

Campus Hazing Transparency Report

Delta College — published under the Stop Campus Hazing Act, 20 U.S.C. 1092(f)(9)

Findings of Hazing Violations by Student Organizations

There are no findings to report.

This report covers student organizations that are established or recognized by the College. Delta College does not establish or recognize any student organizations. No student organization has been found responsible for a hazing violation since reporting began on July 1, 2025.

This report is reviewed at least twice each year. If a student organization is ever found responsible for a hazing violation, the finding will be posted here and kept on this page for five calendar years. Each posted finding will include the organization's name; a general description of the violation, including whether alcohol or drugs were involved; the College's findings and any sanctions; and the dates of the incident, the start of the investigation, the finding, and the notice to the organization.

Hazing Statistics

Statistics on reported hazing incidents are published each year in the College's Annual Security Report, beginning with the 2026 report. The Annual Security Report is available under Consumer Information & Reports at www.deltacollege.com.

Hazing Policy

The College prohibits hazing by students, employees, and student organizations. The complete Hazing policy, including how to report hazing and how reports are investigated, is in the College catalog, available at www.deltacollege.com.

To report hazing: In an emergency, call 911. Otherwise, contact the Campus Director at any campus, in person or by phone, or tell any College employee. The College reports every hazing report it receives to the local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction, as required by Louisiana law.

Louisiana Hazing Law

Hazing is a crime in Louisiana under La. R.S. 14:40.8. Consent of the person hazed is not a defense. Penalties include a fine of up to \$1,000, imprisonment for up to six months, or both. If hazing causes serious bodily injury or death, or the victim has a blood alcohol concentration of 0.30 or higher, penalties increase to a fine of up to \$10,000 and imprisonment for up to five years.