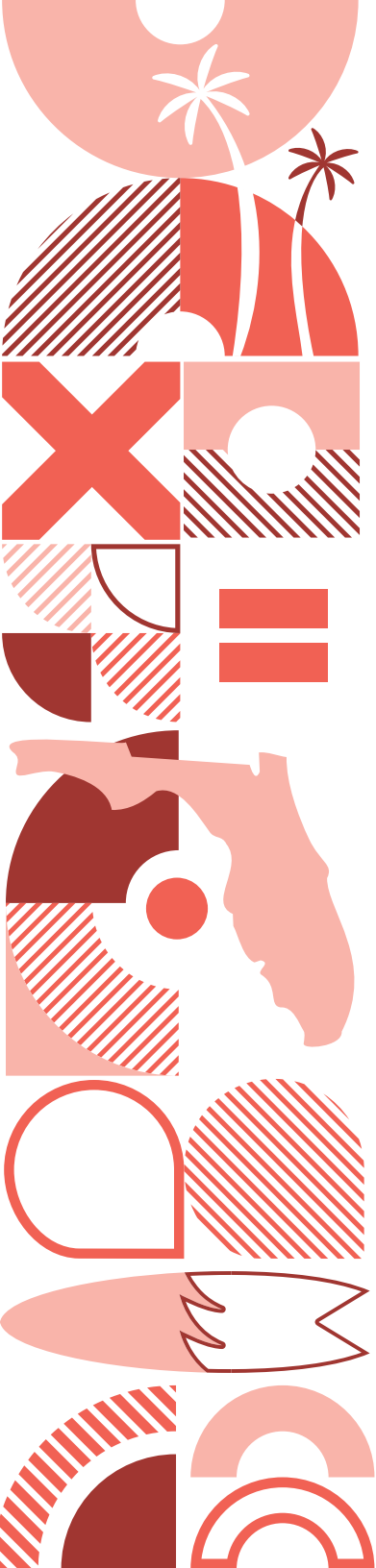


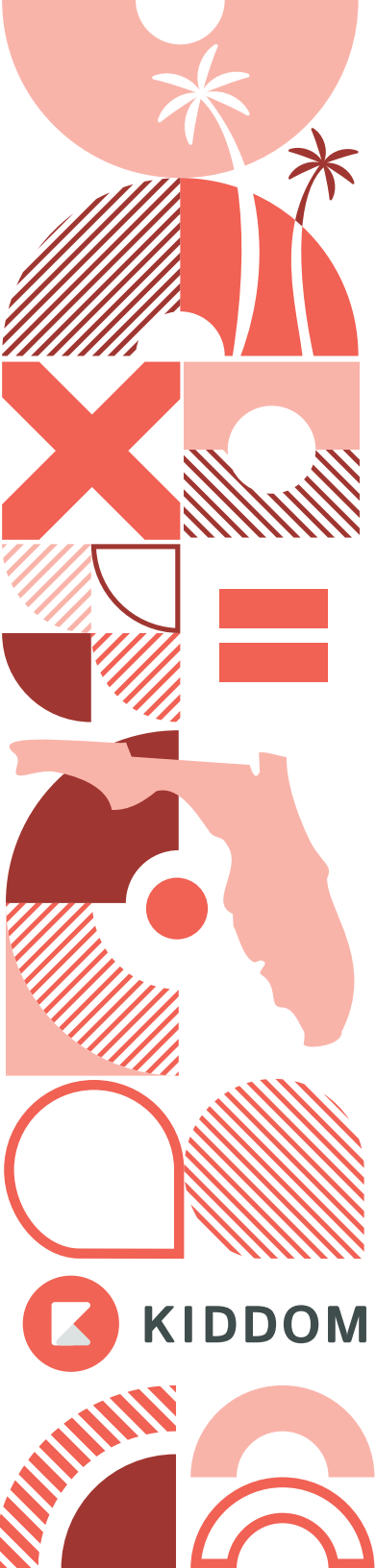


6–8 FLDOE Core Questions Rubric

2026-2027 Math Adoption

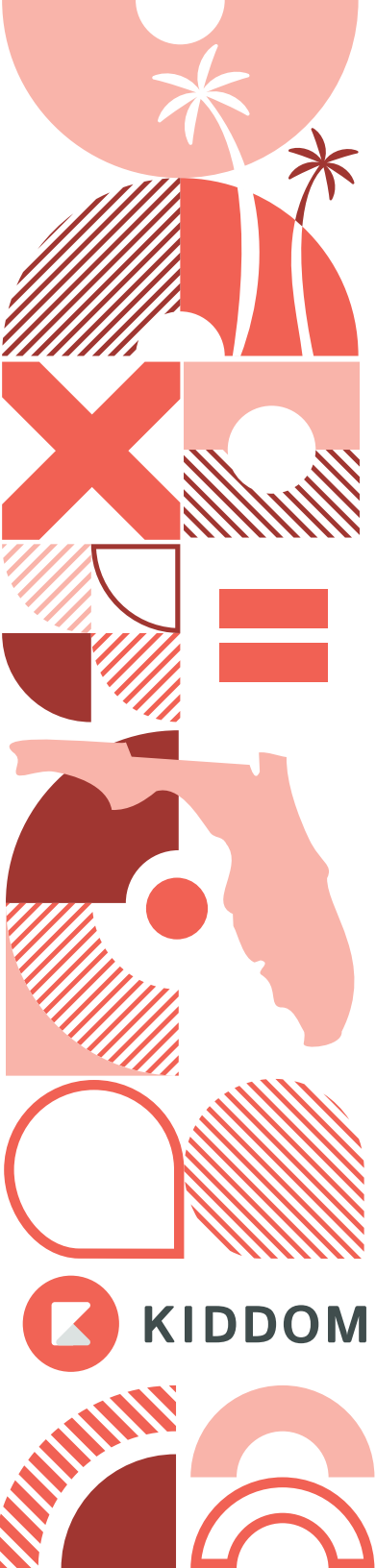
Note: For this guide, we often reference Grade 7, Unit 3, Section A, Lesson 3 because it is the sample lesson featured at the top of the demo experience. However, you are welcome to explore any lesson. To choose a different lesson from our demo site, go to Step 5, “Open Your Grade Level,” select your preferred grade, and navigate to any unit, section, and lesson.

Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6–8 Response
Content	1	A. Alignment with curriculum: The content aligns with the state’s standards, benchmarks and clarifications for subject, grade level and learning outcomes.	Kiddom Florida Math is purpose-built for Florida’s B.E.S.T. Standards for Mathematics, with course content aligned to the applicable grade-level benchmarks and learning outcomes. In the Grade 7 example lesson, or another lesson of your choosing, scroll down to see the benchmarks tagged just below the provided slide deck and hover over the tag to see the benchmark details. You will also find the benchmarks in assessment items by selecting the Cool-Down from the left navigation pane to view the B.E.S.T. benchmarks tagged to specific questions. You can also find assessment items tagged with benchmarks at the unit level in the end of unit assessment. Use the dropdown near the top left to navigate between units, sections, and lessons and see how aligned content progresses across the course. You can also use the search bar to locate instructional content aligned to a specific B.E.S.T. benchmark. For a course-level view, navigate to the Course Overview and open the Scope and Sequence to review the progression of grade-level content and where B.E.S.T. benchmarks are addressed throughout the course.



6-8 FLDOE CORE QUESTIONS RUBRIC 26-27 MATH ADOPTION

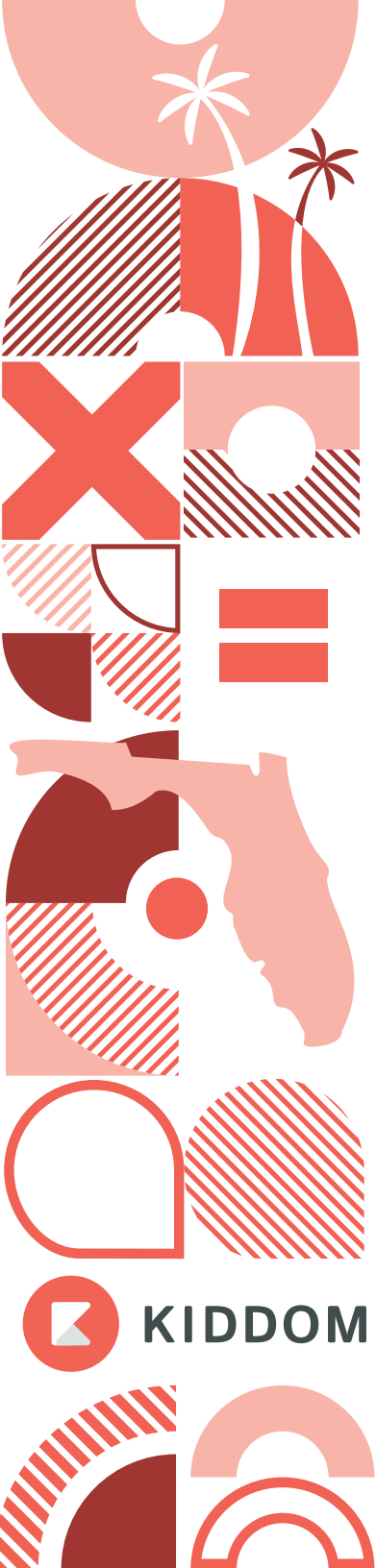
Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6-8 Response
Content	2	A. Alignment with curriculum: The content is written to the correct skill level of the standards, benchmarks and clarifications in the course.	Kiddom Florida Math content is written to the correct skill level of Florida's B.E.S.T. Standards, benchmarks, and clarifications. Assessment questions are also tagged with Achievement Level Descriptions (ALDs), allowing you to verify the level of rigor against the standard. Open the Grade 7 sample lesson, or any lesson of your choosing, and select the Cool-Down from the left menu to view the ALD tags for each assessment question. Questions are tagged at ALD Level 3 or above, showing that course benchmarks are assessed at Level 3 or above. You can explore further by opening the Mid-Unit Assessment, available in larger units, or the End-of-Unit Assessment to review additional questions and their ALD tags. You can also use the search bar to find a specific B.E.S.T. benchmark and view aligned assessment questions and their ALD levels.
Content	3	A. Alignment with curriculum: The materials are adaptable and useful for classroom instruction.	Kiddom Florida Math is adaptable and ready for classroom instruction, with editable lessons, slide decks, and materials that teachers can personalize while maintaining standards alignment. In the Grade 7 example lesson, or another lesson of your choosing, use the navigation menu on the left side of the screen to open a Warm-Up, Activity, Cool-Down, Practice Problem Set, or Assessment. Then select Personalize in the upper-right corner to explore the available customization options. Educators can also download and modify lesson slide decks or adjust instructional materials directly within the platform. For another example of adaptability, go to Step 3 of the demo for a guided tour of Atlas by Kiddom. See how evidence from Custom Cool-Downs informs differentiated Atlas Activities, or Do Nows, and dynamic student groups for the next lesson. Teachers can review and adjust Atlas recommendations, providing another way to adapt instruction based on demonstrated student needs while keeping teachers in control of instructional decisions.



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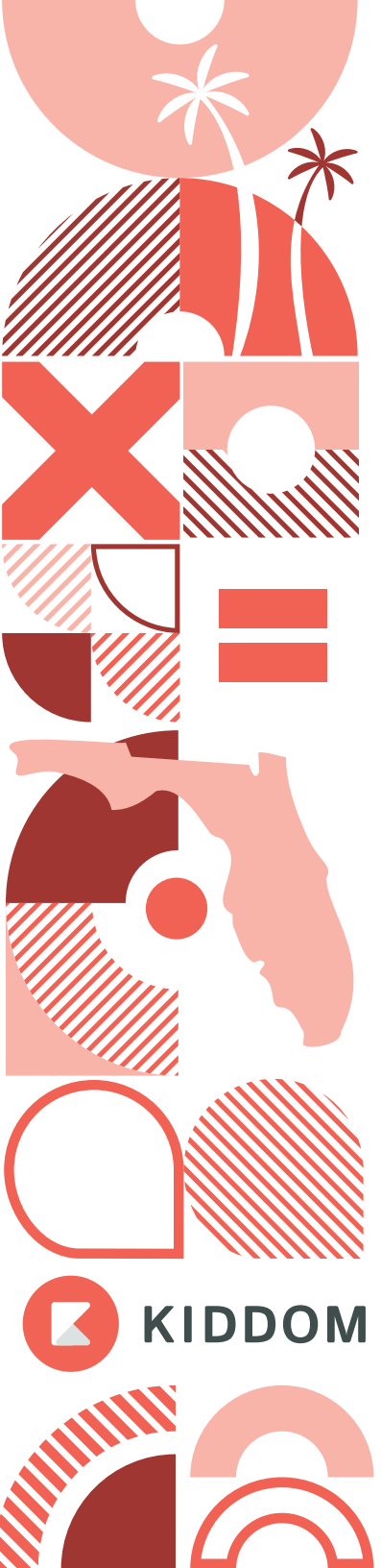
Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6-8 Response
Content	4	B. Level of Treatment: The materials provide sufficient details for students to understand the significance of topics and events.	Teacher materials include embedded instructional strategies, scaffolding, common misconceptions, standards alignment, and implementation guidance. In the digital demo, open the Grade 7 example lesson. From the lesson overview, you can review Addressing Standards, Learning Goals, Lesson Purpose, Lesson Narrative, Instructional Routines, Access for Students with Disabilities, Supporting English Language Learners, Required Materials, Materials to Copy, Required Preparation, and the Lesson Timeline. From the left navigation pane, select a specific Warm-Up, Activity, or Cool-Down to see supports specific to that portion of the lesson, including differentiated supports, scaffolded and advancing questions, anticipated student thinking, and “look-fors” for likely errors. These details are also available in the speaker notes of the lesson slide deck or in the teacher print materials. Cool-Downs and end-of-unit assessments include Responding to Student Thinking guidance, with Next Day and Next Section Support tied to common misconceptions. B.E.S.T. benchmark tags are visible throughout lessons and assessments. For additional support, open Kiddom Assistant within the digital experience (the star in the middle at the bottom of the screen). The embedded, teacher-facing AI can help you plan and adapt instruction, differentiate learning, support student grouping, and identify instructional next steps—extending the built-in teacher guidance while keeping you in control of instructional decisions.
Content	5	B. Level of Treatment: The content matches the standards.	The content matches Florida’s B.E.S.T. Standards, with each lesson sequenced to the applicable grade-level benchmarks and clarifications. In the Grade 7 example lesson, or another lesson of your choosing, select the Cool-Down from the left navigation pane to view the B.E.S.T. benchmarks tagged to the assessment items. Use the dropdown near the top left to navigate between lessons, sections, and units. At the unit level, benchmarks are also tagged to individual questions within the Check Your Readiness (Pre-Assessment), Mid-Unit Assessment when applicable, and End-of-Unit Assessment, allowing you to see the specific benchmark assessed by each item. For a course-level view of standards alignment and progression, navigate to the Course Overview and open the Scope and Sequence to see where B.E.S.T. benchmarks are addressed throughout the course. You can also use the search bar to locate instructional and assessment content aligned to a specific B.E.S.T. benchmark.

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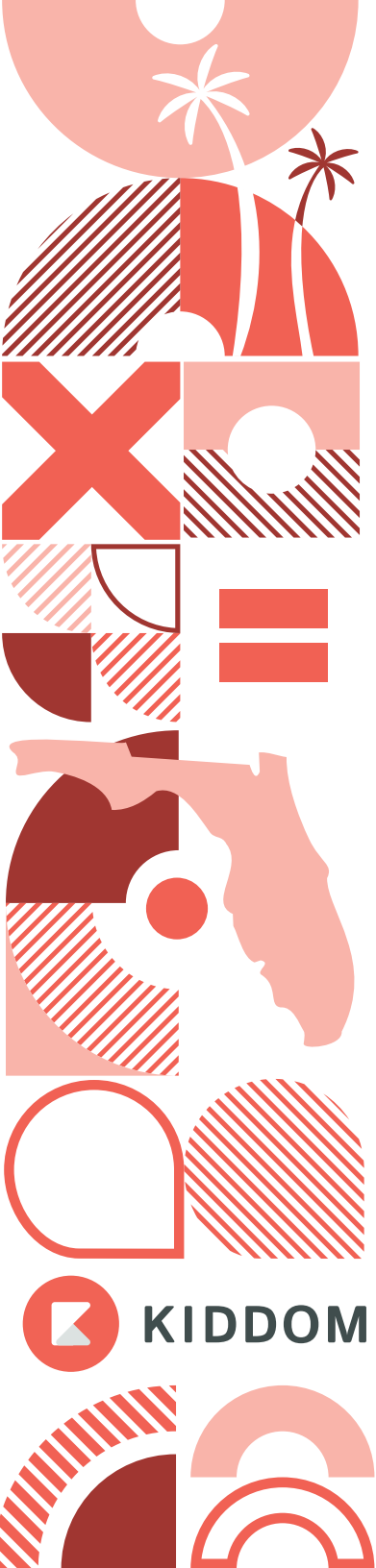
6-8 FLDOE CORE QUESTIONS RUBRIC 26-27 MATH ADOPTION

Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6-8 Response
Content	8	C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources cited in the materials reflect expert information for the subject.	Kiddom Florida Math is developed by a team of Florida mathematics educators and curriculum experts and is built specifically for Florida's B.E.S.T. Standards for Mathematics. The mathematical content, models, and representations reflect expert, discipline-accurate information from recognized researchers, professional organizations, and authoritative sources in mathematics education. In the digital course, return to any course-level page, select Course Overview at the top, and scroll down to the References and Attributions tile. References identifies the research and professional sources that informed the materials, while Attributions provides credit and licensing information for specific instructional practices, trademarks, and images used throughout the course. To review the sources in our print, see the References section at the end of each flipbook.
Content	9	C. Expertise for Content Development: The primary and secondary sources contribute to the quality of the content in the materials.	Kiddom Florida Math was developed with mathematics and curriculum expertise specifically around Florida's B.E.S.T. Standards for Mathematics. Rather than simply adding Florida standards to an existing course, the content was purposefully built around Florida's benchmarks and learning progressions. You'll see that expertise reflected in the models, representations, worked examples, and instructional routines selected to build accurate and connected mathematical understanding. Open the Grade 7 sample lesson, or any other lesson of your choosing, and scroll down to view the Lesson Narrative, Instructional Routines, Activities, and Teacher Edition guidance. Notice how the models, representations, and instructional guidance connect to the specific mathematics students are learning. You can explore further using the menu on the left to select different parts of the lesson and see how this Florida-specific design carries throughout the course.
Content	10	D. Accuracy of Content: The content is presented accurately. (Material should be devoid of typographical or visual errors.)	Kiddom Florida Math presents mathematical content clearly and accurately across the digital and print materials. Open the Grade 7 sample lesson, or any lesson of your choosing, and scroll through the lesson slides, activities, and Cool-Down to review the content and visuals. You can also use the menu on the left to explore other parts of the lesson and see this consistency throughout the course.



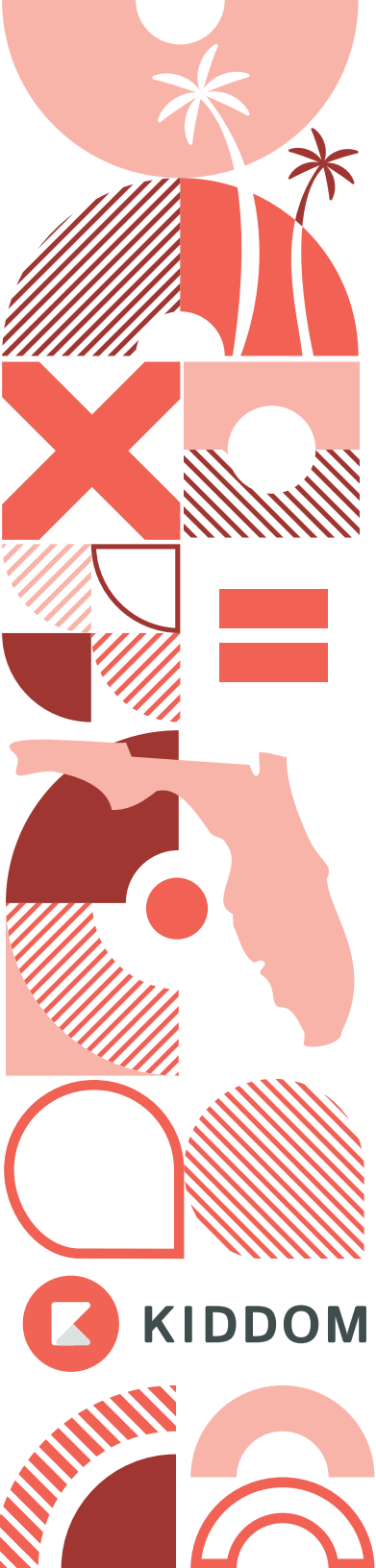
6-8 FLDOE CORE QUESTIONS RUBRIC 26-27 MATH ADOPTION

Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6-8 Response
Content	11	D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is presented objectively. (Material should be free of bias and contradictions and is noninflammatory in nature.)	The content is presented objectively. Problems, contexts, and examples maintain a neutral, mathematics-focused presentation In the Grade 7 example lesson, or another lesson of your choosing, review the Activities and problem contexts to see the objective, mathematics-focused presentation. Use the dropdown near the top left to move between units, sections, and lessons.
Content	12	D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is representative of the discipline. (Material should include prevailing theories, concepts, standards and models used with the subject area.)	Kiddom Florida Math reflects the concepts, standards, models, and mathematical practices used in the discipline. Lessons connect conceptual understanding, procedural fluency, and application so students understand both how and why the mathematics works. Open the Grade 7 sample lesson, or any lesson of your choosing, and scroll through the Warm-Up, Activities, Synthesis, and Cool-Down to see this in practice. For example, in Grade 7, Unit 3, Section A, Lesson 1, students explore equivalent ratios using real-world situations and multiple mathematical representations, including tables, diagrams, and double number lines. They then apply what they have learned to compare relationships and explain their reasoning. You can also open the Teacher Lesson Overview to see the research-based instructional routines, Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards, and Math Language Routines that are intentionally embedded in the lesson. For a broader view, explore the Course Overview, where you'll find professional learning and additional information explaining how the program's instructional approach, standards, concepts, and models are carried throughout the curriculum.
Content	13	D. Accuracy of Content: The content of the material is factually accurate. (Materials should be free of mistakes and inconsistencies.)	The content is factually accurate and internally consistent. Mathematical statements, procedures, answer keys, and worked solutions are verified to be free of mistakes and inconsistencies. In the Grade 7 example lesson, or another lesson of your choosing, open an Activity and its Cool-Down and compare the exemplar responses and answer keys in the Teacher Edition to confirm accuracy and consistency. Use the dropdown near the top left to move between units, sections, and lessons.



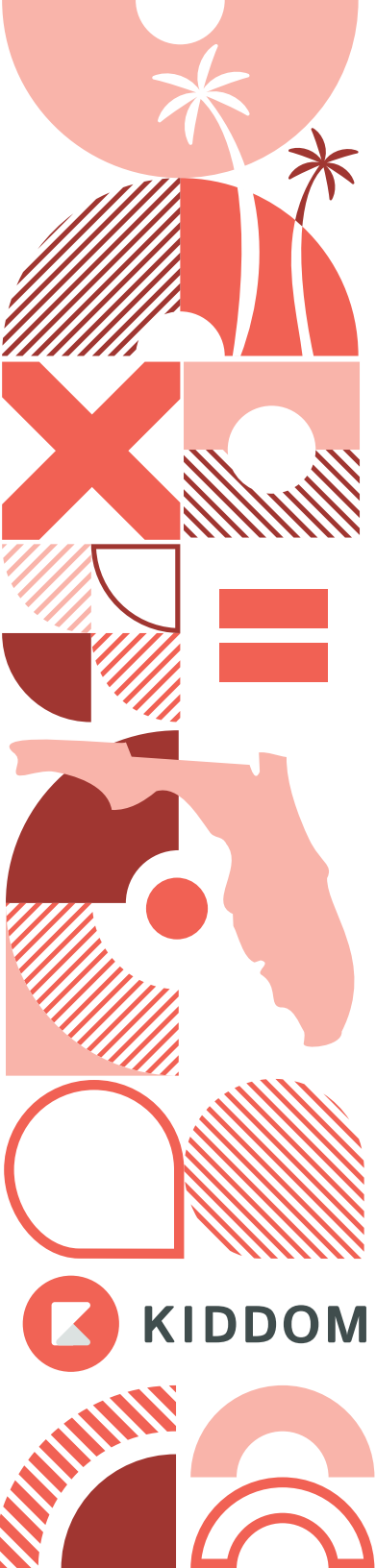
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Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6-8 Response
Content	14	E. Currency of Content: The content is up-to-date according to current research and standards of practice.	Kiddom Florida Math is aligned to Florida's current B.E.S.T. Standards and builds on the research-based instructional foundation of IM v.360. The curriculum reflects established practices in mathematics education, including problem-based learning, mathematical discourse, coherent learning progressions, multiple representations, reasoning, and application. To explore the research, go to the course level for any grade or course and open Course Overview. Select Problem-Based Teaching and Learning to review the principles and research behind the instructional approach, or open References to see the research that informed the curriculum, including work from NCTM, Hiebert and colleagues, Smith and Stein, Vygotsky, and others. To see these practices in action, open the Grade 7 sample lesson, or any lesson of your choosing, and review the Lesson Narrative, Instructional Routines, Activities, and Synthesis. In the Kiddom Florida Math 6-12 Course Overview Flip Book, pages 5-6 also explain the research and principles behind problem-based teaching and learning.
Content	15	E. Currency of Content: The content is presented to the curriculum, standards and benchmarks in an appropriate and relevant context.	Kiddom Florida Math presents Florida's B.E.S.T. Standards and benchmarks within appropriate and relevant mathematical contexts, helping students connect mathematical concepts to meaningful situations. In the Grade 7 sample lesson, Unit 3, Section A, Lesson 3, students develop an understanding of proportional relationships through measurement and travel contexts. Students examine the relationship between centimeters and millimeters using rulers and then explore how constant speed relates time and distance through a trip from New York to San Diego and comparisons with other cities. These contexts help students make sense of unit rates and proportional relationships rather than encountering the concepts only as procedures. To explore context in this or any lesson of your choosing, scroll down to the Lesson Narrative for an overview of how the mathematics is developed, then open individual activities and review the Activity Narrative for additional guidance on the purpose and context. You can also select the Cool-Down to view the tagged B.E.S.T. benchmarks.



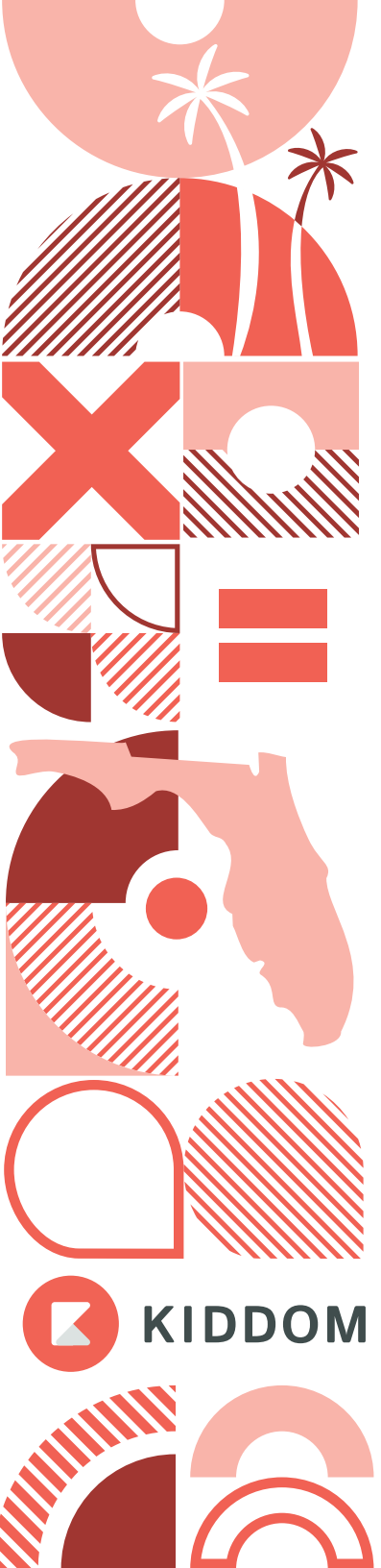
6–8 FLDOE CORE QUESTIONS RUBRIC 26-27 MATH ADOPTION

Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6–8 Response
Content	16	E. Currency of Content: The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners.	The content is presented in an appropriate and relevant context for the intended learners, using grade-appropriate situations and language that make the mathematics meaningful. Kiddom Florida Math uses high-quality, mathematically purposeful visual information throughout Grades 6–8. Students build conceptual understanding by working across visual, verbal, symbolic, concrete, and digital representations and making connections among them. Grade-appropriate representations include number lines, two-color counters, algebra tiles, coordinate planes, geometric models, diagrams, graphs, tables, equations, and other visual models that support increasingly abstract mathematical reasoning. Students also have access to hands-on Manipulative Kits and embedded digital manipulatives. For an example, navigate to Grade 7 → Unit 7 → Section A → Lesson 1, Decomposing Triangles, and select Activity 1.2, “More Red, Green, or Blue?” from the left navigation pane. Students compare the areas covered by triangles, rhombuses, and trapezoids by decomposing, rearranging, and relating the shapes. Teachers can choose from hands-on geometry toolkits—including tracing paper, graph paper, colored pencils, scissors, and a straightedge—pattern blocks, or a digital applet that allows students to move and rotate shapes and explore their relationships. Students also have access to embedded digital pattern blocks and manipulatives, providing multiple ways to visualize, explore, and explain the same mathematical relationships.
Content	17	F. Authenticity of Content: The content includes connections to life in a context that is meaningful to students.	Kiddom Florida Math connects grade-level mathematics to real-life situations that are familiar and meaningful to students. These contexts help students see when and why they would use the mathematics they are learning. To see this in practice, open the Grade 7 sample lesson, or another lesson of your choosing, and review the Warm-Up and Activities. Use the dropdown near the top left to move between units, sections, and lessons and look for the real-world situations used to introduce or apply the mathematics. You can also explore Grade 6, Unit 1, “Using Decimals in a Shopping Context.” In this lesson, students work with decimals through the familiar experience of shopping rather than practicing decimal operations only as isolated computations. This gives students a recognizable context for applying the mathematics and understanding how it connects to everyday life.



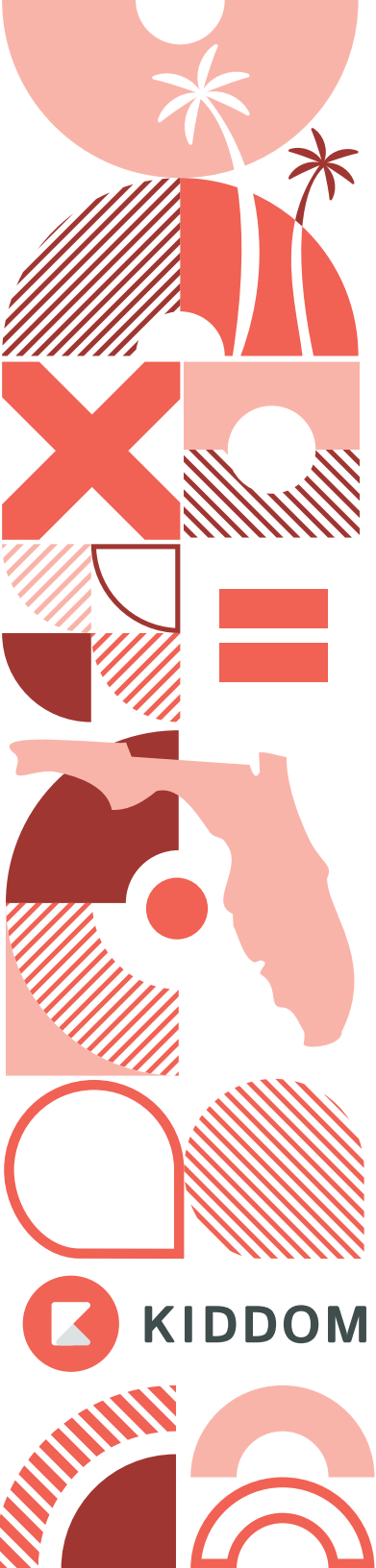
6-8 FLDOE CORE QUESTIONS RUBRIC 26-27 MATH ADOPTION

Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6-8 Response
Content	18	F. Authenticity of Content: The material includes interdisciplinary connections which are intended to make the content meaningful to students.	Kiddom Florida Math includes interdisciplinary connections that help you see how mathematics is used in other subjects and in everyday life. Lessons connect grade-level content to areas such as science, data, financial literacy, and measurement so students can apply mathematics in meaningful contexts. To see this in practice, open the Grade 7 sample lesson, or another lesson of your choosing, and review the Activities and their contexts. Use the dropdown near the top left to move between units, sections, and lessons and look for examples where mathematics connects to another subject or real-world application. You can also explore Grade 6, Unit 1, “Using Decimals in a Shopping Context.” Students use decimals in the familiar setting of shopping, connecting mathematical operations to financial literacy and everyday decision-making rather than treating the skill as an isolated computation.
Content	19	G. Accurate Representation: The portrayal of sex, ethnicity, age, work situations, cultural, religious, physical and various social groups are fair and unbiased. (Please explain any unfair or biased portrayals in the comments section.)	Kiddom Florida Math uses respectful names, images, characters, and problem contexts that represent a variety of people, families, communities, and everyday situations without relying on stereotypes. In the Grade 7 sample lesson, or any lesson of your choosing, review the Activities, illustrations, and problem contexts to see how people and situations are portrayed throughout the materials. Use the left menu to explore different parts of the lesson, or navigate to other units and lessons to review additional examples. You can also review the Student Edition flip books across units and grade levels to see how people, settings, and situations are represented throughout the student-facing materials.



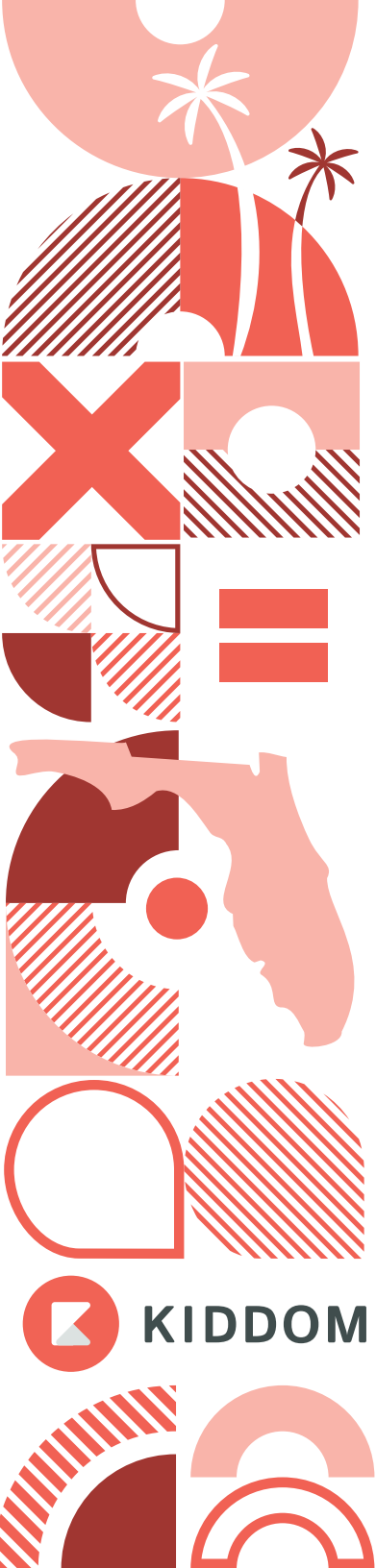
6-8 FLDOE CORE QUESTIONS RUBRIC 26-27 MATH ADOPTION

Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6-8 Response
Content	20	H. Humanity and Compassion: The materials portray people and animals with compassion, sympathy and consideration of their needs and values, and exclude pornography, materials harmful to minors under s. 847.012, F.S., and inhumane treatment. (An exception may be necessary for units covering animal welfare.)	Kiddom Florida Math presents people and animals in respectful, age-appropriate ways that reflect compassion, care, and consideration for others. The materials do not include inappropriate or harmful content, and lesson contexts consistently model humane treatment of people and animals. To see this in practice, open the Grade 7 sample lesson, or another lesson you choose, and review the images, scenarios, and activity contexts. Use the dropdown near the top left to move between units, sections, and lessons. You can also explore Grade 6, Unit 4, Lesson 11, where students apply percent reasoning in a fundraising context connected to an animal shelter. The task gives students a meaningful community-based reason to use the mathematics while also reflecting care and consideration for animals.
Content	21	In general, is the content of the benchmarks and standards for this course covered in the material?	Kiddom Florida Math provides comprehensive coverage of Florida's B.E.S.T. Standards and benchmarks, with content intentionally developed across lessons, activities, practice, and assessments. For a course-level view, open Course Overview and select Scope and Sequence to see how grade-level content and benchmarks progress throughout the course. For example, in Grade 7, Unit 3, benchmark MA.7.AR.4.1 asks students to determine whether two quantities have a proportional relationship by examining a table, graph, or written description. Starting in the sample lesson, Unit 3, Section A, Lesson 1, students review equivalent ratios through visual models and mixture contexts. In subsequent lessons, proportional relationships are introduced and developed through written descriptions and tables, including the relationship between centimeters and millimeters in Lesson 3. Later in the unit, Lesson 10 extends this work to graphs, helping students develop the different representations included in the benchmark. To examine the comprehensive coverage of any benchmark, enter it in the Intelligent Search bar in the upper-right corner. Search results allow you to follow the benchmark across aligned lessons, Warm-Ups, Cool-Downs, and assessments and see how students develop and demonstrate their understanding throughout the course.



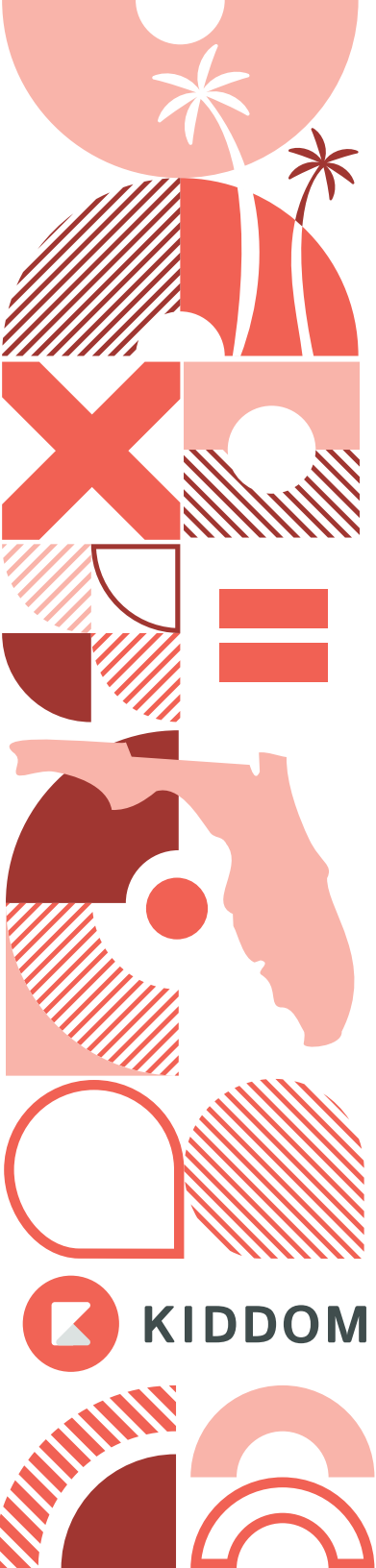
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Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6-8 Response
Presentation	1	A. Comprehensiveness of Student and Teacher Resources: The comprehensiveness of the student resources address the targeted learning outcomes without requiring the teacher to prepare additional teaching materials for the course.	Kiddom Florida Math provides comprehensive student and teacher resources designed to support the targeted learning outcomes without requiring teachers to create additional instructional materials. Lessons include ready-to-use activities, slide decks, student materials, assessments, and detailed Teacher Edition guidance. In the Grade 7 sample lesson, or any lesson of your choosing, scroll through the lesson overview to review the Learning Goals, Lesson Purpose and Narrative, Instructional Routines, required materials and preparation, and supports for learners. Then use the left menu to open a Warm-Up, Activity, or Cool-Down to see activity-specific guidance, including anticipated student thinking, questions to advance learning, and instructional supports. Cool-Downs and unit assessments also provide Responding to Student Thinking guidance to help teachers determine instructional next steps. These resources are available digitally and within the teacher materials. For in-the-moment support, teachers can use Kiddom Assistant within the digital experience to help plan and adapt instruction, differentiate learning, support student grouping, and identify instructional next steps while keeping teachers in control of instructional decisions. For additional differentiated instructional support, go to Step 3 of the demo for a guided tour of Atlas by Kiddom. Atlas works with the existing curriculum and uses evidence from Custom Cool-Downs to prepare differentiated Atlas Activities, or Do Nows, for the next lesson. Explore recommended dynamic groups, editable student groupings, Class Insights, and Student Insights. Teachers can adjust groups and activities based on their professional judgment, providing additional support without requiring teachers to build a separate set of instructional materials.



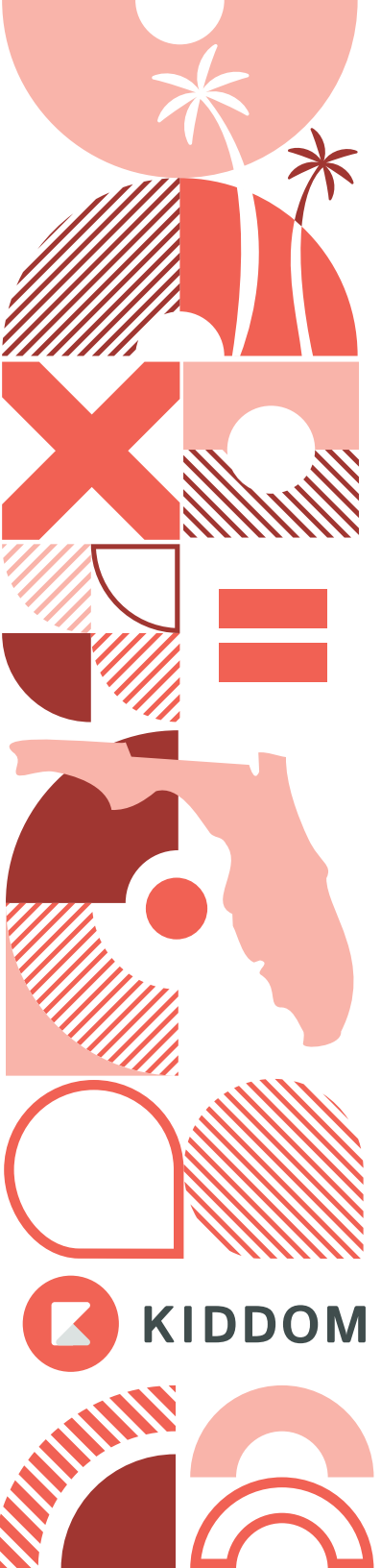
6-8 FLDOE CORE QUESTIONS RUBRIC 26-27 MATH ADOPTION

Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6-8 Response
Presentation	2	B. Alignment of Instructional Components: All components of the major tool align with the curriculum and each other.	Kiddom Florida Math aligns the major instructional components around the same B.E.S.T. content standards, Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards, and learning goals. In the Grade 7 sample lesson, or any lesson of your choosing, scroll just below the slide deck to view the standards addressed in the lesson alongside the Learning Goals and Lesson Purpose. Use the left menu to move through the Warm-Up, Activities, Lesson Synthesis, and Cool-Down to see how each component builds toward the learning goals and identified standards. At the unit level, this alignment continues through the Check Your Readiness (Pre-Assessment), Mid-Unit Assessment when applicable, and End-of-Unit Assessment, where benchmarks are tagged to individual assessment questions. For a course-level view, open Course Overview and select Scope and Sequence to see how standards and learning progress across the course. You can also use the search bar to trace a specific B.E.S.T. benchmark across instructional and assessment components.
Presentation	3	C. Organization of Instructional Materials: The materials are consistent and logical organization of the content for the subject area.	The materials use a consistent, logical organization of content, with a predictable structure across units, sections, and lessons. In the Grade 7 example lesson, or another lesson of your choosing, follow the sequence Warm-Up → Activities → Synthesis → Cool-Down → Practice Problems in either print or digital. Navigate back to the section, unit, and course to see the Course → Unit → Section → Lesson structure.



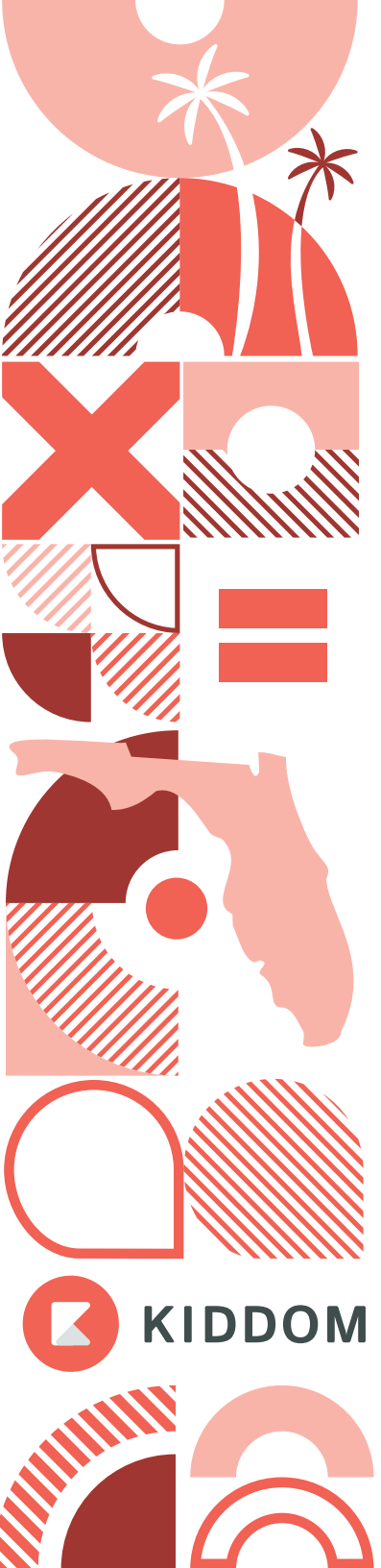
6-8 FLDOE CORE QUESTIONS RUBRIC 26-27 MATH ADOPTION

Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6-8 Response
Presentation	6	Accessibility: The material contains presentation, navigation, study tool and assistive supports that aid students, including those with disabilities, to access and interact with the material. (For assistance, refer to the answers on the Universal Design for Learning (UDL) questionnaire.)	Kiddom Florida Math includes accessibility supports across both the digital platform and instructional materials. The platform is designed and continuously refined to align with Section 508 and WCAG 2.1 AA, with supports including keyboard navigation, screen-reader support, alt text, accessible MathML, zoom and magnification, captions, high-contrast modes, and compatibility with assistive technologies. Accessibility guidance is also embedded at the point of instruction. In the Grade 7 example lesson, navigate to Grade 7 → Unit 3 → Section A → Lesson 3, then select 3.2 Centimeters and Millimeters from the left navigation pane to view Access for Students with Disabilities guidance specific to the activity. The same supports appear in the lesson slide deck's speaker notes and at the activity level in the Teacher Editions, mirroring the digital experience. For course-level guidance, select Back to Home → View a Course → Course Overview and locate the UDL and accessibility guidance. Additional platform accessibility information is available in Kiddom's accessibility statement.
Presentation	7	In general, how well does the submission satisfy PRESENTATION requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Presentation section.)	Kiddom Florida Math satisfies the Presentation requirements through a consistent, logically organized structure; grade-appropriate narrative, visuals, and mathematical representations; intentional pacing; and built-in accessibility and navigation supports. Lessons follow a predictable flow of Warm-Up, Activities, Lesson Synthesis, and Cool-Down while providing teachers flexibility to respond to student needs. In the Grade 7 sample lesson, or any lesson of your choosing, review the lesson structure, slides, student-facing activities, visuals, and navigation to see these features in practice. For a broader view, open Course Overview to explore the organization, pacing, progression, and accessibility supports provided across the course.



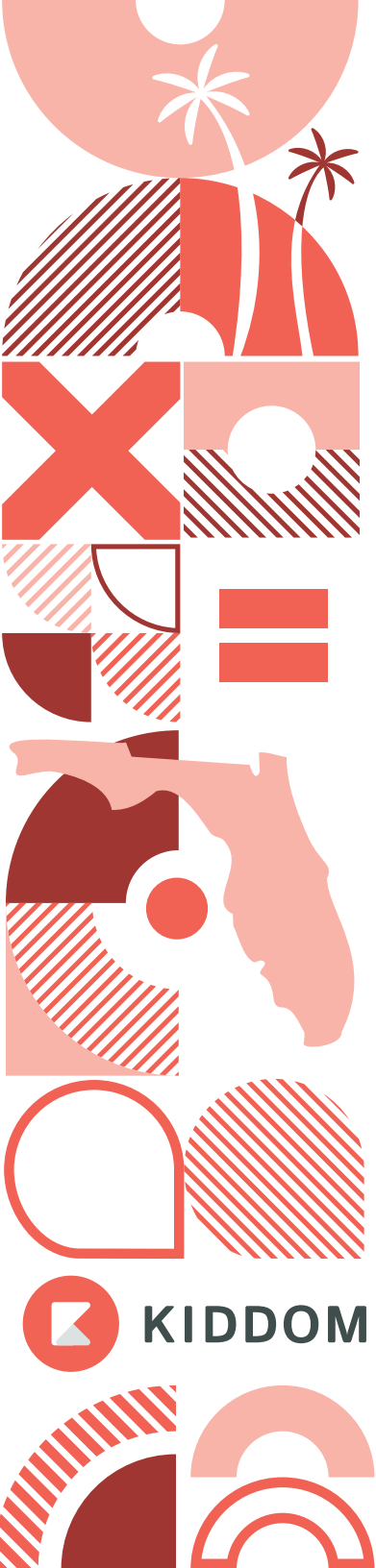
6–8 FLDOE CORE QUESTIONS RUBRIC 26-27 MATH ADOPTION

Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6–8 Response
Learning	1	A. Motivational Strategies: Instructional materials include features to maintain learner motivation.	Kiddom Florida Math includes features that help maintain student motivation, including hands-on activities and manipulatives, discourse and grouping routines from Building Thinking Classrooms, relevant contexts, and multiple ways for students to represent, discuss, and explain their mathematical thinking. Lessons encourage students to actively do mathematics, collaborate with peers, and make sense of problems rather than simply follow procedures. In the Grade 7 sample lesson, or any lesson of your choosing, open the Warm-Up and Activities to see these strategies in action. Review the Activity Narrative and student-facing materials to see how games, visuals, partner and group discussion, manipulatives, and purposeful questions encourage participation and make student thinking visible. For example, a ‘Which One Doesn’t Belong?’ Warm-Up asks students to choose among several figures and justify their mathematical reasoning. These experiences provide varied ways for students to participate, discuss ideas, make choices, and remain actively involved in the mathematics.
	2	B. Explicit Instruction: The materials contain clear statements of information and outcomes.	Kiddom Florida Math provides clear statements of what students are expected to learn and the information teachers need to guide instruction. In the Grade 7 sample lesson, or any lesson of your choosing, scroll below the slide deck to review the B.E.S.T. Standards, Learning Goals, Lesson Purpose, and Lesson Narrative, which clearly identify the intended outcomes and mathematical focus of the lesson. Use the left menu to open a Warm-Up, Activity, or Cool-Down to see explicit guidance for each part of the lesson, including activity directions, anticipated student thinking, questions to advance learning, instructional supports, and guidance for the Lesson Synthesis. Cool-Downs and unit assessments also include Responding to Student Thinking guidance to help teachers use student responses to determine next instructional steps. This guidance is available digitally and within the teacher materials.



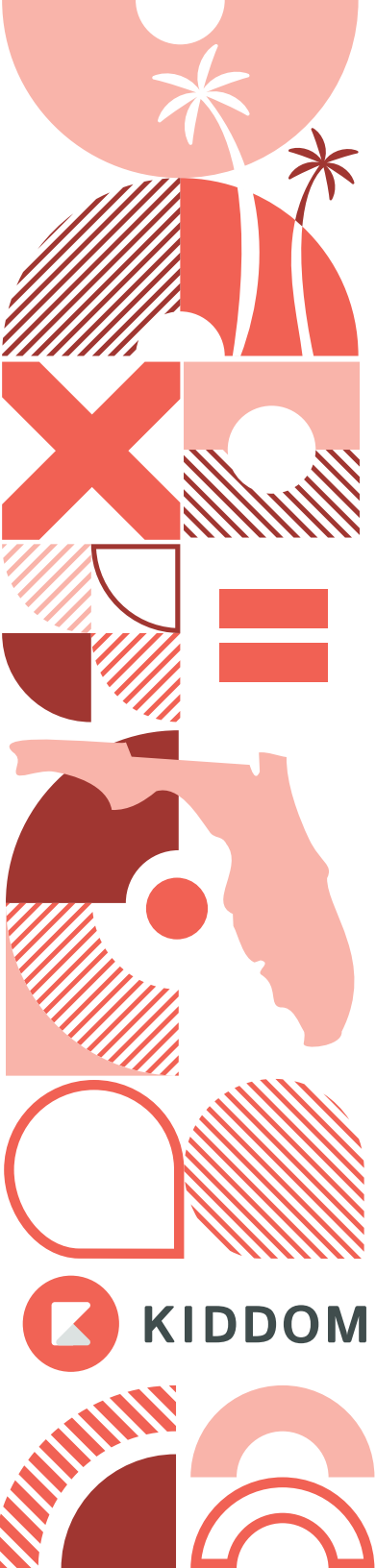
6-8 FLDOE CORE QUESTIONS RUBRIC 26-27 MATH ADOPTION

Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6-8 Response
Learning	3	C. Guidance and Support: The materials provide guidance and support to help students safely and successfully become more independent learners and thinkers.	Kiddom Florida Math provides embedded guidance within each activity to help teachers support students in becoming increasingly independent learners and mathematical thinkers. In any lesson, use the left navigation pane to open an Activity, or locate the same activity in the Teacher Edition flip book, to see guidance for grouping, questioning, discussion, instructional routines, accessibility, and supporting student thinking without taking over the thinking for them. For example, in Grade 7, Unit 3, Section A, Lesson 3, Activity 2, “Centimeters and Millimeters,” students begin with quiet work time to develop their own thinking, followed by partner and whole-class discussion. The activity provides specific teacher guidance for using the Collect and Display routine to build from students’ own words and ideas, connect them to mathematical language, and create a reference students can continue using as their understanding develops. To explore these supports, open any lesson in the digital platform and select individual Activities using the left navigation pane to see the embedded guidance for teachers. Students also demonstrate independent understanding through Cool-Downs and can use teacher feedback and standards-mastery information in Kiddom to reflect on their progress over time.
Learning	4	C. Guidance and Support: Guidance and support must be adaptable to developmental differences and various learning styles.	Kiddom Florida Math provides adaptable guidance and support for developmental differences and various learning styles. Lessons can be taught synchronously or asynchronously using student devices, student workbooks, small-group or whole-group instruction, with ready-to-teach slide decks provided for whole-group delivery. Throughout each lesson, the Teacher Edition provides guidance for grouping, questioning, discussion, manipulatives and representations, accessibility, additional support, and enrichment so teachers can respond to different student needs. Atlas by Kiddom provides an additional layer of differentiated instructional support. Go to Step 3 of the demo for a guided tour of Atlas. See how Atlas uses evidence from Custom Cool-Downs to identify student understanding and misconceptions, then recommends dynamic groups and differentiated Atlas Activities, or Do Nows, for the next lesson. Groups can address shared misconceptions, spiral review, individual work, or extension. Teachers remain in control and can review and adjust groups, create additional activities, or choose whether to use Atlas recommendations based on their knowledge of their students.



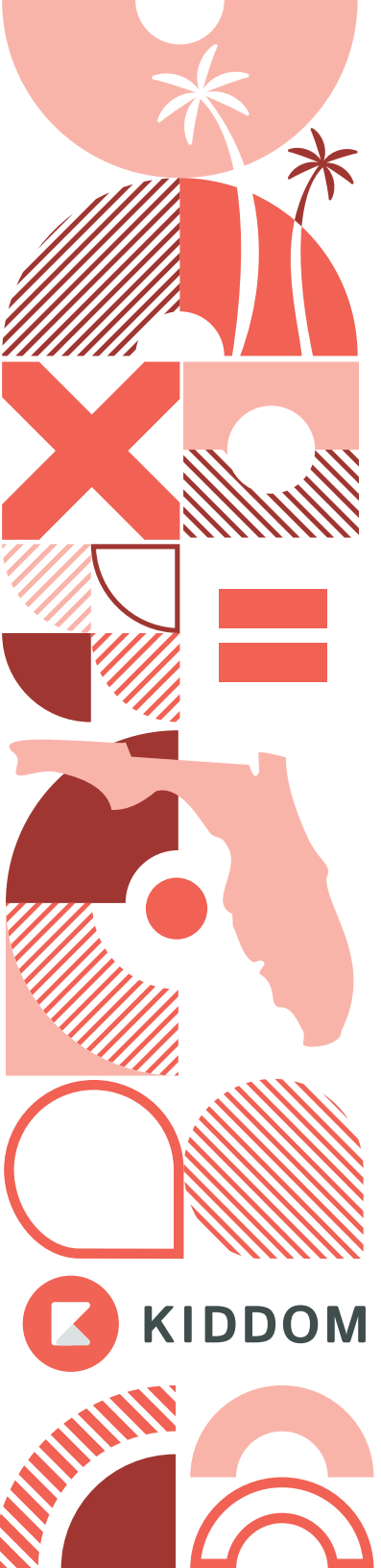
6–8 FLDOE CORE QUESTIONS RUBRIC 26-27 MATH ADOPTION

Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6–8 Response
Learning	5	D. Active Participation of Students: The materials engage the physical and mental activity of students during the learning process.	Kiddom Florida Math engages students in both physical and mental activity throughout the learning process through visible response routines, written work, problem solving, discussion, and multiple representations. For example, in the Grade 7 sample lesson, Unit 3, Section A, Lesson 3, “Constant of Proportionality,” students actively signal responses, record their thinking, discuss strategies, and compare reasoning with others. In the Math Talk Warm-Up, students signal responses and discuss different division strategies, with options such as sticky notes or mini whiteboards to make their thinking visible. In “Centimeters and Millimeters” and “Pittsburgh to Phoenix,” students complete tables, record values, work with partners or small groups, and compare mathematical reasoning. Throughout the lesson, students also generate questions, contribute ideas to shared class charts, and complete the Cool-Down independently. Select individual Activities from the left navigation pane to see the embedded teacher guidance for keeping students actively thinking, writing, discussing, representing, and doing mathematics rather than passively receiving information.
Learning	6	D. Active Participation of Students: The materials include organized activities that are logical extensions of content, goals and objectives.	Kiddom Florida Math includes organized activities that logically extend the content, goals, and objectives. In the Grade 7 sample lesson, Unit 3, Section A, Lesson 3, “Constant of Proportionality,” review the Learning Goals and student-facing Learning Targets at the top, such as “I can find the constant of proportionality.” Then follow the Warm-Up → Activities → Lesson Synthesis → Cool-Down to see how each component develops and assesses those goals. Cumulative Practice Problems provide additional opportunities to practice and demonstrate learning. For a broader view, open the Section or Unit Overview to see the Learning Goals and how they develop across lessons. Section Checkpoints assess Section Learning Goals, while Mid-Unit Assessments (where applicable in larger units) and End-of-Unit Assessments assess learning across the unit. In the teacher view, Learning Goals are stated above assessment questions, making the connection between objectives, instruction, and assessment clear.



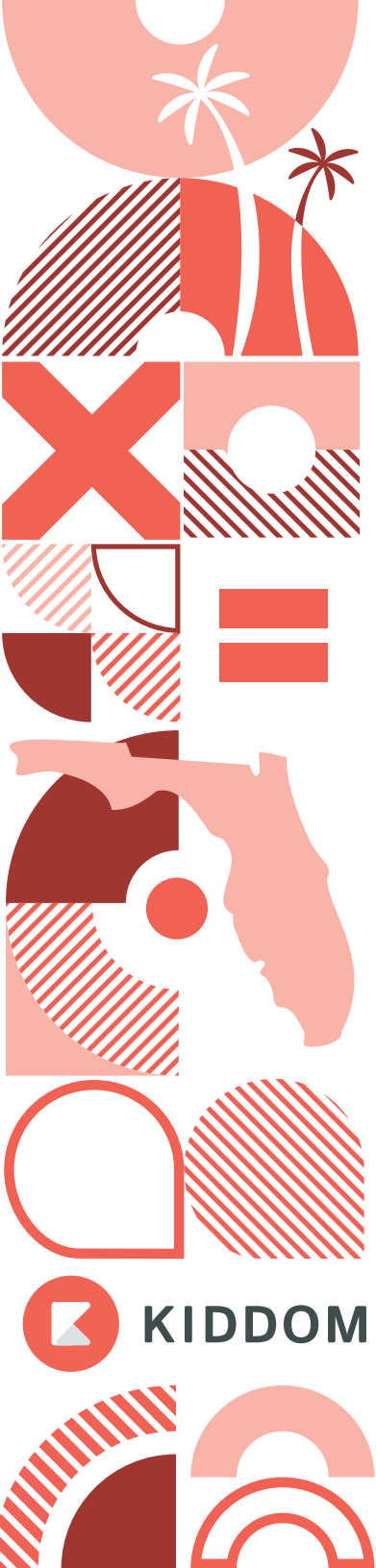
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Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6-8 Response
Learning	7	E. Targeted Instructional Strategies: Instructional materials include the strategies known to be successful for teaching the learning outcomes targeted in the curriculum requirements.	Kiddom Florida Math incorporates research-based instructional strategies selected to support the learning outcomes targeted by Florida's B.E.S.T. Standards. The problem-based instructional approach engages students in doing mathematics through problem solving, reasoning, mathematical discourse, multiple representations, and purposeful instructional routines. To review the foundation for these strategies, open Course Overview and select Problem-Based Teaching and Learning to see the research and principles behind the instructional approach. Select References to review the supporting research. Instructional routines are intentionally selected based on their alignment with unit, lesson, and activity Learning Goals. Then open the Grade 7 sample lesson, or another lesson of your choosing, to see how these strategies connect to the targeted B.E.S.T. benchmarks and Learning Goals through the Warm-Up, Activities, Lesson Synthesis, and Cool-Down.
Learning	8	E. Targeted Instructional Strategies: The instructional strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in teaching the targeted outcomes.	Kiddom Florida Math incorporates research-based instructional strategies designed to support the learning outcomes targeted by Florida's B.E.S.T. Standards. The problem-based instructional framework engages students in learning mathematical concepts and procedures by doing mathematics, including making sense of problems, reasoning, modeling, using tools and representations, discussing mathematical ideas, and explaining their thinking. To review the research and principles behind these strategies, go to the Grade 7 course, or another course of your choosing, and open Course Overview → Problem-Based Teaching and Learning. This section explains how the instructional framework, activities, routines, mathematical discourse, teacher questioning, and lesson synthesis support students in achieving mathematical learning goals. It also connects these approaches to supporting research, including Hiebert et al. and Vygotsky. Then open the Grade 7 sample lesson, Unit 3, Section A, Lesson 3, "Constant of Proportionality," to see these strategies applied to the targeted B.E.S.T. benchmarks and Learning Goals through the Warm-Up, Activities, Lesson Synthesis, and Cool-Down.



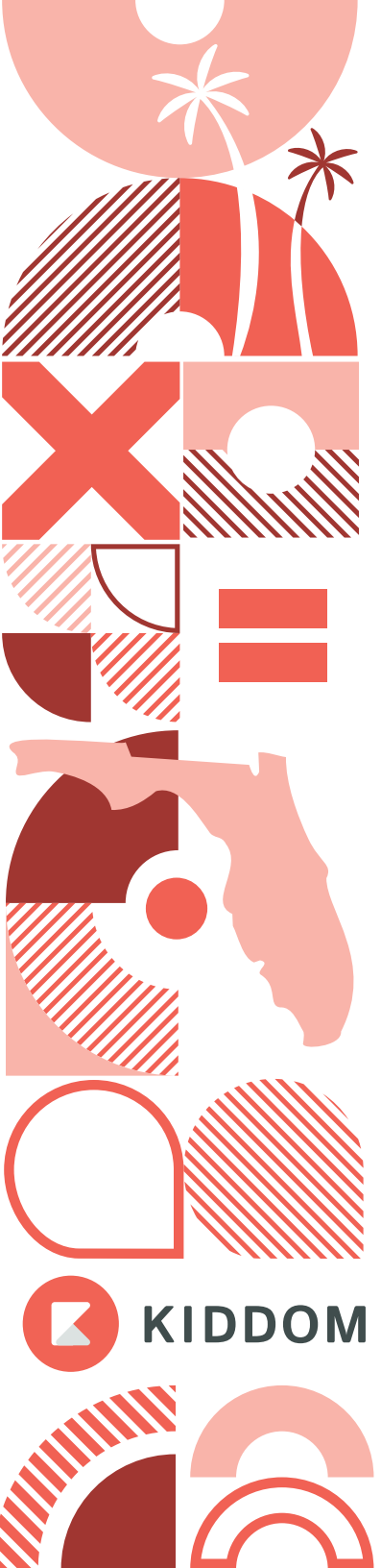
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Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6–8 Response
Learning	9	F. Targeted Assessment Strategies: The materials correlate assessment strategies to the desired learning outcomes.	Kiddom Florida Math correlates assessment strategies directly to the desired Learning Goals and outcomes. In the Grade 7 sample lesson, Unit 3, Section A, Lesson 3, “Constant of Proportionality,” review the Learning Goals and student-facing Learning Goals and Targets, written as statements such as “I can find missing information in a proportional relationship” and “I can find the constant of proportionality.” These help students understand what they are working toward, while the Cool-Down assesses their progress toward that learning. Assessment is connected to Learning Goals throughout the unit. Check Your Readiness at the beginning of each unit assesses prerequisite learning, Cumulative Practice Problems provide ongoing practice, and Section Checkpoints assess Section Learning Goals. Mid-Unit Assessments (where applicable in larger units) and End-of-Unit Assessments assess learning across the unit. In the digital teacher view and Teacher Edition print materials, Learning Goals are identified with assessment questions, along with aligned B.E.S.T. benchmarks and Achievement Level Descriptors (ALDs), making the connection between desired learning outcomes and assessment clear.
Learning	10	F. Targeted Assessment Strategies: The assessment strategies incorporated in the materials are effective in assessing the learners’ performance with regard to the targeted outcomes.	Kiddom Florida Math includes formative, summative, and cumulative assessment strategies that provide multiple ways to assess student performance against targeted Learning Goals. In the Grade 7 sample lesson, Unit 3, Section A, Lesson 3, “Constant of Proportionality,” or another lesson of your choosing, Warm-Ups, activity-level checks and look-fors, Lesson Synthesis, and the daily Cool-Down provide ongoing evidence of understanding. Cool-Downs allow students to independently demonstrate progress toward the lesson Learning Goals, and some lessons include an additional written reflection. Each lesson also includes Cumulative Practice Problems that incorporate current and prior learning. Section Checkpoints assess Section Learning Goals, while unit-level assessments include Check Your Readiness, Mid-Unit Assessments (in larger units), and End-of-Unit Assessments. Goals Assessed and Responding to Student Thinking guidance, along with student- and class-level results by standard, help teachers evaluate performance against targeted outcomes and determine instructional next steps. Districts can also use Kiddom’s secure item banks to create and administer additional standards-aligned assessments. Kiddom’s lesson-level intervention layer, Atlas, further supports this assessment cycle by using Cool-Down data to uncover gaps and misconceptions in the targeted learning. Atlas then recommends student groupings and instructional next steps, helping teachers use assessment evidence to respond directly to student performance. ¹⁹



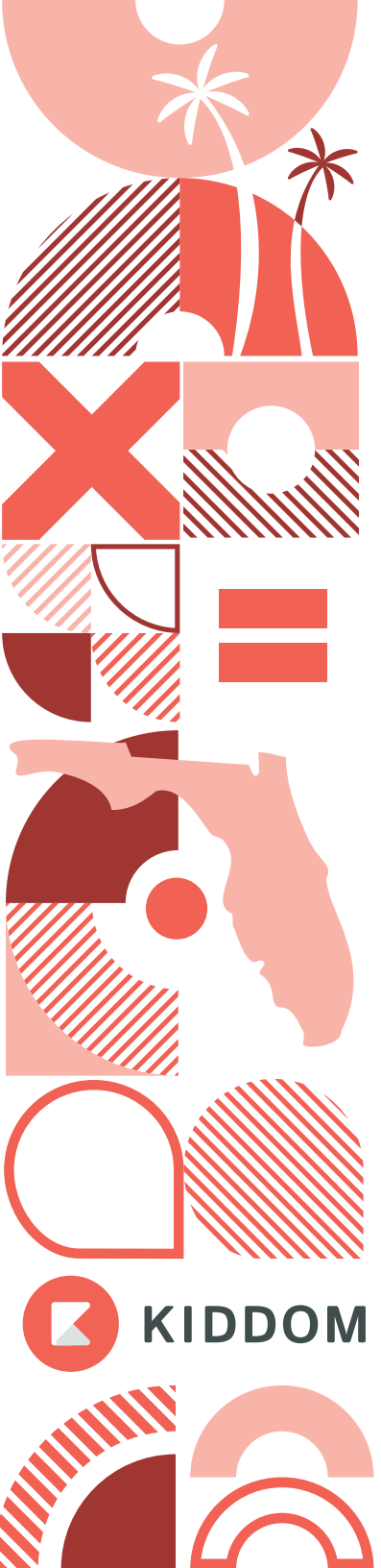
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Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6-8 Response
Learning	11	Universal Design for Learning: This submission incorporates strategies, materials, activities, etc. that consider the needs of all students.	Kiddom Florida Math incorporates UDL strategies and supports throughout the instructional materials to consider the needs of all students. Lessons provide multiple ways for students to access and engage with mathematics through visuals and representations, discussion, hands-on materials, digital tools, and print resources. Embedded teacher guidance provides additional supports and accommodations based on the demands of individual activities. In the Grade 7 sample lesson, navigate to Grade 7 → Unit 3 → Section A → sLesson 3, “Constant of Proportionality,” and select Activity 3.2, “Centimeters and Millimeters,” from the left navigation pane to view Access for Students with Disabilities guidance specific to the activity. These supports also appear in the lesson slide deck speaker notes and at the activity level in the print Teacher Edition. The digital platform provides additional accessibility supports, including keyboard navigation, screen-reader support, alt text, accessible MathML, zoom and magnification, captions, high-contrast modes, and compatibility with assistive technologies. For broader guidance, open Course Overview to review UDL and accessibility information. Additional platform accessibility information is available in Kiddom’s accessibility statement.
	12	B.E.S.T. Standards Application: Do you observe the appropriate application of ELA Expectations and/or Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards as applicable?	Kiddom Florida Math appropriately applies the Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning (MTR) Standards throughout instruction, giving students opportunities to reason, represent, discuss, justify, and make connections while learning grade-level mathematics. In the Grade 7 sample lesson, Unit 3, Section A, Lesson 3, “Constant of Proportionality,” or another lesson of your choosing, scroll to “Addressing” to view the Content and MTR Standards addressed in the lesson. Hover over each standard for additional details. Then open individual Warm-Ups and Activities from the left navigation pane to see how the MTR Standards are applied within the mathematics students are doing. The same standards and activity-level guidance are available in the print Teacher Edition under Standards Addressed.



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Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)	6-8 Response
Learning	13	In general, does the submission satisfy LEARNING requirements? (The comments should support your responses to the questions in the Learning section.)	Kiddom Florida Math satisfies the Learning requirements through research-based, problem-based instruction aligned to Florida's B.E.S.T. Standards and Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards. Students actively engage in mathematics through problem solving, discussion, hands-on materials, multiple representations, reasoning, and application rather than passively receiving information. Lessons provide teachers with embedded guidance, instructional routines, differentiation, accessibility supports, and strategies for responding to student thinking. Learning Goals connect instruction to formative, cumulative, and summative assessments, while Cool-Downs and other assessment evidence help teachers identify misconceptions and determine instructional next steps. Digital and print options, UDL supports, and flexible instructional approaches further allow teachers to adapt learning experiences to the needs of their students.



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Section	Item #	FLDOE rubric item (exact wording)
Florida Statutes and State Board of Education Rule	1	Critical Race Theory: Do materials align to Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C., which prohibits Critical Race Theory (CRT) in instructional materials?
	2	Culturally Responsive Teaching: Do instructional materials omit Culturally Responsive Teaching as it relates to CRT?
	3	Social Justice: Do instructional materials omit Social Justice as it relates to CRT?
	4	Social Emotional Learning: Do instructional materials NOT solicit Social Emotional Learning (SEL), as these are considered extraneous and unsolicited strategies outside the scope of subject-area standards?
	5	Principles of Individual Freedom: Do instructional materials align to s. 1003.42(3), F.S., by acknowledging that all people are equal before the law and have inalienable rights and materials are consistent with the following principles: (a) No person is inherently racist, sexist, or oppressive, whether consciously or unconsciously, solely by virtue of his or her race or sex. (b) No race is inherently superior to another race. (c) No person should be discriminated against or receive adverse treatment solely or partly on the bases of race, color, national origin, religion, disability, or sex. (d) Meritocracy or traits such as hard work ethic are not racist but fundamental to the right to pursue happiness and be rewarded for industry. (e) A person, by virtue of his or her race or sex, does not bear responsibility for actions committed in the past by other members of the same race or sex. (f) A person should not be instructed that he or she must feel guilt, anguish, or other forms of psychological distress for actions, in which he or she played no part, committed in the past by other members of the same race or sex.
	6	Student Welfare: Do instructional materials align to s. 1001.42(8)(c)3., F.S., in grades K-8 to EXCLUDE instruction regarding sexual orientation or gender identity except as provided by ss. 1003.42(2)(n)3. and 1003.46, F.S.? If such instruction is provided in grades 9 through 12, is the instruction age-appropriate or developmentally appropriate for students in accordance with state standards?