

Rewiring Aotearoa submission on Building New Zealand's Long-term Resilience to Hazards

About Rewiring Aotearoa

Rewiring Aotearoa is an independent non-partisan non-profit, funded by New Zealand philanthropy. It is a registered charity working on energy, climate, and electrification research, advocacy, and supporting communities through the energy transition. The team consists of New Zealand energy, policy, and community outreach experts who have demonstrated experience both locally and internationally. We're always fighting for the New Zealanders who use the energy system, and our goal is to help build a low cost, low emissions, high resilience electrified economy for Aotearoa NZ.

The resilience that solar and battery systems provide

Recognition of the resilience benefits of battery storage

Rewiring Aotearoa welcomes the recognition of battery storage's resilience benefits, but we note that smaller local battery storage systems such as in homes could deliver significant advantages and be deployed more quickly.

This resilience, though hard to quantify in dollars, offers significant value in times of crisis. This enables food to be kept chilled/frozen and cooked, communication (when paired with Starlink and similar) and, importantly, reduces the demand on emergency and medical services to support households that are medically dependent on electricity (such as for home dialysis and breathing support).

In particular, supporting adoption of vehicle to grid (V2G) technology in households would be a fiscally prudent way to rapidly deliver resilience for emergency situations.

Schools as Community Emergency Hubs

Investing in solar combined with battery storage at schools significantly enhances community resilience - especially when they act as Community Emergency Hubs. While solar alone can reduce everyday energy costs (which reduces Government spending on electricity for schools¹), pairing it with battery storage ensures these schools remain powered during grid outages, enabling them to serve as safe

¹ Perhaps the Government could look into assessing the savings it could make if solar was installed at large scale at schools around the country



emergency shelters with lighting, communications, heating, and refrigeration when communities need them most.

Facilitating vehicle charging of cellphone towers

Facilitating vehicle-to-X charging for cellphone towers is critical to keeping communities connected during emergencies. At present, we understand that these towers only have around eight hours of backup battery power, leaving a significant gap if outages last longer. Enabling safe charging from electric vehicles or mobile battery units would extend tower operation, ensuring vital communication lines remain open so people can access information, reach loved ones, and support emergency response.

Funding the benefits

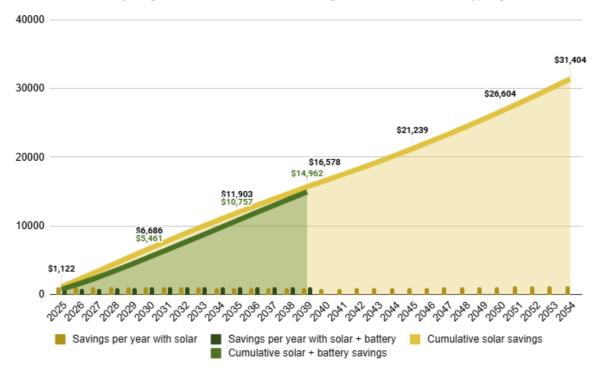
The Ratepayers Assistance Scheme can unlock private financing In terms of financing, the rapid and widespread adoption of solar and battery storage systems to provide this resilience benefit could be enabled through the Ratepayers Assistance Scheme (RAS). A modest equity investment from central government and similar investments from local councils, would unlock access to billions of dollars of low cost private lending for New Zealand households to invest in these systems, without adding to Crown or Local Government debt.

These loans can unlock significant savings for households alongside local energy resilience benefits. The figure below shows an average household could save almost \$15,000 over 15 years by investing in a 9kW solar and 10kWh battery system (green line). This takes account of the savings a household would make from avoided electricity bills and value gained from exports back to the grid, and subtracts the cost of financing the cost of solar at 5.5% interest over a 15 year term.



Cumulative savings for average household with solar and solar + battery





Solar alone typically provides greater savings than a system with both solar and batteries due to the higher upfront costs of batteries. Yet batteries add critical value. They provide important private and public resilience benefits, including backup during outages and reduced grid demand at peak times.

The public benefits justify government spending

The public benefit of this private investment also provides a reason why central government should provide a short-term financial incentive, such as a subsidy, to promote rapid uptake and rollout of these systems. New Zealand could look to Australia's recently adopted Cheaper Home Batteries Programme². This programme offers households, small businesses, and community organisations an upfront discount of ~30% on the cost of installing small-scale battery systems when paired with new or existing solar installations. The discount will gradually decrease until 2030, as battery prices decline.

Invest in our schools as Community Emergency Hubs

The Community Renewable Energy Fund (CREF), administered by EECA, already supports installations of solar panels and batteries on community buildings - including schools - to drive both energy resilience and cost savings. By expanding this successful programme to include more schools across Aotearoa, government

_

² https://cer.gov.au/batteries



and local partners can transform educational facilities into dependable energy hubs - empowering them to support both daily needs and emergency response efforts within their communities.