



THIRD AVENUE
MANAGEMENT

THIRD AVENUE VARIABLE SERIES TRUST

SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIALS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2026

THIRD AVENUE VALUE PORTFOLIO

The Third Avenue Value Portfolio (the "Portfolio") is distributed by Foreside Fund Services, LLC. This report is not authorized for distribution to prospective investors unless preceded or accompanied by a current prospectus of the Portfolio.

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Third Avenue Variable Series Trust

Third Avenue Value Portfolio

Portfolio of Investments

June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)

Shares	Security†	Value (Note 1)	Shares	Security†	Value (Note 1)
Common Stocks - 91.58%			Materials/Diversified Chemicals (continued)		
	Automotive - 9.42%		2,911	Rogers Corp. (a)	\$ 476,618
45,986	Bayerische Motoren Werke AG (Germany)	\$ 3,018,922			1,860,643
102,096	Harley-Davidson, Inc.	2,497,268		Media - 1.83%	
216,300	Subaru Corp. (Japan)	3,164,534	4,037,496	S4 Capital PLC (United Kingdom)	1,686,994
		8,680,724		Metals & Mining - 9.41%	
	Banks - 5.62%		349,589	Capstone Copper Corp. (Canada) (a)	3,211,807
147,879	Bank of Ireland Group PLC (Ireland)	2,946,189	149,129	Lundin Mining Corp. (Canada)	3,633,984
414,439	Close Brothers Group PLC (United Kingdom) (a)	2,227,516	22,471	Warrior Met Coal, Inc.	1,823,746
		5,173,705			8,669,537
	Brokerages & Exchanges - 1.06%			Non-U.S. Real Estate Operating Companies - 2.09%	
491,762	Bolsa Mexicana de Valores S.A.B. de C.V. (Mexico)	980,009	4,065,900	Genting Singapore, Ltd. (Singapore)	1,920,142
	Building Products - 10.90%		776,127	Oil & Gas Production & Services - 14.01%	
43,651	Boise Cascade Co.	3,388,627	95,939	Harbour Energy PLC (United Kingdom)	2,198,843
57,462	Buzzi SpA (Italy)	2,943,347	66,643	Subsea 7, S.A. (United Kingdom)	3,275,989
151,865	Interfor Corp. (Canada) (a)	1,397,383	41,236	Tidewater, Inc. (a)	4,440,423
93,700	Taiheiyo Cement Corp. (Japan)	2,309,448		Valaris, Ltd. (a)	2,993,734
		10,038,805			12,908,989
	Capital Equipment - 6.83%		507,246	Transportation & Logistics - 8.03%	
17,800	Horiba, Ltd. (Japan)	3,056,336	57,600	easyJet PLC (United Kingdom)	3,752,123
69,800	Jeol, Ltd. (Japan)	3,237,497	1,317,848	PALTAC Corp. (Japan)	2,360,755
		6,293,833		TS Lines, Ltd. (Hong Kong)	1,286,224
	Commercial Services - 2.88%				7,399,102
86,240	Robert Half, Inc.	2,647,568		Total Common Stocks	
	Consumer Products - 1.53%			(Cost \$70,041,527)	84,369,011
52,452	Misto Holdings Corp. (South Korea)	1,412,116	Short-Term Investments - 7.32%		
	Diversified Holding Companies - 9.88%		6,745,004	BNY Dreyfus Treasury Securities Cash Management, Institutional Shares, 3.52% (b)	6,745,004
413,348	CK Hutchison Holdings, Ltd. (Hong Kong)	3,503,388		Total Short-Term Investments	
101,300	Jardine Cycle & Carriage, Ltd. (Singapore)	2,110,253		(Cost \$6,745,004)	6,745,004
329,516	Quinenco S.A. (Chile)	1,402,819		Total Investment Portfolio - 98.90%	
175,281	thyssenkrupp AG (Germany)	2,087,470		(Cost \$76,786,531)	91,114,015
		9,103,930		Other Assets less Liabilities - 1.10%	1,012,526
	Energy - Refining & Marketing - 3.58%			NET ASSETS - 100.00%	\$ 92,126,541
653,353	Ultrapar Participacoes S.A. (Brazil)	3,296,950			
	Insurance - 2.49%				
366,718	Conduit Holdings, Ltd. (Bermuda)	2,295,964			
	Materials/Diversified Chemicals - 2.02%				
81,600	OSAKA Titanium Technologies Co., Ltd. (Japan)	1,384,025			

Notes:

(a) Non-income producing security.

(b) Rate disclosed represents 30-day yield at June 30, 2026.

† U.S. issuer unless otherwise noted.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Third Avenue Variable Series Trust

Third Avenue Value Portfolio Statement of Assets and Liabilities

June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)

Assets:

Investments at value [†] (Note 1)	\$91,114,015
Cash	749,908
Foreign tax reclaims receivable	429,602
Dividends and interest receivables	262,452
Receivable for securities sold	59,678
Receivable for Portfolio shares sold	3,652
Other assets	159
Total assets	<u>92,619,466</u>

Liabilities:

Payable for securities purchased	305,948
Payable to Adviser (Note 3)	75,936
Payable for Portfolio shares redeemed	31,764
Payable for auditing fees	29,961
Payable for reports to shareholders	19,083
Payable for accounting and administration fees (Note 3)	17,818
Payable for shareholder servicing fees (Note 3)	5,702
Payable for transfer agent fees	4,490
Payable to trustees and officers	1,001
Accrued expenses	1,222
Total liabilities	<u>492,925</u>
Commitments and contingency (Notes 3 and 5)	<u>—</u>
Net assets	<u>\$92,126,541</u>

Summary of net assets:

Capital stock, unlimited shares authorized, \$0.001 par value, 3,386,966 shares outstanding	\$60,708,770
Total distributable earnings	<u>31,417,771</u>
Net assets applicable to capital shares outstanding	<u>\$92,126,541</u>
Net asset value, offering and redemption price per share	<u>\$ 27.20</u>
[†] Cost of Investments	\$76,786,531

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Third Avenue Variable Series Trust

Third Avenue Value Portfolio

Statement of Operations

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)

Investment Income:

Dividends*	\$1,835,047
Interest	1,448
Total Investment Income	1,836,495

Expenses:

Investment advisory fees (Note 3)	422,107
Shareholder servicing fees (Note 3)	37,794
Accounting and administration fees (Note 3)	37,519
Auditing fees	29,142
Reports to shareholders	17,305
Trustees' and officers' fees and expenses	17,051
Custodian fees	15,801
Transfer agent fees	13,804
Legal fees	5,065
Insurance	142
Miscellaneous	7,788
Total expenses	603,518
Fees recouped/(waived) (Note 3)	6,192
Net expenses	609,710
Net investment income	1,226,785

Realized and unrealized gain/(loss) on investments, options, and foreign currency transactions:

Net realized gain on investments	6,237,338
Net realized loss on purchased options	(567,775)
Net realized loss on foreign currency transactions	(18,451)
Net change in unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) on investments	393,927
Net change in unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) on translation of other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency	(21,724)
Net gain on investments, options, and foreign currency transactions	6,023,315

Net increase in net assets resulting from operations \$7,250,100

* Net of foreign withholding taxes on dividends \$ 229,080

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Third Avenue Variable Series Trust**Third Avenue Value Portfolio
Statements of Changes in Net Assets**

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)	For the Year Ended December 31, 2025
Operations:		
Net investment income.....	\$ 1,226,785	\$ 1,612,741
Net realized gain.....	5,651,112	8,946,997
Net change in unrealized appreciation/(depreciation)	372,203	12,184,631
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	<u>7,250,100</u>	<u>22,744,369</u>
Dividends and Distributions to Shareholders:		
Net investment income and net realized gains.....	<u>—</u>	<u>(7,205,817)</u>
Decrease in net assets from dividends and distributions	<u>—</u>	<u>(7,205,817)</u>
Capital Share Transactions:		
Proceeds from sale of shares	12,366,914	5,003,038
Net asset value of shares issued in reinvestment of dividends and distributions	—	7,205,817
Cost of shares redeemed.....	(12,873,798)	(10,983,502)
Net increase/(decrease) in net assets resulting from capital share transactions.....	<u>(506,884)</u>	<u>1,225,353</u>
Net increase in net assets	6,743,216	16,763,905
Net assets at beginning of period/year.....	85,383,325	68,619,420
Net assets at end of period/year	<u>\$ 92,126,541</u>	<u>\$ 85,383,325</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Third Avenue Variable Series Trust

Third Avenue Value Portfolio

Financial Highlights

Selected data (for a share outstanding throughout each period/year) and ratios are as follows:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)	Year Ended December 31,				
		2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Net asset value, beginning of period/year.....	\$ 25.04	\$ 20.46	\$ 23.27	\$ 21.16	\$ 18.51	\$ 15.27
Income/(loss) from investment operations:						
Net investment income [@]	0.36	0.48	0.56 [‡]	0.53	0.37 [*]	0.26 ⁺
Net gain/(loss) on investment transactions (both realized and unrealized)	1.80	6.36	(0.85)	3.69	2.58	3.11
Total from investment operations	2.16	6.84	(0.29)	4.22	2.95	3.37
Less dividends and distributions to shareholders:						
Dividends from net investment income	—	(0.53)	(0.62)	(0.56)	(0.30)	(0.13)
Distributions from net realized gains	—	(1.73)	(1.90)	(1.55)	—	—
Total dividends and distributions	—	(2.26)	(2.52)	(2.11)	(0.30)	(0.13)
Net asset value, end of period/year	\$ 27.20	\$ 25.04	\$ 20.46	\$ 23.27	\$ 21.16	\$ 18.51
Total return ¹	8.63% ²	34.85%	(2.27)%	20.81%	16.11%	22.07%
Ratios/Supplemental Data:						
Net assets, end of period/year (in thousands).....	\$92,127	\$85,383	\$68,619	\$76,896	\$71,985	\$63,190
Ratio of expenses to average net assets						
Before fee waivers/fee recoupment/expense offset arrangement	1.29% ³	1.37%	1.34%	1.37%	1.36%	1.48%
After fee waivers/fee recoupment/expense offset arrangement ⁴	1.30% ^{3,†}	1.30% [#]	1.30% [#]	1.30% [#]	1.30% [#]	1.30% [#]
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets	2.62% ³	2.15%	2.39% [‡]	2.35%	1.88% [*]	1.39% ⁺
Portfolio turnover rate	18% ²	21%	23%	16%	31%	20%

¹ Performance figures reflect fee waivers, expense offset arrangement and/or recovery of previously waived fees, when applicable. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Total return would have been lower if the Adviser had not waived certain expenses. Conversely, total return would have been higher if the Adviser had not recovered previously waived expenses. Total return is calculated assuming an initial investment made at the net asset value at the beginning of the year, reinvestment of all dividends and distributions at net asset value during the period and redemption on the last day of the period and is not annualized. Total return does not reflect charges pursuant to the terms of insurance contracts funded by separate accounts that invest in the Portfolio's shares.

² Not annualized.

³ Annualized.

⁴ As a result of an expense limitation, the ratio of expenses (exclusive of taxes, interest, brokerage commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, and extraordinary items) to average net assets will not exceed 1.30%.

^{*} Investment income per share reflects a special dividend received during the year which amounted to \$0.06 per share. Excluding the special dividend, the ratio of net investment income to average net assets would have been 1.56%.

⁺ Investment income per share reflects special dividends received during the year which amounted to \$0.14 per share. Excluding the special dividends, the ratio of net investment income to average net assets would have been 0.61%.

[‡] Investment income per share reflects special dividends received during the year which amounted to \$0.13 per share. Excluding the special dividends, the ratio of net investment income to average net assets would have been 1.82%.

[@] Calculated based on the average number of shares outstanding during the period.

[#] The Adviser waived a portion of its fees.

[†] The Adviser recovered a portion of its previously waived fees.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Third Avenue Variable Series Trust

Third Avenue Value Portfolio

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)

1. SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization:

Third Avenue Variable Series Trust (the “Trust”) is an open-end, management investment company organized as a Delaware statutory trust pursuant to a Trust Instrument dated June 16, 1999. The Trust currently consists of one diversified (within the meaning of Section 5(b)(1) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “Act”)) investment series, Third Avenue Value Portfolio (the “Portfolio”). Third Avenue Management LLC (“Third Avenue” or the “Adviser”) provides investment advisory services to the Portfolio.

The Portfolio seeks to acquire common stocks of well-financed companies (meaning companies with high quality assets and conservative levels of liabilities) at a discount to what the Adviser believes is their intrinsic value. Third Avenue adheres to a strict value discipline in selecting securities for the Portfolio. This means seeking investments whose market prices are low in relation to what it believes is their intrinsic value and/or whose total return potential is considered to be high. The Adviser may seek investments in the equity securities and senior securities, such as convertible securities, preferred stocks and debt instruments (including high yield and distressed securities, often referred to as “junk”, that may be in default and may have any or no credit rating) of companies in industries that are believed to be undervalued or temporarily depressed. The Portfolio invests in both domestic and foreign securities.

The shares of the Portfolio may be purchased only by the separate accounts of insurance companies for the purpose of funding variable life insurance policies and variable annuity contracts. At June 30, 2026, the Trust was offered as an investment option by six insurance companies and, accordingly, a decision by any insurance company to withdraw its participation may have a material negative impact on the Trust. As of June 30, 2026, separate accounts of Ameriprise Financial, Inc. and Ameritas Variable Life Insurance Co. held approximately 53% and 33% of the Portfolio’s shares, respectively.

Accounting policies:

The policies described below are followed consistently by the Portfolio in the preparation of its financial statements and are in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”). The Trust is an investment company and, accordingly, follows the investment company accounting and reporting guidance of the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification (“FASB ASC”) Topic 946-Investment Companies, which is part of U.S. GAAP.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Security valuation:

The Portfolio’s equity securities listed on an exchange market system will generally be valued at the last sale price. Equity securities traded in the over-the-counter market are valued at their closing sale or official closing price. If there were no transactions on that day, securities traded principally on an exchange will be valued at the mean of the last bid and ask prices prior to the market close. Prices for equity securities normally are supplied by an independent pricing service approved by the Trust’s Board of Trustees (“Board of Trustees”). Fixed income securities are valued based on market quotations, which are furnished by an independent pricing service. Fixed income securities having remaining maturities of 60 days or less are valued at amortized cost, which approximates market value. Any assets held by the Portfolio that are denominated in foreign currencies are valued daily in U.S. dollars at the foreign currency exchange rates that are prevailing at the time that the Portfolio determines the daily NAV per share. Foreign securities may trade on weekends or other days when the Portfolio does not calculate NAV. As a result, the market value of these investments may change on days when you cannot buy or sell shares of the Portfolio.

Securities that do not have a readily available current market value or that have been subject to a significant event occurring between the time of the last sales price and the close of the New York Stock Exchange (the “Exchange”) are valued in good faith by the Adviser as “valuation designee” under the oversight of the Trust’s Board of Trustees. The Adviser has adopted written policies and procedures for valuing securities and other assets in circumstances where market quotes are not readily available. In the event that market quotes are not readily available, and the security or asset cannot be valued pursuant to one of the adopted valuation methods, the value of the security or asset will be determined in good faith by the Adviser pursuant to the policies and procedures. On a quarterly basis, the Adviser’s fair valuation determinations will be reviewed by the Trust’s Board of Trustees. The Adviser’s policy is intended to result in a calculation of the Portfolio’s NAV that fairly reflects security values as of the time of pricing. However, fair values determined pursuant to the Adviser’s procedures may not accurately reflect the price that the Portfolio could obtain for a security if it were to dispose of that security as of the time of pricing.

Market quotes are considered not readily available in circumstances where there is an absence of current or reliable market-based data (e.g., trade information, bid/asked information, broker quotes), including where events occur after the close of the relevant market, but prior to the close of the Exchange, that materially affect the values of the Portfolio’s securities or assets. In addition, market quotes are considered not readily available when, due to extraordinary circumstances, an exchange or market on which a security trades does not open for trading for the entire day and no other market prices are available.

Securities listed on certain non-U.S. exchanges that close at a substantially earlier time than the Exchange (such as most European or Asian exchanges) are fair valued daily by an independent fair value pricing service approved by the Board of Trustees. The fair valuations for these securities may not be the same as quoted or published prices of the securities on their primary markets and are categorized as Level 2, as defined below. Securities for which daily fair value prices from the independent fair value pricing service are not available are generally valued at the last quoted sale price at the close of an exchange on which the security is traded. Values of foreign securities, currencies, and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate of said currencies against the U.S. dollar, as of the close of regular trading on the Exchange, as provided by an independent pricing service approved by the Board of Trustees.

In addition to utilizing an independent fair value pricing service for securities listed on certain non-U.S. exchanges as described above, the Portfolio may fair value foreign securities if significant events that appear likely to affect the value of those securities occur between the time a foreign exchange closes and the time that the Portfolio prices its shares. Significant events may include: (i) events impacting a single issuer, (ii) governmental actions that affect securities in one sector or country, (iii) natural disasters or armed conflict, or (iv) significant domestic or foreign market fluctuations. The Board of Trustees has delegated to the Adviser the responsibility for monitoring significant events that may materially affect the values of the Portfolio's securities or assets and for determining whether the value of the applicable securities or assets should be re-evaluated in light of such significant events.

Fair value measurements:

In accordance with FASB ASC 820-10, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, the Portfolio discloses the fair value of its investments in a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure the fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that the Portfolio would receive upon selling an investment in an orderly transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or most advantageous market for the investment under current market conditions. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to valuations based upon unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to valuations based upon unobservable inputs that are significant to the valuation (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 — Inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Portfolio has the ability to access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 — Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active; and
- Level 3 — Significant unobservable inputs (including the Portfolio's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input both individually and in aggregate that is significant to the fair value measurement. However, the determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgment by the Portfolio. The Portfolio considers observable data to be market data which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market. The inputs or methodology used for valuing investments are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those investments.

The Portfolio uses valuation techniques to measure fair value that are consistent with the market approach and/or income approach, depending on the type of security and the particular circumstance. The market approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable securities. The income approach uses valuation techniques to discount estimated future cash flows to present value.

The following are certain inputs and techniques that the Portfolio generally uses to evaluate how to classify each major category of assets and liabilities for Level 2 and Level 3, in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Equity Securities (Common Stocks and Preferred Stocks)—Equity securities traded in inactive markets and certain foreign equity securities are valued using inputs which include broker-dealer quotes, recently executed transactions adjusted for changes in the benchmark index, or evaluated prices received from independent pricing services or brokers that take into account the integrity of the market sector and issuer, the individual characteristics of the security, and information received from broker-dealers and other market sources pertaining to the issuer or security. To the extent that these inputs are observable, the values of equity securities are categorized as Level 2. To the extent that these inputs are unobservable, the values are categorized as Level 3.

U.S. Government Obligations — U.S. Government obligations are valued by independent pricing services based on pricing models that evaluate the mean between the closing bid and ask price. The models also take into consideration data received from active market makers and broker-dealers, yield curves, and the spread over comparable U.S. Government issues. The spreads change daily in response to market conditions and are generally obtained from the new issue market and broker-dealer sources. To the extent that these inputs are observable, the values of U.S. Government obligations are categorized as Level 2. To the extent that these inputs are unobservable, the values are categorized as Level 3.

Third Avenue Variable Series Trust

Third Avenue Value Portfolio

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)

Corporate Bonds— Corporate bonds are generally comprised of two main categories: investment grade bonds and high yield bonds. Investment grade bonds are valued by independent pricing services or brokers using various inputs and techniques, which include broker-dealer quotations, live trading levels, recently executed transactions in securities of the issuer or comparable issuers, and option adjusted spread models that include base curve and spread curve inputs. Adjustments to individual bonds can be applied to recognize trading differences compared to other bonds issued by the same issuer. High yield bonds are valued by independent pricing services or brokers based primarily on broker-dealer quotations from relevant market makers and recently executed transactions in securities of the issuer or comparable issuers. The broker-dealer quotations received are supported by credit analysis of the issuer that takes into consideration credit quality assessments, daily trading activity, and the activity of the underlying equities, listed bonds and sector specific trends. To the extent that these inputs are observable, the values of corporate bonds are categorized as Level 2. To the extent that these inputs are unobservable, the values are categorized as Level 3.

Options (Purchased and Written)— Options are valued by independent pricing services or by brokers based on pricing models that take into account, among other factors, foreign exchange rate, time until expiration, and volatility of the underlying foreign currency security. To the extent that these inputs are observable, the values of options are categorized as Level 2. To the extent that these inputs are unobservable, the values are categorized as Level 3.

The following is a summary by level of inputs used to value the Portfolio's investments as of June 30, 2026:

Assets	Total Value at 6/30/26	Level 1 Quoted Prices	Level 2 Other Significant Observable Inputs [^]	Level 3 Significant Unobservable Inputs
Common Stocks:				
Automotive	\$ 8,680,724	\$ 2,497,268	\$ 6,183,456	\$ —
Banks	5,173,705	2,227,516	2,946,189	—
Brokerages & Exchanges	980,009	980,009	—	—
Building Products	10,038,805	4,786,010	5,252,795	—
Capital Equipment	6,293,833	—	6,293,833	—
Commercial Services	2,647,568	2,647,568	—	—
Consumer Products	1,412,116	—	1,412,116	—
Diversified Holding Companies	9,103,930	1,402,819	7,701,111	—
Energy - Refining & Marketing	3,296,950	3,296,950	—	—
Insurance	2,295,964	2,295,964	—	—
Materials/Diversified Chemicals	1,860,643	476,618	1,384,025	—
Media	1,686,994	1,686,994	—	—
Metals & Mining	8,669,537	8,669,537	—	—
Non-U.S. Real Estate Operating Companies	1,920,142	—	1,920,142	—
Oil & Gas Production & Services	12,908,989	10,710,146	2,198,843	—
Transportation & Logistics	7,399,102	—	7,399,102	—
Total Common Stocks	84,369,011	41,677,399	42,691,612	—
Short-Term Investments:	6,745,004	6,745,004	—	—
Total Short-Term Investments	6,745,004	6,745,004	—	—
Total Value of Investments	\$ 91,114,015	\$ 48,422,403	\$ 42,691,612	\$ —

[^] Common stock securities categorized as Level 2 consist solely of securities listed on certain non-U.S. exchanges that close at a substantially earlier time than the Exchange (such as most European or Asian exchanges) that are fair valued daily by an independent fair value pricing service approved by the Board of Trustees.

For fair valuations using significant unobservable inputs, U.S. GAAP requires the Portfolio to present a reconciliation of the beginning to ending balances for reported market values that present changes attributable to total realized and unrealized gains or losses, purchase and sales, and transfers in and out of Level 3 during the period. A reconciliation of Level 3 investments is presented only when the Portfolio had an amount of Level 3 investments at the end of the reporting period that was meaningful in relation to its net assets. The amounts and reasons for all transfers in and out of Level 3 are disclosed when the Portfolio had an amount of total transfers in or out of Level 3 during the reporting period that was meaningful in relation to its net assets as of the end of the reporting period.

For the six months ended June 30, 2026, there were no transfers in or out of Level 3.

Third Avenue Value Portfolio

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)

Security transactions and investment income:

Security transactions for financial statement purposes are accounted for on a trade date basis. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date or, for certain foreign dividends, as soon as the Portfolio becomes aware of the dividends. Interest income is determined on the basis of coupon interest accrued using the effective interest method which adjusts for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts. Dividend income on the Statement of Operations is shown net of any foreign taxes withheld on income from foreign securities. Payments received from certain investments held by the Portfolio may be comprised of dividends, capital gains and return of capital. The Portfolio originally estimates the expected classification of such payments. These amounts may subsequently be reclassified upon receipt of information from the issuer. Realized gains and losses from securities transactions are recorded on an identified cost basis.

Foreign currency translation and foreign investments:

The books and records of the Portfolio are maintained in U.S. dollars. Foreign currency amounts are translated into U.S. dollars as follows:

- Investments and assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies: At the prevailing rates of exchange on the valuation date.
- Investment transactions and investment income: At the prevailing rates of exchange on the date of such transactions.

The net assets of the Portfolio are presented at market values using the foreign exchange rates at the close of the period. The Portfolio does not generally isolate that portion of the results of operations arising as a result of changes in the foreign exchange rates from the fluctuations arising from changes in the market prices of the securities held.

Similarly, the Portfolio does not isolate the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates from the fluctuations arising from changes in the market prices of securities sold during the period. Accordingly, realized and unrealized foreign currency gains/(losses) are included in the reported net realized gain/(loss) and unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) on investment transactions and balances.

Net realized gains/(losses) on foreign currency transactions represent net foreign exchange gains/(losses) from disposition of foreign currencies, currency gains or losses realized between the trade and settlement dates on securities transactions, and the difference between the amount of investment income and foreign withholding taxes recorded on the Portfolio's books and the U.S. dollar equivalent amounts actually received or paid. Net unrealized currency gains/(losses) from valuing foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities at period end exchange rates are reflected as a component of net unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. The change in net unrealized currency gains/(losses) for the period is reflected on the Statement of Operations.

Pursuant to U.S. federal income tax regulations, gains and losses from certain foreign currency transactions and the foreign currency portion of gains and losses realized on sales and maturities of foreign denominated debt securities are generally treated as ordinary income.

Option contracts:

The Portfolio may purchase and sell ("write") put and call options on various instruments including investments, indices, and foreign currencies to manage and hedge exchange rate risks within the investment portfolio and also to gain long or short exposure to the underlying instruments.

An option contract gives the buyer the right, but not the obligation, to buy (call) or sell (put) an underlying item at a fixed exercise price on a certain date or during a specified period. The cost of the underlying instruments acquired through the exercise of a call option is increased by the premiums paid. The proceeds from the underlying instruments sold through the exercise of a purchased put option are decreased by the premiums paid. Investments in over-the-counter option contracts require the Portfolio to fair value or mark-to market the options on a daily basis, which reflects the change in the market value of the contracts at the close of each day's trading. The cost of purchased options that expire unexercised are treated by the Portfolio, on expiration date, as realized losses on purchased options.

When the Portfolio writes an option, an amount equal to the premium received by the Portfolio is recorded as a liability and is subsequently adjusted to the current fair value of the option written. Premiums received from writing options that expire unexercised are treated by the Portfolio, on the expiration date, as realized gains on written options. The difference between the premium and the amount paid on effecting an offsetting transaction, including brokerage commissions, is also treated as a realized gain, or, if the premium is less than the amount paid for an offsetting transaction, as a realized loss. If a call option is exercised, the premium is added to the proceeds from the sale of the underlying security or currency in determining whether the Portfolio has a realized gain or loss. If a put option is exercised, the premium reduces the cost basis of the security or currency purchased by the Portfolio. In purchasing and writing options, the Portfolio bears the market risk of an unfavorable change in the price of the underlying security or the risk that the Portfolio may not be able to enter into a closing transaction due to an illiquid market. Exercise of a written option could result in the Portfolio purchasing a security or currency at a price different from the current market value. The Portfolio may execute transactions in both listed and over-the-counter options. Listed options involve minimal counterparty risk since listed options are guaranteed against default by the exchange on which they trade. When purchasing over-the-counter options, the Portfolio bears the risk of economic loss from counterparty default, equal to the market value of the option.

Third Avenue Variable Series Trust

Third Avenue Value Portfolio

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)

During the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Portfolio used purchased put options for hedging purposes. There were no open purchased options held at June 30, 2026.

Summary of derivatives information:

The following table presents the effect of derivatives on the Statement of Operations during the six months ended June 30, 2026, by primary risk exposure:

Derivative Contract	Amount of Realized Loss on Derivatives Recognized in Income
	Purchased Options
Equity contracts	\$(567,775)(a)

(a) Included in "Net realized loss on purchased options".

Derivatives volume:

The table below discloses the volume of the Portfolio's options activities during the six months ended June 30, 2026 (amounts denominated in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise noted, except number of contracts). Please refer to the table in the "Summary of derivatives information" for derivative-related gains and losses associated with monthly volume activity (measured at each month-end).

OTC Equity Options:

Average Number of Contracts - Purchased Options	93
Average Notional - Purchased Options	\$6,848,864

Dividends and distributions to shareholders:

The amount of dividends and distributions paid to shareholders from net investment income and net realized capital gains on disposition of securities, respectively is determined in accordance with U.S. federal income tax law and regulations which may differ from U.S. GAAP. Such dividends and distributions are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Any distributions from the Portfolio will be automatically reinvested into additional shares of the Portfolio.

Income tax information:

The Portfolio has complied and intends to continue to comply with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 applicable to regulated investment companies and intends to distribute all of its taxable net investment income and net realized capital gains, if any, to its shareholders. Therefore, no provision for U.S. federal income taxes is included on the accompanying financial statements.

Income, including capital gains, from investments in foreign securities received by the Portfolio may be subject to income withholding or other taxes imposed by foreign countries.

Management has analyzed the tax positions taken on the Portfolio's U.S. federal income tax returns for all open tax years, and has concluded that no provision for U.S. federal income tax is required in the Portfolio's financial statements. This conclusion may be subject to future review and adjustment at a later date based upon factors including, but not limited to, on-going analyses of and changes to tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. The Portfolio is subject to possible examination by the relevant taxing authorities for tax years for which the applicable statutes of limitations have not expired. The Portfolio's federal income tax returns are generally subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service for a period of three fiscal years after they are filed.

Expense allocation:

Expenses attributable to the Portfolio are charged to the Portfolio. Certain expenses are shared with Third Avenue Trust, an affiliated fund group. Such costs are allocated using the ratio of the Portfolio's average net assets relative to the total average net assets of the Portfolio and Third Avenue Trust.

Trustees' and officers' fees:

The Trust is governed by its Board of Trustees. The Trustees receive compensation in the form of an annual retainer and per meeting fees for their services to the Trust. An employee of The Bank of New York ("BNY") serves as the Secretary of the Trust and is not compensated by the Portfolio or the Trust.

Tidal ETF Services LLC ("Tidal") provides a Principal Executive Officer ("PEO") and a Principal Financial Officer ("PFO") to the Trust. Chenery Compliance Group, LLC ("Chenery") provides the Trust with a Chief Compliance Officer and an Anti-Money Laundering Officer. Tidal and Chenery are compensated for their services provided to the Trust.

Third Avenue Variable Series Trust

Third Avenue Value Portfolio

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)

Segment Reporting:

In accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures, the Portfolio has evaluated its business activities and determined that it operates as a single reportable segment. The Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") is the Adviser's Management Committee and the PEO and PFO of the Portfolio. The CODM has concluded that the Portfolio operates as a single operating segment since the Portfolio has a single investment strategy as disclosed in its prospectus, against which the CODM assesses performance. The financial information provided to and reviewed by the CODM is presented within the Portfolio's financial statements.

Income Taxes:

The Portfolio adopted FASB Accounting Standards Update 2023-09, Income Taxes (Topic 740) – Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures ("ASU 2023-09"), which enhances income tax disclosures, including disclosure of income taxes paid disaggregated by jurisdiction. Management has reviewed the impact of the new standard and concludes there is no material impact to the Portfolio's financial position or the results of its operations as of June 30, 2026; and therefore, no additional related disclosures were included in these financial statements.

2. INVESTMENTS

The aggregate cost of purchases and aggregate proceeds from sales, excluding short-term investments, for the six months ended June 30, 2026 were as follows:

Purchases	Sales
\$17,442,227	\$15,105,954

3. INVESTMENT ADVISORY SERVICES, ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE FEE AGREEMENTS

The Portfolio has an Investment Advisory Agreement with the Adviser for investment advice and certain management functions. The terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement provide that the Portfolio pay the Adviser an investment advisory fee at an annual rate of 0.90% of the Portfolio's total average daily net assets. This fee is calculated daily and paid monthly.

Additionally, the Adviser pays certain expenses on behalf of the Portfolio, which are partially reimbursed by the Portfolio, including service fees due to third parties, and certain miscellaneous expenses.

The following were amounts payable to the Adviser at June 30, 2026:

Advisory Fees	\$67,176
Reimbursement for shareholder servicing fees	8,760
Total	<u>\$75,936</u>

The Adviser has contractually agreed, until April 30, 2027 (subject to renewal), to defer receipt of advisory fees and/or reimburse Portfolio expenses in order to limit Net Annual Portfolio Operating Expenses (exclusive of taxes, interest, brokerage commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, and extraordinary expenses) to 1.30% of the average daily net assets of the Portfolio, subject to later reimbursement by the Portfolio in certain circumstances (the "Expense Limitation Agreement"). In general, for a period of up to 36 months from the time of any deferral, reimbursement, or payment pursuant to the above-described contractual expense limitations, the Adviser may recover from the Portfolio fees deferred and expenses paid to the extent that such repayment would not cause the Net Annual Portfolio Operating Expenses to exceed the contractual expense limitation amounts set forth above, but any repayment will not include interest. The Adviser's recovery is limited to the lesser of the expense limitation at the time of the waiver and the time of recapture. The Expense Limitation Agreement can only be amended by agreement of the Adviser and Independent board members to lower Net Annual Portfolio Operating Expenses and will terminate automatically in the event of termination of the Investment Management Agreement by one of the parties, effective upon the effectiveness of such termination. The Adviser was paid \$6,192 in previously waived fees during the six months ended June 30, 2026 from the Portfolio.

Third Avenue Variable Series Trust

Third Avenue Value Portfolio

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)

As of June 30, 2026, the amount of potential recovery by the Adviser was as follows:

Fees Waived/Expenses Reimbursed through Fiscal Periods Ending			
December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2025	June 30, 2026
Subject to Repayment through			
December 31, 2026	December 31, 2027	December 31, 2028	June 30, 2029
\$42,497	\$33,233	\$49,780	\$—

The Portfolio has not recorded a commitment or contingent liability at June 30, 2026.

BNY serves as administrator and provides certain custodial services for the Portfolio. For providing administrative and accounting services, BNY is entitled to receive a monthly fee equal to an annual percentage rate of the Portfolio's average daily net assets and is subject to certain minimum monthly fees. For providing certain custodial services, BNY is entitled to receive a monthly fee, subject to certain minimum, and out of pocket expenses.

Both the Trust and the Adviser have entered into Shareholder Servicing Agreements with the insurance companies that offer the Portfolio whereby a fee is paid to the insurance companies who administer omnibus accounts for the policyholders electing to invest in the Portfolio. Pursuant to provisions adopted by the Board, the Adviser has agreed to pay these fees directly. The Portfolio has agreed to reimburse the Adviser for the estimated amount the Portfolio would have been charged by its transfer agent for administering the accounts on an individual basis. The amount, reimbursed to the Adviser, is reflected as "Shareholder servicing fees" in the Statement of Operations. For the six months June 30, 2026, such fees amounted to \$37,794.

4. CAPITAL SHARE TRANSACTIONS

The Portfolio is authorized to issue an unlimited number of shares of beneficial interest with \$0.001 par value.

Transactions in capital stock were as follows:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)	For the Year Ended December 31, 2025
Shares outstanding at beginning of period/year	3,409,981	3,354,090
Shares sold	449,248	221,293
Shares issued upon reinvestment of dividends and distributions	—	323,566
Shares redeemed	(472,263)	(488,968)
Net increase/(decrease) in shares	(23,015)	55,891
Shares outstanding at end of period/year	3,386,966	3,409,981

5. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, the Portfolio enters into contracts that contain a variety of representations and warranties and which provide general indemnifications. The Portfolio's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown, as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Portfolio that have not yet occurred.

6. RISKS RELATING TO CERTAIN INVESTMENTS

Foreign securities and emerging markets risk:

Foreign securities from a particular country or region may be subject to currency fluctuations and controls, or adverse political, social, economic or other developments that are unique to that particular country or region. Therefore, the prices of foreign securities in particular countries or regions may, at times, move in a different direction from those of U.S. securities. From time to time, foreign capital markets may exhibit more volatility than those in the U.S., and the securities markets of emerging market countries can be extremely volatile. Emerging market countries can generally have economic structures that are less diverse and mature, and political systems that are less stable, than those of developed countries, and, as a result, the securities markets of emerging market countries can be more volatile than more developed markets may be.

Third Avenue Value Portfolio

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)

High-yield and distressed risk:

Investments in high-yield debt securities (commonly known as “junk bonds”) and distressed securities may expose the Portfolio to greater risks than if the Portfolio only owned higher-grade securities. The value of high-yield, lower quality securities is affected by the creditworthiness of the issuers of the securities and by general economic and specific industry conditions. The prices of high yield securities can fall in response to negative news about the issuer or its industry, or the economy in general to a greater extent than those of higher rated securities. Issuers of high-yield securities are not as strong financially as those with higher credit ratings, so the securities are usually considered speculative investments. These issuers are more vulnerable to financial setbacks and recession than are more creditworthy issuers, which may impair their ability to make interest and principal payments. The Portfolio may also invest in distressed securities, which the Adviser or Sub-Adviser considers to be issued by companies that are, or might be, involved in reorganizations or financial restructurings, either out of court or in bankruptcy. The Portfolio’s investments in distressed securities typically may involve the purchase of high-yield bonds, bank debt or other indebtedness of such companies.

Debt securities risk:

The market value of a debt security may decline due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic conditions, changes in the outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates or adverse investor sentiment generally. The debt securities market can be susceptible to increases in volatility and decreases in liquidity. Increases in volatility and decreases in liquidity may be caused by a rise in interest rates (or the expectation of a rise in interest rates), which are at or near historic lows in the United States and in other countries. Other market developments can adversely affect debt securities markets. Regulations and business practices, for example, have led some financial intermediaries to curtail their capacity to engage in trading (i.e. “market making”) activities for certain debt securities, which could have the potential to decrease liquidity and increase volatility in the debt securities markets. During periods of reduced market liquidity, the Portfolio may not be able to readily sell debt securities at prices at or near their perceived value. If the Portfolio needed to sell large blocks of debt securities to meet shareholder redemption requests or to raise cash, those sales could further reduce the prices of such securities.

Prices of bonds and other debt securities tend to move inversely with changes in interest rates. Typically, a rise in rates will adversely affect debt securities and, accordingly, will cause the value of the Portfolio’s investments in these securities to decline. As interest rates are at or near historic lows in the United States and other countries, this risk may be heightened. When interest rates fall, the values of already-issued securities generally rise, although investments in new securities may be at lower yields. Longer-term securities may be more sensitive to interest rate changes. The prices of high-yield debt securities, unlike investment grade securities, may fluctuate unpredictably and not necessarily inversely with changes in interest rates. The rates on floating debt instruments adjust periodically with changes in market interest rates. Although these instruments are generally less sensitive to interest rate changes than fixed rate instruments, the value of floating rate loans and other floating rate securities may decline if their interest rates do not rise as quickly, or as much, as general interest rates. Economic and other developments can adversely affect debt securities markets.

Market risk:

Prices of securities have historically fluctuated. The market value of a security may decline due to general market conditions that are not related to the particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic conditions, changes in the outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates or adverse investor sentiment generally. Markets may additionally be impacted by negative external and/or direct and indirect economic factors such as pandemics, natural disasters, global trade policies and political unrest or uncertainties. A security’s market value also may decline because of factors that affect the particular company, such as management performance, financial leverage, and reduced demand for the company’s products or services, or factors that affect the company’s industry, such as labor shortages or increased production costs and competitive conditions within an industry. The value of the Portfolio will similarly fluctuate and you could lose money.

Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk exists when particular investments are difficult to sell. The Portfolio may not be able to sell these investments at the best prices or at the value the Portfolio places on them. In such a market, the value of such investments and the Portfolio’s share price may fall dramatically, even during periods of declining interest rates. Investments that are illiquid or that trade in lower volumes may be more difficult to value. The market for high-yield debt securities may be less liquid and therefore these securities may be harder to value or sell at an acceptable price, especially during times of market volatility or decline. Investments in foreign securities tend to have greater exposure to liquidity risk than U.S. securities.

Liquidity can decline unpredictably in response to overall economic conditions or credit tightening. Investments in private debt instruments, restricted securities, and securities having substantial market and/or credit risk may involve greater liquidity risk. An unexpected increase in Portfolio redemption requests, including requests from participating insurance companies who may own a significant percentage of the Portfolio’s shares, which may be triggered by, among other things, market turmoil or an increase in interest rates, could cause the Portfolio to sell its holdings at a loss or at undesirable prices and adversely affect the Portfolio’s share price and increase the Portfolio’s liquidity risk and/or Portfolio expenses.

Third Avenue Value Portfolio

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)

Cash concentration risk:

The Portfolio's cash balance is held at major regional U.S. bank, The Bank of New York Mellon. The Portfolio's cash balance, which typically exceeds Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance coverage, subjects the Portfolio to a concentration of credit risk. The Portfolio regularly monitors the credit rating of this financial institution in order to mitigate the credit risk that exists with the balance in excess of the insured amount.

Off-balance sheet risk:

The Portfolio enters into derivatives which may represent off-balance sheet risk. Off-balance sheet risk exists when the maximum potential loss on a particular investment is greater than the value of such investment as reflected in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

Focused investing risk:

Although the Portfolio is a diversified investment company under the Act, the Portfolio's investments will normally be more focused than its peers and may emphasize investments in some issuers, industries, sectors or geographic regions more than others. To the extent that the Portfolio increases the relative emphasis of its investments in a particular issuer, industry, sector or geographic region, its share values may fluctuate in response to events affecting such issuer, industry, sector or geographic region. The Portfolio does not lose its status as a diversified investment company because of any subsequent discrepancy between the value of its various investments and the diversification requirements of the Act, so long as any such discrepancy existing immediately after the Portfolio's acquisition of any security or other property is neither wholly nor partly the result of such acquisition. Therefore, the Portfolio from time to time may have an investment portfolio that is considered "non-diversified" by the Act despite its classification as a diversified investment company.

Inflation risk:

The value of assets or income from investments may be worth less in the future as inflation decreases the value of money. As inflation increases, the real value of the Portfolio's assets can decline as can the value of the Portfolio's distributions.

Counterparty risk:

The Portfolio is exposed to counterparty risk, or the risk that an institution or other entity with which the Portfolio has unsettled or open transactions will default. The potential loss to the Portfolio could exceed the value of the financial assets recorded in the Portfolio's financial statements. Financial assets, which potentially expose the Portfolio to counterparty risk, consist principally of cash due from counterparties and investments. The Adviser seeks to minimize the Portfolio's counterparty risk by performing reviews of each counterparty and by minimizing concentration of counterparty risk by undertaking transactions with multiple customers and counterparties on recognized and reputable exchanges. Delivery of securities sold is only made once the Portfolio has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been delivered by the counterparty. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligation.

The Portfolio is party to International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. Master Agreements ("ISDA Master Agreements") with select counterparties that govern transactions, over-the-counter derivatives and foreign exchange contracts entered into by the Portfolio and those counterparties. The ISDA Master Agreements contain provisions for general obligations, representations, agreements, collateral and events of default or termination. Events of termination include conditions that may entitle counterparties to elect to terminate early and cause settlement of all outstanding transactions under the applicable ISDA Master Agreement. Any election to terminate early could be material to the financial statements of the Portfolio.

The considerations and factors surrounding the settlement of certain purchases and sales made on a delayed-delivery basis are governed by Master Securities Forward Transaction Agreements ("Master Forward Agreements") between the Portfolio and select counterparties. The Master Forward Agreements maintain provisions for, among other things, initiation and confirmation, payment and transfer, events of default, termination, and maintenance of collateral.

The counterparty risk associated with certain contracts may be reduced by master netting arrangements to the extent that if an event of default occurs, all amounts with the counterparty are terminated and settled on a net basis. The Portfolio's overall exposure to counterparty risk with respect to transactions subject to master netting arrangements can change substantially within a short period, as it is affected by each transaction subject to the arrangement.

Collateral requirements:

For derivatives traded under an ISDA Master Agreement and/or Master Forward Agreement, the collateral requirements are typically calculated by netting the mark-to-market amount for each transaction under such agreement and comparing that amount to the value of any collateral currently pledged by the Portfolio and the counterparty.

Cash collateral that has been pledged to cover obligations of the Portfolio and cash collateral received from the counterparty, if any, is reported separately on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as cash pledged as collateral and cash received as collateral, respectively. Non-cash collateral pledged by the

Third Avenue Variable Series Trust

Third Avenue Value Portfolio

Notes to Financial Statements (concluded)

June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)

Portfolio, if any, is noted in the Portfolio of Investments. Generally, the amount of collateral due from or to a party has to exceed a minimum transfer amount threshold (e.g. \$500,000) before a transfer is required, which is determined at the close of business of the Portfolio and any additional required collateral is delivered to/pledged by the Portfolio on the next business day. Typically, a Portfolio and its counterparties are not permitted to sell, re-pledge or use the collateral they receive. To the extent amounts due to the Portfolio from its counterparties are not fully collateralized, contractually or otherwise, the Portfolio bears the risk of loss from counterparty non-performance. The Portfolio attempts to mitigate counterparty risk by entering into agreements only with counterparties that it believes have the financial resources to honor their obligations and by monitoring the financial stability of those counterparties.

For financial reporting purposes, the Portfolio does not offset derivative assets and derivative liabilities that are subject to netting arrangements in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

7. FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

The amount of dividends and distributions paid by the Portfolio from net investment income and net realized capital gains are determined in accordance with U.S. federal income tax laws and regulation, which may differ from U.S. GAAP. Such dividends and distributions are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Capital accounts within the financial statements are adjusted for permanent book-tax differences. These adjustments have no impact on the net assets of the Portfolio. Capital accounts are not adjusted for temporary differences. Permanent differences are primarily due to Passive Foreign Investment Companies ("PFICs") sold, reclassification of certain transactions involving foreign securities and currencies and other book to tax adjustments.

For the six months ended June 30, 2026, there was no distribution paid. For the year ended December 31, 2025 the tax character of dividends paid were \$1,879,709 from ordinary income and \$5,326,108 in long-term capital gains.

At December 31, 2025, the accumulated undistributed earnings on a tax basis was \$2,598,054 from ordinary income and \$8,449,989 from long-term capital gains. This differs from the amount shown on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities primarily due to cumulative timing differences related to PFICs marked to market and deferred losses on wash sales.

At December 31, 2025, the Portfolio did not have capital loss carryforwards for federal income tax purposes.

The book and tax unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) calculation differs. The difference is primarily attributable to PFICs marked to market and deferred losses on wash sales.

As of June 30, 2026, gross unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) based on cost for federal income tax purposes were as follows:

Gross Unrealized Appreciation	\$22,688,721
Gross Unrealized Depreciation	(8,383,332)
Net Unrealized Appreciation	<u>\$14,305,389</u>
Tax cost	<u>\$76,808,626</u>

8. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated the impact of all subsequent events on the Portfolio through the date the financial statements were issued, and has determined that there are no subsequent events requiring recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

Third Avenue Variable Series Trust

Third Avenue Value Portfolio

Other Information

(Unaudited)

FORM N-CSR ITEM 8 – Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants for Open-End Management Investment Companies.

Not applicable.

FORM N-CSR ITEM 9 – Proxy Disclosures for Open-End Management Investment Companies.

Not applicable.

FORM N-CSR ITEM 10 – Remuneration Paid to Trustees, Officers, and Others of Open-End Management Investment Companies.

The aggregate remuneration paid to Trustees, Officers and Others is disclosed within the Statement of Operations in the Semi-Annual Financials and Additional Information.

FORM N-CSR ITEM 11 – Statement Regarding Basis for Approval of Investment Advisory Contract.

The Board of Trustees of the Trust did not approve an investment advisory contract during the Trust's most recent fiscal half-year. A statement regarding the Board's considerations with respect to the most recent approval of the renewal of the Investment Advisory Agreement with Third Avenue Management LLC was included in the Registrant's Form N-CSR filed for the period ended December 31, 2025.

THIRD AVENUE VARIABLE SERIES TRUST

Privacy Policy

Third Avenue Value Portfolio (the “Portfolio”) respects your right to privacy. We also know that you expect us to conduct and process your business in an accurate and efficient manner. To do so, we must collect and maintain certain personal information about you. This is the information we collect from you on applications or other forms and from the transactions you make with us, our affiliates, or third parties. We do not disclose any information about you or any of our former customers to anyone, except to our affiliates (which may include the Portfolio’s affiliated money management entities) and service providers, or as otherwise permitted by law. To protect your personal information, we permit access only to authorized employees. Be assured that we maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards that comply with federal standards to guard your personal information.

Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures

The Portfolio has delegated the voting of proxies relating to its voting securities to the Portfolio’s investment adviser pursuant to the adviser’s proxy voting guidelines. A description of these proxy voting guidelines and procedures, as well as information relating to how the Portfolio voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30, is available by August 31 each year (i) without charge, upon request, by calling (800) 443-1021, (ii) at the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) at <http://www.sec.gov>, and (iii) on the Adviser’s website at www.thirdave.com.

Schedule of Portfolio Holdings—Form N-PORT

The Portfolio files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the SEC for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-PORT. The Portfolio’s Form N-PORT reports are available on the SEC’s website at <http://www.sec.gov> and on the Adviser’s website www.thirdave.com.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

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OFFICERS

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Gabiella Mercincavage — Assistant Treasurer
Vincenzo A. Scarduzio — Secretary
John J. Canning — Chief Compliance Officer, Anti-Money Laundering Officer

ADMINISTRATOR

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103 Bellevue Parkway
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THIRD AVENUE
MANAGEMENT

www.thirdave.com

 [/third-ave-management](https://www.linkedin.com/company/third-ave-management)

Third Avenue offers multiple investment solutions with unique exposures and return profiles. Our core strategies are currently available through '40 Act mutual funds and customized accounts. If you would like further information, please contact a Relationship Manager at:

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