





















Introduction

Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissues are a valuable source of information, but also a challenging matrix for bottom-up proteomic studies. The PreOmics® FFPE sample preparation solution provides an easy-to-use and robust workflow that allows a deep insight into the tissue proteome in a few steps and with minimal hands-on time. For sample-specific protocols and optimization, visit www.preomics.com/resources or contact info@preomics.com.






Protocol

This protocol outlines the complete workflow for proteomic sample preparation, including BeatBox®-based tissue homogenization and protein extraction, followed by protein reduction, alkylation, digestion, and subsequent peptide purification. It describes FFPE sample preparation using the BeatBox Tissue Kit 24x (P.O.00128), iST 8x kit (P.O.00001), and additional washing buffer WASH 0 (P.O.00095). For additional labware needed, please see the “Pre-Requisites” section below.

Material

Component	Cap	Quantity	Buffer Properties				Description	Storage
iST Kit 8x (P.O. 00001)			Organic	Acidic	Basic	Neutral		
DIGEST		2x					Trypsin/LysC mix to digest proteins.	-20°C
RESUSPEND		1x 2 mL					For reconstituting lyophilized proteolytic enzymes.	RT
LYSE		1x 1 mL					For denaturing, reducing, and alkylating proteins.	RT
STOP		1x 1 mL					For stopping enzymatic activity.	RT
WASH 1		1x 2 mL					For removing hydrophobic contaminants.	RT
WASH 2		1x 2 mL					For removing hydrophilic contaminants.	RT
ELUTE		1x 2 mL					For eluting peptides from the cartridge.	RT
LC-LOAD		1x 1 mL					For loading peptides on reversed-phase LC-MS column.	RT
CARTRIDGE		8x					Cartridges with SPE sorbent for cleaning up peptides from 1–100 µg protein starting material.	RT
WASTE TUBE		8x					2 mL tube for collecting waste after washing steps.	RT
COLLECTION TUBE		8x					1.5 mL tube for collecting peptides after elution.	RT
ADAPTER		8x					Enables a cartridge to be placed into a tube.	RT

Additional reagents, kits and instruments from PreOmics:

WASH 0 (P.O.00095)		10 mL	 	For removal of remaining paraffin. Please order 1x WASH 0 buffer 10 mL (P.O.00095) from PreOmics, or ask for the buffer recipe at info@preomics.com .	RT
LYSE (P.O.00032)		20 mL		Additional LYSE buffer needed for homogenization. Please order the buffer in addition to the iST and BeatBox kits from PreOmics.	RT
BeatBox instrument (P.O.00144)				Tissue homogenizer with accessory kit.	
BeatBox Tissue Kit 24x (P.O.00128)				Consumables for protein extraction on the BeatBox in 24-tube format.	

Pre-Requisites

Common lab equipment is required for the sample preparation.

Consumables

Quantity and Description

REACTION TUBE	1.5 mL microcentrifuge low protein binding tubes are recommended (e.g., Eppendorf Protein LoBind® Tubes, catalogue number EU: 0030108116, US: 022431081).
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Equipment

Quantity and Description

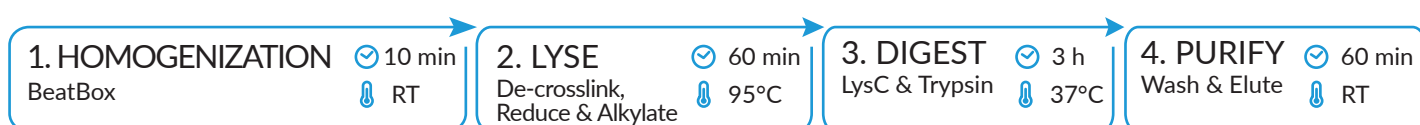
PIPETTE	Standard single-channel pipettes can be used.
PLASTIC TWEEZERS	For tissue transfer into BeatBox tubes.
HEATING SHAKER	Two separate devices are recommended to support the different temperatures of the LYSE and DIGEST steps.
CENTRIFUGE	Benchtop centrifuge for 1.5 or 2 mL tubes is required for peptide loading, washing, and elution.
VACUUM EVAPORATOR	To evaporate volatile buffers from the eluate before LC-MS.
ULTRASONIC BATH	Optional: can be used to resuspend peptides.
MAGNETIC RACK	Optional: can be used to hold tubes with Gyuto Beads for transferring supernatant.

Sample

Quantity and Description

FFPE tissue	Either deparaffinized tissue or full formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded (FFPE) curls without deparaffinization. FFPE tissue curl, 10 µm thickness. The FFPE curl thickness can be adjusted to suit your needs; see *NOTE1* for further information. For other FFPE sample types, contact PreOmics for adapted protocols.
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Procedure



Method

1. HOMOGENIZATION ^{*NOTE2*}





For a detailed description and graphical representation on how to use the BeatBox, please refer to the BeatBox Quick Start Manual 24x.


- 1.1. Place FFPE TISSUE in a 2 mL **BEATBOX TUBE** using PLASTIC TWEEZERS (using metallic tweezers can cause loss of GYUTO BEADS).
- 1.2. Add **LYSE**  at a ratio of 50 µL per 10 µm FFPE curl, with a minimum total volume of 100 µL. For example, for three 10 µm curls, add 150 µL **LYSE** . After adding the LYSE, close the BEATBOX TUBE. ^{*NOTE1*}
- 1.3. Place the **BEATBOX TUBE** on a pre-heated HEATING SHAKER (80–95 °C; 1,000 rpm; 10 min).
Spin down the **BEATBOX TUBES** (RT; max. 300 rcf; 30 sec) and let them cool to room temperature.
- 1.4. Place the **BEATBOX TUBE** on the **TUBE ADAPTER** of the BeatBox accessory kit.
^{*CRITICAL*} To ensure proper movement of all **GYUTO BEADS**, all 24 positions of the rack must be filled with **BEATBOX TUBES** containing **GYUTO BEADS**. Tip: **BEATBOX TUBES** that have already been used can be kept and re-used to fill empty positions in subsequent runs.
- 1.5. Insert the **TUBES** and **ADAPTER** assembly into the **GARAGE** and start the BeatBox run with HIGH power settings for 10 min.
- 1.6. After the BeatBox run is completed, remove the **GARAGE** from the instrument, and the **BEATBOX TUBES** from the **TUBE ADAPTER**.
- 1.7. Spin down the **BEATBOX TUBES** (RT; max. 300 rcf; 30 sec).

2. LYSE







- 2.1. Place the **BEATBOX TUBES** on a pre-heated HEATING SHAKER (80–95 °C; 1,000 rpm; 1 h). ^{*NOTE3*}
- 2.2. Spin down the **BEATBOX TUBES** (RT; max. 300 rcf; 30 sec).
- 2.3. Optional: Place the **BEATBOX TUBES** on a MAGNETIC RACK.
- 2.4. Let samples cool down to room temperature.
If intact tissue is still visible, repeat BeatBox run (step 1.4–1.7) and optional, the boiling step (step 2.1–2.2).
Make sure that lids are tightly sealed.
- 2.5. Transfer the full homogenate into a clean REACTION TUBE for subsequent processing or analysis workflows.
^{*CRITICAL*} The hardened paraffin might form a ring or film on the supernatant and should be left in the **BEATBOX TUBE** when transferring the homogenate.

3. DIGEST

- 3.1. Optional: Measure protein concentration. BCA-RAC assay can be used. Visit our FAQ for recommendations on protein quantitation assays. ^{*CRITICAL*} The samples should be vortexed prior to protein quantitation. Do not centrifuge or allow particles to settle.
- 3.2. Add the well mixed homogenate with up to 100 µg of extracted protein in a final volume of 50 µL into a REACTION TUBE.
If the volume is <50 µL, fill up to 50 µL with **LYSE** .
^{*CRITICAL*} The samples should be vortexed prior to digestion. Do not centrifuge or allow particles to settle.
- 3.3. Add 210 µL **RESUSPEND**  to **DIGEST**  (1 tube for 4 reactions), shake (RT; 500 rpm; 10 min) and pipette up/down. ^{*NOTE4*}
- 3.4. Add 50 µL **DIGEST**  to each REACTION TUBE and place it in a pre-heated HEATING SHAKER (37°C; 500 rpm; 3 h).
- 3.5. Spin down droplets (RT; 300 rcf; 30 sec).

- 3.6. Add 100 μ L **STOP**  to REACTION TUBE, shake (RT; 1000 rpm; 1 min), and pipette up/down. **SP**
- 3.7. Assemble **ADAPTER** and **CARTRIDGE** onto the top of **WASTE TUBE**. Label all tubes and transfer sample to the **CARTRIDGE**.

4. PURIFY

- 4.1. Centrifuge the **CARTRIDGE** at 3,800 rcf for 1–3 min. If needed, adjust time to ensure complete flow-through.
- 4.2. Add 200 μ L **WASH 0**  to **CARTRIDGES**, repeat step 4.1. (WASH 0 steps are optional for deparaffinized tissue. Continue with step 4.4 otherwise).
- 4.3. Add again 200 μ L **WASH 0**  to **CARTRIDGES**, repeat step 4.1.
- 4.4. Add 200 μ L **WASH 1**  to **CARTRIDGES**, repeat step 4.1.
- 4.5. Add 200 μ L **WASH 2**  to **CARTRIDGES**, repeat step 4.1.
- 4.6. Transfer assembled **ADAPTER** and **CARTRIDGE** onto clean **COLLECTION TUBE**. Discard **WASTE TUBE**. Label all tubes.
- 4.7. Add 100 μ L **ELUTE**  to **CARTRIDGE**, repeat step 4.1, keep flow-through in **COLLECTION TUBE**.
- 4.8. Repeat step 4.7, keep flow-through in the same **COLLECTION TUBE**.
- 4.9. Discard **CARTRIDGES** and place **COLLECTION TUBE** in a VACUUM EVAPORATOR (45°C; until completely dry). **SP**
- 4.10. Reconstitute peptides by adding **LC-LOAD**  to **COLLECTION TUBE**. Adjust the volume according to specific requirements.
For example, add 50 μ L **LC-LOAD** to 100 μ g protein starting material.
- 4.11. Sonicate **COLLECTION TUBE** in an ULTRASONIC BATH (5 min) or shake (RT; 500 rpm; 5 min).
- 4.12. Spin **COLLECTION TUBE** in a CENTRIFUGE (RT; 16,000 rcf; 5 min), transfer the supernatant to a clean vial and avoid touching the bottom of the collection tube during transfer. **NOTE5**

NOTE1

FFPE curls with a thickness of 10–20 μ m are compatible with the protocol. When working with 20 μ m curls or excess paraffin, we recommend 100 μ L LYSE buffer per curl. For sample homogenization, your own buffer (see FAQs for composition compatibility and limitations) can be used. If your lysis buffer contains >0.1% SDS, SDS removal with the SP3-iST add-on is required before continuing with the iST protocol. For a modified protocol using the SP3-iST kit, contact info@preomics.com.

NOTE2

SINGLE USE ONLY: Each BEATBOX TUBE and GYUTO BEAD can be used only once. Total runtime per TUBE is recommended not to exceed 40 minutes, regardless of the settings used.

NOTE3

The sample temperature reached inside the tubes may vary between different heating shaker models. At very high temperatures, the tube lid may burst open due to high vapor pressure. To avoid sample loss, perform a test run with lysis buffer to identify the highest possible temperature for your heating shaker setup. Please do not use a heated lid.

NOTE4

Resuspended DIGEST can be stored for up to two weeks at 4°C. For longer storage periods, visit our FAQ.

NOTE5

At this point, peptide concentration can be measured or the sample directly injected for LC-MS analysis. Visit our FAQ for recommendations on peptide quantitation assays.

**SP* - Storage Point:*

Peptides can be frozen at -20°C for two weeks. Dried peptides before reconstitution in LC-LOAD can also be stored long-term at -80°C.

Data analysis

Consider the following as fixed modifications in your database search:

MODIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	COMPOSITION	SPECIFICITY	MASS	UNIMOD #
ALKYLATION	Carbamidomethyl on cysteine	C ₂ H ₃ NO	[C]	+57Da	4

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