

The Role of Network Visibility in Protecting Modern Environments

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ENTERPRISE STRATEGY GROUP

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Research Objectives

With all the different “detection and response” tools available, security teams can sometimes underestimate the value of network tools like network detection and response (NDR). Even as resources and users leave the traditional perimeter, network visibility plays a critical role in detecting threats to business operations. Network-based tools provide consistent, comprehensive visibility across distributed, heterogeneous environments and remain outside the scope of attacker manipulation. Security leaders need to understand how peer organizations are benefiting from the use of network-based threat detection and response tools like NDR, and the key innovations that have been made to better address increasingly distributed, cloud-centric environments.

To gain insights into these trends, TechTarget’s Enterprise Strategy Group surveyed 400 cybersecurity and IT professionals in North America (U.S. and Canada) involved with network-based threat detection and response (TDR) technology products and services at their organization.

This study sought to:

- Identify** the key TDR challenges security teams face.
- Determine** what bottlenecks exist in the TDR process and the impact network visibility has.
- Understand** the key capabilities organizations require from NDR tools and the use cases they are seeking to address.
- Gauge** whether organizations are seeing benefits from their NDR investments.

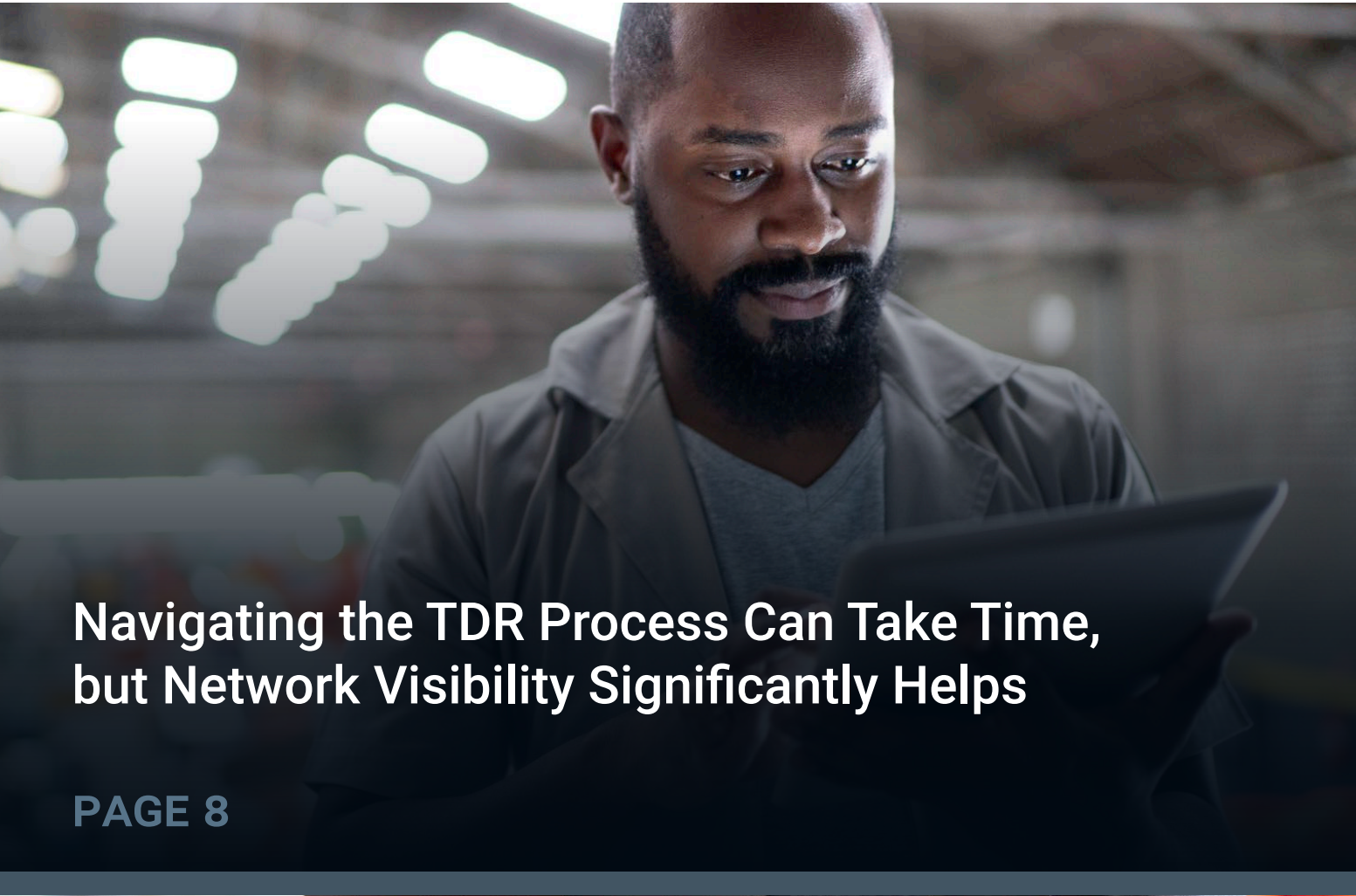


Key Findings



Threat Detection and Response Challenges Persist, but Network Tools Are Often the First Line of Defense

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Navigating the TDR Process Can Take Time, but Network Visibility Significantly Helps

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NDR Is Foundational to XDR, and AI Will Be Critical

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NDR Supports a Broad Set of Use Cases, Requiring Many Different Attributes

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Most See Multiple NDR Benefits, but Outcomes Don't Always Align With Expectations

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A dark forest at night with glowing blue and white energy lines swirling through the trees. The lines are bright and ethereal, creating a sense of digital activity or network traffic. The background is a dense forest of tall, thin trees, mostly in shadow, with some light reflecting off the ground and the lower parts of the trunks.

**Threat Detection and Response
Challenges Persist, but Network Tools
Are Often the First Line of Defense**

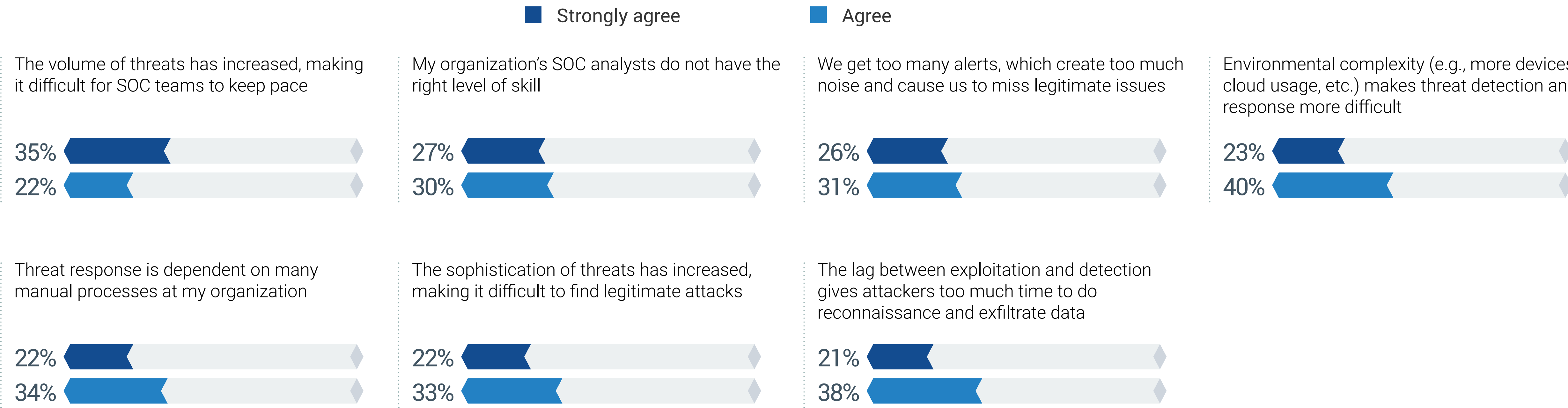
Threat Detection and Response Challenges Persist

Security teams have a lot deal with these days. The threat landscape continues to evolve, challenging even the most advanced organizations. Both the volume of threats (57%) and sophistication of threats (55%) were prominently cited as challenges, with attackers beginning to leverage AI to both expand their target base and generate stealthy attacks.

At the same time, inefficiencies and resource constraints in the SOC itself make dealing with these threats more difficult. The lag between exploitation and detection was reported as a challenge by 59% of respondents and can be exacerbated by other issues like the skill shortage (57%), alert fatigue (57%), and the dependency on manual processes (56%).

Yet the most commonly cited challenge, reported by nearly two-thirds of respondents (63%), was environmental complexity. Detecting all the threats targeting an organization and overcoming inefficiencies and resource constraints in the SOC becomes noticeably more difficult when users, devices, and resources are distributed across campus, branch, cloud, edge, and remote locations.

Threat detection and response challenges.

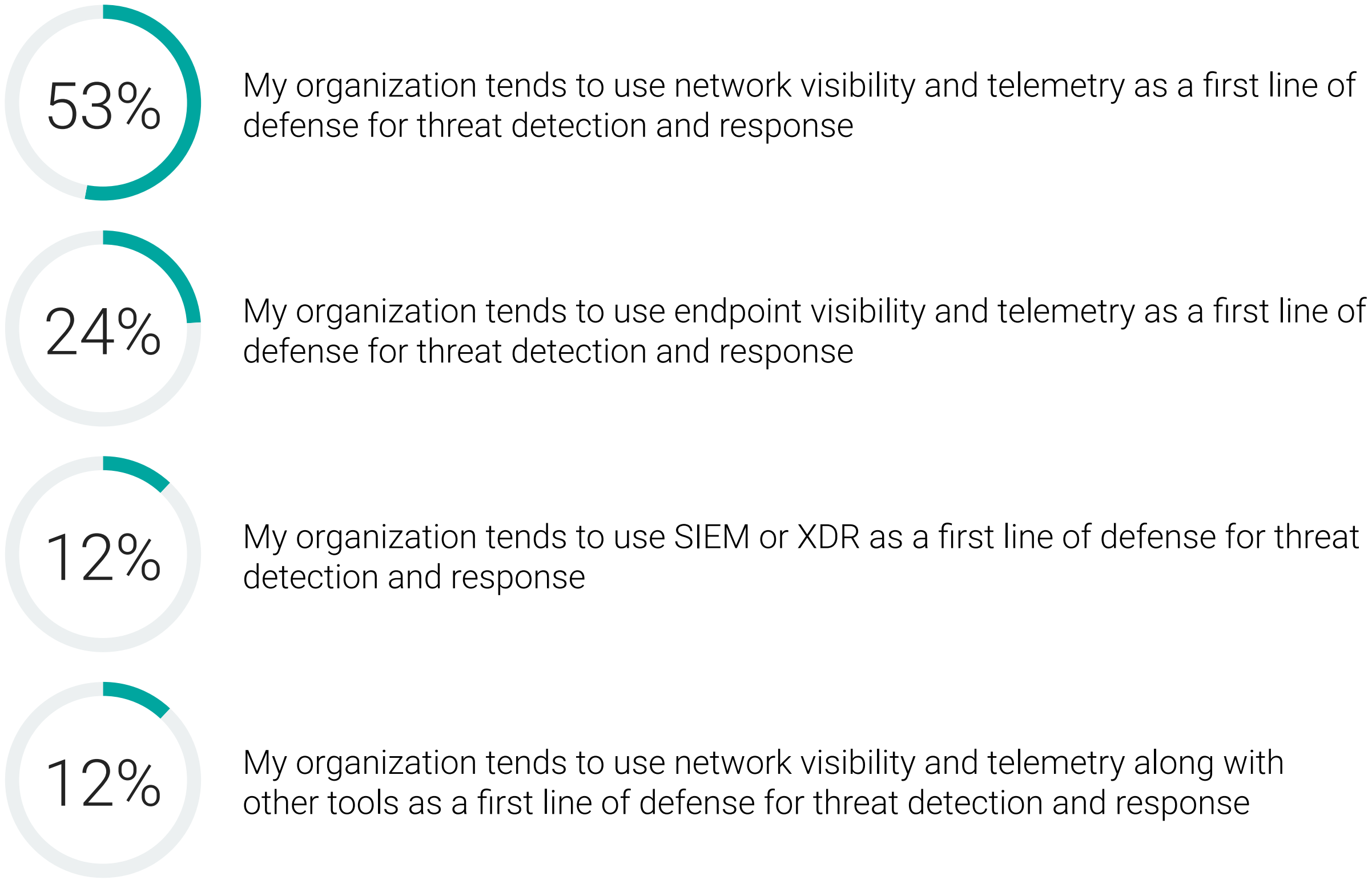


Despite Market Focus on Extended Detection and Response (XDR) and Cloud Detection and Response (CDR), Network Tools Are Highly Valued

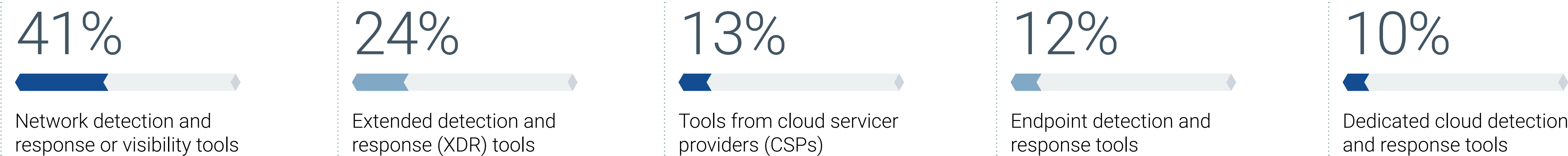
To address many of these issues, many organizations are turning to network visibility. As environments have expanded, much of the industry attention has been on tools focused on cloud or endpoint detection and response (EDR)-centric XDR solutions. But while these can provide value, the broad, layered, and tamper-proof visibility that network tools provide offer significant value as an initial detection mechanism. In fact, nearly two-thirds (65%) use network visibility and telemetry as a first line of defense. More than half (53%) use network tools exclusively for this purpose, while 12% use network visibility along with other tools as a first line of defense.

Further, despite being incorrectly labeled as on-premises solutions, a plurality of 41% say network detection and response or visibility tools are best equipped to provide visibility across hybrid multi-cloud environments. Network vendors have been investing in their platforms over the last few years to address modern environments, and this is clearly bearing fruit in the eyes of many security professionals.

Approaches to threat detection and response.



Tools best equipped for hybrid, multi-cloud visibility.

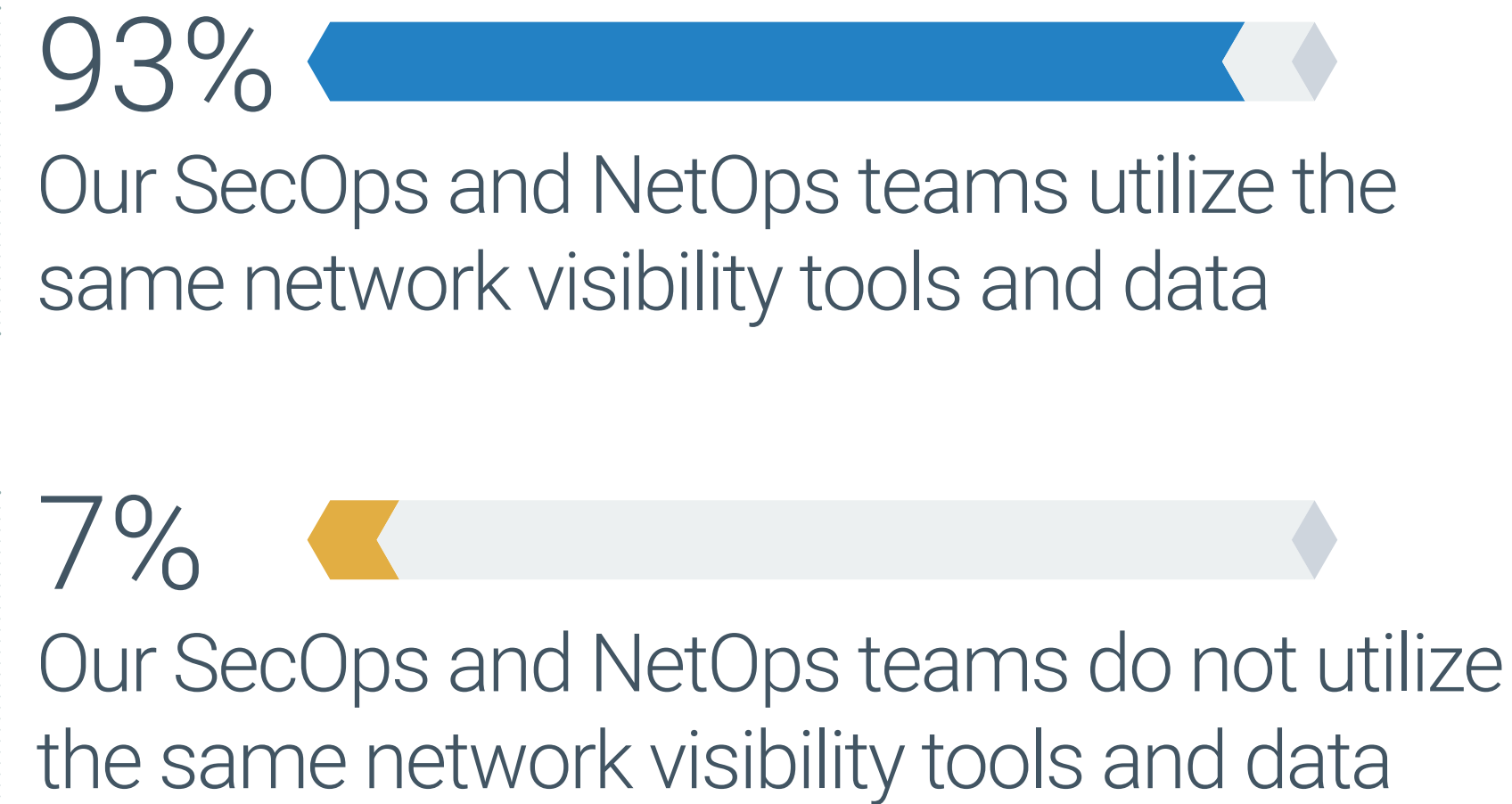


Most See Value in Unified Network Visibility

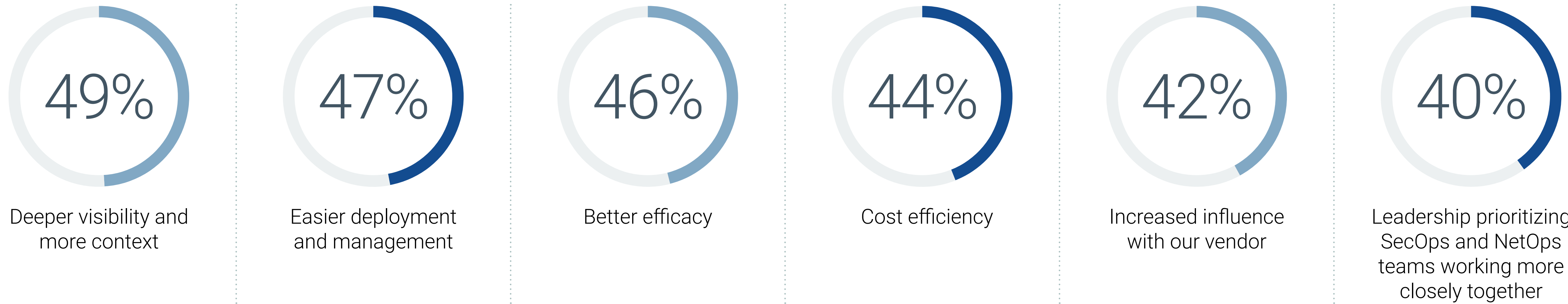
There are many examples of convergence across IT and security today, with the convergence of networking and security being a key example. While secure access service edge (SASE) is often highlighted as the key example, SecOps and NetOps using the same visibility tools is another. Nearly all respondents (93%) indicated their SecOps and NetOps teams used the same network visibility tools and data.

While the most common reason why was deeper visibility and more context, cited by 49%, simplicity was a driving factor as well. Easier deployment and management (47%), better efficacy (46%), and cost efficiency (44%) were all cited. Obviously, these tools must be able to adequately support both constituencies to offer significant value.

Use of the same tools for SecOps and NetOps teams.

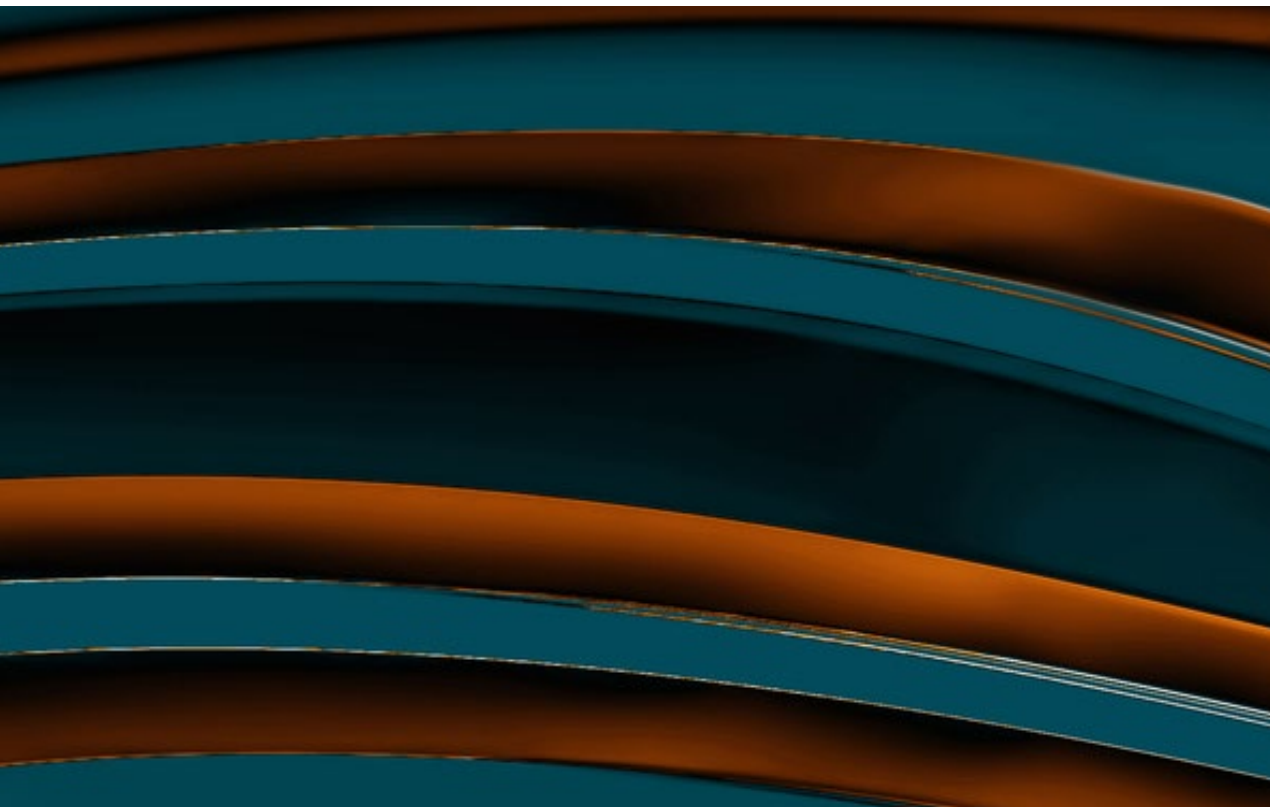


Reasons to use the same tools for SecOps and NetOps.





**Navigating the TDR Process Can Take Time,
but Network Visibility Significantly Helps**



Detection, Triage, Analysis, and Investigation Take up Nearly Two-thirds of the Time for TDR/IR Processes

A byproduct of the previously mentioned challenges around the skill gap, alert fatigue, and process inefficiency is the fact that security teams spend too much time in reactive mode. On the positive side, there is no single bottleneck that stands out. Yet on average, 62% of time is spent on the detection and triage, analysis, and response phases.

This leaves 21% of time for proactive planning, and 17% for post-incident learning and after action. While this model has become common, security teams should aim to improve upon these peer averages. Yet based on this research, prioritizing network visibility and NDR in particular can help with this process.

Average time spent on different phases of TDR/IR processes.

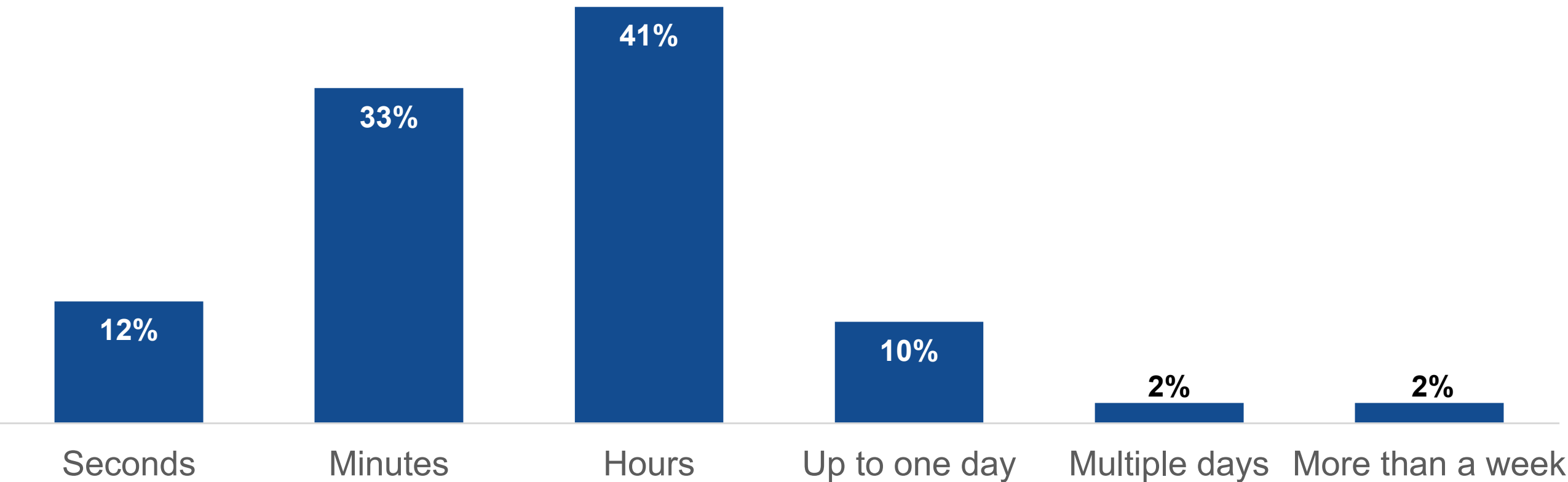




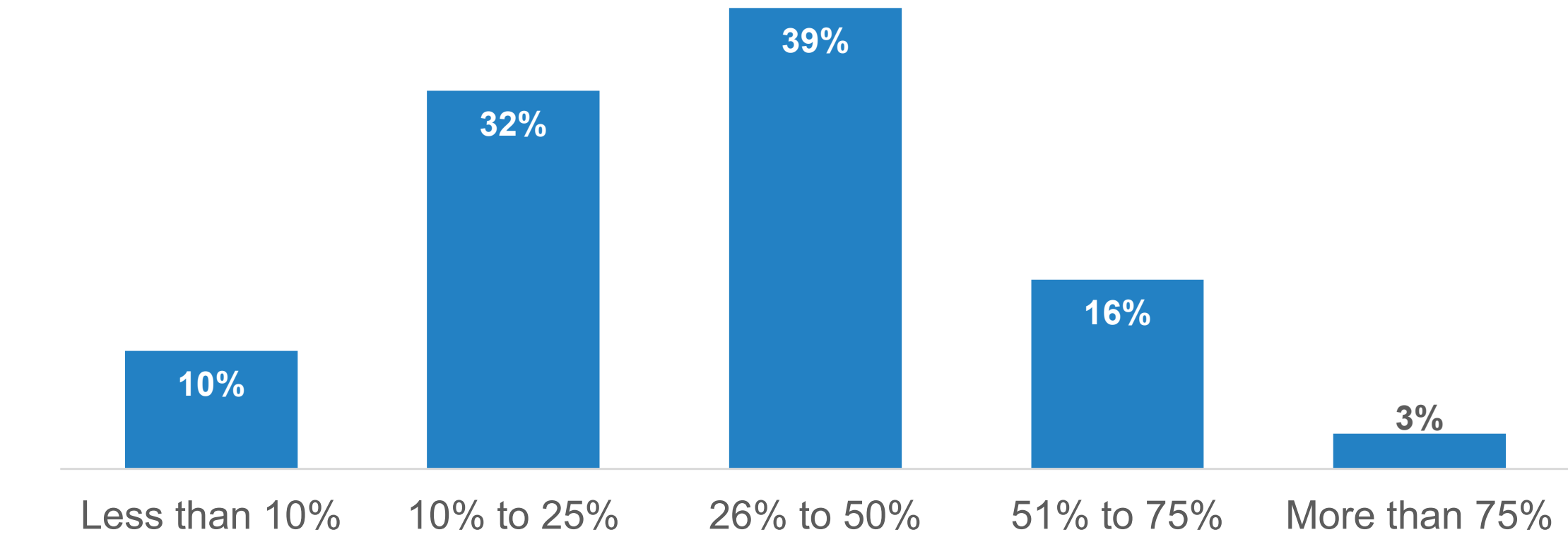
Triaging Anomalies Is Time Consuming

Overall, 55% of respondents indicated that it takes at least hours to determine if an anomaly detection is a malicious true positive. Further, 14% said it takes a day or more. Worse still, 42% said at most, one in four detections actually turned out to be a true positive. This means a massive amount of time is spent validating alerts that turn out to be meaningless.

Average time to determine if anomaly detections are valid.



Percentage of anomaly detections that are true positives.

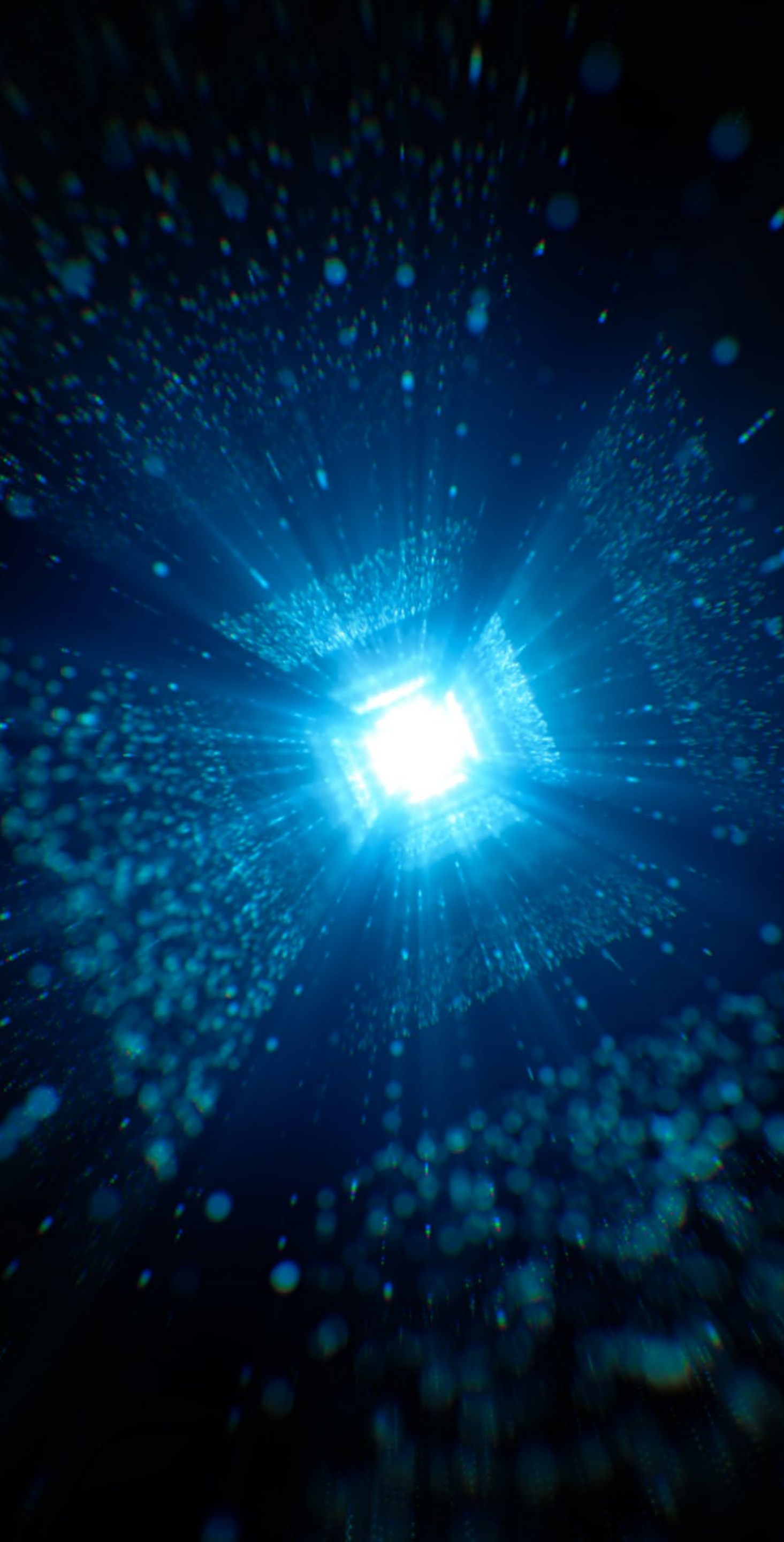
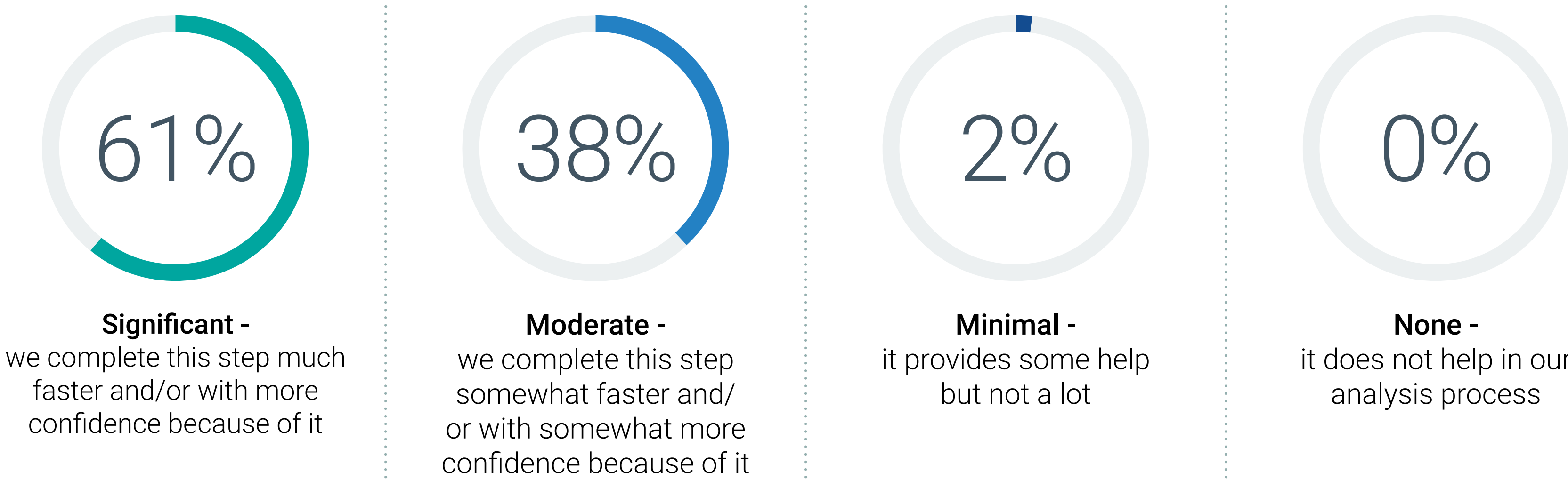


Network Visibility Helps Move From Detection to Response Faster

In addition to the data showing that those prioritizing network visibility are able to investigate anomalies faster and see fewer false positives, respondents directly report that it makes a difference.

In all, 97% of respondents indicated that network visibility helps with the analysis and investigation phase. Specifically, 61% said network visibility has a significant impact on the analysis and investigation phase, and they are able to move much faster and with more confidence due to it. An additional 38% noted that network visibility has a moderate impact, helping them move somewhat faster and with somewhat more confidence. Clearly, those who have invested in network visibility and NDR are seeing important dividends from that decision.

Impact of network visibility on analysis and investigation.





**NDR Is Foundational to XDR,
and AI Will Be Critical**

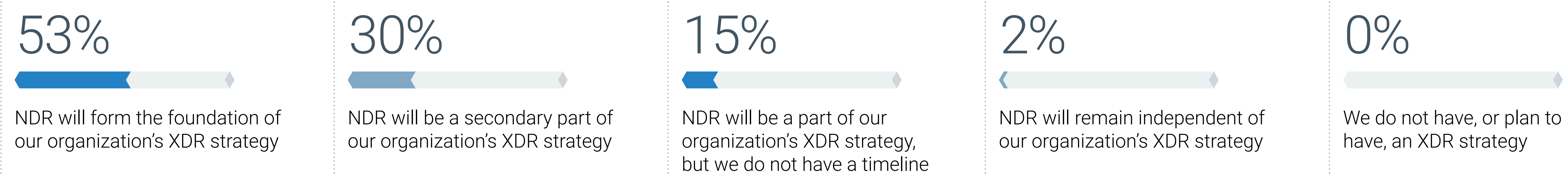
Most See NDR as Foundational to XDR, but There Is Disagreement on Procurement

While network visibility and NDR are clearly helping security teams operate more effectively and efficiently, it is not the only piece of the puzzle. The idea of XDR was an important shift for the industry in recognizing the need to better integrate and normalize security data sources across disparate tool stacks. But in making it overly EDR-centric, some vendors turned off organizations that recognized the value of the network.

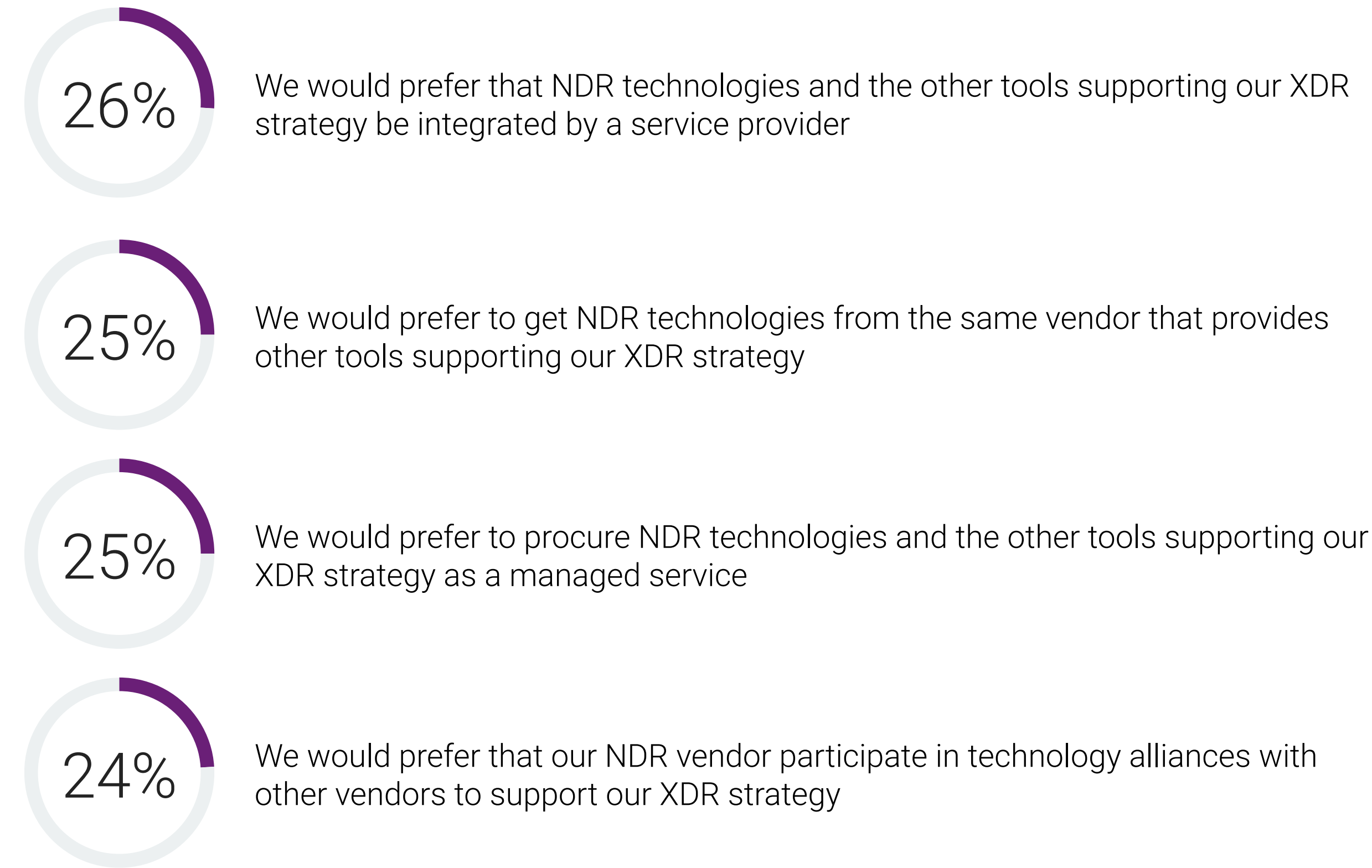
Among research respondents, more than half (53%) said NDR would form the foundation of their XDR strategy, while 30% said it would be a secondary part of their XDR strategy. Only 2% said NDR will remain independent of XDR.

But regarding how NDR will fit in a broader XDR architecture, there is no consensus. Nearly the same percentage indicated they would prefer to have NDR and XDR integrated by a service provider (26%), offered by a single vendor (25%), consumed as a managed service (25%), and connected via a technology alliance (24%).

How NDR fits with XDR.



Preferences for procuring NDR tools.

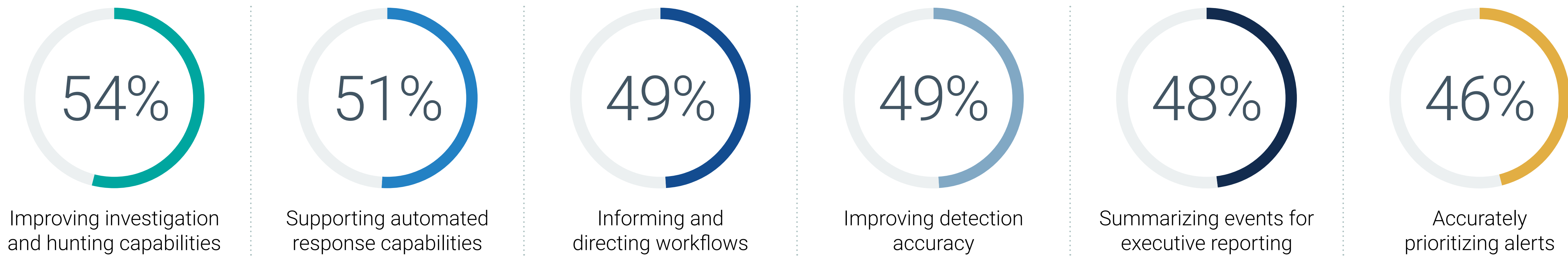


Most Are Leveraging AI-Based NDR, and Improving Response Is a Key Driver

Another important overarching trend in security is AI. Nearly all respondents (93%) indicated their organization is currently using NDR tools with generative AI capabilities. Further, expectations are high, with security professionals anticipating that AI can help in a variety of ways.

From an augmentation perspective, 54% are using GenAI-enabled NDR to improve investigation and hunting, 49% to inform and direct workflows, and 48% to summarize events for executive reporting. Automation is also important, with 51% looking to support automated response capabilities and 46% expecting the accurate prioritization of alerts. Finally, nearly half (49%) expect to improve detection accuracy.

Expectations of GenAI in NDR solutions.



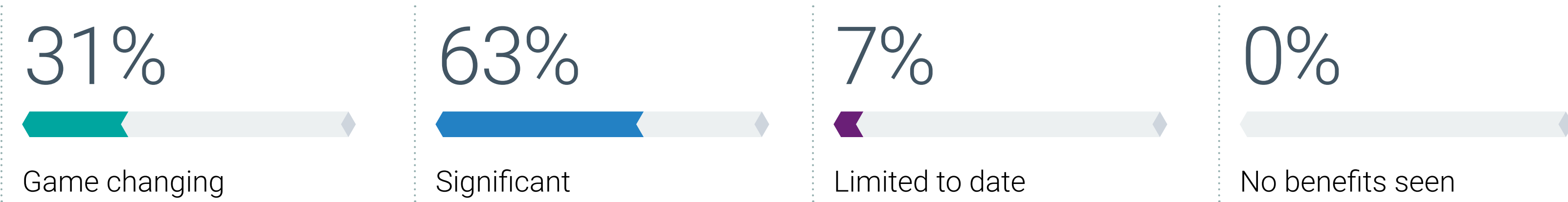
AI Is Clearly Helping Improve SecOps, but Concerns Remain

On the positive side, most are seeing a meaningful impact from their use of GenAI-enabled NDR. Nearly one-third (31%) noted that the impact had been game changing, while 63% said it was significant.

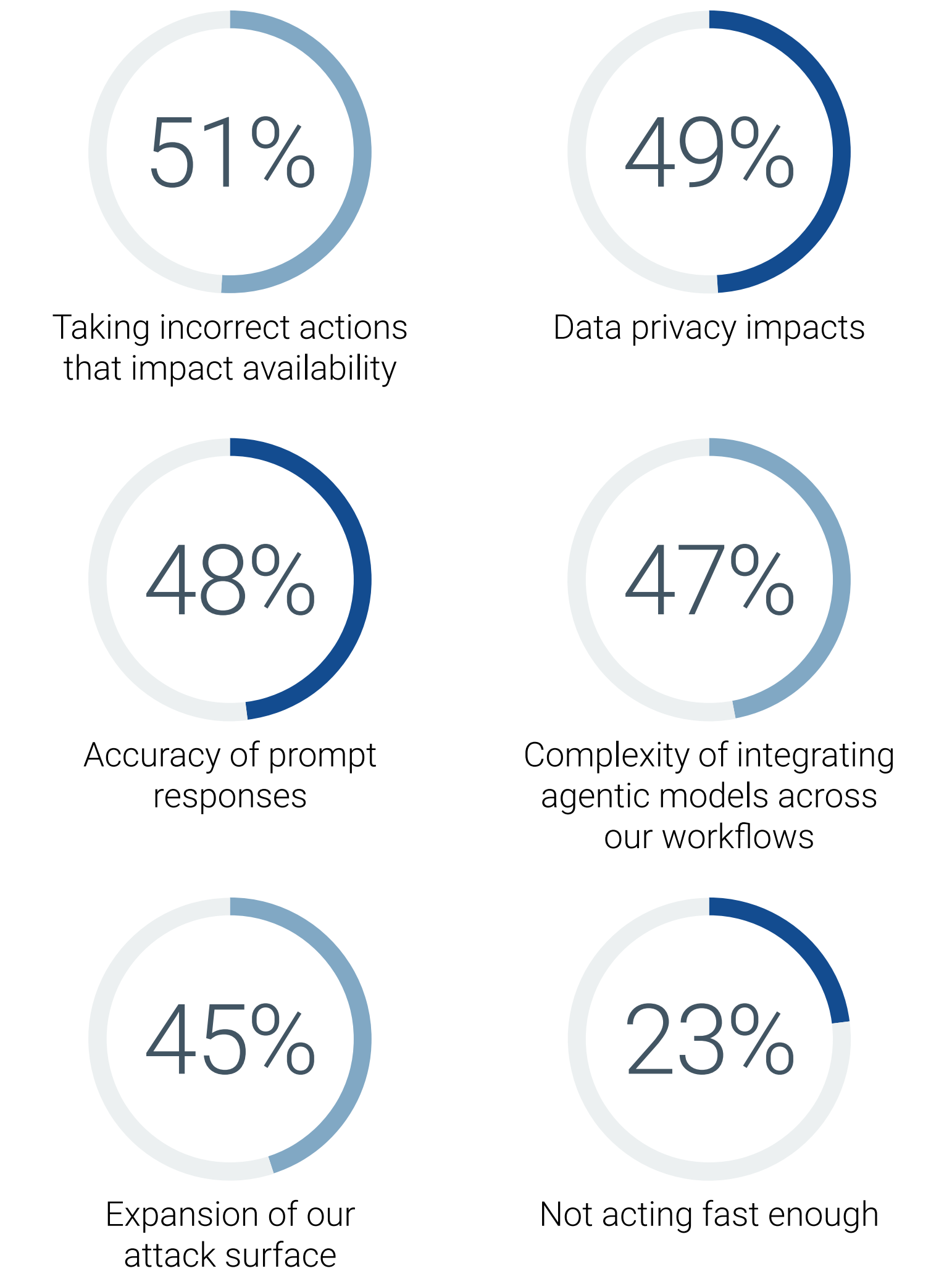
That said, many concerns still exist around AI, especially with the introduction of agentic models already occurring. The most common concern cited was the system taking incorrect actions that impact availability (51%). Even when automation is not in play, the accuracy of prompt responses is also a concern, as noted by 48% of respondents. As agentic solutions come to market, how they integrate and the complexity thereof will be top of mind and was reported by 47%.

Overall, this shows that while there is significant interest in automation and other aspects of AI, these capabilities need to be proven before being fully utilized with confidence.

Impact of GenAI-enabled NDR on SecOps.



Concerns regarding generative and agentic AI with NDR.





**NDR Supports a Broad Set of Use Cases,
Requiring Many Different Attributes**

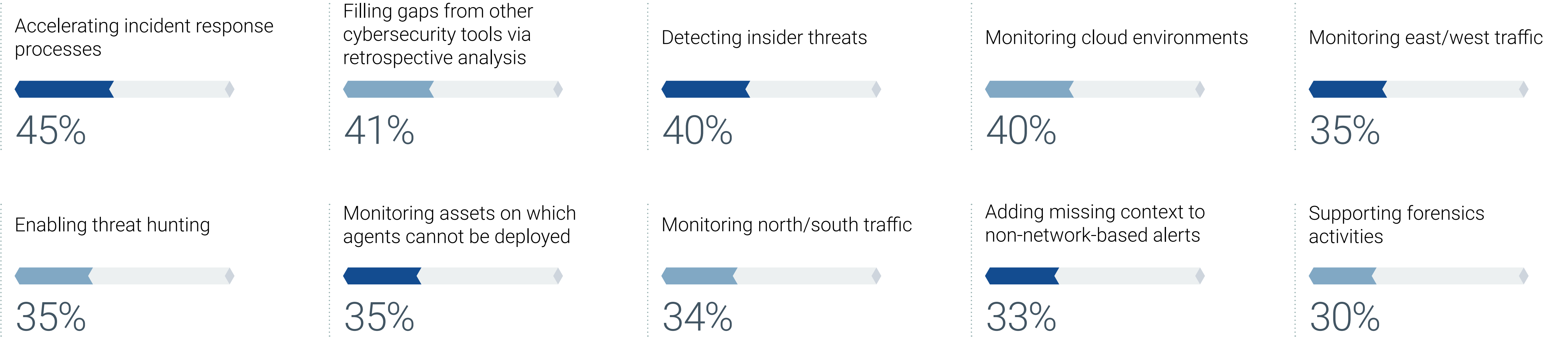
NDR Is Used for Many Different Use Cases

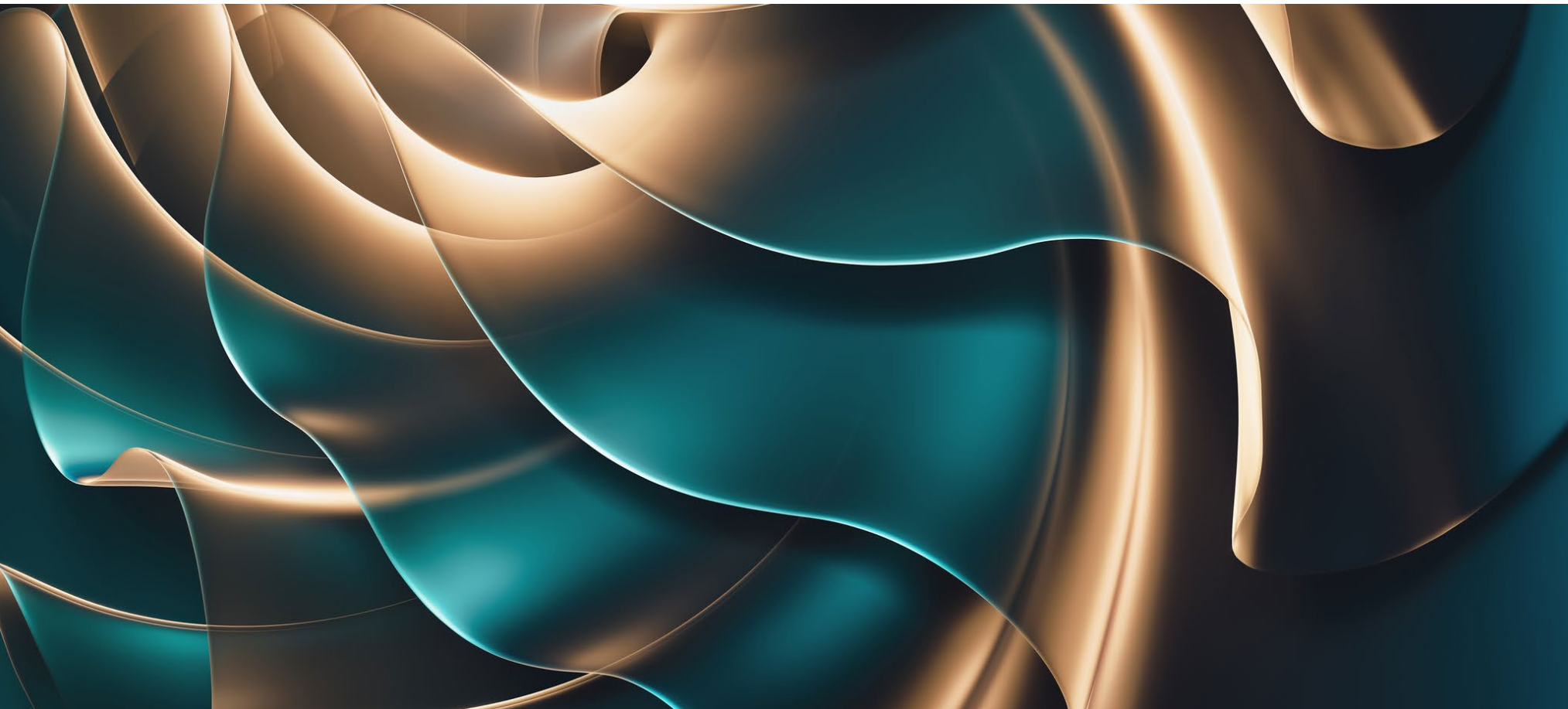
One of the benefits of NDR is that it is versatile and can address a number of different use cases. In this research, no one use case stands out, but rather there was broad agreement across a variety of functions.

The most common use case cited by nearly half of respondents (45%) was accelerating incident response processes. Additional use cases supporting specific SOC functions include detecting insider threats (40%), enabling threat hunting (35%), and supporting forensics (30%).

Many use NDR to monitor specific aspects of the environment including cloud (40%), east/west traffic (35%), assets where agents cannot be deployed (35%), and north/south traffic (34%). Other responses reflected how NDR can augment other tools, either by filling gapes via retrospective analysis (41%) or adding missing context to non-network alerts (33%).

Top NDR use cases.



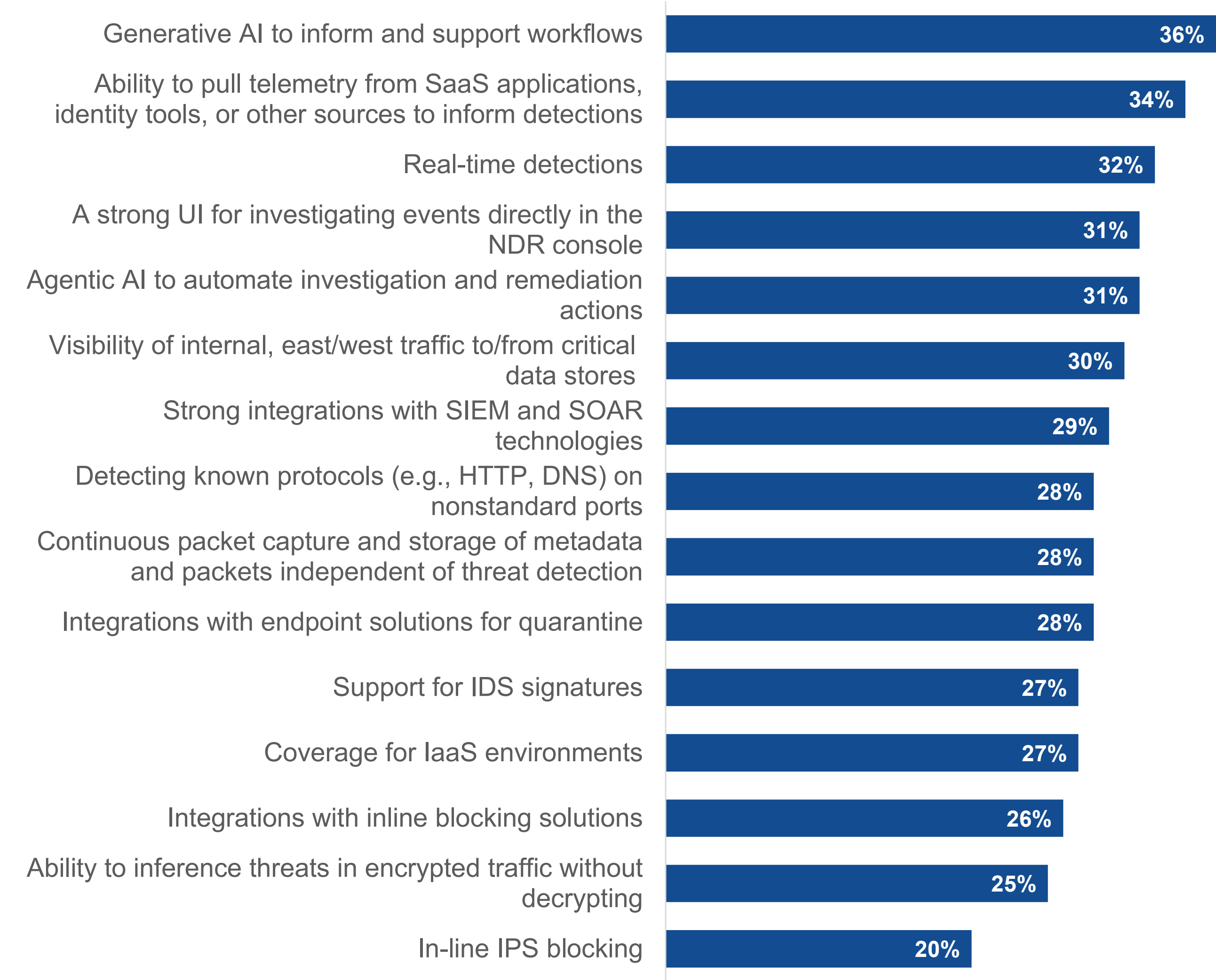


Interest in Many Use Cases Requires a Range of Functionality

To adequately support various use cases, especially in a single organization, NDR solutions must have a broad set of capabilities. In some cases, the importance of an attribute will vary from one organization to another. For example, some security teams may prefer to do more heavy lifting in the NDR console itself, while others may want to send network telemetry directly to the SIEM. As a result, 31% noted the need for a strong UI for investigating events in the NDR console while 29% cited strong integrations for SIEM and SOAR technologies.

While using generative AI to inform and support workflows was the most common response (36%), using agentic AI to automate investigation and remediation actions was lower on the list at 31%. This likely reflects the newness of this market and need to validate capabilities in this area.

Important NDR capabilities.



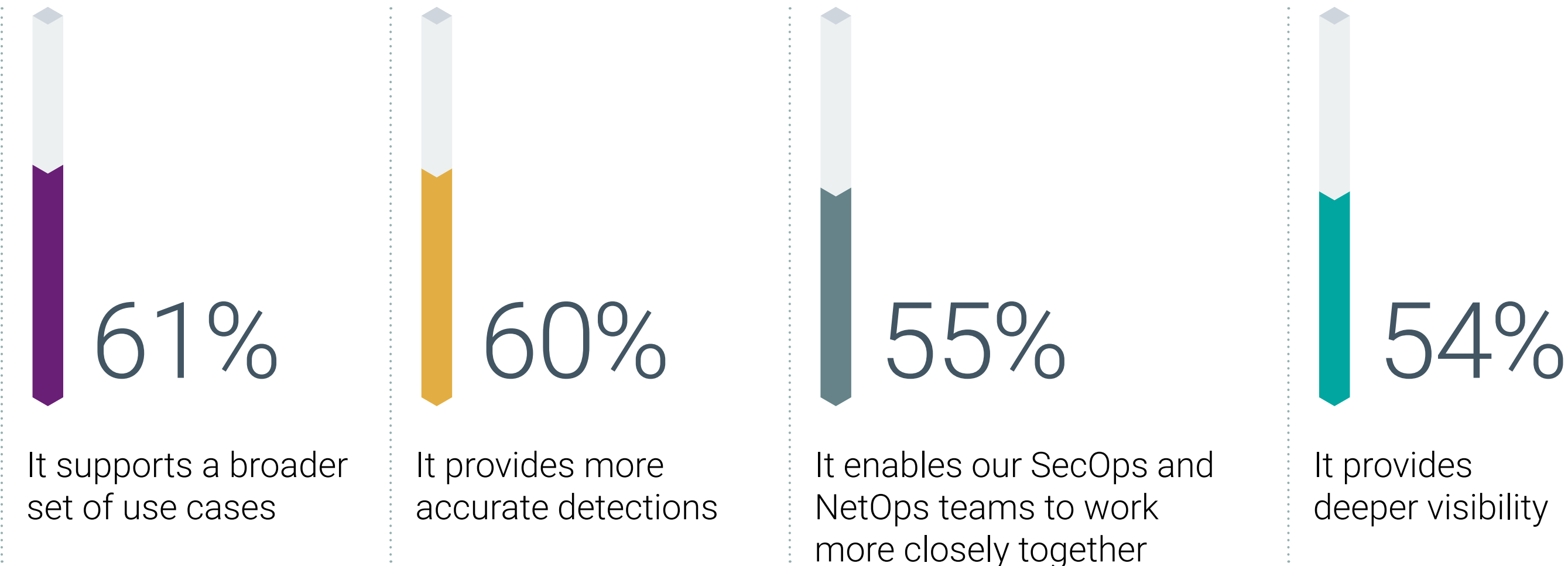
Both Packet Capture and Metadata Are Important

Historically, NDR solutions fall into metadata or packet-based models. More recently, there has been increased overlap with metadata-based solutions supporting some amount of packet capture, and vice versa.

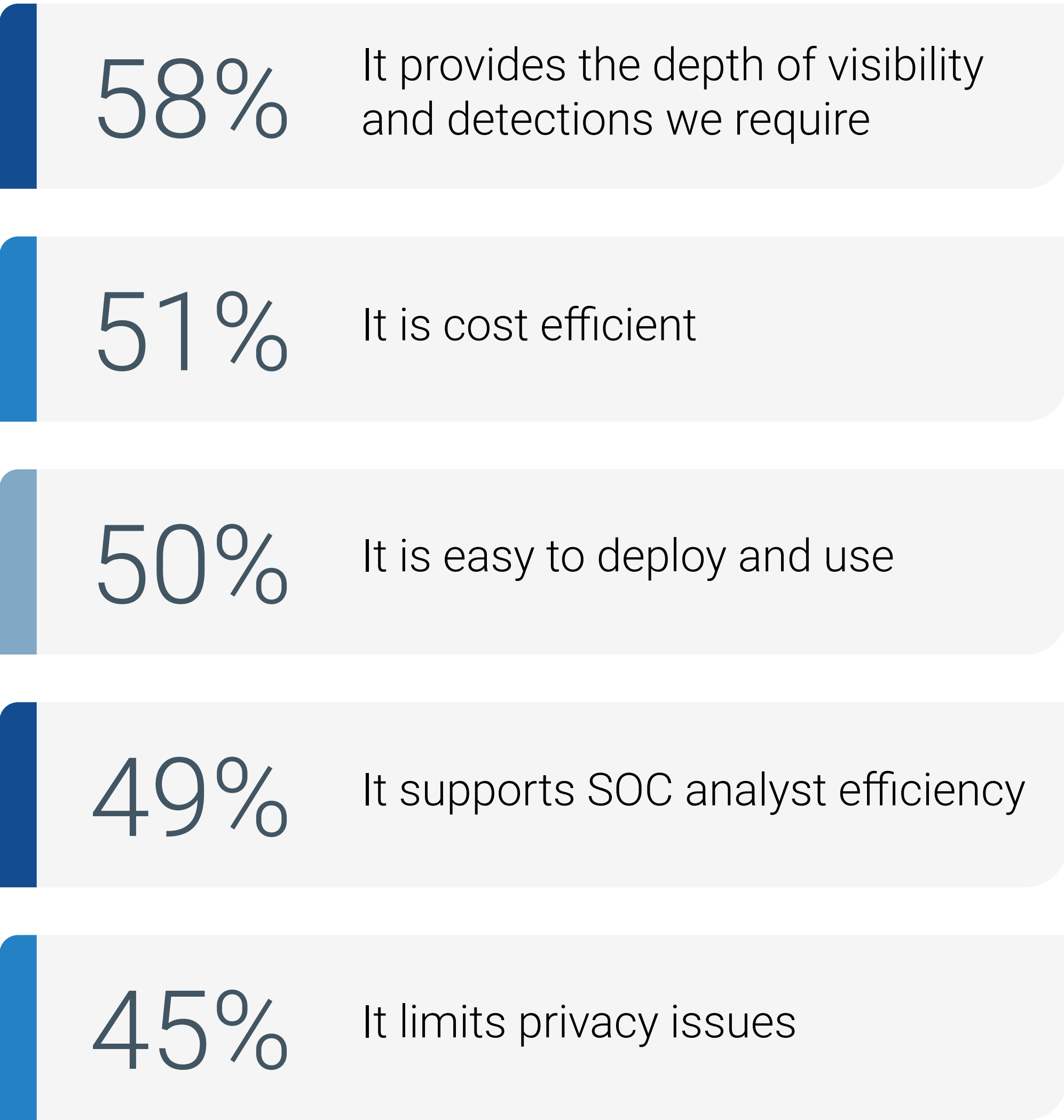
More specifically, respondents generally agreed that continuous packet capture supports more use cases, provides more accurate detections and deeper visibility, and helps SecOps and NetOps teams work better together. At the same time, metadata-based analysis is viewed as providing what is needed relative to visibility and detections, more cost efficient, and easy to deploy and use, with less of an impact on privacy.

While some organizations may prefer one approach over the other, solutions that offer both can better support more use cases and drive better SOC results.

Why continuous packet capture is an important NDR capability.



Why metadata-focused analysis is an important NDR capability.





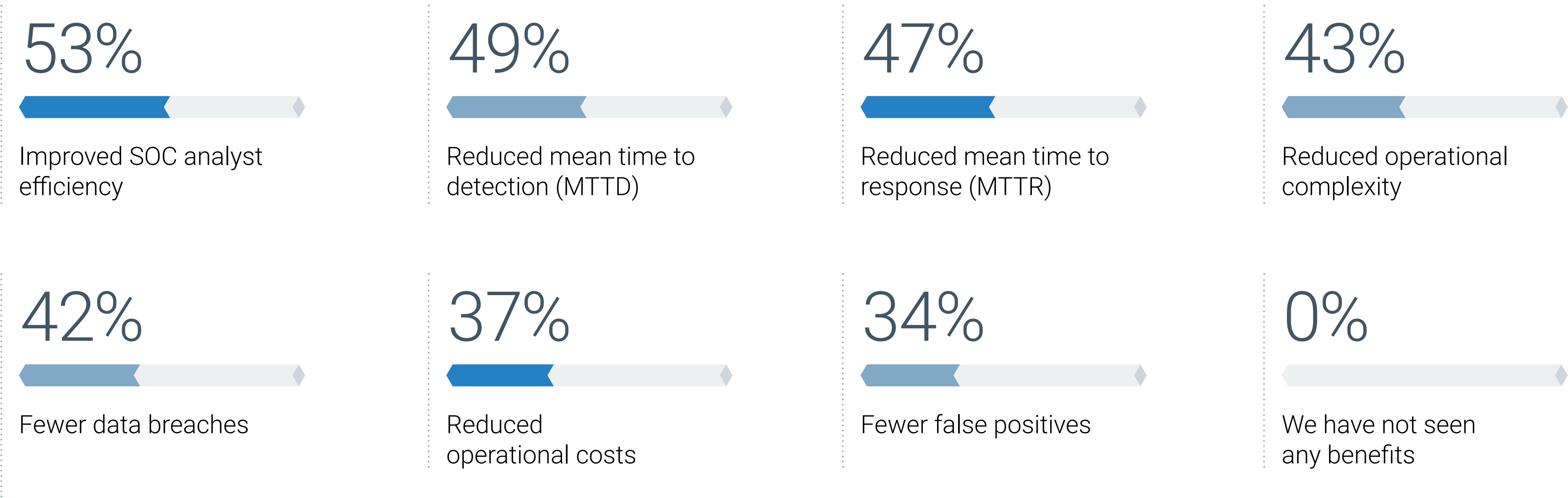
Most See Multiple NDR Benefits, but Outcomes Don't Always Align With Expectations

Many Benefits Cited as a Result of NDR

Ultimately, the most important question to ask is whether the organizations prioritizing NDR are seeing benefits from that investment. Among respondents, the answer was resoundingly positive. More than half (53%) said SOC analyst efficiency has improved, 49% reported a reduced MTTD, and 47% said it reduced MTTR. Further 42% indicated their organization has seen fewer data breaches as a result of using NDR.

As noted earlier, this is not to say that security teams should rely on NDR alone. XDR, EDR, and SIEMs all have a role in making a SOC successful. However, NDR provides unique value based on the coverage it provides, gaps it fills, use cases it supports, and visibility it enables.

Benefits realized from using NDR.

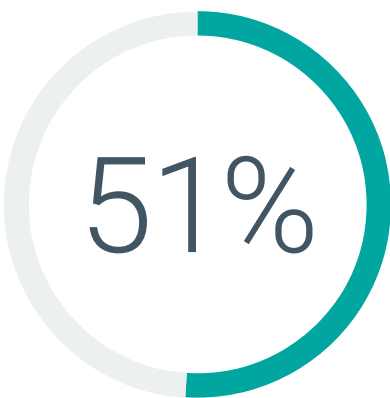


Future Actions Will Build on Current Success

As a final testament to how respondents feel about NDR, nearly all (91%) say their organization expects to increase spending. More specifically, 50% anticipate investing in NDR tools that offer generative AI capabilities, and 50% say they will invest in common platforms supporting NetOps and SecOps visibility. Additionally, improving collaboration between NetOps and SecOps teams is expected by 51% of respondents.

As shown earlier, nearly all respondents use AI-based NDR tools, use common platforms between NetOps and SecOps, and say collaboration between the groups is good. Ultimately, because they are already seeing benefits and positive results from these areas, respondents hope to accelerate these successes by investing more time and resources in these areas.

Actions to implement or optimize NDR strategies over the next 12-18 months.



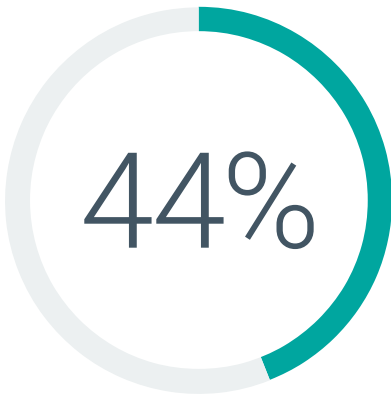
Work to improve collaboration between SecOps and NetOps teams



Invest in network threat detection and response tools that offer generative AI capabilities



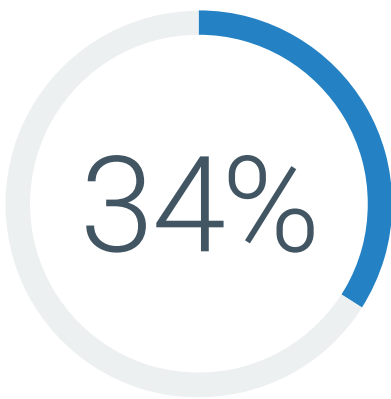
Invest in common platforms for network visibility to support both NetOps and SecOps



Work with professional services firms to build or refine our strategy



Work with managed services providers



Hire more personnel



ABOUT

Vectra AI, Inc. is the cybersecurity AI company that protects modern networks from modern attacks. The Vectra AI Platform delivers AI-driven Network Detection and Response (NDR) to surface and stop threats across the data center, campus, remote work, identity, cloud, and OT environments. In the first-ever Gartner® Magic Quadrant™ for Network Detection and Response, Vectra AI was named a Leader and positioned highest for Ability to Execute and furthest for Completeness of Vision. With 35 patents in AI security and the most vendor references in MITRE D3FEND, organizations worldwide rely on Vectra AI to see and stop attacks their other tools can't. For more information, visit www.vectra.ai.

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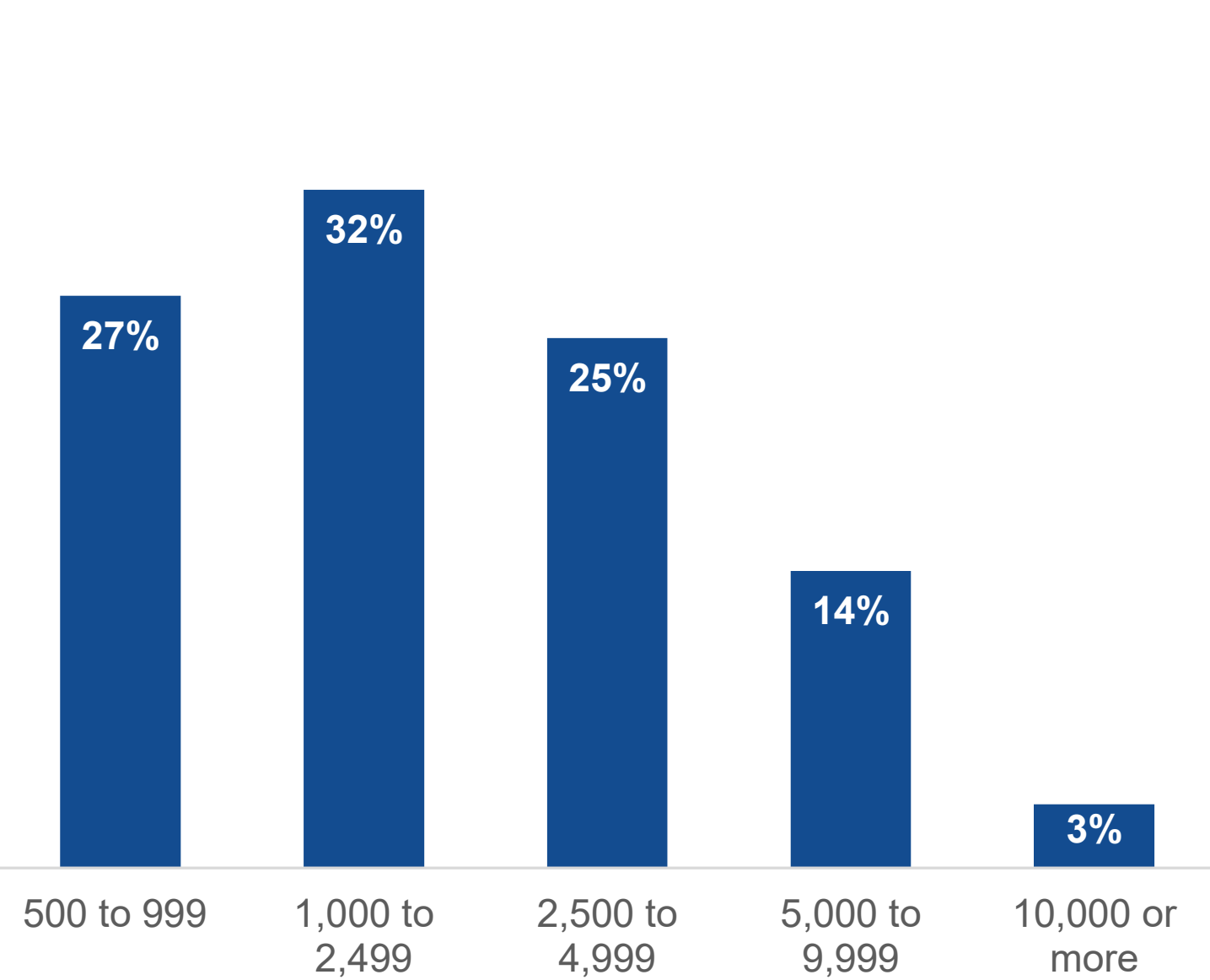


RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND DEMOGRAPHICS

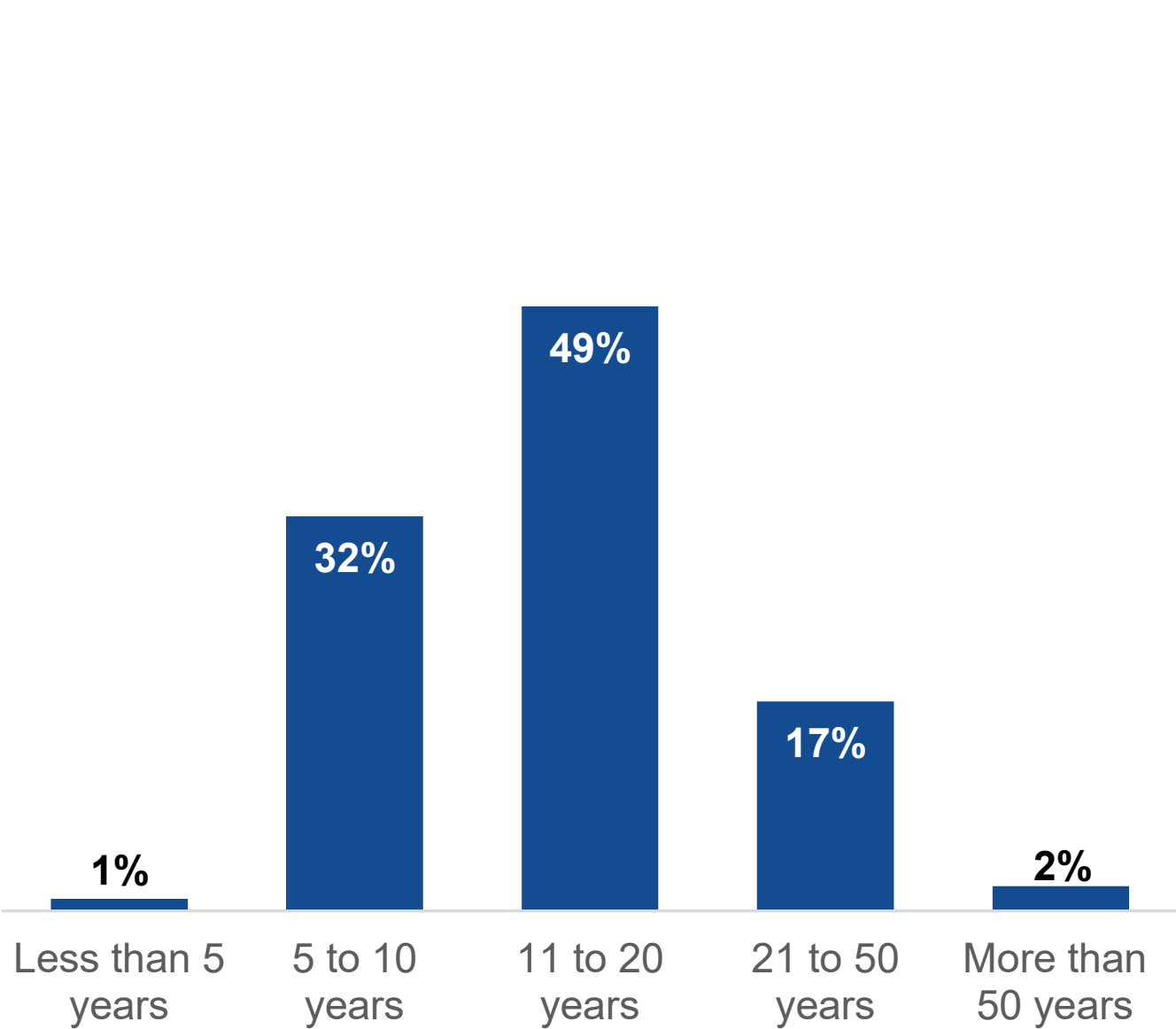
To gather data for this report, Enterprise Strategy Group conducted a comprehensive online survey of cybersecurity and IT professionals from private- and public-sector organizations in North America between June 13, 2025, and June 24, 2025. To qualify for this survey, respondents were required to be involved in evaluating or purchasing network-based threat detection and response technology products and services at their organization. All respondents were provided an incentive to complete the survey in the form of cash awards and/or cash equivalents.

After filtering out unqualified respondents, removing duplicate responses, and screening the remaining completed responses (on a number of criteria) for data integrity, we were left with a final total sample of 400 cybersecurity and IT professionals.

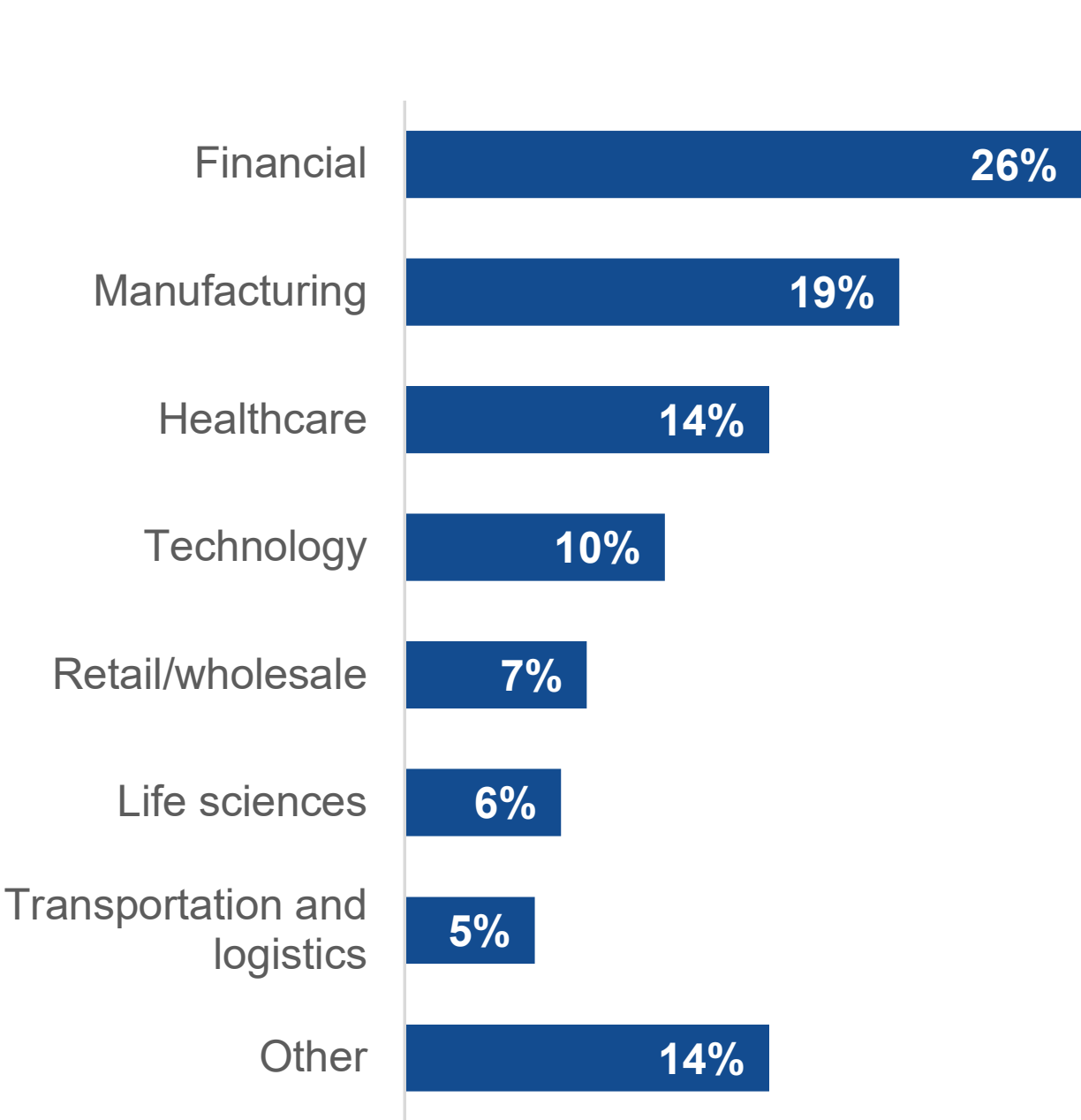
Respondents' organizations by number of employees.



Respondents' organizations by years in operation.



Respondents' organizations by industry.



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