



FOOD SOURCES



Sunflower seed
'4 of a cup

[33 g] 12 mg



Sunflower oil 1 tablespoons(14 ml) 5,7 mg



Wheat germ
2 tablespoons
[20 g] 4,5 mg



Peanut butter 1 tablespoon (16 g) 1,45 mg



5 tablespoons (50 g) 1,2 mg

Vitamin E is a **fat-soluble vitamin** found naturally in some foods and that can also be consumed through food supplements. It is known for its **antioxidant power**, which protects cells from free radicals, and for being involved in the **proper functioning of the immune system**.

SUPPLEMENTATION

- The recommendation is **easily attained from food sources**, but if
 supplementation is required, one
 should not exceed 150 mg per day.
- Supplements should be taken with a higher fat meal, such as lunch or dinner, to facilitate absorption.

SIGNS OF DEFICIENCY

Vitamin E deficiency is rare, but can occur in people with absorption problems in the gastrointestinal tract.

The most common symptoms include: impaired immune system, peripheral neuropathy (pain, decreased reflexes, and muscle weakness), lack of movement coordination (ataxia), and retinal (eye) damage.