## **GUARDED TESTING**

Dr. Randy Van Straaten



# BELI Building Enclosure Labs Inc

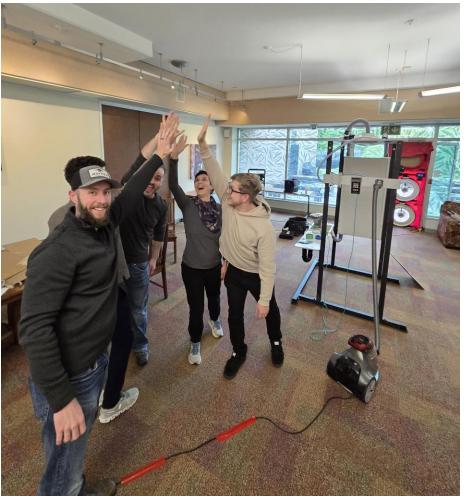
A laboratory and consulting firm bringing sustainability and building science and education to the industry









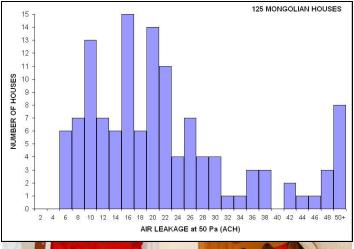


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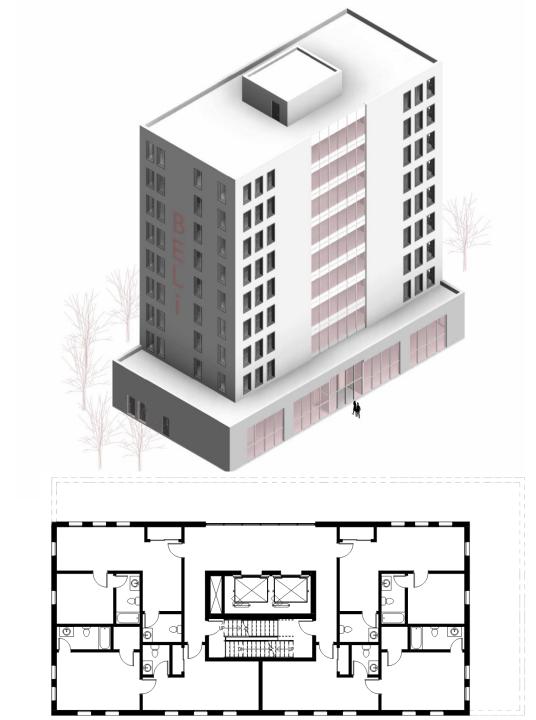




## **EXAMPLE BUILDING**







#### **TESTING LARGE BUILDING**

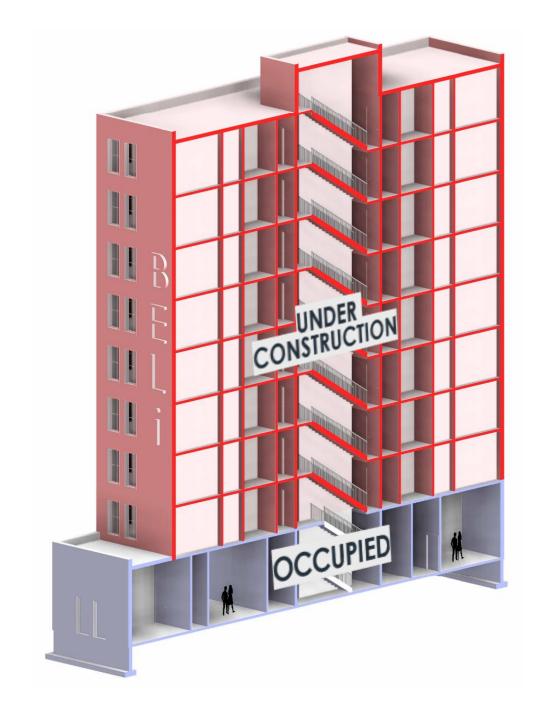
Whole Building Air Tightness includes all building envelope boundaries in one test

Preferred method of measuring envelope air tightness



However, this becomes impractical for large buildings.

1. Phased completion



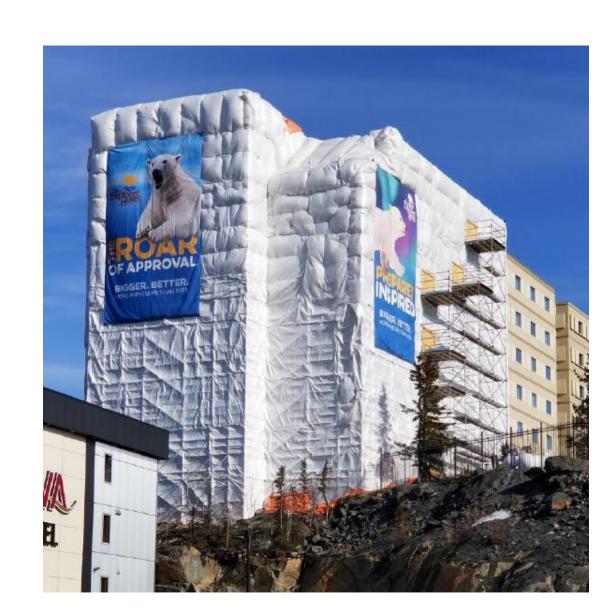
Can be impractical for large buildings.

- 1. Phased completion
- 2. Stack effort

Hence, for testing large buildings you need:

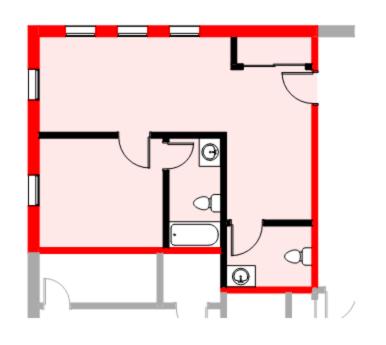
- good weather and
- a period when air barrier installation is completed but building is not occupied

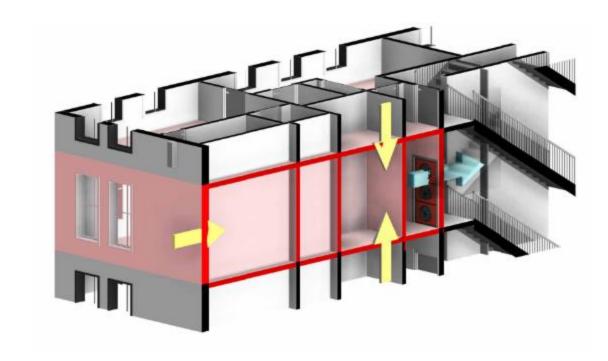
Other options?



#### **SUITE TESTING**

#### **TEST ZONE**

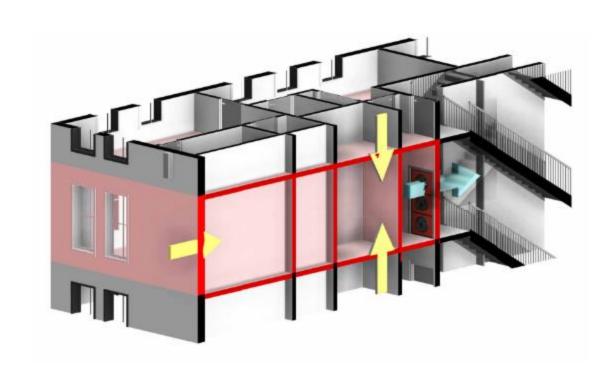




Suite Test: the test boundary will be all elements of the building enclosure and demising assemblies surrounding the test zone.

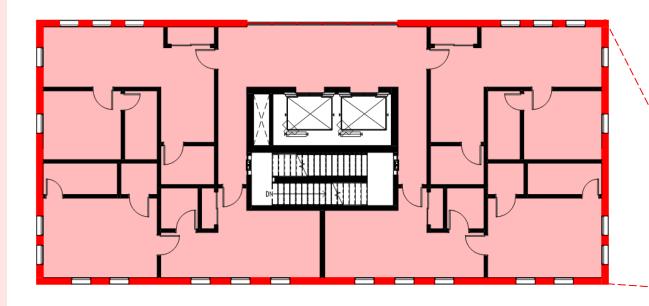
Majority of air leakage through internal boundaries and not the building envelope

- Useful for diagnostics
- Used to assess suite compartmentalization
  - Odour and pollutant control
  - Noise control

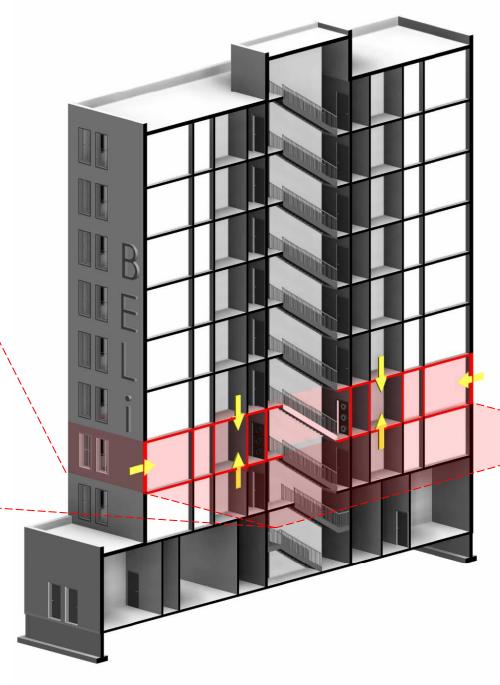


#### SINGLE FLOOR TESTING

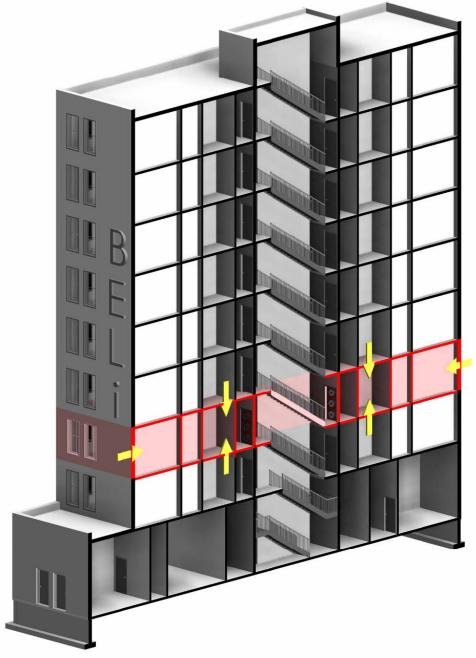
#### **TEST ZONE**



Single-floor test: the test boundary will be building enclosure and demising assemblies surrounding the test zone.

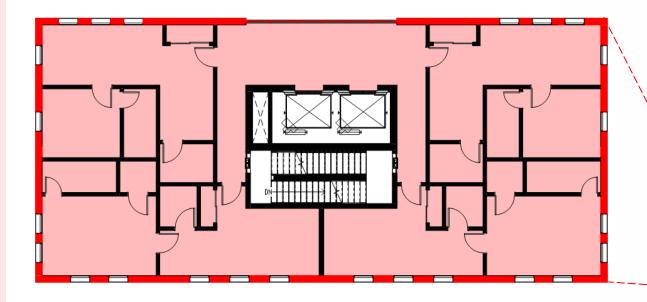


- Air leakage through floor assemblies can dominate
- Air leakage through bypasses (stairwell, elevators, service runs) can dominate

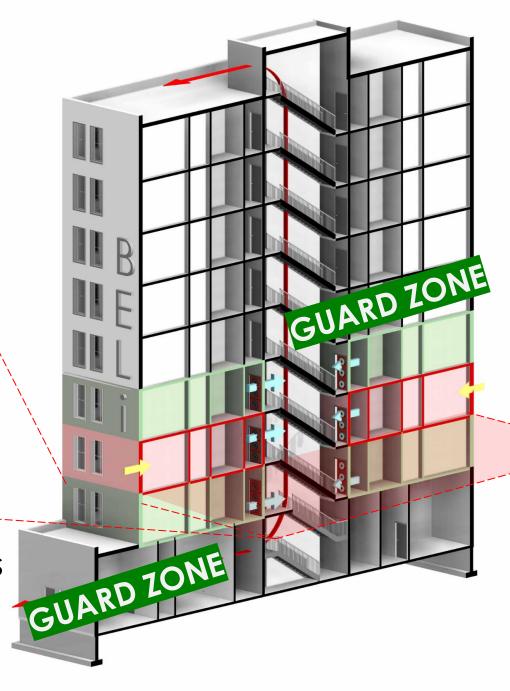


#### **GUARDED TESTING**

#### **TEST ZONE**

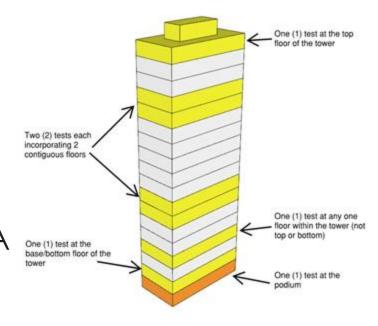


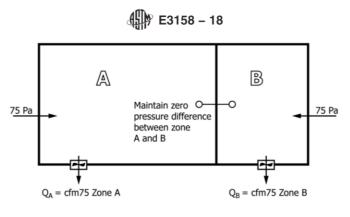
Guarded Test: maintain adjacent spaces at test pressure



#### REFERENCES IN STANDARDS

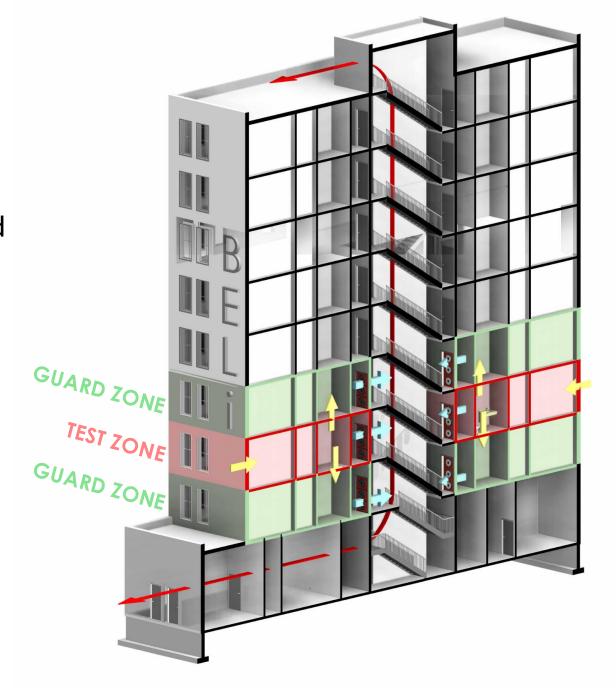
- Toronto Green Standard allowed if whole building is not feasible. Sampling protocol.
- ASTM E-3158 test single zone condition ... As long as the pressure differential between area A and area B is less than 10 % of the induced test pressures.
- USACE Test Protocol internal pressure uniformity requirement of no two locations differing more than 10% of the induced envelope pressure.
- CAN/CGSB-149.10-2019 Use the test fan systems to ensure the pressure difference between the adjacent zones and the tested zone is as close to zero as possible, within 3 Pa...





 $Q_{whole\ building} = Q_A + Q_B$  FIG. X1.1 Creating Single Zone Condition from Multiple Zones

1. Guard Error: Slight pressure difference between guard zone and test zone can skew results.



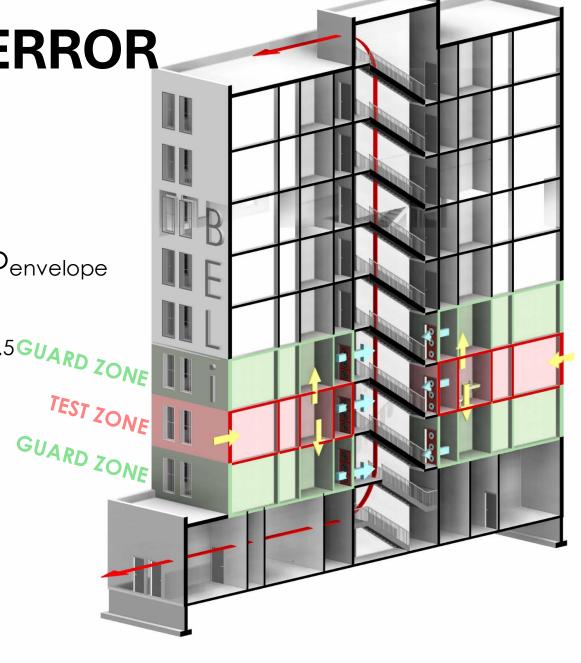
## **ESTIMATING GUARD ERROR**

$$Q_{\text{measured}} = Q_{\text{envelope}} + Q_{\text{guard}}$$

 $Q_{envelope} = NLR_{envelope} \times A_{envelope} \times \Delta p_{envelope}$ 

 $Q_{guard} = ELA Cd (2\Delta P_{guard} / density)^{0.5 GUARD ZONE}$ 

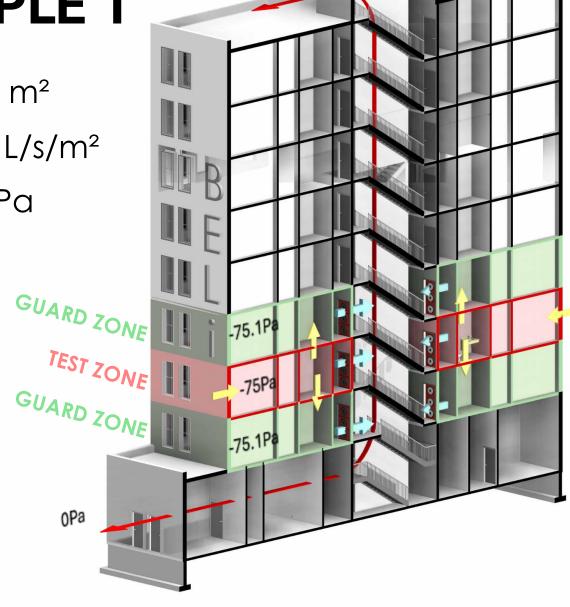
 $%Error = |Q_{guard}|/Q_{actual}$ 



 $Wall_{area} = 180 \text{ m}^2$  | Floor<sub>area</sub> = 540 m<sup>2</sup>

 $NLR_{envelope} = 1 L/s/m^2 | NLR_{guard} = 2 L/s/m^2$ 

 $\Delta p_{\text{envelope}} = -75 \text{ Pa} \mid \Delta p_{\text{guard}} = -0.1 \text{ Pa}$ 



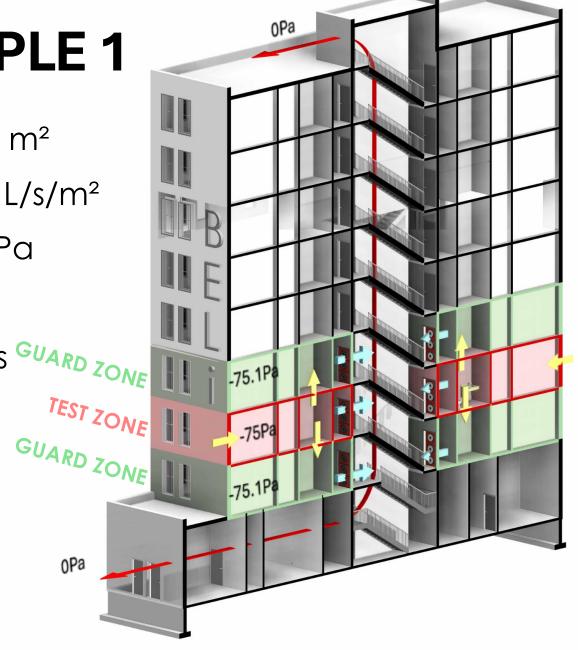
 $Wall_{area} = 180 \text{ m}^2$  | Floor<sub>area</sub> = 540 m<sup>2</sup>

 $NLR_{envelope} = 1 L/s/m^2 | NLR_{guard} = 2 L/s/m^2$ 

 $\Delta p_{\text{envelope}} = -75 \text{ Pa} \mid \Delta p_{\text{guard}} = -0.1 \text{ Pa}$ 

 $Q_{envelope} = 180 L/s \mid Q_{guard} = -39 L/s \frac{GU_{ARD}}{ZONE}$ 

 $Q_{\text{measured}} = 141 \text{ L/s}$ 



 $Wall_{area} = 180 \text{ m}^2$  | Floor<sub>area</sub> = 540 m<sup>2</sup>

 $NLR_{envelope} = 1 L/s/m^2 | NLR_{guard} = 2 L/s/m^2$ 

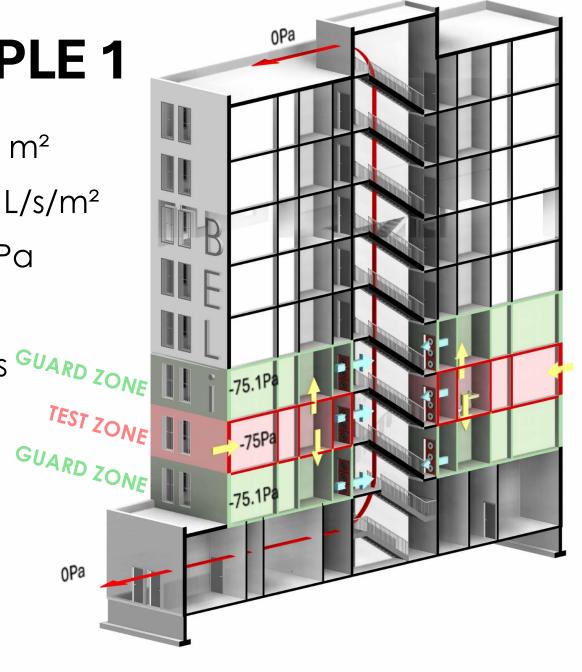
 $\Delta p_{\text{envelope}} = -75 \text{ Pa} \mid \Delta p_{\text{guard}} = -0.1 \text{ Pa}$ 

 $Q_{envelope} = 180 L/s | Q_{guard} = -39 L/s GUARD ZONE$ 

 $Q_{\text{measured}} = 141 \text{ L/s}$ 

 $NLR_{measured} = 0.78 L/s/m^2$ 

Error = 22 % low CHEATING?



 $NLR_{envelope} = 1 L/s/m^2 | NLR_{guard} = 2 L/s/m^2$ 

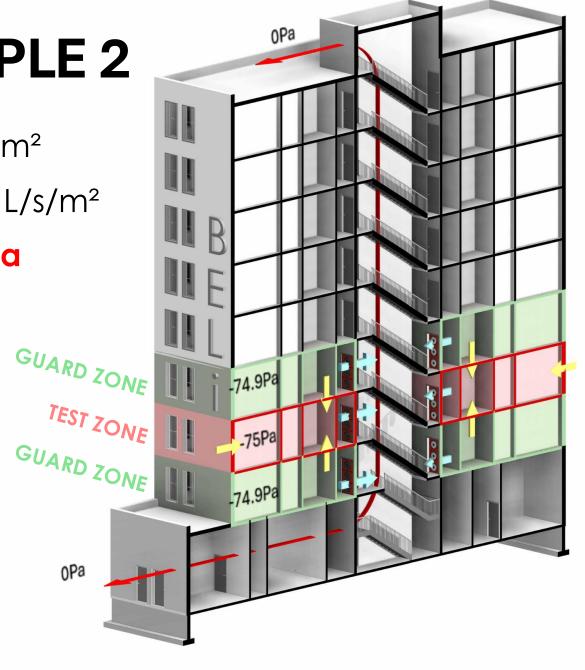
 $\Delta p_{\text{envelope}} = -75 \, \text{Pa} \, \mid \, \Delta p_{\text{guard}} = 0.1 \, \text{Pa}$ 

 $Q_{envelope} = 180 L/s \mid Q_{guard} = 39 L/s$ 

 $Q_{\text{measured}} = 219 \text{ L/s}$ 

 $NLR_{measured} = 1.22 L/s/m^2$ 

Error = 22 % high **PROBLEM?** 



 $Floor_{area} = 540 \text{ m}^2 \text{ | Wall}_{area} = 180 \text{ m}^2$ 

 $NLR_{envelope} = 1 L/s/m^2 | NLR_{guard} = 1 L/s/m^2$ 

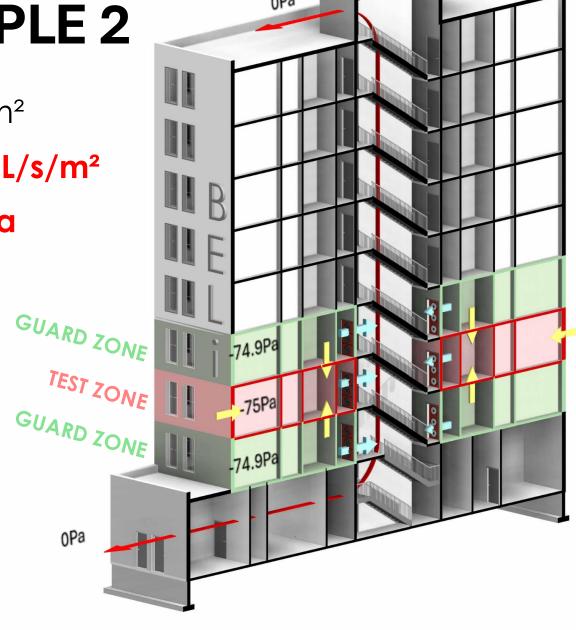
 $\Delta p_{\text{envelope}} = -75 \text{ Pa} \mid \Delta p_{\text{guard}} = 0.1 \text{ Pa}$ 

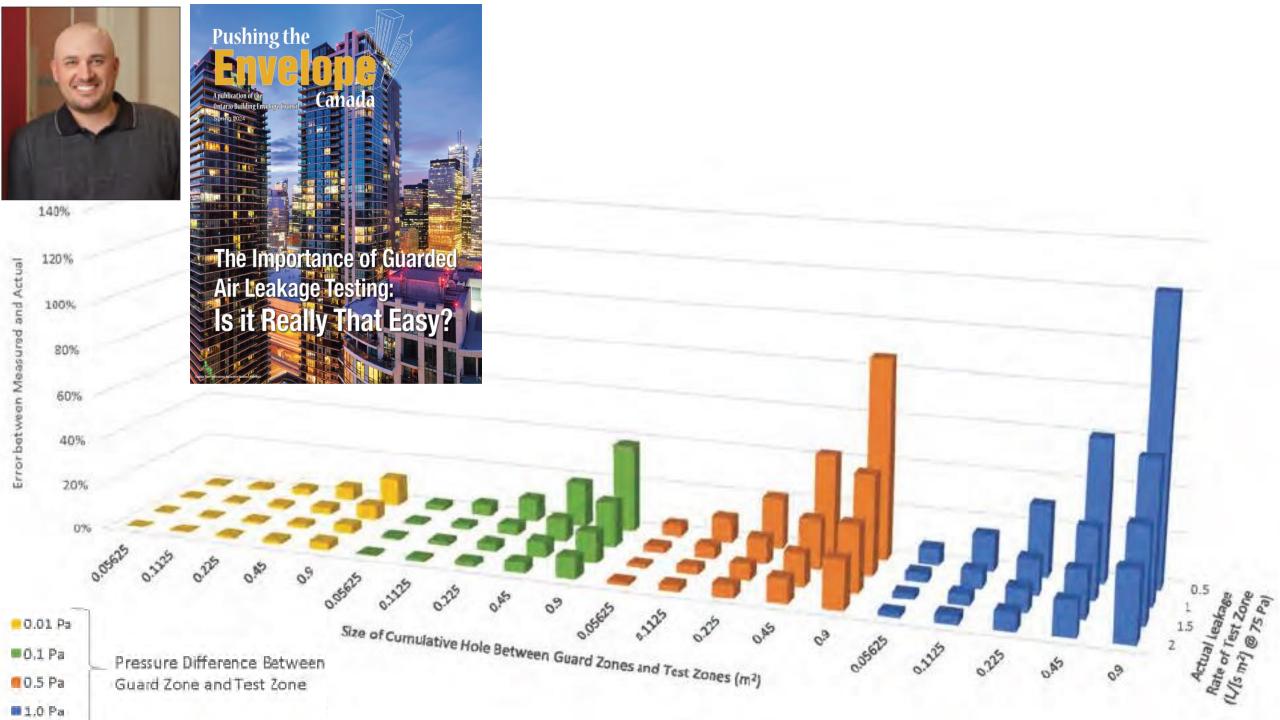
 $Q_{envelope} = 180 L/s \mid Q_{guard} = 20 L/s$ 

 $Q_{\text{measured}} = 200 \text{ L/s}$ 

 $NLR_{measured} = 1.11 L/s/m^2$ 

Error = 11 % high **BETTER** 









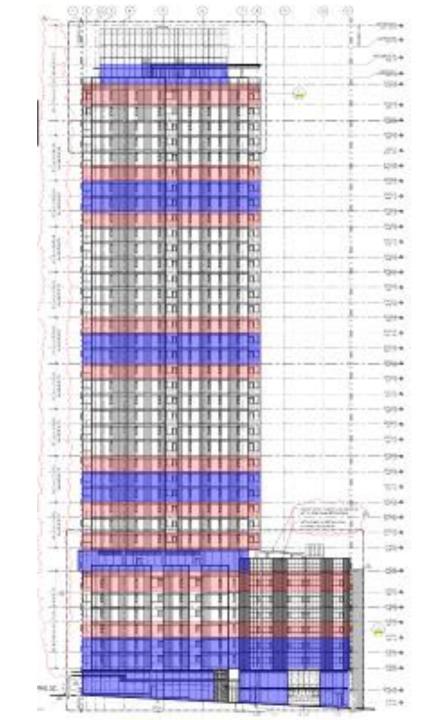
#### **Air Leakage Testing of High Rise Buildings: Limitations and** Alternate Approaches Denali Jones

RDH Building Science



TABLE 2 TOTAL SQUARE FOOTAGE OF THE TEST ZONES AND THE DATE TESTED								
Test Zone	Description	Date Tested	Envelope Area					
Α	Level 1	1/29/2018	26,696					
В	Levels 2-3	10/28/2017	37,066					
С	Level 8	12/16/2017	11,350					
D	Level 12-13	12/2/2017	14,585					
E	Level 21-22	12/2/2017	14,585					
F	Level 31-32	12/16/2017	14,585					
G	Level 39	1/27/2018	13,232					

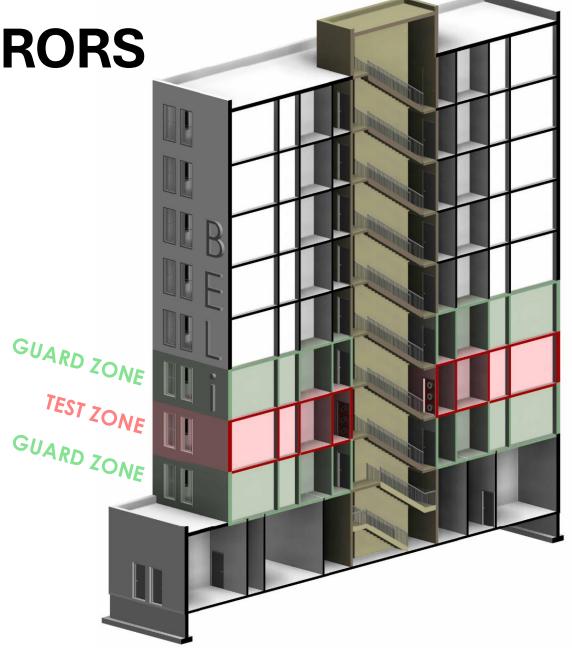
TABLE 3 SUMMARY AIRTIGHTNESS OF EACH TEST ZONE									
	Zone A	Zone B	Zone C	Zone D	Zone E	Zone F	Zone G		
Test Condition	cfm/ft²								
Depressurize:	0.161	0.170	0.271	0.177	0.184	0.132	0.228		
Pressurize:	0.167	0.233	0.304	0.259	0.182	0.127	0.254		
Average:	0.164	0.202	0.288	0.218	0.183	0.129	0.241		



**FUTURE STUDY OF ERRORS** 

- 2. Uneven Guard Pressures
- 3. P<sub>Zone By Pass</sub> not at Neutral Pressure
- 4. Leakage Thru Zone By Pass
- 5. Different P<sub>Zone By Pass</sub> Pressures
- 6. Floor Sampling Limitations
- 7. Envelope area when bypass zones have exterior walls

MORE ERRORS
EMAIL TO RANDY@BELI-ENG.COM?



#### **TAKE AWAYS**

Avoid guarded testing Talk clients into whole building air testing and uses zone or guarded tests as last resort

If you have to do a guarded test

- **Be conservative** make sure the guard is at a lesser magnitude pressure than the test
- Minimize error Seal between the guarded and test zones as best as possible
- Minimize error Test multiple floors at a time to maximizer envelope area captured in test
- Avoid guarding testing If you seal between the guarded and test zones really well than you don't have to try guarding