

Markets Digest the Path of Interest Rates & the Next Phase of the AI Cycle

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Monthly Market Summary

- The S&P 500 Index returned +0.2% in November, its seventh consecutive monthly gain. Large Cap Growth declined -1.8% as Al-related names came under pressure, while Large Cap Value rose +2.7%. The Russell 2000 and the Dow Jones Index both outperformed the S&P 500 as mega-cap tech stocks weighed down the index.
- Health Care led all S&P 500 sectors with a +9.3% return. Eight of the eleven S&P 500 sectors outperformed the index, while the Technology, Consumer Discretionary, and Industrials sectors each traded lower and underperformed the index.
- Bonds traded higher as Treasury yields ended the month lower despite intra-month volatility tied to uncertainty around a December rate cut. The U.S. Bond Aggregate gained +0.6%, increasing its year-to-date return to +7.5%. Investment-grade bonds matched the Aggregate's +0.6% total return, edging out high-yield's +0.5% gain.
- International stocks were mixed. Developed Markets gained +0.6%, modestly outperforming the S&P 500, while Emerging Markets fell -2.4%. Year-to-date, both regions are outperforming the S&P 500 by more than +10%.

The Market's Tug-of-War with the Federal Reserve

The stock market was volatile in November as the Federal Reserve managed investor expectations for a December rate cut. The volatility started after the Fed's late-October meeting, when Chair Powell said a December rate cut was "not a foregone conclusion". Market-implied odds for a third consecutive rate cut fell from 98% in late October to around 40% in mid-November, as multiple Fed officials questioned the need for another rate cut. The uncertainty weighed on the stock market, with the S&P 500 trading lower and eventually bottoming on November 20th. Sentiment then shifted again late in the month as comments from influential Fed members, rising unemployment, and favorable inflation data pushed the odds of a December cut back above 80%.

The market's reaction wasn't just about a -0.25% rate cut, but rather what the Fed's decision signaled about the future. A December cut would affirm the bullish narrative that the Fed was pulling off a "soft landing", whereby the central bank proactively lowers interest rates to reduce the risk of recession. When the odds of a December cut initially fell, the market sold off as investors reassessed that optimistic outlook. Leaving rates unchanged would keep financial conditions tighter for longer, potentially slowing the economy and earnings growth. The late month rebound, fueled by rising expectations of a December cut, reflected increased clarity and confidence about the path ahead.

The AI Trade Moves to the Next Phase as Investors Become More Selective

Artificial intelligence remains a key market driver with 7 of the 10 largest S&P 500 companies, or nearly 30% of the index, tied to the AI industry. In November, there was a noticeable shift in investor sentiment toward AI stocks, moving from broad enthusiasm to increased scrutiny and selectivity. The month began with concerns over the expensive valuations of the Magnificent 7 tech giants, particularly those most reliant on the AI infrastructure buildout. Questions emerged about whether the massive capital spending on data centers and cloud infrastructure will translate into profits strong enough to justify the companies' high valuations. This skepticism around AI's economics led to a sell-off across the AI industry, with companies like Nvidia and Amazon down over -10% at times. Given the S&P 500's extreme concentration in mega-cap technology stocks, the focused weakness was a major factor dragging down the index.

The AI investment cycle is maturing, with investors' focus shifting from pure infrastructure spending to real-world application and monetization. Signs of AI fatigue have emerged as investors weigh the steep upfront costs against uncertain long-term economics and productivity gains. One example is Oracle, which has fallen nearly -40% since September due to concerns about its aggressive debt-funded data center expansion, highlights the growing cost anxiety. While AI remains a central theme in most 2026 market outlooks, investors are becoming more selective toward AI stocks, looking for tangible evidence of revenue growth and productivity improvements across the broader economy.

FIGURE 1
U.S. Style Returns (November in %)

	Value	Blend	Growth
Large	2.7	0.2	-1.8
Mid	2.4	1.3	-2.1
Small	2.8	1.0	-0.7

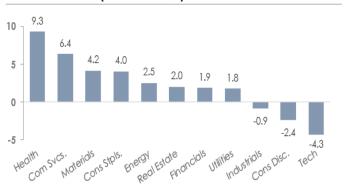
Data Reflects Most Recently Available As of 11/30/2025

FIGURE 3
U.S. Style Returns (1-Year in %)

Value	Blend	Growth
7.3	15.0	20.4
2.9	3.1	3.3
3.0	4.1	5.1
	7.3	7.3 15.0 2.9 3.1

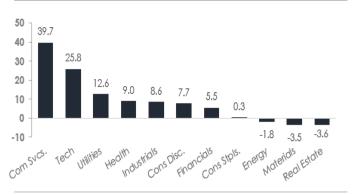
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FIGURE 2
U.S. Sector Returns (November in %)



Data Reflects Most Recently Available As of 11/30/2025

FIGURE 4 U.S. Sector Returns (1-Year in %)



Data Reflects Most Recently Available As of 11/30/2025

FIGURE 5

Market Data Center

ocks	1 month	3 months	6 months	YTD	1 year	3 years
S&P 500	0.2%	6.3%	16.6%	17.8%	15.0%	75.3%
Dow Jones	0.5%	5.1%	13.8%	13.9%	8.0%	45.9%
Russell 2000	1.0%	6.0%	21.8%	13.5%	4.1%	38.4%
Russell 1000 Growth	-1.8%	7.2%	19.6%	19.3%	20.4%	109.6%
Russell 1000 Value	2.7%	4.6%	12.3%	15.1%	7.3%	40.8%
MSCI EAFE	0.6%	3.8%	9.1%	28.0%	25.1%	59.0%
MSCI EM	-2.4%	9.0%	19.8%	30.4%	30.3%	53.3%
NASDAQ 100	-1.6%	8.8%	19.6%	21.8%	22.4%	116.5%
Fixed Income	Yield	1 month	3 months	YTD	1 year	3 years
U.S. Aggregate	4.27%	0.6%	2.4%	7.5%	5.7%	14.3%
U.S. Corporates	4.75%	0.6%	2.5%	8.1%	6.2%	20.1%
Municipal Bonds	3.37%	0.2%	3.6%	3.9%	2.7%	11.8%
High Yield Bonds	6.55%	0.5%	1.4%	7.8%	7.3%	31.3%
Key Rates	11/30/2025	10/31/2025	8/31/2025	5/31/2025	11/30/2024	11/30/2022
2 yr Treasury	3.49%	3.60%	3.61%	3.90%	4.15%	4.38%
10 yr Treasury	4.01%	4.09%	4.22%	4.39%	4.17%	3.70%
30 yr Treasury	4.66%	4.66%	4.92%	4.91%	4.36%	3.82%
30 yr Mortgage	6.36%	6.26%	6.62%	6.95%	7.12%	6.36%

Data Reflects Most Recently Available As of 11/30/2025

7.00%

7.00%

7.50%

Important Disclosures

Prime Rate

Views expressed are as of the date indicated, based on the information available at that time, and may change based on market or other conditions. Investment decisions should be based on an individual's own goals, time horizon, and tolerance for risk. Investing involves risk, including risk of loss. Investment advisory services provided by Provident Financial Planning, LLC, a SEC-Registered Investment Advisor.

7.75%

7.00%

Soybeans

11.22

2.0%

11.2%

7.50%

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