

Renewable Fuels for a resilient society

06.November 2025

Welcome



09:00 - 09:15

Welcome and proposition of renewable Fuels on Resilience Topics

Loes Knotter of the Platform Renewable Fuels

Dr.-Ing. Olaf Toedter (InnoFuels) Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT)

Patrik Klintbom (ETIP Bioenergy) Research Institutes of Sweden (RISE)

09:15 - 10:00

Part 1 – Setting the scene for a proposition of renewable fuels for resilience

Contributors: Loes Knotter (Platform Renewable fuels) Patrick Bosmans (NATO/CEPS) Ville Korhonen (DG ECHO), Frank Schulze (Exolum GmbH)

Keynote speech / focus pitch and discussion round

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Coffee & tea break

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Part 2 – Co-creating a ramp-up proposition of renewable fuels for resilience

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Part 3 – How do we organise a new kind of supply system based on renewable fuels?

Moderation: Loes Knotter (Platform Renewable Fuels)

Discussion round

11:45 - 12:15

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Brief introduction of the organizations



Objective:

Accelerate the ramp-up of electricity-based and advanced biofuels through concrete planning approaches.

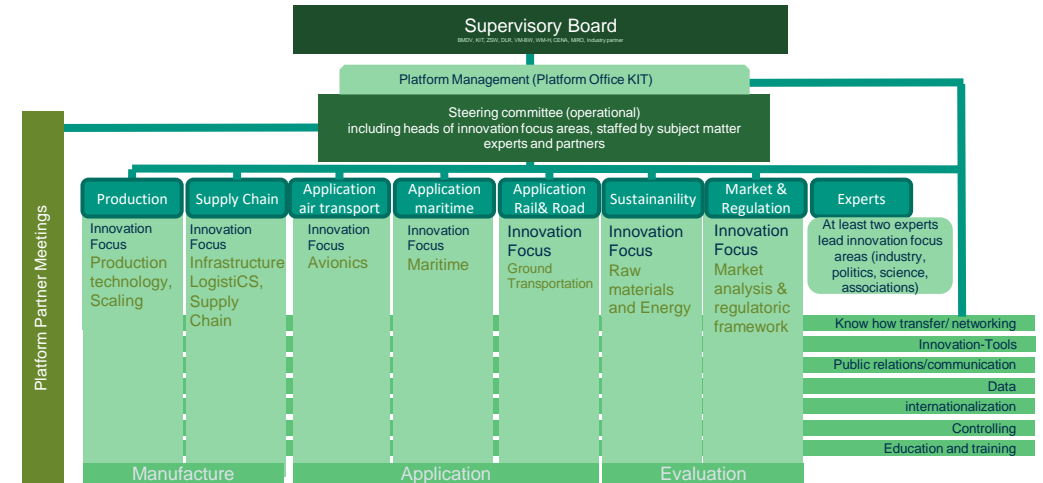
Stakeholders:

Research institutions, manufacturers (automotive, aviation, shipping), energy providers, federal and state ministries → supported by associated partners contributing specific expertise



What makes InnoFuels unique?

First and only exchange platform for refuels → structured into 7 thematic fields of activity



Funding:

InnoFuels is funded with **€5.24 million** by the **Federal Ministry for Transport** under the *Renewable Fuels Funding Programme*.
Coordination: **NOW GmbH**, supported by **VDI/VDE-IT** and the **Agency for Renewable Resources (FNR)**.



With funding from the



Coordinated by



Project management agency



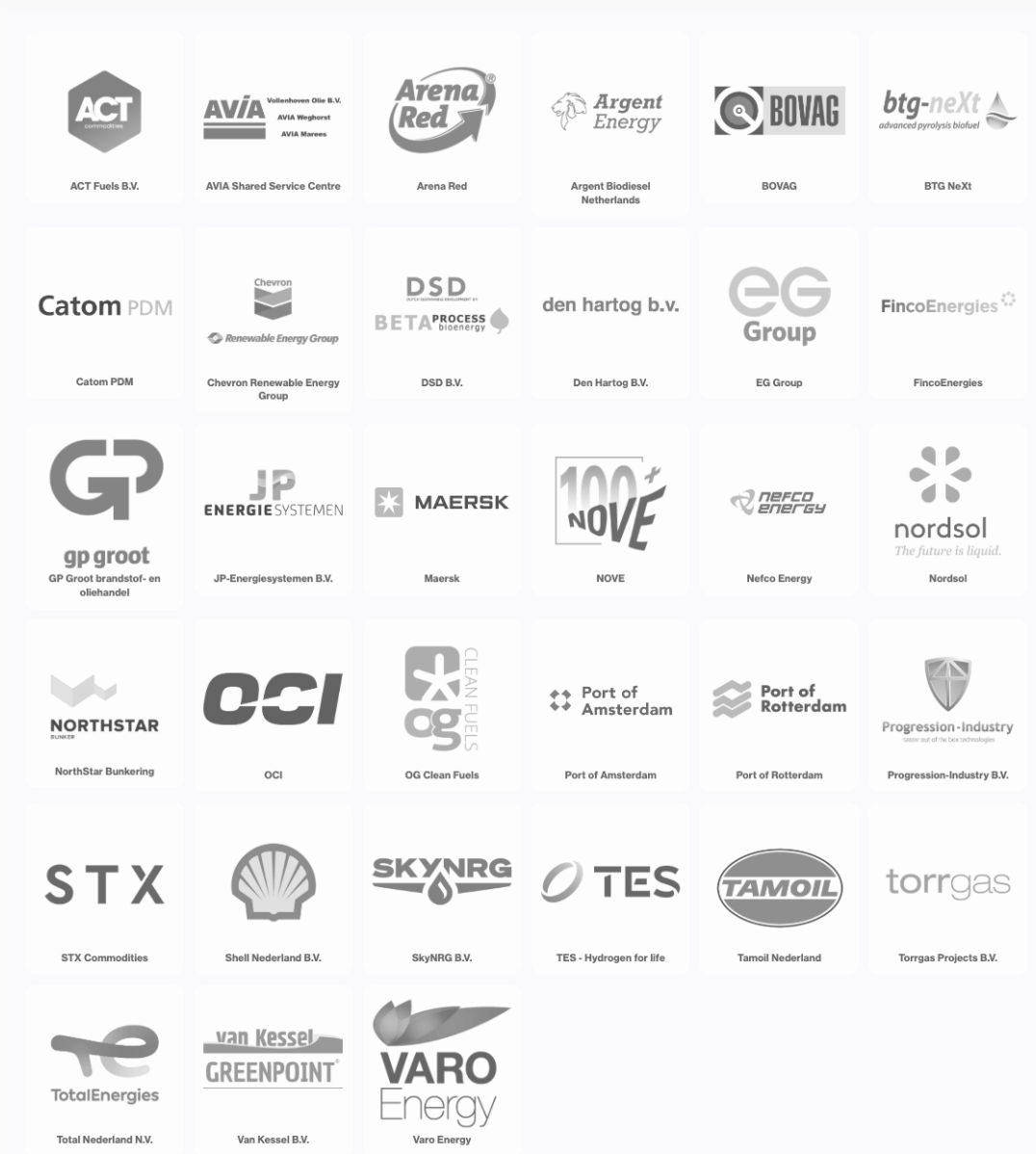
Independent knowledge and innovation platform

Independent knowledge and innovation platform

Our mission: ramping up renewable fuels and phasing out fossil fuels to reach net zero emissions by 2050.

We are working on the mission by focusing on:

- **Independent knowledge development**, analysis and research in various transport sectors.
 - **Actively communicating** the need for and benefits of renewable fuels for the Dutch transport sector, society and economy.
 - **Chain-wide approach:** from raw material to end user, in which certainty of sustainability and transparency are important pillars.
 - **Stimulating projects and pilots** that focus on creating synergy with other biobased sectors
 - **Translation of developments** and obstacles in the market into policy advice.
- We are a member-based platform with 33 members
- **We are not a conventional lobby group or business association**



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Brief introduction of the organizations



- Industry led stakeholder forum for renewable fuels and bioenergy
 - Focusing on research, development and deployment
 - Recognised by the European Commission as key actor
 - Strong connection to the SET Plan
 - SRIA Provide the basis for further RD&D on renewable fuels and bioenergy
- Structure
 - Steering Committee
 - Secreteriat funded by the European Commission
 - WG1 Biomass Availability
 - WG2 Conversion
 - WG3 End-Use
 - WG4 Policy and Sustainability
 - Biomethane Task Force



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Preparedness for crisis situations – Annual demanded fuel volume from military in times of war

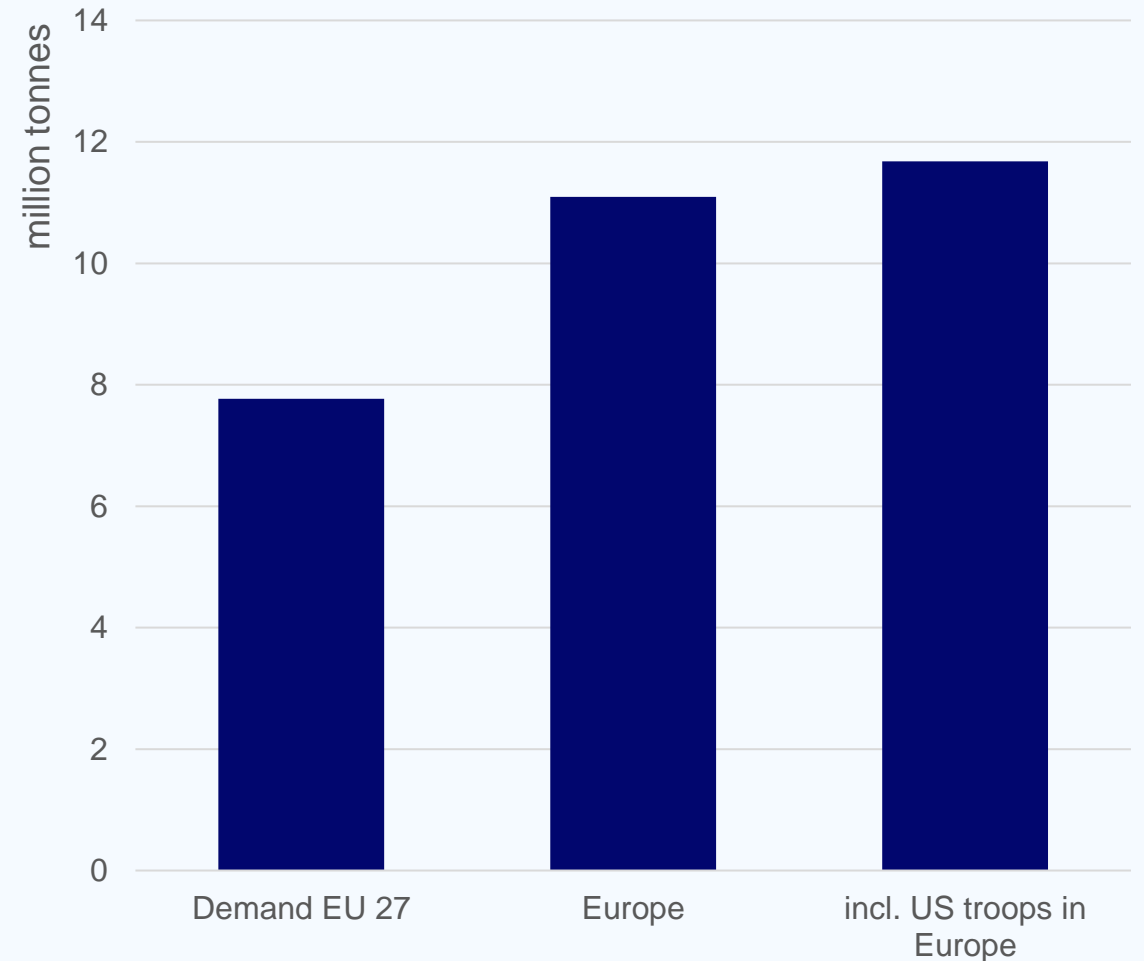
- Rule of thumb (taken from Rheinmetall proposition):

20 Liters of fuel per soldier per day

- Military personnel*

EU 27:	1,33 million
Europe:	1,9 million
Including US soldiers deployed in Europe	2 million

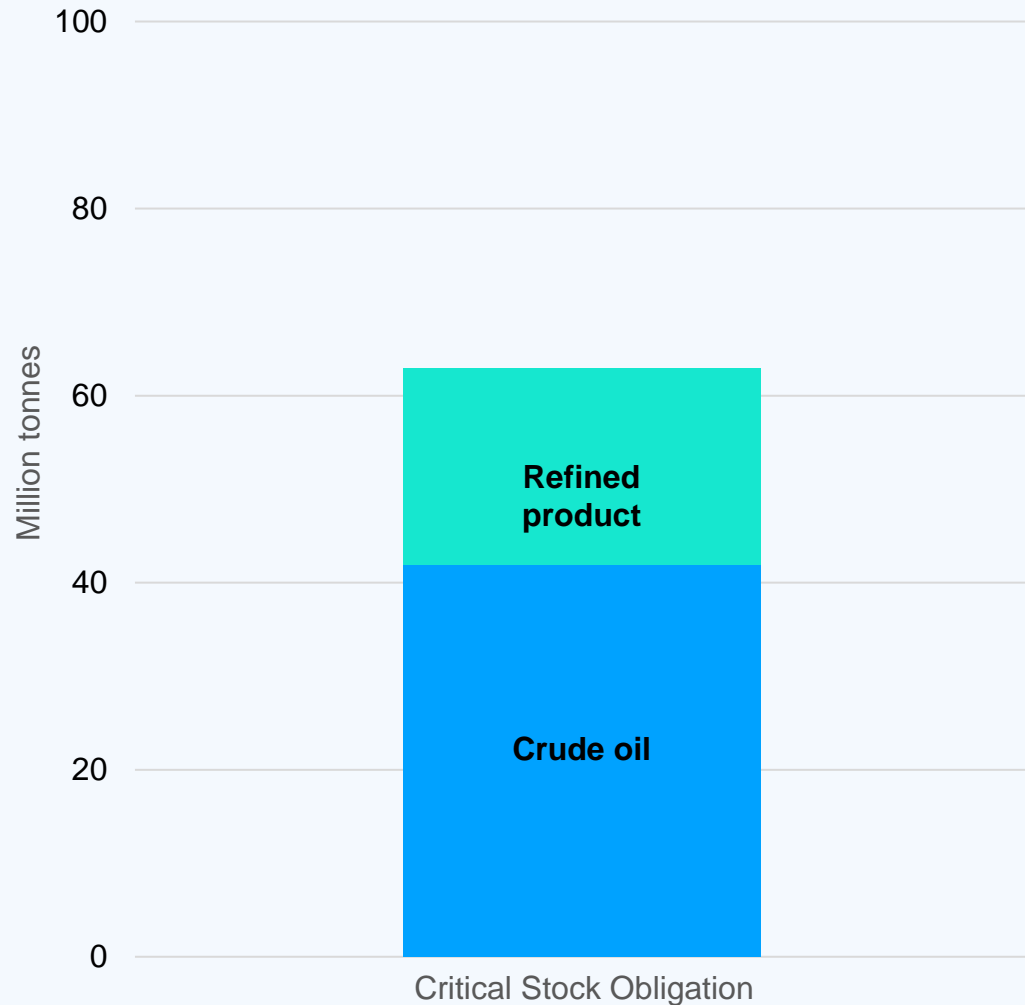
*Could very well be more already, as other sources say Ukraine alone has 900,000 active military personnel



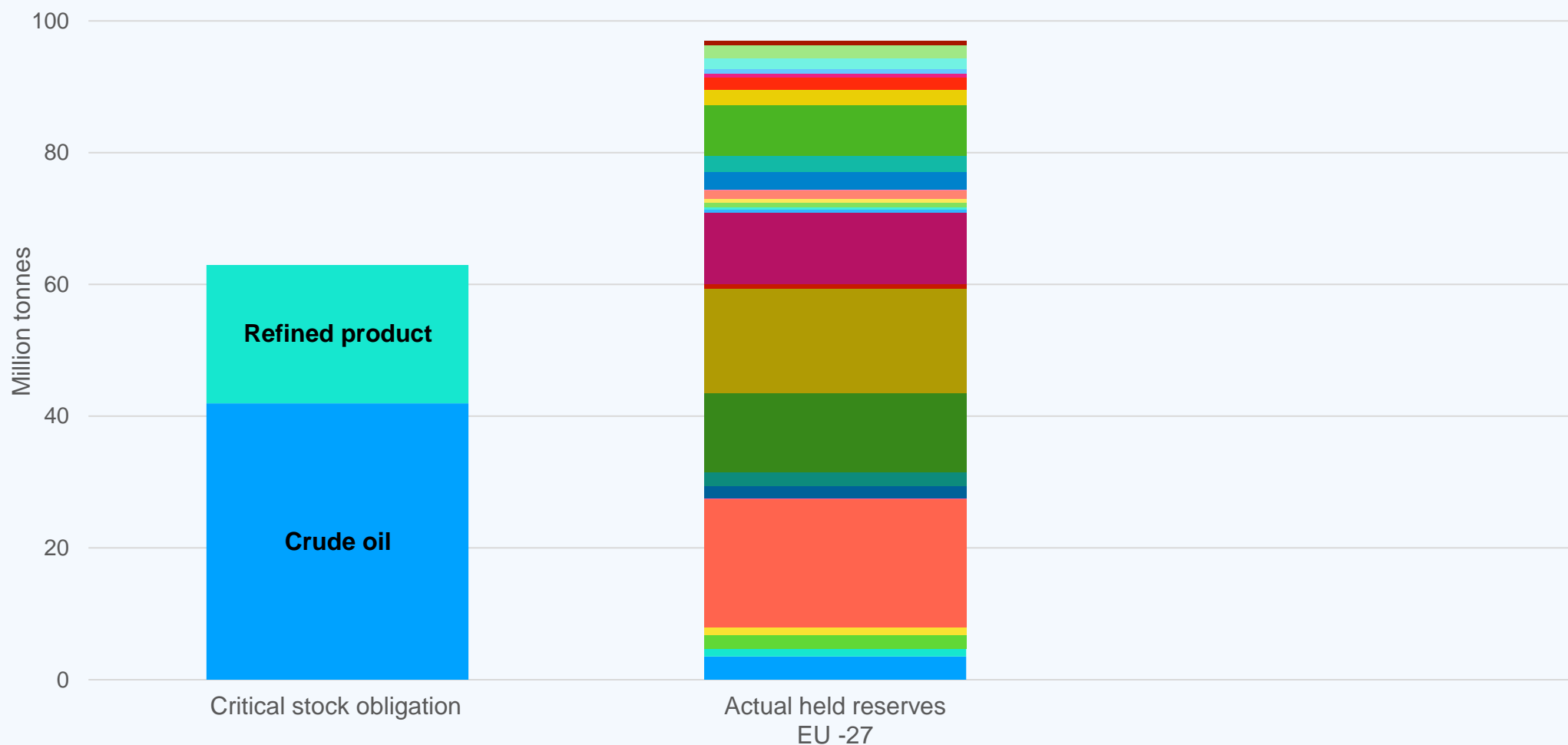
Source: Values for military personnel are retrieved from the European Council on Foreign Relations ([ECFR, 2024](#)) and [globalfirepower.com](#)

Critical stock obligation obliges Member States to keep a reserve stock of oil products

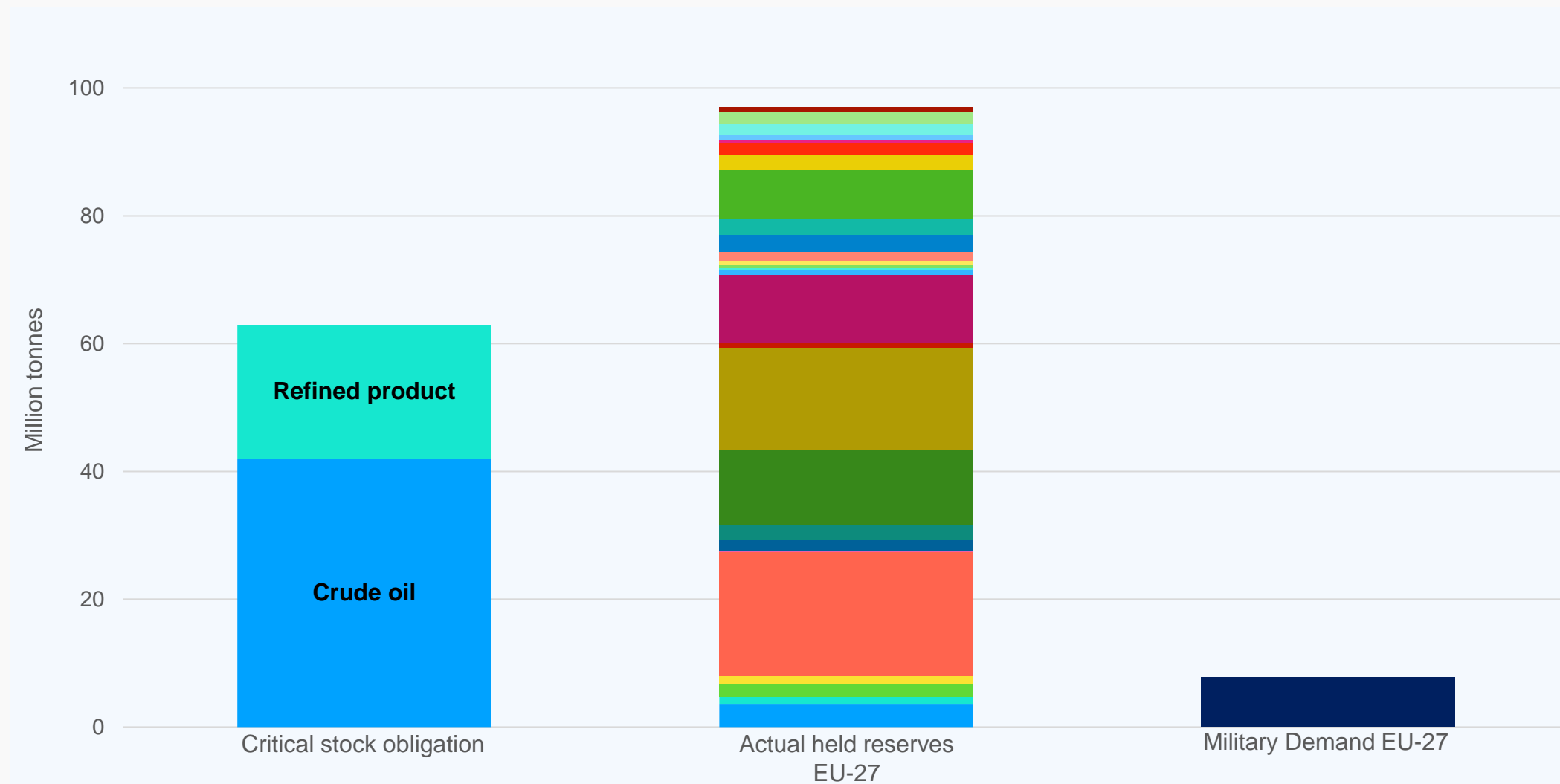
- The reserve stock of oil products is equivalent to
 - net 90 days import, or
 - 61 days of consumption.
- Composition of stock
 - 1/3rd needs to be held in refined oil products
 - 2/3rd can be held in crude oil



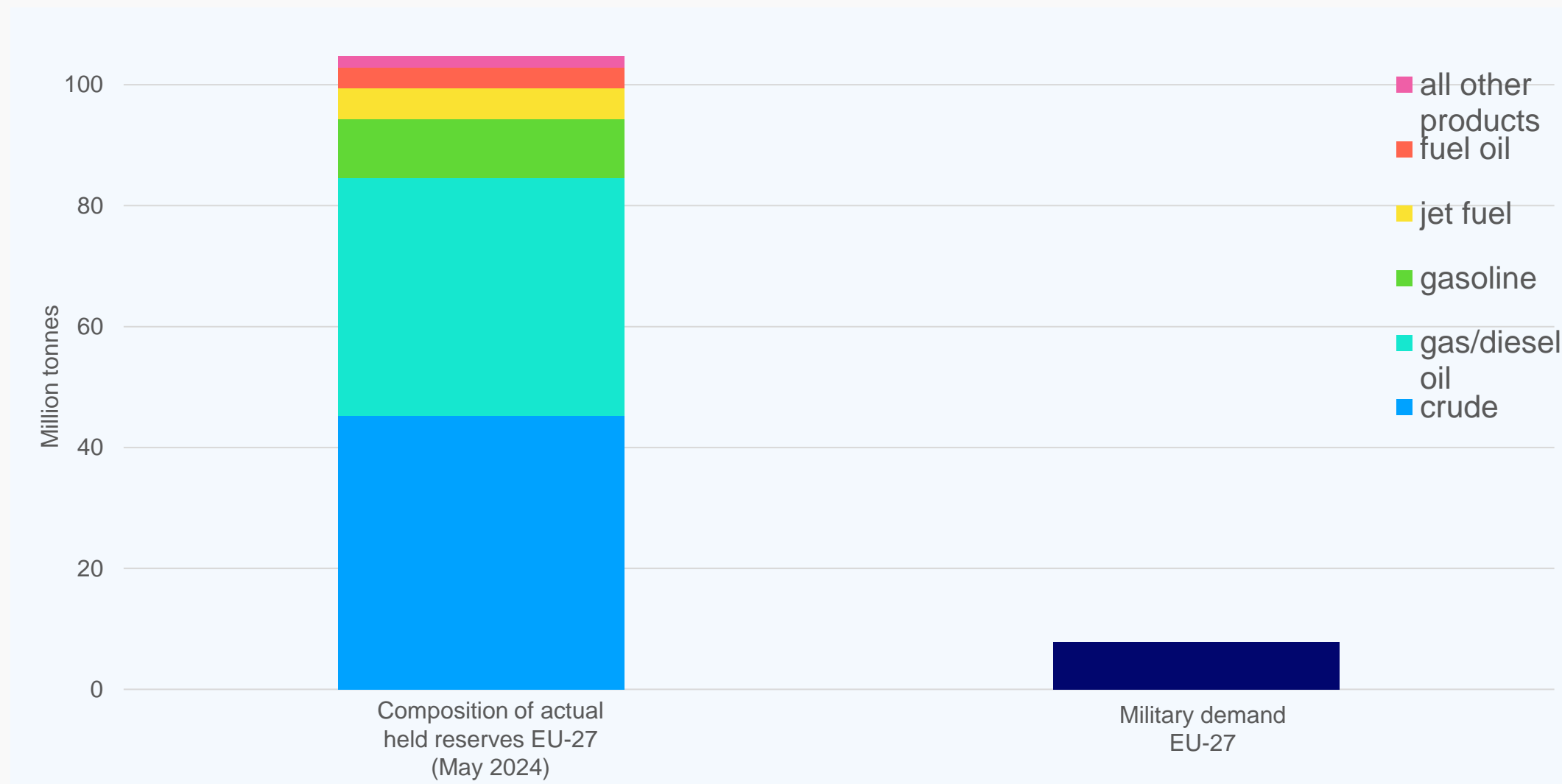
Actual reserves in EU-27 Member States exceed the obligation



Military demand is small compared to existing oil product reserves – but not renewable



But composition is fossil and largely needs refining capacity



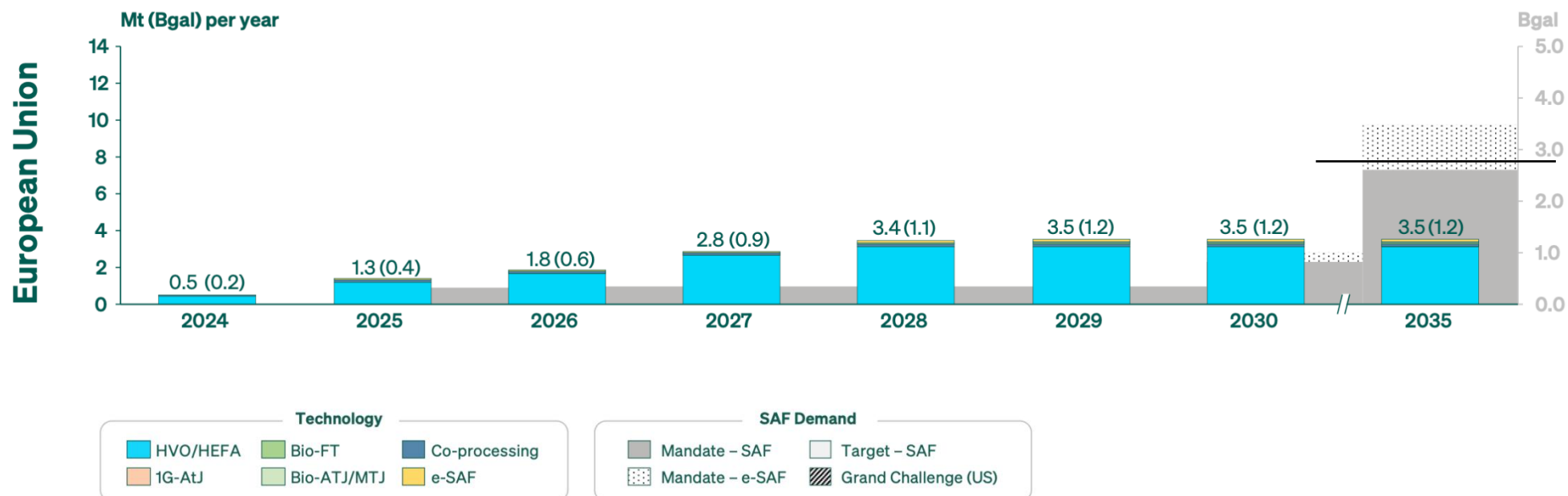
Planned capacity needs to materialise to meet military demands



Current and planned SAF capacity: HEFA dominance

SAF Capacity Outlook

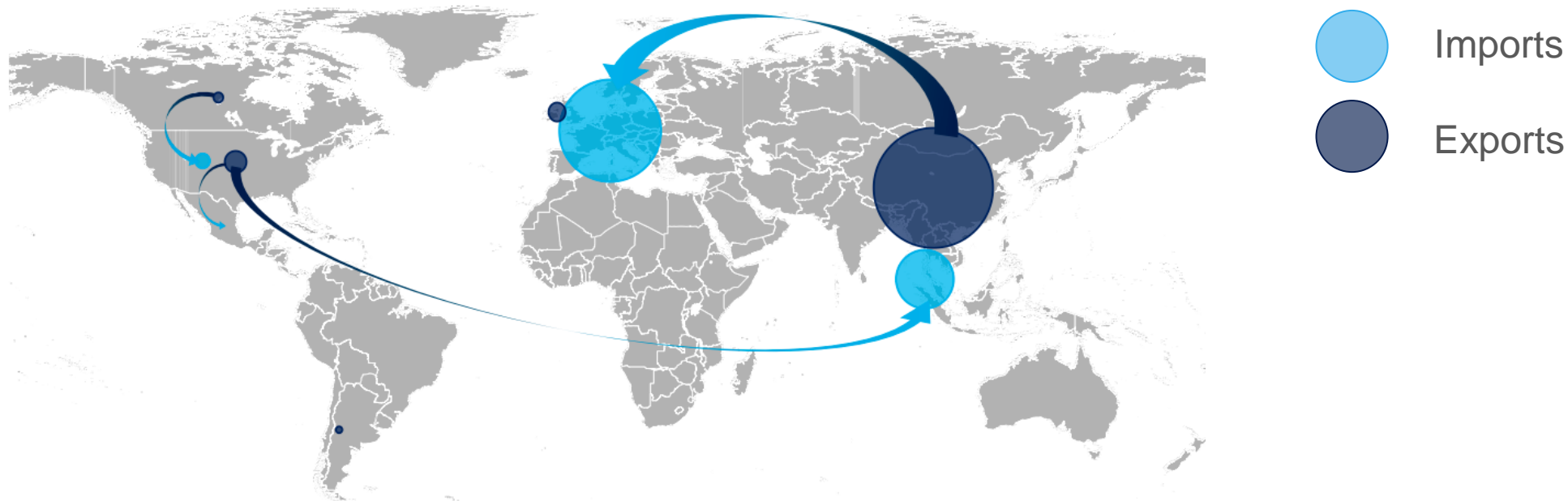
SAF demand and capacity by region^c



Source: SkyNRG, ICF, 2025, 2025, SAF Market Outlook

HEFA dominance leads to feedstock import dependency

UCO exports and imports (2023)



- Conclusion:
 - Mismatch between dominant conversion technology (HEFA) and feedstock availability (largely outside of EU)

Source: Global Data, 2023. UCO Supply outlook

Therefore we need

Alternative renewable fuel technologies that use European biomass

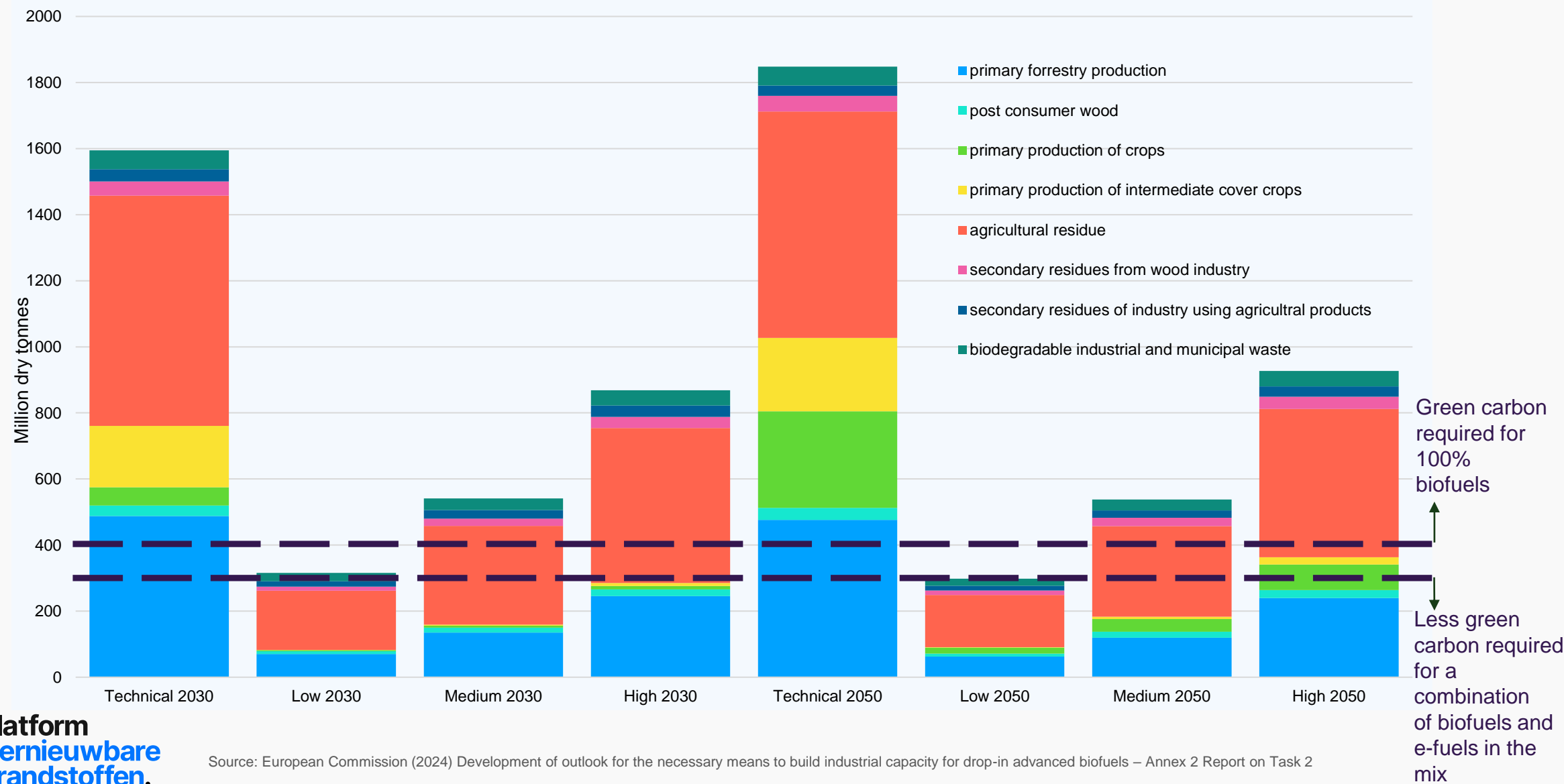
or

Diversify feedstock base for HEFA pathways with intermediate crops

Theoretical potential alternative HEFA feedstocks by far sufficient

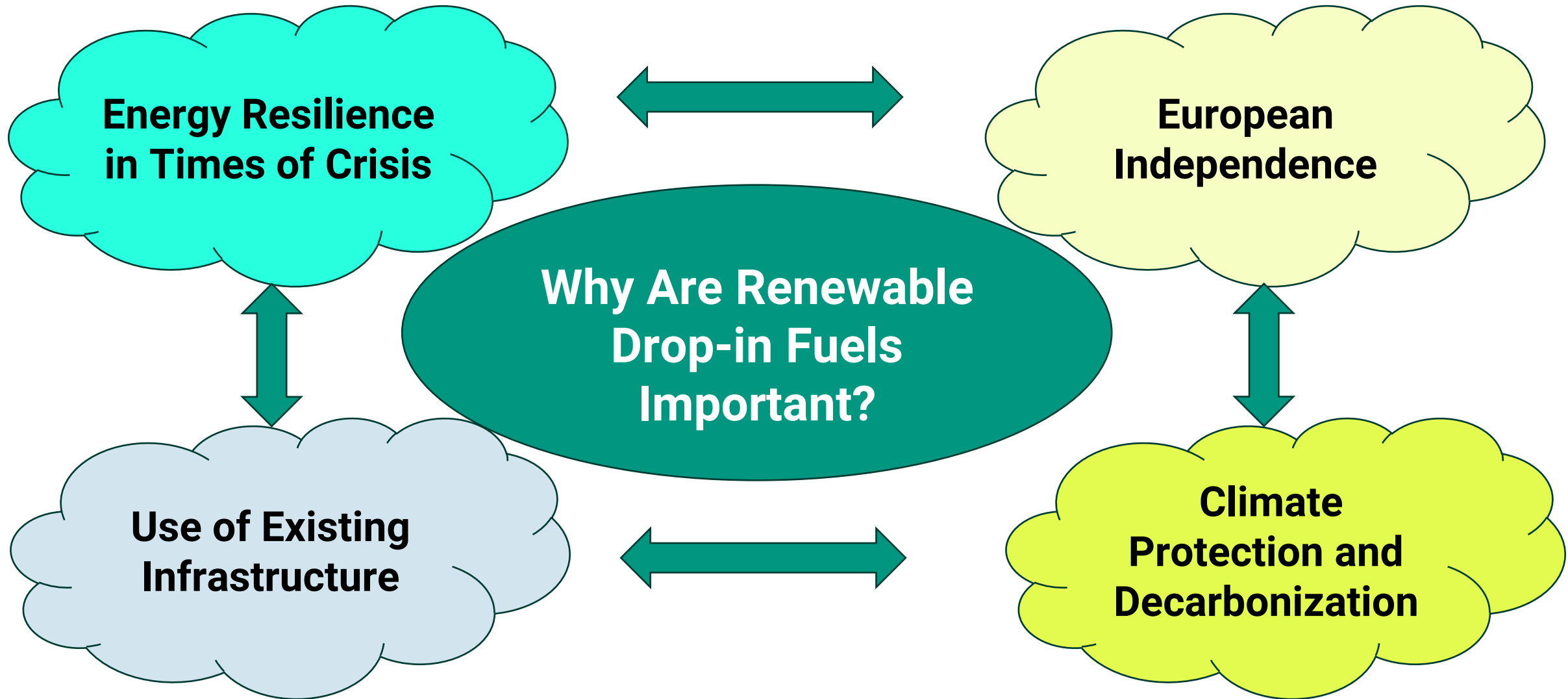


European feedstock potential for alternative biofuel technologies

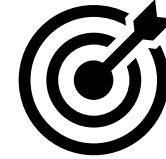


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Why is this topic important?



Aim of the workshop: Defining Problem Definition



Defining the enabling conditions and barriers



Focus on integrating technologies into a scalable, decentralized energy system – not just isolated solutions.

Build a coalition

Bring together stakeholders from industry, research, policy, and civil society to design a resilient renewable fuel system for Europe. Which stakeholders are missing?

Defining next steps

Launch a collaborative initiative to unite key actors around a shared vision and implementation strategy.

- 💧 Where do we stand on instruments for strategic autonomy & resilience in the EU?
- 💧 Key numbers and insights on fuel demand for military purposes
- 💧 Mismatch between current production capacity and European feedstock base

With contributions by:

Loes Knotter (Platform Renewable fuels)

Patrick Bosmans (NATO/CEPS)

Ville Korhonen (DG ECHO)

Frank Schulze (Exolum gmbh)

exolum



Frank Schulze
Managing Director

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Bioenergy – A key to European Resilience?

Patrik Klintbom, RISE
Chair ETIP Bioenergy Steering Committee

2025-11-06



Resilience

There is some confusion regarding concepts: resilience, resistance, preparedness, and more are mentioned in the debate..

The concept of resilience includes:

- An ability to face major disruptions
- These disruptions are of a nature that it is not possible to calculate probability or consequences (unknown unknowns)
- Examples include natural disasters, wars, cyberattacks, sabotage, pandemics, etc.
- Common strategies for resilience are: redundancy, flexibility, agility, and cooperation

How can bioenergy contribute?



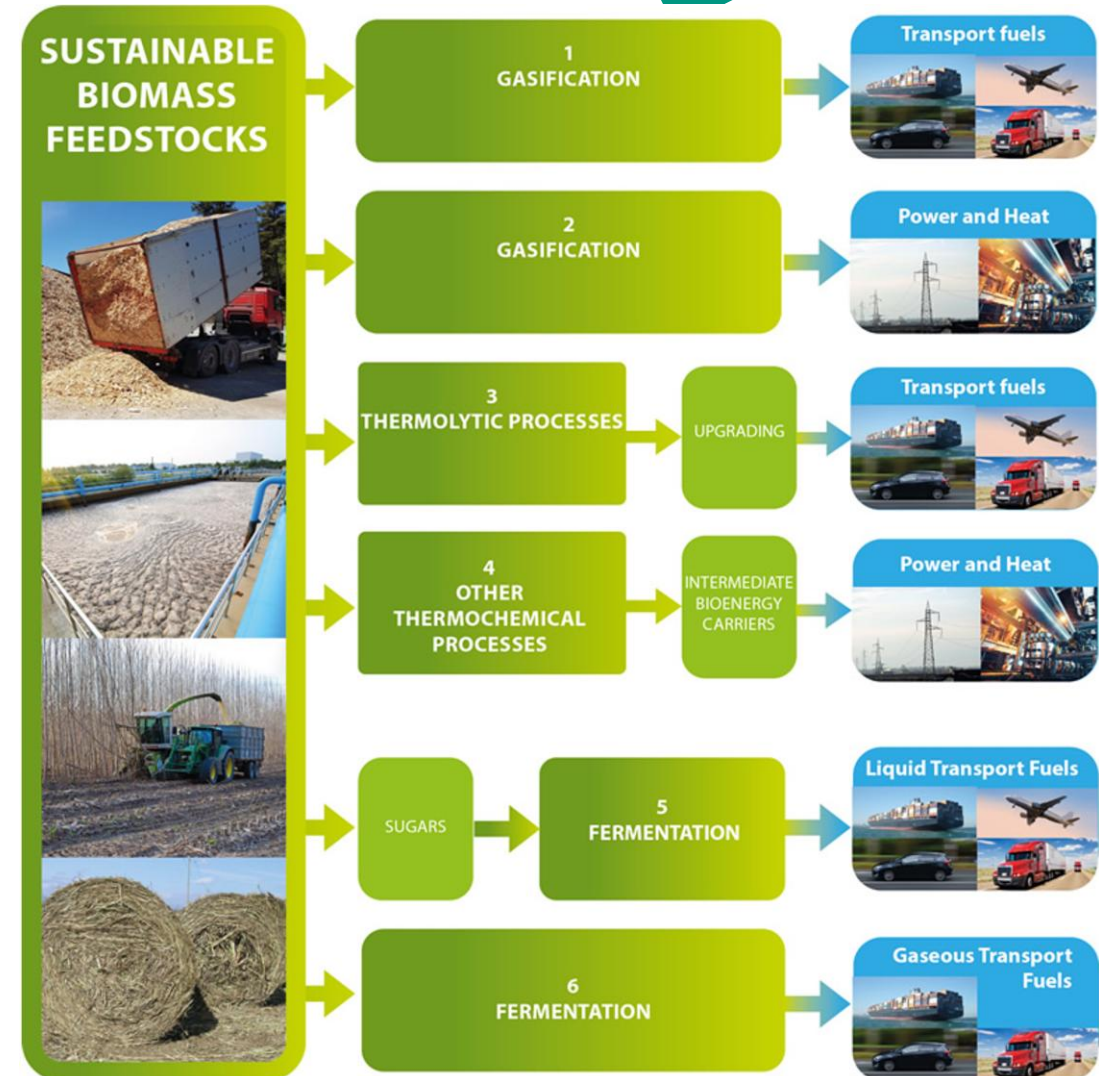
- 💧 Almost 60% (2021) of renewable energy in EU is from biomass
 - Thus the largest source but the least discussed
 - Delivers benefits and renews every year in Europe
- 💧 Still one of the few alternatives that can be applied now and deliver now
 - How do we increase deployment?
 - Significant effort needed to push market deployment. The SET Plan context is key
- 💧 Transport applications
 - As mentioned many times before. Electrification is not the alternative as it takes time and is not suitable everywhere.
 - Transport will remain dependant on liquid and gaseous fuels for decades and permanently for aviation, shipping and long-distance transport.
 - Thus failing to support bioenergy in transport means continued support for fossil fuels

The SET Plan – a central initiative

- 💧 The integrated SET Plan – The plan to accelerate the development and deployment of low-carbon technologies in EU
- 💧 Biomass and bioenergy contribute with the following:
 - Defossilisation
 - Circular economy development
 - Biodiversity through sustainable practices
- 💧 European competitiveness:
 - Energy independence
 - Job creation
 - Innovation
 - Economic growth
 - Technological advancements

Going forward




- 💧 The need for resilience and increased energy security should give an even stronger case for bioenergy
- 💧 Need to provide the boundary conditions for the following
 - Continued support for low-TRL technologies
 - Clear support all the way to the market in each TRL level
 - Support the "first of a kind plants" to lead to commercial plants
 - Create clear conditions for real capacity additions now. Many technologies are ready
- 💧 Phase out fossil fuels
 - Russian energy still imported to EU
 - Russian fossil energy replaced by other unstable and non sustainable supplies of fossil energy
 - Fossil fuels major reason for conflicts





Final remarks

- 💧 Renewable fuels and bioenergy can provide capacity on short term
 - 💧 The status of value chains are clear
 - 💧 Technology infrastructure exist for further development
- 💧 Sectors such as aviation and shipping have liquid fuels as the long-term permanent solution
- 💧 Renewable fuels and bioenergy are inherently resilient and dual use compatible
- 💧 European based feedstock are available, forest residues, agriculture residues and waste
- 💧 Procurement could be the way forward. Needs to be analysed to avoid chicken/egg discussion.
- 💧 A European value chain for sustainable fuels can be seen as an insurance for Europe

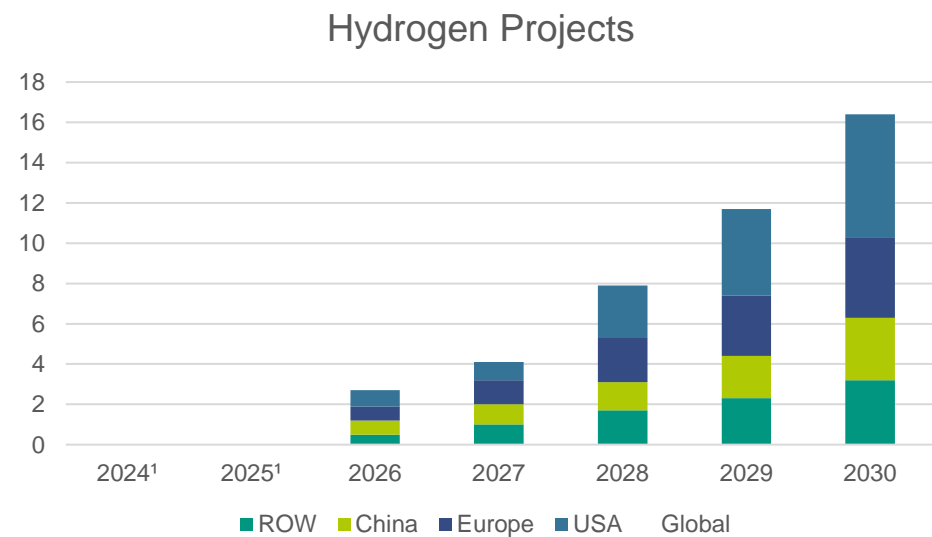
Ramp-Up-Limiting Factors:

-  Hydrogen
-  Carbon dioxide
-  Scaling of production

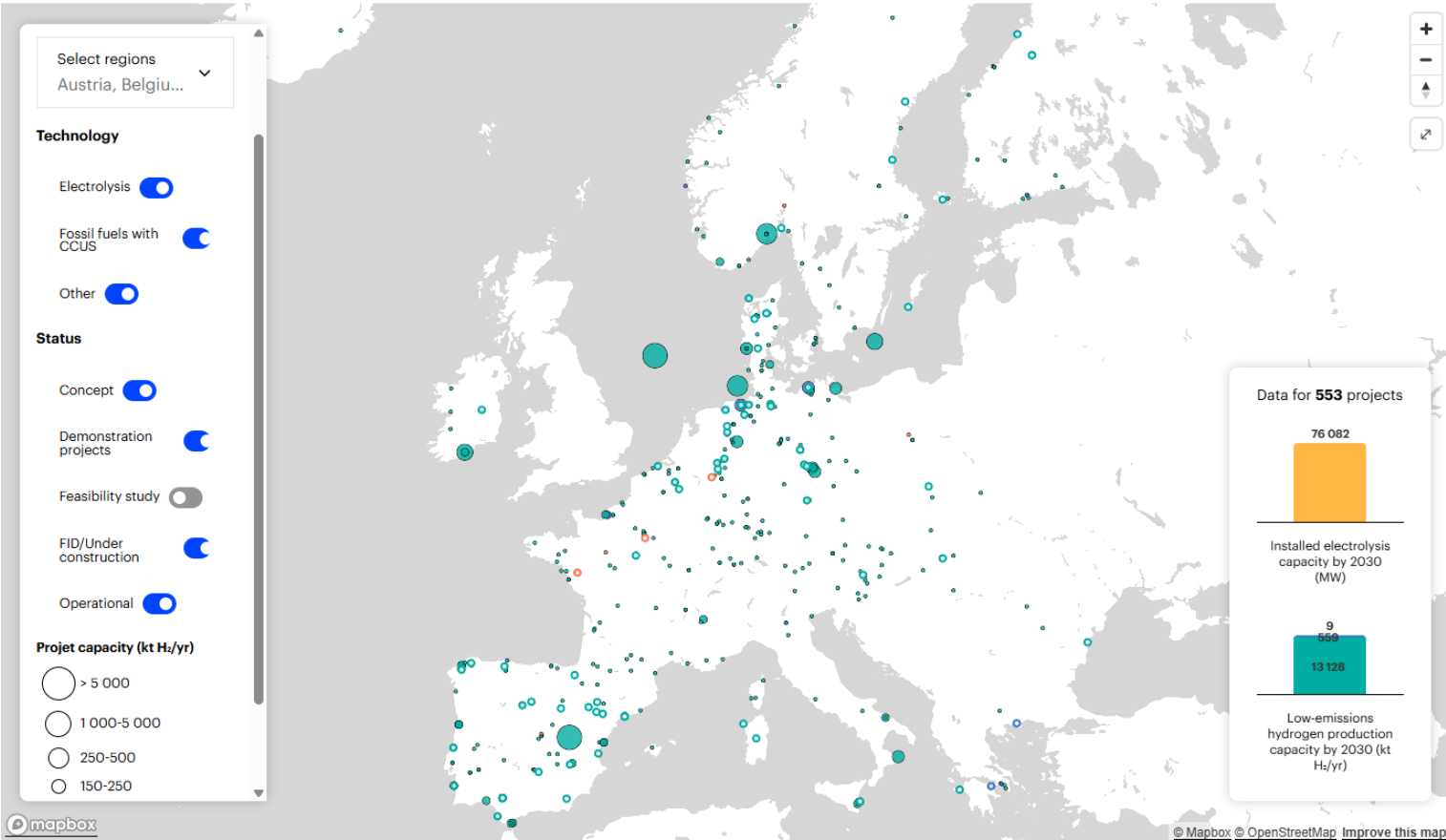
Central vs. decentral production

-  Scaling production by large scale units
-  Scaling production by numbering up

🔥 Ramp-Up-Limiting Factors: 🔥 Hydrogen



Source statista

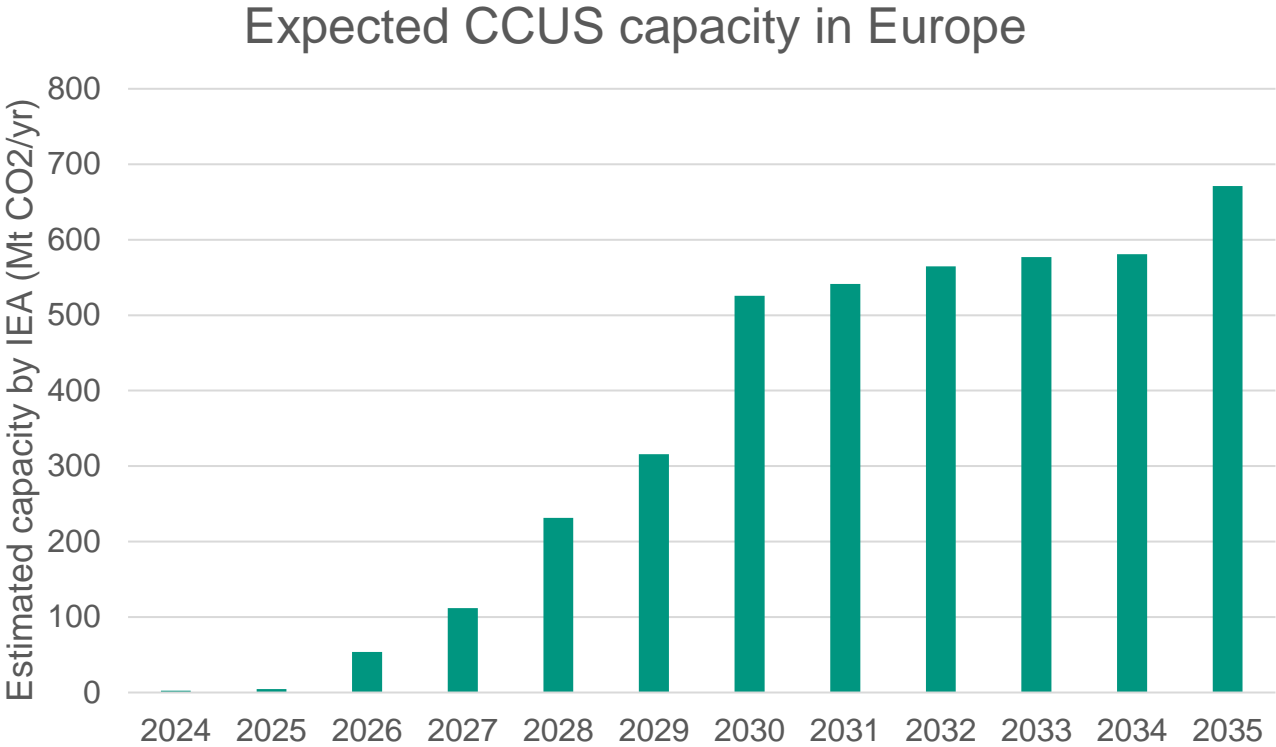
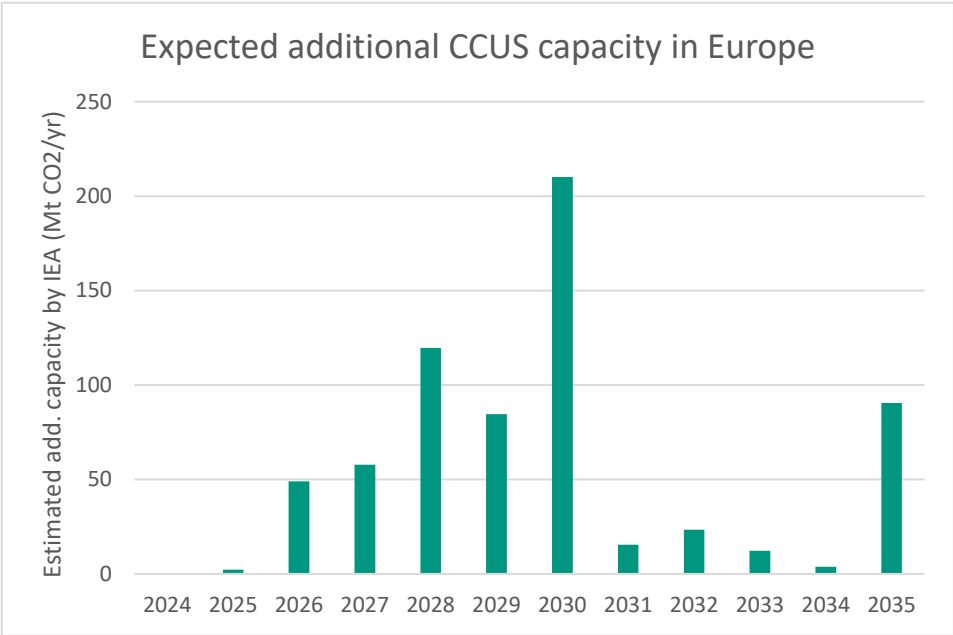


Source IEA

➡ All Projects planned, just a few in construction or in production

🔥 Ramp-Up-Limiting Factors:

🔥 Carbondioxide: IEA CCUS Projects

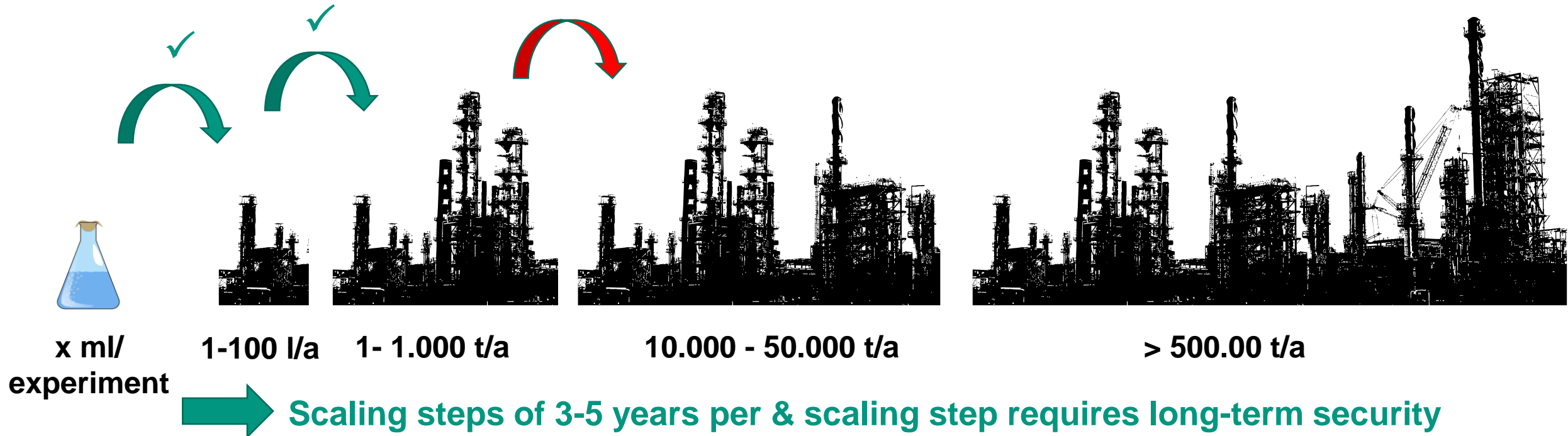


 **All Projects planned, just a few in construction or in operation resulting in ~ approx 122 Mt Fuel /yr**

Creating a ramp-up proposition of renewable fuels for resilience

Scalability of synthesis plants enables ramp-up of fuel production

- Technology maturity requires scaling
- Scaling is only possible in steps
- Times determined by planning, approval, and construction



💧 Ramp-Up-Limiting Factors:

- 💧 Scaling of production by numbering up

💧 Pro's

- 💧 Smaller investment volume → other offtake volumes acceptable
- 💧 Smaller infrastructure necessary → adaptable design
- 💧 Higher feedstock variability

💧 Con's

- 💧 Infrastructure cost per volume → chemical park required
- 💧 Higher logistics effort per volume → existing infrastructure required
- 💧 Fuel supply and demand should be coordinated locally

➡ **Central and decentral production need suitable offtake agreements each**

- 💧 Defining the core elements of a resilient production system
- 💧 Acceleration & flexibility of renewable fuel scale up

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What are follow-up questions we need to address?

-  A new kind of supply system
-  Where is the biggest need in Europe?
-  How to organise transport of fuels?
-  How much do other services need (emergency services, hospitals?)



Which stakeholders/perspectives are still missing in this coalition?

-  Representatives from military & emergency services?
-  Who in your network can you think of to ask to join the next session?

What are next steps to realise this?

-  Develop core proposition of enhanced supply system
-  Biorefineries & hydrogen
-  Apply for funding (NATO/EU innovation funds) – e.g. competitiveness fund

How do we develop our knowledge base?

-  Ways to document knowledge & exchange
-  European-based (no US cloud service), secure but accessible e.g. Quodari

Are you interested in joining a coalition to develop supply systems based on renewable fuels?

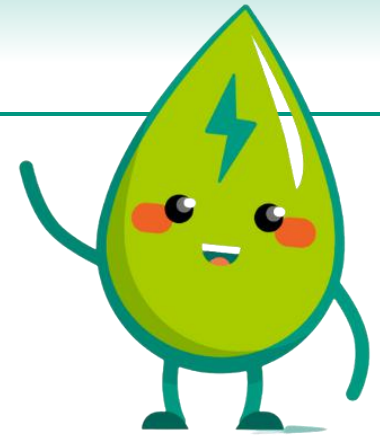
Then we look forward to hearing from you!

info@hernieuwbarebrandstoffen.nl

info@innofuels.de



Thank you for your attention.



www.etipbioenergy.eu



www.hernieuwbarebrandstoffen.nl



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