

1 PATIENT INFORMATION

1 PATIENT DETAILS

NAME

DOB

AGE / SEX

MRN / PATIENT ID

DATE OF SERVICE

PROVIDER

CREDENTIALS

REFERRAL SOURCE

VISIT TYPE: INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY CONSULTATION / FOLLOW-UP / POST-PROCEDURE VISIT

CARE SETTING: OUTPATIENT / INPATIENT / TELEHEALTH / EMERGENCY / CATH LAB FOLLOW-UP

PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER, IF APPLICABLE

PRIMARY CARDIOLOGIST, IF APPLICABLE

CC CHIEF COMPLAINT

2 PRIMARY INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY CONCERN

Primary interventional cardiology-related reason for the visit in the patient's own words when possible — chest pain, coronary artery disease, abnormal stress test, abnormal coronary CTA, post-PCI follow-up, stent surveillance, pre-procedure evaluation, peripheral vascular concern, structural heart concern, or post-cardiac catheterization follow-up...

S SUBJECTIVE

3 PATIENT-REPORTED CARDIOVASCULAR SYMPTOMS, PROCEDURAL HISTORY & TREATMENT RESPONSE

3a INDICATION & ANGINAL SYMPTOMS

Reason for Interventional Cardiology Evaluation (diagnostic angiography consideration / PCI evaluation / post-PCI follow-up / abnormal stress test / abnormal coronary CTA / refractory angina / ACS follow-up / structural heart or peripheral intervention evaluation / post-procedure complication assessment):

Chest Pain / Anginal Symptoms (onset, location, quality, severity, radiation, duration, frequency, exertional relationship, rest symptoms, associated dyspnea / diaphoresis / nausea, nitroglycerin response, progression, comparison to prior angina):

Dyspnea / Heart Failure Symptoms (exertional dyspnea, dyspnea at rest, orthopnea, PND, edema, weight gain, reduced exercise tolerance, fatigue, diuretic response):

3b CORONARY & PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Coronary Artery Disease History (prior MI, PCI, stent type / date / location, CABG, known coronary anatomy, prior catheterization findings, prior ischemia testing, restenosis or thrombosis history):

Post-Procedure Course, if applicable (recovery after catheterization or intervention, access-site pain, bruising, bleeding, hematoma, swelling, numbness, limb discoloration, chest pain recurrence, dyspnea, medication adherence, post-procedure restrictions):

Peripheral Vascular Symptoms, if applicable (claudication, rest pain, non-healing wounds, limb swelling, limb discoloration, cold extremity, prior peripheral intervention, vascular imaging abnormalities):

Structural Heart Symptoms, if applicable (dyspnea, syncope, angina, edema, fatigue, reduced exercise tolerance, palpitations, heart failure symptoms):

3c MEDICATIONS, RISK FACTORS & FUNCTIONAL STATUS

Medication History and Treatment Response (antiplatelet therapy, anticoagulation, statin, antianginal therapy, antihypertensives, heart failure medications, adherence, side effects, missed doses, bleeding concerns, medication access issues):

Risk Factors (hypertension, diabetes, hyperlipidemia, tobacco use, chronic kidney disease, obesity, sleep apnea, family history of premature CAD, inflammatory disease, prior radiation / chemotherapy, sedentary lifestyle):

Lifestyle and Functional Capacity (exercise tolerance, METs, cardiac rehab participation, diet, sodium intake, smoking status, alcohol use, occupational activity, limitations in daily activities, symptom-limited activity level):

Recent Testing / Hospitalizations (EKG, echocardiogram, stress test, coronary CTA, cardiac catheterization, vascular imaging, troponins, BNP, emergency visits, hospitalizations, procedures, medication changes):

Pertinent Negatives (active chest pain, severe dyspnea, syncope, access-site bleeding, rapidly expanding hematoma, limb ischemia symptoms, neurologic deficit, severe palpitations, decompensated heart failure symptoms):

ROS INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY REVIEW OF SYSTEMS

4 PERTINENT POSITIVES & NEGATIVES

Chest pain, chest pressure, exertional symptoms, or nitroglycerin use _____

Dyspnea, orthopnea, PND, edema, weight gain, or reduced exercise tolerance _____

Palpitations, dizziness, presyncope, syncope, or irregular heartbeat _____

Access-site pain, bruising, bleeding, swelling, numbness, or limb color change _____

Claudication, rest pain, wounds, cold extremity, or peripheral vascular symptoms _____

Bleeding, bruising, anticoagulation or antiplatelet issues _____

Fatigue, diaphoresis, nausea, or exercise intolerance _____

Tobacco, alcohol, stimulant, or substance use relevant to cardiovascular risk _____

O OBJECTIVE

5 OBSERVED FINDINGS

V VITALS

TEMPERATURE _____	BLOOD PRESSURE _____
HEART RATE _____	RESPIRATORY RATE _____
OXYGEN SATURATION _____	WEIGHT _____
BMI _____	ORTHOSTATIC VITALS, IF OBTAINED _____

5a GENERAL, CARDIOVASCULAR & PULMONARY

General Appearance (distress level, work of breathing, body habitus, functional appearance, overall clinical condition):

Cardiovascular (rate, rhythm, murmurs, rubs, gallops, JVP, carotid bruits, peripheral pulses, capillary refill, edema, signs of poor perfusion or volume overload):

Pulmonary (breath sounds, crackles, wheezing, work of breathing, oxygen requirement, pleural effusion or pulmonary edema findings):

5b ABDOMEN, VASCULAR, SKIN & NEUROLOGIC

Abdomen (tenderness, distension, hepatomegaly, ascites, abdominal bruits, findings related to congestion or vascular disease):

Extremities / Vascular (pulses, edema, cyanosis, clubbing, limb temperature, capillary refill, wounds, claudication-related findings, venous changes, peripheral arterial disease findings):

Skin (pallor, diaphoresis, cyanosis, bruising, wounds, surgical scars, access-site findings, signs of vascular insufficiency):

Neurologic (mentation, focal deficits, gait concerns, findings relevant to stroke risk, anticoagulation, or post-procedure complications):

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ACCESS SITE / PROCEDURE SITE EXAMINATION, IF APPLICABLE

6 CATHETERIZATION OR INTERVENTION ACCESS SITE

ACCESS SITE LOCATION: RADIAL / FEMORAL / BRACHIAL / OTHER

LATERALITY

DRESSING STATUS

DISTAL PULSES

LEMB TEMPERATURE, COLOR, SENSATION, STRENGTH

CAPILLARY REFILL

Tenderness, bruising, hematoma, swelling, erythema, drainage, bleeding, or pseudoaneurysm concern:

Bruit or thrill over access site if present:

Signs of infection, vascular compromise, or expanding hematoma:

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CARDIAC TESTING / DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS

7 RESULTS REVIEWED OR ORDERED

EKG (rhythm, rate, conduction abnormalities, ischemic changes, QTc, comparison to prior EKG):

Cardiac Biomarkers / Labs (troponin, BNP / NT-proBNP, BMP, magnesium, CBC, renal function, coagulation studies, lipid panel, A1c, medication monitoring labs):

Echocardiogram (EF, wall motion abnormalities, valve findings, chamber size, diastolic function, pulmonary pressures, pericardial effusion):

Stress Testing (modality, exercise capacity, ischemia findings, symptoms, EKG changes, perfusion findings, risk interpretation):

Coronary Imaging (coronary CTA, calcium score, invasive angiography findings, lesion location, stenosis severity, plaque characteristics, prior comparison):

Cardiac Catheterization / PCI (coronary anatomy, culprit lesion, intervention performed, stent details, balloon angioplasty, atherectomy, IVUS / OCT / FFR / iFR results, hemodynamics, contrast volume, complications):

Peripheral / Structural Imaging (vascular ultrasound, ABI, arterial duplex, venous duplex, CT / MR angiography, TAVR workup, valve imaging, structural heart imaging):

Prior Records Reviewed (hospital records, cardiology notes, cath reports, operative reports, stent records, imaging reports, medication history, lab trends):

A**ASSESSMENT****8 INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY CLINICAL INTERPRETATION**

Primary interventional cardiology diagnosis or working diagnosis. Coronary artery disease status and ischemic risk. Angina pattern and stability. Prior PCI / CABG status and current stent-related concerns. ACS risk or post-ACS recovery status. Access-site or post-procedure complication status. Structural heart or peripheral vascular disease status. Bleeding risk, antiplatelet / anticoagulation considerations, and medication adherence. Cardiovascular risk-factor control. Renal function and contrast-related risk if procedure is planned. Need for angiography, PCI, medical optimization, advanced imaging, structural intervention, vascular intervention, hospitalization, or close follow-up...

P**PLAN****9 INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY MANAGEMENT BY PROBLEM**

Coronary disease and angina plan (antianginal therapy, antiplatelet therapy, statin therapy, beta blocker or calcium channel blocker, nitroglycerin instructions, cardiac rehab, risk-factor modification). Diagnostic plan (EKG, labs, echocardiogram, stress testing, coronary CTA, invasive angiography, FFR / iFR, IVUS / OCT, repeat imaging). Procedure plan (coronary angiography, PCI, atherectomy, stent placement, structural or peripheral intervention, CABG / structural heart referral). Post-procedure plan (access-site care, activity restrictions, medication adherence, cardiac rehab, symptom monitoring, complication precautions). Antiplatelet and anticoagulation plan (DAPT duration, aspirin / P2Y12 inhibitor use, anticoagulant management, bleeding precautions, peri-procedural instructions, medication reconciliation). Contrast and renal protection plan. Risk-factor modification plan. Structural or peripheral disease plan. Referral and coordination plan. Patient education...

F**FOLLOW-UP****10 REASSESSMENT PLAN**

Follow-up timeframe and purpose (symptom reassessment, medication response, post-procedure review, access-site check, lab monitoring, test result review, cardiac rehab progress, antiplatelet review, procedural planning):

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TIME DOCUMENTATION & BILLING

TOTAL TIME SPENT	COUNSELING / COORDINATION OF CARE TIME
RECORDS REVIEW TIME, IF APPLICABLE	TEST / CATH REPORT REVIEW TIME, IF APPLICABLE
PROCEDURE PLANNING TIME, IF APPLICABLE	BASIS FOR BILLING: TIME-BASED / MDM / PROCEDURE-BASED / TEST INTERPRETATION
E/M LEVEL: 99203 / 99204 / 99205 / 99213 / 99214 / 99215	
PROCEDURE CODE(S), IF APPLICABLE	DIAGNOSTIC TEST INTERPRETATION CODE(S), IF APPLICABLE
PRIMARY ICD-10 DIAGNOSIS CODE + DESCRIPTION	SECONDARY ICD-10 DIAGNOSIS CODE(S), IF APPLICABLE

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PROVIDER SIGN-OFF

PROVIDER NAME	CREDENTIALS	SPECIALTY: INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY	DATE	TIME