

## TSPY LIFT ETF TDAQ LIFT ETF

# PROSPECTUS

January 5, 2026

This prospectus describes the above referenced funds (each a "Fund" and collectively, the "Funds") which are authorized to offer one class of shares by this prospectus.

The Funds seeks daily long leveraged investment results and are intended to be used as short-term trading vehicles.

The Funds are not intended to be used by, and are not appropriate for, investors who do not intend to actively monitor and manage their portfolios. The Funds are very different from most mutual funds and exchange-traded funds. Investors should note that:

(1) The Funds are riskier than alternatives that do not use leverage because the Funds magnify the performance of their underlying security.

(2) The pursuit of their daily investment objective means that the return of the Funds for a period longer than a full trading day will be the product of a series of daily leveraged returns, for each trading day during the relevant period. As a consequence, especially in periods of market volatility, the volatility of the underlying security may affect a Fund's return as much as, or more than, the return of the underlying security. Further, the return for investors that invest for periods less than a full trading day will not be the product of the return of the Fund's stated daily leveraged investment objective and the performance of the underlying security for the full trading day. During periods of high volatility, the Fund may not perform as expected and the Fund may have losses when an investor may have expected gains if the Fund is held for a period that is different than one trading day.

The Funds are not suitable for all investors. The Funds are designed to be utilized only by sophisticated investors, such as traders and active investors employing dynamic strategies. Investors in the Funds should:

- (1) understand the risks associated with the use of leveraged strategies;
- (2) understand the consequences of seeking *daily leveraged* investment results; and
- (3) intend to actively monitor and manage their investments.

Investors who do not understand the Funds, or do not intend to actively manage their funds and monitor their investments, should not buy the Funds.

There is no assurance that a Fund will achieve its daily leveraged investment objective and an investment in a Fund could lose money. The Funds are not a complete investment program.

The Funds' investment adviser will not attempt to position each Fund's portfolio to ensure that a Fund does not gain or lose more than a maximum percentage of its net asset value on a given trading day. As a consequence, if a Fund's underlying security moves more than 50%, as applicable, on a given trading day in a direction adverse to the Fund, the Fund's investors would lose all of their money.

| Fund          | Ticker | Principal U.S. Listing Exchange |
|---------------|--------|---------------------------------|
| TSPY LIFT ETF | TSYX   | NASDAQ Stock Market®, Inc.      |
| TDAQ LIFT ETF | TDAX   | Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc.         |

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.



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**IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT THE FUND**

The TSPY Lift ETF (the “Fund”) seeks daily leveraged investment results and is very different from most other exchange-traded funds. As a result, the Fund may be riskier than alternatives that do not use leverage because the Fund’s objective is to magnify (130%) the daily performance of the ETF shares of the TappAlpha SPY Growth & Daily Income ETF (NASDAQ: TSPY) (“TSPY”). The return for investors that invest for periods longer or shorter than a trading day should not be expected to be 130% of the performance of TSPY for the period. The return of the Fund for a period longer than a trading day will be the result of each trading day’s compounded return over the period, which will very likely differ from 130% of the return of TSPY for that period. Longer holding periods, higher volatility of TSPY and leverage increase the impact of compounding on an Investor’s returns. During periods of higher TSPY volatility, the volatility of TSPY may affect the Fund’s return as much as, or more than, the return of TSPY.

**The Fund is not suitable for all investors. The Fund is designed to be utilized only by knowledgeable investors who understand the potential consequences of seeking daily leveraged (1.3X) investment results, understand the risks associated with the use of leverage and are willing to monitor their portfolios frequently. The Fund is not intended to be used by, and is not appropriate for, investors who do not intend to actively monitor and manage their portfolios. For periods longer than a single day, the Fund will lose money if TSPY’s performance is flat, and it is possible that the Fund will lose money even if TSPY’s performance increases over a period longer than a single day. An investor could lose the full principal value of his/her investment within a single day if the price of TSPY falls by more than 50% in one trading day.**

**Investment Objective**

The Fund seeks daily investment results, before fees and expenses, of 130% of the daily performance of TSPY. **The Fund does not seek to achieve its stated investment objective for a period of time different than a trading day.**

**Fees and Expenses of the Fund**

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and examples below.**

**TSPY LIFT ETF**  
**Fund Summary - continued**

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### Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

|   |              |
|---|--------------|
| Management Fee <sup>(1)</sup> .....                             | 0.98%        |
| Distribution (12b-1) and Services Fees .....                    | 0.00%        |
| Other Expenses <sup>(2)</sup> .....                             | 0.00%        |
| <b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses<sup>(3)</sup> .....</b> | <b>0.98%</b> |

<sup>(1)</sup> Under the Investment Advisory Agreement, Tapp Finance, Inc., d/b/a TappAlpha (the "Adviser"), at its own expense and without reimbursement from the Fund, pays all of the expenses of the Fund, excluding the advisory fees, interest expenses, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses, brokerage commissions and any other portfolio transaction-related expenses and fees arising out of transactions effected on behalf of the Fund, credit facility fees and expenses, including interest expenses, and litigation and indemnification expenses and other extraordinary expenses not incurred in the ordinary course of the Fund's business.

<sup>(2)</sup> Other Expenses are estimated for the Fund's initial fiscal year.

<sup>(3)</sup> The cost of investing in swaps, including the embedded cost of the swap and the operating expenses of the referenced assets, is an indirect expense that is not included in the above fee table and is not reflected in the expense example. The total indirect cost of investing in swaps, including the embedded cost of the swap and the operating expenses of the referenced assets, is estimated to be 0.190% for the fiscal period ending December 31, 2026.

### Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then hold or redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a five percent (5%) return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

| Name of Fund        | 1 Year | 3 Years |
|---------------------|--------|---------|
| TSPY Lift ETF ..... | \$100  | \$312   |

### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. As of the date of this Prospectus, the Fund has not yet commenced operations and therefore does not have any portfolio turnover information available.

### **Principal Investment Strategies**

The Fund, under normal circumstances, invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in financial instruments that are designed to provide, in the aggregate, 120% - 140% exposure to the price performance of TSPY on a daily basis (with the Fund rebalancing to 130% exposure if the exposure goes above or below 120% or 140%, respectively). The Fund will primarily use swaps to obtain its desired exposure to TSPY but may also seek to achieve its investment objective by purchasing call options on TSPY. The Adviser will determine the allocation of the Fund's investments in swap agreements and call options based upon various factors including, but not limited to, counterparty capacity, financing charges, liquidity, collateral availability, and overall market conditions for a particular instrument.

The Fund will enter into one or more swap agreements with financial institutions whereby the Fund and the financial institution will agree to exchange the return on a notional amount designed to provide, on a daily basis, investment exposure equal to approximately 130% of the Fund's net assets to the performance of TSPY. If the Adviser determines to use call options, the Fund will purchase exchange traded call options, including "FLEX Options." Call options give the holder (*i.e.*, the buyer) the right to buy an asset (or receive cash value of the asset, in case of certain call options) and the seller (*i.e.*, the writer) the obligation to sell the asset (or deliver cash value of the asset, in case of certain call options) at a certain defined price. FLEX Options ("FLEX Options") are customized options contracts that trade on an exchange but provide investors with the ability to customize key contract terms like strike price, style and expiration date while achieving price discovery in competitive, transparent auctions markets and avoiding the counterparty exposure of over-the-counter (OTC) options positions. Like traditional exchange-traded options, FLEX Options are guaranteed for settlement by the Options Clearing Corporation ("OCC"), a market clearinghouse that guarantees performance by counterparties to certain derivatives contracts. The FLEX Options are listed on the Cboe Exchange, Inc. ("Cboe"). The Fund may take delivery of the underlying security (TSPY) if it chooses to exercise a call option and either hold or sell the security in the secondary markets. Standard listed options on ETFs are typically American-style and may be exercised at any time prior to expiration, whereas certain FLEX Options may be European-style and exercisable only at expiration; the terms of the option will govern.

The Fund will attempt to achieve its investment objective without regard to overall market movement or the increase or decrease of the value of TSPY. At the close of the markets each trading day, the Adviser rebalances the Fund's

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**TSPY LIFT ETF**  
**Fund Summary - continued**

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portfolio so that its exposure to TSPY is consistent with the Fund's investment objective. The impact of TSPY's price movements during the day will affect whether the Fund's portfolio needs to be rebalanced. For example, if the price of TSPY has risen on a given day, net assets of the Fund should rise, meaning that the Fund's exposure will need to be increased. Conversely, if the price of TSPY has fallen on a given day, net assets of the Fund should fall, meaning the Fund's exposure will need to be reduced. This daily rebalancing typically results in high portfolio turnover. On a day-to-day basis, the Fund is expected to hold money market funds, deposit accounts with institutions with high quality (investment grade) credit ratings, and/or short-term debt instruments that have terms-to-maturity of less than 397 days and exhibit high quality (investment grade) credit profiles, including U.S. government securities and repurchase agreements.

Generally, the Fund pursues its investment objective regardless of market conditions and does not generally take defensive positions. If the Fund's underlying security moves more than 77% on a given trading day in a direction adverse to the Fund, the Fund's investors would lose all of their money.

The terms "daily," "day," and "trading day," refer to the period from the close of the markets on one trading day to the close of the markets on the next trading day. The Fund is "non-diversified," under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Additionally, the Fund's investment objective is not a fundamental policy and may be changed by the Fund's Board of Trustees without shareholder approval.

*Information about TSPY*

TappAlpha SPY Growth & Daily Income ETF is an actively managed exchange traded fund ("ETF") that seeks to achieve its investment objectives through the use of a call option strategy that combines a long position in SPY, an exchange-traded fund designed to track the performance of the S&P 500® Index, with short positions in certain call options. The strategy is a daily covered call option strategy that sells "out of the money" call options with zero days to expiration each day, known as a "daily call". Daily call options having zero days to expiration are also known as "ODTE" options. TappAlpha SPY Growth & Daily Income ETF is a series of the ETF Opportunities Trust, which is registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Information provided to or filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by the ETF Opportunities Trust on behalf of the TappAlpha SPY Growth & Daily Income ETF pursuant to the Securities Act can be located by reference to the Securities and Exchange Commission file number 333-234544 through the Securities

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**TSPY LIFT ETF**  
**Fund Summary - continued**

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and Exchange Commission's website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). In addition, information regarding TappAlpha SPY Growth & Daily Income ETF may be obtained from other sources including, but not limited to, press releases, newspaper articles and other publicly disseminated documents. The Fund and TSPY are each advised and sub-advised by the same investment adviser and sub-adviser and are therefore considered affiliated funds. As a result of this affiliation, the Adviser and Sub-Adviser face potential conflicts of interest when allocating investments among the Fund and TSPY, including with respect to portfolio construction, trading decisions, and the timing and size of investments in affiliated funds. In addition, although the Fund will not invest directly in TSPY, the Adviser and Sub-Adviser may have an incentive to cause the Fund to invest in affiliated funds in order to increase assets under management and advisory fees. The Adviser seeks to manage these conflicts in a manner it believes is consistent with its fiduciary duties and applicable law.

**The Fund has derived all disclosures contained in this document regarding the TappAlpha SPY Growth & Daily Income ETF from the publicly available documents described above. Furthermore, the Fund cannot give any assurance that all events occurring prior to the date of the prospectus (including events that would affect the accuracy or completeness of the publicly available documents described above) that would affect the trading price of TSPY have been publicly disclosed. Subsequent disclosure of any such events or the disclosure of, or failure to disclose, material future events concerning the TappAlpha SPY Growth & Daily Income ETF could affect the value of the Fund's investments with respect to TSPY and therefore the value of the Fund.**

Because of daily rebalancing and the compounding of each day's return over time, the return of the Fund for periods longer than a single day will be the result of each day's returns compounded over the period, which will very likely differ from 130% of the return of the underlying security over the same period. The Fund will lose money if the underlying security performance is flat over time, and as a result of daily rebalancing, the underlying security's volatility and the effects of compounding, it is even possible that the Fund will lose money over time while the underlying security's performance increases over a period longer than a single day.

The Fund may enter into swap agreements with a limited number of counterparties. If the underlying security has a dramatic move in price that causes a material decline in the Fund's NAV over certain stated periods agreed to by the Fund and the counterparty, the terms of a swap agreement between a Fund and its counterparty may permit the counterparty to

immediately close out all swap transactions with the Fund. There is a risk that no suitable counterparties will be willing to enter into, or continue to enter into, transactions with the Fund and, as a result, the Fund may not be able to achieve its leveraged investment objective or may decide to change its leveraged investment objective.

### **Principal Risks**

An investment in the Fund entails risk. The Fund may not achieve its leveraged investment objective and there is a risk that you could lose all of your money invested in the Fund. The Fund is not a complete investment program. In addition, the Fund presents risks not traditionally associated with other mutual funds and ETFs. It is important that investors closely review all of the risks listed below and understand them before making an investment in the Fund.

**Effects of Compounding and Market Volatility Risk.** The Fund has a daily leveraged investment objective and the Fund's performance for periods greater than a trading day will be the result of each day's returns compounded over the period, which is very likely to differ from 130% of TSPY's performance, before fees and expenses. Compounding affects all investments, but has a more significant impact on funds that are leveraged and that rebalance daily and becomes more pronounced as volatility and holding periods increase. The effects of compounding will impact each shareholder differently depending on the period of time an investment in the Fund is held and the volatility of TSPY during the shareholder's holding period of an investment in the Fund.

During periods of higher TSPY volatility, the volatility of TSPY may affect the Fund's return as much as, or more than, the return of TSPY. The effects of compounding will impact each shareholder differently depending on the period of time an investment in the Fund is held and the volatility of TSPY during a shareholder's holding period of an investment in the Fund.

Because TSPY commenced trading in 2024, five-year historical volatility and performance data are not available. Since-inception data will be provided when a sufficient operating history exists.

Volatility for a shorter period of time may have been substantially higher.

Historical volatility and performance are not indications of what TSPY volatility and performance will be in the future. The trading price of TSPY shares may be volatile and subject to premiums or discounts to net asset value ("NAV").

For information regarding the effects of volatility and performance on the long-term performance of the Fund, see “Additional Information About Investment Techniques and Policies.”

**Leverage Risk.** The Fund obtains investment exposure in excess of its net assets by utilizing leverage and may lose more money in market conditions that are adverse to its investment objective than a fund that does not utilize leverage. An investment in the Fund is exposed to the risk that a decline in the daily performance of TSPY will be magnified. This means that an investment in the Fund will be reduced by an amount equal to 1.3% for every 1% daily decline in TSPY, not including the costs of financing leverage and other operating expenses, which would further reduce its value. If TSPY declines by approximately 77% or more in a single trading day, the Fund could experience a total loss of its value for that day. A total loss may occur in a single day even if TSPY does not lose all of its value. Leverage will also have the effect of magnifying any differences in the Fund’s correlation with TSPY and may increase the volatility of the Fund. The cost of maintaining leveraged exposure (e.g., swap financing, collateral, and related fees) may increase, particularly in rising interest rate environments, which can adversely affect performance.

To the extent that the instruments utilized by the Fund are thinly traded or have a limited market, the Fund may be unable to meet its investment objective due to a lack of available investments or counterparties. During such periods, the Fund’s ability to issue additional Creation Units may be adversely affected. As a result, the Fund’s shares could trade at a premium or discount to their net asset value and/or the bid-ask spread of the Fund’s shares could widen. Under such circumstances, the Fund may increase its transaction fee, change its investment objective by, for example, seeking to track an alternative security, reduce its leverage or close. In such circumstances, the Fund’s investment adviser will consult with counsel to the Trust and its Board of Trustees, and if determined to be necessary, the Fund will amend and/or supplement the prospectus as promptly as feasible under the circumstances to include appropriate disclosures.

**Derivatives Risk.** Derivatives are financial instruments that derive value from the underlying reference asset or assets, such as stocks, bonds, or funds (including ETFs), interest rates or indexes. Investing in derivatives may be considered aggressive and may expose the Fund to greater risks, and may result in larger losses or small gains, than investing directly in the reference assets underlying those derivatives, which may prevent the Fund from achieving its investment objective.

The Fund expects to use swap agreements to achieve its investment objective. The Fund's investments in derivatives may pose risks in addition to, and greater than, those associated with directly investing in securities or other investments, including risk related to the market, leverage, imperfect correlations with underlying investments or the Fund's other portfolio holdings, higher price volatility, lack of availability, counterparty, liquidity, valuation, and legal restrictions. The performance of a derivative may not track the performance of its reference asset, including due to fees and other costs associated with it. Because derivatives often require only a limited initial investment, the use of derivatives may expose the Fund to losses in excess of the amount initially invested. As a result, the value of an investment in the Fund may change quickly and without warning. Additionally, any financing, borrowing or other costs associated with using derivatives may also have the effect of lowering the Fund's return. Such costs may increase as interest rates rise.

**Swap Agreements.** Swap agreements are entered into with financial institutions for a specified period which may range from one day to more than one year. In a standard swap transaction, two parties agree to exchange the return (or differentials in rates of return) earned or realized on particular predetermined reference or underlying securities or instruments. The gross return to be exchanged or swapped between the parties is calculated based on a notional amount or the return on or change in value of a particular dollar amount invested in a reference asset. Swap agreements are generally traded over-the-counter, and therefore, may not receive as much regulatory protection as exchange-traded instruments, which may expose investors to significant losses.

The Fund will be subject to regulatory constraints relating to the level of value at risk that the Fund may incur through its derivatives portfolio. To the extent the Fund exceeds these regulatory thresholds over an extended period, the Fund may determine that it is necessary to make adjustments to the Fund's investment strategy and the Fund may not achieve its investment objective. To the extent that the Fund exceeds the level of value at risk for an extended period, the Fund may amend and/or supplement its prospectus as promptly as feasible under the particular circumstances to include appropriate adjustments to its investment strategy and if necessary, the Fund's name.

**Call Options.** The use of call options involves investment strategies and risks different from those associated with ordinary portfolio securities transactions. The prices of options are volatile and are influenced by, among other things, is actual and anticipated changes in the value of the underlying instrument, including the anticipated volatility, which is affected by fiscal and monetary policies and by national and international politics, changes in the actual or implied volatility or the

reference asset, and the time remaining until the expiration of the option contract and economic events. The values of the options contracts in which the Fund invests are substantially influenced by the value of the underlying instrument. The Fund may experience substantial downside from specific option positions and certain option positions held by the Fund may expire worthless. The options held by the Fund are exercisable at the strike price on their expiration date. As an option approaches its expiration date, its value typically increasingly moves with the value of the underlying instrument. However, prior to expiry, the value of an option generally does not increase or decrease at the same rate as the underlying instrument. There may at times be an imperfect correlation between the movement in values of options contracts and the reference asset, and there may at times not be a liquid secondary market for certain options contracts. The value of the options held by the Fund will be determined based on market quotations or other recognized pricing methods. As the options contracts are exercised or expire the Fund may enter into new options contracts, a practice referred to as rolling.

**FLEX Options.** The FLEX Options held by the Fund will be exercisable at the strike price only on their expiration date. Prior to the expiration date, the value of the FLEX Options will be determined based upon market quotations or using other recognized pricing methods. The value of the FLEX Options prior to the expiration date may vary because of related factors other than the value of the reference asset. Factors that may influence the value of the FLEX Options, other than gains or losses in the reference asset, may include interest rate changes, changing supply and demand, decreased liquidity of the FLEX Options, and changing volatility levels of the reference asset. FLEX Options are listed on an exchange; however, it is not guaranteed that a liquid secondary trading market will exist. In the event that trading in the FLEX Options is limited or absent, the value of the FLEX Options may decrease.

**Counterparty Risk.** A counterparty may be unwilling or unable to make timely payments to meet its contractual obligations or may fail to return holdings that are subject to the agreement with the counterparty. If the counterparty or its affiliate becomes insolvent, bankrupt or defaults on its payment obligations to the Fund, the value of an investment held by the Fund may decline. Additionally, if any collateral posted by the counterparty for the benefit of the Fund is insufficient or there are delays in the Fund's ability to access such collateral, the Fund may not be able to achieve its leveraged investment objective.

In addition, the Fund may enter into swap agreements with a limited number of counterparties, which may increase the Fund's exposure to counterparty credit risk. Further, there is a risk that no suitable counterparties will be willing to enter

into, or continue to enter into, transactions with the Fund and, as a result, the Fund may not be able to achieve its leveraged investment objective or may decide to change its leveraged investment objective. The risk of a limited number of counterparties may be, and historically has been, particularly accentuated during times of significant market volatility. During times of significant market volatility, the costs to enter into the swaps that the Fund utilizes may increase significantly, which may negatively impact the Fund's returns. While the objective of the Fund is to seek daily investment results, *before fees and expenses*, of 130% of the daily performance of TSPY, it is important for investors to understand that significant increases in the costs of entering into the swaps may negatively impact investment results *after fees and expenses*.

**Rebalancing Risk.** If for any reason the Fund is unable to rebalance all or a part of its portfolio, or if all or a portion of the portfolio is rebalanced incorrectly, the Fund's investment exposure may not be consistent with its investment objective. In these instances, the Fund may have investment exposure to TSPY that is significantly greater or significantly less than its stated multiple. The Fund may be more exposed to leverage risk than if it had been properly rebalanced and may not achieve its investment objective, leading to significantly greater losses or reduced gains. Intraday market movements may cause the Fund's actual exposure to drift from 130% between rebalancing times, which can contribute to tracking differences.

**Intra-Day Investment Risk.** The Fund seeks leveraged investment results from the close of the market on a given trading day until the close of the market on the subsequent trading day. The exact exposure of an investment in the Fund intraday in the secondary market is a function of the difference between the value of TSPY at the market close on the first trading day and the value of TSPY at the time of purchase. If TSPY gains value, the Fund's net assets will rise by the same amount as the Fund's exposure. Conversely, if TSPY declines, the Fund's net assets will decline by the same amount as the Fund's exposure. Thus, an investor that purchases shares intra-day may experience performance that is greater than, or less than, the Fund's stated multiple of TSPY.

If there is a significant intra-day market event and/or the securities experience a significant change in value, the Fund may not meet its investment objective, may not be able to rebalance its portfolio appropriately, or may experience significant premiums or discounts, or widened bid-ask spreads. Additionally, the Fund may close to purchases and sales of shares ("Shares") prior to the close of trading on the Exchange and incur significant losses.

**TSPY LIFT ETF**  
**Fund Summary - continued**

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**Daily Correlation Risk.** There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve a high degree of correlation to TSPY and therefore achieve its daily leveraged investment objective. The Fund's exposure to TSPY is impacted by TSPY's movement. Because of this, it is unlikely that the Fund will be perfectly exposed to TSPY at the end of each day. The possibility of the Fund being materially over- or under-exposed to TSPY increases on days when TSPY is volatile near the close of the trading day. Market disruptions, regulatory restrictions and high volatility will also adversely affect the Fund's ability to adjust exposure to the required levels.

The Fund may have difficulty achieving its daily leveraged investment objective for many reasons, including fees, expenses, transaction costs, financing costs related to the use of derivatives, accounting standards and their application to income items, disruptions, illiquid or high volatility in the markets for the securities or financial instruments in which the Fund invests, early and unanticipated closings of the markets on which the holdings of the Fund trade, resulting in the inability of the Fund to execute intended portfolio transactions, regulatory and tax considerations, which may cause the Fund to hold (or not to hold) TSPY. The Fund may take or refrain from taking positions in order to improve tax efficiency, comply with regulatory restrictions, or for other reasons, each of which may negatively affect the Fund's desired correlation with TSPY. The Fund may be subject to large movements of assets into and out of the Fund, potentially resulting in the Fund being over- or under-exposed to TSPY. Additionally, the Fund's underlying investments and/or reference assets may trade on markets that may not be open on the same day as the Fund, which may cause a difference between the changes in the daily performance of the Fund and changes in the performance of TSPY. Any of these factors could decrease the correlation between the performance of the Fund and TSPY and may hinder the Fund's ability to meet its daily leveraged investment objective on or around that day.

**Market Risk.** The Fund's investments are subject to changes in general economic conditions, general market fluctuations and the risks inherent in investment in securities markets. Investment markets can be volatile and prices of investments can change substantially due to various factors including, but not limited to, economic growth or recession, changes in interest rates, changes in the actual or perceived creditworthiness of issuers, general market liquidity, exchange trading suspensions and closures, and public health risks. The Fund is subject to the risk that geopolitical events will disrupt markets and adversely affect global economies, markets, and exchanges. Local, regional, or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, natural disasters, the spread of infectious illness or other

public health issues, conflicts and social unrest or other events could have a significant impact on the Fund, its investments, and the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective.

**Indirect Investment Risk.** The Adviser also advises TSPY. The Trust, the Fund and any affiliate make no representation as to the performance of TSPY. Investing in the Fund is not equivalent to investing in TSPY. Fund shareholders will not have voting rights or rights to receive dividends or other distributions or any other rights with respect to TSPY.

**Underlying Security Investing Risk.** Issuer-specific attributes may cause an investment held by the Fund to be more volatile than the market generally. The value of an individual security or particular type of security may be more volatile than the market as a whole and may perform differently from the value of the market as a whole.

**TSPY Investing Risk.** As an ETF employing a call option overlay strategy, TSPY is subject to risks including tracking error relative to its reference index, option strategy risk (e.g., potential to cap upside or underperform in certain market conditions), market volatility, premium/discount risk, and liquidity risk in its portfolio holdings and options positions. The market price of TSPY shares may be more volatile than its NAV.

**Other Investment Companies Risk.** To the extent that the Fund invests in other ETFs or investment companies, the value of an investment in the Fund is based on the performance of the underlying funds in which the Fund invests and the allocation of its assets among those ETFs or investment companies. The underlying ETFs and investment companies may change their investment goals, policies or practices and there can be no assurance that the underlying ETFs or investment companies will achieve their respective investment goals. Because the Fund invests in ETFs and other investment companies, shareholders indirectly bear a proportionate share of the expenses charged by the underlying funds in which it invests which impacts the Fund's performance. The principal risks of an investment in the Fund include the principal risks of investing in the underlying ETFs and investment companies.

The Fund is exposed to the risks of the underlying ETFs and investment companies in which it invests in direct proportion to the amount of assets the Fund allocates to each underlying fund. One underlying fund may buy the same security that another underlying fund is selling. You would indirectly bear the costs of both trades. In addition, you may receive taxable gains from portfolio transactions by the underlying funds, as well as taxable gains from the Fund's

transactions in shares of the underlying funds. The Fund's ability to achieve its investment goal depends, in part, upon the Adviser's skill in selecting an optimal mix of underlying funds.

**Large-Capitalization Company Risk.** Large-capitalization companies typically have significant financial resources, extensive product lines and broad markets for their goods and/or services. However, they may be less able to adapt to changing market conditions or to respond quickly to competitive challenges or to changes in business, product, financial, or market conditions and may not be able to maintain growth at rates that may be achieved by well-managed smaller and mid-size companies, which may affect the companies' returns.

**Fixed Income Securities Risk.** When the Fund invests in fixed income securities, the value of your investment in the Fund will fluctuate with changes in interest rates. Typically, a rise in interest rates causes a decline in the value of fixed income securities owned by the Fund. In general, the market price of fixed income securities with longer maturities will increase or decrease more in response to changes in interest rates than shorter-term securities. Other risk factors include credit risk (the debtor may default), extension risk (an issuer may exercise its right to repay principal on a fixed rate obligation held by the Fund later than expected), and prepayment risk (the debtor may pay its obligation early, reducing the amount of interest payments). These risks could affect the value of a particular investment by the Fund, possibly causing the Fund's share price and total return to be reduced and fluctuate more than other types of investments.

**Money Market Instrument Risk.** The Fund may use a variety of money market instruments for cash management purposes, including money market funds, depository accounts and repurchase agreements. Money market funds may be subject to credit risk with respect to the debt instruments in which they invest. Depository accounts may be subject to credit risk with respect to the financial institution in which the depository account is held. Repurchase agreements may be subject to market and credit risk related to the collateral securing the repurchase agreement. Money market instruments may lose money.

**Liquidity Risk.** Holdings of the Fund may be difficult to buy or sell or may be illiquid, particularly during times of market turmoil. Illiquid securities may be difficult to value, especially in changing or volatile markets. If the Fund is forced to buy or sell an illiquid security or derivative instrument at an unfavorable time or price, the Fund may be adversely impacted. Certain market conditions or restrictions may prevent the Fund from limiting losses, realizing gains, or achieving a high correlation with TSPY. There is no assurance that a security

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**TSPY LIFT ETF**  
**Fund Summary - continued**

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or derivative instrument that is deemed liquid when purchased will continue to be liquid. Market illiquidity may cause losses for the Fund. To the extent that TSPY share price increases or decreases significantly, the Fund may be one of many market participants that are attempting to transact in TSPY. Under such circumstances, the market for TSPY may lack sufficient liquidity for all market participants' trades. Therefore, the Fund may have more difficulty transacting in the securities or financial instruments and the Fund's transactions could exacerbate the price changes of TSPY and may impact the ability of the Fund to achieve its investment objective.

In certain cases, the market for TSPY and/or Fund may lack sufficient liquidity for all market participants' trades. Therefore, the Fund may have difficulty transacting in it and/or in correlated investments, such as swap contracts. Further, the Fund's transactions could exacerbate illiquidity and volatility in the price of TSPY and correlated derivative instruments.

**Early Close/Trading Halt Risk.** Although an underlying security's shares are listed for trading on an exchange, there can be no assurance that an active trading market for such shares will be available at all times. An exchange or market may close or issue trading halts on specific securities or financial instruments, including the shares of the Fund. Under such circumstances, the ability to buy or sell certain portfolio securities or financial instruments may be restricted, which may result in the Fund being unable to buy or sell investments for its portfolio, may disrupt the Fund's creation/redemption process, and may temporarily prevent investors from buying and selling shares of the Fund. In addition, the Fund may be unable to accurately price its investments, may fail to achieve performance that is correlated with TSPY and may incur substantial losses. If there is a significant intra-day market event and/or TSPY experiences a significant price increase or decrease, the Fund may not meet its investment objective or rebalance its portfolio appropriately. Additionally, the Fund may close to purchases and sales of Shares prior to the close of regular trading on the Exchange and incur significant losses.

**Equity Securities Risk.** Publicly issued equity securities, including ETF shares, are subject to market risks that may cause their prices to fluctuate over time. Fluctuations in the value of equity securities in which the Fund invests, and/or has exposure to, will cause the net asset value of the Fund to fluctuate. The Fund's direct investments in shares of SPY do not provide leveraged exposure to SPY and, as a result, if the Fund invests directly in shares of SPY to a greater extent, the Fund may not achieve its 130% daily investment objective.

**Cash Transaction Risk.** The Fund intends to effect creations and redemptions for cash rather than for in-kind securities. As a result, the Fund may not be tax efficient and may incur brokerage costs related to buying and selling securities to achieve its investment objective thus incurring additional expenses than if it had effected creations and redemptions in kind. To the extent that such costs are not offset by transaction fees paid by an authorized participant, the Fund may bear such costs, which will decrease the Fund's net asset value.

**Tax Risk.** In order to qualify for the special tax treatment accorded a regulated investment company ("RIC") and its shareholders, the Fund must derive at least 90% of its gross income for each taxable year from "qualifying income," meet certain asset diversification tests at the end of each taxable quarter, and meet annual distribution requirements. The Fund's pursuit of its investment strategy will potentially be limited by the Fund's intention to qualify for such treatment and could adversely affect the Fund's ability to so qualify. The Fund may make certain investments, the treatment of which for these purposes is unclear. If, in any year, the Fund were to fail to qualify for the special tax treatment accorded a RIC and its shareholders, and were ineligible to or were not to cure such failure, the Fund would be taxed in the same manner as an ordinary corporation subject to U.S. federal income tax on all its income at the fund level. The resulting taxes could substantially reduce the Fund's net assets and the amount of income available for distribution. In addition, in order to requalify for taxation as a RIC, the Fund could be required to recognize unrealized gains, pay substantial taxes and interest, and make certain distributions. Frequent realization of gains and losses from daily rebalancing and derivative resets may result in a higher proportion of short-term capital gains, which are generally taxed at ordinary income rates for taxable U.S. investors. Please see the section entitled "Taxes" in the Statement of Additional Information for more information.

**Non-Diversification Risk.** The Fund is classified as "non-diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. This means it has the ability to invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in the securities of a small number of issuers or in financial instruments with a single counterparty or a few counterparties. This may increase the Fund's volatility and increase the risk that the Fund's performance will decline based on the performance of a single issuer or the credit of a single counterparty and make the Fund more susceptible to risks associated with a single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence than a diversified fund.

**ETF Risks.** The Fund is an exchange-traded fund, and, as a result of an ETF's structure, it is exposed to the following risks:

- *Authorized Participants, Market Makers, and Liquidity Providers Limitation Risk.* The Fund has a limited number of financial institutions that may act as Authorized Participants ("APs"). In addition, there may be a limited number of market makers and/or liquidity providers in the marketplace. To the extent either of the following events occur, Shares may trade at a material discount to NAV and possibly face delisting: (i) APs exit the business or otherwise become unable to process creation and/or redemption orders and no other APs step forward to perform these services, or (ii) market makers and/or liquidity providers exit the business or significantly reduce their business activities and no other entities step forward to perform their functions.
- *Cash Redemption Risk.* The Fund intends to redeem Shares for cash or to otherwise include cash as part of its redemption proceeds. The Fund may be required to sell or unwind portfolio investments to obtain the cash needed to distribute redemption proceeds. This may cause the Fund to recognize a capital gain that it might not have recognized if it had made a redemption in-kind. As a result, the Fund may pay out higher annual capital gain distributions than if the in-kind redemption process was used.
- *Costs of Buying or Selling Shares.* Due to the costs of buying or selling Shares, including brokerage commissions imposed by brokers and bid/ask spreads, frequent trading of Shares may significantly reduce investment results and an investment in Shares may not be advisable for investors who anticipate regularly making small investments.
- *Shares May Trade at Prices Other Than NAV.* As with all ETFs, Shares may be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Although it is expected that the market price of Shares will approximate the Fund's NAV, there may be times when the market price of Shares is more than the NAV intra-day (premium) or less than the NAV intra-day (discount) due to supply and demand of Shares or during periods of market volatility. This risk is heightened in times of market volatility and volatility in the Fund's portfolio holdings, periods of steep market declines, and periods when there is limited trading activity for Shares in the secondary market, in which case such premiums or discounts may be significant. If an investor purchases Shares at a time when the market price is at a premium to the NAV of the Shares or sells at a

time when the market price is at a discount to the NAV of the Shares, then the investor may sustain losses that are in addition to any losses caused by a decrease in NAV.

- *Trading.* Although Shares are listed for trading on a national securities exchange, and may be traded on other U.S. exchanges, there can be no assurance that Shares will trade with any volume, or at all, on any stock exchange. In stressed market conditions, the liquidity of Shares may begin to mirror the liquidity of the Fund's underlying portfolio holdings, which can be significantly less liquid than Fund Shares.

**New Fund Risk.** As of the date of this prospectus, the Fund has no operating history and currently has fewer assets than larger funds. Like other new funds, large inflows and outflows may impact the Fund's market exposure for limited periods of time. This impact may be positive or negative, depending on the direction of market movement during the period affected.

**The Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. The Fund may not achieve its investment objective.**

### **Performance History**

The Fund has not yet commenced operations and does not have a full calendar year of performance history. In the future, performance information will be presented in this section of the Prospectus. Performance information will contain a bar chart and table that provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods as compared to a broad measure of market performance. Investors should be aware that past performance before and after taxes is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

Updated performance information for the Fund, including its current net asset value per share, is available by calling toll-free at (844) 403-2888.

### **Investment Adviser**

Tapp Finance, Inc., d/b/a TappAlpha (the "Adviser") is the investment adviser to the Fund.

Tuttle Capital Management, LLC (the "Sub-Adviser") is the sub-adviser to the Fund.

### **Portfolio Manager**

Si Katara, Portfolio Manager of the Adviser, has served as the Fund's portfolio manager since its inception in January 2026.

Matthew Tuttle, Chief Executive Officer of the Sub-Adviser, has served as the Fund's portfolio manager since its inception in January 2026.

### **Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

The Fund will issue (or redeem) shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of at least 10,000 shares known as "Creation Units." Creation Unit transactions are typically effected in cash, but the Fund reserves the right to accept in-kind securities. Individual shares may only be purchased and sold on a national securities exchange through a broker-dealer. You can purchase and sell individual shares of the Fund throughout the trading day like any publicly traded security. The Fund's shares are listed on the Exchange (i.e., NADSAQ). The price of the Fund's shares is based on market price, and because exchange-traded fund shares trade at market prices rather than NAV, shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount). When buying or selling shares through a broker, most investors will incur customary brokerage commissions and charges and you may pay some or all of the spread between the bid and the offered prices in the secondary market for shares. Except when aggregated in Creation Units, the Fund's shares are not redeemable securities. Recent information regarding the Fund, including its NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid/ask spreads, is available on the Fund's website at [www.tappalphafunds.com](http://www.tappalphafunds.com).

### **Tax Information**

The Fund's distributions will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gain, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account in which case withdrawals from such arrangements generally will be taxed.

### **Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (e.g., a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other

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**TSPY LIFT ETF**  
**Fund Summary - continued**

financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

### **Investment Objective**

The TDAQ Lift ETF (the “Fund”) seeks daily leveraged investment results and is very different from most other exchange-traded funds. As a result, the Fund may be riskier than alternatives that do not use leverage because the Fund’s objective is to magnify (130%) the daily performance of the ETF shares of the TappAlpha Innovation 100 Growth & Daily Income ETF (Cboe BZX Exchange. Inc.: TDAQ) (“TDAQ”). The return for investors that invest for periods longer or shorter than a trading day should not be expected to be 130% of the performance of TDAQ for the period. The return of the Fund for a period longer than a trading day will be the result of each trading day’s compounded return over the period, which will very likely differ from 130% of the return of TDAQ for that period. Longer holding periods, higher volatility of TDAQ and leverage increase the impact of compounding on an Investor’s returns. During periods of higher TDAQ volatility, the volatility of TDAQ may affect the Fund’s return as much as, or more than, the return of TDAQ.

The Fund is not suitable for all investors. The Fund is designed to be utilized only by knowledgeable investors who understand the potential consequences of seeking daily leveraged (1.3X) investment results, understand the risks associated with the use of leverage and are willing to monitor their portfolios frequently. The Fund is not intended to be used by, and is not appropriate for, investors who do not intend to actively monitor and manage their portfolios. For periods longer than a single day, the Fund will lose money if TDAQ’s performance is flat, and it is possible that the Fund will lose money even if TDAQ’s performance increases over a period longer than a single day. An investor could lose the full principal value of his/her investment within a single day if the price of TDAQ falls by more than 50% in one trading day.

### **Fees and Expenses of the Fund**

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and examples below.

#### **Annual Fund Operating Expenses**

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

|   |              |
|---|--------------|
| Management Fee <sup>(1)</sup> .....                             | 0.98%        |
| Distribution (12b-1) and Services Fees .....                    | 0.00%        |
| Other Expenses <sup>(2)</sup> .....                             | 0.00%        |
| <b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses<sup>(3)</sup> .....</b> | <b>0.98%</b> |

**TDAQ LIFT ETF**  
**Fund Summary - continued**

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- <sup>(1)</sup> Under the Investment Advisory Agreement, Tapp Finance, Inc., d/b/a TappAlpha (the "Adviser"), at its own expense and without reimbursement from the Fund, pays all of the expenses of the Fund, excluding the advisory fees, interest expenses, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses, brokerage commissions and any other portfolio transaction-related expenses and fees arising out of transactions effected on behalf of the Fund, credit facility fees and expenses, including interest expenses, and litigation and indemnification expenses and other extraordinary expenses not incurred in the ordinary course of the Fund's business.
- <sup>(2)</sup> Other Expenses are estimated for the Fund's initial fiscal year.
- <sup>(3)</sup> The cost of investing in swaps, including the embedded cost of the swap and the operating expenses of the referenced assets, is an indirect expense that is not included in the above fee table and is not reflected in the expense example. The total indirect cost of investing in swaps, including the embedded cost of the swap and the operating expenses of the referenced assets, is estimated to be 0.190% for the fiscal period ending December 31, 2026.

### **Example**

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then hold or redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a five percent (5%) return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

| Name of Fund        | 1 Year | 3 Years |
|---------------------|--------|---------|
| TDAQ Lift ETF ..... | \$100  | \$312   |

### **Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. As of the date of this Prospectus, the Fund has not yet commenced operations and therefore does not have any portfolio turnover information available.

### **Principal Investment Strategies**

The Fund, under normal circumstances, invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in financial instruments that are designed to provide, in the aggregate, 120% - 140% exposure to the price performance of TDAQ on a daily basis (with the Fund rebalancing to 130%

exposure if the exposure goes above or below 120% or 140%, respectively). The Fund will primarily use swaps to obtain its desired exposure to TDAQ but may also seek to achieve its investment objective by purchasing call options on TDAQ. The Adviser will determine the allocation of the Fund's investments in swap agreements and call options based upon various factors including, but not limited to, counterparty capacity, financing charges, liquidity, collateral availability, and overall market conditions for a particular instrument.

The Fund will enter into one or more swap agreements with financial institutions whereby the Fund and the financial institution will agree to exchange the return on a notional amount designed to provide, on a daily basis, investment exposure equal to approximately 130% of the Fund's net assets to the performance of TDAQ. If the Adviser determines to use call options, the Fund will purchase exchange traded call options, including "FLEX Options." Call options give the holder (*i.e.*, the buyer) the right to buy an asset (or receive cash value of the asset, in case of certain call options) and the seller (*i.e.*, the writer) the obligation to sell the asset (or deliver cash value of the asset, in case of certain call options) at a certain defined price. FLEXible EXchange® Options ("FLEX Options") are customized options contracts that trade on an exchange but provide investors with the ability to customize key contract terms like strike price, style and expiration date while achieving price discovery in competitive, transparent auctions markets and avoiding the counterparty exposure of over-the-counter (OTC) options positions. Like traditional exchange-traded options, FLEX Options are guaranteed for settlement by the Options Clearing Corporation ("OCC"), a market clearinghouse that guarantees performance by counterparties to certain derivatives contracts. The FLEX Options are listed on the Cboe Exchange, Inc. ("Cboe"). The Fund may take delivery of the underlying security (TDAQ) if it chooses to exercise a call option and either hold or sell the security in the secondary markets. Standard listed options on ETFs are typically American-style and may be exercised at any time prior to expiration, whereas certain FLEX Options may be European-style and exercisable only at expiration; the terms of the option will govern.

The Fund will attempt to achieve its investment objective without regard to overall market movement or the increase or decrease of the value of TDAQ. At the close of the markets each trading day, the Adviser rebalances the Fund's portfolio so that its exposure to TDAQ is consistent with the Fund's investment objective. The impact of TDAQ's price movements during the day will affect whether the Fund's portfolio needs to be rebalanced. For example, if the price of TDAQ has risen on a given day, net assets of the Fund should rise, meaning that the Fund's exposure will need to be increased. Conversely, if the price of TDAQ

has fallen on a given day, net assets of the Fund should fall, meaning the Fund's exposure will need to be reduced. This daily rebalancing typically results in high portfolio turnover. On a day-to-day basis, the Fund is expected to hold money market funds, deposit accounts with institutions with high quality (investment grade) credit ratings, and/or short-term debt instruments that have terms-to-maturity of less than 397 days and exhibit high quality (investment grade) credit profiles, including U.S. government securities and repurchase agreements.

Generally, the Fund pursues its investment objective regardless of market conditions and does not generally take defensive positions. If the Fund's underlying security moves more than 77% on a given trading day in a direction adverse to the Fund, the Fund's investors would lose all of their money.

The terms "daily," "day," and "trading day," refer to the period from the close of the markets on one trading day to the close of the markets on the next trading day. The Fund is "non-diversified," under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Additionally, the Fund's investment objective is not a fundamental policy and may be changed by the Fund's Board of Trustees without shareholder approval.

#### *Information about TDAQ*

TappAlpha Innovation 100 Growth & Daily Income ETF is an actively managed exchange traded fund ("ETF") that seeks to achieve its investment objectives through the use of a call option strategy that combines a long position in QQQ, a unit investment trust designed to track the investment results of the NASDAQ-100 Index®, with short positions in certain call options. The strategy is a daily covered call option strategy that sells "out of the money" call options with zero days to expiration each day, known as a "daily call". Daily call options having zero days to expiration are also known as "ODTE" options. TappAlpha Innovation 100 Growth & Daily Income ETF is a series of the ETF Opportunities Trust, which is registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Information provided to or filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by the ETF Opportunities Trust on behalf of the TappAlpha Innovation 100 Growth & Daily Income ETF pursuant to the Securities Act can be located by reference to the Securities and Exchange Commission file number 333-234544 through the Securities and Exchange Commission's website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). In addition, information regarding TappAlpha Innovation 100 Growth & Daily Income ETF may be obtained from other sources including, but not limited to, press releases, newspaper articles and other publicly disseminated documents. The Fund and TDAQ are each advised and sub-advised by the same investment

adviser and sub-adviser and are therefore considered affiliated funds. As a result of this affiliation, the Adviser and Sub-Adviser face potential conflicts of interest when allocating investments among the Fund and TDAQ, including with respect to portfolio construction, trading decisions, and the timing and size of investments in affiliated funds. In addition, although the Fund will not invest directly in TDAQ, the Adviser and Sub-Adviser may have an incentive to cause the Fund to invest in affiliated funds in order to increase assets under management and advisory fees. The Adviser seeks to manage these conflicts in a manner it believes is consistent with its fiduciary duties and applicable law.

The Fund has derived all disclosures contained in this document regarding the TappAlpha Innovation 100 Growth & Daily Income ETF from the publicly available documents described above. Furthermore, the Fund cannot give any assurance that all events occurring prior to the date of the prospectus (including events that would affect the accuracy or completeness of the publicly available documents described above) that would affect the trading price of TDAQ have been publicly disclosed. Subsequent disclosure of any such events or the disclosure of, or failure to disclose, material future events concerning the TappAlpha Innovation 100 Growth & Daily Income ETF could affect the value of the Fund's investments with respect to TDAQ and therefore the value of the Fund.

Because of daily rebalancing and the compounding of each day's return over time, the return of the Fund for periods longer than a single day will be the result of each day's returns compounded over the period, which will very likely differ from 130% of the return of the underlying security over the same period. The Fund will lose money if the underlying security performance is flat over time, and as a result of daily rebalancing, the underlying security's volatility and the effects of compounding, it is even possible that the Fund will lose money over time while the underlying security's performance increases over a period longer than a single day.

The Fund may enter into swap agreements with a limited number of counterparties. If the underlying security has a dramatic move in price that causes a material decline in the Fund's NAV over certain stated periods agreed to by the Fund and the counterparty, the terms of a swap agreement between a Fund and its counterparty may permit the counterparty to immediately close out all swap transactions with the Fund. There is a risk that no suitable counterparties will be willing to enter into, or continue to enter into, transactions with the Fund and, as a result, the Fund may not be able to achieve its leveraged investment objective or may decide to change its leveraged investment objective.

## **Principal Risks**

An investment in the Fund entails risk. The Fund may not achieve its leveraged investment objective and there is a risk that you could lose all of your money invested in the Fund. The Fund is not a complete investment program. In addition, the Fund presents risks not traditionally associated with other mutual funds and ETFs. It is important that investors closely review all of the risks listed below and understand them before making an investment in the Fund.

**Effects of Compounding and Market Volatility Risk.** The Fund has a daily leveraged investment objective and the Fund's performance for periods greater than a trading day will be the result of each day's returns compounded over the period, which is very likely to differ from 130% of TDAQ's performance, before fees and expenses. Compounding affects all investments, but has a more significant impact on funds that are leveraged and that rebalance daily and becomes more pronounced as volatility and holding periods increase. The effects of compounding will impact each shareholder differently depending on the period of time an investment in the Fund is held and the volatility of TDAQ during the shareholder's holding period of an investment in the Fund.

During periods of higher TDAQ volatility, the volatility of TDAQ may affect the Fund's return as much as, or more than, the return of TDAQ. The effects of compounding will impact each shareholder differently depending on the period of time an investment in the Fund is held and the volatility of TDAQ during a shareholder's holding period of an investment in the Fund.

Because TDAQ commenced trading in 2024, five-year historical volatility and performance data are not available. Since-inception data will be provided when a sufficient operating history exists.

Volatility for a shorter period of time may have been substantially higher.

Historical volatility and performance are not indications of what TDAQ volatility and performance will be in the future. The trading price of TDAQ shares may be volatile and subject to premiums or discounts to net asset value ("NAV").

**For information regarding the effects of volatility and performance on the long-term performance of the Fund, see "Additional Information About Investment Techniques and Policies."**

**Leverage Risk.** The Fund obtains investment exposure in excess of its net assets by utilizing leverage and may lose more money in market conditions that are adverse to its investment objective than a fund that does not utilize leverage.

An investment in the Fund is exposed to the risk that a decline in the daily performance of TDAQ will be magnified. This means that an investment in the Fund will be reduced by an amount equal to 1.3% for every 1% daily decline in TDAQ, not including the costs of financing leverage and other operating expenses, which would further reduce its value. If TDAQ declines by approximately 77% or more in a single trading day, the Fund could experience a total loss of its value for that day. A total loss may occur in a single day even if TDAQ does not lose all of its value. Leverage will also have the effect of magnifying any differences in the Fund's correlation with TDAQ and may increase the volatility of the Fund. The cost of maintaining leveraged exposure (e.g., swap financing, collateral, and related fees) may increase, particularly in rising interest rate environments, which can adversely affect performance.

To the extent that the instruments utilized by the Fund are thinly traded or have a limited market, the Fund may be unable to meet its investment objective due to a lack of available investments or counterparties. During such periods, the Fund's ability to issue additional Creation Units may be adversely affected. As a result, the Fund's shares could trade at a premium or discount to their net asset value and/or the bid-ask spread of the Fund's shares could widen. Under such circumstances, the Fund may increase its transaction fee, change its investment objective by, for example, seeking to track an alternative security, reduce its leverage or close. In such circumstances, the Fund's investment adviser will consult with counsel to the Trust and its Board of Trustees, and if determined to be necessary, the Fund will amend and/or supplement the prospectus as promptly as feasible under the circumstances to include appropriate disclosures.

**Derivatives Risk.** Derivatives are financial instruments that derive value from the underlying reference asset or assets, such as stocks, bonds, or funds (including ETFs), interest rates or indexes. Investing in derivatives may be considered aggressive and may expose the Fund to greater risks, and may result in larger losses or small gains, than investing directly in the reference assets underlying those derivatives, which may prevent the Fund from achieving its investment objective.

The Fund expects to use swap agreements to achieve its investment objective. The Fund's investments in derivatives may pose risks in addition to, and greater than, those associated with directly investing in securities or other investments, including risk related to the market, leverage, imperfect correlations with underlying investments or the Fund's other portfolio holdings, higher price volatility, lack of availability, counterparty, liquidity, valuation, and legal restrictions. The performance of a derivative may not track the performance of its reference asset, including due to fees and other costs associated with it. Because

derivatives often require only a limited initial investment, the use of derivatives may expose the Fund to losses in excess of the amount initially invested. As a result, the value of an investment in the Fund may change quickly and without warning. Additionally, any financing, borrowing or other costs associated with using derivatives may also have the effect of lowering the Fund's return. Such costs may increase as interest rates rise.

*Swap Agreements.* Swap agreements are entered into with financial institutions for a specified period which may range from one day to more than one year. In a standard swap transaction, two parties agree to exchange the return (or differentials in rates of return) earned or realized on particular predetermined reference or underlying securities or instruments. The gross return to be exchanged or swapped between the parties is calculated based on a notional amount or the return on or change in value of a particular dollar amount invested in a reference asset. Swap agreements are generally traded over-the-counter, and therefore, may not receive as much regulatory protection as exchange-traded instruments, which may expose investors to significant losses.

The Fund will be subject to regulatory constraints relating to the level of value at risk that the Fund may incur through its derivatives portfolio. To the extent the Fund exceeds these regulatory thresholds over an extended period, the Fund may determine that it is necessary to make adjustments to the Fund's investment strategy and the Fund may not achieve its investment objective. To the extent that the Fund exceeds the level of value at risk for an extended period, the Fund may amend and/or supplement its prospectus as promptly as feasible under the particular circumstances to include appropriate adjustments to its investment strategy and if necessary, the Fund's name.

*Call Options.* The use of call options involves investment strategies and risks different from those associated with ordinary portfolio securities transactions. The prices of options are volatile and are influenced by, among other things, is actual and anticipated changes in the value of the underlying instrument, including the anticipated volatility, which is affected by fiscal and monetary policies and by national and international politics, changes in the actual or implied volatility or the reference asset, and the time remaining until the expiration of the option contract and economic events. The values of the options contracts in which the Fund invests are substantially influenced by the value of the underlying instrument. The Fund may experience substantial downside from specific option positions and certain option positions held by the Fund may expire worthless. The options held by the Fund are exercisable at the strike price on their expiration date. As an option approaches its expiration date, its value typically increasingly moves with the value of the underlying instrument. However, prior to expiry, the value

of an option generally does not increase or decrease at the same rate as the underlying instrument. There may at times be an imperfect correlation between the movement in values of options contracts and the reference asset, and there may at times not be a liquid secondary market for certain options contracts. The value of the options held by the Fund will be determined based on market quotations or other recognized pricing methods. As the options contracts are exercised or expire the Fund may enter into new options contracts, a practice referred to as rolling.

***FLEX Options.*** The FLEX Options held by the Fund will be exercisable at the strike price only on their expiration date. Prior to the expiration date, the value of the FLEX Options will be determined based upon market quotations or using other recognized pricing methods. The value of the FLEX Options prior to the expiration date may vary because of related factors other than the value of the reference asset. Factors that may influence the value of the FLEX Options, other than gains or losses in the reference asset, may include interest rate changes, changing supply and demand, decreased liquidity of the FLEX Options, and changing volatility levels of the reference asset. FLEX Options are listed on an exchange; however, it is not guaranteed that a liquid secondary trading market will exist. In the event that trading in the FLEX Options is limited or absent, the value of the FLEX Options may decrease.

***Counterparty Risk.*** A counterparty may be unwilling or unable to make timely payments to meet its contractual obligations or may fail to return holdings that are subject to the agreement with the counterparty. If the counterparty or its affiliate becomes insolvent, bankrupt or defaults on its payment obligations to the Fund, the value of an investment held by the Fund may decline. Additionally, if any collateral posted by the counterparty for the benefit of the Fund is insufficient or there are delays in the Fund's ability to access such collateral, the Fund may not be able to achieve its leveraged investment objective.

In addition, the Fund may enter into swap agreements with a limited number of counterparties, which may increase the Fund's exposure to counterparty credit risk. Further, there is a risk that no suitable counterparties will be willing to enter into, or continue to enter into, transactions with the Fund and, as a result, the Fund may not be able to achieve its leveraged investment objective or may decide to change its leveraged investment objective. The risk of a limited number of counterparties may be, and historically has been, particularly accentuated during times of significant market volatility. During times of significant market volatility, the costs to enter into the swaps that the Fund utilizes may increase significantly, which may negatively impact the Fund's returns. While the objective of the Fund is to seek daily investment results, *before fees and expenses*, of 130%

of the daily performance of TDAQ, it is important for investors to understand that significant increases in the costs of entering into the swaps may negatively impact investment results *after fees and expenses*.

**Rebalancing Risk.** If for any reason the Fund is unable to rebalance all or a part of its portfolio, or if all or a portion of the portfolio is rebalanced incorrectly, the Fund's investment exposure may not be consistent with its investment objective. In these instances, the Fund may have investment exposure to TDAQ that is significantly greater or significantly less than its stated multiple. The Fund may be more exposed to leverage risk than if it had been properly rebalanced and may not achieve its investment objective, leading to significantly greater losses or reduced gains. Intraday market movements may cause the Fund's actual exposure to drift from 130% between rebalancing times, which can contribute to tracking differences.

**Intra-Day Investment Risk.** The Fund seeks leveraged investment results from the close of the market on a given trading day until the close of the market on the subsequent trading day. The exact exposure of an investment in the Fund intraday in the secondary market is a function of the difference between the value of TDAQ at the market close on the first trading day and the value of TDAQ at the time of purchase. If TDAQ gains value, the Fund's net assets will rise by the same amount as the Fund's exposure. Conversely, if TDAQ declines, the Fund's net assets will decline by the same amount as the Fund's exposure. Thus, an investor that purchases shares intra-day may experience performance that is greater than, or less than, the Fund's stated multiple of TDAQ.

If there is a significant intra-day market event and/or the securities experience a significant change in value, the Fund may not meet its investment objective, may not be able to rebalance its portfolio appropriately, or may experience significant premiums or discounts, or widened bid-ask spreads. Additionally, the Fund may close to purchases and sales of shares ("Shares") prior to the close of trading on the Exchange and incur significant losses.

**Daily Correlation Risk.** There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve a high degree of correlation to TDAQ and therefore achieve its daily leveraged investment objective. The Fund's exposure to TDAQ is impacted by TDAQ's movement. Because of this, it is unlikely that the Fund will be perfectly exposed to TDAQ at the end of each day. The possibility of the Fund being materially over- or under-exposed to TDAQ increases on days when TDAQ is volatile near the close of the trading day. Market disruptions, regulatory restrictions and high volatility will also adversely affect the Fund's ability to adjust exposure to the required levels.

The Fund may have difficulty achieving its daily leveraged investment objective for many reasons, including fees, expenses, transaction costs, financing costs related to the use of derivatives, accounting standards and their application to income items, disruptions, illiquid or high volatility in the markets for the securities or financial instruments in which the Fund invests, early and unanticipated closings of the markets on which the holdings of the Fund trade, resulting in the inability of the Fund to execute intended portfolio transactions, regulatory and tax considerations, which may cause the Fund to hold (or not to hold) TDAQ. The Fund may take or refrain from taking positions in order to improve tax efficiency, comply with regulatory restrictions, or for other reasons, each of which may negatively affect the Fund's desired correlation with TDAQ. The Fund may be subject to large movements of assets into and out of the Fund, potentially resulting in the Fund being over- or under-exposed to TDAQ. Additionally, the Fund's underlying investments and/or reference assets may trade on markets that may not be open on the same day as the Fund, which may cause a difference between the changes in the daily performance of the Fund and changes in the performance of TDAQ. Any of these factors could decrease the correlation between the performance of the Fund and TDAQ and may hinder the Fund's ability to meet its daily leveraged investment objective on or around that day.

**Market Risk.** The Fund's investments are subject to changes in general economic conditions, general market fluctuations and the risks inherent in investment in securities markets. Investment markets can be volatile and prices of investments can change substantially due to various factors including, but not limited to, economic growth or recession, changes in interest rates, changes in the actual or perceived creditworthiness of issuers, general market liquidity, exchange trading suspensions and closures, and public health risks. The Fund is subject to the risk that geopolitical events will disrupt markets and adversely affect global economies, markets, and exchanges. Local, regional, or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, natural disasters, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues, conflicts and social unrest or other events could have a significant impact on the Fund, its investments, and the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective.

**Indirect Investment Risk.** The Adviser also advises TDAQ. The Trust, the Fund and any affiliate make no representation as to the performance of TDAQ. Investing in the Fund is not equivalent to investing in TDAQ. Fund shareholders will not have voting rights or rights to receive dividends or other distributions or any other rights with respect to TDAQ.

**Underlying Security Investing Risk.** Issuer-specific attributes may cause an investment held by the Fund to be more volatile than the market generally. The value of an individual security or particular type of security may be more volatile than the market as a whole and may perform differently from the value of the market as a whole.

**TDAQ Investing Risk.** As an ETF employing a call option overlay strategy, TDAQ is subject to risks including tracking error relative to its reference index, option strategy risk (e.g., potential to cap upside or underperform in certain market conditions), market volatility, premium/discount risk, and liquidity risk in its portfolio holdings and options positions. The market price of TDAQ shares may be more volatile than its NAV.

**Other Investment Companies Risk.** To the extent that the Fund invests in other ETFs or investment companies, the value of an investment in the Fund is based on the performance of the underlying funds in which the Fund invests and the allocation of its assets among those ETFs or investment companies. The underlying ETFs and investment companies may change their investment goals, policies or practices and there can be no assurance that the underlying ETFs or investment companies will achieve their respective investment goals. Because the Fund invests in ETFs and other investment companies, shareholders indirectly bear a proportionate share of the expenses charged by the underlying funds in which it invests which impacts the Fund's performance. The principal risks of an investment in the Fund include the principal risks of investing in the underlying ETFs and investment companies.

The Fund is exposed to the risks of the underlying ETFs and investment companies in which it invests in direct proportion to the amount of assets the Fund allocates to each underlying fund. One underlying fund may buy the same security that another underlying fund is selling. You would indirectly bear the costs of both trades. In addition, you may receive taxable gains from portfolio transactions by the underlying funds, as well as taxable gains from the Fund's transactions in shares of the underlying funds. The Fund's ability to achieve its investment goal depends, in part, upon the Adviser's skill in selecting an optimal mix of underlying funds.

**Large-Capitalization Company Risk.** Large-capitalization companies typically have significant financial resources, extensive product lines and broad markets for their goods and/or services. However, they may be less able to adapt to changing market conditions or to respond quickly to competitive challenges or to changes in business, product, financial, or market conditions and may not be able to maintain growth at rates that may be achieved by well-managed smaller and mid-size companies, which may affect the companies' returns.

**Fixed Income Securities Risk.** When the Fund invests in fixed income securities, the value of your investment in the Fund will fluctuate with changes in interest rates. Typically, a rise in interest rates causes a decline in the value of fixed income securities owned by the Fund. In general, the market price of fixed income securities with longer maturities will increase or decrease more in response to changes in interest rates than shorter-term securities. Other risk factors include credit risk (the debtor may default), extension risk (an issuer may exercise its right to repay principal on a fixed rate obligation held by the Fund later than expected), and prepayment risk (the debtor may pay its obligation early, reducing the amount of interest payments). These risks could affect the value of a particular investment by the Fund, possibly causing the Fund's share price and total return to be reduced and fluctuate more than other types of investments.

**Limited Operating History and Recent Launch Risk.** TDAQ commenced operations in September 2025 and has a limited operating history. As a result, investors have limited information upon which to evaluate the business, prospects, financial condition, and results of operations. The limited operating history makes it difficult to predict future performance, and it may not achieve or sustain profitability. Any failure to execute the fund's investment objective, manage growth effectively, or respond to market developments could materially and adversely affect financial results.

**Money Market Instrument Risk.** The Fund may use a variety of money market instruments for cash management purposes, including money market funds, depository accounts and repurchase agreements. Money market funds may be subject to credit risk with respect to the debt instruments in which they invest. Depository accounts may be subject to credit risk with respect to the financial institution in which the depository account is held. Repurchase agreements may be subject to market and credit risk related to the collateral securing the repurchase agreement. Money market instruments may lose money.

**Liquidity Risk.** Holdings of the Fund may be difficult to buy or sell or may be illiquid, particularly during times of market turmoil. Illiquid securities may be difficult to value, especially in changing or volatile markets. If the Fund is forced to buy or sell an illiquid security or derivative instrument at an unfavorable time or price, the Fund may be adversely impacted. Certain market conditions or restrictions may prevent the Fund from limiting losses, realizing gains, or achieving a high correlation with TDAQ. There is no assurance that a security or derivative instrument that is deemed liquid when purchased will continue to be liquid. Market illiquidity may cause losses for the Fund. To the extent that TDAQ share price increases or decreases significantly, the Fund may be one of

many market participants that are attempting to transact in TDAQ. Under such circumstances, the market for TDAQ may lack sufficient liquidity for all market participants' trades. Therefore, the Fund may have more difficulty transacting in the securities or financial instruments and the Fund's transactions could exacerbate the price changes of TDAQ and may impact the ability of the Fund to achieve its investment objective.

In certain cases, the market for TDAQ and/or Fund may lack sufficient liquidity for all market participants' trades. Therefore, the Fund may have difficulty transacting in it and/or in correlated investments, such as swap contracts. Further, the Fund's transactions could exacerbate illiquidity and volatility in the price of TDAQ and correlated derivative instruments.

**Early Close/Trading Halt Risk.** Although an underlying security's shares are listed for trading on an exchange, there can be no assurance that an active trading market for such shares will be available at all times. An exchange or market may close or issue trading halts on specific securities or financial instruments, including the shares of the Fund. Under such circumstances, the ability to buy or sell certain portfolio securities or financial instruments may be restricted, which may result in the Fund being unable to buy or sell investments for its portfolio, may disrupt the Fund's creation/redemption process, and may temporarily prevent investors from buying and selling shares of the Fund. In addition, the Fund may be unable to accurately price its investments, may fail to achieve performance that is correlated with TDAQ and may incur substantial losses. If there is a significant intra-day market event and/or TDAQ experiences a significant price increase or decrease, the Fund may not meet its investment objective or rebalance its portfolio appropriately. Additionally, the Fund may close to purchases and sales of Shares prior to the close of regular trading on the Exchange and incur significant losses.

**Equity Securities Risk.** Publicly issued equity securities, including ETF shares, are subject to market risks that may cause their prices to fluctuate over time. Fluctuations in the value of equity securities in which the Fund invests, and/or has exposure to, will cause the net asset value of the Fund to fluctuate. The Fund's direct investments in shares of QQQ do not provide leveraged exposure to QQQ and, as a result, if the Fund invests directly in shares of QQQ to a greater extent, the Fund may not achieve its 130% daily investment objective.

**Cash Transaction Risk.** The Fund intends to effect creations and redemptions for cash rather than for in-kind securities. As a result, the Fund may not be tax efficient and may incur brokerage costs related to buying and selling securities to achieve its investment objective thus incurring additional expenses than if it

had effected creations and redemptions in kind. To the extent that such costs are not offset by transaction fees paid by an authorized participant, the Fund may bear such costs, which will decrease the Fund's net asset value.

**Tax Risk.** In order to qualify for the special tax treatment accorded a regulated investment company ("RIC") and its shareholders, the Fund must derive at least 90% of its gross income for each taxable year from "qualifying income," meet certain asset diversification tests at the end of each taxable quarter, and meet annual distribution requirements. The Fund's pursuit of its investment strategy will potentially be limited by the Fund's intention to qualify for such treatment and could adversely affect the Fund's ability to so qualify. The Fund may make certain investments, the treatment of which for these purposes is unclear. If, in any year, the Fund were to fail to qualify for the special tax treatment accorded a RIC and its shareholders, and were ineligible to or were not to cure such failure, the Fund would be taxed in the same manner as an ordinary corporation subject to U.S. federal income tax on all its income at the fund level. The resulting taxes could substantially reduce the Fund's net assets and the amount of income available for distribution. In addition, in order to requalify for taxation as a RIC, the Fund could be required to recognize unrealized gains, pay substantial taxes and interest, and make certain distributions. Frequent realization of gains and losses from daily rebalancing and derivative resets may result in a higher proportion of short-term capital gains, which are generally taxed at ordinary income rates for taxable U.S. investors. Please see the section entitled "Taxes" in the Statement of Additional Information for more information.

**Non-Diversification Risk.** The Fund is classified as "non-diversified" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. This means it has the ability to invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in the securities of a small number of issuers or in financial instruments with a single counterparty or a few counterparties. This may increase the Fund's volatility and increase the risk that the Fund's performance will decline based on the performance of a single issuer or the credit of a single counterparty and make the Fund more susceptible to risks associated with a single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence than a diversified fund.

**ETF Risks.** The Fund is an exchange-traded fund, and, as a result of an ETF's structure, it is exposed to the following risks:

- *Authorized Participants, Market Makers, and Liquidity Providers Limitation Risk.* The Fund has a limited number of financial institutions that may act as Authorized Participants ("APs"). In addition, there may be a limited number of market makers and/or liquidity providers in the

marketplace. To the extent either of the following events occur, Shares may trade at a material discount to NAV and possibly face delisting: (i) APs exit the business or otherwise become unable to process creation and/or redemption orders and no other APs step forward to perform these services, or (ii) market makers and/or liquidity providers exit the business or significantly reduce their business activities and no other entities step forward to perform their functions.

- *Cash Redemption Risk.* The Fund intends to redeem Shares for cash or to otherwise include cash as part of its redemption proceeds. The Fund may be required to sell or unwind portfolio investments to obtain the cash needed to distribute redemption proceeds. This may cause the Fund to recognize a capital gain that it might not have recognized if it had made a redemption in-kind. As a result, the Fund may pay out higher annual capital gain distributions than if the in-kind redemption process was used.
- *Costs of Buying or Selling Shares.* Due to the costs of buying or selling Shares, including brokerage commissions imposed by brokers and bid/ask spreads, frequent trading of Shares may significantly reduce investment results and an investment in Shares may not be advisable for investors who anticipate regularly making small investments.
- *Shares May Trade at Prices Other Than NAV.* As with all ETFs, Shares may be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Although it is expected that the market price of Shares will approximate the Fund's NAV, there may be times when the market price of Shares is more than the NAV intra-day (premium) or less than the NAV intra-day (discount) due to supply and demand of Shares or during periods of market volatility. This risk is heightened in times of market volatility and volatility in the Fund's portfolio holdings, periods of steep market declines, and periods when there is limited trading activity for Shares in the secondary market, in which case such premiums or discounts may be significant. If an investor purchases Shares at a time when the market price is at a premium to the NAV of the Shares or sells at a time when the market price is at a discount to the NAV of the Shares, then the investor may sustain losses that are in addition to any losses caused by a decrease in NAV.
- *Trading.* Although Shares are listed for trading on a national securities exchange, and may be traded on other U.S. exchanges, there can be no assurance that Shares will trade with any volume, or at all, on any

stock exchange. In stressed market conditions, the liquidity of Shares may begin to mirror the liquidity of the Fund's underlying portfolio holdings, which can be significantly less liquid than Fund Shares.

**New Fund Risk.** As of the date of this prospectus, the Fund has no operating history and currently has fewer assets than larger funds. Like other new funds, large inflows and outflows may impact the Fund's market exposure for limited periods of time. This impact may be positive or negative, depending on the direction of market movement during the period affected.

**The Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. The Fund may not achieve its investment objective.**

### **Performance History**

The Fund has not yet commenced operations and does not have a full calendar year of performance history. In the future, performance information will be presented in this section of the Prospectus. Performance information will contain a bar chart and table that provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing the Fund's average annual returns for certain time periods as compared to a broad measure of market performance. Investors should be aware that past performance before and after taxes is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

Updated performance information for the Fund, including its current net asset value per share, is available by calling toll-free at (844) 403-2888.

### **Investment Adviser**

Tapp Finance, Inc., d/b/a TappAlpha (the "Adviser") is the investment adviser to the Fund.

Tuttle Capital Management, LLC (the "Sub-Adviser") is the sub-adviser to the Fund.

### **Portfolio Manager**

Si Katara, Portfolio Manager of the Adviser, has served as the Fund's portfolio manager since its inception in January 2026.

Matthew Tuttle, Chief Executive Officer of the Sub-Adviser, has served as the Fund's portfolio manager since its inception in January 2026.

### **Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**

The Fund will issue (or redeem) shares to certain institutional investors (typically market makers or other broker-dealers) only in large blocks of at least 10,000 shares known as “Creation Units.” Creation Unit transactions are typically effected in cash, but the Fund reserves the right to accept in-kind securities. Individual shares may only be purchased and sold on a national securities exchange through a broker-dealer. You can purchase and sell individual shares of the Fund throughout the trading day like any publicly traded security. The Fund’s shares are listed on the Exchange (i.e., Cboe). The price of the Fund’s shares is based on market price, and because exchange-traded fund shares trade at market prices rather than NAV, shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount). When buying or selling shares through a broker, most investors will incur customary brokerage commissions and charges and you may pay some or all of the spread between the bid and the offered prices in the secondary market for shares. Except when aggregated in Creation Units, the Fund’s shares are not redeemable securities. Recent information regarding the Fund, including its NAV, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid/ask spreads, is available on the Fund’s website at [www.tappalphafunds.com](http://www.tappalphafunds.com).

### **Tax Information**

The Fund’s distributions will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gain, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account in which case withdrawals from such arrangements generally will be taxed.

### **Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (e.g., a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

**Investment Objective**

The TSPY Lift ETF seeks daily investment results, before fees and expenses, of 130% of the daily performance of TSPY.

The TDAQ Lift ETF seeks daily investment results, before fees and expenses, of 130% of the daily performance of TDAQ.

The Funds' investment objectives may be changed by the Board of Trustees (the "Board") of ETF Opportunities Trust (the "Trust") without shareholder approval upon 60 days' written notice to shareholders.

**Principal Investment Strategies****TSPY Lift ETF**

The Fund, under normal circumstances, invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in financial instruments that are designed to provide, in the aggregate, 120% to 140% exposure to the price performance of TSPY on a daily basis (with the Fund rebalancing to 130% exposure if the exposure goes above or below 120% or 140%, respectively). The Fund will primarily use swaps to obtain its desired exposure to TSPY but may also seek to achieve its investment objective by purchasing call options on TSPY. The Adviser will determine the allocation of the Fund's investments in swap agreements and call options based upon various factors including, but not limited to, counterparty capacity, financing charges, liquidity, collateral availability, and overall market conditions for a particular instrument.

**TDAQ Lift ETF**

The Fund, under normal circumstances, invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in financial instruments that are designed to provide, in the aggregate, 120% to 140% exposure to the price performance of TDAQ on a daily basis (with the Fund rebalancing to 130% exposure if the exposure goes above or below 120% or 140%, respectively). The Fund will primarily use swaps to obtain its desired exposure to TDAQ but may also seek to achieve its investment objective by purchasing call options on TDAQ. The Adviser will determine the allocation of the Fund's investments in swap agreements and call options based upon various factors including, but not limited to, counterparty capacity, financing charges, liquidity, collateral availability, and overall market conditions for a particular instrument.

All Funds

Each Fund will enter into one or more swap agreements with financial institutions whereby the Fund and the financial institution will agree to exchange the return on a notional amount designed to provide, on a daily basis, investment exposure to the Fund's underlying security equal to approximately 130% of the Fund's net assets. If the Adviser determines to use call options, the Fund will purchase exchange-traded call options, including "FLEX Options." Call options give the holder (i.e., the buyer) the right to buy an asset (or receive cash value of the asset, in case of certain call options) and the seller (i.e., the writer) the obligation to sell the asset (or deliver cash value of the asset, in case of certain call options) at a certain defined price. Flexible EXchange® Options ("FLEX Options") are customized options contracts that trade on an exchange but provide investors with the ability to customize key contract terms like strike price, style, and expiration date while achieving price discovery in competitive, transparent auction markets and avoiding the counterparty exposure of over-the-counter (OTC) options positions. Like traditional exchange-traded options, FLEX Options are guaranteed for settlement by the Options Clearing Corporation ("OCC"), a market clearinghouse that guarantees performance by counterparties to certain derivatives contracts. The FLEX Options are listed on Cboe Exchange, Inc. ("Cboe"). A Fund may take delivery of its underlying security if it chooses to exercise a call option and either hold or sell the security in the secondary markets. Standard listed options on ETFs are typically American-style and may be exercised at any time prior to expiration; certain FLEX Options may be European-style and exercisable only at expiration. The terms of the option will govern.

The Adviser attempts to consistently apply leverage to obtain exposure to each Fund's underlying security equal to 130% of the value of its net assets and expects to rebalance the Fund's holdings daily to maintain such exposure. As a result of its investment strategies, the Fund may be concentrated (i.e., hold 25% or more of its total assets) in the industry or group of industries to the extent that the Fund's underlying security (or the index or reference portfolio it tracks) is so concentrated. If an underlying security represents a single issuer, the Fund will be concentrated in that issuer.

The Funds do not seek to achieve their stated investment objective for a period of time different than a trading day. The Funds' investment objectives may be changed by the Board of Trustees (the "Board") of ETF Opportunities Trust (the "Trust") without shareholder approval upon sixty (60) days' written notice to shareholders. Unless otherwise noted, all other policies of the Funds may be changed without shareholder approval. Each Fund reserves the right to substitute

a different ETF, index, or security for the underlying security in furtherance of its investment objective, subject to applicable notice requirements and the Fund's 80% policy, if any.

The Funds are not suitable for all investors. The Funds are designed to be utilized only by sophisticated investors, such as traders and active investors employing dynamic strategies. Such investors are expected to monitor and manage their portfolios frequently. Investors in the Funds should: (a) understand the risks associated with the use of leverage; (b) understand the consequences of seeking daily leveraged investment results; and (c) intend to actively monitor and manage their investments. Investors who do not understand the Funds or do not intend to actively manage their portfolios and monitor their investments should not buy the Funds.

There is no assurance that the Funds will achieve their investment objective and an investment in a Fund could lose money. No single Fund is a complete investment program.

ETFs are funds that trade like other publicly traded securities. Unlike shares of a mutual fund, which can be bought and redeemed from the issuing fund by all shareholders at a price based on NAV, shares of the Funds may be purchased or redeemed directly from the Funds at NAV solely by Authorized Participants and only in aggregations of a specified number of shares called Creation Units. Also, unlike shares of a mutual fund, shares of the Funds are listed on a national securities exchange and trade in the secondary market at market prices that change throughout the day.

Each Fund will enter into swap agreements with respect to its underlying security with financial institutions for a specified period ranging from one day to more than one year whereby the Fund and the financial institution will agree to exchange the return earned or realized on the underlying security. The gross returns to be exchanged or "swapped" between the parties are calculated with respect to a "notional amount," e.g., the return on or change in value of a particular dollar amount representing the underlying security.

Each trading day the Adviser adjusts each Fund's exposure to its underlying security such that the notional exposure of all swaps equals 130% of the Fund's aggregate net asset value. The impact of market movements during the day determines whether the total notional swap exposure needs to be increased or decreased. If the price of the underlying security has risen on a given day, the value of the Fund's net assets should rise, meaning its total notional swap exposure will typically need to be increased. Conversely, if the price of

the underlying security has fallen on a given day, the value of the Fund's net assets should fall, meaning its total notional swap exposure will typically need to be reduced.

The time and manner in which each Fund rebalances its portfolio may vary from day to day at the sole discretion of the Adviser depending upon market conditions and other circumstances. Generally, at or near the close of the market at each trading day, each Fund will position its portfolio to ensure that the Fund's exposure to its underlying security is consistent with its stated investment objective. Each Fund reviews its notional exposure under each of its swap agreements, which reflects the extent of the Fund's total investment exposure under the swap, to ensure that the Fund's exposure is in line with its stated investment objective. The gross returns to be exchanged are calculated with respect to the notional amount and the underlying security's returns to which the swap is linked. Swaps are typically closed out on a net basis. Thus, while the notional amount reflects a Fund's total investment exposure under the swap, the net amount is the Fund's current obligations (or rights) under the swap. That is the amount to be paid or received under the agreement based on the relative values of the positions held by each party to the agreement. If for any reason a Fund is unable to rebalance all or a portion of its portfolio, or if all or a portion of the portfolio is rebalanced incorrectly, a Fund's investment exposure may not be consistent with the Fund's investment objective. As a result, a Fund may be more or less exposed to leverage risk than if it had been properly rebalanced and may not achieve its investment objective. To the extent that a Fund needs to "roll" its swap positions (i.e., enter into new swap positions with a later expiration date as the current positions approach expiration), it could be subjected to increased costs, which could negatively impact the Fund's performance. Intraday market movements may cause a Fund's actual exposure to drift from 130% between rebalancing times, which can contribute to tracking differences.

To create the necessary exposure, each Fund will enter into one or more swap agreements, which incur financing costs. In light of these charges and each Fund's operating expenses, the expected return of each Fund over one trading day is equal to the gross expected return, calculated as the daily return of the underlying security multiplied by the Fund's leverage factor (1.3x), minus (i) financing charges incurred by the Fund in addition to any financing costs embedded in the underlying security and (ii) daily operating expenses. For instance, if an underlying security returns 2% on a given day, the gross expected return of the Fund would be 2% multiplied by the daily leverage factor (1.3x), but the net expected return, which factors in the cost of financing the portfolio and the impact of operating expenses, would be lower.

**Additional Information About the Funds' Investments - continued**

Additionally, the Funds may invest between 40-80% of each Fund's portfolio, depending on the amount of collateral required by the Fund's counterparties, in (1) U.S. Government securities, such as bills, notes and bonds issued by the U.S. Treasury; (2) money market funds; (3) short-term bond ETFs; and/or (4) corporate debt securities, such as commercial paper and other short-term unsecured promissory notes issued by businesses that are rated investment grade or of comparable quality. These instruments are generally intended to serve as collateral and for cash management; they may also generate income that partially offsets financing and operating costs.

**Effects of Compounding and Market Volatility Risk.** The Funds have daily leveraged investment objectives, and performance for periods greater than a trading day will reflect the compounding of each day's returns over the period, which is very likely to differ from 130% of the performance of the underlying securities, before fees and expenses. Compounding affects all investments but has a more significant impact on leveraged funds that rebalance daily, and becomes more pronounced as volatility and holding periods increase. The effects of compounding will impact each shareholder differently depending on the time period an investment is held and the volatility of the underlying securities during that period.

During periods of higher volatility, the volatility of the underlying securities may affect the Funds' returns as much as, or more than, the returns of the underlying securities themselves.

**Leverage Risk.** The Funds obtain investment exposure in excess of their net assets by utilizing leverage and may lose more money in market conditions adverse to their objectives than funds that do not use leverage. If an underlying security declines, the Funds' losses will be magnified by their 1.3 $\times$  exposure. If an underlying security declines by approximately 77% or more in a single trading day, a Fund could experience a total loss of its value for that day—even if the underlying security does not lose all of its value. Leverage also magnifies volatility and may increase divergence between the Funds' and the underlying securities' performance. Financing and collateral costs associated with maintaining leverage may rise, especially in higher interest-rate environments, which can adversely affect performance.

If the instruments used by the Funds are thinly traded or have limited markets, the Funds may be unable to meet their investment objectives. During such times, creation or redemption activity may be limited, shares may trade at premiums or discounts to NAV, and bid-ask spreads may widen. The Adviser may, under such circumstances, consult with the Board and amend or supplement the prospectus to adjust strategy, leverage, or underlying exposure as appropriate.

**Derivatives Risk.** Derivatives derive their value from underlying reference assets such as securities, interest rates, or indexes. The Funds' use of derivatives may be considered aggressive and could expose them to greater risks and larger losses (or smaller gains) than direct investment in the reference assets. Risks include market, leverage, imperfect correlation, counterparty, liquidity, valuation, and legal risks. Because derivatives often require limited initial investment, they can expose the Funds to losses exceeding the amounts initially invested. Rising interest rates may increase financing and transaction costs, further lowering returns.

**Swap Agreements.** Each Fund enters into swap agreements with financial institutions for specified periods (from one day to more than one year). In these transactions, parties exchange returns on a notional amount linked to the underlying securities' performance. Swap agreements are generally traded over the counter and may not receive the same regulatory protections as exchange-traded instruments, exposing the Funds to counterparty and liquidity risks.

The Funds are subject to regulatory limits on portfolio value-at-risk. If these thresholds are exceeded for extended periods, adjustments to strategy, leverage, or investment techniques may be necessary.

**Call Option Risks.** The use of call options introduces strategies and risks distinct from traditional securities investing. Option prices are volatile and influenced by changes in the value and implied volatility of the underlying instruments, interest rate levels, and time to expiration. Options may exhibit imperfect correlation to their reference assets, and certain options may expire worthless. Rolling options or maintaining positions may involve additional transaction costs or liquidity constraints. The Funds' value could decline if markets for such options become illiquid or prices deviate from expected relationships.

**FLEX Options Risks.** FLEX Options are exercisable only at expiration and may be influenced by interest rate changes, supply and demand imbalances, liquidity conditions, and volatility levels in the reference assets. Although FLEX Options are listed on an exchange, no assurance exists that a liquid secondary market will be available. In illiquid conditions, the Funds' FLEX Options may decline in value.

**Counterparty Risks.** Counterparties to swaps and other derivatives may default, become insolvent, or delay required payments or collateral transfers. Such failures could significantly reduce the Funds' value or impair their ability to meet leveraged investment objectives. A limited number of counterparties may increase exposure to credit risk, particularly during volatile markets when swap costs may rise sharply, negatively affecting returns.

**Rebalancing Risks.** If the Funds are unable to fully or accurately rebalance their portfolios, investment exposure may deviate from 130%. Underexposure or overexposure could cause underperformance or magnified losses. Intraday market moves between rebalancing times can cause temporary drift from the 130% target and lead to tracking differences.

**Intra-Day Investment Risks.** Because the Funds seek daily results, intraday trading can result in exposures that differ from 130% of the underlying securities' daily returns. Investors trading during the day may experience returns greater or

less than the stated leverage multiple. Significant intraday events may prevent rebalancing or cause wide bid-ask spreads, large premiums or discounts, or even early trading halts.

**Daily Correlation Risks.** There is no guarantee that the Funds will maintain high correlation to their underlying securities. Factors such as market disruptions, transaction costs, volatility near market close, and timing differences in trading sessions can reduce correlation and cause deviations from the daily 1.3X objective.

**Market Risks.** The Funds' investments are subject to general market, economic, and geopolitical risks. Volatility can arise from changes in interest rates, credit conditions, liquidity, or events such as wars, natural disasters, pandemics, and social unrest. Any of these can materially impact performance and trading.

**Indirect Investment Risks.** The Adviser also advises TSPY and TDAQ. Investing in the Funds is not equivalent to investing directly in the underlying securities. Shareholders have no rights to dividends, voting, or other privileges of those securities.

**Underlying Security Investing Risks.** Issuer-specific factors may cause certain securities to fluctuate more than the overall market, resulting in higher volatility in the Funds' performance.

**Underlying ETF Risks.** Underlying ETFs employing option overlay or other strategies are subject to tracking error, option-strategy risks (such as capped upside or underperformance in certain conditions), volatility, and premium/discount risks. Their market prices may fluctuate more than their NAVs.

**Other Investment Companies Risks.** To the extent the Funds invest in other ETFs or investment companies, performance depends on those underlying funds and their expenses, which investors indirectly bear. Underlying funds may have different objectives or risk profiles. Gains or losses from portfolio turnover in underlying funds can affect the Funds' tax efficiency and returns.

**Large-Capitalization Company Risk.** Large-capitalization companies typically have significant financial resources, extensive product lines and broad markets for their goods and/or services. However, they may be less able to adapt to changing market conditions or to respond quickly to competitive challenges or to changes in business, product, financial, or market conditions and may not be able to maintain growth at rates that may be achieved by well-managed smaller and mid-size companies, which may affect the companies' returns.

**Fixed-Income Securities Risks.** Interest rate increases typically lower fixed-income prices. Longer-term securities are more sensitive to rate changes. Credit, extension, and prepayment risks may also affect performance and share price volatility.

**Limited Operating History and Recent Launch Risk (*TDAQ Lift ETF only*).** TDAQ commenced operations in September 2025 and has a limited operating history. As a result, investors have limited information upon which to evaluate the business, prospects, financial condition, and results of operations. The limited operating history makes it difficult to predict future performance, and it may not achieve or sustain profitability. Any failure to execute the fund's investment objective, manage growth effectively, or respond to market developments could materially and adversely affect financial results.

**Money Market Instrument Risks.** Money market instruments may lose value due to credit or market events affecting issuers or counterparties. Even high-quality instruments can become illiquid during stressed conditions.

**Liquidity Risks.** Certain holdings may be difficult to buy or sell, especially during volatile markets. Illiquidity can impair pricing, hinder rebalancing, or widen spreads. If markets for the underlying securities or swaps become constrained, the Funds' transactions could exacerbate volatility and impact their ability to meet objectives.

**Early Close or Trading Halt Risks.** Trading halts or exchange closures can disrupt the Funds' ability to transact or rebalance. Under such circumstances, the Funds may be unable to price assets accurately, correlate to their underlying securities, or avoid losses.

**Equity Securities Risks.** Publicly traded equities, including ETFs, fluctuate with market conditions. Direct investments by the Funds in ETF shares do not produce leveraged exposure, which could prevent achievement of the 130% objective.

**Cash Transaction Risks.** Because the Funds effect creations and redemptions primarily for cash, they may be less tax-efficient and may incur higher transaction costs than funds that use in-kind transfers.

**Tax Risk.** In order to qualify for the special tax treatment accorded a regulated investment company ("RIC") and its shareholders, a Fund must derive at least 90% of its gross income for each taxable year from "qualifying income," meet certain asset diversification tests at the end of each taxable quarter, and meet annual distribution requirements. A Fund's pursuit of its investment strategy will potentially be limited by a Fund's intention to qualify for such treatment and

could adversely affect the Fund's ability to so qualify. A Fund can make certain investments, the treatment of which for these purposes is unclear. If, in any year, a Fund were to fail to qualify for the special tax treatment accorded a RIC and its shareholders, and were ineligible to or were not to cure such failure, a Fund would be taxed in the same manner as an ordinary corporation subject to U.S. federal income tax on all its income at the fund level. The resulting taxes could substantially reduce a Fund's net assets and the amount of income available for distribution. In addition, in order to requalify for taxation as a RIC, a Fund could be required to recognize unrealized gains, pay substantial taxes and interest, and make certain distributions. Please see the section entitled "Taxes" in the SAI for more information.

**Non-Diversification Risks.** The Funds are classified as non-diversified under the Investment Company Act of 1940. This allows them to invest a higher percentage of assets in a limited number of issuers or counterparties, increasing exposure to single-issuer or sector risks and potentially amplifying volatility.

**ETF Risks.** Each Fund is an exchange-traded fund, and, as a result of an ETF's structure, it is exposed to the following risks:

- *Authorized Participants, Market Makers, and Liquidity Providers Limitation Risk.* Each Fund has a limited number of financial institutions that may act as Authorized Participants ("APs"). In addition, there may be a limited number of market makers and/or liquidity providers in the marketplace. To the extent either of the following events occur, Shares may trade at a material discount to NAV and possibly face delisting: (i) APs exit the business or otherwise become unable to process creation and/or redemption orders and no other APs step forward to perform these services, or (ii) market makers and/or liquidity providers exit the business or significantly reduce their business activities and no other entities step forward to perform their functions.
- *Cash Redemption Risk.* Each Fund intends to redeem Shares for cash or to otherwise include cash as part of its redemption proceeds. A Fund may be required to sell or unwind portfolio investments to obtain the cash needed to distribute redemption proceeds. This may cause the Fund to recognize a capital gain that it might not have recognized if it had made a redemption in-kind. As a result, the Fund may pay out higher annual capital gain distributions than if the in-kind redemption process was used.

- *Costs of Buying or Selling Shares.* Due to the costs of buying or selling Shares, including brokerage commissions imposed by brokers and bid/ask spreads, frequent trading of Shares may significantly reduce investment results and an investment in Shares may not be advisable for investors who anticipate regularly making small investments.
- *Shares May Trade at Prices Other Than NAV.* As with all ETFs, Shares may be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Although it is expected that the market price of Shares will approximate NAV, there may be times when the market price of Shares is more than NAV intra-day (premium) or less than NAV intra-day (discount) due to supply and demand of Shares or during periods of market volatility. This risk is heightened in times of market volatility and volatility in the Funds' portfolio holdings, periods of steep market declines, and periods when there is limited trading activity for Shares in the secondary market, in which case such premiums or discounts may be significant. If an investor purchases Shares at a time when the market price is at a premium to NAV or sells at a time when the market price is at a discount to NAV, the investor may sustain losses that are in addition to any losses caused by a decrease in NAV.
- *Trading.* Although Shares are listed for trading on a national securities exchange, and may be traded on other U.S. exchanges, there can be no assurance that Shares will trade with any volume, or at all, on any stock exchange. In stressed market conditions, the liquidity of Shares may begin to mirror the liquidity of the Funds' underlying portfolio holdings, which can be significantly less liquid than Fund Shares.

**New Fund Risks.** As of the date of this prospectus, each Fund has no operating history and currently has fewer assets than larger funds. Like other new funds, large inflows and outflows may impact a Fund's market exposure for limited periods of time. This impact may be positive or negative, depending on the direction of market movement during the period affected.

*The Investment Adviser.* Tapp Finance, Inc., d/b/a TappAlpha (the “Adviser”), 3700 W. Lawton Street, Seattle, Washington 98199, is the investment adviser for each Fund. The Adviser is registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. The Adviser is a Delaware corporation and was organized in 2023.

Under the Investment Advisory Agreement between the Adviser and the Trust, on behalf of the Funds (the “Investment Advisory Agreement”), the Adviser is responsible for the day-to-day management of each Fund’s investments. The Adviser also: (i) furnishes the Funds with office space and certain administrative services; and (ii) provides guidance and policy direction in connection with its daily management of each Fund’s assets, subject to the authority of the Board. For its services, the Adviser is entitled to receive an annual management fee calculated daily and payable monthly, as a percentage of each Fund’s average daily net assets, at the following rates:

| Fund                | Management Fee |
|---------------------|----------------|
| TSPY LIFT ETF ..... | 0.98%          |
| TDAQ LIFT ETF ..... | 0.98%          |

Under the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser has agreed, at its own expense and without reimbursement from the Fund, to pay all expenses of the Funds, except for: the fee paid to the Adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement, interest expenses, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses, brokerage commissions and any other portfolio transaction related expenses and fees arising out of transactions effected on behalf of the Funds, credit facility fees and expenses, including interest expenses, and litigation and indemnification expenses and other extraordinary expenses not incurred in the ordinary course of the Funds’ business.

*The Sub-Adviser.* The Adviser has retained Tuttle Capital Management, LLC (the “Sub-Adviser”), an investment adviser registered with the SEC, to provide sub-advisory services for the Fund. The Sub-Adviser is organized as a Delaware corporation with its principal offices located at 155 Lockwood Rd., Riverside, CT, 06878, and was established in 2012. For its services, the Sub-Adviser is paid a sub-advisory fee by the Adviser, which is calculated daily and payable monthly as a percentage of each Fund’s average daily net assets. The Sub-Advisory fee for each Fund is as follows:

| Fund                | Sub-Advisory Fee |
|---------------------|------------------|
| TSPY LIFT ETF ..... | 0.49%            |
| TDAQ LIFT ETF ..... | 0.49%            |

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board approving the Investment Advisory Agreement for the Funds will be available in each Fund's semi-annual report once that report is produced.

### **The Portfolio Manager**

Si Katara, Portfolio Manager of the Adviser, has served as each Fund's portfolio manager since its inception. Mr. Katara is the founder and CEO of Tapp Finance, Inc. (d/b/a Tapp Alpha). Mr. Katara was the co-founder and President of HeadLight, a provider of visual-based inspection technology to infrastructure construction from 2005 to 2022.

Matthew Tuttle, Chief Executive Officer of the Sub-Adviser, has served as each Fund's portfolio manager since their inception in January 2026. Matthew Tuttle has been involved in the financial services industry since 1990. He has an MBA in finance from Boston University and is the author of two financial books, *Financial Secrets of My Wealthy Grandparents* and *How Harvard and Yale Beat the Market*. He has been launching and managing ETFs since 2015.

The SAI provides additional information about the portfolio manager's compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio manager, and the portfolio manager's ownership in each Fund.

### **The Trust**

Each Fund is a non-diversified series of the ETF Opportunities Trust, an open-end management investment company organized as a Delaware statutory trust on March 18, 2019. The Board supervises the operations of the Funds according to applicable state and federal law, and the Board is responsible for the overall management of the Funds' business affairs.

### **Portfolio Holdings**

A description of the Funds' policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of each Fund's portfolio securities is available in the Funds' SAI. Complete holdings are published on the Funds' website on a daily basis. Please visit the Fund's website at [www.tappalphafunds.com](http://www.tappalphafunds.com). In addition, each Fund's complete holdings (as of the dates of such reports) are available in reports on Form N-PORT and Form N-CSR filed with the SEC.

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**TAPPALPHA ETFs**  
**Distribution (12b-1) Plan**

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The Board has adopted a Distribution and Shareholder Service Plan (the “Plan”) pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act. In accordance with the Plan, the Fund is authorized to pay an amount up to 0.25% of its average daily net assets each year for certain distribution-related activities and shareholder services.

No Rule 12b-1 fees are currently paid by the Fund, and there are no current plans to impose these fees. However, in the event Rule 12b-1 fees are charged in the future, because the fees are paid out of the Fund’s assets, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than certain other types of sales charges.

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**TAPPALPHA ETFs**  
**How to Buy and Sell Shares**

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Most investors will buy and sell shares of the Funds through broker-dealers at market prices. Shares of the Funds are listed for trading on the Exchange and on the secondary market during the trading day and can be bought and sold throughout the trading day like other shares of publicly traded securities. Shares may only be purchased and sold on the secondary market when the Exchange is open for trading. The following table shows the trading symbol of each Fund.

| <b>FUND</b>         | <b>TICKER</b> |
|---------------------|---------------|
| TSPY LIFT ETF ..... | TSYX          |
| TDAQ LIFT ETF ..... | TDAX          |

When buying or selling shares through a broker, you will incur customary brokerage commissions and charges, and you may pay some or all of the spread between the bid and the offered price in the secondary market on each leg of a round trip (purchase and sale) transaction.

The NAV of the Funds' shares is calculated at the close of regular trading on the Exchange, generally 4:00 p.m. New York time, on each day the Exchange is open. The NAV of the Funds' Shares is determined by dividing the total value of the Funds' portfolio investments and other assets, less any liabilities, by the total number of Shares outstanding of the Funds.

In calculating its NAV, the Funds generally value their assets on the basis of market quotations, last sale prices, or estimates of value furnished by a pricing service or brokers who make markets in such instruments.

Fair value pricing is used by the Funds when market quotations are not readily available or are deemed to be unreliable or inaccurate based on factors such as evidence of a thin market in the security or a significant event occurring after the close of the market but before the time as of which the Funds' NAV is calculated. When fair-value pricing is employed, the prices of securities used by the Funds to calculate its NAV may differ from quoted or published prices for the same securities.

APs may acquire shares directly from the Funds, and APs may tender their shares for redemption directly to the Funds, at NAV per share only in large blocks, or Creation Units, of at least 10,000 shares. Purchases and redemptions directly with the Funds must follow the Funds' procedures, which are described in the SAI.

Under normal circumstances, the Funds will pay out redemption proceeds to a redeeming AP within two (2) days after the AP's redemption request is received, in accordance with the process set forth in the Funds' SAI and in the agreement

between the AP and the Funds' distributor. However, the Funds reserve the right, including under stressed market conditions, to take up to seven (7) days after the receipt of a redemption request to pay an AP, all as permitted by the 1940 Act. Each Fund anticipates regularly meeting redemption requests primarily in cash, although each Fund reserves the right to pay all or portion of the redemption proceeds to an AP in-kind. Cash used for redemptions will be raised from the sale of portfolio assets or may come from existing holdings of cash or cash equivalents.

Each Fund may liquidate and terminate at any time without shareholder approval.

### **Book Entry**

Shares are held in book entry form, which means that no stock certificates are issued. The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") or its nominee is the record owner of all outstanding shares and is recognized as the owner of all shares for all purposes.

Investors owning shares are beneficial owners as shown on the records of DTC or its participants. DTC serves as the securities depository for all shares. Participants in DTC include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and other institutions that directly or indirectly maintain a custodial relationship with DTC. As a beneficial owner of shares, you are not entitled to receive physical delivery of stock certificates or to have shares registered in your name, and you are not considered a registered owner of shares. Therefore, to exercise any right as an owner of shares, you must rely upon the procedures of DTC and its participants. These procedures are the same as those that apply to any other securities that you hold in book entry or "street name" form.

Shares can only be purchased and redeemed directly from the Funds in Creation Units by APs, and the vast majority of trading in shares occurs on the secondary market. Because the secondary market trades do not directly involve the Funds, it is unlikely those trades would cause the harmful effects of market timing, including dilution, disruption of portfolio management, increases in the Funds' trading costs and the realization of capital gains. With regard to the purchase or redemption of Creation Units directly with each Fund, to the extent effected in-kind (*i.e.*, for securities), those trades do not cause the harmful effects that may result from frequent cash trades. To the extent trades are effected in whole or in part in cash, those trades could result in dilution to the Funds and increased transaction costs, which could negatively impact a Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective. However, direct trading by APs is critical to ensuring that shares trade at or close to NAV. The Funds also employ fair valuation pricing to minimize potential dilution from market timing. In addition, the Funds impose transaction fees on purchases and redemptions of shares to cover the custodial and other costs incurred by the Funds in effecting trades. These fees increase if an investor substitutes cash in part or in whole for securities, reflecting the fact that a Fund's trading costs increase in those circumstances. Given this structure, the Trust has determined that it is not necessary to adopt policies and procedures to detect and deter market timing of the shares.

Shares are traded throughout the day in the secondary market on a national securities exchange on an intra-day basis and are created and redeemed in-kind and/or for cash in Creation Units at each day's next calculated NAV. The Funds currently intend to create and redeem Creation Units in cash. Satisfying redemptions in cash may result in the Fund selling portfolio securities to obtain cash to meet net Fund redemptions which can have an adverse tax impact on taxable shareholders. These sales may generate taxable gains for the ongoing shareholders of the Fund. In-kind arrangements are designed to protect ongoing shareholders from the adverse effects on a Fund's portfolio that could arise from frequent cash redemption transactions. In the event that a Fund redeems Creation Units in-kind, the shares' in-kind redemption mechanism generally will not lead to a tax event for the Fund or its ongoing shareholders.

Ordinarily, the Funds will distribute any net investment income and any net realized capital gains annually. The Funds may also pay a special distribution at the end of a calendar year to comply with U.S. federal income tax requirements.

No dividend reinvestment service is provided by the Funds. Broker-dealers may make available the DTC book-entry Dividend Reinvestment Service for use by beneficial owners of the Funds for reinvestment of their dividend distributions. Beneficial owners should contact their broker to determine the availability and costs of the service and the details of participation therein. Brokers may require beneficial owners to adhere to specific procedures and timetables. If this service is available and used, dividend distributions of both income and realized gains will be automatically reinvested in additional whole shares of the Fund purchased in the secondary market.

Distributions in cash may be reinvested automatically in additional whole shares only if the broker through whom you purchased shares makes such option available.

### **Taxes**

As with any investment, you should consider how your investment in shares will be taxed. The tax information in this Prospectus is provided as general information. You should consult your own tax professional about the tax consequences of an investment in shares.

Unless your investment in shares is made through a tax-exempt entity or tax-deferred account, such as an individual retirement account, you need to be aware of the possible tax consequences when:

- A Fund makes distributions,

- You sell your shares listed on the Exchange, and
- You purchase or redeem Creation Units.

**Taxes on Distributions**

Distributions from each Fund's net investment income, including net short-term capital gains, if any, are taxable to you as ordinary income, except that each Fund's dividends attributable to its "qualified dividend income" (e.g., dividends received on stock of most domestic and certain foreign corporations with respect to which the Fund satisfies certain holding period and other requirements), if any, generally are subject to U.S. federal income tax for U.S. non-corporate shareholders who satisfy those restrictions with respect to their shares at the rate for net capital gain. A part of each Fund's dividends also may be eligible for the dividends-received deduction allowed to U.S. corporations subject to similar requirements. However, dividends a U.S. corporate shareholder deducts pursuant to that deduction are subject indirectly to the U.S. federal alternative minimum tax. A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual Fund operating expenses affect each Fund's performance.

In general, distributions received from each Fund are subject to U.S. federal income tax when they are paid, whether taken in cash or reinvested in the Fund (if that option is available). Distributions reinvested in additional shares through the means of a dividend reinvestment service, if available, will be taxable to shareholders acquiring the additional shares to the same extent as if such distributions had been received in cash. Distributions of net long-term capital gains, if any, in excess of net short-term capital losses are taxable as long-term capital gains, regardless of how long you have held the shares in a Fund.

Distributions in excess of a Fund's current and accumulated earnings and profits are treated as a tax-free return of capital to the extent of your basis in the shares and as capital gain thereafter. A distribution will reduce a Fund's NAV per share and may be taxable to you as ordinary income or capital gain (as described above) even though, from an investment standpoint, the distribution may constitute a return of capital.

The Funds are required to backup withhold twenty-four percent (24%) of your distributions and redemption proceeds if you have not provided the Fund with a correct Social Security number for individual(s) in the required manner and in certain other situations.

### **Taxes on Exchange-Listed Share Sales**

Any capital gain or loss realized upon a sale of shares is generally treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the shares have been held for more than one year and as short-term capital gain or loss if the shares have been held for one year or less. The ability to deduct capital losses from sales of shares may be limited.

### **Taxes on Purchase and Redemption of Creation Units**

An Authorized Participant who exchanges securities for Creation Units generally will recognize a gain or a loss equal to the difference between the market value of the Creation Units at the time of the exchange and the sum of the exchanger's aggregate basis in the securities surrendered plus any cash it pays. An Authorized Participant who exchanges Creation Units for securities will generally recognize a gain or loss equal to the difference between the exchanger's basis in the Creation Units and the sum of the aggregate market value of the securities received plus any cash received. The Internal Revenue Service ("Service"), however, may assert that a loss realized upon an exchange of securities for Creation Units cannot be deducted currently under the rules governing "wash sales" or for other reasons. Persons exchanging securities should consult their own tax adviser with respect to whether the wash sale rules apply and when a loss might be deductible.

Any capital gain or loss realized upon redemption of Creation Units is generally treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the Creation Units have been held for more than one year and as short-term capital gain or loss if the Creation Units have been held for one year or less.

If you purchase or redeem Creation Units, you will be sent a confirmation statement showing how many Creation Units you purchased or sold and at what price. See "Taxes" in the SAI for a description of the requirement regarding basis determination methods applicable to share redemptions (including redemptions of Creation Units) and each Fund's obligation to report basis information to the Service.

At the time that this prospectus is being prepared, various administrative and legislative changes to the U.S. federal tax laws are under consideration, but it is not possible at this time to determine whether any of these changes will take place or what the changes might entail.

The foregoing discussion summarizes some of the possible consequences under current U.S. federal income tax law of an investment in the Funds. It is not a substitute for personal tax advice. Consult your personal tax adviser about the potential tax consequences of an investment in the shares under all applicable tax laws. See “Taxes” in the SAI for more information.

*Commonwealth Fund Services, Inc.* (the “Administrator”) is the Funds’ administrator. The firm is primarily in the business of providing administrative services to retail and institutional mutual funds and exchange-traded funds.

*U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC* (“U.S. Bancorp”) serves as the Funds’ fund accountant, and it provides certain other services to the Funds not provided by the Administrator. U.S. Bancorp is primarily in the business of providing administrative, fund accounting services to retail and institutional exchange-traded funds and mutual funds.

As transfer agent, U.S. Bancorp, has, among other things, agreed to: issue and redeem shares of the Fund; make dividend and other distributions to shareholders of the Fund; effect transfers of shares; mail communications to shareholders of the Fund, including account statements, confirmations, and dividend and distribution notices; facilitate the electronic delivery of shareholder statements and reports; and maintain shareholder accounts.

*U.S. Bank N.A.* acts as custodian for the Fund. As such, U.S. Bank N.A. holds all securities and cash of the Fund, delivers and receives payment for securities sold, receives and pays for securities purchased, collects income from investments, and performs other duties, all as directed by officers of the Trust. U.S. Bank N.A. does not exercise any supervisory function over management of the Fund, the purchase and sale of securities, or the payment of distributions to shareholders.

*Foreside Fund Services, LLC* (the “Distributor”) serves as the Distributor of Creation Units for the Funds on an agency basis. The Distributor does not maintain a secondary market in shares.

*Practus, LLP* serves as legal counsel to the Trust and the Funds.

*Cohen & Company, Ltd.* serves as the Funds’ independent registered public accounting firm. The independent registered public accounting firm is responsible for auditing the annual financial statements of the Funds.

## Continuous Offering

The method by which Creation Units of shares are created and traded may raise certain issues under applicable securities laws. Because new Creation Units of shares are issued and sold by the Funds on an ongoing basis, a “distribution,” as such term is used in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), may occur at any point. Broker-dealers and other persons are cautioned that some activities on their part may, depending on the circumstances, result in their being deemed participants in a distribution in a manner which could render them statutory underwriters and subject them to the prospectus delivery requirement and liability provisions of the Securities Act.

For example, a broker-dealer firm or its client may be deemed a statutory underwriter if it takes Creation Units after placing an order with the Distributor, breaks them down into constituent shares and sells the shares directly to customers or if it chooses to couple the creation of a supply of new shares with an active selling effort involving solicitation of secondary market demand for shares. A determination of whether one is an underwriter for purposes of the Securities Act must take into account all the facts and circumstances pertaining to the activities of the broker-dealer or its client in the particular case, and the examples mentioned above should not be considered a complete description of all the activities that could lead to a characterization as an underwriter.

Broker-dealer firms should also note that dealers who are not “underwriters” but are effecting transactions in shares, whether or not participating in the distribution of shares, are generally required to deliver a prospectus. This is because the prospectus delivery exemption in Section 4(3) of the Securities Act is not available in respect of such transactions as a result of Section 24(d) of the 1940 Act. As a result, broker-dealer firms should note that dealers who are not “underwriters” but are participating in a distribution (as contrasted with engaging in ordinary secondary market transactions) and thus dealing with the shares that are part of an overallotment within the meaning of Section 4(3) (C) of the Securities Act, will be unable to take advantage of the prospectus delivery exemption provided by Section 4(3) of the Securities Act. For delivery of prospectuses to exchange members, the prospectus delivery mechanism of Rule 153 under the Securities Act is only available with respect to transactions on a national exchange.

Dealers effecting transactions in the shares, whether or not participating in this distribution, are generally required to deliver a Prospectus. This is in addition to any obligation of dealers to deliver a Prospectus when acting as underwriters.

**Premium/Discount Information**

When available, information regarding how often the shares of each Fund traded on the Exchange at a price above (*i.e.*, at a premium) or below (*i.e.*, at a discount) the NAV of each Fund will be available at [www.tappalphafunds.com](http://www.tappalphafunds.com).

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**TAPPALPHA ETFs**  
**Financial Highlights**

Because the Funds have not yet commenced operations as of the date hereof, no financial highlights are available. In the future, financial highlights will be presented in this section of the Prospectus.



## **FOR MORE INFORMATION**

You will find more information about the Funds in the following documents:

**Statement of Additional Information:** For more information about the Fund, you may wish to refer to the Funds' SAI dated January 5, 2026, which is on file with the SEC and incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

**Annual/Semi-Annual Reports:** Additional information about each Fund's investments is available in the Funds' annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders and in Form N-CSR. In each Fund's annual report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Funds' performance during its last fiscal year. In Form N-CSR, you will find the Funds' annual and semi-annual financial statements.

You can obtain a free copy of the SAI, annual and semi-annual reports, and other information, such as the Funds' financial statements, by writing to the Funds at 8730 Stony Point Parkway, Suite 205, Richmond, Virginia 23235, by calling the Fund toll-free at (844) 403-2888, by email at: [mail@ccofva.com](mailto:mail@ccofva.com). Each Fund's annual and semi-annual reports, prospectus and SAI are all available for viewing/downloading at [www.tappalphafunds.com](http://www.tappalphafunds.com). General inquiries regarding the Funds may also be directed to the above address or telephone number.

Copies of these documents and other information about the Funds are available on the EDGAR Database on the Commission's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>, and copies of these documents may also be obtained, after paying a duplication fee, by electronic request at the following email address: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov).

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