

What is Vesta?

Vesta is Valar Labs' GU-focused portfolio of Al-powered pathology tests, which can:

Predict patients' response to key anti-cancer treatments > Vesta® Bladder BCGPredict

Quantify risks of recurrence and progression

Vesta® Bladder Risk Stratify

How?



Novel Biomarkers

Valar Labs' research team has developed and validated multiple unique Vesta biomarker models in over 1,000 patients with Non-Muscle Invasive Bladder Cancer (NMIBC) using histology features.



Expertly Trained AI

Valar Labs' board-certified pathologists created 500,000+ annotations of tumors and their microenvironment to train our Computational Histology Artificial Intelligence (CHAI) platform, grounding the technology in biology.



Fast, H&E-Based Testing

Leveraging existing tumor specimens, first-of-its-kind Al analyzes pathology slides and returns actionable results in days for timely treatment decisions.

The Results > Informed, efficient care for patients with NMIBC.

Vesta® Bladder BCGPredict

Predict your patient's response to BCG.

The standard of care for NMIBC is **not effective** in up to 40% of patients.

Understand what's best for each individual by adding personalized data to your clinical management strategy.

- By unlocking key features of the tumor and its microenvironment, our Al-powered test identifies patients at a higher risk of not responding to BCG.¹²
- Patients who test biomarker-present demonstrated a higher likelihood of success with an alternative therapy.³

This patient has the Vesta* Bladder BCGPredict Biomarker and is likely to have worse outcomes with BCG therapy compared to patients without this biomarker. Alternative treatment modalities may be considered based on this result [1-4]. (nw score -0.09) Supplemental Clinical Evidence Clinical Outcomes on BCG vs Alternative Therapy, by Vesta* Bladder BCGPredict Biomarker Status Biomarker Present Significant biomarker Absent Significant biomarker Absen

Vesta® Bladder Risk Stratify

Identify each patient's risk of recurrence and progression.

Whatever your clinical care strategy, deeper insights enable a more personalized plan.

Vesta Bladder Risk Stratify

Recurrence Score: 93rd Percentile

This patient has a risk of recurrence that is higher than 93% of HG-NMIBC patients.

Progression Score: 94th Percentile

This patient has a risk of progression that is higher than 94% of HG-NMIBC patients.

Progression Score: 94th Percentile

This patient has a risk of progression that is higher than 94% of HG-NMIBC patients.

Box

**Box*

Vesta® Bladder Risk Stratify measures a patient's risk of recurrence and progression based on tumor biology.

- Prognostic models stratify risks of high-grade recurrence and muscle-invasive progression better than existing guideline frameworks.¹⁴
- Individual patient risk scores and projected actual risks over time can aid in patient counseling for surveillance, monitoring, and surgical management decisions.

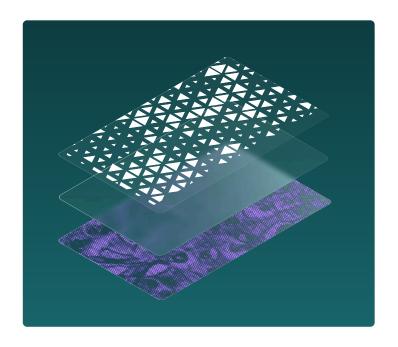




Reliable, actionable Al for precision cancer treatment.

Across a growing portfolio of oncology subtypes, Valar Labs' diagnostic tests use AI to interpret solid tumors and generate biomarkers that can predict response to therapies – so physicians and patients can make evidence-based treatment plans, from the start.

Every decision is critical. Make every decision informed.



1. Lotan Y, Krishna V, Abuzeid WM, et al. Predicting Response to Intravesical Bacillus Calmette-Guérin in High-Risk Nonmuscle-Invasive Bladder Cancer Using an Artificial Intelligence-Powered Pathology Assay: Development and Validation in an International 12-Center Cohort. J Urol. 2025;213(2):192–204. 2. Lotan Y, Li R, Chang SS. Al Biomarkers Predict Poor Efficacy of BCG Rechallenge in Previously BCG-Treated Non-muscle Invasive Bladder Cancer. J Urol. Published online April 16, 2025. doi:10.1097/JU.0000000000004541 3. Packiam VT, McElree IM, Ghodoussipour S, et al. Presence of an Artificial Intelligence-powered Predictive Biomarker Is Associated with a Poor Response to Intravesical Bacillus Calmetre-Guerin but Not to Intravesical Sequential Gemeitabine/ Docetaxel in Patients with High-grade Non-muscle-invasive Bladder Cancer. Eur Urol Oncol. Published online April 25, 2025. doi:10.1016/j.euo.2025.04.006 4. Chang SS, Launer B, Narayan V, et al. Computational Histology Artificial Intelligence (CHAI) Enhances Risk Stratification of High-grade Ta Non-muscle-invasive Bladder Cancer in a Multicenter Cohort: Comparison to Current European Association of Urology and American Urological Association Stratification Schemes. Eur Urol. Published online June 12, 2025. doi:10.1016/j.eururo.2025.05.035