



KEY MESSAGES





Across industries, the development and publication of one additional standard will on average increase GDP by €2.04 million per year and will increase labour productivity per person employed by €11.5.

Standards contribute to about **0.2% of GDP, 19% of GDP growth** and **19% of labour productivity growth**.

Benefits of using standards

- ★ reducing risks (52,9%)
- Supporting market access by creating a level-playing-field on competitive markets (38,3%)
- ✓ generating efficiencies in value chains and reduce transaction costs (38,8%)

Benefits of participation in standards development

- ★ sharing experiences and knowledge with others (70,5%)

SMEs vs large enterprises





Large Enterprises

Use of standards

value enhancer that allows for **differentiation** from competition

is a minimum **requirement** to operate in markets

Standards
Development

reactive stance, as they either consider having limited influence on the process, or rather leave the follow-up to larger players

crucial activity: anticipating to potential developments and sharing experiences and technical product knowledge

Nationally vs internationally





Use of standards

standards allow them to gain efficiencies

the role of standards for gaining market access

Standards Development "**sharing** experiences and knowledge with others" is more important for organisations with a national scope.

Influencing standards at sector level. Gaining early access to **strategic** information and anticipating to changes.

Case studies: key takeaways

Standards

- facilitate **dialogue** and **transactions** between customers and supplier, hence they reduce transaction costs
- create a **level-playing-field** on competitive markets
- y play an important role in **improving** product **quality** and **safety**
- facilitate **global trade** and support competitiveness of Belgian companies in global markets
- support **R&D, innovation** and the commercialisation of innovative products and services