



THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA

MINISTRY OF HEALTH, UGANDA

Weekly Malaria Report



MINISTRY OF HEALTH

EPI WEEK 30 | 20th Jul to 26th Jul 2026 | KEY HIGHLIGHTS

HIGHLIGHTS



66.5% Reporting Rate



096,819

Confirmed malaria cases



14.4% (21)

Districts had inadequate ACT stock (<8 weeks)



12 Reported deaths



00 Districts response



26.8% Test Positivity Rate



00 Districts in Alert



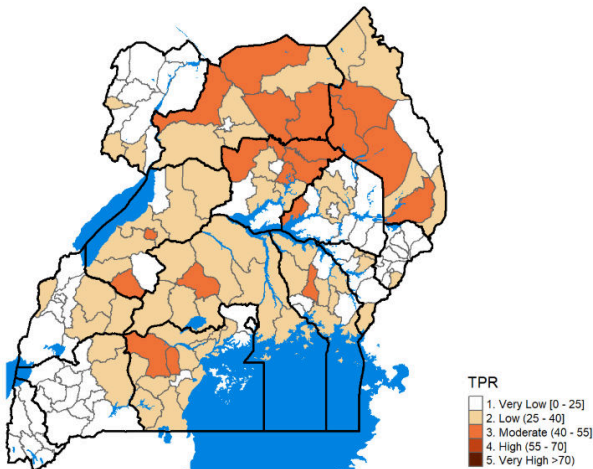
18.5% (27)

Districts had inadequate RDT stock (< 8 weeks)

The testing rate for patients with fever was 100.5 % (337,098) | Proportion treated with a negative test was 6% (71) | Proportion treated without a test was 5.3% (1,842) | Proportion treated with a positive result was 92.2% (81,389)

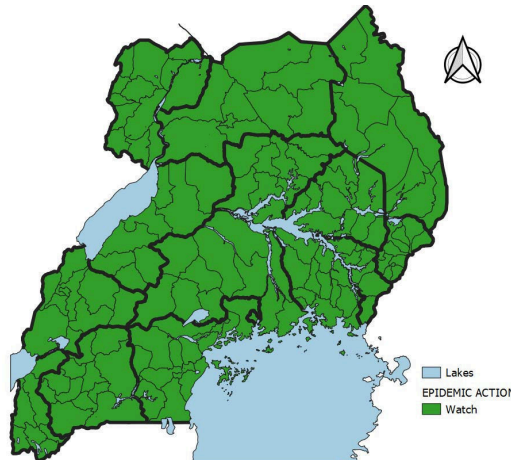
SUMMARY OF KEY INDICATORS OVER THE LAST 4 WEEKS

TEST POSITIVITY RATES



Test positivity rate is 26.8 this week. TPR range was between 4.4 % to 49 %. The top 10 districts with the highest Test positivity rates reported are: **Amuru (49%), Luuka (48.2%), Nakapiripirit (47.4%), Alebtong (46.7%), Lamwo (46.7%), Agago (45.8%), Lira (44.6%), Napak (43.9%), Kotido (43.8%), Otuke (43.1%)**

MALARIA EPIDEMIC ALERT & RESPONSE DISTRICTS



Alert districts: 00
District response: 00
Watch districts: 146

All the eastern districts that received IRS with Actellic plus other interventions (Tororo, Bugiri, Butaleja, Budaka, Butebo, Namutumba and Pallisa) are now in watch mode. An additional round of IRS with Actellic was completed in April 2024

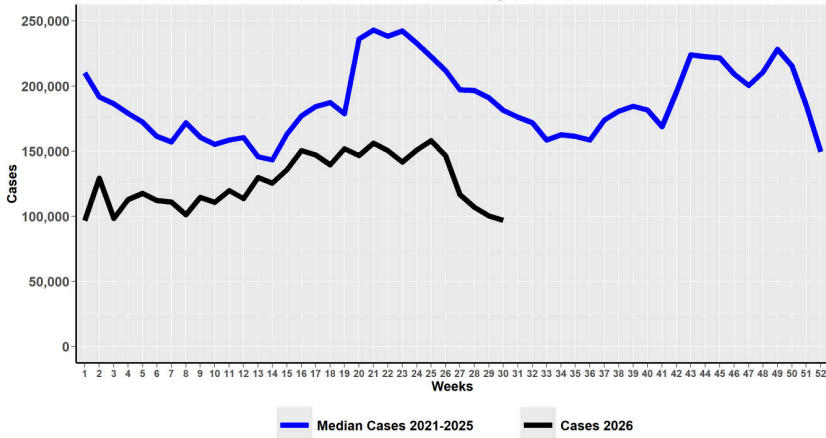
For Kibuku, Serere, Amolatar, formerly response districts, the focus is on enhanced case management, risk communication and prevention.

NB: Amolatar received IRS with Actellic in selected high burden sub counties between December 11, 2023 and Jan 10, 2024

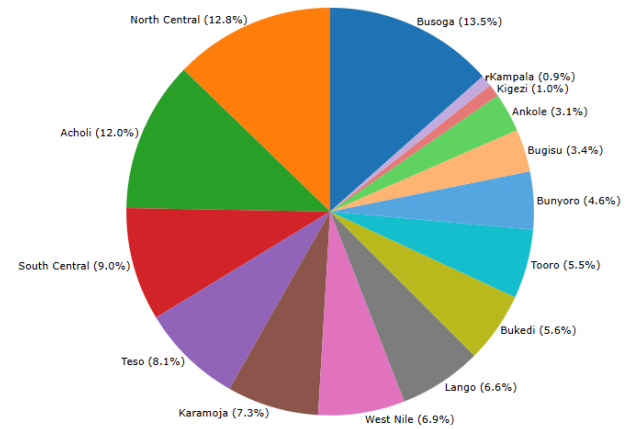
WEEKLY CASES TRENDS

WEEKLY PROPORTION OF CASE LOAD PER REGION

National Malaria Case trends for 2026 vs 5-year median



Currently, weekly cases are on an upward trend across the country, following the first peak transmission season. The current years peak is lower than that of 2024.

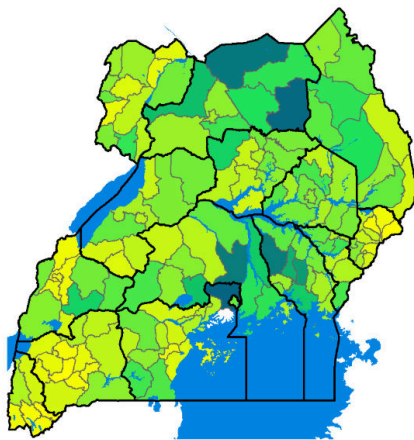


Five (5) regions contribute 55.4% of all cases in week 30. Highest in the region below:- **Busoga (13.5%), North Central (12.8%), Acholi (12%), South Central (9%), Teso (8.1%)**

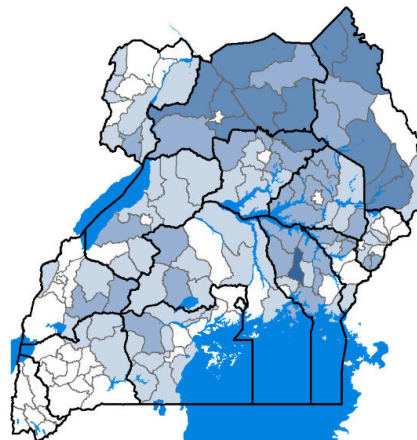
DISTRIBUTION OF CASES BY DISTRICT

OPD BURDEN (%)

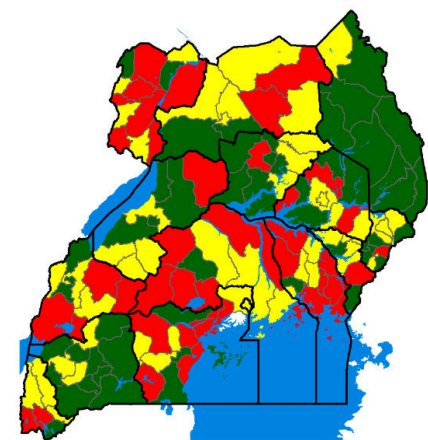
REPORTING RATE



Top 10 districts reporting the most cases this week are: **Wakiso (2325), Agago (2318), Lamwo (2168), Kamuli (2158), Luwero (2128), Iganga (1901), Luuka (1755), Amuru (1630), Mityana (1598), Mayuge (1552)**



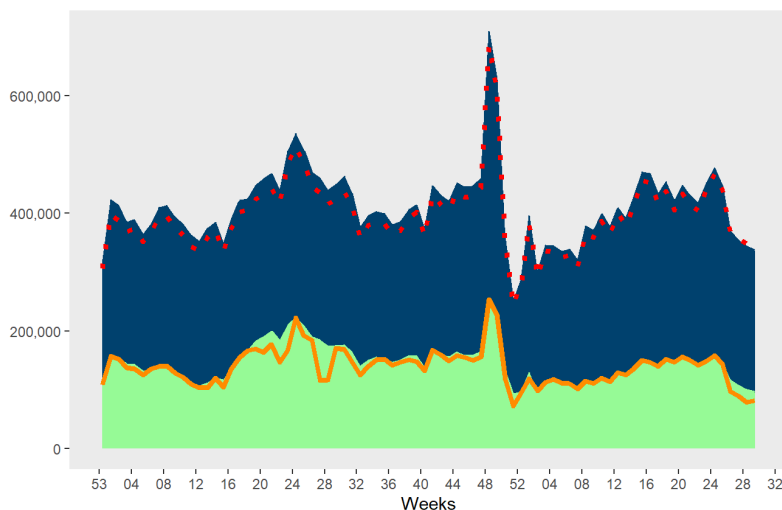
The average OPD burden for the week was 15%. Highest in Acholi (29.3%), Karamoja (28%), Lango (20.3%), Busoga (20.1%), Teso (19%) regions. Top 10 highest OPD burden districts are: **Luuka, Amuru, Otuke, Karenga, Nakapiripirit, Agago, Lamwo, Pader, Nabilatuk, Napak**



36.3%, (53) districts posted a reporting rate above 80%. 34.9%, (51) districts, reported between 50 to 80%. 28.8%, (42) district posted a reporting rate below 50% this week.

CASE MANAGEMENT: Suspected malaria, tests done, cases diagnosed and treated using 1st line

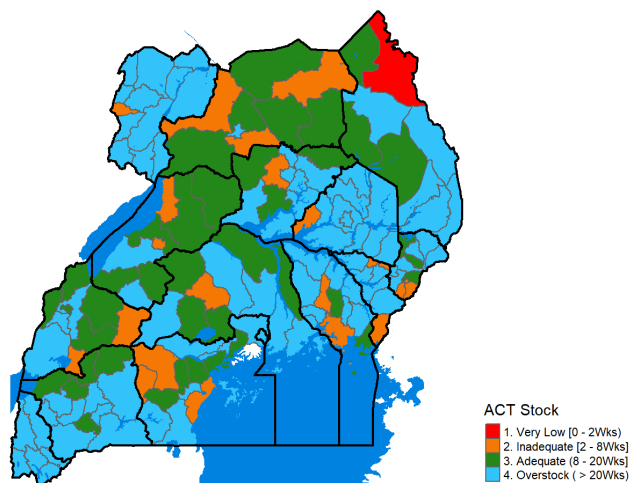
cases positives treated suspected tested



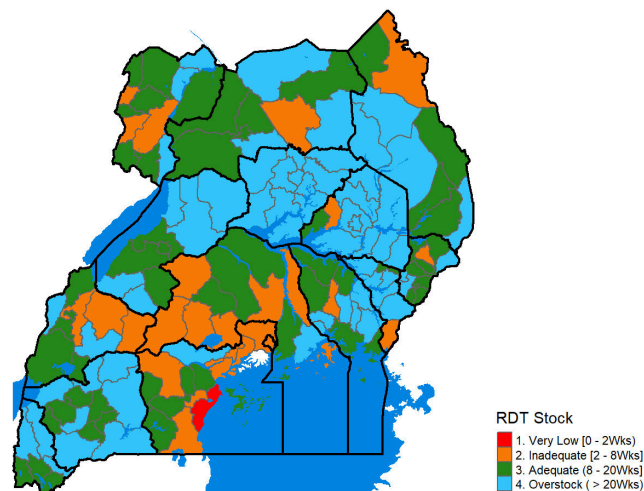
The overall national testing and treatment rates are 100.5% and 92.2% respectively. This week, 19 district(s) (Kaberamaido (68.7%), Jinja City (72%), Buhweju (76.7%), Fort Portal City (78.4%), Namisindwa (78.8%)) had a testing rate <90%.

36 districts had treatment rates below 90%. The lowest being Kampala (47%), Kasese (48.2%), Rubirizi (53.9%), Wakiso (54%), Mayuge (54.8%).

Every patient with a fever or history of fever must have a malaria test and every patient with a positive malaria must have timely treatment for malaria.



14.4%, (21) district had inadequate ACT stock. District with <2 of stock: Kaabong (0) . 58.9%, (86) districts reported overstock of ACTs.



18.5%, (27) district had inadequate RDT stock. District with <2 of stock: Masaka (1) . 42.5%, (62) districts reported overstock of RDTs.

All districts that have ≤ 2 weeks of stock for any commodity, REQUIRE immediate support. Districts with an asterisk (*), report less than 1 week of commodities. Emphasis should be on districts in epidemic alert and response mode, and those reporting the most cases of Malaria.

MALARIA REPORTED DEATHS

Highest deaths are reported from the following districts

District	Health Facility	Deaths
Mbale City	Mbale Regional Referral Hospital	3
Kayunga	Kayunga Regional Referral Hospital	2
Kyenjojo	Kyenjojo General Hospital	1
Abim	Abim General Hospital	1
Arua City	Arua Regional Referral Hospital	1
Hoima City	Hoima Regional Referral Hospital	1
Gulu City	St. Mary's Hospital Lacor	1
Lira	Ogur Health Centre IV	1
Kitgum	Namokora Health Centre IV	1

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