

acc. to Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR)

AL-120

Version number: 2.0 Revision: 2025-11-13 Replaces version of: 2025-06-19 (1)

1 Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name AL-120

Alternative name(s) Tire & Wheel Cleaner

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses cleaning agent

Uses advised against Do not use for products which come into direct

contact with the skin.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Transchem Inc. 1225 Franklin Blvd. Cambridge Ontario N1R 7E5 Canada

Telephone: +1.800.265.9100 e-mail: info@transchem.com Website: https://transchem.com/

e-mail (competent person) kberzitis@transchem.com (Karl Berzitis)

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053, 24 Hours

2 Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
3.2	skin corrosion/irritation	1	Skin Corr. 1	H314
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS05



- Hazard statements

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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- Precautionary statements

P260 Do not breathe mist, vapours or spray.

P264 Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or

shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national and interna-

tional regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of \geq 0.1%.

3 Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Other names or syn- onyms	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	EDTA tetrasodium 2,2',2",2"'- (ethane-1,2- diyldinitrilo)tetraacetate	CAS No 64-02-8	5 – < 10	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Eye Dam. 1 / H318
Alcohols, C9-11, eth- oxylated	Alcohol Ethoxylate	CAS No 68439-46-3	1-<5	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Eye Dam. 1 / H318
sodium hydroxide	caustic soda	CAS No 1310-73-2	1-<5	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318
2-butoxyethanol	ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether butyl cellosolve	CAS No 111-76-2	1-<5	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319
sodium silicate	Silicic acid, sodium salt sodium hydroxy(oxo)silan- olate	CAS No 1344-09-8	1-<5	Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 STOT SE 3 / H335
SODIUM XYLENE SULPH- ONATE	sodium (xylenes and 4- ethylbenzene)sulfonates Sodium (xylenes and 4- ethylbenzene)sulfonates	CAS No 1300-72-7	1-<5	Eye Irrit. 2 / H319
trisodium nitrilotriacetate	trisodium 2-[bis(carboxy- methyl)amino]acetate	CAS No 5064-31-3	0.1 - < 1	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319

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Name of substance	Other names or syn- onyms	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
	NTA			Carc. 2 / H351

Remarks

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition (concentration) has been withheld as a trade secret. For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

4 First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Impairment of vision. Production of tissue damage in the eye. Conjunctivitis (pink eye). Localized redness, edema, pruritis and/or pain.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Rinse immediately carefully and thoroughly with eye shower or water. Treat symptomatically.

5 Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Chemical protective clothing, Eye and face protection, Wear self-contained breathing apparatus

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6 Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety. Prevent skin contact. Wearing of suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Set up barriers, Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

7 Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

 Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Never add water to this product.
- Handling of incompatible substances or mixtures

 Do not mix with acids.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Incompatible substances or mixtures

Acids, Oxidizers

Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

frost

- General rule

Keep out of reach of children. Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from incompatible materials.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

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7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

8 Exposure controls/ Personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occup	Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)										
Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
CA	2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	PEV/VE A	20							Regula- tion OHS
CA	2-butoxyethanol (EGBE)	111-76-2	OEL (BC)	20							"BC Regula- tion"
CA	2-butoxyethanol (EGBE)	111-76-2	OEL (ON- MoL)	20							MoL
CA	2-butoxyethanol (ethylene glycol monobutyl ether)	111-76-2	OEL (AB)	20	97						OHS Code
CA	sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	OEL (AB)						2		OHS Code
CA	sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	OEL (BC)						2		"BC Regula- tion"
CA	sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	OEL (ON- MoL)					2			MoL
CA	sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	PEV/VE A						2		Regula- tion OHS

Notation

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute peri-

od (unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours

time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified

Relevant DNELs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	64-02-8	DNEL	1.5 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	64-02-8	DNEL	3 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	64-02-8	DNEL	1.5 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	64-02-8	DNEL	3 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
Alcohols, C9-11, eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	DNEL	294 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

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Relevant DNELs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Alcohols, C9-11, eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	DNEL	2,080 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	DNEL	98 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	DNEL	1,091 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	DNEL	246 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
SODIUM XYLENE SULPHONATE	1300-72-7	DNEL	26.9 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
SODIUM XYLENE SULPHONATE	1300-72-7	DNEL	136.3 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
trisodium nitrilotri- acetate	5064-31-3	DNEL	3.5 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
trisodium nitrilotri- acetate	5064-31-3	DNEL	5.25 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects

Relevant PNECs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time	
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	64-02-8	PNEC	2.83 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)	
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	64-02-8	PNEC	0.283 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)	
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	64-02-8	PNEC	50 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)	
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	64-02-8	PNEC	1.1 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)	
Alcohols, C9-11, eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	PNEC	0.104 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)	
Alcohols, C9-11, eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	PNEC	0.104 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)	
Alcohols, C9-11, eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	PNEC	1.4 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)	
Alcohols, C9-11, eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	PNEC	13.7 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)	
Alcohols, C9-11, eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	PNEC	13.7 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)	
Alcohols, C9-11, eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	PNEC	1 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)	
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	PNEC	8.8 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)	
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	PNEC	0.88 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)	
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	PNEC	463 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)	
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	PNEC	34.6 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)	

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Relevant PNECs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	PNEC	3.46 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	PNEC	2.33 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
SODIUM XYLENE SULPHONATE	1300-72-7	PNEC	0.023 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
SODIUM XYLENE SULPHONATE	1300-72-7	PNEC	2.3 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
SODIUM XYLENE SULPHONATE	1300-72-7	PNEC	0.23 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
SODIUM XYLENE SULPHONATE	1300-72-7	PNEC	100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
trisodium nitrilotri- acetate	5064-31-3	PNEC	540 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
trisodium nitrilotri- acetate	5064-31-3	PNEC	0.93 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
trisodium nitrilotri- acetate	5064-31-3	PNEC	0.093 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
trisodium nitrilotri- acetate	5064-31-3	PNEC	0.8 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection. Use protective eyewear to guard against splash of liquids.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Body protection

Protective clothing against liquid chemicals.

Respiratory protection

Full face mask/half mask/quarter mask (EN 136/140). Type: B (against inorganic gases and vapors, color code: Grey).

Environmental exposure controls

Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Physical state	liquid
Color	transparent - green
Odor	characteristic
Odor threshold	no data available
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability	non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	not determined
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	>12.5 (23 °C) (base)
Kinematic viscosity	not determined
Solubility(ies)	not determined

Partition coefficient

Vapor pressure	not determined

Density and/or relative density

Density	not determined
Relative vapour density	information on this property is not available
Relative density	1.09 at 23 °C (water = 1)

Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant
Other safety characteristics	there is no additional information

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10 Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions. Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure. See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Acids, Oxidizers

Release of flammable materials with:

Light metals (due to the release of hydrogen in an acid/alkaline medium)

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

11 Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	64-02-8	oral	>1,780 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	oral	500 ^{mg} / _{kg}
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	oral	325 ^{mg} / _{kg}
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	oral	530 ^{mg} / _{kg}
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	dermal	667 ^{mg} / _{kg}
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	inhalation: vapour	≥3.9 ^{mg} / _l /4h
sodium silicate	1344-09-8	inhalation: vapour	>2.06 ^{mg} / _I /4h
sodium silicate	1344-09-8	inhalation: dust/mist	>0.5 ^{mg} / _l /4h
trisodium nitrilotriacetate	5064-31-3	oral	1,740 ^{mg} / _{kg}

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Acute toxicity of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tet- raacetate	64-02-8	oral	LD50	>1,780 - <2,000 mg/ _{kg}	rat
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	oral	LD50	<2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	dermal	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	oral	LD50	325 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	oral	LD50	530 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	inhalation: va- pour	LC50	≥3.9 ^{mg} / _l /4h	rat
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	inhalation: va- pour	LC50	2.175 ^{mg} / _l /4h	rat
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	dermal	LD50	667 – 1,060 ^{mg} / kg	rabbit
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	dermal	LD50	400 – 500 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit
sodium silicate	1344-09-8	oral	LD50	3,400 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
sodium silicate	1344-09-8	inhalation: va- pour	LC50	>2.06 ^{mg} / _l /4h	rat
sodium silicate	1344-09-8	dermal	LD50	>5,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
SODIUM XYLENE SULPHONATE	1300-72-7	oral	LD50	>5,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
trisodium nitrilotriacetate	5064-31-3	oral	LD50	1,740 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

- IARC Monographs (WHO)

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans

Name of substance	CAS No	Classification	Number
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	3	
trisodium nitrilotriacetate		2B	

Legend

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

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Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Information on likely routes of exposure

If on skin, If inhaled, If in eyes

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed:

Diarrhoea, Vomiting, Abdominal pain

If in eyes:

Causes tears, Production of tissue damage in the eye, Conjunctivitis (pink eye), Risk of blindness

If inhaled:

Localized redness, edema, pruritis and/or pain, Cough, Headache

If on skin:

Localized redness, edema, pruritis and/or pain

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Irritation and significant inflammation of the skin (dermatitis) due to the defatting properties of the product may be caused by repeated or prolonged exposure.

12 Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	64-02-8	LC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	64-02-8	EC50	>114 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	64-02-8	ErC50	>60 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
Alcohols, C9-11, eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	LC50	7 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Alcohols, C9-11, eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	EC50	2.5 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	LC50	<180 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	EC50	40.4 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	LC50	1,474 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	EC50	1,550 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	ErC50	1,840 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
sodium silicate	1344-09-8	LC50	310 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
sodium silicate	1344-09-8	EC50	1,700 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
sodium silicate	1344-09-8	ErC50	>345.4 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
trisodium nitrilotriacet- ate	5064-31-3	LC50	114 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
trisodium nitrilotriacet-	5064-31-3	EC50	98 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	96 h

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Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
ate					
trisodium nitrilotriacet- ate	5064-31-3	ErC50	>91.5 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Alcohols, C9-11, eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	EC50	140 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	3 h
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	EC50	22 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	15 min
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	EC50	297 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradation

The surfactant contained in this preparation complies with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 on detergents.

Degradability of components

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate		oxygen depletion	78 %	56 d		ECHA
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	carbon dioxide generation	18.3 %	3 d		ECHA
trisodium nitrilo- triacetate	5064-31-3	DOC removal	>95 %	28 d		ECHA

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tet- raacetate	64-02-8	1.8	-13.17 (25 °C)	
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	12.7		
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2		0.81 (pH value: 7, 25 °C)	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of \geq 0.1%.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of \geq 0.1%.

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12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

13 Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

14 Transport information

14.1 UN number

UN RTDG	UN 3266
IMDG-Code	UN 3266
ICAO-TI	UN 3266

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDG	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
IMDG-Code	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

ICAO-TI Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s.

Technical name (hazardous ingredients) sodium hydroxide, sodium silicate

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG	8
IMDG-Code	8
ICAO-TI	8

14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG	III
IMDG-Code	III
ICAO-TI	III

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport information - National regulations - Additional information (UN RTDG)

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UN number 3266
Class 8
Packing group III
Danger label(s) 8



Special provisions (SP) 223, 274 (UN RTDG)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1 (UN RTDG)
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L (UN RTDG)

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Marine pollutant Danger label(s) 8



Special provisions (SP) 223, 274

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L
EmS F-A, S-B

Stowage category A

Segregation group 18 - Alkalis

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Danger label(s) 8



Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ)

Limited quantities (LQ)

A3

E1

Limited quantities (LQ)

15 Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

National regulations (United States)

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE) or exempt from

listing

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

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- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Statutory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2		1	1000 (454)

Legend

1 "1" indicates that the statutory source is section 311(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

- Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Functionality	Authoritative Lists
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2		OEHHA RELs
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2		ATSDR Neurotoxicants OEHHA RELs
trisodium nitrilotriacetate			IARC Carcinogens - 2B

- Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA)

Name of substance	CAS No	DEP CODE	PBT / HHS / LHS	De Minimis Concen- tration Threshold
2-butoxyethanol		1022		1.0 %
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2			1.0 %

- Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References	Remarks
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	A, O	skin
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	A, N, O	

Legend

- A American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH
- N National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), "Recommendations for Occupational Safety and Health Standards," August 1988, available from NIOSH, Publications Dissemination Office, Division of Standards Development and Technology Transfer
- Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational Safety and Health Division
- skin If a potential for absorption from skin contact merits special consideration, the word "skin" follows the substance name.

Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2		CA F2
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2		CO R1

<u>Legend</u>

CA Carcinogenic

CO Corrosive

F2 Flammable - Second Degree

R1 Reactive - First Degree

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- Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)

Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Classification
ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY-	111-76-2	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE (NA(OH))	1310-73-2	E

Legend

E Environmental hazard

- Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Т
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Т
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	T, F
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	T, F
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	T, F

Legend

F Flammability (NFPA®)
T Toxicity (ACGIH®)

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Proposition 65 List of chemicals			
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Conc.	Type of the toxicity
ethylene oxide	75-21-8	0.0001 wt%	cancer
ethylene oxide	75-21-8	0.0001 wt%	female
ethylene oxide	75-21-8	0.0001 wt%	developmental, male

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	3	major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	0	material that will not burn under typical fire conditions
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

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Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	0	material that will not burn under typical fire conditions
Health	3	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

National regulations (Canada)

Domestic Substances List (DSL) All ingredients are listed.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE)

<u>Legend</u>

DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

16 Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Revision. 2025-11-13.

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relevant
16	Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet): Date of compilation. 2025-06-19.	Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet): Revision. 2025-11-13.	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
"BC Regulation"	OHS Regulation: Section 5.48 (British Columbia)
ACGIH®	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
Carc.	Carcinogenicity
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
COD	Chemical oxygen demand

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Safety Data Sheet acc. to Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR)

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DEP CODE Department of Environmental Protection Code DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DNEL Derived No-Effect Level EC50 Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval ED Endocrine disruptor EmS Emergency Schedule ErC50 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. Eye Dam. Seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. Irritant to the eye Flam. Liq. Flammable liquid GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations HHS Higher hazard substance IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer IARC Monographs IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval		
DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) DNEL Derived No-Effect Level EC50 Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval ED Endocrine disruptor EmS Emergency Schedule ErC50 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control Eye Dam. Seriously damaging to the eye Eye Irrit. Irritant to the eye Flam. Liq. Flammable liquid GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations HHS Higher hazard substance IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer IARC Monographs IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethallity during a specified time interval	Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
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IMDG-Code Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a	ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
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	LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
specified time interval	LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LHS Lower hazard substance	LHS	Lower hazard substance
log KOW n-Octanol/water	log KOW	n-Octanol/water
MoL Ministry of Labor: Current Occupational Exposure Limits for Ontario Workplaces Required under Regula- tion 833	MoL	
NFPA® National Fire Protection Association (United States)	NFPA®	National Fire Protection Association (United States)
NPCA-HMIS® III National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition	NPCA-HMIS® III	
OHS Code Occupational Health and Safety Code: Occupational exposure limits for chemical substances (Alberta)	OHS Code	Occupational Health and Safety Code: Occupational exposure limits for chemical substances (Alberta)
PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration	PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm Parts per million	ppm	Parts per million
Regulation OHS Regulation respecting occupational health and safety: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants (Quebec)	Regulation OHS	
RTECS Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)	RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr. Corrosive to skin	Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit. Irritant to skin	Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR)

SOR/2022-272: Regulations Amending the Hazardous Products Regulations (GHS, Seventh Revised Edition)

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H227	Combustible liquid.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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