Controlling FMD: A Journey of Strategy, Consistency, and Collaboration

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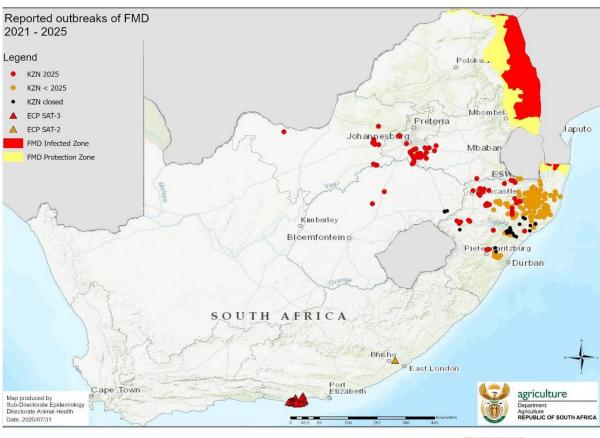


Why FMD control is important?

Foot-and-mouth disease has a significant economic impact and disrupts international trade

- Substantial production losses
 - Affecting food security and livelihoods

II • Trade restrictions and economic hardship





The Key Elements of Effective FMD Control

Strategic & Structural Foundations

- Strategic Planning
- Consistent Implementation
- Sustained Political & Financial Commitment

Operational Foundations

- Biosecurity
- Containment & Eradication
- Public Awareness & Engagement

Core Systems & Tools

- Robust Veterinary Services
- Quality Tools
- Effective Surveillance & Early Detection

Collaborative Enablers

- Public-Private Partnerships
- Regional and Cross-Border Cooperation

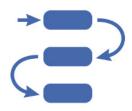


The Key Elements of Effective FMD Control





Strategic Planning



Importance of **national vision** and **phased approach:** from control to eradication



Understanding the risk – risk assessments & gap analysis





Use of **risk-based strategies** e.g. zoning, PCP-FMD, vaccination



Consistent Implementation

- Keeping momentum over years
 - Turning strategies and plans into sustained, reliable action over time
- Institutional stability
 - Stable leadership and clear responsibilities within veterinary services
 - Embedding FMD control in national programs and budgets
- Operational continuity
 - Regular and timely vaccination campaigns
 - Consistent enforcement of movement restrictions and biosecurity rules
 - Routine surveillance activities maintained even in quiet periods



Effective Surveillance and Early Detection

- Risk-based surveillance
 - Targeted and focused
 - Active and passive
- Diagnostics and field-lab linkages
 - Use the right tools for purpose
 - Sampling and sample logistics
- Community involvement and rapid reporting
 - Farmers and field vets are at the forefront
 - Effective engagement helps to control spread



Robust Veterinary Services

- Skilled workforce
 - Sufficient number of trained field and laboratory staff
 - Continuous education and technical training
 - Clear chain of command and decision-making authority
- Field and laboratory capacity
 - Rapid deployment capacity for outbreak investigation and response
 - Reliable diagnostics
 - Functional logistics
- Coordination and Communication
 - Strong national-level coordination
 - Animal identification and traceability systems
 - Efficient data collection, analysis, and feedback mechanisms

"A strong veterinary infrastructure is the backbone of effective FMD control"



The Importance of Quality Tools: Vaccines and Diagnostics









Why quality matters: Poor tools can undermine even the best strategies!

Access to quality tools is critical

- Diagnostics: validated, rapid, affordable
- Vaccines: appropriate strains, reliable supply, proven efficacy
- Capacity to procure, test, and monitor product quality



Why quality is so critical?

- Effective FMD control relies on more than availability
 - The quality of vaccines and diagnostics directly affects outcomes
- Poor-quality tools lead to
 - Ineffective immunity
 - Misdiagnosis or missed detection
- Loss of stakeholder trust
 - Loss of commitment
 - Ineffective vaccination program



So, what needs to be assured?

Vaccines

- Potent, purified, and strainmatched → DIVA vaccine
- Require a reliable supply and proper administration
- Quality assurance: national or regional vaccine evaluation and approval systems

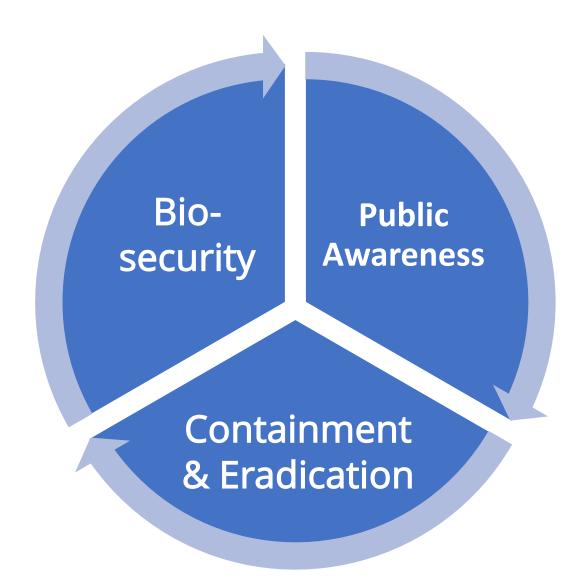


Diagnostic

- Fast, accurate, and validated for field and lab use
- Early detection
- Surveillance and outbreak tracing
- Proof of freedom and international certification



Operational Foundations of FMD Control





Biosecurity

- Farm-level hygiene
 - cleaning, disinfection, access control
- Movement restrictions
 - animals, vehicles, feed, visitors
- Infrastructure
 - fencing, quarantine pens, PPE

Prevention is cost-effective!

The public is not allowed in livestock pens, alleyways, loading or unloading chutes.

RESTRICTED AREA

EMPLOYEES ONLY



Containment & Eradication

Early detection – immediate action

- Quarantine: zoning, movement standstills
- Emergency vaccination strategies
- Culling and disposal



Prerequisite

- Contingency planning
 - SOPs
 - Trained teams
- Traceability
- Response coordination



Public Awareness & Engagement

"When it comes to disease control: talking is gold"

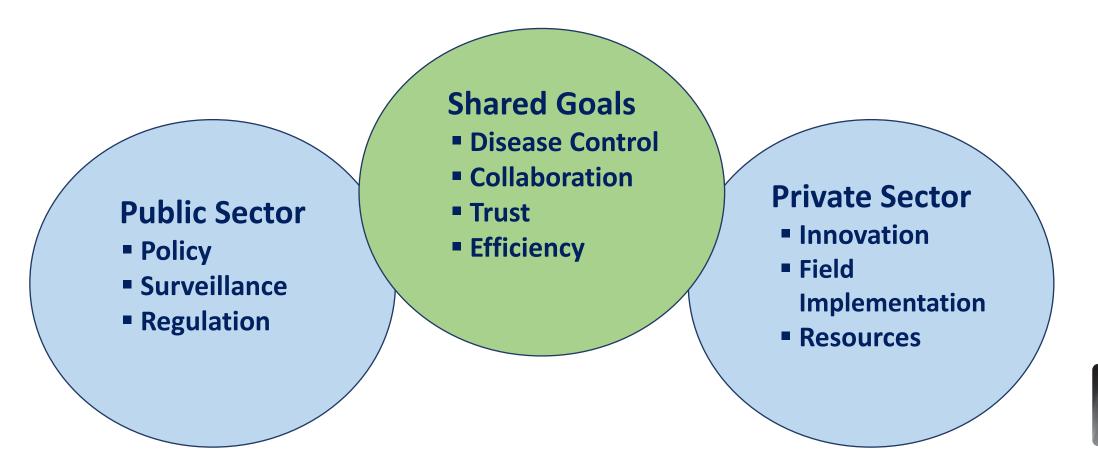
- Information campaigns
 - radio, posters, social media
 - communication of control efforts
- Target groups
 - farmers, traders, transporters, public
- Promoting reporting, compliance, and behavior change
- Importance building trust





Public-Private Partnerships

Public-Private Partnership (PPP) is a joint effort where the public and private sectors work together to achieve shared goals



Regional and Cross-Border Coordination

FMD control requires collaboration beyond national borders

Why It Matters

- FMD is a transboundary disease
 - no country is safe unless the region is
- Uncoordinated efforts lead to reinfection and wasted resources
- Success in one country depends on progress in neighboring areas

Key Components

- Harmonized control strategies
 - vaccination timing, surveillance, and response
- Cross-border coordination
 - joint campaigns, outbreak reporting, movement control
- Data and information sharing
 - outbreaks, risks, lab results, animal movement



Sustained Political and Financial Commitment

 Long-term progress in FMD control requires stable leadership and secure funding

Political Commitment

- FMD control must be a national priority, not just a veterinary issue
- Support from top-level decisionmakers enables policy enforcement and cross-sector coordination
- Integration into broader strategies: livestock development, food security, public health, and trade

Financial Sustainability

- Stable, predictable funding
 - Vaccines and diagnostics availability
 - Surveillance, field operations, emergency response
 - Training, awareness campaigns, and infrastructure
- Short-term projects jeopardizes sustainability and continuity





Call to Action

How others can follow

- Start with strategy
- Build coalitions across sectors
- Learn from success adapt to local context

"The roadmap is clear – it's time to walk it together"



