

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification

Product identifier: MAXX 909

Other means of identification: Fabric Softener

SDS number: 3019

Recommended use: Fabric Softener

Recommended restrictions: Not for personal care **Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information**

Company name: UNX Industries, Inc. Address: 707 Arlington Blvd

Greenville, NC 27858

Telephone: Office hours (Mon-Fri)

8:00a.m. – 4:00p.m. (Eastern Time) OFFICE NUMBER: 252-756-8616

E-mail: unx@unxinc.com

Emergency phone number: CHEMTEL (800) 255-3924 (24 HOURS)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the Substance or Mixture:

Physical hazards:

Health hazards:

Acute toxicity, oral:

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Category 4

Category 2

Serious eye damage/irritation:

Category 2

Category 2B

Label elements:



Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements:

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H320 Causes eye irritation.

Section 2: Hazards identification (continued)

Precautionary statements

Prevention

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P103 Read label before use.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response:

P301+P317 IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.
P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P332+P317 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help. P337+P317 If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/ regional/ national/

international Regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

Classified (HNOC) Not Classified

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS Number	Concentration (%)
Water	7732-18-5	80-95
Methyl bis-2-hydroxethyl Ammonium methyl sulfate	68410-69-5	5-15
Polythylene glycol monoisodecyl ether	61827-42-7	0-5
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	0-1

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

Non-emergency personnel

General advice: Safely remove victims from the danger zone. Provide emergency services with this safety data sheet.

Eye contact: Rinse eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

Skin contact: Rinse with plenty of water while removing any contaminated clothing. For small amounts of exposure, get medical attention if any discomfort or symptoms persists. For large amounts of exposure, get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with plenty of water if the person is conscious. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: Bring victim out to fresh air. If the victim is not breathing, give artificial respiration. In case of unconsciousness, place the person on their side for transport, get medical attention immediately.

Emergency personnel

Personal protection: Refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Notes to physician: The concentration and length of exposure impacts the severity of the symptoms.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed: Refer to Section 2 for hazards and Section 11 for information on health effects and symptoms. Treat symptomatically.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary: Provide general supportive measures. Eye contact, inhalation, and ingestion cases should be treated immediately. Have procedures and facilities in place to treat these cases of exposure.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media: In case of a small fire, use dry chemicals, carbon dioxide, foam, or inert gas. In case of a large fire, use foam, water fog or water spray. Water fog and spray both effective in cooling containers and adjacent structures, but there is a potential for it to cause frothing and/or not extinguish the fire. Water can be used to cool external walls of vessels to prevent excessive pressure, autoignition and/or explosion.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use a water jet as this can spread the fire. Do not use carbon dioxide in enclosed spaces with insufficient ventilation.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Flammable liquid and vapors that can be ignited by static spark. Do not breathe in any fumes caused by the fire/explosion. Containers can melt from the heat of fire and the combustible packaging material may provide fuel for the fire. Withdraw immediately in cases of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of tanks. For massive fire in cargo, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures (continued)

Special protective equipment for fire fighters: Wear full protective airtight garment and NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus with independent air-supply. Fight the fire in early stages if safe to do so. Provide sufficient ventilation and be aware of hydrogen generation upon reactions with some metals. Do not allow contaminated extinguishing water to enter the soil, ground-water or surface waters.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Ventilate and restrict access to the area of leak or spill. Have emergency procedures in place for treating incidents, evacuation and informing the emergency services. Refer to Section 8 for personal protective equipment.

Environmental precautions: Clean up spills/leaks immediately and prevent it from spreading. Large or uncontrolled spills to water systems must be reported to appropriate regulatory body.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Absorb spills with non-combustible absorbent. Dam and absorb with sand, earth or other inert material for large spills/leaks. Collect spillage in containers with labeled contents and dispose according to local regulations. Flush the contaminated area with lots of water.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling: Refer to Section 8 for personal protective equipment. Do not eat, drink or smoke when handling the product. Avoid skin and eye contact. Follow general hygiene routines after working with the product. When handling large amounts of the product, be sure to have a safety shower nearby.

Conditions for safe storage: Store in a suitable, closed and labeled container upright at temperature between 40°F and 100°F in a well-ventilated area. Opened containers must be properly resealed to avoid spillage. Store away from heat, direct sunlight and moisture. It is preferred to keep the container on sump pallets. Store in high-density polyethylene containers. See Section 10 for incompatible materials.

SECTION 8: Exposure control/personal protection

Control Parameters

Occupational exposure limits

US.OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910,1000)

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Type	Va	lues
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	PEL	400 ppm	980 mg/m ³
Polythethylene glycol	25322-68-3	TWA		10 mg/m ³

U.S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Type	Va	lues
		BEI		40 mg/L
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	STEL	400 ppm	
		TWA	200 ppm	

SECTION 8: Exposure control/personal protection (continued)

Appropriate engineering controls/ventilation system: A general exhaust system is recommended to keep employee exposures below the limits. An additional local exhaust system is preferred in order to control emissions at its source.

Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Respiratory protection: A NIOSH approved full-face respirator with high efficiency dust/mist filter is recommended. For emergencies or when dealing with unknown exposure measures, use a full-face piece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator fitted with a suitable cartridge for the chemical. Consult respirator supplier regarding the compatibility of the equipment. <u>CAUTION</u>: Air purifying respirators do not protect the user in oxygen deficient atmospheres, use an air supply system.

Hand protection: Impervious gloves, with suitable protection for workplace, are recommended any time the product is being handled. Consult glove supplier for details on suitability, breakthrough time and permeability. Frequent change of the gloves is advisable. Be aware that latex gloves can trigger an allergic reaction to sensitive individuals.

Eye protection: Use chemical safety goggles and/or full-face shield when handling the product.

Skin/Body protection: Wear impervious protective clothing, boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact. Take additional precaution if handling amounts past the exposure limits.

Thermal hazard: Wear thermal protective clothing when necessary.

General hygiene: Change out of clothes, thoroughly wash your hands and clothes, and shower/bathe as soon as possible. Do not eat, drink, smoke or use the bathroom while handling the product.

Other protective measures: Have an eye wash and safety shower station close by. Routinely wash all equipment to remove contaminants.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Liquid
Color: White
Odor: Aromatic

Odor Threshold: No data available

pH: 5.0 ± 0.5

Melting point/range:
Boiling point/range:
No data available

Upper/lower flammability of explosive limits: No data available

Vapor pressure (mm Hg):No data availableVapor density (Air=1):No data availableRelative density:No data available

Solubility(ies): Excellent

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties (continued)

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): No data available

Auto-ignition temperature: No data available Decomposition temperature: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available

Other Information: This product contains no phosphates.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No hazardous reactions are known under normal storage conditions and if handled according to standard industrial practices.

Chemical stability: Stable if under normal storage conditions and handled according to standard industrial practices.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, sparks and open flames.

Incompatible materials: Strong acids, strong bases, combustible materials and reactive metals.

Hazardous decomposition products: In the event of a fire, see Section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity: Toxicological testing has not been conducted with this material. The toxicology information listed below is based on the components of this material.

Methyl bis-2-hydroxethyl ammonium methyl sulfate – Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE)
ATE _{Mix} (oral)
> 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/ irritation: Category 2: Cause skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation: Category 2B: Causes eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Classification not possible.

Germ cell mutagenicity: Classification not possible.

Carcinogenicity: Classification not possible. **Reproductive toxicity:** Classification not possible.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Classification not possible.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Classification not possible.

Aspiration hazard: Classification not possible.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Do not allow to escape into waterways, wastewater or soil.

Toxicity: Ecotoxicological studies of the product are not available. Please find below the data available to us from raw materials:

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Propan-2-ol
LC ₅₀ Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)
> 1,400 mg/L Fresh Water: 96 hrs

Persistence and degradability: No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available for this product.

Mobility in soil: No data available for this product.

Other adverse effects: No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

General information: Do not allow the product to contaminate any body of water. Refer to Section 8 for personal protection equipment.

Disposal methods: Avoid unauthorized disposal. Do not dump into any body of water. Comply with federal, state/provincial and local laws/regulations. Do not reuse empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

UN Number: Not Available UN Proper Shipping Name: Not Applicable

Transport hazard class(es):

DOT Hazard Class:

DOT Subsidiary Hazard Class:

Packing group, if available:

Not Available

Not Available

Environmental Hazards: No

Special precautions for user: Not DOT regulated.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/783 and the IBC Code 3: Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Unless otherwise noted, no components are SARA TITLE III, SECTION 313, 40 CFR listed materials. The ingredients of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

This product is not made with VOC'S that could cause damage to the ozone layer.

State Regulations

US- New Jersey RTK- Substances: Listed substance

Propan-2-ol (CAS 67-63-0) Substance no. 1076

SECTION 16: Other Information including date of preparation or last revision

Chemical State: LiquidIssue Date:05-01-2021Chemical Type: MixtureRevision Date:-

Version #: 01

2	Health
0	Flammability
0	Physical Hazard
В	Personal Protection

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither UNX Industries, Inc. nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may represent unknown hazards and should be used within caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist.