


THE AIGP BODY OF KNOWLEDGE

TOTAL ITEMS 12	Domain I: Understanding the Foundations of Artificial Intelligence
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Domain I - "Understanding the Foundations of Artificial Intelligence," defines AI and ML, provides an overview of the different types of AI systems and their use cases, and positions AI models in the broader socio-cultural context

No. of items	Competencies	Performance Indicators
4	I.A Understand the basic elements of AI and ML	Understand widely accepted definitions of AI and ML, and the basic logical-mathematical principles over which AI/ML models operate.
		Understand common elements of AI/ML definitions under new and emerging law: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Technology (engineered or machine-based system; or logic, knowledge, or learning algorithm). 2. Automation (elements of varying levels). 3. Role of humans (define objectives or provide data). 4. Output (content, predictions, recommendations, or decisions).
		Understand what it means that an AI system is a socio-technical system.
		Understand the need for cross-disciplinary collaboration (ensure UX, anthropology, sociology, linguistics experts are involved and valued).
		Knowledge of the OECD framework for the classification of AI systems.
		Understand the use cases and benefits of AI (recognition, event detection, forecasting, personalization, interaction support, goal-driven optimization, recommendation).

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TOTAL ITEMS 12		Domain I: Understanding the Foundations of Artificial Intelligence		
No. of items		Competencies	Performance Indicators	
4	I.B	Understand the differences among types of AI systems		Understand the differences between strong/broad and weak/narrow AI.
				Understand the basics of machine learning and its training methods (supervised, unsupervised, semi-supervised, reinforcement).
				Understand deep learning, generative AI, multi-modal models, transformer models, and the major providers.
				Understand natural language processing: text as input and output.
				Understand the difference between robotics and robotic processing automation (RPA).
2	I.C	Understand the AI technology stack		Platforms and applications.
				Model types.
				Compute infrastructure: software and hardware (servers and chips).
2	I.D	Understand the history of AI and the evolution of data science		1956 Dartmouth summer research project on AI.
				Summers, winters and key milestones.
				Understand how the current environment is fueled by exponential growth in computing infrastructure and tech megatrends (cloud, mobile, social, IOT, PETs, blockchain, computer vision, AR/VR, metaverse).

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TOTAL ITEMS 10		Domain II: Understanding AI Impacts on People and Responsible AI Principles	
Domain II – "Understanding AI Impacts on People and Responsible AI Principles," identifies the risks that ungoverned AI systems can have on humans and society and describes the characteristics and principles that are essential to trustworthy and ethical AI			
No. of items	Competencies	Performance Indicators	
4	II.A Understand the core risks and harms posed by AI systems	Understand the potential harms to an individual (civil rights, economic opportunity, safety).	
		Understand the potential harms to a group (discrimination towards sub-groups).	
		Understand the potential harms to society (democratic process, public trust in governmental institutions, educational access, jobs redistribution).	
		Understand the potential harms to a company or institution (reputational, cultural, economic, acceleration risks).	
		Understand the potential harms to an ecosystem (natural resources, environment, supply chain).	
4	II.B Understand the characteristics of trustworthy AI systems	Understand what it means for an AI system to be "human-centric."	
		Understand the characteristics of an accountable AI system (safe, secure and resilient, valid and reliable, fair).	
		Understand what it means for an AI system to be transparent.	
		Understand what it means for an AI system to be explainable.	
		Understand what it means for an AI system to be privacy-enhanced.	
2	II.C Understand the similarities and differences among existing and emerging ethical guidance on AI	Understand how the ethical guidance is rooted in Fair Information Practices, European Court of Human Rights and Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development principles.	
		OECD AI Principles; White House Office of Science and Technology Policy Blueprint for an AI Bill of Rights; High-level Expert Group AI; UNESCO Principles; Asilomar AI Principles; The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers Initiative on Ethics of Autonomous and Intelligent Systems; CNIL AI Action Plan.	

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TOTAL ITEMS 10	Domain III: Understanding How Current Laws Apply to AI Systems
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Domain III – "Understanding How Current Laws Apply to AI Systems," surveys the current laws that govern the use of artificial intelligence

No. of items	Competencies	Performance Indicators
6	III.A Understand the existing laws that interact with AI use	Know the laws that address unfair and deceptive practices.
		Know relevant non-discrimination laws (credit, employment, insurance, housing, etc.).
		Know relevant product safety laws.
		Know relevant IP law.
		Understand the basic requirements of the EU Digital Services Act (transparency of recommender systems).
		Know relevant privacy laws concerning the use of data.
3	III.B Understanding key GDPR intersections	Understand automated decision making, data protection impact assessments, anonymization, and how they relate to AI systems.
		Understand the intersection between requirements for AI conformity assessments and DPIAs.
		Understand the requirements for human supervision of algorithmic systems.
		Understand an individual's right to meaningful information about the logic of AI systems.
1	III.C Understanding liability reform	Awareness of the reform of EU product liability law.
		Understand the basics of the AI Product Liability Directive.
		Awareness of U.S. federal agency involvement (EO14091).

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TOTAL ITEMS 12	Domain IV: Understanding the Existing and Emerging AI Laws and Standards
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Domain IV – "Understanding the Existing and Emerging AI Laws and Standards," identifies and describes global AI-specific laws and the major frameworks that show how AI systems can be responsibly governed

No. of items	Competencies	Performance Indicators
5	IV.A Understanding the requirements of the EU AI Act	Understand the classification framework of AI systems (prohibited, high-risk, limited risk, low risk).
		Understand requirements for high-risk systems and foundation models.
		Understand notification requirements (customers and national authorities).
		Understand the enforcement framework and penalties for noncompliance.
		Understand procedures for testing innovative AI and exemptions for research.
		Understand transparency requirements, i.e., registration database.
3	IV.B Understand other emerging global laws	Understand the key components of Canada's Artificial Intelligence and Data Act (C-27).
		Understand the key components of U.S. state laws that govern the use of AI.
		Understand the Cyberspace Administration of China's draft regulations on generative AI.
4	IV.C Understand the similarities and differences among the major risk management frameworks and standards	ISO 31000:2018 Risk Management – Guidelines.
		United States National Institute of Standards and Technology, AI Risk Management Framework (NIST AI RMF).
		European Union proposal for a regulation laying down harmonized rules on AI (EU AIA).
		Council of Europe Human Rights, Democracy, and the Rule of Law Assurance Framework for AI Systems (HUDERIA).
		IEEE 7000-21 Standard Model Process for Addressing Ethical Concerns during System Design
		ISO/IEC Guide 51 Safety aspects – guidelines for their inclusion in standards.
		Singapore Model AI Governance Framework.

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TOTAL ITEMS 8	Domain V: Understanding the AI Development Life Cycle
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Domain V - "Understanding the AI Development Life Cycle," describes the AI life cycle and the broad context in which AI risks are managed

No. of items	Competencies	Performance Indicators
2	V.A Understand the key steps in the AI system planning phase	Determine the business objectives and requirements.
		Determine the scope of the project.
		Determine the governance structure and responsibilities.
2	V.B Understand the key steps in the AI system design phase	Implement a data strategy that includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data gathering, wrangling, cleansing, labeling. • Applying PETs like anonymization, minimization, differential privacy, federated learning.
		Determine AI system architecture and model selection (choose the algorithm according to the desired level of accuracy and interpretability).
2	V.C Understand the key steps in the AI system development phase	Build the model.
		Perform feature engineering.
		Perform model training.
		Perform model testing and validation.
2	V.D Understand the key steps in the AI system implementation phase	Perform readiness assessments.
		Deploy the model into production.
		Monitor and validate the model.
		Maintain the model.



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TOTAL ITEMS 27	Domain VI: Implementing Responsible AI Governance and Risk Management
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Domain VI – "Implementing Responsible AI Governance and Risk Management," explains how the major AI stakeholders collaborate, in a layered approach, to manage AI risks while fulfilling the potential benefits AI systems have for society

No. of items	Competencies	Performance Indicators
2	VI.A Ensure interoperability of AI risk management with other operational risk strategies	Ex. security risk, privacy risk, business risk.
2	VI.B Integrate AI governance principles into the company	Adopt a pro-innovation mindset. Ensure governance is risk-centric. Ensure planning and design is consensus-driven . Ensure team is outcome-focused. Adopt a non-prescriptive approach to allow for intelligent self-management. Ensure framework is law-, industry-, and technology-agnostic.



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TOTAL ITEMS 27	Domain VI – Implementing Responsible AI Governance and Risk Management		
No. of items	Competencies	Performance Indicators	
5	VI.C Establish an AI governance infrastructure	Determine if you are a developer, deployer (those that make an AI system available to third parties) or user; understand how responsibilities among companies that develop AI systems and those that use or deploy them differ; establish governance processes for all parties; establish framework for procuring and assessing AI software solutions.	
		Establish and understand the roles and responsibilities of AI governance people and groups including, but not limited to, the chief privacy officer, the chief ethics officer, the office for responsible AI, the AI governance committee, the ethics board, architecture steering groups, AI project managers, etc.	
		Advocate for AI governance support from senior leadership and tech teams by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understanding pressures on tech teams to build AI solutions quickly and efficiently. • Understanding how data science and model operations teams work. • Being able to influence behavioral and cultural change. 	
		Establish organizational risk strategy and tolerance.	
		Develop central inventory of AI and ML applications and repository of algorithms.	
		Develop responsible AI accountability policies and incentive structures.	
		Understand AI regulatory requirements.	
		Set common AI terms and taxonomy for the organization.	
		Provide knowledge resources and training to the enterprise to foster a culture that continuously promotes ethical behavior.	
		Determine AI maturity levels of business functions and address insufficiencies.	
		Use and adapt existing privacy and data governance practices for AI management.	
		Create policies to manage third party risk, to ensure end-to-end accountability.	
		Understand differences in norms/expectations across countries.	

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TOTAL ITEMS 27		Domain VI – Implementing Responsible AI Governance and Risk Management	
No. of items	Competencies	Performance Indicators	
6	VI.D Map, plan and scope the AI project	Define the business case and perform cost/benefit analysis where trade-offs are considered in the design of AI systems. Why AI/ML?	
		Identify and classify internal/external risks and contributing factors (prohibitive, major, moderate).	
		Construct a probability/severity harms matrix and a risk mitigation hierarchy.	
		Perform an algorithmic impact assessment leveraging PIAs as a starting point and tailoring to AI process. Know when to perform and who to involve.	
		Establish level of human involvement/oversight in AI decision making.	
		Conduct a stakeholder engagement process that includes the following steps: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluate stakeholder salience. Include diversity of demographics, disciplines, experience, expertise and backgrounds. Perform positionality exercise. Determine level of engagement. Establish engagement methods. Identify AI actors during design, development, and deployment phases. Create communication plans for regulators and consumers that reflect compliance/disclosure obligations for transparency and explainability (UI copy, FAQs, online documentation, model or system cards). 	
		Determine feasibility of optionality and redress.	
		Chart data lineage and provenance, ensuring data is representative, accurate and unbiased. Use statistical sampling to identify data gaps.	
		Solicit early and continuous feedback from those who may be most impacted by AI systems.	
		Use test, evaluation, verification, validation (TEVV) process.	
		Create preliminary analysis report on risk factor and proportionate management.	

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TOTAL ITEMS 27	Domain VI – Implementing Responsible AI Governance and Risk Management		
No. of items	Competencies	Performance Indicators	
6	VI.E Test and validate the AI system during development	Evaluate the trustworthiness, validity, safety, security, privacy and fairness of the AI system using the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use edge cases, unseen data, or potential malicious input to test the AI models. • Conduct repeatability assessments. • Complete model cards/fact sheets. • Create counterfactual explanations (CFEs). • Conduct adversarial testing and threat modeling to identify security threats. • Refer to OECD catalogue of tools and metrics for trustworthy AI. • Establish multiple layers of mitigation to stop system errors or failures at different levels or modules of the AI system. • Understand trade-offs among mitigation strategies. 	
		Apply key concepts of privacy-preserving machine learning and use privacy-enhancing technologies and privacy-preserving machine learning techniques to help with privacy protection in AI/ML systems.	
		Understand why AI systems fail. Examples include: brittleness; hallucinations; embedded bias; catastrophic forgetting; uncertainty; false positives.	
		Determine degree of remediability of adverse impacts.	
		Conduct risk tracking to document how risks may change over time.	
		Consider, and select among different deployment strategies.	



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TOTAL ITEMS 27		Domain VI – Implementing Responsible AI Governance and Risk Management	
No. of items	Competencies	Performance Indicators	
6	VI.F Manage and monitor AI systems after deployment	Perform post-hoc testing to determine if AI system goals were achieved, while being aware of "automation bias."	
		Prioritize, triage and respond to internal and external risks.	
		Ensure processes are in place to deactivate or localize AI systems as necessary (e.g., due to regulatory requirements or performance issues).	
		Continuously improve and maintain deployed systems by tuning and retraining with new data, human feedback, etc.	
		Determine the need for challenger models to supplant the champion model.	
		Version each model and connect them to the data sets they were trained with.	
		Continuously monitor risks from third parties, including bad actors.	
		Maintain and monitor communication plans and inform user when AI system updates its capabilities. Assess potential harms of publishing research derived from AI models.	
		Conduct bug bashing and red teaming exercises.	
		Forecast and reduce risks of secondary/unintended uses and downstream harm of AI models.	

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TOTAL ITEMS 6	Domain VII: Contemplating Ongoing Issues and Concerns
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Domain VII – "Contemplating Ongoing Issues and Concerns," presents some of the current discussions and ideas about AI governance

No. of items	Competencies	Performance Indicators
2	VII.A Awareness of legal issues	How will a coherent tort liability framework be created to adapt to the unique circumstances of AI and allocate responsibility among developers, deployers and users?
		What are the challenges surrounding AI model and data licensing?
		Can we develop systems that respect IP rights?
2	VII.B Awareness of user concerns	How do we properly educate users about the functions and limitations of AI systems?
		How do we upskill and reskill the workforce to take full advantage of AI benefits?
		Can there be an opt-out for a non-AI alternative?
2	VII.C Awareness of AI auditing and accountability issues	How can we build a profession of certified third-party auditors globally – and consistent frameworks and standards for them?
		What are the markers/indicators that determine when an AI system should be subject to enhanced accountability, such as third-party audits (e.g., automated decision-making, sensitive data, others)?
		How do we enable companies to remain productive using automated checks for AI governance and associated ethical issues, while adapting this automation quickly to the evolving standards and technology?