

Engineering and Business Solutions

Climate Risk Modelling

Made Practical for Macroeconomic Decision Making

















Agenda

Introduction to Opti-Num Solutions

MATLAB uses in Financial Services

Incorporating Climate Risk Modelling

DEMO: Using the IMF DIGNAD Model

How We Can Support You

QnA















Opti-Num Solutions is a high-tech consulting and engineering firm specialising Artificial Intelligence, Model Operations, and Simulation Engineering.

- Trusted MathWorks partner since 1992
- Original developers of MathWorks' Industrial Communication Toolbox
- Successfully delivered more than 250 projects locally and internationally
- Skilled consulting team of 30+ engineers and developers





















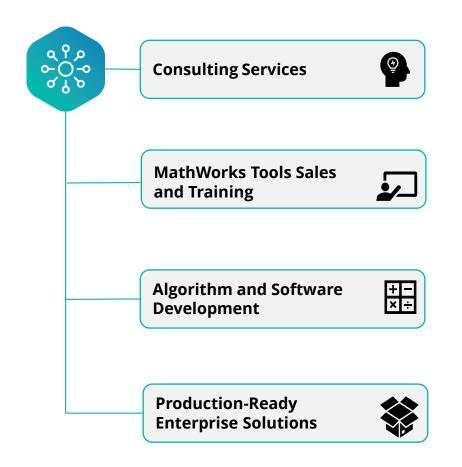






Offerings & Industries Served

At Opti-Num Solutions, we are passionate about partnering with our clients to tackle complex business challenges and provide data-driven, evidence-based solutions. Our enthusiasm for interesting challenges has given us a broad range of exposure to many different industries and industry leading clients.













Key Uses of MATLAB in Banking/Finance

Central Banks Regulators

Macroeconomic forecasting

Stress testing & scenario analysis for financial stability

System risk modeling and contagion analysis

Asset Managers, Hedge Funds & **Proprietary Trading** Portfolio Optimisation and Asset Allocation

Risk modeling and Monte Carlo simulations

Algorithmic trading and quantitative strategies

Commercial Banks

- Credit risk modeling and default probability
- Balance sheet stress testing
- Consumer finance models loan pricing & capital allocation

Investment Banks

- Valuation models
- Option pricing and deriviative modeling
- Market risk (VaR) and high frequency trading

Insurance Re-insurers

- Actuarial risk modeling
- Catastrophe modeling for natural disasters
- Solvency capital modeling

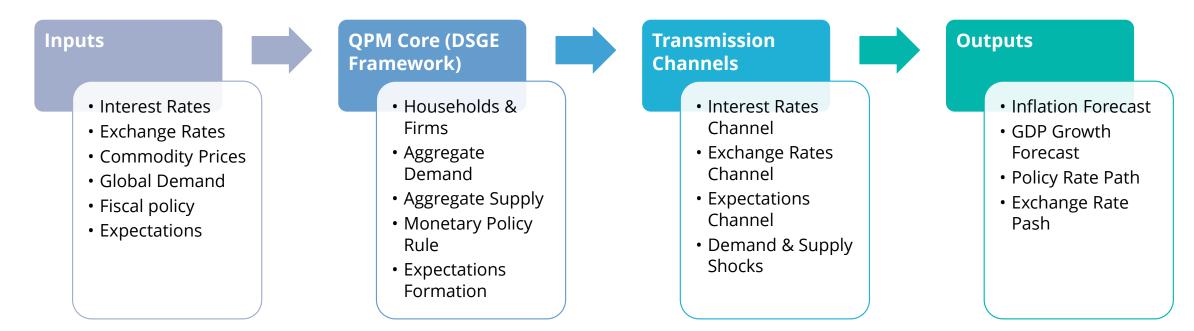








Quarterly Projection Model (QPM)



Uses of QPM:

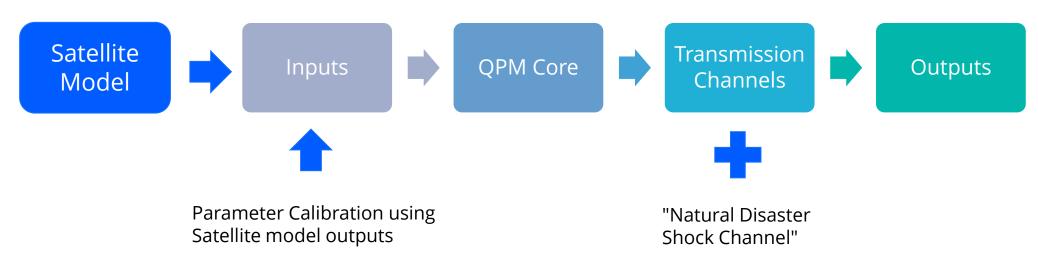
- Produce baseline forecasts (e.g., GDP, Inflation, Interest Rates, Exchange Rates).
- Conduct scenario analysis and policy simulations (e.g., oil price shocks, fiscal stimulus)
- Support Monetary Policy or Inflation Reports



Incorporating Satellite Models - Climate Risk Modelling

Central banks & policy makers, especially in emerging markets, could integrate satellitestyle modules or insights into their **core macroeconomic frameworks** to better capture the **macroeconomic and financial implications of specific shocks**.

Feed the resulting macro paths (output, inflation, debt, aid inflows) as scenario inputs into the QPM





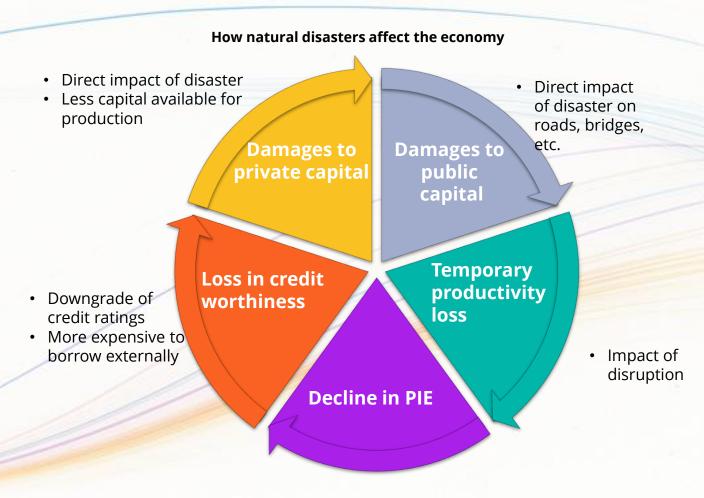






A Brief Overview of DIGNAD

- **D**ebt-Investment-**G**rowth-**Na**tural-**D**isasters
- Extension of the DIG model
- Used to simulate the effect of oneoff climate induced disasters
- Evaluates macroeconomic dynamics of key variables (GDP, debt, fiscal deficit, public and private investment, etc.) under alternative scenarios
- DIGNAD is a DGE model suitable for EMDEs
- Developed by the IMF



- More expensive to reconstruct public capital
- Capacity constraints



The DIGNAD Model Structure: **General Equilibrium**



- **Fiscal instruments:** Consumption & labour tax (VAT)
- Debt instruments: Domestic/External debt
- Public Infrastructure (Standard/Adaptation)
- Other: Donor grants
- Policy instruments can be exogenous or respond endogenously to fiscal gap
- Fiscal rule: taxes endogenously respond to fiscal gap and debt deviations
 - Households: Savers, Nonsavers
 - Earn labor income and domestic transfers
 - Consume domestic and foreign goods
 - Savers choose where to invest

Policy



The dynamic general equilibrium nature of the model ensures that these three blocks are interdependent, and macroeconomic outcomes are jointly determined by their interaction.



Private Demand



Private Supply



- Firm Sectors: Tradable, Nontradable
- Firm production requires inputs:
 - Labour
 - Private Capital
 - Public Infrastructure (Standard, Adaptation)



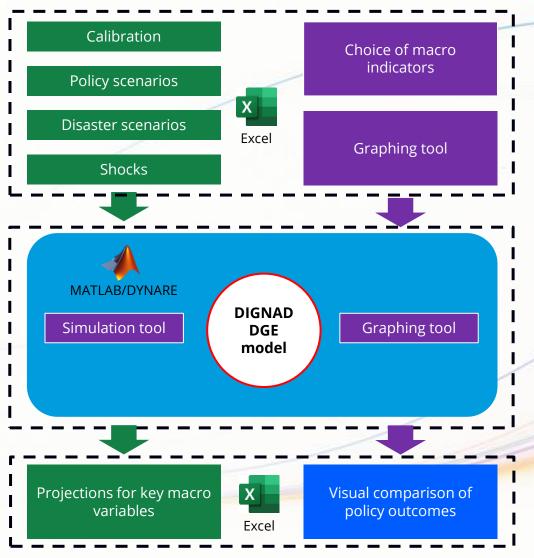


\sim





The DIGNAD Toolkit



- Consider a hypothetical once-in-a-100 years devastating flood destroying 10% of Rwanda's capital stock.
- What might be the impact of investing in ex-ante adaptation on output growth and public debt?

Scenario 1: Baseline

- No adaptation infrastructure
- A natural disaster hits in 5 years

Scenario 2: Adaptation Investment

- Investment in resilient infrastructure
- Budget envelope of 1.5% of GDP/year
- Private financing and concessional borrowing for 5 consecutive years

Scenario 3: Adaptation & Reforms

- · Investment in resilient infrastructure
- Climate reforms: PIMA, green PFM, 20% increase in PIE
- Catalysed green financing from Private Sector & DPs and further 1.5% of GDP

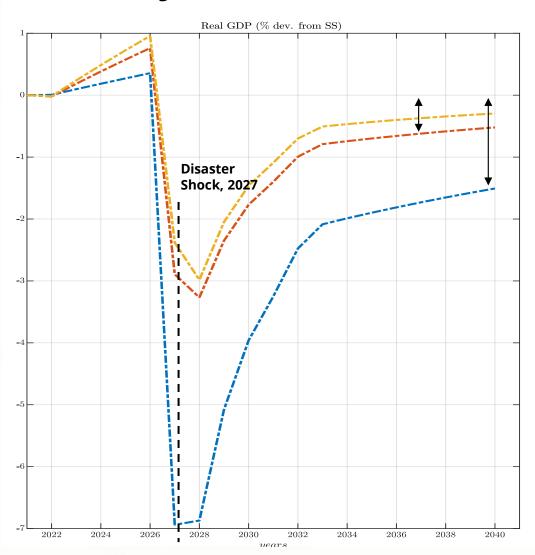


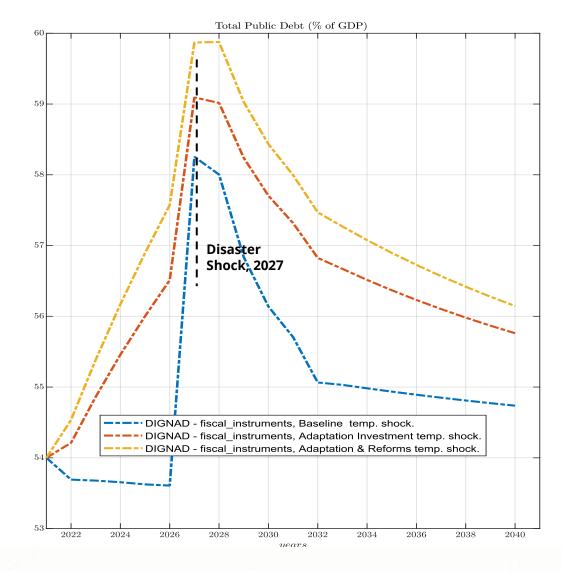






Policy Lessons from DIGNAD Simulations













How We Can Support You



MATLAB can be used to:

- Build apps/webapps and tools to pre-process and visualise data
- Fit, simulate, and forecast complex macroeconomic scenarios using univariate and multivariate econometric models
- Model and manage stress tests and prudential requirements, and maintain orderly markets using machine learning
- Scale, compute, and store data securely in the cloud and integrate with your organisation's enterprise technology infrastructure



Opti-Num can help you with:

 Technical support, onsite or in-person training, and expert consultant services

Key Products:

- Statistics & Machine Learning Toolbox
- Optimisation Toolbox
- Econometrics Toolbox
- Financial Toolbox
- Parallel Computing Toolbox
- Database Toolbox
- MATLAB Compiler
- Etc.



Let's get started.

- ► Contact us to start building solutions.
- optinumsolutions.com
- sales@optinum.co.za
- <u>info@optinum.co.za</u>