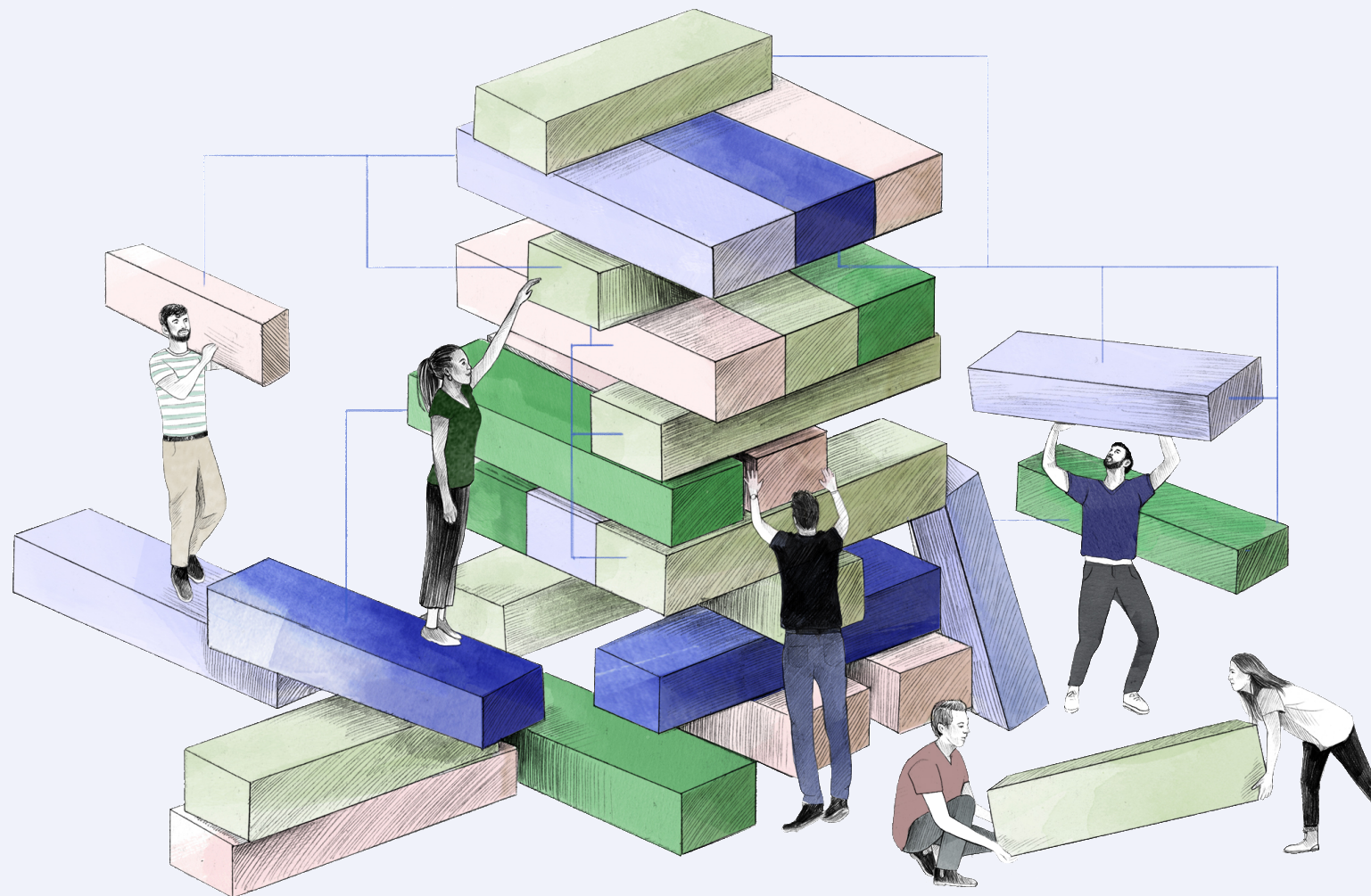


# Building Go-to-Market Teams

*Roles, responsibilities, headcount,  
and reporting structures*

Go-to-Market Series

August 2023



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# About the research

Explore the series

A holistic and well-executed go-to-market strategy is one of the key pillars that drives sustainable, long-term growth for software companies. Regardless of your organization's growth motion, effective go-to-market teams represent the voice of the customer and serve as critical feedback loops for product and engineering.

## *In this series*

we use organizational data and industry perspectives to **provide detailed answers to the key go-to-market questions** we receive from B2B SaaS leaders.



We will examine myriad topics across GTM compensation, incentives, org structure, roles and responsibilities, forecasting, and enablement, in order to share best practices and proprietary benchmarks to help you scale your organization.

## *This report*

explores **how SaaS companies scale their go-to-market teams from founding to post-IPO**. This study includes **detailed headcount benchmarks** for sales, marketing, and customer success teams, and common frameworks across roles, responsibilities, and reporting structures.

# About the Go-to-Market Series

ICONIQ Growth’s GTM series provides detailed answers to key questions across the following operating topics utilizing proprietary data and industry perspectives from 230+ B2B SaaS leaders.

Access the full Go-to-Market Series				PUBLISHED	UPCOMING
Compensation & Incentives	➔	<a href="#">Sales Compensation</a>	<a href="#">Marketing Compensation</a>	<a href="#">Customer Success Compensation</a>	 Interactive Dashboard Portfolio Only
		<i>Blog Post</i> <a href="#">Re-designing sales incentives in 2023</a>	<i>Blog Post</i> <a href="#">Account executive compensation 101</a>	<i>Blog Post</i> Sales incentive in greenfield territories	
Team, Org Structure, Roles & Responsibilities		<a href="#">Building Go-to-Market Teams</a>	<a href="#">Hiring a Head of Sales</a>	<a href="#">Hiring a Head of Marketing</a>	 Interactive Dashboard Portfolio Only
Operationalizing Go-to-market		<a href="#">The GTM Reporting Guide</a>	The GTM Tech Stack	<i>Templates:</i> <a href="#">GTM Board Slides</a> <a href="#">ARR Funnel</a> <a href="#">Pipeline &amp; Leads</a>	
		<i>Blog Post</i> Marketing Budgets	<i>Blog Post</i> Segmenting the sales Org		

# Supporting founders through pivotal milestones and various stages of growth

## Executive Hiring

Talent and Leadership Advisory

Guidance to attract and unlock the power of talent through advisory, connections and research

“ICONIQ delivered the best reference check I’ve ever seen, overnight.”



**Eleven Labs**

Mati Staniszewski  
Co-founder and CEO

## Product and Go-to-Market Strategy

Technical Advisory and Go-to-Market Boards

Strategic advisory from industry leaders with hands-on experience in technology, digital innovation, go-to-market, and more

“It has been so valuable to lean into ICONIQ’s expertise, network, and advice. What you do is a total game changer.”



**PIGMENT**

Eléonore Crespo  
Co-founder and CEO

## Revenue Acceleration

Portfolio Operations  
Digital and Growth Advisory Boards

Strategic and commercial connections across industries to support global expansion goals

“The customer introductions have been incredibly valuable. ICONIQ’s relationships are truly deeper.”



**SIERRA**

Bret Taylor  
Co-founder and CEO

## Category Leadership + Operational Optimization

Analytics and Insights

Data-driven insights to support decision making across business operations and strategy

“Working with ICONIQ has been a dream partnership, they’ve gone above and beyond at every step.”

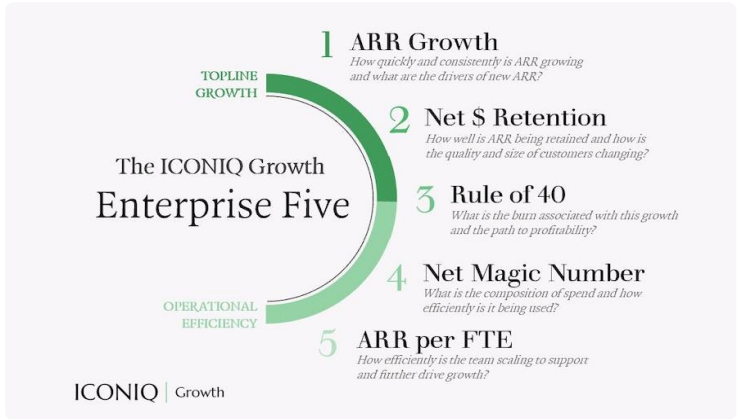


**WRITER**

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# Follow our research



# Data Sources & Methodology

This study summarizes data from a March 2023 survey of **236 GTM executives** at B2B SaaS companies, including heads of sales, marketing, and customer success.

Where relevant, we compare results to a March 2021 survey conducted by ICONIQ Growth to a similar cohort of 200+ GTM executives.<sup>1</sup>



# Collaborators & Industry Perspectives

Throughout this series, we also weave in **perspectives, insights, and best practices from go-to-market executives** in the ICONIQ Growth B2B SaaS portfolio and network.

Perspectives were gathered via interviews with the following collaborators as well as other generational leaders via ICONIQ Growth communities and events.

All industry perspectives shared in this report have been anonymized to protect company-level information.





**Shannon Hughes**  
VP, Corporate Marketing







**Adam Aarons**  
Chief Revenue Officer





**Cindy Chow**  
Head, B2B Marketing







**Ben Saitz**  
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**Brad Lochman**  
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**Peter Kim**  
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**Angie Holt**  
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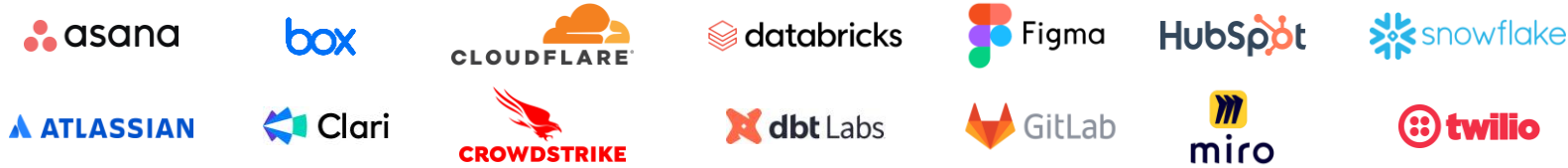
**Sam Yang**  
President, Field Operations





**Jack Montgomery**  
CFO, Head of Sales & Marketing

*And additional insights from go-to-market leaders at:*



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Key terms

# Categorizing Headcount

Services and support employees are typically categorized under cost of goods sold (COGS) rather than “sales & marketing” in terms of cost classification. However, throughout this study we include COGS employees as part of the go-to-market organization

		GTM Team	Description	Individual Contributors (ICs)	Leadership	Ops & Enablement
Cost Classifications	Sales & Marketing OpEx	Marketing	Marketing employees are those focused on promoting a company and its products/services to identify, attract, and educate potential and existing customers.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Demand generation</li><li>• Product marketing</li><li>• Content marketing</li><li>• Communications / PR</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Manager (first-line)</li><li>• Director (second-line)</li><li>• Head (VP, SVP)</li><li>• C-Suite</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Marketing operations</li></ul>
		Sales	Sales employees are those focused on identifying, closing, renewing, and/or upselling customers, and the employees supporting that effort such as sales enablement and operations.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Account executives (AEs)</li><li>• Sales development reps (SDRs)</li><li>• Sales engineers (SEs)</li><li>• Account managers (AMs)</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Same as above</i></li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Sales / revenue operations</li><li>• Sales enablement</li><li>• Deal desk</li></ul>
		Customer Success CS	Customer success employees are those focused on customer renewal and/or expansion, either directly (e.g., via quotas) or indirectly.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Customer success manager (CSM)</li><li>• Customer success operations</li><li>• Customer enablement</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>Same as above</i></li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• CS operations</li></ul>
	COGS	Services & Support	COGS employees are focused on the delivery of a product and/or service to a customer, including training, product support, and/or implementation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Customer support</li><li>• Professional services</li><li>• Onboarding &amp; implementation</li><li>• Managed services</li></ul>	<i>Not addressed in this research</i>	<i>Not addressed in this research</i>

## Key terms

# The Revenue Funnel

There are many ways to design your revenue cycle and many different naming conventions for funnel stages and sub-stages. This is a revenue funnel archetype that we commonly see across sales-led B2B SaaS, but there is no “one-size-fits-all” approach

New Lead	A <b>potential user or buyer</b> that has not yet meaningfully engaged with your solution or organization. Marketing and/or sales is trying to move new leads down-funnel by spreading awareness of their solution and/or organization
Marketing Qualified Lead (MQL)	Leads that have the potential to fit your ideal customer profile and have <b>expressed interest in or engagement with your product</b> and/or services either implicitly or explicitly. This stage often involves a lead handoff from marketing to sales
Sales Qualified Lead (SQL)	Leads that meet your ideal customer profile and are engaged in the buying cycle (e.g., a <b>meeting/call with a sales rep is booked</b> or has been held). This stage typically includes a handoff from SDRs to account executives
Opportunity / Pipeline	<b>Leads that convert to pipeline dollars.</b> An SQL becomes an opportunity when certain qualification criteria are met. An opportunity will typically have around 5 sub-stages that align to the buyer’s decision-making process (e.g., discovery, demo, negotiation)
Closed Won	When an agreement is signed, and <b>pipeline converts to new revenue in various forms</b> (bookings, recurring revenue, services fees, etc.). Depending on your org structure, this stage can involve a handoff between sales and customer success and/or account management
Renewal	A <b>customer is up for renewal when the subscription end date is reached.</b> Renewals can be flat wherein the sale price stays the same for the next term, or, more often, renewals can involve a positive or negative price change
Expansion	Customer expansion comes from <b>increases in a customer’s existing sale price.</b> Customers <b>upsell</b> when the scope of an existing product or service expands, while a <b>cross-sell</b> refers to when an existing customer is sold a different product or service

# Customer Role Archetypes

There are generally two archetypes for key customer-facing individual contributors, each with a unique set of responsibilities. Any combination of these archetypes can exist within an organization, and team structures can differ based on a company's primary archetype

## Customer Success Manager (CSM)

### Relationship

CSMs are primarily focused on being **the strategic advisor for a customer** by managing and nurturing a high-touch relationship. They are ensuring the customer is getting value from the product and acting as the voice of the customer in the product feedback loop.

### Commercial

CSMs are primarily focused on **closing renewals and expansion opportunities**. Commercial CSMs have a similar profile to sales account managers or renewals representatives - they are more likely to have variable compensation, quotas towards expansion revenue, and goals against retention metrics.

## Professional Services (PS)

### Advisory

Professional services employees are focused on **strategic applications of services** across the customer base. This type of work is often packaged as managed services, meaning they are ongoing consulting-type services that a customer pays a recurring fee for.

### Delivery

Professional services employees are focused on delivering functionality in the product via **implementation and onboarding**. This could also include ongoing delivery of more tactical services such as data maintenance and integration upkeep.

## Customer Support (SUP)

### Premier

Assigned / named support resources with dedicated service level agreements. Premier support is more **proactive in nature** by providing real-time issue identification and resolution. Access to support is not limited by service level limitations or business hours.

### Basic

Access to support resources and communication with support employees, usually via some form of **helpdesk**. Basic support is primarily **reactive in nature** and can have service level limitations imposed such as slower response times and support access limited to business hours.

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# Executive summary

## Building go-to-market teams effectively has profound impacts on operating leverage

- Once companies scale past \$10M ARR and achieve more product maturity, **go-to-market remains the largest organization** (40-50% of headcount) **and the largest driver of OpEx** (40-55% of OpEx) throughout a company's lifecycle
- While FTE productivity and FTE efficiency should both increase as companies scale, with factors such as ramp times, quota attainment, competitive compensation, attrition, and challenges moving up-market, **GTM organizations don't realize headcount efficiency until ~\$200M+ ARR**. Building an efficient and effective GTM organization can have a profound impact on operating leverage and is a key driver for companies looking to achieve profitability

## Sequencing of hiring key go-to-market roles

- \$5-\$9M ARR: most GTM teams only have **dedicated FTEs in account executive, sales engineering, CSM, and customer support** roles
  - Most companies **hire their first VP sales soon after hitting the \$10M ARR threshold**, though ~40% of companies have a VP sales before this stage. High growth companies are more likely to have a VP sales before reaching \$10M ARR
- \$10-\$25M ARR: companies start **building out the GTM leadership team**. Most companies at this stage have a c-suite leader such as a CRO, a VP-level sales leader, and managers or directors to lead the marketing and customer success teams
- \$25-\$50M ARR: companies build out additional spans of control across GTM teams by filling **first-, second-, and third-line management roles**. Companies also build out professional service teams and invest more in sales operations & enablement
- \$50-\$100M ARR: most companies **build an account management function** to own renewals. **Marketing teams continue to specialize** and hire roles specifically dedicated to lead generation, content marketing, and events coordination
- \$100-\$250M ARR: companies continue to enhance their service offerings and hire **services leadership**, which typically own professional services, support, and customer enablement. Marketing teams also add more specialized roles dedicated to **channel marketing, communications, and operations**
- \$250-\$500M ARR: most companies have c-suite executives leading each go-to-market team and reporting into revenue leadership and/or the CEO. Sales teams focus on operationalizing by building out **deal desks**, and marketing teams invest more in **brand marketing** to prepare for IPO

## Defining roles & responsibilities to drive accountability

- At the top of the funnel, identifying, converting, and qualifying new leads is a shared responsibility between sales and marketing. Demand generation teams work closely with SDRs to refine campaigns and qualification criteria, then hand-off MQLs to the sales team
- Roles and responsibilities often shift as SaaS companies scale and move up-market. Most organizations have their **customer success teams own renewal and expansion during the early stages, then transfer these responsibilities to sales**

# Executive summary

## The make-up of a sales organization

- As companies scale, quota-carrying individual contributors become a larger proportion of the sales organization. While **ICs compose 60-65% of an early-stage sales organization**, they make up **70-75%** of a later-stage sales organization
- Early stage companies are mostly made up of AEs (20-25%), SDRs (10-15%), and sales leadership (15-25%); later-stage companies are mostly made up of AEs (25-45%), account managers (10-15%), and sales engineers (15-20%)

	AE:SDR	AE:Account Manager	AE:Sales Engineer	AE:CSM	AE:Manager	AE:Sales Enablement	AE:Sales Ops
<\$100M ARR	2-3	1-3	2-3	1-3	4-6	5-6	5-6
\$100M+ ARR	3-4	4-6	2-4	1-3	6-9	10-12	8-12

- Teams with channel-driven sales typically have more ICs per manager, as do companies with a bottom-up or product-led sales motion
- Sales organizations segment account executive and sales development teams primarily by **geography and size**, and increase segmentation by **industry and product** as they scale
- On average, **20% of AEs are focused on SMB, 27% are focused on mid-market, 30% are focused on enterprise, and 15% are focused on strategic accounts**; respondents focused on SMB customers had ~50% of their account executives dedicated to SMB, 30% to mid-market, and 20% to enterprise and strategic accounts

## The make-up of a CS & services organization

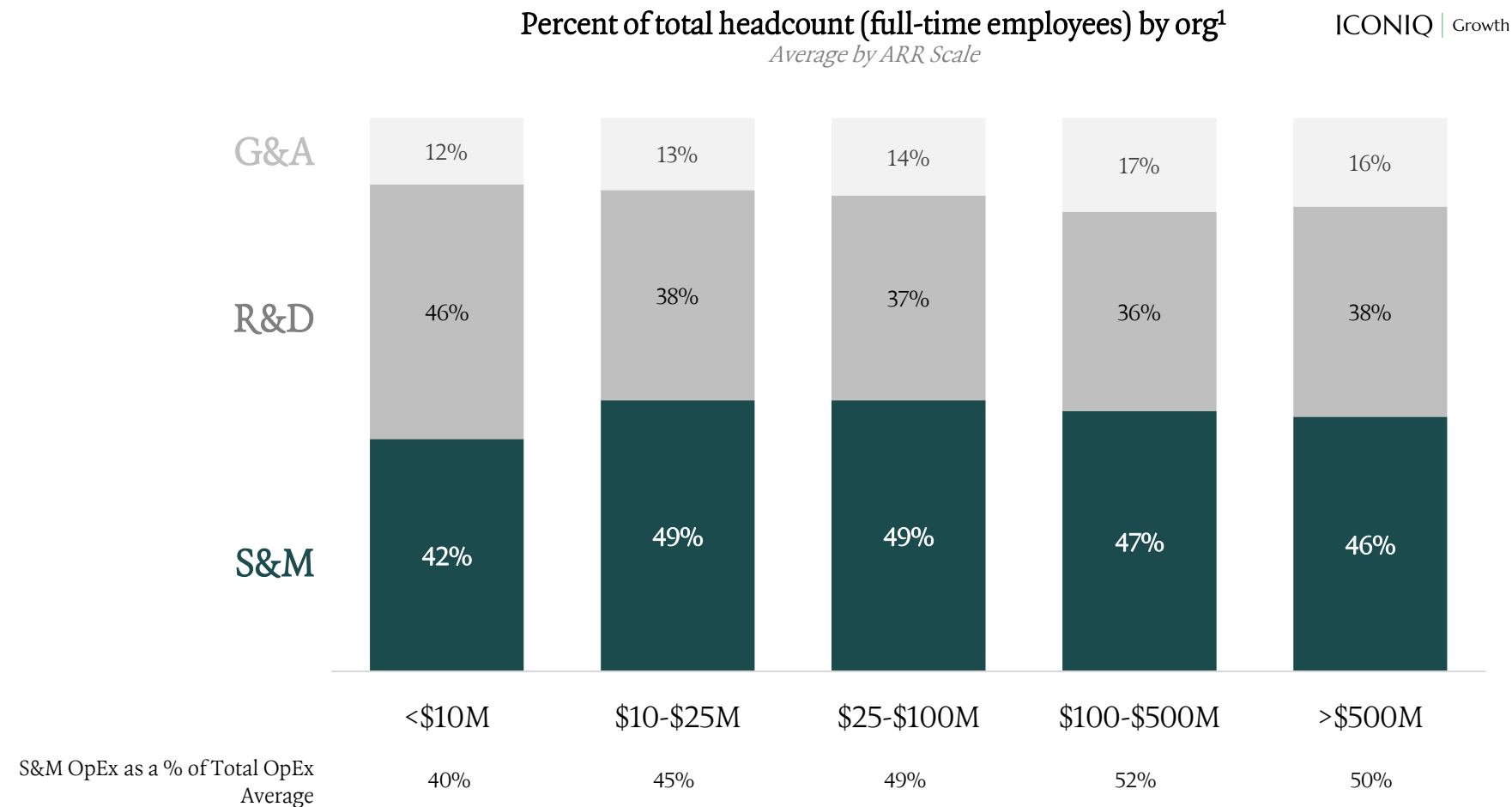
- CSMs make up 45-60% of the CS organization at early-stage companies**, and **60-80%** of the CS organization at later-stage companies
- Companies increase the number of CSMs per manager as they scale, from **5-7 CSMs per manager in the early stages to 6-9 in the later-stages**
- Cost of revenue teams are mostly comprised of customer support employees, which make up an increasing portion of services headcount as companies scale. **Support employees comprise 50-70%, professional services 25-45%, and customer enablement 5-15% of COR teams**
- Companies typically have **1-2 support employees per CSM**, and **1-2 professional services employees per CSM**. This can differ by CSM archetype, with commercial-led customer success organizations typically having more support and services employees per CSM

## The make-up of a marketing organization

- After reaching \$10M ARR, the make-up of a marketing team stays relatively consistent as companies scale, with **individual contributors comprising ~55-65%, leadership comprising 25-35%, and ops and enablement 5-10% of marketing headcount**
- Demand generation (10-25%), content marketing (5-20%), and product marketing (15-30%)** make up the largest proportion of marketing headcount. As companies scale, marketing teams become more specialized, building out roles dedicated to comms, channel marketing, customer marketing, and more

Executive Summary & Overview | Headcount distribution as companies scale

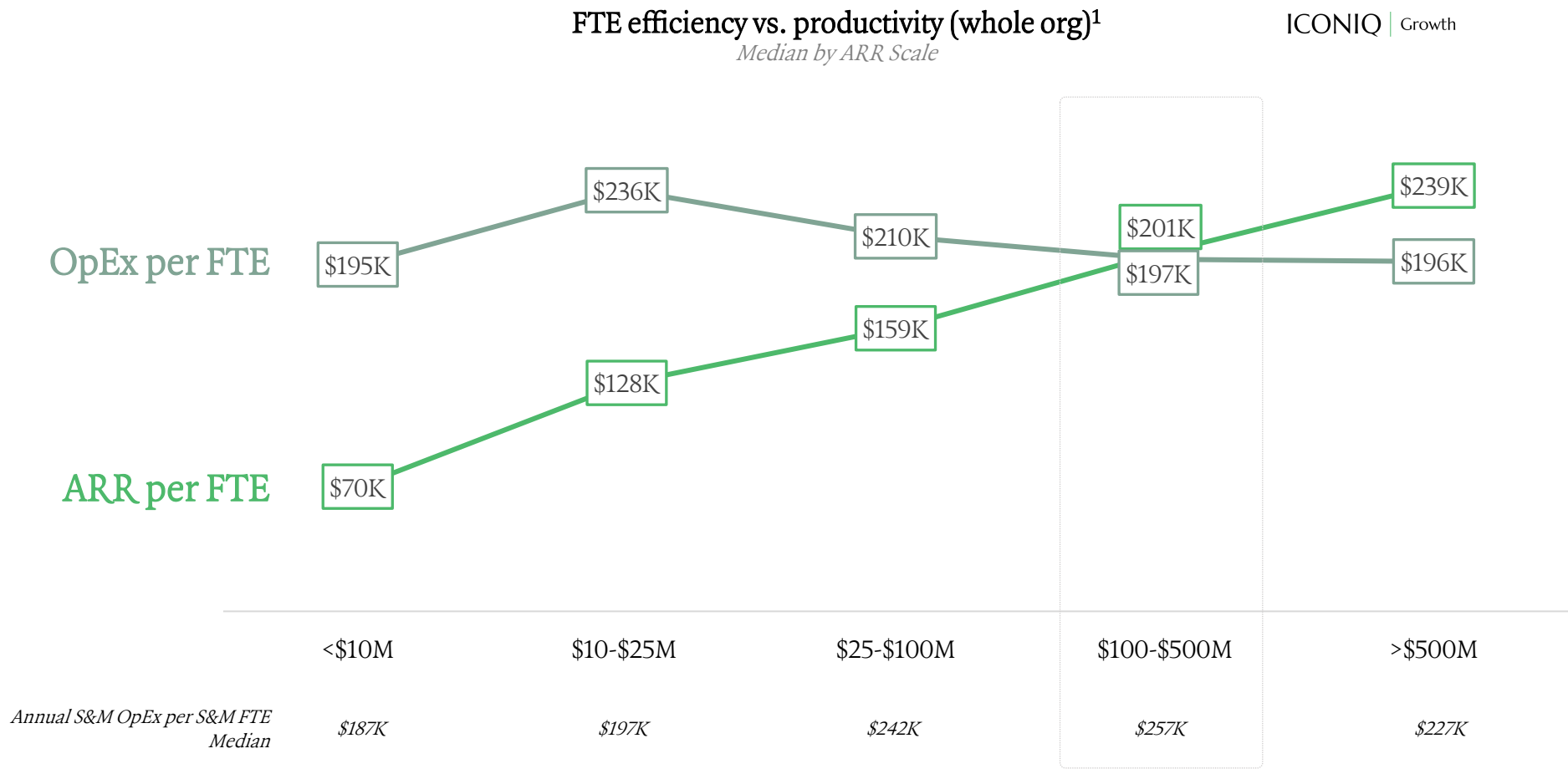
Go-to-market teams make up 40-50% of a SaaS company’s total headcount on average. Once companies scale past \$10M ARR and achieve more product maturity, go-to-market remains the largest organization and the largest driver of OpEx throughout a company’s lifecycle



<sup>1</sup> Quarterly operating and financial data from all ICONIQ Growth B2B SaaS portfolio companies where data available (n=68). For a complete list of ICONIQ Growth portfolio companies, please see the appendix

Executive Summary & Overview | Headcount productivity & efficiency

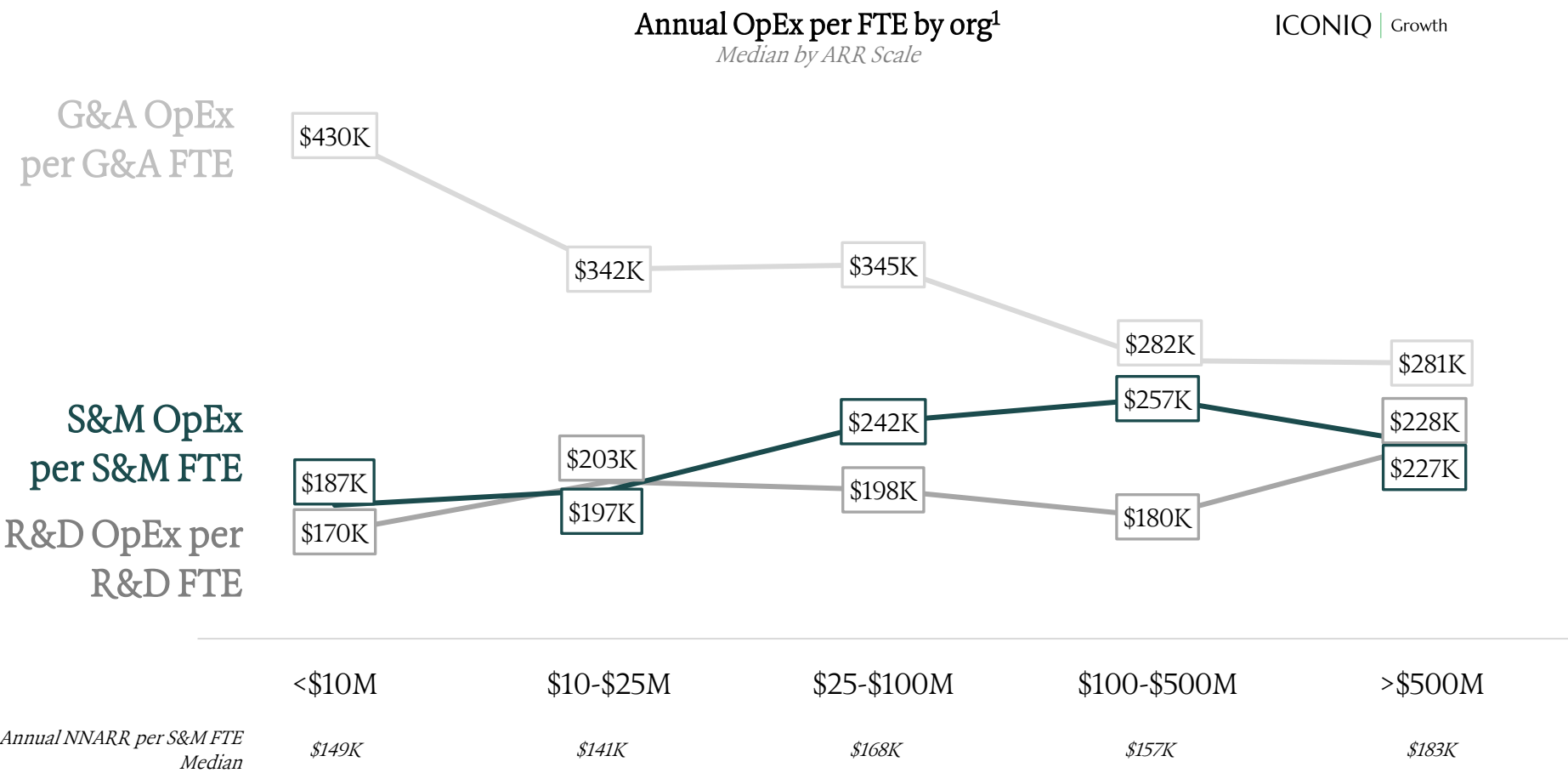
While there is variability to how organizations scale and allocate headcount, headcount productivity and efficiency should always be considered. As SaaS companies scale, both FTE productivity and FTE efficiency should increase, and ARR per FTE should surpass OpEx per FTE



<sup>1</sup> Quarterly operating and financial data from all ICONIQ Growth B2B SaaS portfolio companies where data available (n=68). For a complete list of ICONIQ Growth portfolio companies, please see the appendix

Executive Summary & Overview | Headcount efficiency by org

However, with factors such as ramp times, quota attainment, competitive compensation, attrition, and challenges moving up-market, the GTM organization doesn't realize headcount efficiency until companies reach ~\$200M+ ARR. Building an efficient and effective GTM organization can have a profound impact on operating leverage and is a key driver for companies looking to achieve profitability

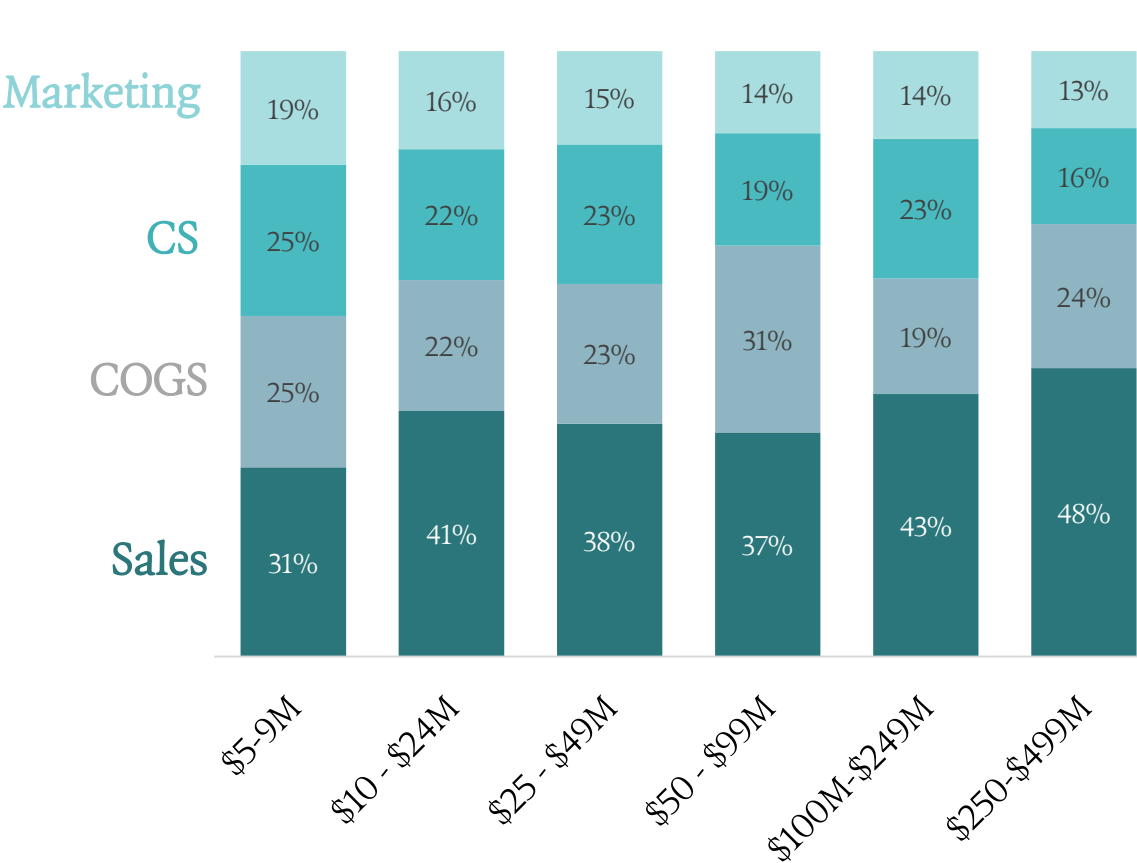


<sup>1</sup> Quarterly operating and financial data from all ICONIQ Growth B2B SaaS portfolio companies where data available (n=52). For a complete list of ICONIQ Growth portfolio companies, please see the appendix

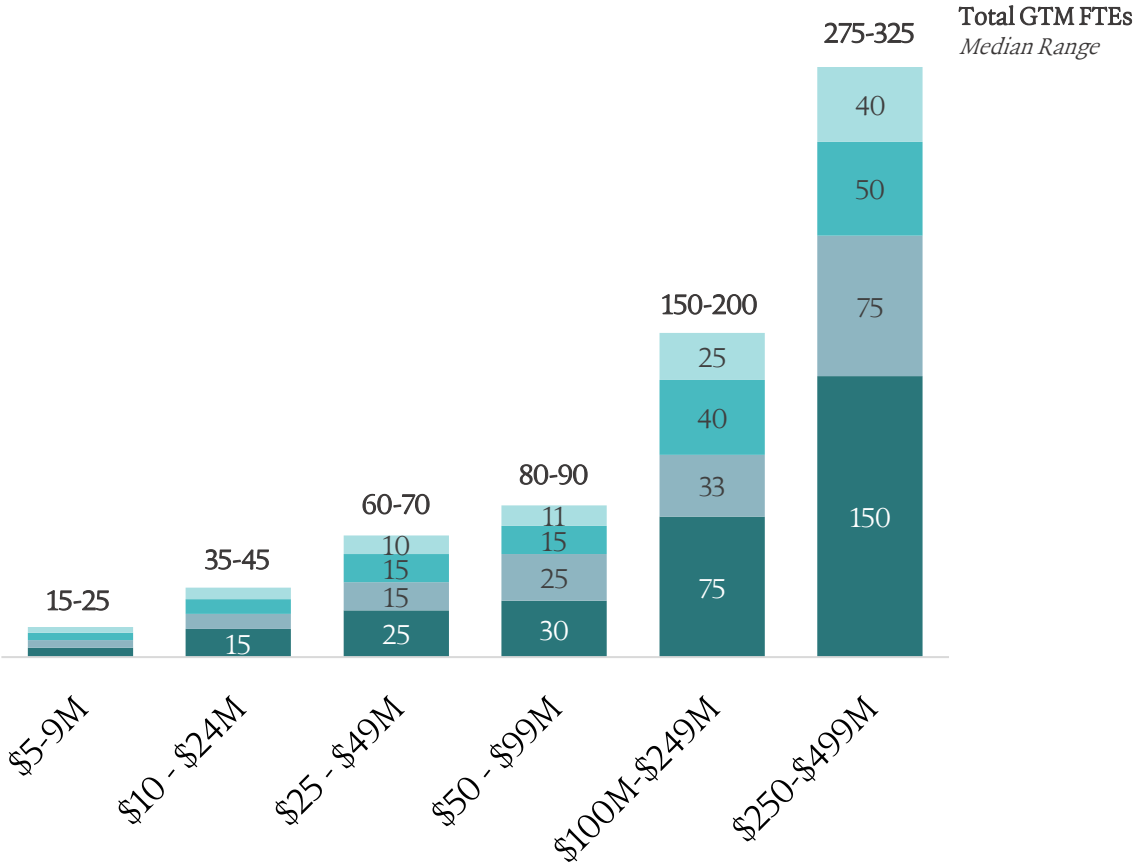
Executive Summary & Overview | The go-to-market org as companies scale

Within the go-to-market organization, sales is the largest team, comprising 30-40% of total GTM headcount in the early stages and 40-60% in the later stages. COGS and customer success each comprise 15-25%, and marketing comprises the remaining 10-20% of the organization

Distribution of GTM headcount<sup>1</sup>  
% of total by team and ARR scale



# Full-time GTM employees<sup>1,2</sup>  
Median by team and ARR scale



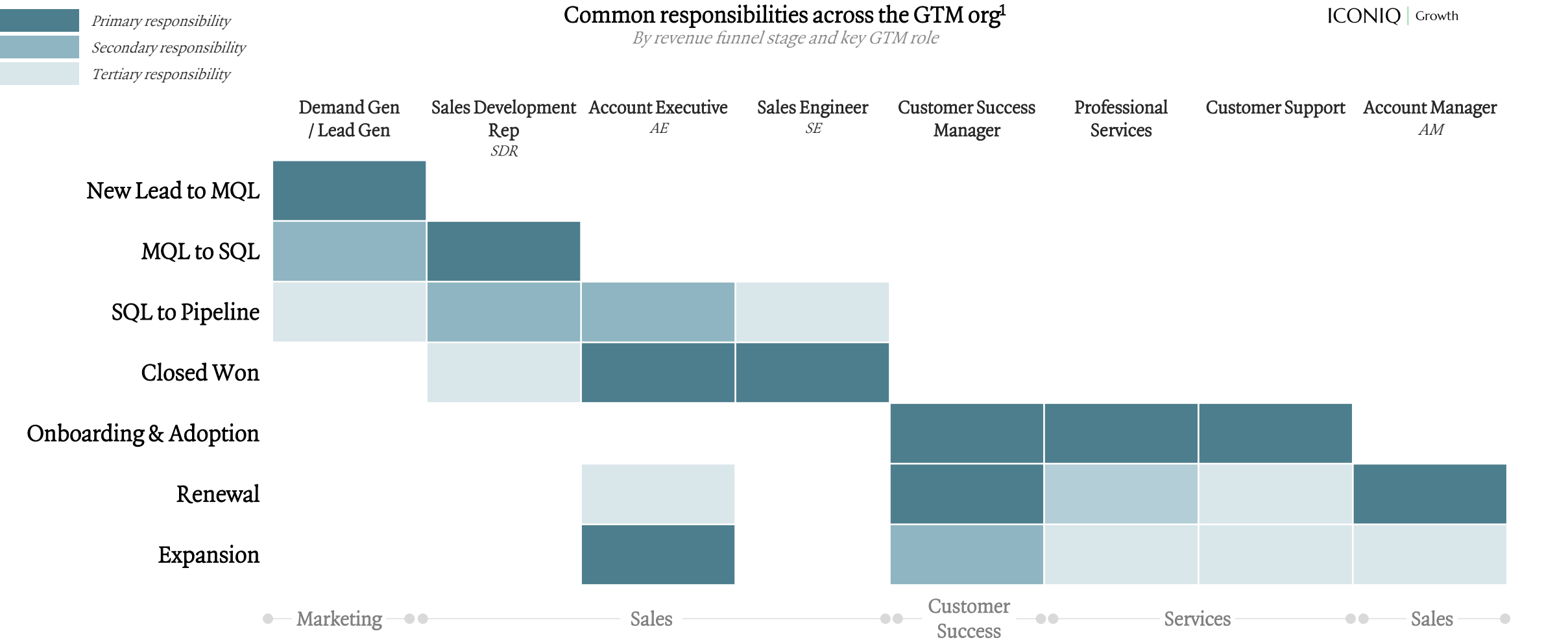
ICONIQ | Growth

Total GTM FTEs  
Median Range

1 ICONIQ Growth Proprietary Survey of GTM Leaders (Mar 2023)  
2 Ranges provided due to wide range of absolute headcount numbers

Executive Summary & Overview | Roles & responsibilities

Like org structure, roles and responsibilities for GTM teams can also differ across companies. However, most GTM organizations have roles dedicated to each stage of the revenue funnel, with marketing at the top-, sales in the middle-, and CS and services at the bottom-of-funnel



1 ICONIQ Growth Proprietary Survey of GTM Leaders (Mar 2023)

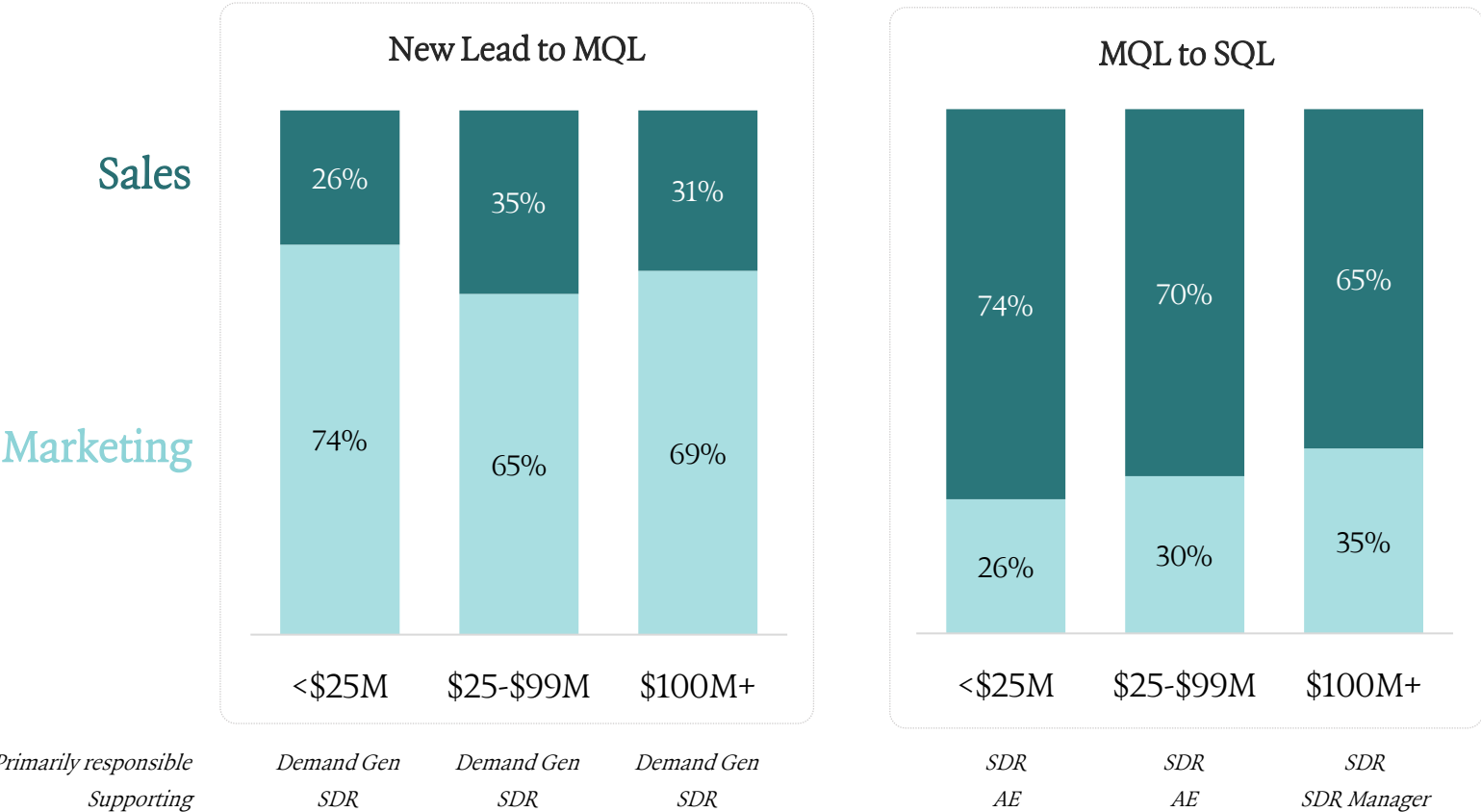
Executive Summary & Overview | Roles & responsibilities: who owns prospecting?

Responsibilities can often be shared across these stages. At the top of the funnel, identifying, converting, and qualifying new leads is a shared responsibility between sales and marketing. Demand generation teams work closely with SDRs to refine campaigns and qualification criteria, then hand-off MQLs to the sales team

Which team & employee is primarily responsible for the following steps of the sales process?<sup>1</sup>

ICONIQ | Growth

% of respondents



“Everyone should be prospecting. We used to be relying too much on marketing and the sales development team, so we instituted prospecting goals for our account executives and we’re building that muscle. It’s all about revenue, so this should be a shared responsibility.”<sup>2</sup>

Chief Revenue Officer  
B2B SaaS Company  
Early-Stage (<\$50M ARR)

<sup>1</sup> ICONIQ Growth Proprietary Survey of GTM Leaders (Mar 2023)  
<sup>2</sup> Perspectives from the ICONIQ Growth network

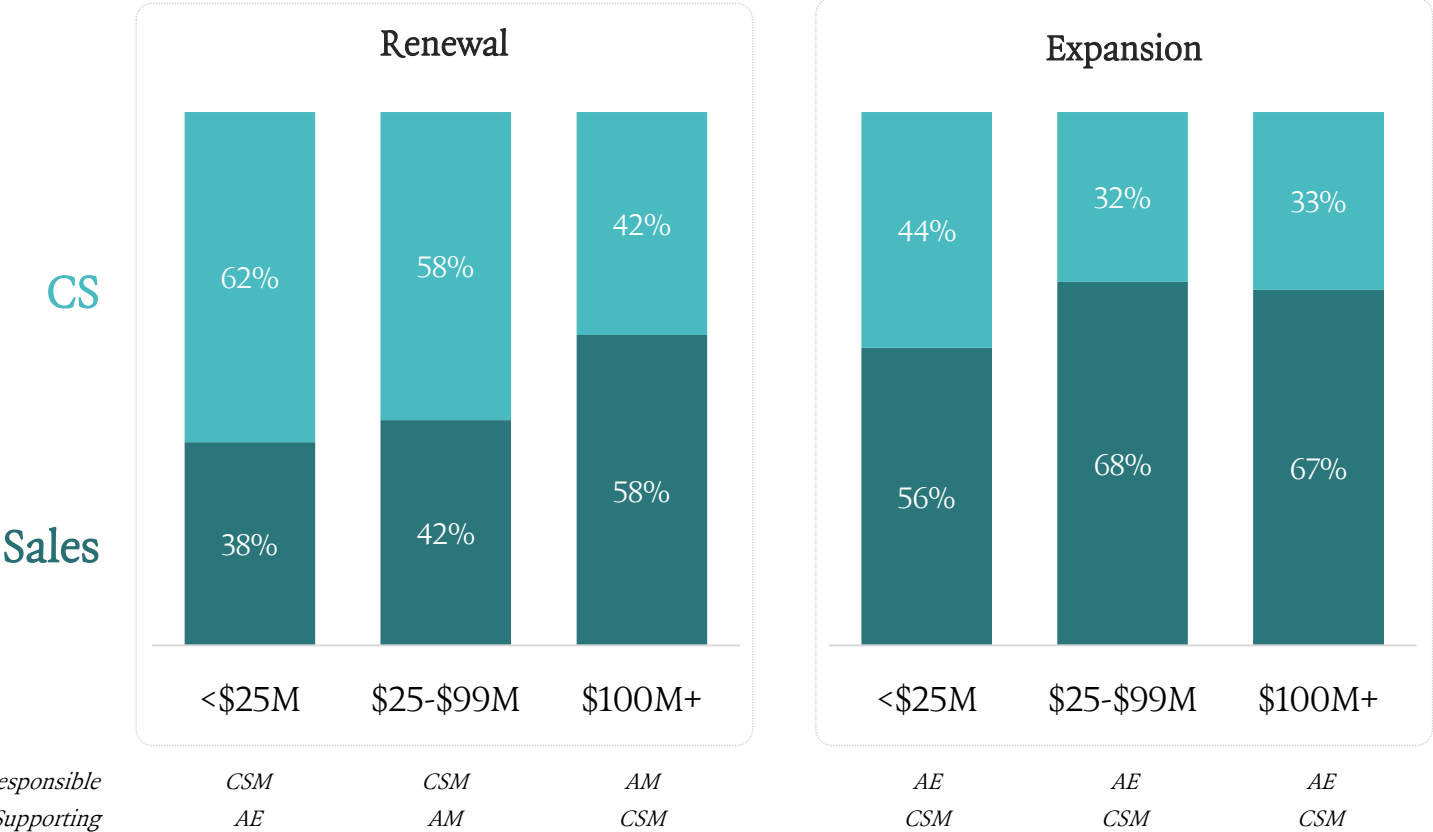
Executive Summary & Overview | Roles & responsibilities: who owns renewal / expansion?

Additionally, roles and responsibilities often shift as SaaS companies scale and move up-market. Most organizations have their customer success teams own renewal and expansion during the early stages, then transfer these responsibilities to sales as customer expansion drives larger portions of ARR

Which team & employee is primarily responsible for the following steps of the sales process?<sup>1</sup>

ICONIQ | Growth

% of respondents



“ If you have a land and expand motion or you’re struggling with customer retention, sales should probably own renewal and expansion. It’s all about what makes sense for your product and your sales motion, but ideally there is one person that owns the renewal and expansion of each customer, rather than splitting these responsibilities between teams.<sup>2</sup>

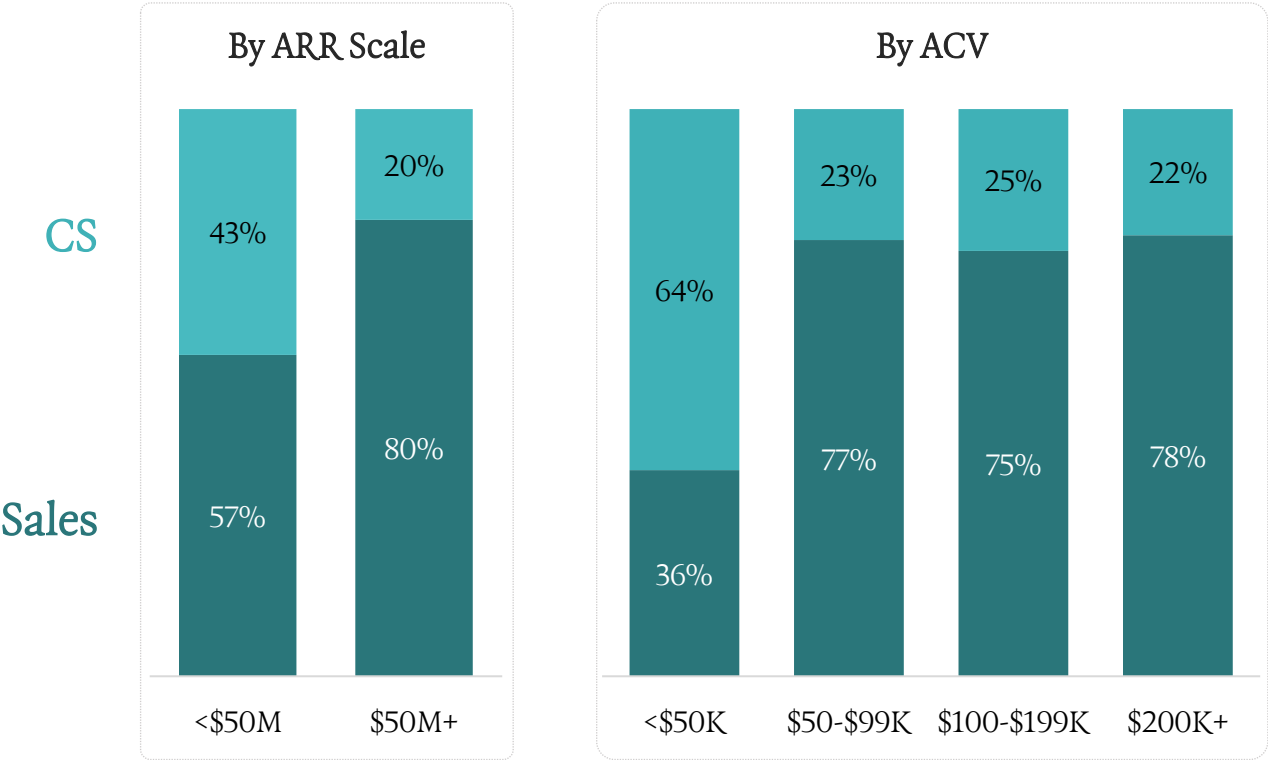
Chief Customer Officer  
B2B SaaS Company  
Early-Stage (<\$50M ARR)

1 ICONIQ Growth Proprietary Survey of GTM Leaders (Mar 2023)  
2 Perspectives from the ICONIQ Growth network

Org structure and reporting lines within each of these teams can differ across companies. Throughout this report, we default to the most common org and reporting structures we see – for example, account management under sales rather than CS - but acknowledge myriad models work depending on your GTM motion and leadership team

Where in your organization does the account management role sit?<sup>1</sup>  
*% of respondents by team*

ICONIQ | Growth



“Org structure should partly depend on the strengths of your leadership team.” Reporting structures will fluctuate as you scale, but all these models can work if you have the right leaders in place. We just hired a marketing leader with experience owning the SDR function, so we moved the team under them and have seen great results.<sup>2</sup>

*Revenue Leader  
B2B SaaS Company  
Growth-Stage (\$50-\$100M ARR)*

1 ICONIQ Growth Proprietary Survey of GTM Leaders (Mar 2023)  
2 Perspectives from the ICONIQ Growth network

Similarly, while the next section summarizes at what stage most companies hire their first dedicated FTEs for key GTM roles, companies have different approaches depending on their go-to-market motion and business needs

The first stage at which >50% of companies have dedicated FTEs in a GTM role<sup>1</sup>

ICONIQ | Growth

Summary of the following pages

\$5-\$9M	\$10-\$25M	\$25-\$50M	\$50-\$100M	\$100-\$250M	\$250-\$500M
<b>Leadership</b> <i>ICs report to CEO / founder during this stage</i>	<b>Leadership</b> VP Sales* Marketing Manager CS Director	<b>Leadership</b> CRO Sales Manager Sales Director CMO VP Marketing Marketing Director VP CS	<b>Leadership</b>	<b>Leadership</b> VP Services	<b>Leadership</b> Chief Sales Officer Chief Customer Officer
<b>Individual Contributors</b> Account Executive Sales Engineer CSM Customer Support	<b>Individual Contributors</b> SDR* Demand Generation	<b>Individual Contributors</b> Product Marketing* Events Coordinator Professional Services	<b>Individual Contributors</b> Account Manager Lead Generation Content Marketing*	<b>Individual Contributors</b> Partner Marketing Comms / PR Customer Enablement	<b>Individual Contributors</b> Brand Marketing
<b>Ops &amp; Enablement</b>	<b>Ops &amp; Enablement</b> Sales Operations	<b>Ops &amp; Enablement</b>	<b>Ops &amp; Enablement</b> Sales Enablement	<b>Ops &amp; Enablement</b> Marketing Operations	<b>Ops &amp; Enablement</b> Deal Desk CS Operations

**VP Sales\*** Most companies hire their first VP sales soon after hitting the \$10M ARR threshold, though ~40% of companies have a VP sales before this stage

**SDR\*** Most \$5-\$9M ARR companies share the SDR responsibility between account executives and marketing generalists

**Product Marketing & Content Marketing\*** Product-led growth companies hire FTEs dedicated to these roles earlier in their lifecycle than sales-led growth companies. Content and product marketing are critical for initial launch-to-market for companies with a bottom-up sales motion

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## Org Structure by Stage | Early stage: <\$10M

Before reaching \$10M ARR, most GTM teams only have dedicated FTEs in account executive, sales engineering, CSM, and customer support roles. Often, these early individual contributors report directly to a CEO or founder

Percent of companies with  
**dedicated FTEs** in role

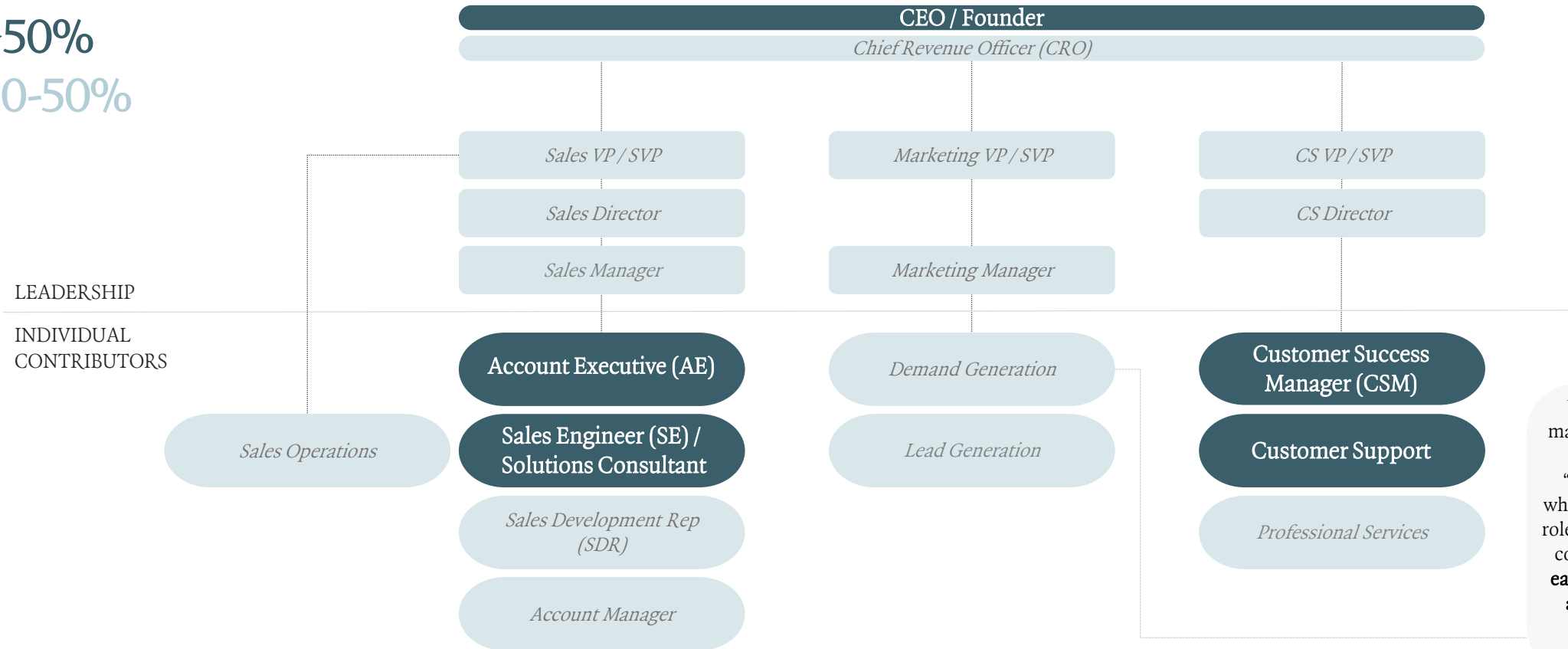
>50%

30-50%

### Roles with dedicated FTEs at companies with \$5-\$9M ARR<sup>1</sup>

*By percent of respondents with dedicated FTEs in role*

ICONIQ | Growth



## Org Structure by Stage | Early stage: \$10-\$25M

From \$10 to \$25M ARR, companies start building out the GTM leadership team. Most companies at this stage have a c-suite leader such as a CRO, a VP-level sales leader, and managers or directors to lead the marketing and customer success teams

Percent of companies with  
**dedicated FTEs** in role

>50%

30-50%

*New role since  
prior stage*

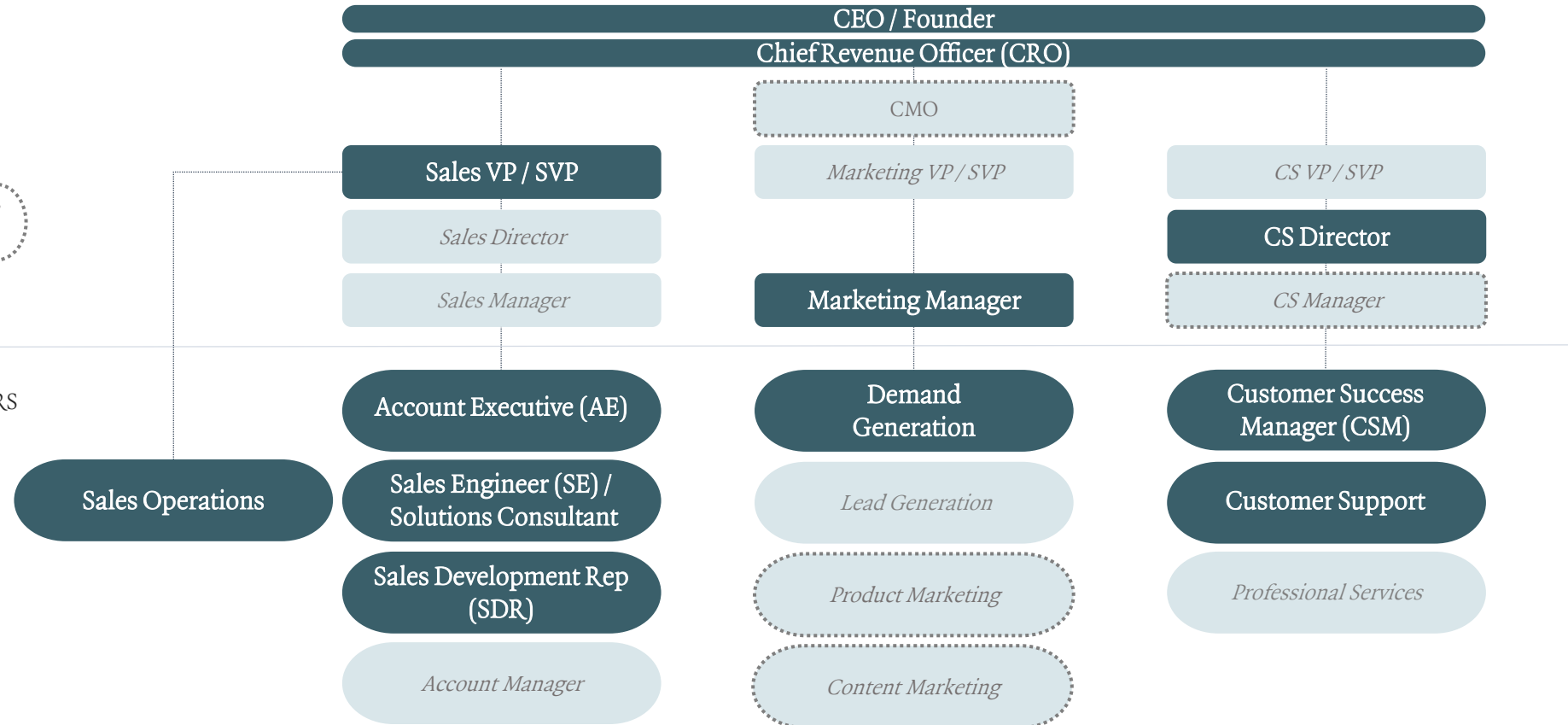
LEADERSHIP

INDIVIDUAL  
CONTRIBUTORS

### Roles with dedicated FTEs at companies with \$10-\$25M ARR<sup>1</sup>

*By percent of respondents with dedicated FTEs in role*

ICONIQ | Growth



<sup>1</sup> ICONIQ Growth Proprietary Survey of GTM Leaders (Mar 2023)  
CMOs also commonly report directly into a CEO / Founder during the early stages, with consolidation under a CRO happening later in the company lifecycle

## Org Structure by Stage | Growth stage: \$25-\$50M

From \$25-\$50M ARR, companies build out additional spans of control across GTM teams by filling first-, second-, and third-line leadership roles. Companies also begin to build out professional service offerings and invest more in sales operations & enablement

Percent of companies with  
**dedicated FTEs** in role

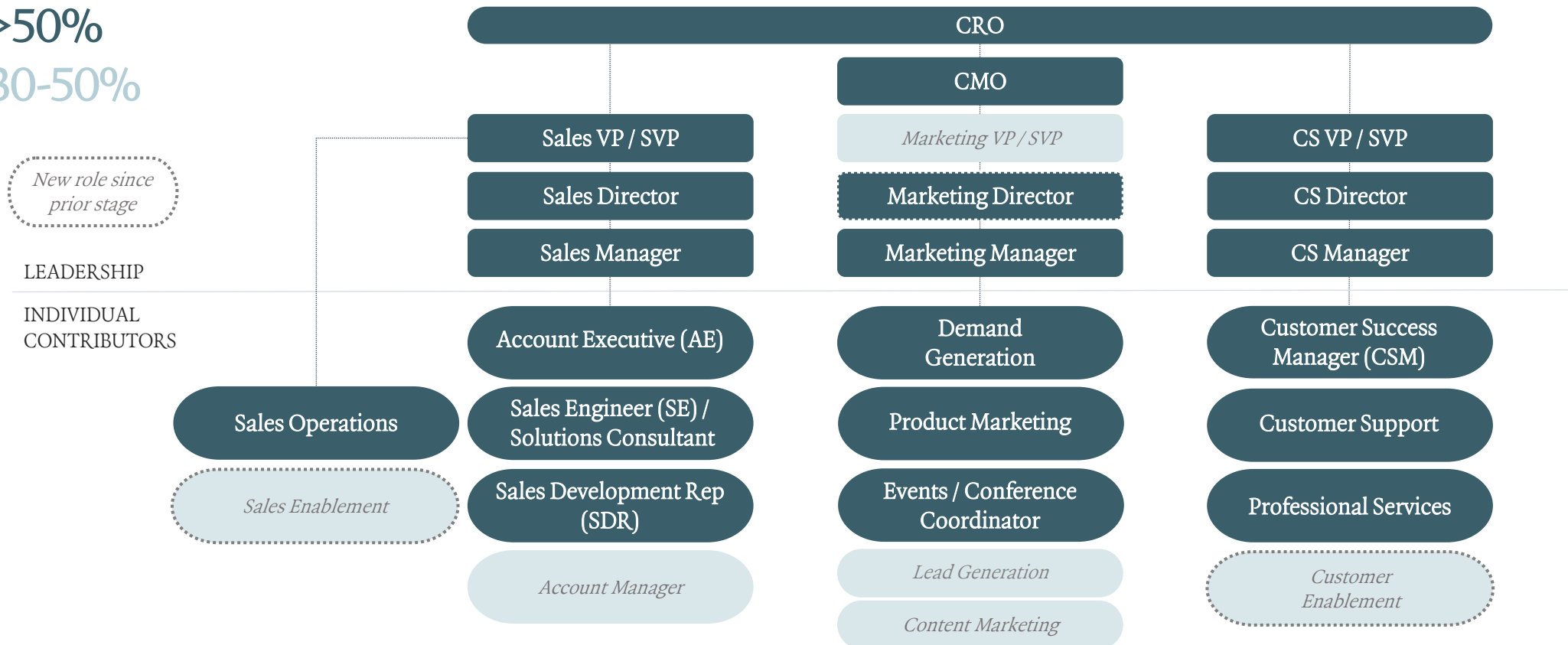
>50%

30-50%

### Roles with dedicated FTEs at companies with \$25-\$50M ARR<sup>1</sup>

*By percent of respondents with dedicated FTEs in role*

ICONIQ | Growth



## Org Structure by Stage | Growth stage: \$50-\$100M

Between \$50-\$100M ARR is when most companies build an account management function to own renewals. Marketing teams begin to specialize more by hiring roles specifically dedicated to lead generation, content marketing, and events coordination

Percent of companies with  
**dedicated FTEs** in role

>50%

30-50%

*New role since  
prior stage*

LEADERSHIP

INDIVIDUAL  
CONTRIBUTORS

### Roles with dedicated FTEs at companies with \$50-\$100M ARR<sup>1</sup>

*By percent of respondents with dedicated FTEs in role*

ICONIQ | Growth



## Org Structure by Stage | Later-stage: \$100-\$250M

At the \$100M scale, companies continue to enhance their service offerings and hire services leadership, which typically own professional services, support, and customer enablement. Marketing teams also add roles dedicated to channel marketing, communications, and operations

Percent of companies with  
**dedicated FTEs** in role

>50%

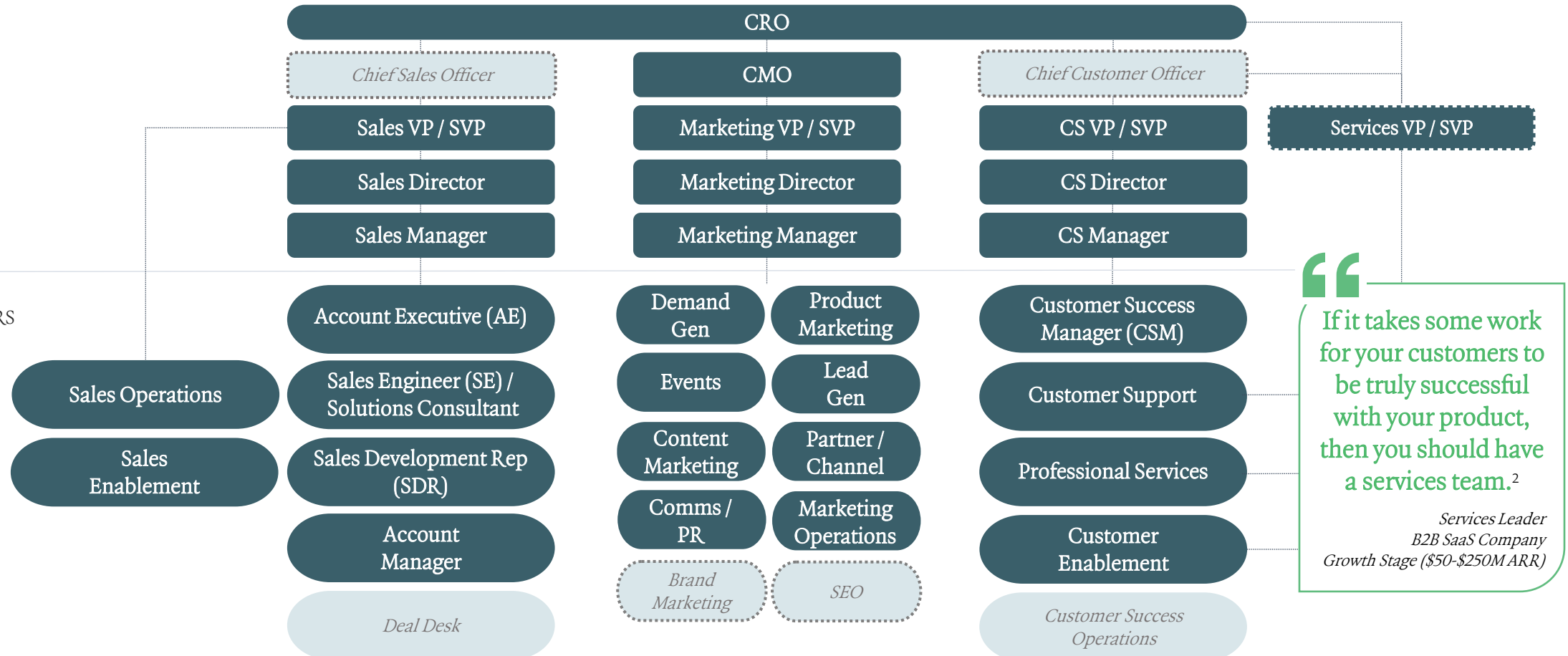
30-50%

*New role since  
prior stage*

### Roles with dedicated FTEs at companies with \$100-\$250M ARR<sup>1</sup>

*By percent of respondents with dedicated FTEs in role*

ICONIQ | Growth



**“**  
If it takes some work  
for your customers to  
be truly successful  
with your product,  
then you should have  
a services team.<sup>2</sup>  
**”**

*Services Leader  
B2B SaaS Company  
Growth Stage (\$50-\$250M ARR)*

<sup>1</sup> ICONIQ Growth Proprietary Survey of GTM Leaders (Mar 2023)

<sup>2</sup> Perspectives from the ICONIQ Growth network

CEO / founder role not shown here, but many companies have their GTM C-suite report directly to the CEO as well

## Org Structure by Stage | Later-stage: \$250-\$500M

Most companies with \$250M+ ARR have C-suite executives leading each go-to-market team and reporting into revenue leadership or a CEO. Sales teams focus on operationalizing by building out deal desks, and marketing teams invest more in brand marketing

Percent of companies with  
**dedicated FTEs** in role

>50%

30-50%

*New role since  
prior stage*

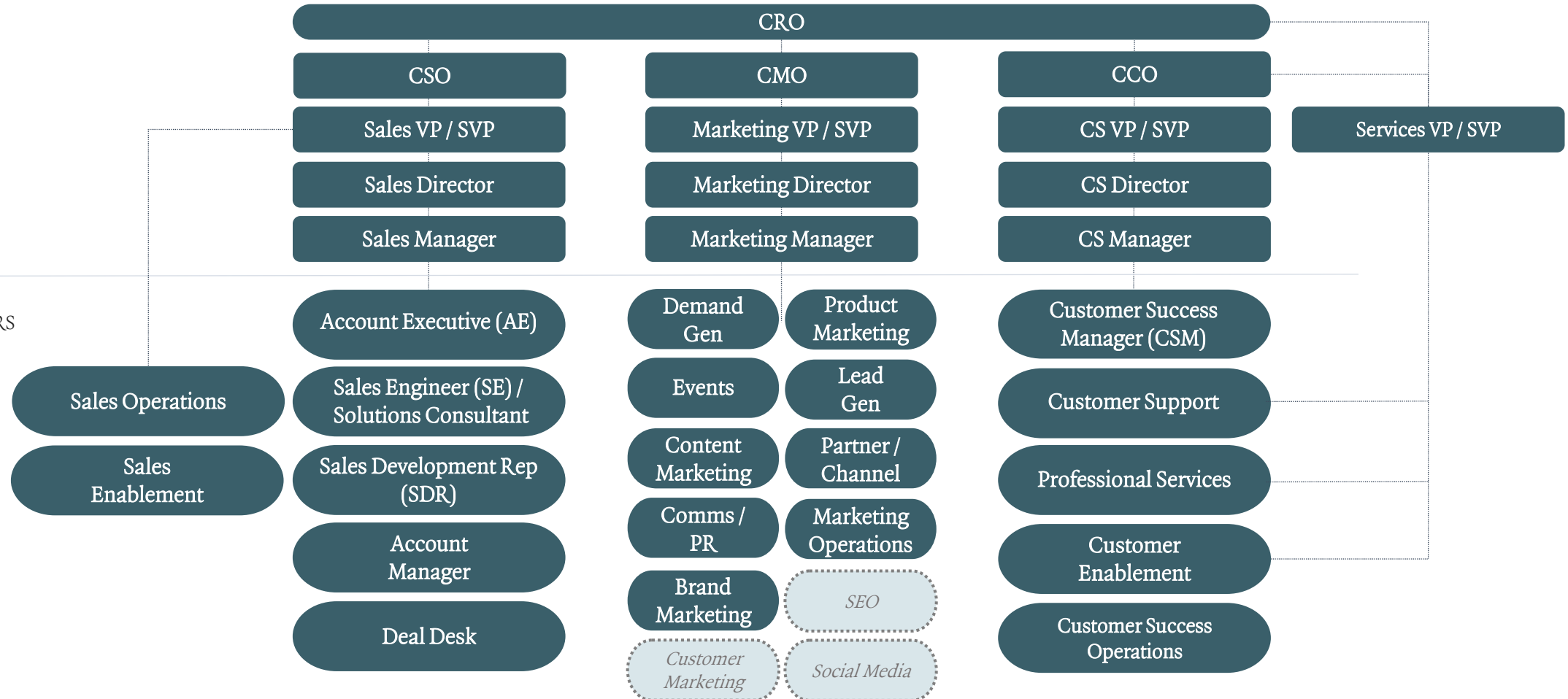
LEADERSHIP

INDIVIDUAL  
CONTRIBUTORS

### Roles with dedicated FTEs at companies with \$250-\$500M ARR<sup>1</sup>

*By percent of respondents with dedicated FTEs in role*

ICONIQ | Growth



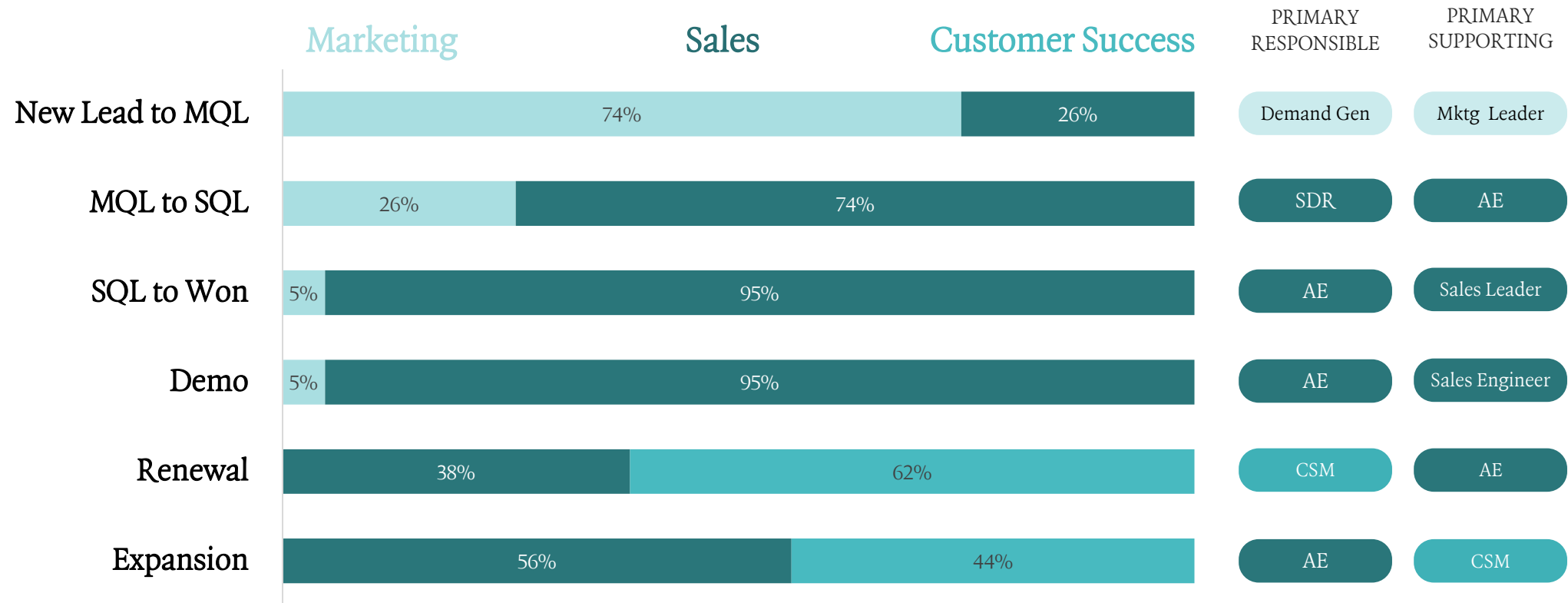
<sup>1</sup> ICONIQ Growth Proprietary Survey of GTM Leaders (Mar 2023)  
CEO / founder role not shown here, but many companies have their GTM C-suite report directly to the CEO as well

## Roles & Responsibilities by Stage | Early stage: <\$25M

Reporting structure and sequencing of hiring depend heavily on roles and responsibilities. Early-stage companies tend to not have account management teams, so renewal and expansion responsibilities are shared between CSMs and account executives

Which team & employee is primarily responsible for the following steps of the sales process?<sup>1</sup>  
% of respondents

ICONIQ | Growth

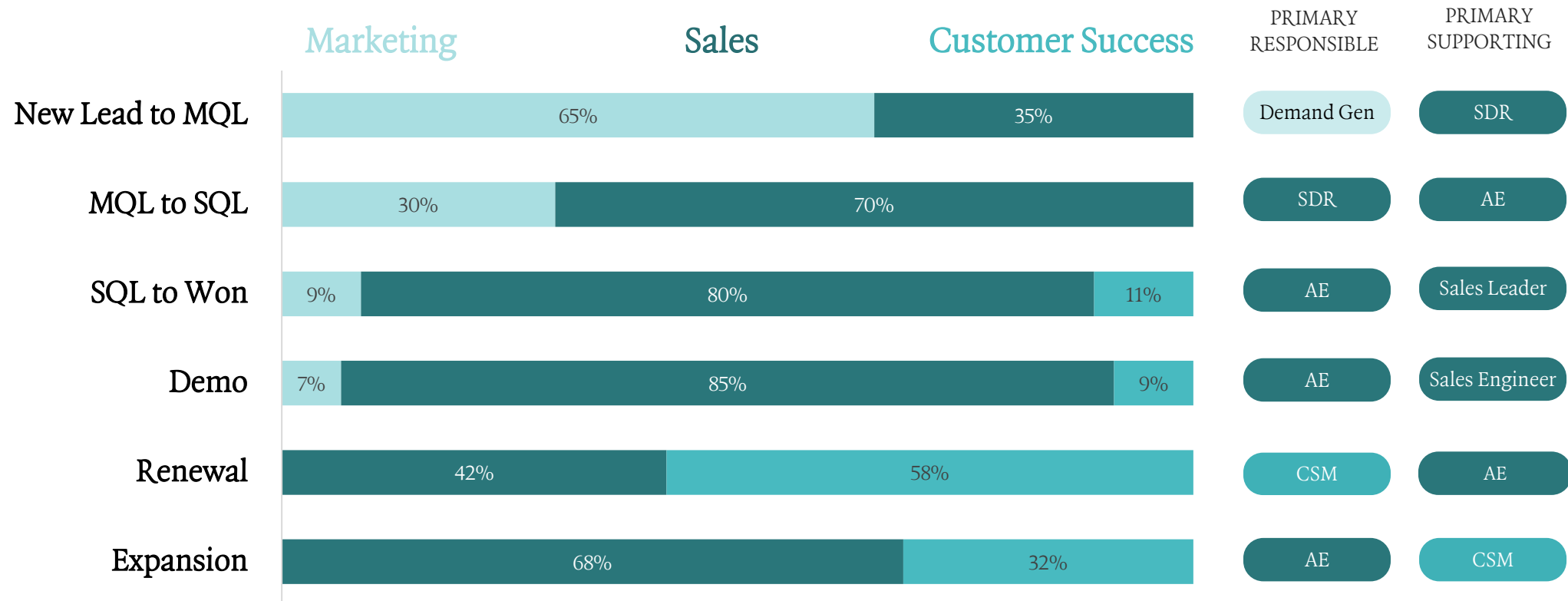


## Roles & Responsibilities by Stage | Growth stage: \$25-\$100M

As companies scale and the customer base grows, sales development begins to have more top-of-funnel responsibilities, and account executives begin to have more renewal and expansion responsibilities

Which team & employee is primarily responsible for the following steps of the sales process?<sup>1</sup>  
% of respondents

ICONIQ | Growth

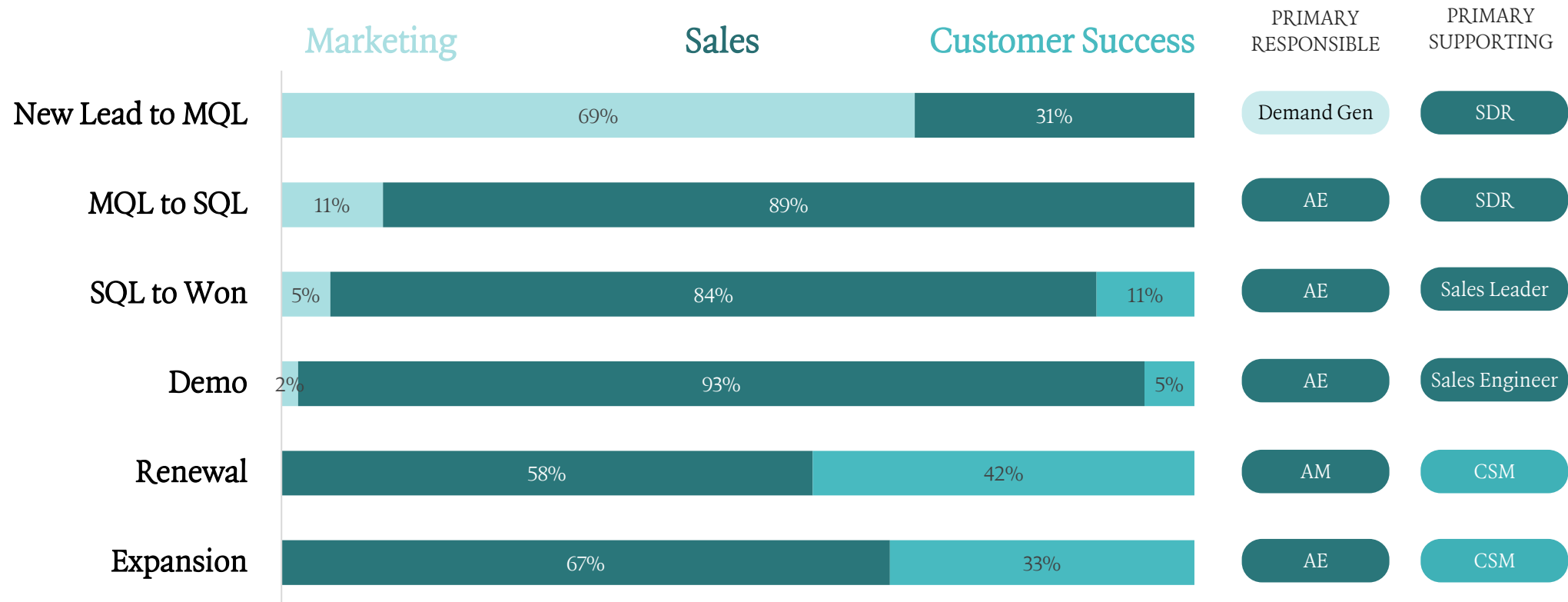


## Roles & Responsibilities by Stage | Late stage: \$100-\$500M

By \$100M ARR, most companies have both renewal and expansion responsibilities under the purview of sales. Account management teams are built out to own renewals, and AEs are split into “hunters” looking for new logos and “farmers” looking to expand existing customers

Which team & employee is primarily responsible for the following steps of the sales process?<sup>1</sup>  
*% of respondents*

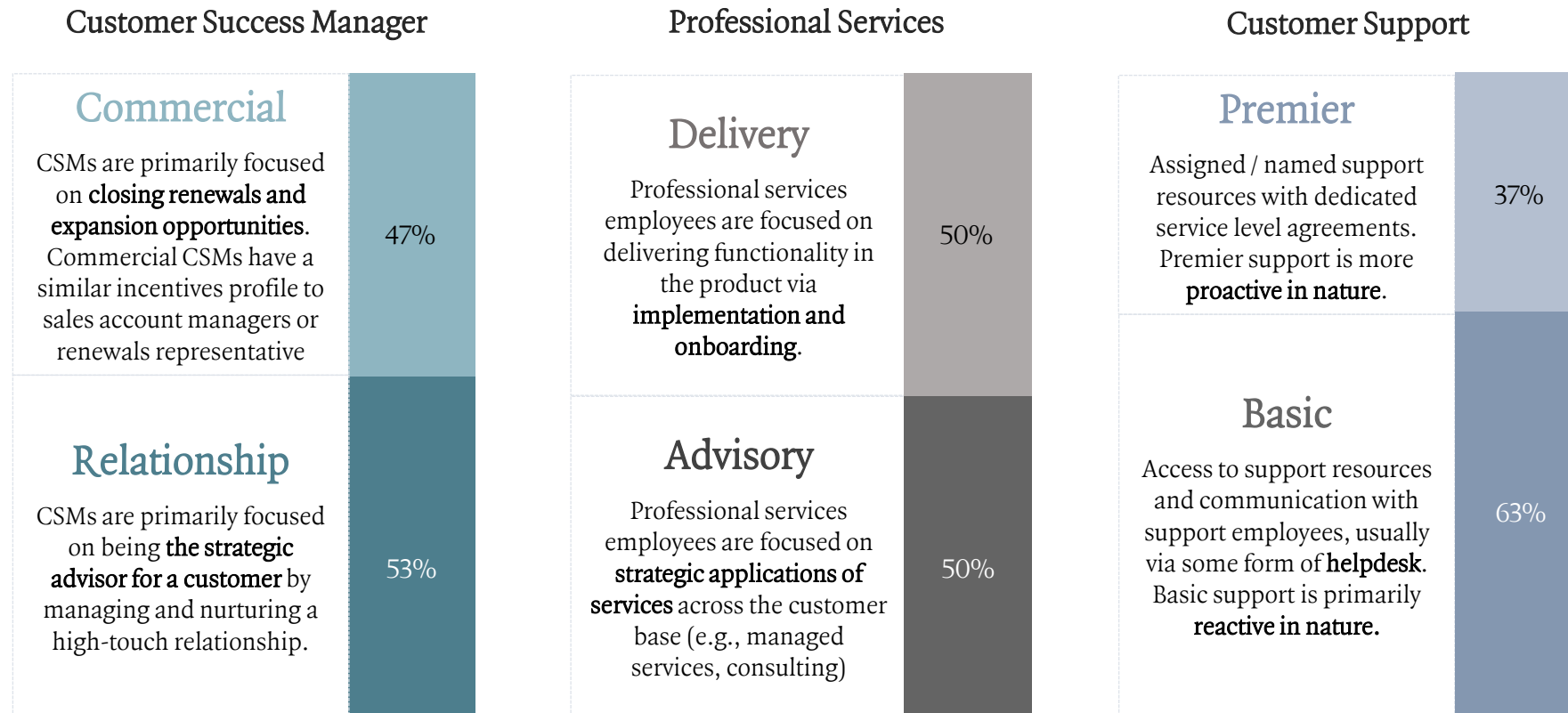
ICONIQ | Growth



## Customer Organization Archetypes | CSM models

Customer success, services, and customer support roles can also look different across companies, impacting org structure and headcount allocation. We see two primary archetypes for each of these roles, with relatively equal prevalence in the B2B SaaS landscape

### Primary customer success and services archetype<sup>1</sup> *% of respondents*



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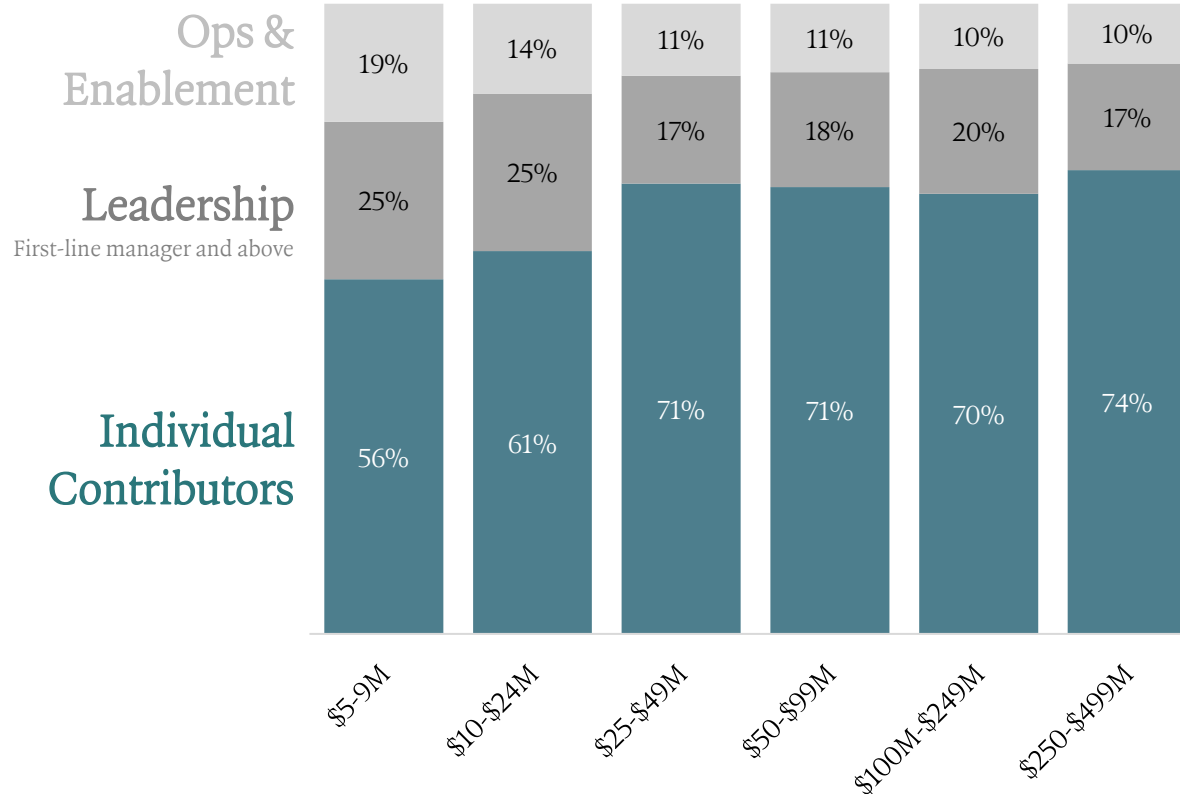
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## Headcount Allocation | Make-up of a sales team

As companies scale, quota-carrying individual contributors become a larger proportion of the sales organization. While ICs compose 60-65% of an early-stage sales organization, they make up 70-75% of a later-stage sales organization

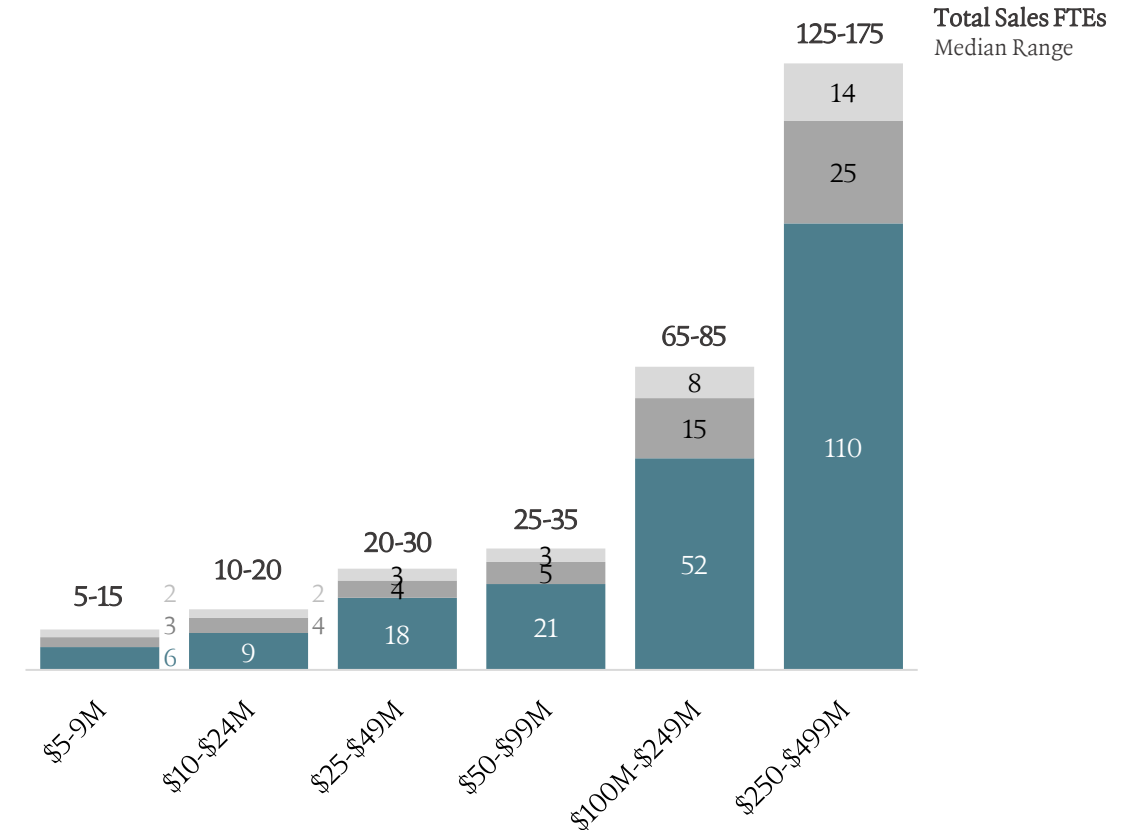
### Distribution of sales FTEs<sup>1</sup>

Median % of FTEs by type



### Number of sales FTEs<sup>1,2</sup>

Median by type



<sup>1</sup> ICONIQ Growth Proprietary Survey of GTM Leaders (Mar 2023)

<sup>2</sup> Median ranges provided due to variability in absolute headcount numbers

## Headcount Allocation | Detailed distribution of sales headcount

Sales teams are composed mostly of AEs, SDRs, and leadership in the early-stages. As sales teams scale, the proportion of account managers and sales engineering headcount increases, and the proportion of ops & enablement headcount decreases as efficiencies are achieved

**Distribution of sales headcount<sup>1</sup>**  
*Median % of total sales headcount by role*

ICONIQ | Growth

	Account Executive	SDR / BDR	Account Managers	Sales Engineers	Sales Director+ <i>Director and above<sup>2</sup></i>	Sales Manager	Sales Enablement	Sales Operations	Deal Desk
<\$25M	20-25%	10-15%	5-10%	5-10%	10-15%	5-10%	3-5%	3-5%	3-5%
\$25-\$99M	20-25%	15-20%	10-15%	10-15%	5-10%	5-10%	3-5%	1-3%	1-3%
\$100-\$499M	25-30%	10-15%	10-15%	5-10%	5-10%	5-10%	3-5%	3-5%	3-5%
\$500M+	40-45%	5-10%	10-15%	15-20%	1-5%	5-10%	1-3%	1-3%	1-3%

● Individual Contributors
● Leadership
● Ops & Enablement

<sup>1</sup> ICONIQ Growth Proprietary Survey of GTM Leaders (Mar 2023)

<sup>2</sup> Director and above includes sales directors, heads of sales (VP, SVP), and c-suite sales leaders

## Headcount Allocation | Ratio of AEs to other key IC roles

As account executives make up the largest portion of most sales organizations, GTM headcount planning is often based on ratios between AEs and other key roles. On average, companies have ~4 AEs per account manager, ~3 per SDR, ~2 per sales engineer, and 1-2 per CSM

Segment

All companies

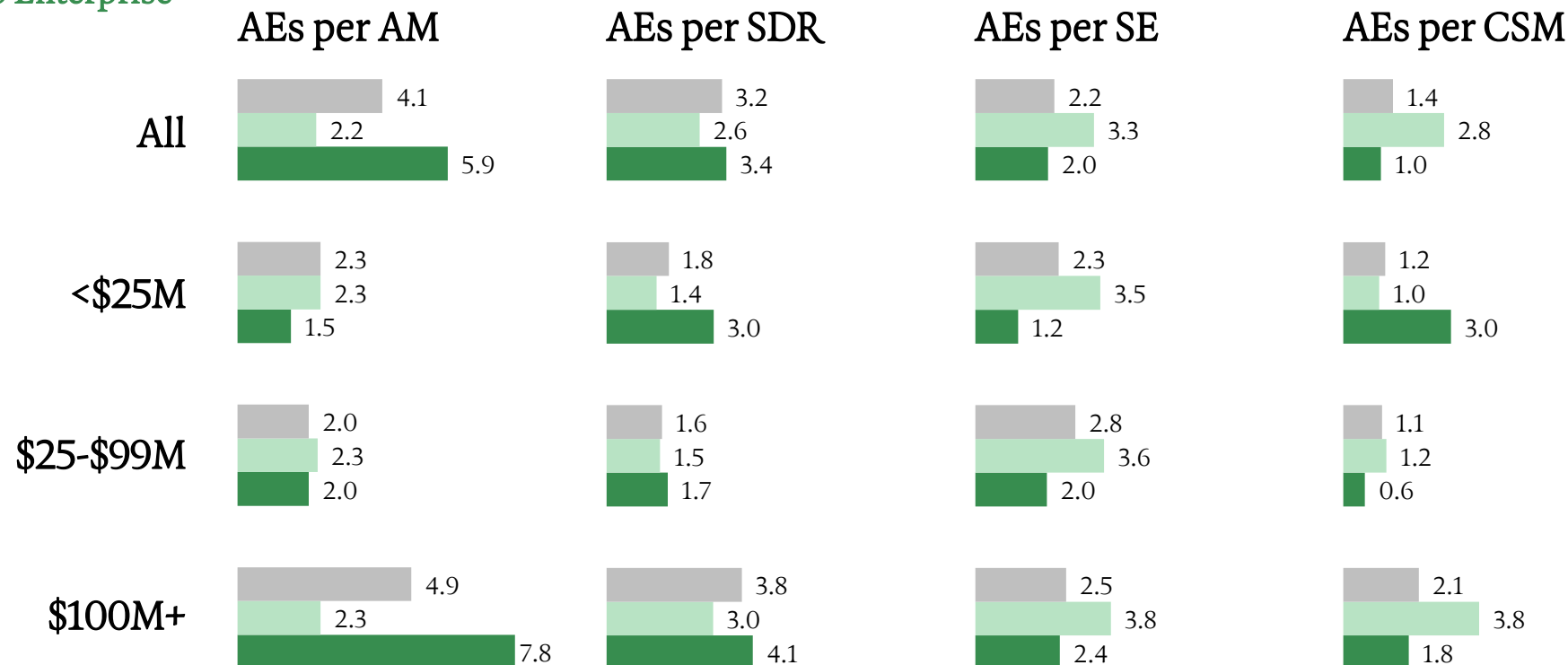
SMB to Mid-market

Mid-market to Enterprise

Headcount ratios: AEs to key GTM ICs<sup>1</sup>

Average by segment

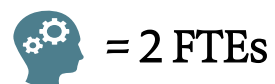
ICONIQ | Growth



Account executives make up an increasingly larger portion of the go-to-market organization as companies scale past \$100M ARR, with AEs per AM increasing from 2 to 5, AEs per SDR from 2 to 4, and AEs per CSM from 1 to 2.

## Headcount Allocation | Ratio of AEs to sales ops & enablement FTEs

As with other ICs, the number of AEs per sales ops and enablement FTEs increases as companies scale. Early-stage companies have 5-7 AEs per sales enablement FTE, and start gaining significant leverage with sales ops and enablement employees after reaching \$500M ARR



= 2 FTEs

### AEs per Sales Enablement FTE<sup>1</sup>

*Median*

<\$25M



5-6

\$25-\$99M



6-7

\$100-\$499M



10-12

\$500M+



22-24

### AEs per Sales Operations FTE<sup>1</sup>

*Median*

5-6



8-12



8-12



20-22

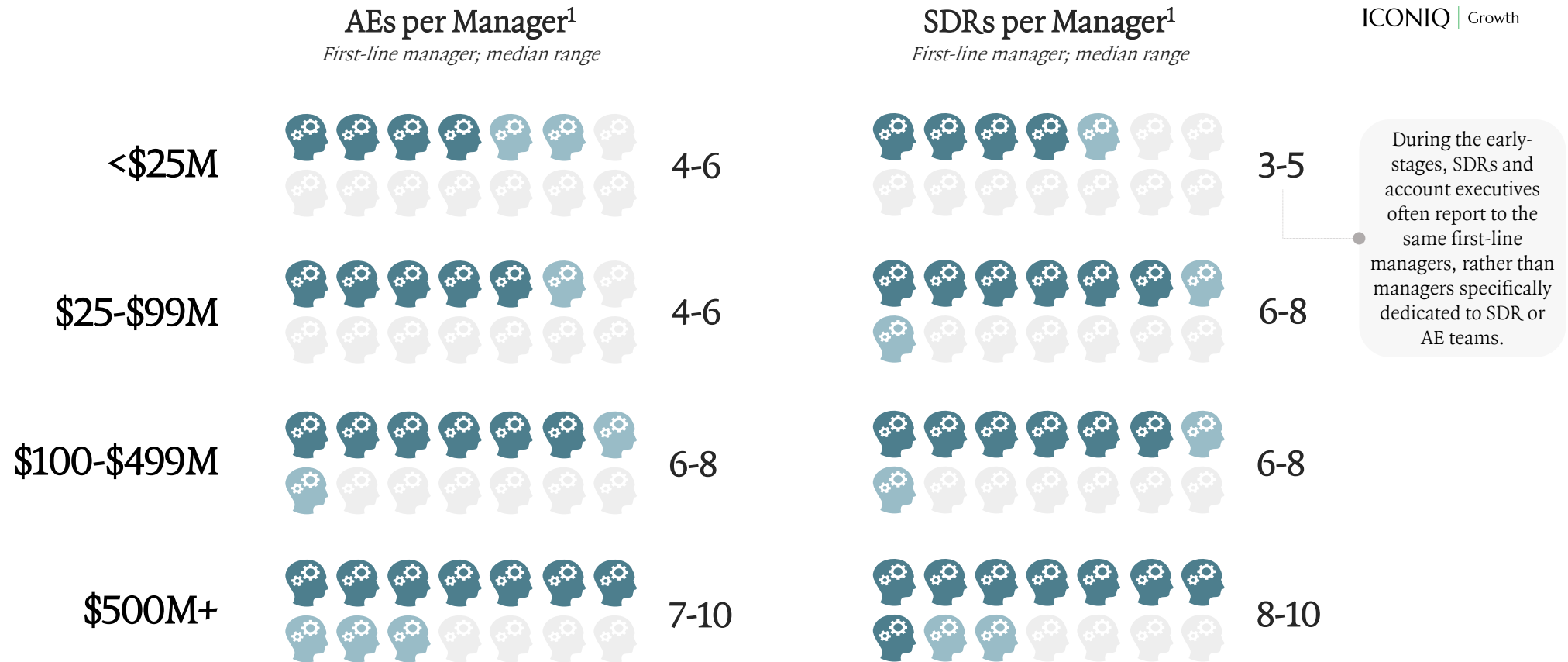


ICONIQ | Growth

Increasing leverage across sales operations and enablement teams comes partially from **enablement tools and technology**, a critical component of the go-to-market tech stack.

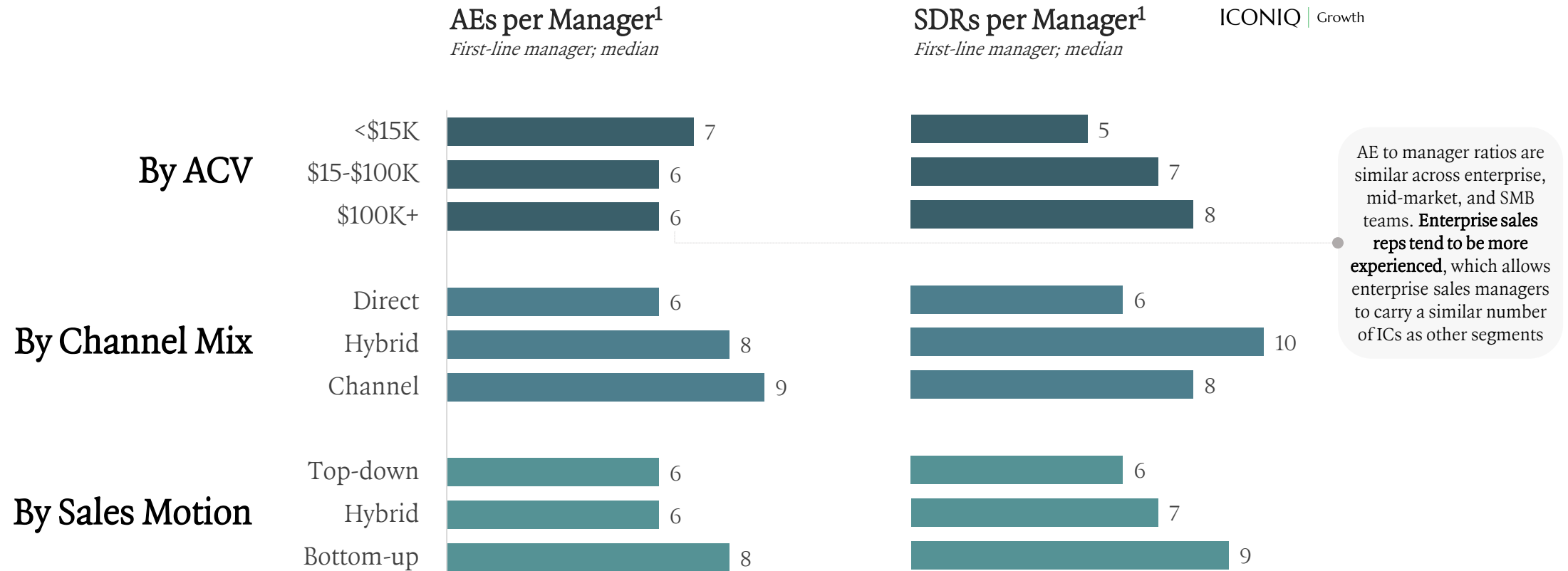
## Headcount Allocation | Ratio of AEs and SDRs to first-line managers

In terms of ICs per manager, companies increase the number of account executives per manager from ~5 to ~8, and the number of SDRs per manager from ~4 to ~9 as they scale. Most companies limit the number of direct reports to managers to a maximum of 10



## Headcount Allocation | Ratio of AEs and SDRs to first-line managers

While scale is the primary driver of IC to manager ratios, go-to-market motion is another important factor. Teams with channel-driven sales typically have more ICs per manager, as do companies with a bottom-up or product-led sales motion



## Headcount Allocation | Sales leadership headcount ratios

The ratio between sales managers and sales directors stays relatively constant between 2-4 as companies scale. However, the average number of sales managers per head of sales (VP or SVP) increases from ~3 to ~7 as companies scale

ICONIQ | Growth

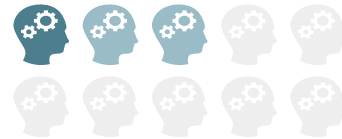
Sales Manager per Director<sup>1</sup>

*Median range*

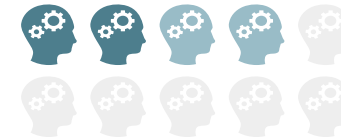
Sales Manager per VP/SVP Sales<sup>1</sup>

*Median range*

<\$25M

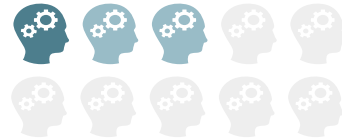


1-3

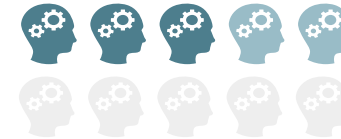


2-4

\$25-\$99M



1-3



3-5

\$100-\$499M



2-4



4-6

\$500M+



2-4



6-8

## Headcount Allocation | Sales rep segmentation

Sales organizations segment account executive and sales development teams primarily by geography and size. As companies scale, sales teams are increasingly organized by industry and product

### How are your sales teams segmented?<sup>1</sup>

% of respondents by ARR scale; select all that apply

ICONIQ | Growth

Top 3

Top 5

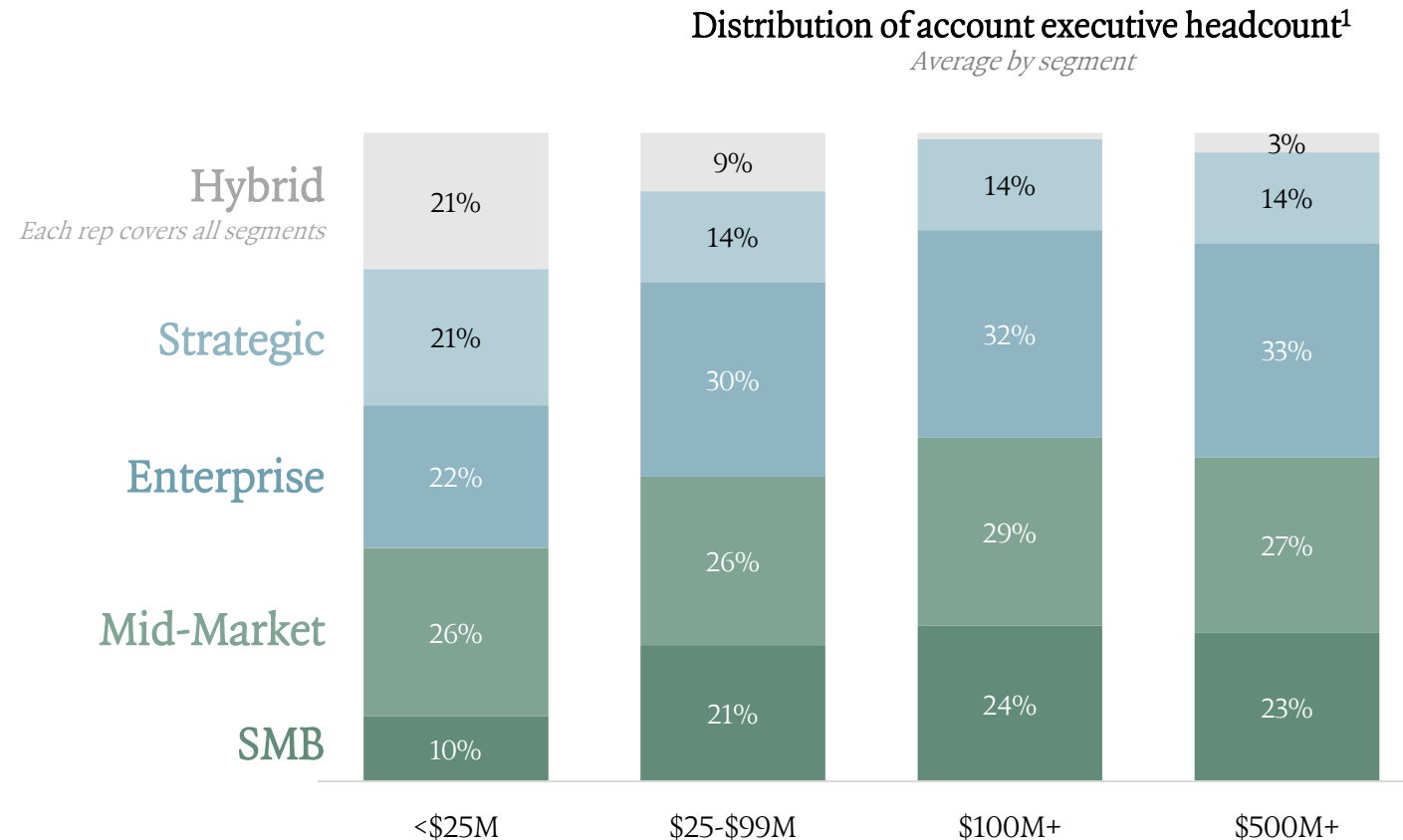
	Account Executives		SDRs / BDRs	
	<\$50M ARR	\$50M+ ARR	<\$50M ARR	\$50M+ ARR
Geography	63%	72%	55%	60%
Size	53%	71%	48%	51%
Named Accounts	35%	42%	20%	19%
Industry	19%	43%	27%	26%
Round-Robin	11%	12%	11%	9%
Lead Source	11%	9%	11%	15%
Product	8%	18%	2%	8%
Buyer Persona	5%	6%	2%	6%

Most companies use **at least two segmentation methods** for their account executives and SDRs, and the number of **segmentation methods used increases as companies scale**.

**AEs and SDRs are usually aligned across geography, size, and industry.** However, there can be differences in segmentations between the two roles. SDRs are commonly segmented by lead source, as top-of-funnel processes can differ between inbound and outbound sources. Similarly, AEs are often segmented by product, as buying cycles can differ by use case and buyer persona.

## Headcount Allocation | Account executive headcount by segment

As organizations scale, sales teams become increasingly distributed across each segment. On average, 20% of AEs are focused on SMB, 27% are focused on mid-market, 30% are focused on enterprise, and 15% are focused on strategic accounts



ICONIQ | Growth

**“As sales reps move up-market, they need to build more of an account ownership muscle.”**

The expectation for SMB reps is to make a sale and move on. Enterprise reps have to think long-term and become the relationship manager. They should be working closely with customer success and be involved in every customer conversation.<sup>2</sup>

*Sales Leader  
Vertical SaaS*

*Growth Stage (\$50-\$250MARR)*

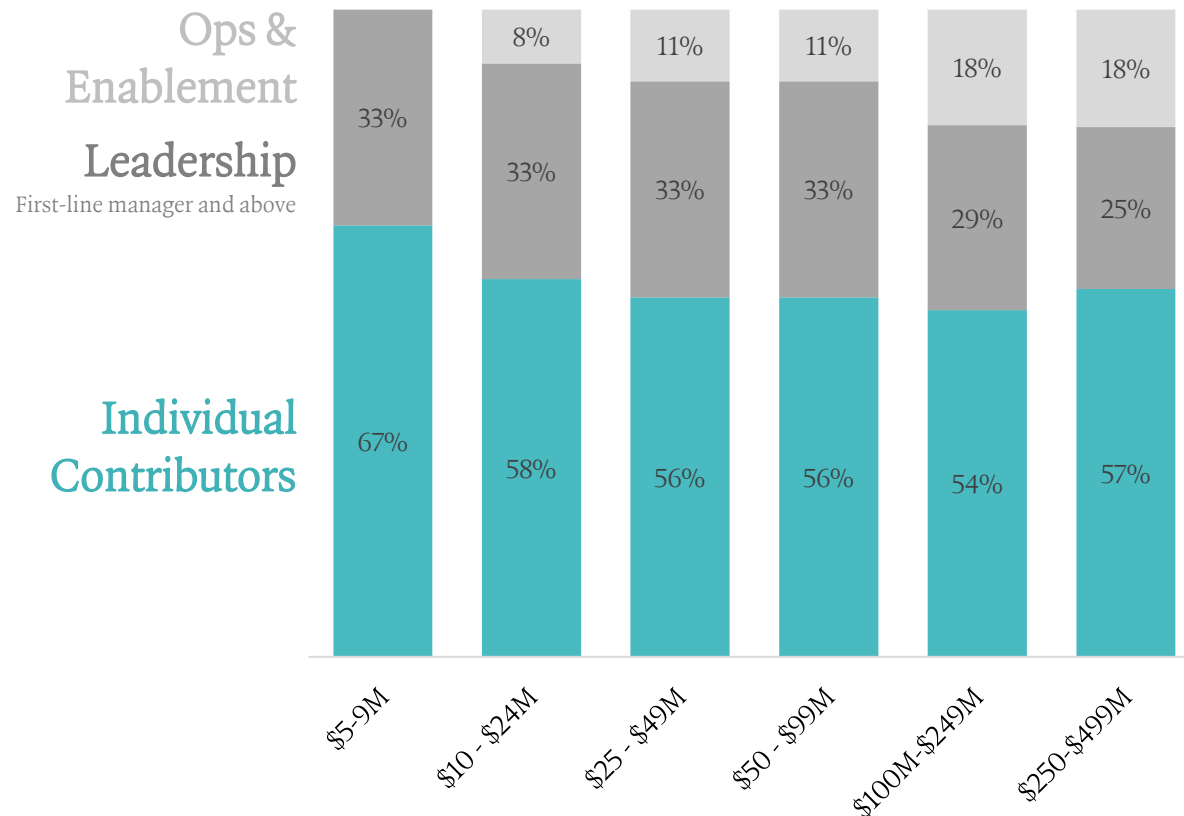
This dataset skews towards SaaS companies selling into mid-market and enterprise customers. **Respondents focused on SMB customers** had ~50% of their account executives dedicated to SMB, 30% to mid-market, and 20% to enterprise and strategic accounts

## Headcount Allocation | Make-up of a customer success team

Unlike sales teams, the make-up of a customer success team shifts away from individual contributors and towards CS ops and enablement as companies scale. Leadership also makes up a larger portion of CS teams compared to sales teams, as CS leaders are often meaningfully involved in customer experience management

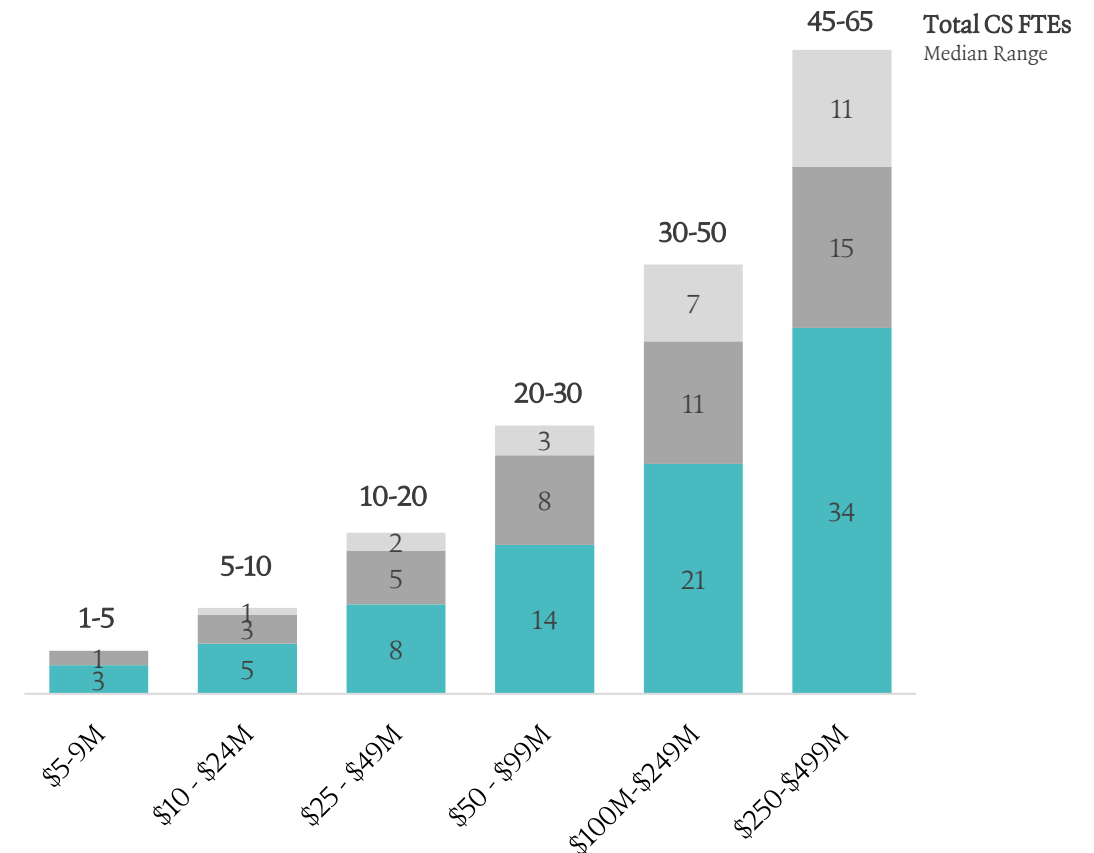
### Distribution of CS FTEs<sup>1</sup>

Median % of total FTEs by type



### Number of CS FTEs<sup>1,2</sup>

Median by type



ICONIQ | Growth

Total CS FTEs  
Median Range

## Headcount Allocation | Detailed distribution of customer success headcount

CSMs make up a larger portion of customer success team headcount at companies with a relationship CSM model, while companies with commercial-led CSM models have a larger portion of headcount dedicated to first-line managers

[See how we define these CSM archetypes](#)

### Distribution of CS Headcount<sup>1</sup> *Median % of total marketing ICs by role*

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#### Commercial CSM Model

	CSM	CS Manager	CS Director+ <sup>2</sup>	CS Ops
<\$25M	45-55%	25-35%	20-25%	0-5%
\$25-\$99M	50-60%	10-15%	20-25%	10-15%
\$100-\$499M	60-70%	15-20%	10-15%	5-10%
\$500M+	65-75%	5-10%	1-5%	15-20%

#### Relationship CSM Model

	CSM	CS Manager	CS Director+ <sup>2</sup>	CS Ops
<\$25M	50-60%	5-10%	20-30%	5-10%
\$25-\$99M	50-60%	5-10%	20-30%	5-10%
\$100-\$499M	60-70%	10-15%	10-15%	10-15%
\$500M+	70-80%	10-15%	1-5%	10-15%

## Headcount Allocation | CSMs per manager by archetype

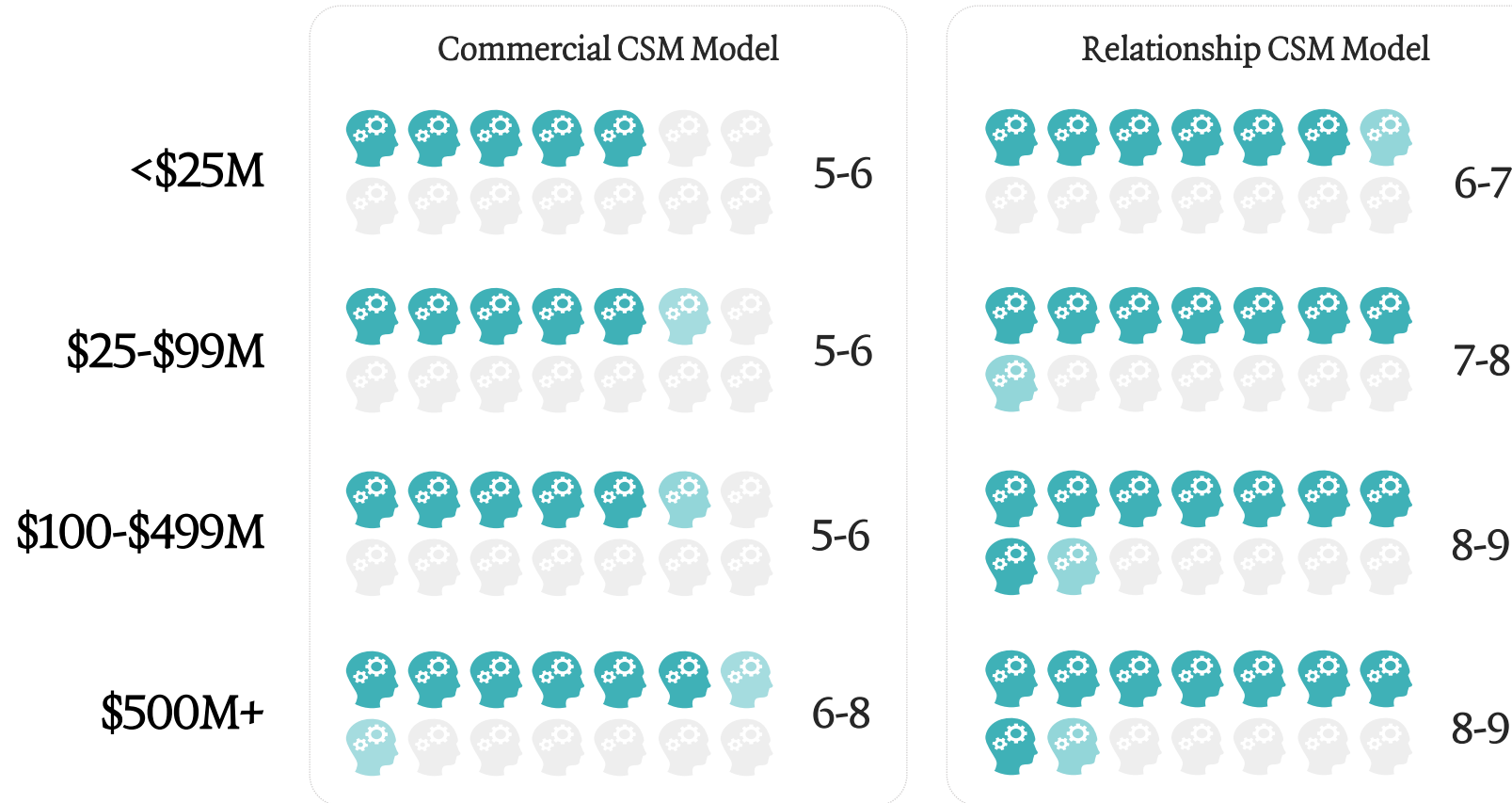
Like account executives, companies with a commercial CSM model scale the number of commercial CSMs per manager from 5 to 8 as they scale. Companies with a relationship CSM model have more CSMs per manager, scaling from 6 to 9 CSMs per manager

[See how we define these CSM archetypes](#)

### CSMs per CS Manager by CSM Archetype<sup>1</sup>

*First-line manager; average range*

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Our product is very complicated and purpose-built for our vertical, so our CSMs need to be product and relationship focused. They are technical product experts and adoption-obsessed. When you have a simpler product with easy implementation and immediate time to value, you can have generalist CSMs with more of a commercial mindset.<sup>2</sup>

*Sales Leader  
Vertical SaaS  
Late-Stage (\$250M+ARR)*

<sup>1</sup> ICONIQ Growth Proprietary Survey of GTM Leaders (Mar 2023)

<sup>2</sup> Perspectives from the ICONIQ Growth network

## Headcount Allocation | Customer-facing role segmentation

Like sales reps, account managers and CSMs are primarily segmented by geography, size, and customer vertical. However, named account segmentation is more common for customer-facing teams, as new customers are often assigned based on team capacity

### How are your customer-facing roles segmented?<sup>1</sup>

*% of respondents by ARR scale; select all that apply*

ICONIQ | Growth

Top 2

Top 4

#### Account Managers

<\$50M ARR

\$50M+ ARR

Geography

50%

78%

Size

60%

68%

Named Accounts

33%

28%

Industry

27%

30%

Product

7%

15%

Round-Robin

7%

3%

Buyer Persona

0%

5%

#### CSMs

<\$50M ARR

\$50M+ ARR

60%

75%

60%

50%

13%

34%

27%

56%

13%

16%

20%

3%

0%

9%

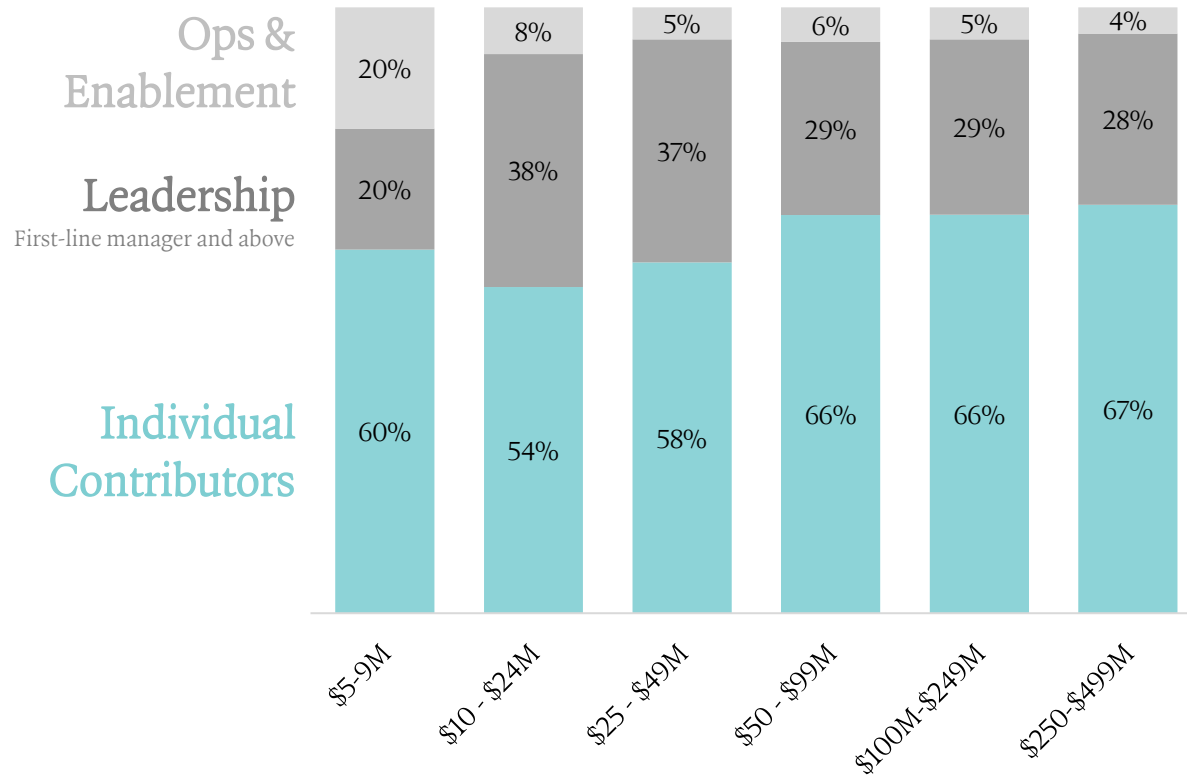
Commercial CSMs are more aligned with Account Managers in that they are usually segmented by customer location and size. However, **relationship-focused CSMs are more often segmented by customer industry/vertical and product/use cases**, as they tend to be more involved in the customer's product adoption.

## Headcount Allocation | Make-up of a marketing team

After reaching \$10M ARR, the make-up of a marketing team stays relatively consistent as companies scale, with individual contributors comprising ~55-65%, leadership comprising 25-35%, and ops and enablement 5-10% of headcount

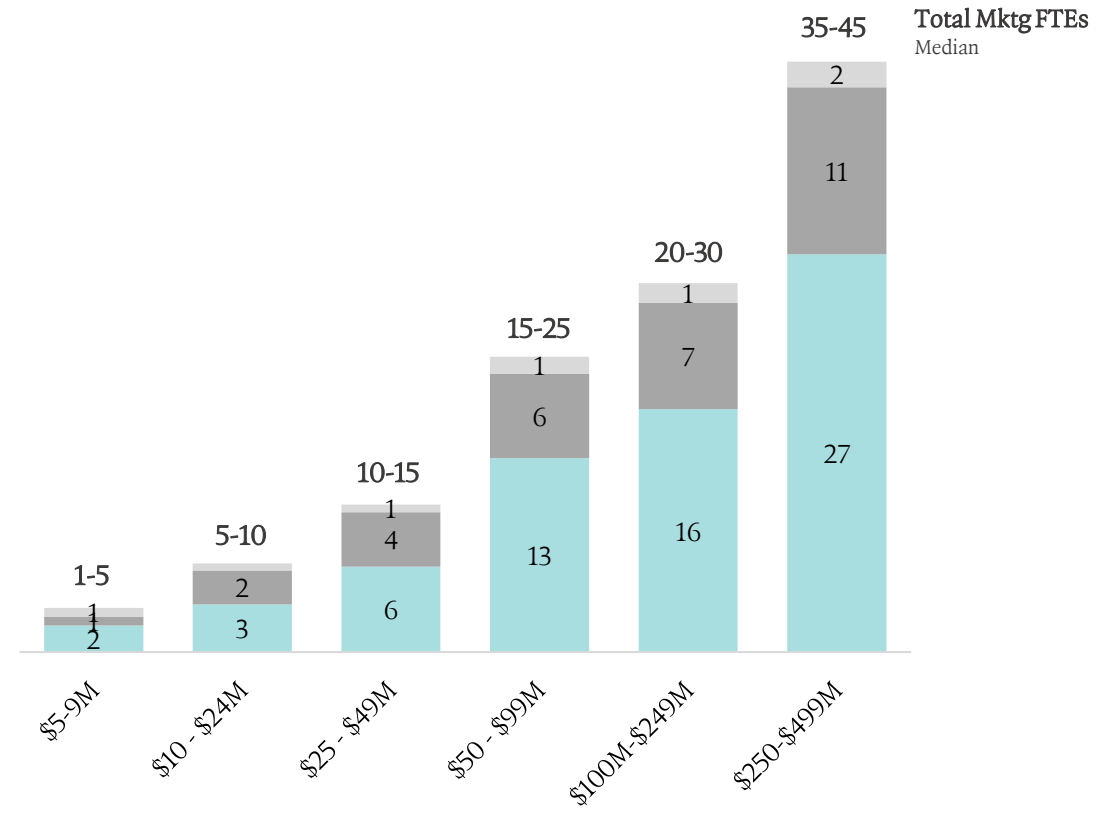
### Distribution of marketing FTEs<sup>1</sup>

Median% of total FTEs by type



### Number of marketing FTEs<sup>1,2</sup>

Median by type



ICONIQ | Growth

## Headcount Allocation | Distribution of marketing individual contributors

In terms of individual contributors, content, demand generation, and product marketing makeup the largest proportion of the marketing organization. As companies mature, marketing teams become more specialized, building out roles dedicated to comms, channel marketing, customer marketing, and more

**Distribution of Marketing ICs<sup>1</sup>**  
Average % of total marketing ICs by role

ICONIQ | Growth

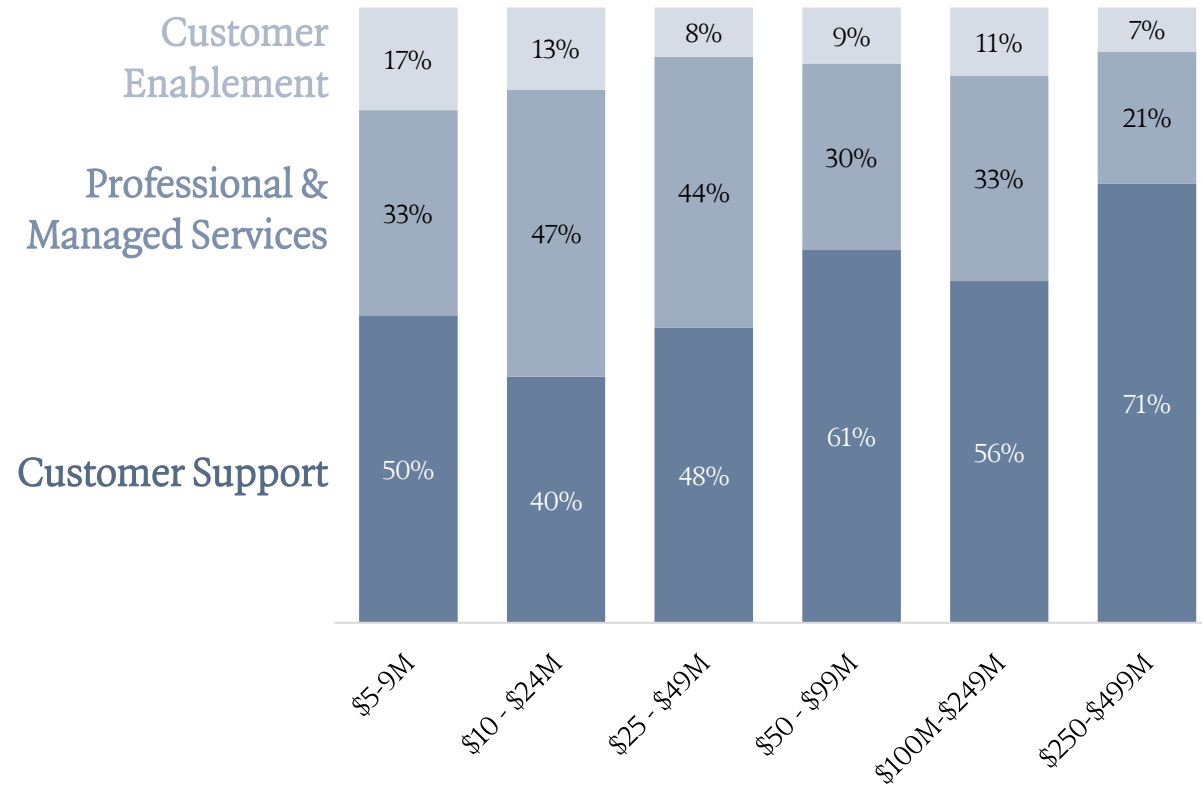
	Content	Demand Gen	Product Mktg	Lead Gen	Brand	Social Media	Comms	Customer Mktg	Events	Partner Mktg	SEO
<\$25M	15-20%	10-15%	5-10%	5-10%	0-10%	0-10%	0-10%	0-10%	0-10%	0-10%	0%
\$25-\$99M	5-10%	10-15%	15-20%	15-20%	15-20%	10-15%	1-5%	1-5%	1-5%	1-5%	1-5%
\$100-\$499M	10-15%	15-20%	15-20%	5-10%	5-10%	1-5%	5-10%	10-15%	5-10%	1-5%	1-5%
\$500M+	5-10%	20-25%	25-30%	1-5%	1-5%	1-5%	5-10%	5-10%	1-5%	5-10%	1-5%

## Headcount Allocation | Make-up of a services team

Cost of revenue teams are mostly comprised of customer support employees, which make up an increasing portion of services headcount as companies scale. Support employees comprise 50-70%, professional services 25-45%, and customer enablement 5-15% of COR teams

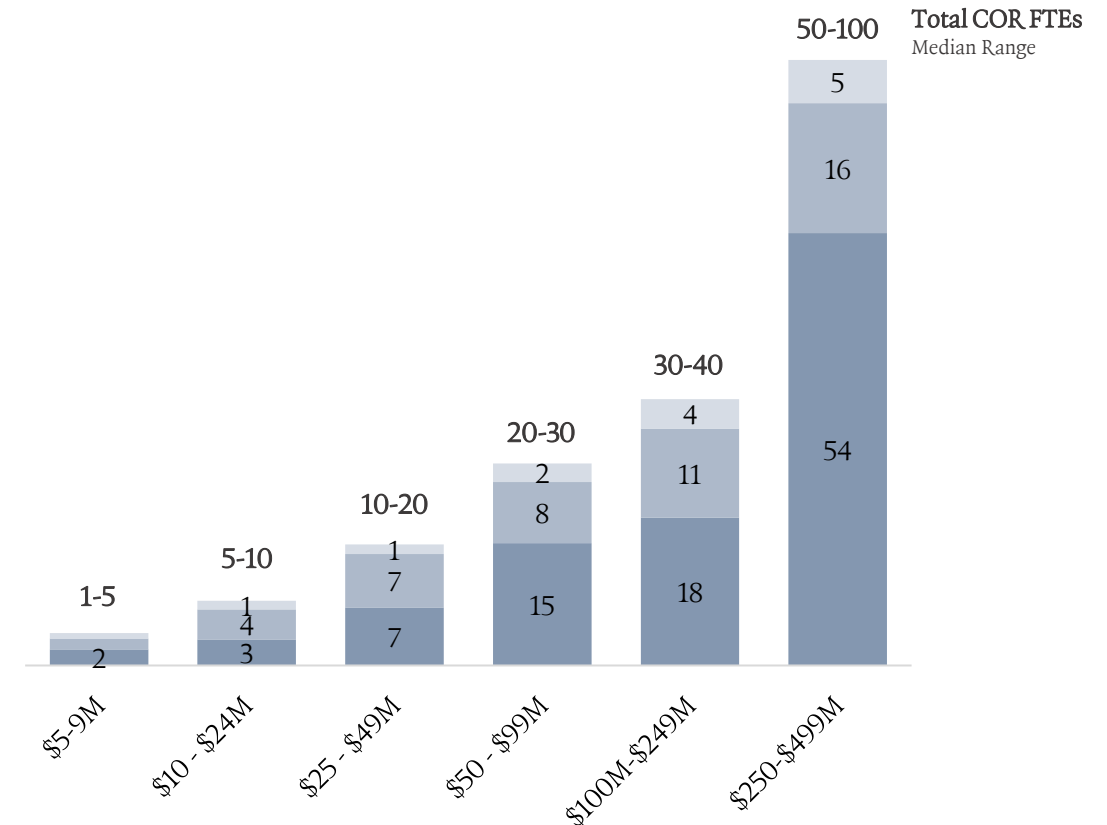
Distribution of Services FTEs<sup>1</sup>

Median% of total FTEs by type



Number of Services FTEs<sup>1,2</sup>

Median by type

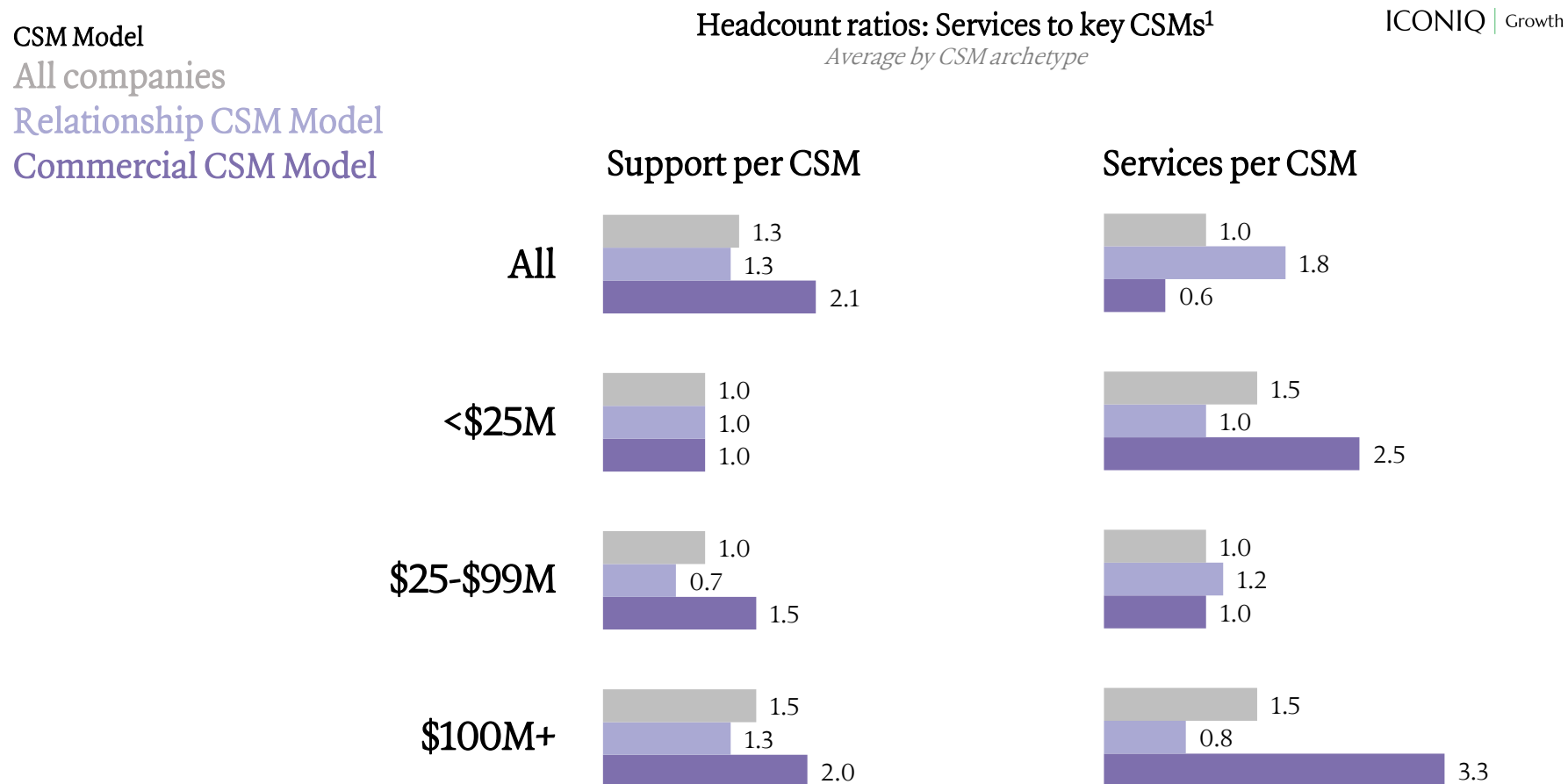


ICONIQ | Growth

Total COR FTEs  
Median Range

## Headcount Allocation | Ratio of CSMs to other key ICs

Companies typically have 1-2 support employees per CSM, and 1-2 professional services employees per CSM. This can differ by CSM archetype, with commercial-led customer success organizations typically having more support and services employees per CSM



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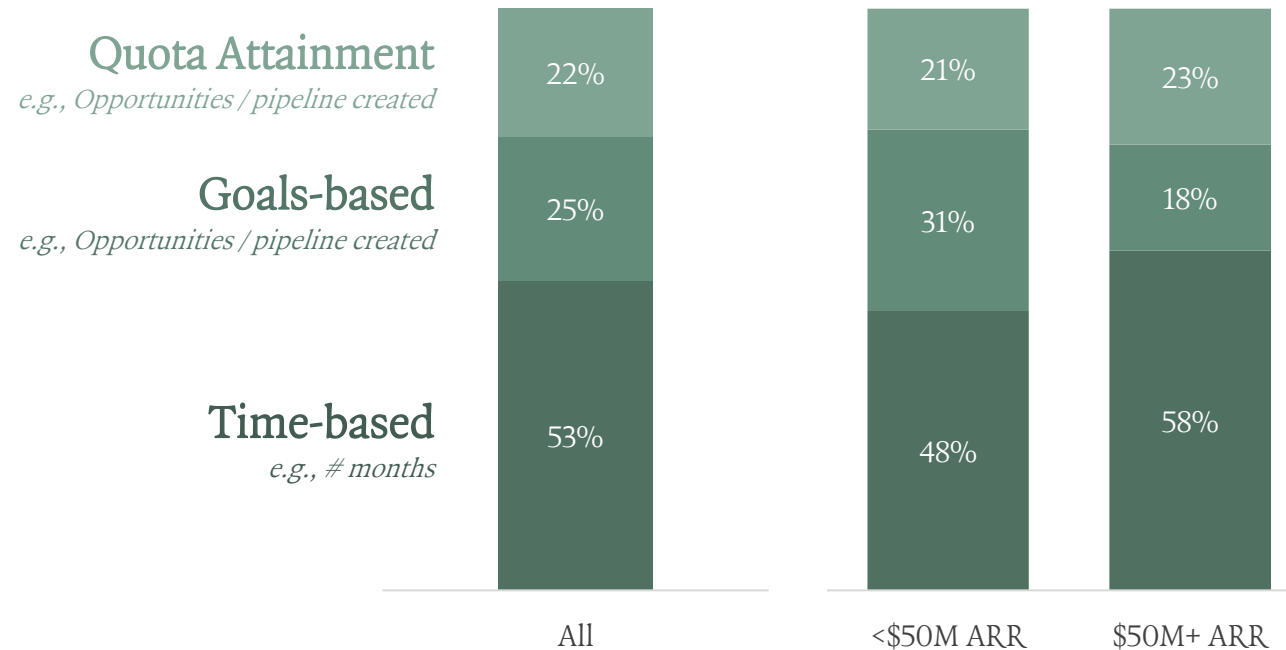
## Headcount Planning & Strategy | Ramp time

Ramp times introduce a challenging variable to headcount planning for go-to-market teams. While most companies use time-based ramp definitions, usually the number of months after a new hire starts, some companies consider ramp as progress towards goals or attainment

How does your organization determine when a sales rep is “ramped”?<sup>1</sup>

*% of respondents by method*

ICONIQ | Growth



“Our new sales hires are expected to create an opportunity in their first 3 days. We don’t throw new hires into a grueling onboarding process with hours of content and training, because they won’t retain that information. Instead, we have a meeting on the first day about messaging and outreach tactics, then they are immediately tasked with sending emails, writing LinkedIn messages, and conducting cold calls. We try to get new hires out of their comfort zones and create a competitive but spirited culture around results.”<sup>2</sup>

*Revenue Leader  
Data & Analytics  
Late-Stage (\$250M+ ARR)*

<sup>1</sup> ICONIQ Growth Proprietary Survey of GTM Leaders (Mar 2023)

<sup>2</sup> Perspectives from the ICONIQ Growth network

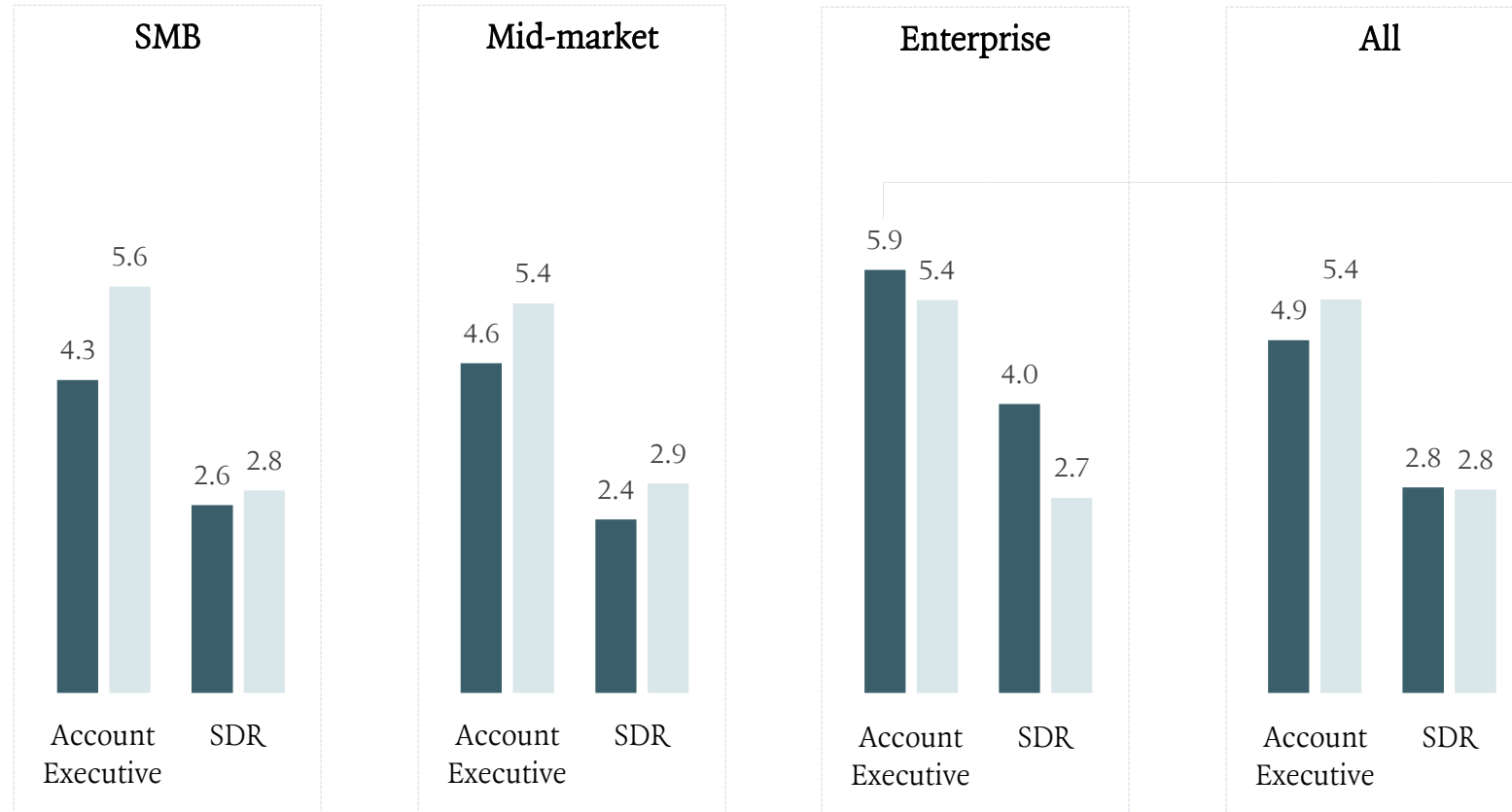
## Headcount Planning & Strategy | Ramp time for sales reps

Regardless, most sales reps will have to be hired 3-6 months before they can be expected to contribute meaningfully to revenue goals. SDRs take 2-4 months and AEs take 4-6 months to ramp, with longer ramp times for reps focused on enterprise and strategic segments

What is your organization's average ramp time (months) for sales reps?<sup>1</sup>  
*Median by company segment and type*

ICONIQ | Growth

Top Performers  
Other Companies



Top performing companies selling into enterprise segments reported longer ramp times for AEs and SDRs, perhaps due to **more extensive onboarding and enablement programs**

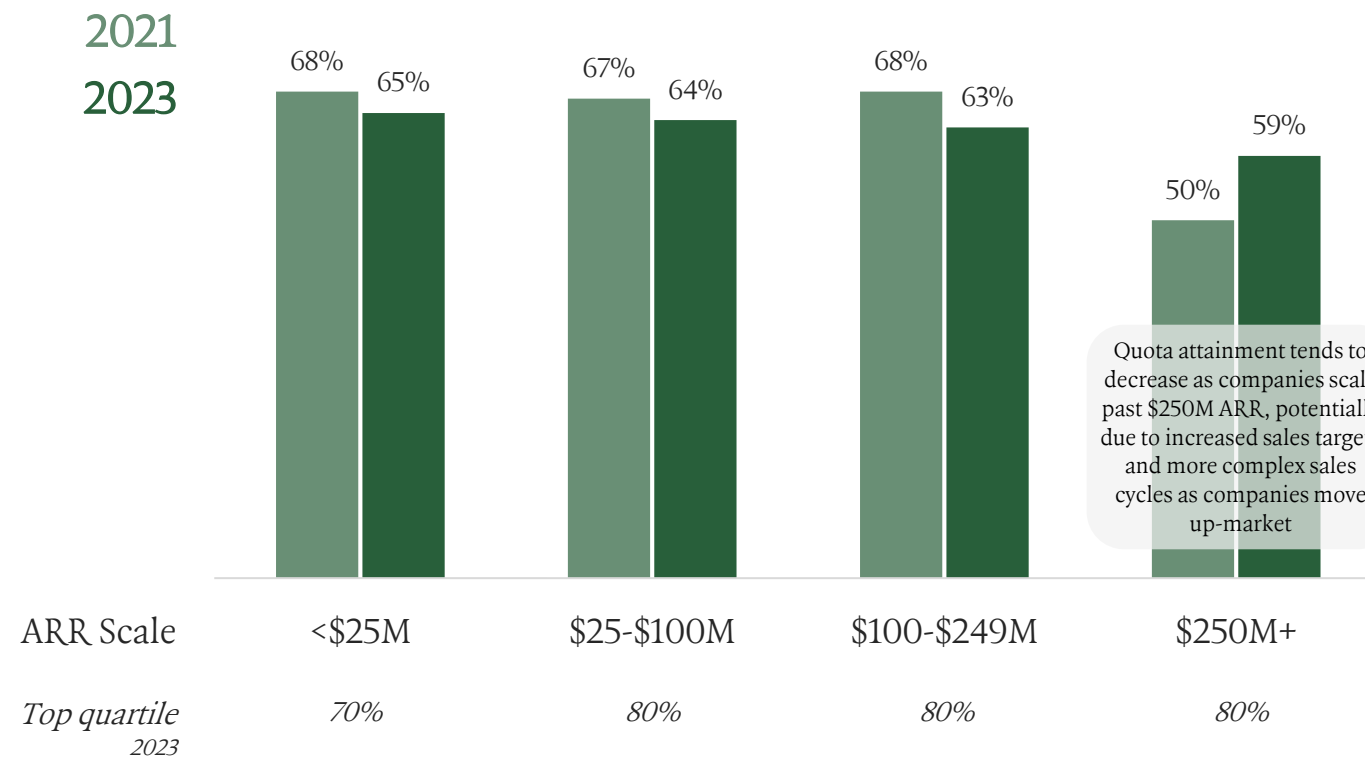
## Headcount Planning & Strategy | Ramp time for sales reps

Once fully ramped, between 60-70% of an organization's sales reps will achieve quota on average, with top quartile attainment between 70-80%. Compared to 2021, average quota attainment is down ~5 points for early- and growth-stage companies

### What percent of your organization's ramped account executives achieve quota?

ICONIQ | Growth

2021<sup>2</sup> vs 2023<sup>1</sup> average by ARR scale



“During extended periods of softened attainment, it's important to make your reps whole. One approach is simply lowering quotas, but this can be tricky as it may involve adjusting company-level plans. You can also shorten quota cycles from annual to half-year or quarterly, which can give you more flexibility to adjust to the market as needed. Finally, some reps may be in a territory where there's not much opportunity. These individuals should be taken care of – maybe a commitment-based plan makes more sense for that segment.”<sup>3</sup>

Sales Leader  
Go-to-Market & Operations  
Early-stage (<\$50M ARR)

1 ICONIQ Growth Proprietary Survey of GTM Leaders (Mar 2023)

2 ICONIQ Growth Proprietary Survey of GTM Leaders (Mar 2021)

3 Perspectives from the ICONIQ Growth network

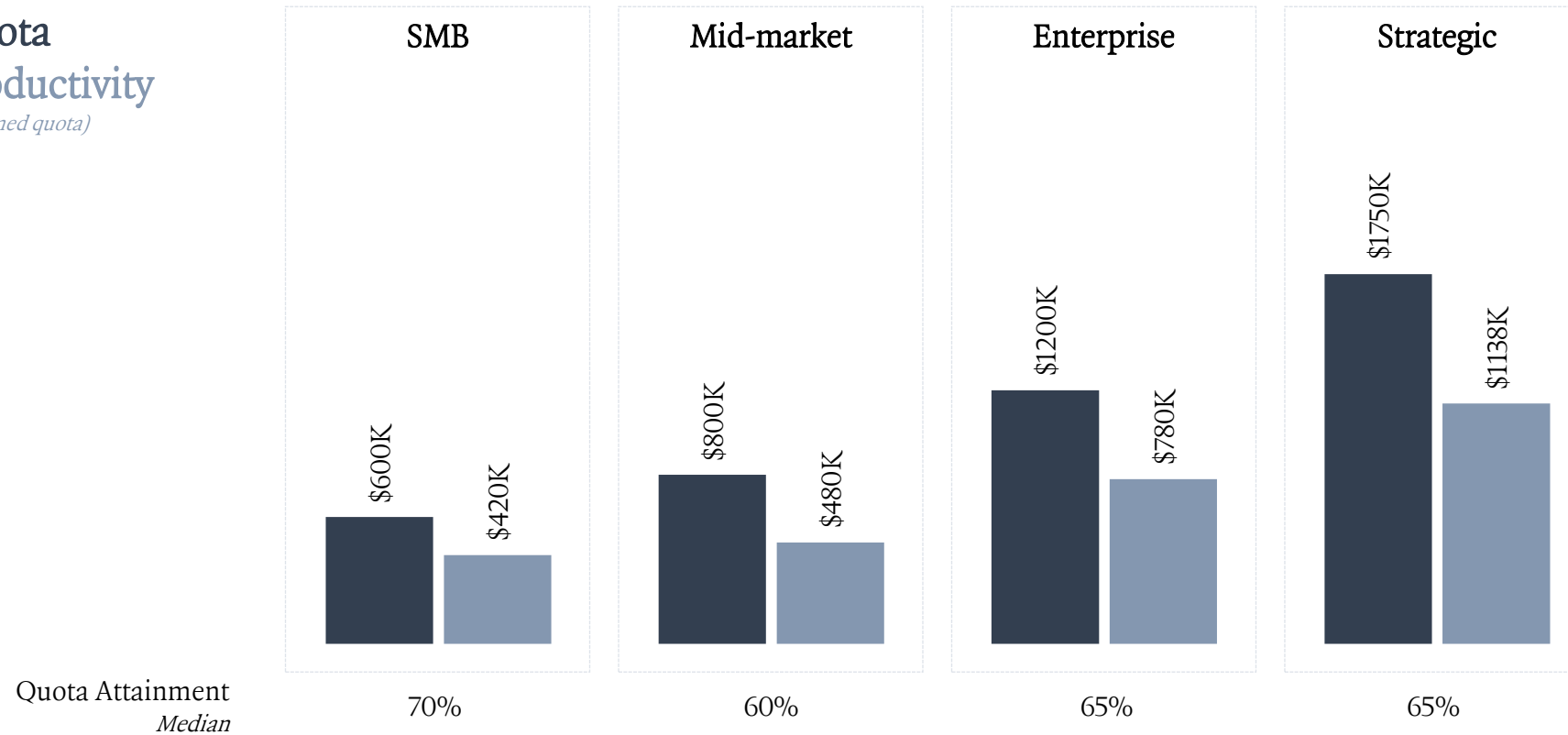
## Headcount Planning & Strategy | Capacity & productivity for account executives

To account for 60-70% quota attainment, companies typically over-assign quotas by ~30% to reach team-wide productivity goals. Over-assignment can differ by segment, as mid-market to enterprise teams have lower attainment on average than SMB teams

### Quota and productivity for account executives<sup>1</sup> *Median by segment*

ICONIQ | Growth

Quota  
Productivity  
*(Attained quota)*



Read more about how companies prorate quotas and compensate reps during ramp periods in our [Definitive Guide to Sales Compensation](#).

## Headcount Planning & Strategy | Capacity & productivity for CSMs and AMs

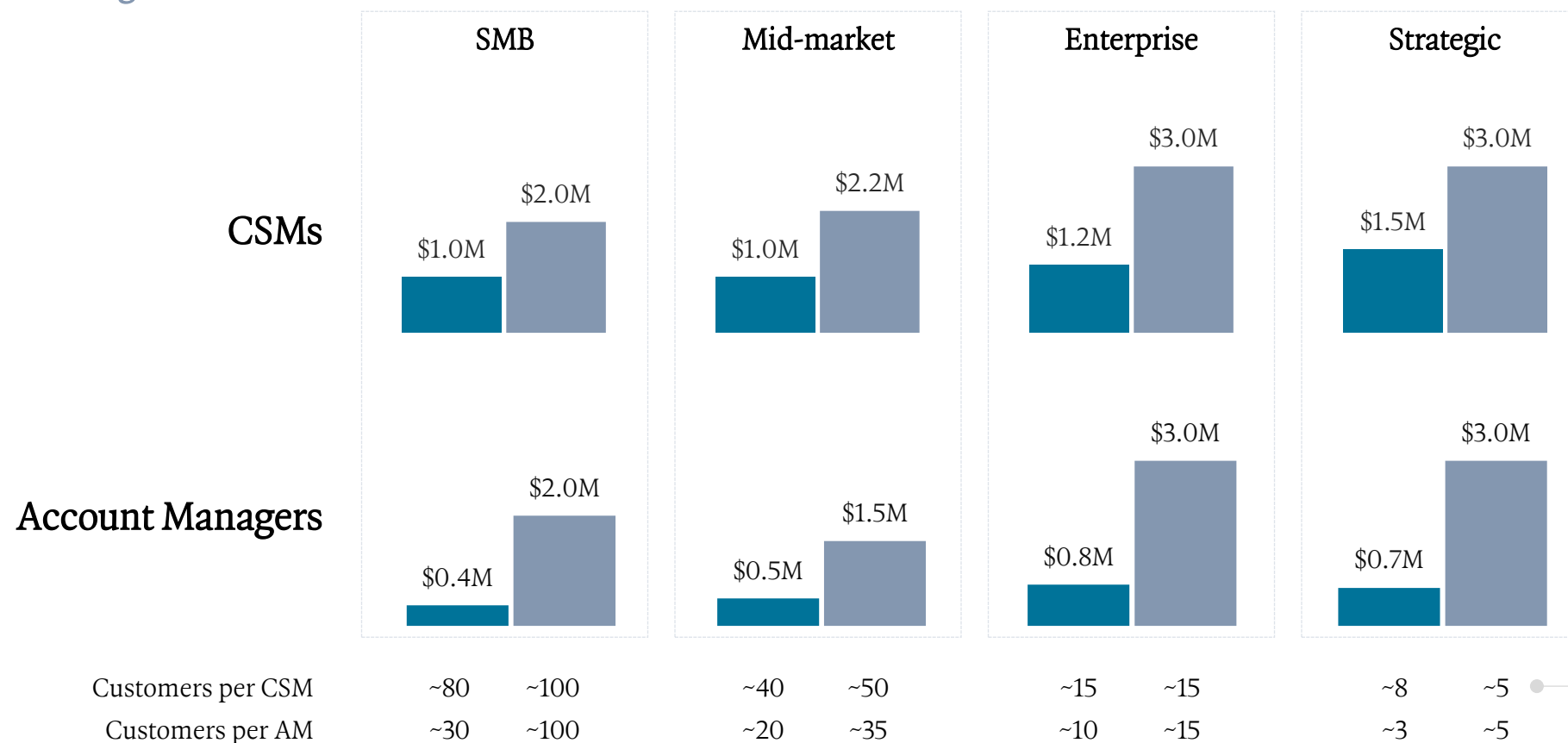
For customer-facing teams, headcount planning should consider ARR and logo coverage capacity. ARR coverage capacity significantly increases as companies scale, with ARR per CSM increasing from \$1-\$1.5M to \$2-\$3M, and ARR per AM increasing from \$0.5-\$1M to \$1.5-\$3M

**Early-Stage** <\$50M ARR  
**Later-Stage** \$50M+ ARR

### ARR and customers per CSM and Account Manager<sup>1</sup>

*Median by rep segment and company stage*

ICONIQ | Growth



While SaaS companies scale, their customer base is also moving up-market. **Increasing ACVs in the enterprise and strategic segments lead to higher ARR productivity** while logo productivity stays constant or declines.

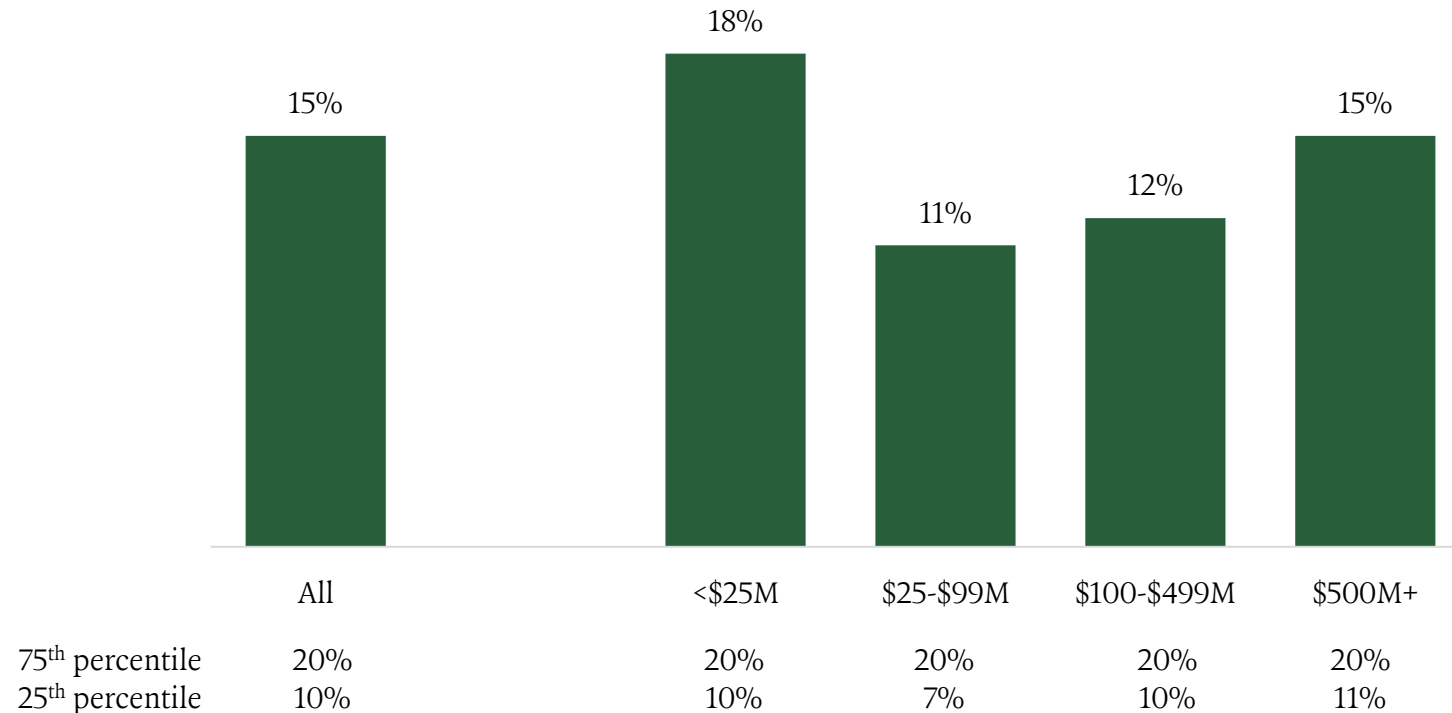
## Headcount Planning & Strategy | Forecasting and managing attrition

Attrition is another important input to headcount planning as go-to-market teams, especially sales, tend to see higher attrition than other teams (both voluntary and involuntary). Most sales organizations see 10-20% annual attrition, with a median of 15%

### What is your organization's annual employee attrition rate for sales reps?<sup>1</sup>

*Median by ARR scale; # employee departures / average number of employees*

ICONIQ | Growth



## Headcount Planning & Strategy | Hiring for success in go-to-market

Considering ramp times, attainment, and attrition in a go-to-market organization, hiring for success is all-the-more important. GTM leaders emphasize the importance of finding the right people for your company's stage and growth needs:

### Nail your interview process



**During your interview process, have sales reps present a live demo of your product.** Have they done their research? Do they understand the technology? Have they invested the time to prepare?<sup>1</sup>

*Revenue Leader  
Collaboration & Workflow  
Late-Stage (\$250M+ ARR)*

### Enable & coach effectively



The ideology of hiring only “top performers” doesn’t scale, and you can’t assume that your best sellers would make good managers. Identify the core attributes of your successful sellers, then **create an onboarding, enablement, coaching, and career path infrastructure that optimizes for productivity of all rather than the top 20%.**<sup>1</sup>

*Enablement Leader  
GTM & Operations  
Growth-Stage (\$50-\$250M ARR)*

### Hiring the right profiles



The customer success role changes as companies scale, so your hiring process should change. **In the early stages, CS is the band-aid that fills your product gaps.** You need generalists that will help your customers find value and help you find product market fit. **As you scale, CS should evolve to more of an advisory role,** enabling customers on how to best leverage the product for their business and needs. This is a great time to build more specialized role into your CS org.<sup>1</sup>

*Customer Success Leader  
Data & Analytics  
Late-Stage (\$250M+ ARR)*

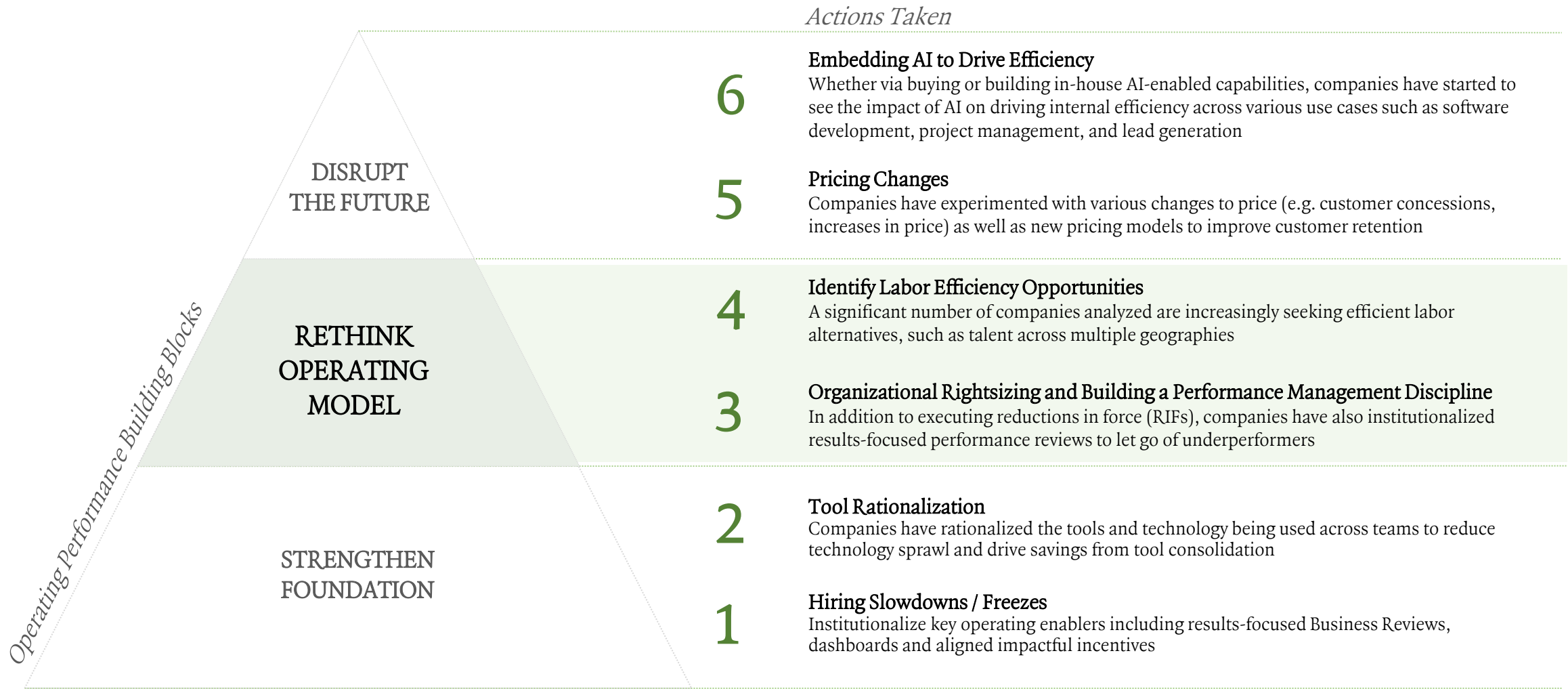


With sales hiring, **we look for sales reps with high potential and a competitive nature rather than prioritizing experience.**

We’ve found some of our best reps have no prior software sales experience, but they have a winning mentality and tremendous motivation. There are some exceptions – for example, it’s helpful to have experience when selling into major enterprise or strategic accounts.<sup>1</sup>

*Revenue Leader  
Infrastructure & Security  
Late-Stage (\$250M+ ARR)*

Renewed focus on efficiency in 2023 has also motivated companies to develop leaner organizational muscles. Within the GTM organization, many leaders have implemented new performance management frameworks and identified labor efficiency opportunities via outsourcing and offshoring



## Headcount Planning & Strategy | Perspectives on performance management

To manage performance and improve productivity, companies are re-designing their performance improvement plans, conducting performance reviews more frequently, and investing in effective onboarding, enablement, and coaching programs

“

### We have two different types of performance improvement plans

(PIPs). One is focused on enablement and education for a rep that is close to being successful in their role. For reps that aren't close to achieving their goals, we have another PIP that is more prescriptive about what exactly the rep should be doing. We have to have a higher bar in this environment, and it's forcing us to become more productive.<sup>1</sup>

*Revenue Leader  
Infrastructure & Security  
Early-Stage (<\$50M ARR)*

“

If you want to scale, you have to be able to take an average sales rep and get them to thrive and perform in your environment. **Sales productivity is about scaling consistent performance, so we're focused on effective onboarding, enablement, and coaching programs.**<sup>1</sup>

*Enablement Leader  
GTM & Operations  
Growth-Stage (\$50-\$250M ARR)*

“

A bottom-up or product-led growth motion can mask poor sales performance. Sometimes you may have to part with “top performers” because their performance was more related to market conditions. **As a PLG company in hyper-growth, we've implemented more regular performance reviews.**<sup>1</sup>

*Revenue Leader  
Collaboration & Workflow  
Late-Stage (>\$250M ARR)*

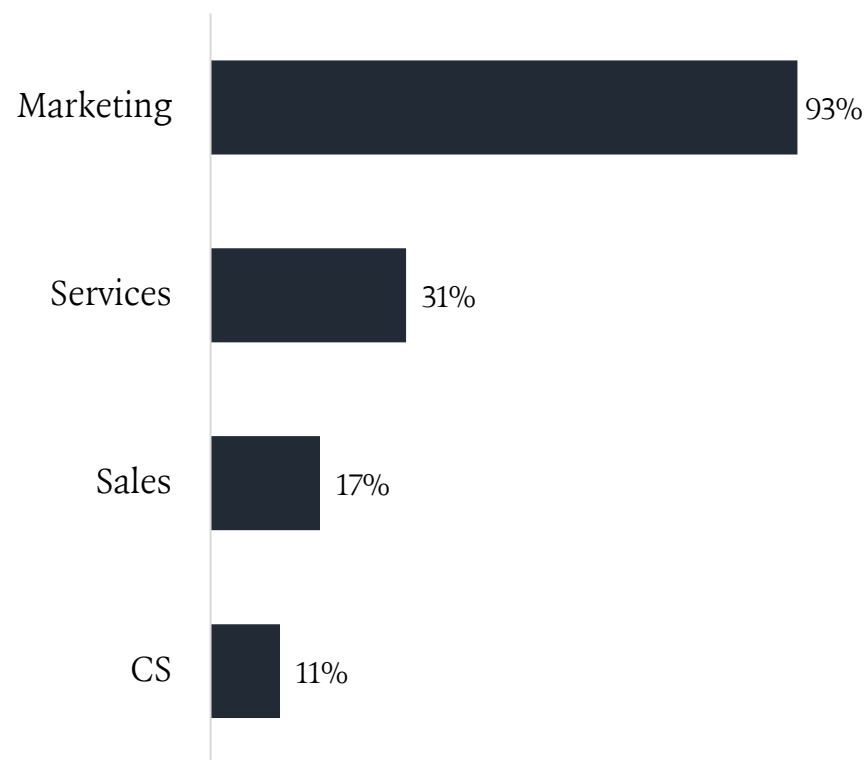
## Headcount Planning & Strategy | Outsourcing & partnerships across GTM teams

GTM organizations are also increasingly seeking efficient labor alternatives by leveraging third party contractors for outsourcing and partnerships work. Utilizing third parties for marketing work is the most common, followed by services and reseller partnerships

### Do you outsource across the following teams?<sup>1</sup>

*% of respondents outsourcing*

ICONIQ | Growth



#### “ We look at outsourcing as a way to help us scale.

Growth marketing is all about economies of scale, and utilizing third parties helps improve knowledge transfer and ensure you have the latest expertise. For corporate marketing, you get constant feedback from the market, so bringing in PR and creative agencies can be very effective.<sup>1</sup>

*Marketing Leader | Infrastructure & Security | Later-Stage (>\$250M ARR)*

#### “ Start by building your services motion internally, then you can transition to a partner-led services model so you can effectively scale the motion. But it's important to find the right services partner so you're not duplicating work.<sup>1</sup>

*Services Leader | GTM & Operations | Growth Stage (\$50-\$250M ARR)*

#### “ We have a two-tier channel model so we work with distributors and resellers on the sales side. We also **outsource some sales / business development work to support our outbound efforts.**<sup>1</sup>

*Sales Leader | Healthcare IT | Growth Stage (\$50-\$250M ARR)*

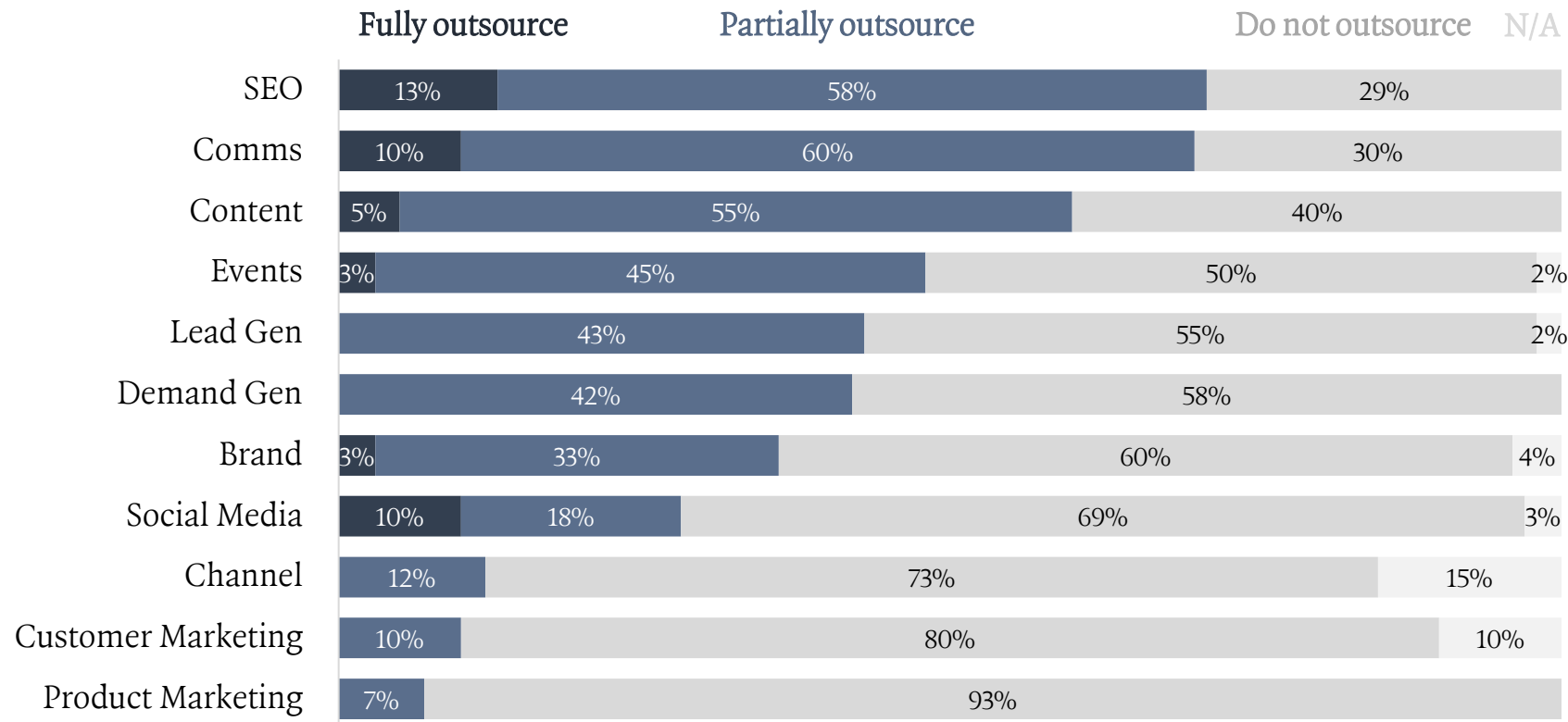
## Headcount Planning & Strategy | Outsourcing marketing

Most marketing organizations leverage third parties to support work across SEO optimization, communications / PR, and content creation. However, product, customer, and channel marketing responsibilities are kept mostly in-house

What are the key marketing roles or responsibilities that your organization outsources?<sup>1</sup>

% of respondents

ICONIQ | Growth



## Headcount Planning & Strategy | Service partners

Both outsourcing and offshoring are common in services organizations. Customer support and implementation services are the most common roles to offshore, and many companies also utilize third-party service partners to scale implementations

Offshore team

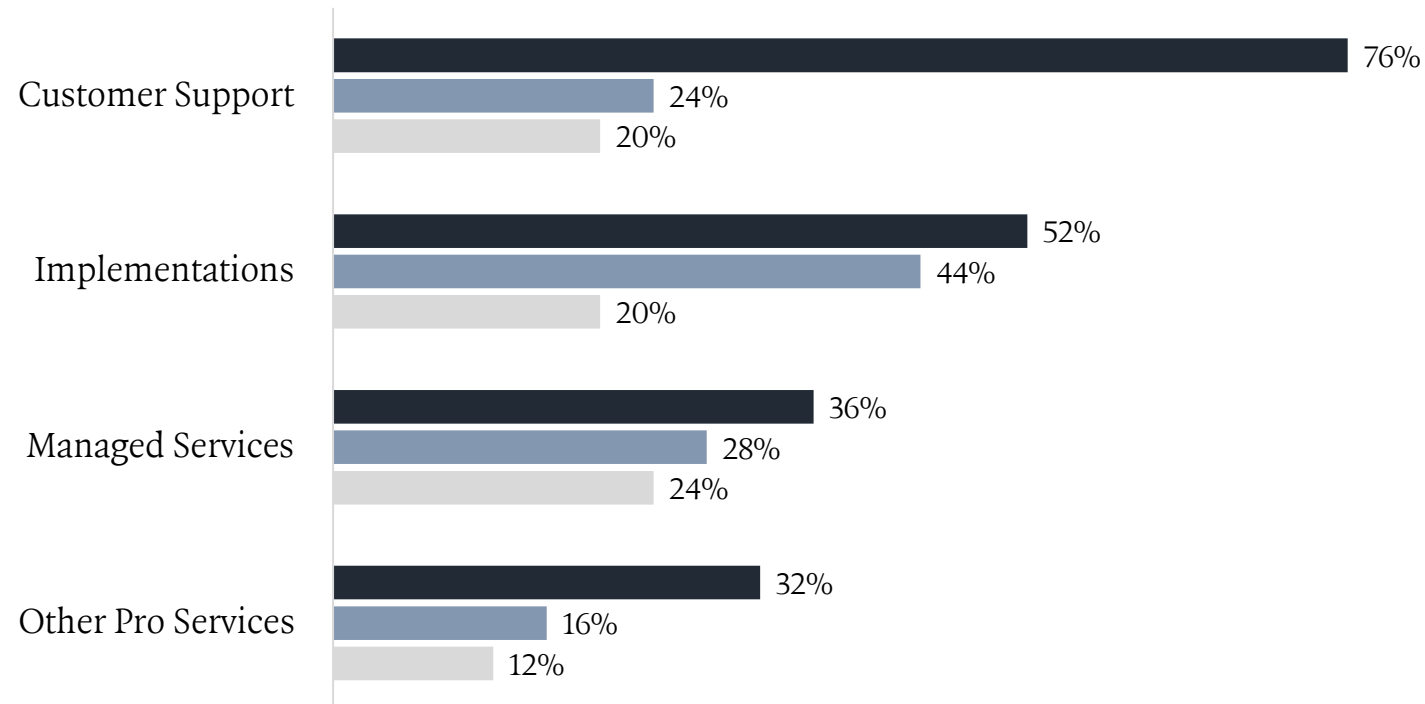
Outsource

All in-house

Do you outsource or offshore any services roles or responsibilities?<sup>1</sup>

*% of respondents; select all that apply*

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