

Consumers Are Optimistic About the Market, But Cautious on the Economy

Paul S. Michel, CFP® Founder & CEO Paul@ProvidentFP.com

≈ (888) PLAN-234



Locations:

Plano

6275 W. Plano Pkwy. Ste. 500 Plano, TX 75093

Southlake

1560 E. Southlake Blvd. Ste. 100 Southlake, TX 76092

Dallas

2626 Cole Ave. Ste. 300 Dallas, TX 75204

Houston

5100 Westheimer Rd. Ste. 200 Houston, TX 77056

Atlanta

3379 Peachtree Rd. Ste. 700 Atlanta, GA 30326

Phoenix

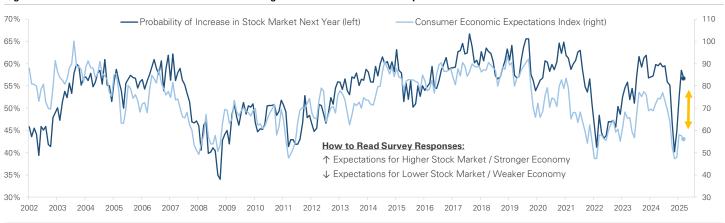
2325 E. Camelback Road Suite 400 Phoenix, Arizona 85016 Recent consumer survey data has revealed a widening gap between how consumers view the stock market and the economy. The dark blue line tracks the percentage of consumers who believe the stock market will rise over the next year, while the light blue line shows the University of Michigan's Consumer Expectations Index, which measures outlooks for income, employment, and overall economic conditions. Historically, these two series move together: when consumers feel better about the economy, they feel better about the stock market. However, that relationship has broken down this year. Nearly 60% of consumers expect the stock market to rise, while the expectations index sits near levels from the pandemic and the 2008 financial crisis. The takeaway: confidence in the stock market has rebounded, but overall sentiment remains weak.

Consumers are increasingly optimistic about the stock market. The S&P 500 has set over 20 new all-time highs since the end of May, and investors expect more gains. Corporate earnings have proven resilient, and the artificial intelligence industry is driving both economic and earnings growth as hundreds of billions are invested in AI infrastructure. Trade policy uncertainty has eased from earlier this year, and the Federal Reserve's September rate cut reinforced expectations for a "soft landing", where the economy slows but avoids a recession. Many households have directly benefited from the market's gains through investment and retirement accounts, boosting confidence despite mixed signals from the economy and labor market.

While consumers are confident in the stock market, they are cautious about the economy. Housing affordability remains a major concern, with elevated mortgage rates and high home prices. Inflation has moderated from its peak, but it continues to pressure household budgets, especially for essentials like food, healthcare, and rent. Meanwhile, the labor market has cooled after a post-pandemic surge, when demand for workers outpaced supply and companies raised wages. Job growth has slowed, the number of job openings has declined, and unemployment has risen, leaving some workers less certain about future income and employment prospects. The result is growing unease about household finances, despite record stock prices.

It's rare to see such a wide gap between consumers' views of the stock market and the broader economy. The divergence highlights a key tension: confidence in markets is rising, but many households continue to feel pressure from housing costs, inflation, and labor market uncertainty. The gap matters because the consumer accounts for roughly 70% of all U.S. economic activity. If sentiment remains weak, it could begin to weigh on consumer spending, which has supported economic growth, and the optimism that's powered the stock market to new highs.

Figure 1 - Consumer Confidence in the Stock Market Diverges From Broader Economic Expectations



Disclosures: University of Michigan. Latest available data as of 9/30/2025

Important Disclosures

Views expressed are as of the date indicated, based on the information available at that time, and may change based on market or other conditions. Investment decisions should be based on an individual's own goals, time horizon, and tolerance for risk. Investing involves risk, including risk of loss. Investment advisory services provided by Provident Financial Planning, LLC, a SEC-Registered Investment Advisor.

The information and opinions provided herein are provided as general market commentary only and are subject to change at any time without notice. This commentary may contain forward-looking statements that are subject to various risks and uncertainties. None of the events or outcomes mentioned here may come to pass, and actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in these statements. No mention of a particular security, index, or other instrument in this report constitutes a recommendation to buy, sell, or hold that or any other security, nor does it constitute an opinion on the suitability of any security or index. The report is strictly an informational publication and has been prepared without regard to the particular investments and circumstances of the recipient.

Past performance does not guarantee or indicate future results. Any index performance mentioned is for illustrative purposes only and does not reflect any management fees, transaction costs, or expenses. Indexes are unmanaged, and one cannot invest directly in an index. Index performance does not represent the actual performance that would be achieved by investing in a fund.