction, manufacturing, technical development, and reclamation of lithium located in the Salton Sea geothermal resource area.

Position**Misc1****Misc2**

Watch

AB 1881 (Davies R) California Coastal Commission: scientific panel expertise: coastal erosion.**Current Text:** Amended: 3/11/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Last Amend:** 3/11/2024**Status:** 3/21/2024-Withdrawn from committee. Ordered to Second Reading and Consent Calendar.**Location:** 3/21/2024-A. SECOND READING

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: The California Coastal Act of 1976 establishes in the Natural Resources Agency the California Coastal Commission and provides for the planning and regulation of development in the coastal zone, as defined. The act requires the commission, if it determines that it has sufficient resources, to establish one or more scientific panels to review technical documents and reports, among other things. The act requires the panel or panels to be composed of, but not limited to, persons with expertise and training in specified topics, including coastal geomorphology. This bill would include persons with expertise and training in the topic of coastal erosion as part of the composition of the panel described above.

Position**Misc1****Misc2**

Watch

AB 1992 (Boerner D) Coastal resources: coastal development permits: blue carbon demonstration projects.**Current Text:** Introduced: 1/30/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Status:** 3/20/2024-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (March 19). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.**Location:** 3/19/2024-A. APPR.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would authorize the California Coastal Commission to authorize blue carbon demonstration projects, as defined, in order to demonstrate and quantify the carbon sequestration potential of these projects to help inform the state's natural and working lands and climate resilience strategies. The bill would, among other things, authorize the commission to require an applicant with a project that impacts coastal wetland, subtidal, intertidal, or marine habitats or ecosystems to build or contribute to a blue carbon demonstration project.

Position

Watch

AB 1998 (Mathis R) California Environmental Quality Act: Department of Fish and Wildlife: review of environmental documents: revenue and cost tracking and accounting.**Current Text:** Introduced: 1/30/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Status:** 2/12/2024-Referred to Com. on W., P., & W.**Location:** 2/12/2024-A. W.,P. & W.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. CEQA requires the lead agency to consult with a public agency that is a responsible agency or a trustee agency during the environmental review process. Current law authorizes the Department of Fish and Wildlife to impose and collect filing fees in specified amounts to defray the costs of managing and protecting fish and wildlife trust resources, including, but not limited to, consulting with other public agencies, reviewing environmental documents, recommending mitigation measures, developing monitoring requirements for purposes of CEQA, and other activities protecting those trust resources identified in a review pursuant to CEQA. This bill would require the department to separately track and account for all revenues collected under the above filing fee provision and all costs incurred in its role as a responsible agency or trustee agency under CEQA.

Position**Misc1****Misc2**

Watch

AB 2060 (Soria D) Lake and streambed alteration agreements: exemptions.**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/1/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Status:** 2/12/2024-Referred to Com. on W., P., & W.**Location:** 2/12/2024-A. W.,P. & W.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Current law prohibits a person, a state or local governmental agency, or a public utility from substantially diverting or obstructing the natural flow of, or substantially changing or using any material from the bed, channel, or bank of, any river, stream, or lake, or depositing or disposing of debris, waste, or other material containing crumbled, flaked, or ground pavement where it may pass into any river, stream, or lake, unless prescribed requirements are met, including written notification to the Department of Fish and Wildlife regarding the activity. Current law prescribes various requirements for lake and streambed alteration agreements. Current law also establishes various exemptions from these provisions, including, until January 1, 2029, the diversion of floodflows for groundwater recharge, as provided. This bill would indefinitely exempt from these provisions the temporary operation of existing infrastructure or temporary pumps being used to divert flood stage flows, as identified by the California Nevada River Forecast Center or the State Water Resources Control Board, or near-flood stage flows, as defined, to groundwater recharge as long as certain conditions are met.

Position**Misc1****Misc2**

Watch

CMUA - W

AB 2162 (Papan D) Shellfish and seaweed operations: marine restoration projects.**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/6/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Status:** 2/7/2024-From printer. May be heard in committee March 8.**Location:** 2/6/2024-A. PRINT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Current law authorizes the Department of Fish and Wildlife, among other powers, to prohibit an aquaculture operation or the culturing of any species at any location where it is determined it would be detrimental to adjacent native wildlife. Current law also authorizes the Fish and Game Commission to regulate the taking, collecting, harvesting, gathering, or possession of kelp for purposes other than profit. This bill would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation to consider innovative new approaches to permitting efficiency and thereby encourage sustainable shellfish and seaweed operations and marine restoration projects. The bill would also

make related findings and declarations.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

AB 2208 (Zbur D) California Ports Development and Offshore Wind Infrastructure Bond Act of 2024.

Current Text: Amended: 3/21/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 3/21/2024

Status: 3/21/2024-Referred to Coms. on NAT. RES. and U. & E. From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on NAT. RES. Read second time and amended.

Location: 3/21/2024-A. NAT. RES.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would enact the California Ports Development and Offshore Wind Infrastructure Bond Act of 2024, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$ 1,000,000,000, pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to support activities related to the development of offshore wind energy generation, as provided. This bill would provide for the submission of the bond act to the voters at the next statewide election.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

CMUA - W

AB 2212 (Lowenthal D) Energy: offshore wind energy development.

Current Text: Amended: 3/21/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 3/21/2024

Status: 3/21/2024-Referred to Coms. on NAT. RES. and U. & E. From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on NAT. RES. Read second time and amended.

Location: 3/21/2024-A. NAT. RES.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would enact, only until an unspecified date, the Offshore Wind Training Facility Development Act. The bill would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to oversee the allocation and use of funds allocated for the development of training facilities and to develop standardized training curricula tailored to the specific needs of the offshore wind industry, as specified. The bill would require the commission to submit an annual report to the Governor and the Legislature summarizing the progress made in establishing and operating training facilities, as provided.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

AB 2257 (Wilson D) Local government: property-related water and sewer fees and assessments: remedies.

Current Text: Amended: 3/20/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 3/20/2024

Status: 3/21/2024-Re-referred to Com. on L. GOV.

Location: 3/19/2024-A. L. GOV.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: The California Constitution specifies various requirements with respect to the levying of assessments and property-related fees and charges by a local agency, including notice, hearing, and protest procedures, depending on the character of the assessment, fee, or charge. Current law, known as the Proposition 218 Omnibus Implementation Act, prescribes specific procedures and parameters for local jurisdictions to comply with these requirements. This bill would prohibit, if a local agency complies with specified procedures, a person or entity from bringing a judicial action or proceeding alleging noncompliance with the constitutional provisions for any new, increased, or extended fee or assessment, as defined, unless that person or entity has timely submitted to the local agency a written objection to that fee or assessment that specifies the grounds for alleging noncompliance, as specified. This bill would provide that local agency responses to the timely submitted written objections shall go to the weight of the evidence supporting the agency's compliance with the substantive limitations on fees and assessments imposed by the constitutional

provisions.

Position

Watch

Misc1

ACWA -
Sponsor

Misc2

CMUA - S

AB 2409 (Papan D) Office of Planning and Research: permitting accountability transparency dashboard.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/12/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 3/21/2024-Referred to Com. on W., P., & W.

Location: 3/21/2024-A. W., P. & W.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would require the Office of Planning and Research, on or before January 1, 2026, to create and maintain, as specified, a permitting accountability transparency internet website (dashboard). The bill would require the dashboard to include a display for each permit to be issued by specified state agencies for all covered projects. The bill would define various terms for these purposes. The bill would also require the dashboard to include, but not be limited to, information for each permit to be issued by a state agency that is required for the completion of the project, including, among other requirements, the permit application submission date. The bill would require each state agency with a responsibility for issuing a permit for a covered project to provide information in the appropriate time and manner as determined by the office.

Position

Watch

Misc1

Misc2

CMUA - Sponsor

AB 2439 (Quirk-Silva D) Public records: owners and developers.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/13/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 3/13/2024-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

Location: 2/26/2024-A. JUD.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: The California Public Records Act requires state and local agencies, as defined, to make their records available for public inspection, unless an exemption from disclosure applies. Current law declares that access to information concerning the conduct of the people's business is a fundamental and necessary right of every person in this state. Current law requires specified state and local bodies to establish written guidelines for accessibility of records. Current law requires the state and local bodies to post a copy of these guidelines in a conspicuous public place at the offices of these bodies, and to make available a copy of the guidelines upon request, free of charge, to any person requesting that body's records. This bill would additionally require an owner, developer, or their agents who receives public funds or the equivalent of public funds from a public agency to perform a public works project, as defined, to be subject to the act in connection with records that it prepares, owns, uses, or retains relating to that public works project. The bill would require the owner, developer, or their agents to establish written guidelines for accessibility of records.

Position

Watch

Misc1

Misc2

AB 2488 (Ting D) Downtown revitalization and economic recovery financing districts.

Current Text: Amended: 3/18/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 3/18/2024

Status: 3/19/2024-Re-referred to Com. on L. GOV.

Location: 3/18/2024-A. L. GOV.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Current law authorizes the legislative body of a city or a county to establish an enhanced infrastructure financing district to finance public capital facilities or other specified projects of communitywide significance, including the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of housing for persons of very low, low, and moderate income. Current law requires the legislative body to establish a public financing authority, defined as the governing board of the enhanced infrastructure financing district, at the same time the resolution to form an enhanced infrastructure district is adopted. Current law requires the public financing authority to adopt an infrastructure financing plan that includes

specified information, including a finding that the development and financial assistance are of communitywide significance and provide significant benefits to an area larger than the area of the district. This bill would authorize a local government to designate one or more downtown revitalization and economic recovery financing districts for the purpose of financing office-to-residential conversion projects with incremental tax revenues generated by office-to-residential conversion projects within the district.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

[AB 2569](#)

([Connolly](#) D) Climate change.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/14/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 2/15/2024-From printer. May be heard in committee March 16.

Location: 2/14/2024-A. PRINT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 requires the State Air Resources Board to adopt rules and regulations to achieve the maximum technologically feasible and cost-effective greenhouse gas emissions reductions to ensure that the statewide greenhouse gas emissions are reduced to at least 40% below the statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit, as defined, no later than December 31, 2030. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation to improve California's response to climate change.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

[AB 2820](#)

([Davies](#) R) Coastal development: permit applications and appeals: notice.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/15/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 2/16/2024-From printer. May be heard in committee March 17.

Location: 2/15/2024-A. PRINT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Current law requires the California Coastal Commission to have the primary responsibility for the implementation of the California Coastal Act of 1976 and designates it as the state coastal zone planning and management agency, as provided. Current law requires anyone wishing to perform or undertake any development in the coastal zone, in addition to obtaining any other permit required by law from any local government or from any state, regional, or local agency, to obtain a coastal development permit from the commission or a local government, as provided. Current law authorizes an appeal to the commission for any action taken by a local government on coastal development permit applications, requires the commission to hear the appeal, and establishes specified appeal procedures, as provided. Current law requires the commission to provide for a de novo public hearing on an application for a coastal development permit and an appeal brought pursuant to the act and requires the commission to give to an affected person written notice containing specified information. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the above-described provision involving this notice requirement.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

[AB 2867](#)

([Gabriel](#) D) Recovery of artwork and personal property lost due to persecution.

Current Text: Amended: 3/18/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 3/18/2024

Status: 3/19/2024-Re-referred to Com. on JUD.

Location: 3/18/2024-A. JUD.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Current law provides that in the case of a theft of any article of historical, interpretive, scientific, cultural, or artistic significance, a cause of action is not deemed to have accrued until the discovery of the whereabouts of the article by the aggrieved party, the aggrieved party's agent, or a law enforcement agency. Current law requires a civil action against a museum, gallery, auctioneer, or dealer for the recovery of works of fine art that were unlawfully taken or stolen, including a taking or

theft by means of fraud or duress, to be commenced within 6 years of the actual discovery by the claimant or their agent of the identity and whereabouts of the work of fine art and information or facts that are sufficient to indicate that the claimant has a claim for a possessory interest in the work of fine art. Current federal law, the Holocaust Expropriated Art Recovery Act of 2016, establishes a statute of limitation for claims to recover artwork and other property, as defined, stolen or misappropriated by the Nazis between 1933 and 1945. This bill would provide that California substantive law shall apply in actions to recover fine art or an item of historical, interpretive, scientific, or artistic significance, including those covered by the Holocaust Expropriated Art Recovery Act of 2016, brought by a California resident or their heirs, as specified.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

AB 2875 (Friedman D) Wetlands: state policy.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/15/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 3/11/2024-Referred to Com. on W., P., & W.

Location: 3/11/2024-A. W., P. & W.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Existing law, the Keene-Nejedly California Wetlands Preservation Act, requires the Natural Resources Agency to prepare a plan for the acquisition, protection, preservation, restoration, and enhancement of wetlands, including funding requirements and the priority status of specific proposed wetlands projects. By Executive Order No. W-59-93, former Governor Pete Wilson declared it to be the policy of the state that its Comprehensive Wetlands Policy rests on three primary objectives, including the objective of ensuring no overall net loss and long-term net gain in the quantity, quality, and permanence of wetlands acreage and values, as provided. This bill would declare that it is the policy of the state to ensure no net loss and long-term gain in the quantity, quality, and permanence of wetlands acreage and values in California. The bill would make related legislative findings and declarations.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

AB 2937 (Wicks D) California Environmental Quality Act: streamlined environmental reviews.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/15/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 2/16/2024-From printer. May be heard in committee March 17.

Location: 2/15/2024-A. PRINT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. CEQA establishes certain processes, such as the preparation of a master EIR or a focused EIR, to streamline the environmental review of projects. CEQA states the intentions of the Legislature in enacting those streamlined environmental review processes. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to those statements of intent.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

AB 3006 (Zbur D) Energy: offshore wind generation: workforce needs.

Current Text: Amended: 3/21/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 3/21/2024

Status: 3/21/2024-Referred to Coms. on U. & E. and L. & E. From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on U. & E. Read second time and amended.

Location: 3/21/2024-A. U. & E.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: The California Infrastructure Planning Act, requires the Governor to annually submit a 5-year infrastructure plan to the Legislature in conjunction with the Governor's Budget. Under current law, "infrastructure" means real property, including land and improvements to the land, structures and equipment integral to the operation of structures, easements, rights-of-way, and other forms of interest in property, roadways, and water conveyances. This bill would amend the definition of "infrastructure" described above to include port infrastructure for offshore wind energy development, and would require the 5-year infrastructure plan to include, beginning in an unspecified fiscal year, an assessment of funding needs for port infrastructure for offshore wind energy development. The bill would require the Governor, in consultation with specified entities, to assess federal, state, and local funding opportunities, including general obligation bonds and funding from the private sector, that can help build port infrastructure for offshore wind energy development. This bill would require the Energy Commission and the California Workforce Development Board to jointly determine the immediate and long-term workforce needs for growing offshore wind generation in this state. After the determination is made, the bill would require the Energy Commission and the board to develop targeted and equitable hiring standards, as specified, and, upon an appropriation by the Legislature, to fund training and education centers that will grow the offshore wind energy generation workforce.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

AB 3007 (Hoover R) California Environmental Quality Act: record of environmental documents: format.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 3/11/2024-Referred to Com. on W., P., & W.

Location: 3/11/2024-A. W.,P. & W.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Current law requires project applicants and public agencies subject to the California Environmental Quality Act to pay a filing fee to the Department of Fish and Wildlife for each proposed project for the purpose of defraying the costs of managing and protecting fish and wildlife trust resources, as specified. Current law specifies the required filing fees and provides that a filing fee is not required to be paid if specified conditions exist. Current law also authorizes a county clerk to charge a documentary handling fee of \$50 per filing in addition to the filing fee, and requires the county clerk of each county and the Office of Planning and Research to maintain a record, both electronic and in paper, of all environmental documents received, as specified. This bill would instead require the county clerk of each county and the Office of Planning and Research to maintain the record either electronically or on paper, or both.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

CMUA - W

AB 3016 (Petrie-Norris D) Renewable electrical generation facilities: interagency coordination.

Current Text: Amended: 3/11/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 3/11/2024

Status: 3/21/2024-In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.

Location: 3/11/2024-A. U. & E.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Current law establishes the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development to, among other duties, serve the Governor as the lead entity for economic strategy and the marketing of California on issues relating to business development, private sector investment, and economic growth. Current law imposes various requirements relating to the environmental review and governmental approval of certain types of projects, including renewable electricity generation projects. This bill would require the office, on or before January 1, 2026, to create and oversee a process for interagency coordination for all state and local agencies with known or likely environmental review or permitting jurisdiction relating to proposed renewable electrical generation facilities.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

AB 3023 (Papan D) Environmental protection: lands and coastal waters: conservation goals: 30x30 goal.

Current Text: Amended: 3/21/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 3/21/2024

Status: 3/21/2024-Referred to Coms. on NAT. RES. and W., P., & W. From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on NAT. RES. Read second time and amended.

Location: 3/21/2024-A. NAT. RES.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Current law requires the Natural Resources Agency, in implementing certain pathways and actions to achieve the 30x30 goal, to prioritize specified actions, including conducting public outreach to engage historically marginalized communities in the planning and implementation of the 30x30 goal. Current law requires the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to prepare and submit, on or before March 31, 2024, and annually thereafter, a report to the Legislature on the progress made during the prior calendar year toward achieving the 30x30 goal, as provided. This bill would require the Natural Resources Agency to post on its internet website the criteria used to determine whether or not to approve plans submitted in pursuit of reaching the 30x30 goal, as provided.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

AB 3121

(Hart D) Urban retail water suppliers: written notice: conservation order: dates.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 3/11/2024-Referred to Com. on W., P., & W.

Location: 3/11/2024-A. W.,P. & W.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Current law authorizes the State Water Resources Control Board, on and after January 1, 2025, to issue a written notice to an urban retail water supplier that does not meet its urban water use objective. Current law authorizes the board, on and after January 1, 2026, to issue a conservation order to an urban retail water supplier that does not meet its urban water use objective. This bill would instead provide that the date the board is authorized to issue a written notice to January 1, 2026 and a conservation order to January 1, 2027.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

AB 3191

(Hart D) Coastal Resources and Energy Assistance Act.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 2/17/2024-From printer. May be heard in committee March 18.

Location: 2/16/2024-A. PRINT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: The Coastal Resources and Energy Assistance Act authorizes the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency, after consulting with the California Coastal Commission and the State Lands Commission concerning offshore energy activities, to award grants to coastal communities and cities to be used for certain purposes relating to the planning, implementation, monitoring, and enforcement of offshore energy development, consistent with the requirements of the state's coastal management program. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes in that provision.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

ACA 2

(Alanis R) Water Resiliency Act of 2024.

Current Text: Amended: 3/6/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 3/6/2024

Status: 3/19/2024-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

Location: 4/20/2023-A. W.,P. & W.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: The California Constitution declares that the general welfare requires that the water resources of the state be put to beneficial use to the fullest extent of which they are capable, and that the right to the use of water does not extend to the waste or unreasonable use, method of use, or

method of diversion of water. This measure would require the Treasurer to annually transfer an amount equal to 1.5% of all state revenues from the General Fund to the California Water Resiliency Trust Fund, which the measure would create. The measure would continuously appropriate moneys in the fund to the California Water Commission for its actual costs of implementing these provisions and for specified water infrastructure projects.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

ACA 16

(Bryan D) Environmental rights.

Current Text: Introduced: 1/25/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 3/11/2024-Referred to Com. on NAT. RES.

Location: 3/11/2024-A. NAT. RES.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: The California Constitution declares various inalienable rights of the people, including the right to enjoy and defend life and liberty, acquire, possess, and protect property, and pursue and obtain safety, happiness, and privacy. This measure would amend the California Constitution to declare that the people have a right to clean air and water and a healthy environment.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

CMUA - W

SB 231

(Hurtado D) Department of Water Resources: water supply forecasting.

Current Text: Amended: 7/12/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 7/12/2023

Status: 9/1/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/23/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Location: 9/1/2023-A. 2 YEAR

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	2 year	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would require the Department of Water Resources, on or before December 31, 2025, to establish a formal process for annually evaluating and improving the accuracy of its water supply forecasts, adopt a new water supply forecasting model that better addresses the effects of climate change, and implement a formal policy and procedures for documenting its operational plans for the state's water supply and its rationale for its operating procedures. The bill would require the department, by December 1, 2024, to prepare, and submit to the Legislature, a report on its progress toward meeting these requirements.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

SB 366

(Caballero D) The California Water Plan: long-term supply targets.

Current Text: Amended: 6/29/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 6/29/2023

Status: 7/14/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was W.,P. & W. on 6/8/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Location: 7/14/2023-A. 2 YEAR

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	2 year	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Water Resources to update every 5 years the plan for the orderly and coordinated control, protection, conservation, development, and use of the water resources of the state, which is known as "The California Water Plan." Current law requires the department to include a discussion of various strategies in the plan update, including, but not limited to, strategies relating to the development of new water storage facilities, water conservation, water recycling, desalination, conjunctive use, water transfers, and alternative pricing policies that may be pursued in order to meet the future needs of the state. Current law requires the department to establish an advisory committee to assist the department in updating the plan. This bill would revise and recast certain provisions regarding The California Water Plan to, among other things, require the department to instead establish a stakeholder advisory committee and to expand the membership of the committee to include tribes, labor, and environmental justice interests. The bill would require the

department to coordinate with the California Water Commission, the State Water Resources Control Board, other state and federal agencies as appropriate, and the stakeholder advisory committee to develop a comprehensive plan for addressing the state's water needs and meeting specified long-term water supply targets established by the bill for purposes of The California Water Plan. The bill would require the plan to provide recommendations and strategies to ensure enough water supply for all beneficial uses.

Position

Support

Misc1

ACWA - S

Misc2

CMUA - Sponsor

SB 422

(Portantino D) California Environmental Quality Act: expedited environmental review: climate change regulations.

Current Text: Amended: 3/20/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 3/20/2023

Status: 9/14/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(14). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 9/12/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Location: 9/14/2023-A. 2 YEAR

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	2 year	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

Summary: The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. CEQA requires specified public agencies, including air pollution control districts and air quality management districts, to perform, at the time of adoption of a rule or regulation requiring the installation of pollution control equipment or a performance standard or treatment requirement, an environmental analysis of the reasonably foreseeable methods of compliance. This bill would also require those specified public agencies, at the time of adoption of a rule or regulation requiring the reduction in emissions of greenhouse gases, criteria air pollutants, or toxic air contaminants, to perform an environmental analysis of the reasonably foreseeable methods of compliance.

Position

Watch

Misc1

Misc2

SB 583

(Padilla D) Salton Sea Conservancy.

Current Text: Amended: 9/1/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 9/1/2023

Status: 9/14/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(14). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 9/13/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Location: 9/14/2023-S. 2 YEAR

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	2 year	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

Summary: Would establish the Salton Sea Conservancy within the Natural Resources Agency for specified purposes related to the Salton Sea region, including, among other things, to oversee the operation, maintenance, and management of projects to fulfill the state's obligations as detailed in State Water Resources Control Board Order WR 2017-0134 and to acquire, hold, and manage land or property rights within the Salton Sea Region after restoration projects are built. The bill would require the conservancy to carry out programs, projects, and activities to further those purposes. The bill would require, by January 1, 2026, the conservancy to be governed by a board of directors composed of designated membership. The bill would set forth the powers, duties, and limitations of the board of directors and the conservancy, as provided. The bill would create the Salton Sea Conservancy Fund and would make moneys in the fund, including authorized proceeds from the sale of bonds and allocations from the Salton Sea Lithium Fund, available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for purposes of the conservancy. By imposing new duties on local agencies, this bill would create a state-mandated local program.

Position

Watch

Misc1

Misc2

[SB 638](#)**(Eggman D) Climate Resiliency and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024.****Current Text:** Amended: 6/28/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Last Amend:** 6/28/2023**Status:** 7/6/2023-July 11 hearing postponed by committee.**Location:** 6/15/2023-A. W.,P. & W.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would enact the Climate Resiliency and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024 which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$6,000,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law, for flood protection and climate resiliency projects.

Position

Watch

Misc1

ACWA - F/A

Misc2

CMUA - F/A

[SB 688](#)**(Padilla D) Agrivoltaic systems: grant funding.****Current Text:** Amended: 6/30/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Last Amend:** 6/30/2023**Status:** 9/1/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/16/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)**Location:** 9/1/2023-A. 2 YEAR

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	2 year	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would, contingent upon an appropriation for its purposes, require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to award grants for agrivoltaic system projects to support research and development in agrivoltaic systems, study the impacts of agrivoltaic systems on farms, on the state's agricultural economy, and on electricity generated from solar panels, and study the potential of agrivoltaic systems to reduce the impact of extreme heat on crops, livestock, and agricultural workers. The bill would require the commission, in consultation with the Department of Food and Agriculture, to develop guidelines and criteria for determining a project's eligibility for grant funding and to take certain actions for purposes of the grant program. The bill would require the commission to conduct an evaluation of the grant program, as specified, and make the evaluation publicly available on its internet website.

Position

Watch

Misc1**Misc2****[SB 769](#)****(Gonzalez D) Local government: fiscal and financial training.****Current Text:** Amended: 6/22/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Last Amend:** 6/22/2023**Status:** 9/1/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 7/12/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)**Location:** 9/1/2023-A. 2 YEAR

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	2 year	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would require if a local agency provides any type of compensation, salary, or stipend to a member of a legislative body, or provides reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred by a member of a legislative body in the performance of official duties, all local agency officials, as defined, to receive at least 2 hours of fiscal and financial training, as described. The bill would require the training to be received at least once every 2 years, as provided. The bill would exempt a local agency official from the training requirements if they comply with specified criteria under existing law relating to eligibility for appointment or election to, and continuing education for, the office of county auditor, county treasurer, county tax collector, or county treasurer-tax collector.

Position

Watch

Misc1**Misc2****[SB 867](#)****(Allen D) Drought, Flood, and Water Resilience, Wildfire and Forest Resilience, Coastal Resilience, Extreme Heat Mitigation, Biodiversity and Nature-Based Climate Solutions, Climate Smart Agriculture, Park Creation and Outdoor Access, and Clean Energy Bond Act of 2024.****Current Text:** Amended: 6/22/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)**Last Amend:** 6/22/2023

Status: 7/6/2023-July 10 hearing postponed by committee.

Location: 6/20/2023-A. NAT. RES.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would enact the Drought, Flood, and Water Resilience, Wildfire and Forest Resilience, Coastal Resilience, Extreme Heat Mitigation, Biodiversity and Nature-Based Climate Solutions, Climate Smart Agriculture, Park Creation and Outdoor Access, and Clean Energy Bond Act of 2024, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$15,500,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for drought, flood, and water resilience, wildfire and forest resilience, coastal resilience, extreme heat mitigation, biodiversity and nature-based climate solutions, climate smart agriculture, park creation and outdoor access, and clean energy programs.

Position

Support if
Amended

Misc1

ACWA - S/A

Misc2

CMUA - S&A

SB 939

(Umberg D) Educational equity: schoolsite and community resources: neurodivergent pupils.

Current Text: Amended: 3/11/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 3/11/2024

Status: 3/20/2024-Re-referred to Com. on ED.

Location: 3/20/2024-S. ED.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: The Safe Place to Learn Act requires the State Department of Education, as part of its regular monitoring and review of a local educational agency, to assess whether the local educational agency has, among other things, adopted a policy that prohibits discrimination, harassment, intimidation, and bullying, as specified, and has publicized that policy to pupils, parents, employees, agents of the governing board, and the general public. Current law also requires the department to assess whether the local educational agency has provided to certificated schoolsite employees who serve pupils in any of grades 7 to 12, inclusive, information on existing schoolsite and community resources related to the support of lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and questioning pupils or pupils who may face bias or bullying on the basis of religious affiliation or perceived religious affiliation, as specified. This bill would require the department to additionally assess whether the local educational agency has provided information on existing schoolsite and community resources related to the support of neurodivergent pupils.

Position

Watch

Misc1

Misc2

SB 955

(Seyarto R) Office of Planning and Research: Infrastructure Gap-Fund Program.

Current Text: Amended: 3/19/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 3/19/2024

Status: 3/19/2024-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on L. GOV.

Location: 2/21/2024-S. L. GOV.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would require the Office of Planning and Research, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to establish the Infrastructure Gap-Fund Program to provide grants to local agencies to develop and construct infrastructure projects, as defined. The bill would authorize the office to provide funding for up to 20% of a project's total cost, as specified. The bill would require the office to develop guidelines and criteria to implement the program. The bill would make these provisions operative January 1, 2027.

Position

Watch

Misc1

Misc2

SB 984

(Wahab D) Public agencies: project labor agreements.

Current Text: Amended: 2/29/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 2/29/2024

Status: 2/29/2024-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on G.O.

Location: 2/14/2024-S. G.O.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Current law establishes procedures for state agencies to enter into contracts for goods and services, including generally requiring that certain contracts by a state agency, including, but not limited to, contracts for the construction, alteration, improvement, repair, or maintenance of property, be approved by the Department of General Services. Current law authorizes a public entity to use, enter into, or require contractors to enter into, a project labor agreement, as defined, for a construction project, if the agreement includes specified taxpayer protection provisions. This bill would authorize a state agency to undertake a major state construction project only if that project is governed by a project labor agreement and if that project labor agreement includes community benefit goals, as specified, and would define various terms for these purposes. The bill would authorize the Governor to waive this requirement if the state agency has attempted to comply with this requirement and the Governor makes a written determination that the application of this requirement would be impracticable.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

SB 993

(Becker D) Clean energy development incentive rate tariff.

Current Text: Introduced: 1/31/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 2/14/2024-Referred to Com. on E., U. & C.

Location: 2/14/2024-S. E. U., & C.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would require the Public Utilities Commission, on or before July 1, 2026, in a new or existing proceeding, to evaluate and, if just and reasonable, establish a clean energy development incentive rate time-of-use tariff to encourage the development of new commercial or industrial electrical loads that contribute to the state's efforts to reduce the emissions of greenhouse gases. The bill would require the tariff to offer lower rates for customers and to meet specified requirements, including, among other things, that the program only be open to new electrical customers that did not establish service before January 1, 2025, or to existing electrical customers that are expected to increase their total annual electrical demand by more than 50% after beginning service under the tariff. The bill would require that the tariff only be open to customers with certain uses, including producing hydrogen using an electrolysis of water and using electricity to provide industrial process heat.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

SB 1085

(Nguyen R) Offshore energy production: wildlife impacts: report.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/12/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 2/21/2024-Referred to Com. on N.R. & W.

Location: 2/21/2024-S. N.R. & W.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would require the Department of Fish and Wildlife to prepare and submit a report to the Legislature on or before January 1, 2029, regarding the environmental impact on marine mammals and wildlife from offshore energy production off the California coast.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

SB 1092

(Blakespear D) Coastal resources: multifamily housing development: coastal development permits: appeals.

Current Text: Amended: 3/14/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 3/14/2024

Status: 3/14/2024-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on RLS.

Location: 2/12/2024-S. RLS.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: The California Coastal Act of 1976, among other things, requires anyone wishing to perform or undertake any development in the coastal zone, in addition to obtaining any other permit required by law from any local government or from any state, regional, or local agency, to obtain a coastal development permit from the California Coastal Commission or a local government, as provided. The act authorizes an appeal to the commission for any action taken by a local government on coastal development permit applications, as provided. The act requires the commission to hear the appeal and establishes specified appeal procedures, as provided. This bill would require the commission to comply with specified appeal procedures when reviewing an appeal related to multifamily housing development, as defined, on specified sites, as defined, if the commission makes specified determinations.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

SB 1153

(Hurtado D) Agricultural land: hedge fund ownership and interests.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/14/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 2/21/2024-Referred to Coms. on JUD. and AGRI.

Location: 2/21/2024-S. JUD.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Food and Agriculture to promote and protect the agricultural industry of the state. Current law requires the department to enhance, protect, and perpetuate the ability of the private sector to produce food and fiber in a way that benefits the general welfare and economy of the state. This bill would prohibit a hedge fund from purchasing, acquiring, leasing, or holding a controlling interest, as defined, in agricultural land within the State of California. The bill would define a "hedge fund," for these purposes, to mean a privately offered investment vehicle, foreign or domestic, that pools the contributions of private investors in order to invest in a variety of asset classes, such as securities, futures contracts, options, bonds, currencies, real estate, agricultural land, water, energy, and other resources or commodities. This bill would exempt from this prohibition any agricultural land held by a hedge fund before the bill's effective date. The bill would make land transferred in violation of these provisions subject to divestiture, as specified.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

SB 1218

(Newman D) Water: emergency water supplies.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/15/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 2/29/2024-Referred to Com. on N.R. & W.

Location: 2/29/2024-S. N.R. & W.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Would declare that it is the established policy of the state to encourage and incentivize, but not mandate, the development of emergency water supplies, and to support their use during times of water shortage.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

CMUA - F

SB 1255

(Durazo D) Public water systems: needs analysis.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/15/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 3/12/2024-Set for hearing April 24.

Location: 2/29/2024-S. E.Q.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: The California Safe Drinking Water Act provides for the operation of public water systems and imposes on the State Water Resources Control Board various responsibilities and duties relating to the regulation of drinking water to protect public health. Current law establishes the Safe and Affordable Drinking Water Fund in the State Treasury to help water systems provide an adequate and affordable supply of safe drinking water in both the near and long terms. Current law requires the

state board to annually adopt a fund expenditure plan, as provided, and requires expenditures from the fund to be consistent with the fund expenditure plan. Current law requires the state board to base the fund expenditure plan on data and analysis drawn from a specified drinking water needs assessment. This bill would require the state board to develop a needs analysis of the state's public water systems on or before May 1, 2025, and on or before May 1 of each year thereafter.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

CMUA - W

SB 1303 (Caballero D) Public works.

Current Text: Amended: 3/18/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 3/18/2024

Status: 3/18/2024-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on RLS.

Location: 2/15/2024-S. RLS.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Current law requires that, except as specified, not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages, determined by the Director of Industrial Relations, be paid to workers employed on public works projects. Current law defines the term "public works" for purposes of requirements regarding the payment of prevailing wages to include construction, alteration, demolition, installation, or repair work done under contract and paid for using public funds, except as specified. Current law requires an awarding body, as part of a labor compliance program, to withhold contract payments when, among other things, payroll records are delinquent or inadequate. Current law requires an awarding body, as specified, to provide notice of withholding of contract payments to the contractor or subcontractor. Current law requires the notice to be in writing, and describe the nature of the violation and the amount of wages, penalties, and forfeitures withheld. This bill would require an awarding body or its agent, prior to withholding funds for an alleged violation, to, among other things, confer with both the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement and the negotiating parties. The bill would require the awarding body or its agent to participate in a revised process authorizing the contractor or subcontractor to review and respond to the alleged violations. This bill would also provide that a violation of the conflict of interest provisions by a private labor compliance entity, as defined, would void a contract between the parties and subject the entity to specified civil fines and fees.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

SB 1324 (Limón D) California Ocean Science Trust: agreements.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 3/1/2024-Set for hearing April 9.

Location: 2/29/2024-S. N.R. & W.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Current law specifies as one of the California Ocean Science Trust's purposes funding California ocean resource science projects that help fulfill the missions of the state's ocean resource management agencies. Current law authorizes the trust to engage with scientific experts to develop and provide peer reviews, technical guidance, or scientific reports and analyses, as specified. This bill would authorize an entity, as defined, within the Natural Resources Agency or the California Environmental Protection Agency to enter into a direct agreement with the trust for the delivery of peer reviews, technical guidance, or scientific reports and analyses pursuant to this provision.

Position

Misc1

Misc2

Watch

SB 1330 (Archuleta D) Urban retail water supplier: water use.

Current Text: Amended: 3/19/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Last Amend: 3/19/2024

Status: 3/19/2024-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on N.R. & W.

Location: 2/29/2024-S. N.R. & W.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Water Resources, in coordination with the State Water Resources Control Board, to conduct necessary studies and investigations, and recommend for adoption by the board appropriate variances for unique uses that can have a material effect on an urban retail water supplier's urban water use objective. Current law requires the department, in recommending variances, to also recommend a threshold of significance for each recommended variance. Current law requires an urban retail water supplier to request and receive approval by the board for inclusion of a variance in calculating their water use objective. Current law requires the board to post specified information on its internet website relating to variances, including a list of all urban retail water suppliers with approved variances. This bill would require the board to adopt variances recommended by the department for unique uses that can have a material effect on an urban retail water supplier's urban water use objective. The bill would provide that variances adopted by the board shall not be subject to a threshold of significance. The bill would require an urban retail water supplier to self-certify the amount of water included in its urban water use objective that is attributable to a variance.

Position

Watch

Misc1

Misc2

CMUA - S

SB 1402

(Min D) 30x30 goal: state agencies: adoption, revision, or establishment of plans, policies, and regulations.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2024 [html](#) [pdf](#)

Status: 2/29/2024-Referred to Coms. on G.O. and N.R. & W.

Location: 2/29/2024-S. G.O.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf. Conc.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House							

Summary: Current law requires the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to prepare and submit, on or before March 31, 2024, and annually thereafter, a report to the Legislature on the progress made in the prior calendar year toward achieving the goal to conserve 30% of California's lands and coastal waters by 2030. Current law provides that it is the goal of the state to conserve at least 30% of California's lands and coastal waters by 2030, known as the 30x30 goal. This bill would require all state agencies, departments, boards, offices, commissions, and conservancies to consider the 30x30 goal when adopting, revising, or establishing plans, policies, and regulations.

Position

Watch

Misc1

Misc2

Total Measures: 52

Total Tracking Forms: 52