

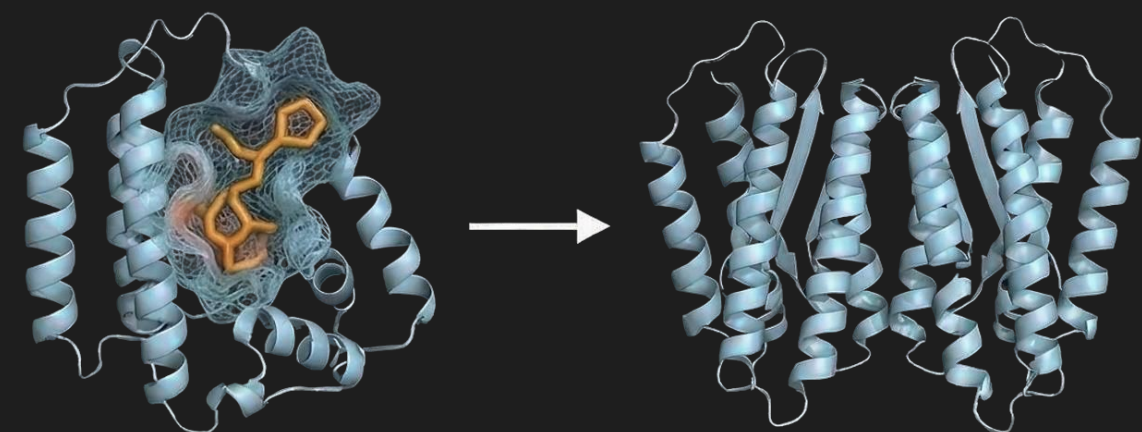
Targeting Receptor Dimerization: Unlocking First-In-Class Drug Discovery Targeting Novel Functional Interfaces

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From Orthosteric Inhibitors to Dimerization Disruption SandboxAQ Oncology Research Partnership

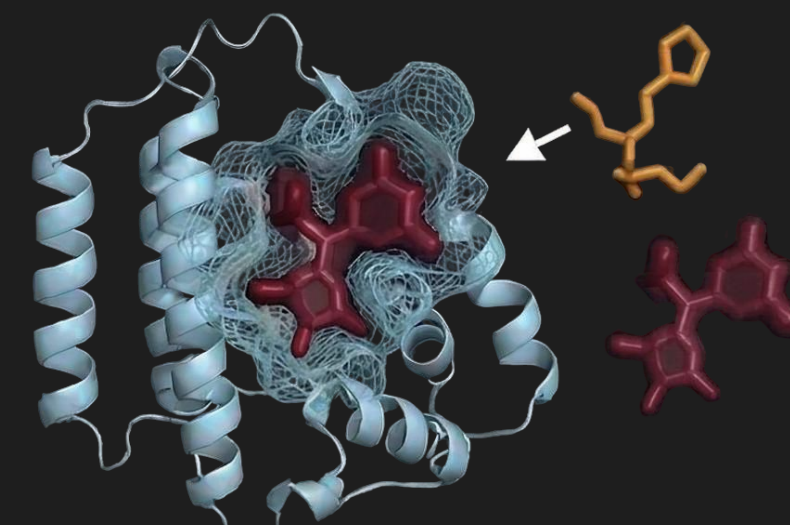
1. Natural Process

Protein binds
natural ligand →
dimerization →
function →
proliferation



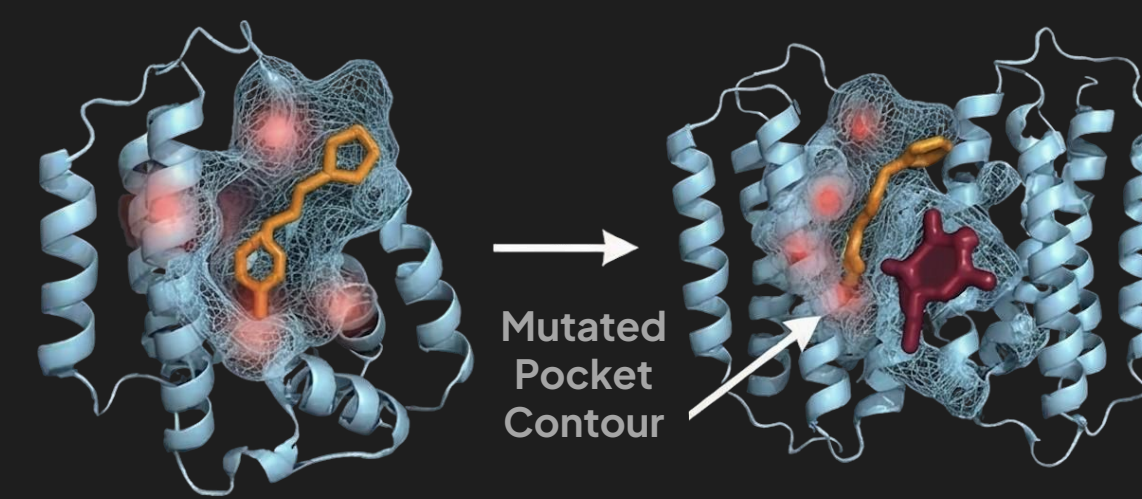
2. Classic Inhibition Approach

Inhibitor blocks natural
ligand → prevent
dimerization → no
function → no
proliferation



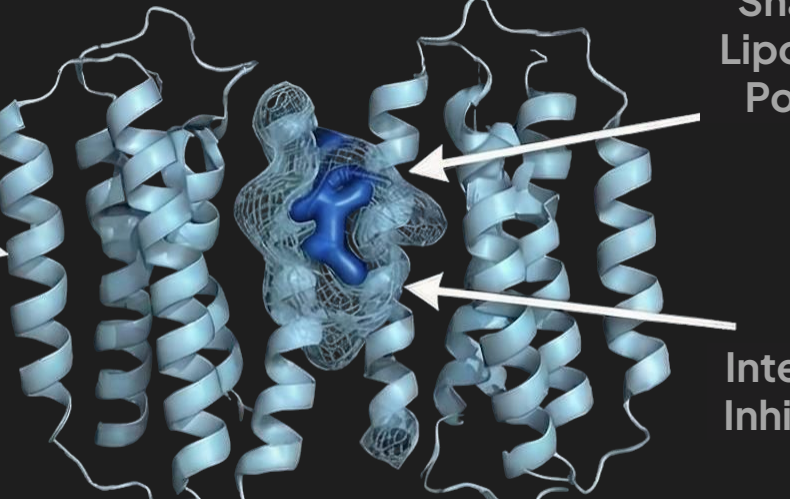
3. Resistance Development

Binding pocket
mutates → binds
natural ligand &
turns inhibitors into
activators →
dimerization →
function →
proliferation



4. SandboxAQ Approach

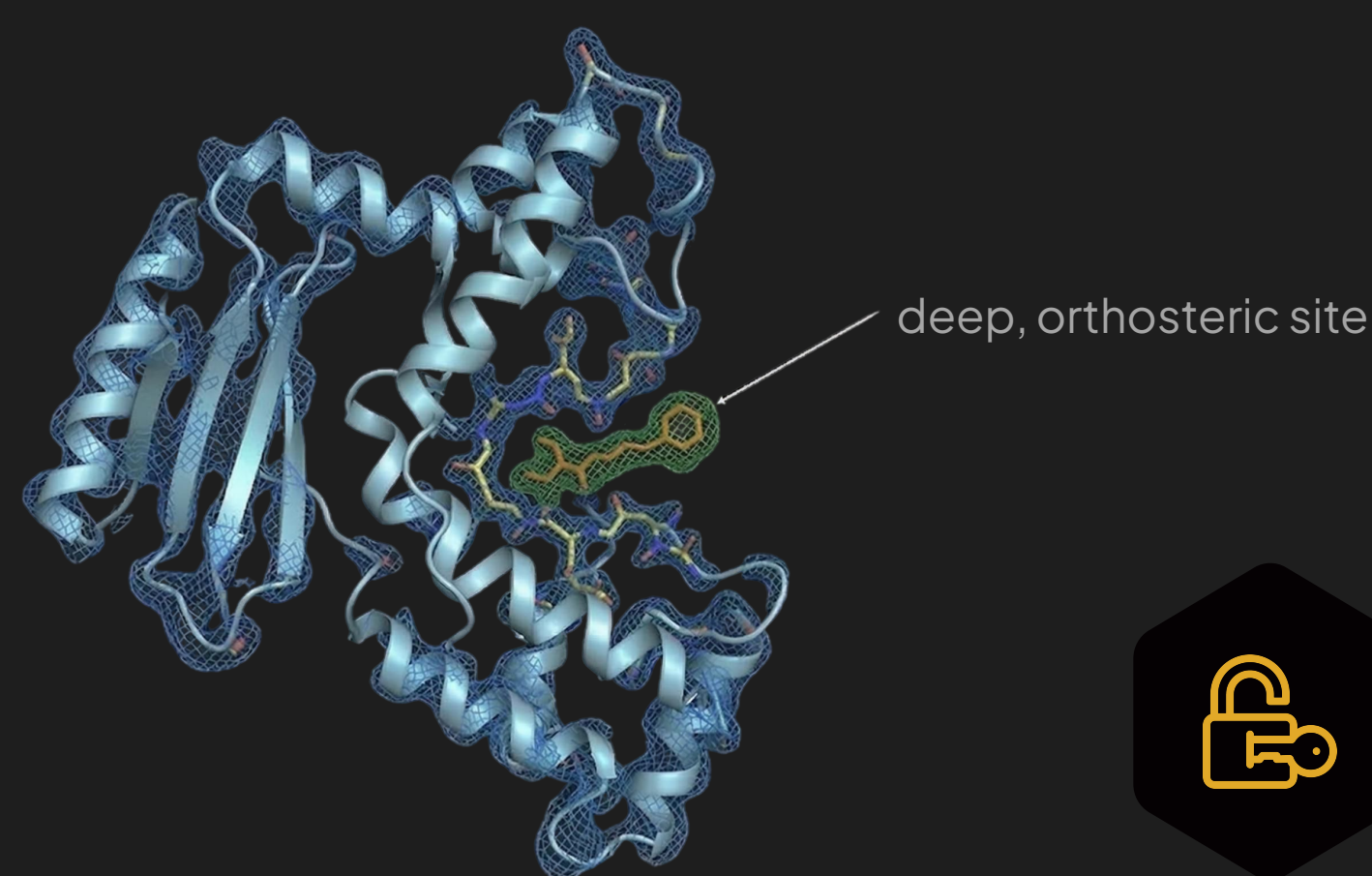
Targeting
dimerization
interface →
prevents dimerization →
overcomes resistance →
no function →
no proliferation



Why is this Hard?

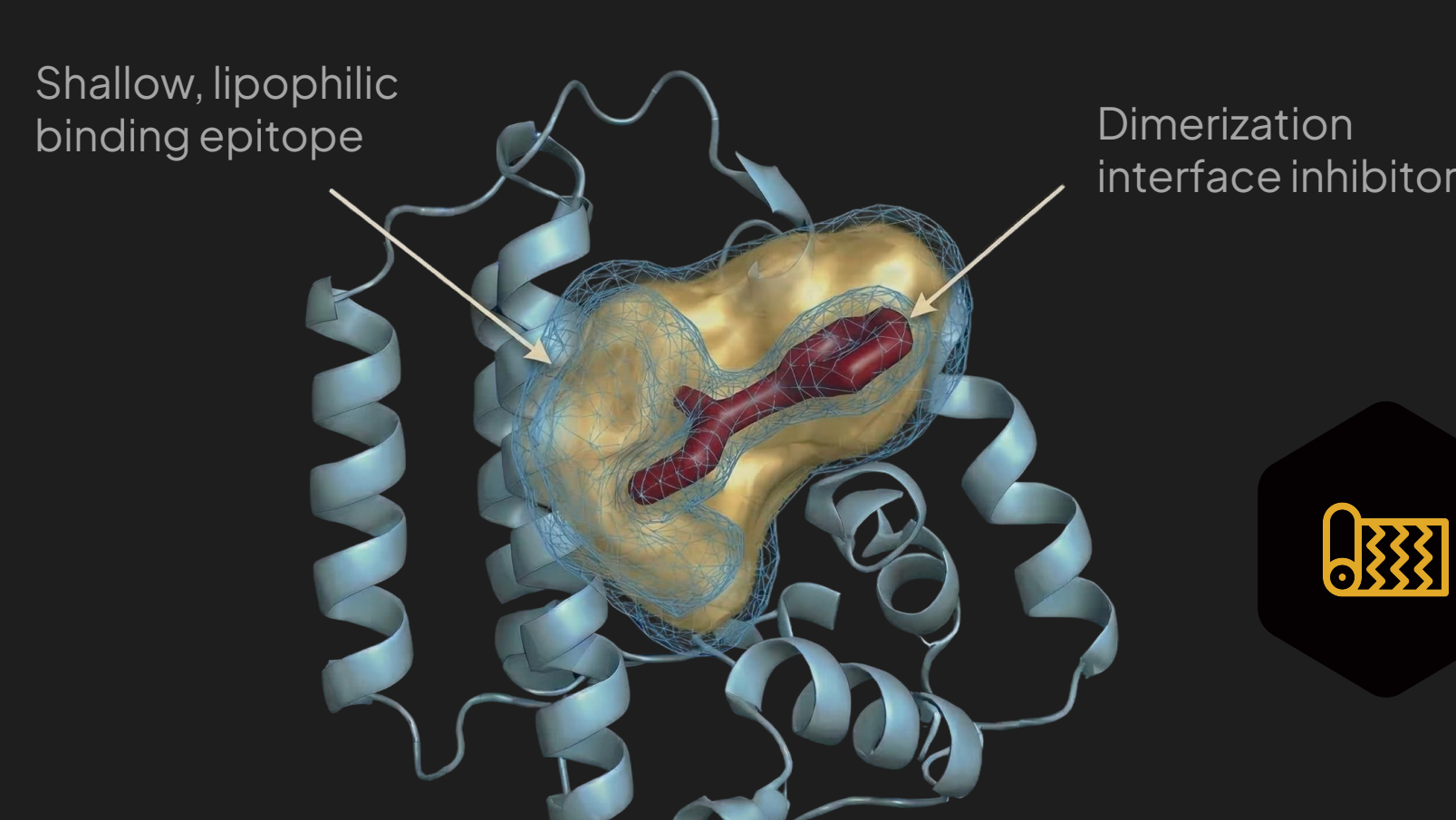
Moving from Lock-and-Key to Velcro

Classic Inhibition Approach



- Deep binding pocket with various types of protein-ligand interactions
- Addressable via classical MedChem approaches

Allosteric Inhibition (SandboxAQ Approach)



- Shallow, lipophilic binding epitope
- Requires exploration of non-classical chemistry
- Relies on SandboxAQ approach for computational chemical space exploration and Multiparameter-Optimization (MPO)

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Challenge

Clinical Failure
Incomplete understanding
of novel target biology

Cross-Resistance
Orthosteric targets
confer cross-resistance

Lack of Speed
Drug development
too slow

Addressing the Hallmarks

Unlocking Phenotypic Plasticity
Targeting evading splicing variants

Non-mutational Epigenetic Reprogramming
Preventing recruitment of epigenetic
modifiers

Sustaining Proliferative Signaling
Disrupting dynamic assembly

Genomic Instability
Rendering mutations to orthosteric
site irrelevant

SandboxAQ Solution

Derisking
Identifying protein targets
with proven clinical benefit
or strong causative evidence

Exploring The Unexplored
Targeting new functional
regions of derisked targets

Acceleration
Generative AI and
computational modeling

Efficient Discovery: Sub- μ M Inhibition and Favorable PK from <1000 Compounds

Partner/SandboxAQ screening cascade integrates:

- State of the art in silico models
- Comprehensive experimental assays
- In vivo PK/PD data for more efficient ligand optimization and increased likelihood of success

Learn From Data

01



Make & Test

04



02 SAQ Ligand generation technology



03 SAQ phys/ ML potency/ ADMET



SandboxAQ In Silico
Screening

In Vitro Pharmacology

Selectivity ADME/PK
(Mic. and Hep. Stability,
Solubility, Caco-2
Permeability)

In Vitro Safety and Tox,
In Vivo PK, Cytotoxicity,
CYP induction, hERG,
mouse PK

In Vivo PD,
Genotoxicity,
Mouse Xenograft Proof
of Concept Study,
AMES, Micronucleus



1 Billion cmpds
evaluated in silico

270 cmpds
tested

12 hits confirmed
in functional
assays

Optimization SAR
campaigns

3 Chemotypes
with tractable SAR

Continuous Model Improvement Data enhanced AI/ML+Physics based models optimize full TPP

Experimental data

Time stamped experimental MPO shows improvement in global
desired TPP

