

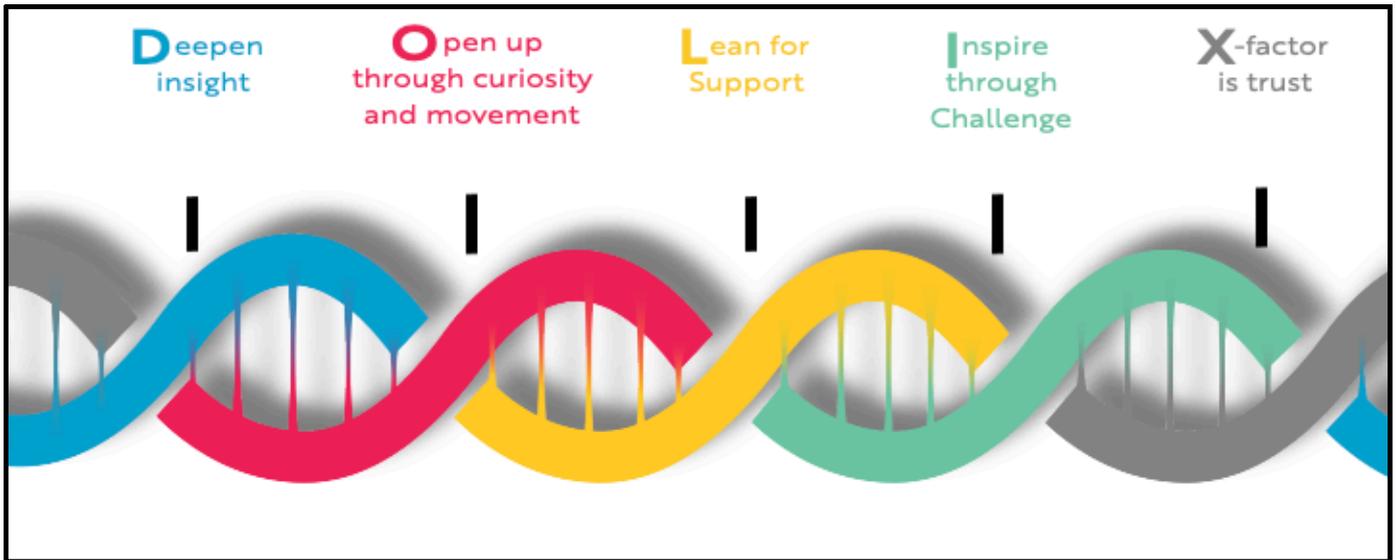
The DOLIX Model®



A Research-Based Framework for Transformative Group Coaching

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Overview

The DOLIX Model® is a dynamic, interconnected framework that identifies 5 essential actions for cohesion and transformation in group coaching settings:

Deepen (insight)

Open (Curiosity and Movement)

Lean (Support)

Inspire (Challenge and Storytelling)

X-Factor (Trust)

Grounded in psychological safety research, adult learning theory, and coaching best practices, this model helps coaches intentionally design sessions that foster connection, transformation, and impact.



D – Deepen Insight

Definition: Members deepen self-awareness and internal clarity.

Key Outcome: Cognitive transformation and reflection.

Research Base:

- Mezirow’s Transformative Learning Theory highlights critical reflection as a key to adult learning and mindset shift.
- Kolb’s Experiential Learning Cycle: Insight emerges from concrete experiences and reflective observation.

Practices:

- Encourage reflection with peer coaching activities.
- Ask questions like “What are you learning about yourself from this conversation?”
- Use reflection prompts between sessions.



O – Open Up through Curiosity and Movement

Definition: Members engage openly, fueled by genuine inquiry towards each other creating forward action.

Key Outcome: Exploration through using coaching skills and behavioral change.

Research Base:

- Deci & Ryan's Self-Determination Theory identifies curiosity and autonomy as key motivators.
- Motivational Interviewing principles affirm that change begins with curious, non-directive questioning.

Practices:

- Encourage the group to ask "What else?" and "How?" questions vs. "Why"
- Use the participants' metaphor or creative tools to unlock exploration.
- Help participants to go from advice to question.
- Prompt members to articulate actions at different times in the session, not just at the end.

L – Lean for Support

Definition: Members remember, reflect, and cheer each other's journeys.

Key Outcome: Emotional connection and belonging.



Research Base:

- Social Constructivism: Learning occurs through collaboration and meaning-making with others.
- Mirror Neuron Research: Observing others activates similar brain patterns, enhancing empathy.

Practices:

- Facilitate strength-reflection exercises (e.g., "Name a quality you see in this person").
- Regularly ask: "What do you want to acknowledge the group for today?"
- Use buddy or triad accountability structures.

I – Inspire through Challenge

Definition: Members challenge one another to take bold action, explore inconsistencies, and grow.

Key Outcome: Stretch and growth.

Research Base:

- Zone of Proximal Development (Vygotsky): Growth happens at the edge of ability, with supportive scaffolding.
- Constructive Developmental Theory (Kegan): Individuals evolve through challenge and supported meaning-making.

Practices:

- Encourage the group to “say the hard thing with love.”
- Model and reward challenge through your questions and celebration of the tough questions.
- Ask the group for their most challenging question for person X, add those to the chat and ask Person X which question they want to answer.



X-Factor: Trust

Definition: A judgment-free environment where members feel safe thanks to their connection to one another, leading to group psychological safety.

Key Outcome: Psychological safety.

Research Base:

- Research on psychological safety confirms that trust is foundational for risk-taking and vulnerability.
- Social penetration theory (Altman and Taylor) focuses on the importance of gradual self-disclosure to build meaningful relationships.

Practices:

- Begin with shared agreements and confidentiality pacts.
- Ensure there are opportunities for group members to get to know each other in small breakouts to build connection.
- Create moments for deeper coaching. Remember to ask for permission first!



Group Coaching Session Ideas Element

Element

Activity

Insight

- Peer coaching rounds
- Moments of quiet self-reflection
- Rounds of sharing takeaways

Curiosity

- Challenge assumptions exercise
- Transform advice into questions
- Question-storming

Movement

- Set actions at various moments in the session
- Celebrate progress
- Ask the group to observe and name others' achievements

Support

- Strength-mirroring circle
- Ask each person to share what they most need help with
- Decide when to focus on one person vs. the whole group

Challenge

- Accountability replay
- Ask for their most challenging questions
- Include challenge in the group agreements (and always check in for permission to challenge).

Trust

- Co-created agreements
- Small breakouts
- Invite depth in the conversation acknowledging and welcoming all emotions



The DOLIX Model as a Living Framework

The DOLIX Model® is not a linear checklist. It's a dynamic helix of ongoing interaction among elements. In every session, you can check in:

- Is trust strong enough for challenge?
- Are we creating space for insight and movement?
- Is support being offered and received?
- Are we asking questions that inspire and stretch?

By designing for the DOLIX Model® intentionally, you set the stage for your group sessions to become cohesive, brave, and transformational spaces.

The DOLIX Model® and the ICF Core Competencies

| The DOLIX Model® | ICF Competency |
|--|--|
| <p>Deepen Insight</p> <p>The DOLIX Model®'s focus on deepening insight directly reflects the role of the coach and the group in helping clients shift perspective, explore beliefs, and discover new meaning.</p> | <p>C7: Evokes Awareness</p> <p>This competency emphasizes facilitating client insight and learning through powerful questioning, silence, metaphor, or analogy.</p> |
| <p>Open through Curiosity and Movement</p> <p>Curiosity in the DOLIX Model® fuels exploration, while movement is about forward progress, a hallmark of this competency.</p> | <p>D8: Facilitates Client Growth</p> <p>This competency focuses on partnering with clients to transform learning and insight into action.</p> |
| <p>Lean for Support</p> <p>The DOLIX Model®'s support pillar is about being emotionally present, empathetic, and responsive, not just from the coach, but among group members.</p> | <p>B5: Maintains Presence</p> <p>This competency refers to the coach's ability to be fully conscious and create a spontaneous relationship with the client.</p> |
| <p>Inspire through Challenge</p> <p>In the DOLIX Model®, challenge emerges from deep listening and reflecting inconsistencies or avoided truths. It demands the courage to act on what we notice through listening.</p> | <p>C6: Listens Actively</p> <p>While listening may seem passive, this competency includes hearing what is said and not said to support the client's self-expression.</p> |
| <p>X – X-Factor: Trust</p> <p>Trust is the foundational layer in the DOLIX Model® and the ICF model alike. It holds the DOLIX Model® together, enabling safety and risk-taking.</p> | <p>B4: Cultivates Trust and Safety B3: Partners with the client to create clear agreements about the coaching relationship</p> <p>This element reflects the coach's responsibility to build a psychologically safe, judgment-free space where group members feel seen, heard, and respected.</p> <p>Competency B4 supports the foundational environment where vulnerability and growth can flourish, essential to any coaching relationship and particularly critical in group coaching contexts.</p> <p>Competency B3 emphasizes the importance of designing clear agreements around roles, expectations, boundaries, and confidentiality, key practices in cultivating trust within a group coaching setting.</p> |



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