

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures

Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity

Eve Health Group Limited

ABN/ARBN

89 106 523 611

Financial year ended:

30 June 2025

Our corporate governance statement¹ for the period above can be found at:²

☐ These pages of our annual report:

☒ This URL on our website:

evehealthgroup.com.au/investors-corporate-governance

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 29 August 2025 and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.³

Date: 29 August 2025

Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement:

Steven Jackson, CFO/Company Secretary

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: evehealthgroup.com.au/investors-corporate-governance	
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	☒	
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	☒	
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	☒	

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with “*insert location*” underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert “our corporate governance statement”. If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg “pages 10-12 of our annual report”). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg “www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/”).

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.5 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.		☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
1.6 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☒ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: in our Corporate Governance Statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: in our Corporate Governance Statement	

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1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☒ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) at: in our Corporate Governance Statement and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process at: in our Corporate Governance Statement	

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PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE			
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	☒ and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively at: in our Corporate Governance Statement	
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.		☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	☒ and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors at: in our Corporate Governance Statement and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) at: in our Corporate Governance Statement and the length of service of each director at: in our Corporate Governance Statement	
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	☒	
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	☒	
PRINCIPLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	☒ and we have disclosed our values at: evehealthgroup.com.au/investors-corporate-governance	
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	☒ and we have disclosed our code of conduct at: evehealthgroup.com.au/investors-corporate-governance	
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy at: evehealthgroup.com.au/investors-corporate-governance	
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.		☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement

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PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS			
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.		☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	☒	
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	☒	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

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PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	☒ and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy at: evehealthgroup.com.au/investors-corporate-governance	
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	☒	
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	☒	
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	☒ and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at: evehealthgroup.com.au/investors-corporate-governance	
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	☒	
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	☒ and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders at: evehealthgroup.com.au/investors-corporate-governance	
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	☒	
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	☒	

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PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	☒ and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework at: evehealthgroup.com.au/investors-corporate-governance	
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	☒ and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period at: in our Corporate Governance Statement	
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	☒ and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes at: in our Corporate Governance Statement	

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7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	☒ and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks at: in our Corporate Governance Statement and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks at: in our Corporate Governance Statement	

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PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.		☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	☒ and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives at: in our Corporate Governance Statement	
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	☒ and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it at: in our Corporate Governance Statement	

This corporate governance statement sets out EVE Health Group Limited ("the Company") current compliance with the ASX Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations ("Recommendations"). The Recommendations are not mandatory, however this corporate governance statement discloses the extent to which the Company has followed the Recommendations.

PRINCIPLE 1: LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

Recommendation 1.1 Role of Board and Management

The Board considers that the essential responsibility of directors is to oversee the Company's activities for the benefit of its shareholders, employees and other stakeholders and to protect and enhance shareholder value. Responsibility for management of the Company's business is delegated to the Managing Director, who is accountable to the Board.

Further, the Board takes specific responsibility for:

- Contributing to the development of and approving corporate strategy;
- Appointing, assessing the performance of and, if necessary, removing the Managing Director;
- Reviewing and approving business plans, the annual budget and financial plans including available resources and major capital expenditure initiatives;
- Overseeing and monitoring:
 - Organisational performance and the achievement of strategic goals and objectives
 - Compliance with the Company's code of conduct
 - Progress of major capital expenditures and other corporate projects including acquisitions, mergers and divestments;
- Monitoring financial performance including approval of the annual, half yearly and quarterly reports and liaison with the auditor;
- Ensuring there are effective management processes in place, including reviewing and ratifying systems of risk identification and management, ensuring appropriate and adequate internal control processes, and that monitoring and reporting procedures for these systems are effective;
- Enhancing and protecting the Company's reputation;
- Approving major capital expenditure, capital management, acquisitions and divestments;
- Reporting to shareholders;
- Appointment of directors; and
- Any other matter considered desirable and in the interest of the Company.

The Board is responsible for the overall Corporate Governance of the Company including the strategic direction, establishing goals for management and monitoring the achievement of these goals. In broad terms, the Board is accountable to the shareholders and must ensure that the Company is properly managed to protect and enhance shareholders' wealth and other interests. The Board Charter sets out the role and responsibilities of the Board within the governance structure of the Company and its related bodies corporate (as defined in the Corporations Act).

Senior executives are responsible for the ongoing management of the Company's operations and reporting to the Board. They are accountable for all functions that are necessary to the operations of the Company and not specifically reserved to the Board. Senior executives' performance is reviewed on a regular basis by the Board.

A copy of the Board Charter is available on the Company's website.

Recommendation 1.2 Director / Senior Management Checks

The Company has in place a policy that it will perform appropriate checks on all potential directors and senior management. This will potentially include undertaking background and other checks before appointing a person or putting them forward to shareholders as a candidate for election as a director. The Company also provides information on the length of time in office for those seeking re-election as well information about relevant qualifications, skills and experiences.

Recommendation 1.3 Written Agreement with each Director and Senior Executive

All non-executive directors are engaged by the Company under letters of appointment and senior executives are engaged under executive service agreements. These agreements detail the roles and responsibilities of the individual.

Details of the letters of appointment and service contracts for senior executives are provided in the Remuneration Report within the Annual Report.

Recommendation 1.4 Company Secretary

The appointment and removal of a Company Secretary is a matter reserved for decision by the Board.

The Company Secretary has a direct line of communication with all directors, and is responsible for supporting the proper functioning of the Board which includes providing advice on governance and procedural issues, the preparation of Board papers and minutes, attendance at Board meetings and maintaining policies and procedures.

Recommendation 1.5 Diversity Policy

The Company has a formal policy in relation to diversity but has not set measurable objectives for the achieving diversity. The Board believes that given the size and nature of the Company's activities, and the existing diversity profile of the organisation, that an informal approach is appropriate at this time. Senior management roles and positions are filled by the best candidates available without discrimination. The Company aims to increase diversity in senior appointments as positions and appropriate candidates become available.

The Company is committed to a workplace environment that promotes diversity and recognises the key competitive benefits of recruiting, developing and retaining a talented, diverse and motivated workforce. The Board recognises the benefits of diversity at board level, senior management level and within the organisation generally and recognises the organisational strengths, deeper problem solving ability and opportunity for innovation that diversity may bring.

The Company intends to review this position annually and, as activities expand, plans to establish a formal diversity policy and set measurable objectives for achieving diversity in relation to gender. The Company also recognises the absence of female representation at board and senior executive levels and intends to consider appropriate steps to address this as the Company grows.

The proportion of women employees in the organisation as of 30 June 2025 is:

In whole organisation	38%
In senior executive positions	Nil
On the Board	nil

Recommendation 1.6 Board Performance Assessment

Membership of the Board, its activities and composition, is subject to on-going review. Given the size of the Company and the management team, this process is managed informally by the directors. Improvement in Board processes and effectiveness is a continuing objective and the primary purpose of Board evaluation is to identify ways to improve performance.

The Board has not conducted a formal performance assessment of the Board, including its Committees and individual directors, during the year. The Company will look to conduct a formal evaluation in the future.

Recommendation 1.7 Performance Evaluation of Senior Executives

The performance of all directors is reviewed by the Chairman on an ongoing basis and any director whose performance is considered unsatisfactory is asked to retire. The Chairman's performance is reviewed by the other Board members.

The Company has established guidelines to identify the measurable and qualitative indicators of the director's performance during the course of the year. Those guidelines include:

- Attendance at all board meetings. Missing more than three consecutive meetings without reasonable excuse will result in that director's position being reviewed; and
- Attendance at the Company's Shareholder Meetings. Non-attendance without reasonable excuse will result in that director's position being reviewed.

No formal performance reviews were conducted during the 2025 financial year.

PRINCIPLE 2: STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE

Recommendation 2.1 Nominations Committee

The Company does not currently have a separate Nomination Committee. The duties and responsibilities typically delegated to such a committee are considered to be the responsibility of the full Board, given the size and nature of the Company's activities and as such, the Board does not believe that any marked efficiencies or enhancements would be achieved by the creation of a separate nomination committee.

Recommendation 2.2 Board Skills Matrix

The Company supports the appointment of directors who bring a wide range of business and professional skills and experience. While the Company does not have a formal skills matrix, it does consider directors attributes prior to any appointment. The qualifications, skills and experience for each director are included in the Directors' Report in the Annual Report. The Company will review the requirement for a skills matrix as it grows to ensure that it is in the best position to add expertise and experience that is relevant to the Company.

Recommendation 2.3 Directors' Independence

An independent director is defined as a director that is free of any interest, position, association or relationship that might influence, or reasonably be perceived to influence, in a material respect his or her capacity to bring an independent judgment to bear on issues before the Board and to act in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders.

The date of appointment and independence of each director is as follows. A profile of each director and their professional skills and expertise is included in the Directors' Report of the Annual Report.

Name	Position	Date of Appointment	Independent
Rodney Hannington	Non-Executive Chairman	15 June 2022	Yes
Stuart Gunzburg	Executive Director / CSO	12 June 2025	No
Gregory (Bill) Fry	Non-Executive Director	19 August 2009	No

Recommendation 2.4 Majority of Directors Independent

The Company does not presently meet the requirements of Recommendation 2.4 as there is not a majority of independent directors. The Board believes this current structure is best suited to enable the Company to deliver shareholder value and manage the operations for a company of its size. The Company will continue to review its Board structure as it grows to ensure that it has the best structure in place to deliver value to its shareholders, key stakeholders and the communities in which it operates.

Recommendation 2.5 Chairman and Chief Executive Officer / Managing Director

The Company maintains a separation between the role of Chairman and the role of Chief Executive Officer.

Recommendation 2.6 Company Induction and Professional Development of Directors

The Board's induction program provides incoming directors with information that will enable them to carry out their duties in the best interests of the Company, as well as educating them in the Company's policies and procedures.

The Company encourages directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as Directors.

PRINCIPLE 3: ACT LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

Recommendation 3.1 Company's Values

The Company's values are:

- Act with honesty and integrity
- Respect the law and act accordingly
- Respect confidentiality and not misuse information
- Value and maintain professionalism
- Avoid conflicts of interest
- Strive to be good corporate citizens
- Have respect for each other

Recommendation 3.2 Code of Conduct

The Company has a formal Code of Conduct which establishes the standards of behaviour expected of Directors and employees of the Company.

All directors and employees have a responsibility to report any suspected non-compliance with the Code of Conduct, during the period there were no instances reported to the Board or management.

A copy of the Code of Conduct is available on the Company's website.

Recommendation 3.3 Whistleblower Policy

The Company has a formal Whistleblower Policy available on the Company's website.

The policy outlines reportable conduct and procedures including the fair treatment of all stakeholders in the process. The policy applies to all of the Company's officers and employees.

Recommendation 3.4 Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy

The Company does not currently have in place a formal Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy. The Company expects that its other actions in this area such as the Code of Conduct and Whistleblower Policy sufficiently cover the Company's requirements in this area at this stage. The Board intends to adopt a formal policy as operations expand.

PRINCIPLE 4: SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING

Recommendation 4.1 Audit Committee

The Board has established an Audit Committee with a charter that sets out its roles, responsibilities, composition, structure and membership requirements. The Audit Committee's responsibilities include overseeing the Company's financial reporting, reviewing internal controls, monitoring compliance with applicable laws and regulations, liaising with the external auditor, and reviewing the performance of the external audit function.

Following the recent Board changes, the Audit Committee is to be re-constituted to ensure an appropriate composition going forward. Until that time, the role of the Audit Committee will be fulfilled by the full Board. Therefore, the Audit Committee does not currently fully comply with Recommendation 4.1.

The Audit Committee did not meet during the year ended 30 June 2025. A copy of the Audit Committee Charter is available on the Company's website.

Recommendation 4.2 Declarations from the CEO and CFO

The Chief Executive Officer (or equivalent) and the Chief Financial Officer (or equivalent) provide a declaration in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act to the Board that, in their opinion, the financial records of the Company have been

properly maintained and that the Company's financial reports comply with the appropriate accounting standards and present a true and fair view of the Company's financial position and performance and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

Recommendation 4.3 Verification of Periodic Corporate Reports

The Board ensures that any periodic corporate report the Company intends to release to the market is internally reviewed, verified and approved by the Company Secretary prior to release to the market.

PRINCIPLE 5: MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

Recommendation 5.1 Continuous Disclosure Policy

The Company has a formal Continuous Disclosure Policy as required by Recommendation 5.1. This policy was introduced to ensure the Company achieves best practice in complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules and ensuring the Company and individual officers do not contravene the Corporations Act or ASX Listing Rules. A full copy of this policy can be found on the Company's website.

The Company is required to immediately tell the ASX once it becomes aware of any information concerning it that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the entity's securities.

Therefore, to meet this obligation the Company undertakes to:

- Notify the ASX immediately it becomes aware of any information that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price and value of the company's securities, unless that information is not required to be disclosed under the listing rules;
- Disclose notifications to the ASX on the Company website following confirmation of the publishing of the information by the ASX; and
- Not respond to market speculation or rumour unless the ASX considers it necessary due to there being, or likely to be, a false market in the Company's securities.

The Managing Director and Company Secretary are responsible for co-ordinating the disclosure requirements. To ensure appropriate procedure all Directors, officers and employees of the Company coordinate disclosures through the Company Secretary, including:

- Media releases;
- Analyst briefings and presentations; and
- The release of reports and operational results.

Recommendation 5.2 Distribution of Material Market Announcements to the Board

The Company requires that copies are provided to the Board by the Company Secretary of all material market announcements promptly after they are made.

Recommendation 5.3 Release of Presentation Materials Continuous Disclosure Policy

The Company has a policy of providing access to balanced and understandable information on the Company's performance, this includes providing access to presentation material through the ASX platform.

PRINCIPLE 6: RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS

Recommendation 6.1 Information on Website

The Company provides information about itself and its governance to investors via its website and has a "Corporate Governance" section where all relevant corporate governance information can be accessed.

The Company's Constitution, committee charters and relevant Corporate Governance Policies are all listed on the Corporate Governance section of the website.

The Company website also includes copies of its annual reports and financial statements, ASX announcements, Notice of Meetings as well as an overview of the Company's business activities.

Recommendation 6.2 Investor Relations Program

It is the policy of the Company to communicate effectively with its shareholders by giving them ready access to balanced and understandable information about the Company. The Board aims to ensure that shareholders are kept informed of all major developments affecting the Company. The Company actively engages with shareholders, meeting them on request and responding to any enquiries that they make from time to time.

The Company's full policy on shareholder communication can be found on the Company's website.

Recommendation 6.3 Participation at Meetings of Shareholders

The Company has policies and procedures in place which enable shareholders to receive the reports and participate in shareholder meetings by attendance or by written communication. The Board seeks to notify all shareholders so they can be fully informed for voting at the AGM. Shareholders can make an election to receive a copy of the Company's Annual Report by mail; otherwise the Annual Report is available on the Company's website. Shareholders are encouraged at AGMs to ask questions of directors, senior management as well as the Company's external auditors who are required to be in attendance.

Recommendation 6.4 Decision of Substantive Resolutions by Poll

The Company decides all substantive resolutions at meetings of its security holders by poll and discloses the results of these votes to the market.

Recommendation 6.5 Electronic Communication

The Company and its registry have the capability to communicate with shareholders electronically through our website and email. Details are provided on the Company's website.

PRINCIPLE 7: RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

Recommendation 7.1 Risk Committee

Risk oversight, management and internal control are dealt with on a continuous basis by management and the Board. The Company has an integrated framework of control based on formal procedures and appropriate delegation of financial and other authorities. The executive directors and senior management have responsibility for identifying, assessing, treating and monitoring risks and reporting to the Board on risk management. The Board has established a formal policy to effectively recognise and manage risk.

Due to the size and structure of the Company, currently all functions, roles and responsibilities regarding risk oversight and management and internal control are undertaken by the Board as a whole.

A copy of the Risk Management and Internal Control policy is available on the Company's website.

Recommendation 7.2 Annual Risk Review

The Company continually reviews its risk management framework as required. The Board is regularly briefed and involved in discussions in relation to risks facing the Company. During the period no formal annual review was conducted.

Recommendation 7.3 Internal Audit

Due to the size and structure of the Company there is currently no formal internal audit function.

The Company's management periodically undertakes an internal review of financial systems and processes and where systems are developed. The Audit Committee also considers reviews of specific areas and monitors the implementation of system improvements.

Recommendation 7.4 Environmental and Social Risks

The Company continually reviews environmental and social sustainability risks in the areas in which it operates. The Company's risk profile encompasses activities associated with regulated pharmaceutical development, including manufacturing processes, clinical development, regulatory compliance, and patient safety. These areas are subject to rigorous oversight by management and the Board, with appropriate delegation of responsibilities to experienced executives and specialists to ensure that risks are effectively identified, monitored and managed.

At present, the Board does not consider that there are any material environmental or social sustainability risks facing the Company. However, the Board recognises that these risks may change as the Company's operations grow and will continue to review and update its risk management framework accordingly.

Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Recommendation 8.1 Remuneration Committee

The Board had established a Remuneration Committee with a charter that sets out its roles, responsibilities, composition, structure and membership requirements. The Remuneration Committee makes recommendations to the Board about the remuneration of executive and non-executive directors as well as senior management of the Company.

Following the recent Board changes, the Remuneration Committee is to be re-constituted to ensure an appropriate composition going forward. Until that time, the role of the Remuneration Committee will be fulfilled by the full Board. Therefore, the Remuneration Committee does not currently fully comply with Recommendation 8.1.

The Remuneration Committee did not meet during the year ended 30 June 2025. A copy of the Remuneration Committee Charter is available on the Company's website.

Recommendation 8.2 Disclosure of Remuneration Policies and Practices

The Remuneration Committee's role is to review and recommend remuneration for directors and senior management, review remuneration policies and practices and incentive schemes in accordance with the Remuneration Committee Charter.

The Company's remuneration policy is to ensure that remuneration properly reflects the relevant person's duties and responsibilities and that the remuneration is competitive in attracting, retaining and motivating people of the highest quality.

Further details on the Company's remuneration practices regarding directors are contained within the Remuneration Report which forms part of the Director's Report in the Annual Report.

Recommendation 8.3 Policy on Equity Based Remuneration Scheme

The Company has a Trading Policy which applies to all directors, employees and consultants. This policy provides a brief summary of the law on insider trading and other relevant laws and establishes a best practice procedure relating to dealing in the Company's securities.

In accordance with the Trading Policy, participants in equity-based remuneration plans are not permitted to enter into any transactions that would limit the economic risk of options or other unvested entitlements.

A copy of the Trading Policy is available on the Company's website.