



2025 GHG Emissions Measurement Report

Prezzee

REPORTING PERIOD:

20245

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Executive Summary

A comprehensive inventory of Prezzee's GHG Emissions



Our Work

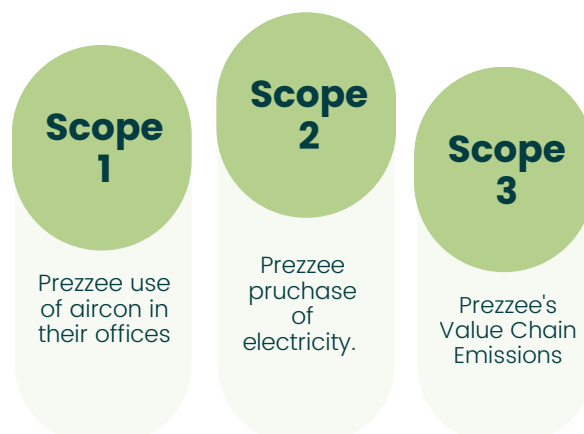
Over the course of early 2026, Prezzee and Furthr teams have put together Prezzee's emissions activity data. We've used the highest-quality methodologies and emissions factors to output Prezzee's total emissions for the 2025 calendar year.

Emissions (tCO ₂ e)*	
Scope 1	0.78
Scope 2	12.96
Scope 3	129.03
Total	142.77

Measurement Protocol:



Entities:



Introduction

Reporting organisation
& scope of the project



Reporting Organisation

Prezzee UK Limited (“Prezzee”) is a global leader in digital gifting, focused on enhancing gifting experiences for consumers, businesses, and partners through innovative digital solutions.

Prezzee has one London based office for their UK entity. For the reporting year, the company had approximately 17 full-time staff.

This report is a comprehensive assessment of Prezzee’s Greenhouse Gas emissions for the financial year 2025, in accordance with the Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Protocol Corporate Standard. GHGs are atmospheric gases that absorb infrared radiation (sunlight), leading to atmospheric warming. Common GHGs include (but are not limited to) Carbon Dioxide (CO₂), Methane (CH₄) and Nitrous oxide (N₂O).

Through data collection and analysis, this report aims to shed light on the key contributors to Prezzee’s GHG emissions, whilst identifying areas for data integrity improvement and planning ways in which to reduce or mitigate their GHG emissions. It forms a part of Prezzee’s larger environmental strategy, which also includes a Carbon Reduction Plan to achieve Net-Zero by 2050.

Scope of the Project

Furthr have undertaken a comprehensive examination of Prezzee’s GHG emissions for 2025, encompassing Scope 1, Scope 2, and Scope 3 emissions.

Through this analysis, Prezzee is able to identify GHG hotspots in its operations, which will be critical in the delivery of ongoing emission reduction targets and monitoring.

By adhering to established protocols and methodologies, Prezzee aims to provide stakeholders with accurate and reliable information on its environmental impact. This report also delves into the contextual factors influencing Prezzee’s emissions, offering a transparent view of the challenges and opportunities faced to reduce emissions.

Operational Boundaries



The sources of GHG emissions included in the measurement

Scope 1	1. Stationary Combustion	Prezzee offices do not use natural gas for heating purposes.	N/A
	2. Mobile Combustion	Prezzee does not have a vehicle fleet.	N/A
	3. Fugitive Emissions	Prezzee offices use aircon, which operate using refrigerant gasses.	✓
	4. Process Emissions	Prezzee does not have any process emissions.	N/A
Scope 2	1. Emissions from Purchased Electricity (Location and Market-based)	Prezzee maintains operational control over its headquarters located in London.	✓
Scope 3	1. Purchased goods and services	Following the scope of measurement described by UK Government's PPN 06/21 notice, this category of emissions was out of scope for this measurement.	N/A
	2. Capital goods	See 3.1.	N/A
	3. Fuel-and energy-related activities	Prezzee office energy consumption has residual emissions associated with electricity consumption.	✓
	4. Transportation and distribution (upstream)	Emissions resulting from the transport and distribution of purchased goods and raw materials are negligible for Prezzee.	✓
	5. Waste generated in operations	Prezzee offices generate waste.	✓
	6. Business travel	Prezzee employees regularly engage with business travel.	✓
	7. Employee commuting (incl. homeworking)	Prezzee has employees who work from home.	✓
	8. Upstream Leased Assets	Leased offices were processed under operational control under Scope 2.	N/A
	9. Downstream transportation and distribution	Emissions resulting from the downstream transport and distribution of purchased goods and raw materials are negligible for Prezzee.	N/A
	10. Processing of sold products	Emissions associated with the processing of Prezzee's products are negligible.	N/A
	11. Use of sold products	Emissions from customer's use of Prezzee's products and services are negligible.	N/A
	12. End-of-life treatment of sold products	Prezzee's products do not require end-of-life treatment.	N/A
	13. Downstream Leased Assets	Prezzee have no downstream leased assets.	N/A
	14. Franchises	Prezzee is neither a franchisee nor a franchisor in relation to its business operations.	N/A
	15. Investments	Prezzee does not have an investment portfolio.	N/A

Organisational Boundaries



How we set up the measurement and define how Prezzee operate

Organisational Boundaries

Prezzee operate under one entity, based in the UK. Employees work out of one physical office, which was included in the assessment. It was determined that Prezzee have influence over the UK office, hence scope 1 and 2 emissions for the UK office have been reported.

Input Data

GHG sources were measured using data from meters, invoices, and annual statements wherever possible, known as 'Activity Data.' Primary Activity Data can be captured using a variety of different metrics for each resource type, and it is best practice to utilise this type of input data wherever possible, instead of Secondary Data. As such, Primary Activity Data was used where possible, requiring only a single, one-step conversion to arrive at total emissions.

Where Secondary Data needed to be used. Please refer to the Detailed Methodology section for a breakdown of the methodologies used per GHG Category & Subcategory.

GHG Emission Conversion Factor

Furthr's carbon accounting platform was used to streamline data processing and reporting across Scopes 1-3, and deliver results in metric tonnes of carbon. The tool is compliant with ISO 14064-1:2018 and is aligned with the GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard. It is also compliant with the accounting principles detailed in the IPCC 2019 Refinement to the 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories and its accompanying database of GHG emissions factors and other related environmental metrics EFDB. All subsequent data in this report is shown in market-based figures. Emission factor databases used to calculate the emissions stated in this report include:

- Activity Data: DEFRA 2025
- Spend-Based Data: World EIO, adjusted for CPI, Exiobase 3.8.2

Sources of Information

The data sources used for this year's measurement



Estimations and Limitations

Prezzee recognises that there are certain elements of this report which have been estimated, based on the best available data provided during the measurement program. These figures will be updated and disclosed in subsequent reports, should more accurate data become available.

In some cases, estimations have been made in order to calculate the carbon footprint for specific resource types at select facilities. Within the Detailed Methodology section, we mark out any specific estimations or limitations per GHG Category & Subcategory, where relevant.

Location and Market-Based Emissions

Location-based emission factors consider the average emissions intensity of grids on a regional or national level. This method provides a broad picture of the environmental impact of electricity consumption in that area, regardless of specific purchasing decisions by Prezzee.

Market-based emission factors take into account the choice of electricity suppliers and the specific products or contracts, such as renewable energy certificates, that Prezzee purchases. As market-based factors more accurately reflect the emissions associated with the specific electricity that Prezzee employees and freelancers have chosen to purchase, this method will be used henceforth in this report.

Detailed Methodology

An overview of how we quantified Prezsee's emissions



Scope 1 & 2

"The management company responsible for Prezsee's office premises provided detailed annual consumption data for electricity, waste, and water.

They also supplied specifications, including makes and models of the air conditioning systems utilized within the offices, as well as the amounts of refrigerant charge. For the purpose of this report, refrigerant emissions were estimated using an average annual leakage rate of 6%.

Additionally, it has been confirmed by the management company that there is no utilization of natural gas for heating purposes at the site.

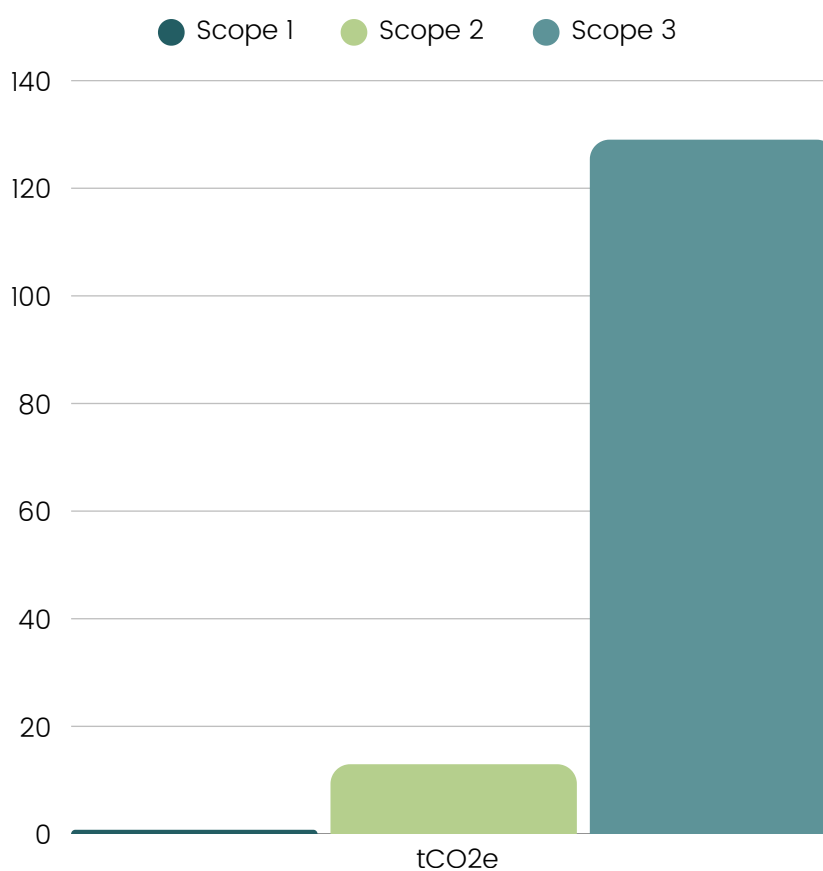
Scope 3

Prezsee provided a purchase ledger showing detailed history of purchases against travel expenses, as well as couriers, adding internal Prezsee comments for categorisation. As a secondary step, the Furthr team validated these categories, and consulted with the client to ensure all data is processed using relevant industry and geography emission factors (Exiobase 3.8.2).

Homeworking emissions were estimated using the EcoAct methodology, following a survey sent out to all Prezsee staff members. An additional consideration for the heating energy type and electricity tariff used. Declaration of a renewable electricity tariff is reflected in market-based reporting.

Prezzee's GHG Inventory

The highest-level view of
Prezzee's emissions across each
GHG Scope



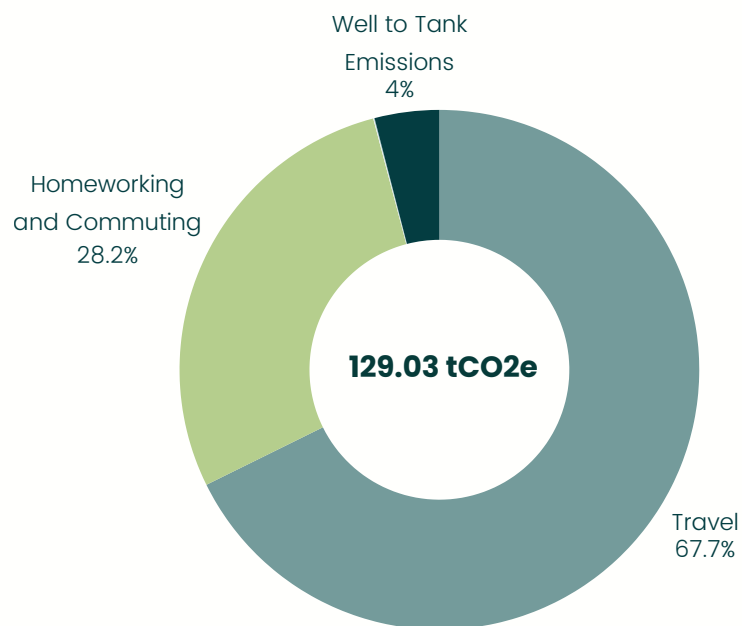
Intensity Metrics

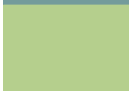
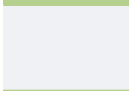
Scope	Total (tCO2e)	tCO2e / FTE
Scope 1	0.78	0.05
Scope 2	12.96	0.76
Scope 3	129.03	7.59
All Scopes	142.77	8.40

Scope 3 Emissions



The break down of Prezzee's all-important Scope 3 (indirect emissions)



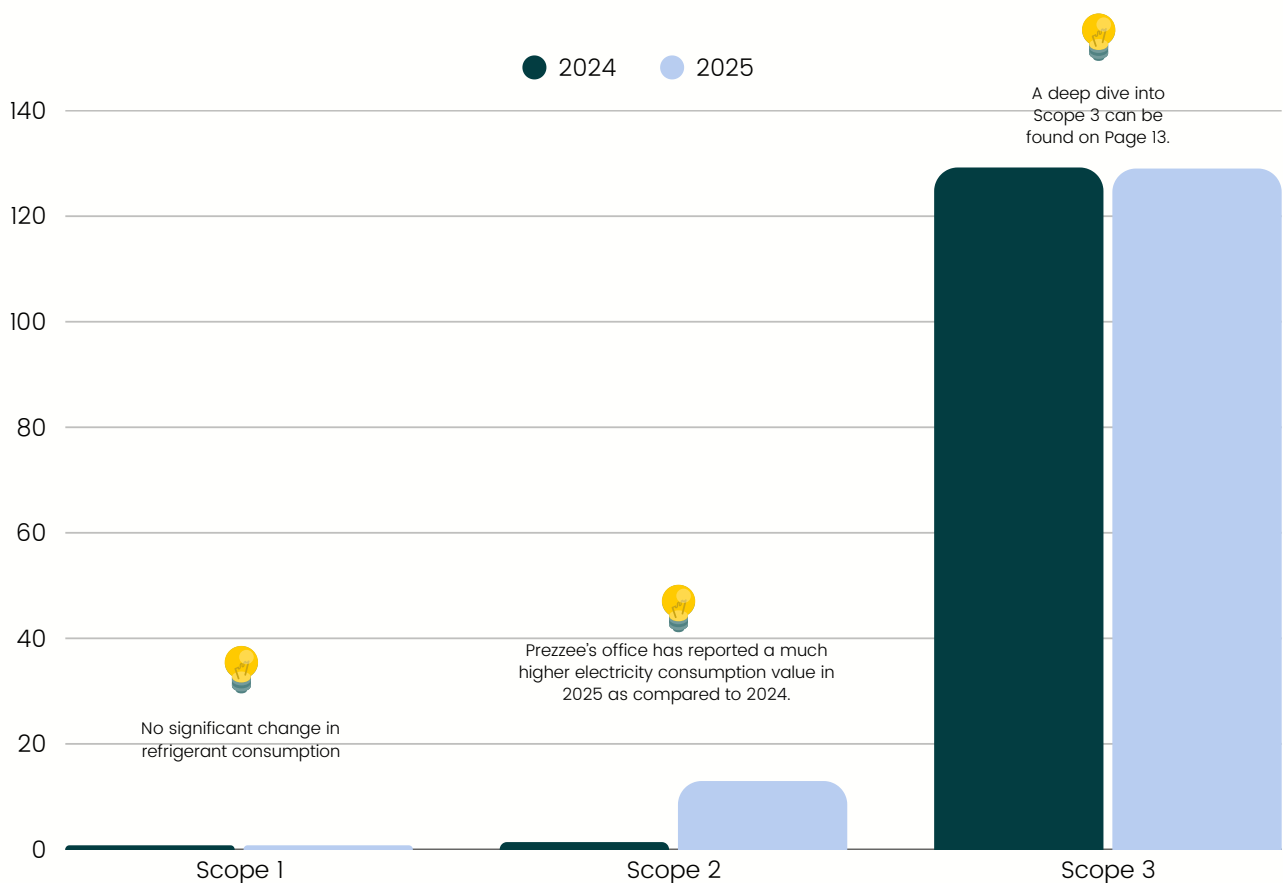
Scope 3 GHG Categories		tCO2e
	Travel	87.34
	Homeworking and Commuting	36.38
	Waste	0.06
	Couriers	0.05
	Well to Tank Emissions	5.18

Changes from Previous Years



A comparison to Prezzee's footprint in previous years

Prezzee's emissions have increased by 9% compared to 2024.

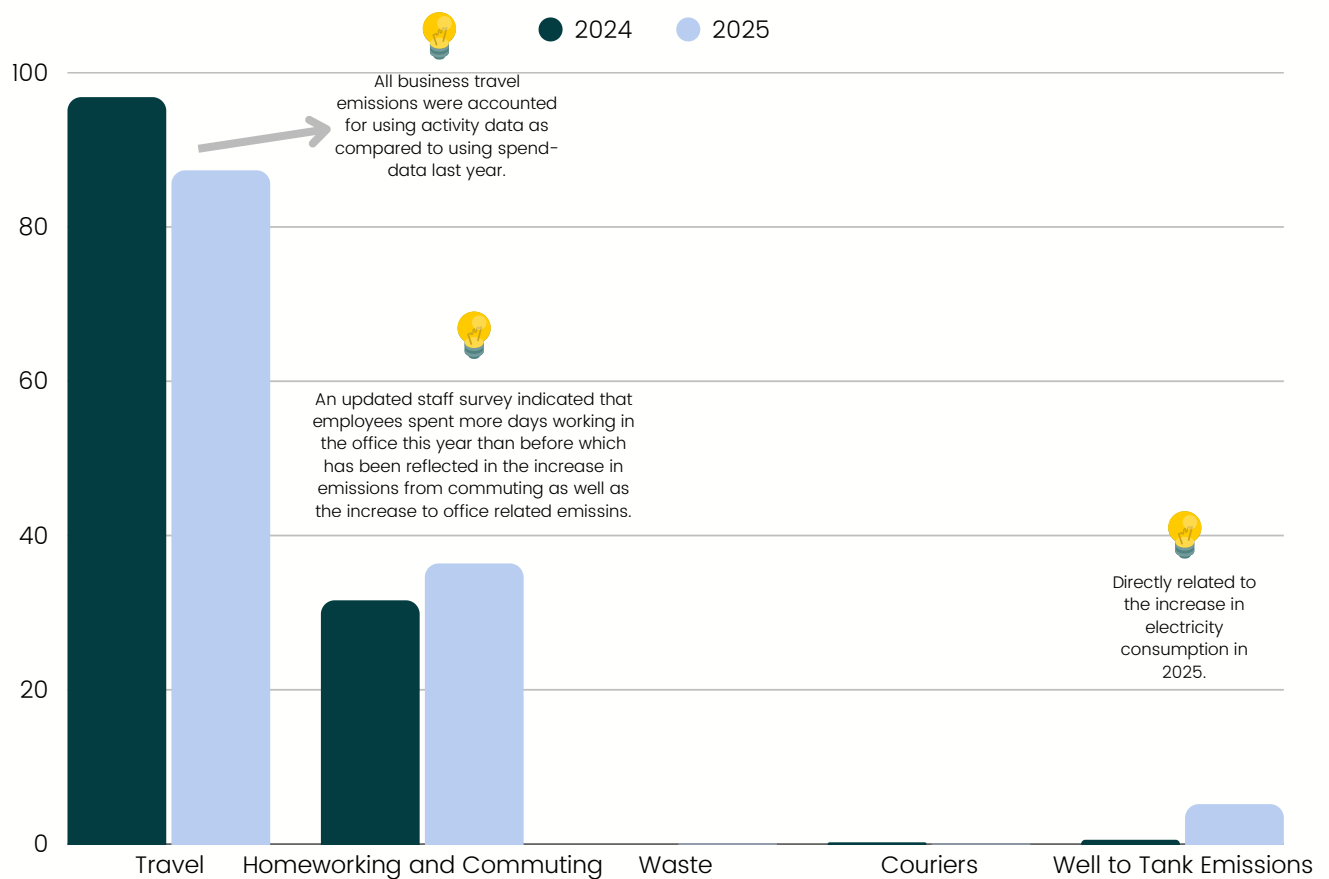


	2024	2025	% change
Scope 1	0.78	0.78	0%
Scope 2	1.39	12.96	832%
Scope 3	129.23	129.03	0%
All Scopes	131.40	142.77	9%

Changes from 2024

A deep dive into scope 3

Prezzee's scope 3 emissions on a whole have only decreased slightly by less than 1% between 2024 and 2025.



Your Emissions Hotspots



Deep dive into the emissions generating activities from Prezzee's indirect supply chain

Business Travel

A business with global ambitions

The following is the breakdown of emission generating activities associated with this category of emissions.

Activity	Emissions (tCO ₂ e)
Flights - international	43.11
Flights - long-haul	25.61
Flights - short-haul	13.59
Hotel stay (by night)	4.14
Ground Travel	0.88

Business Travel contributes the most to Prezzee's emissions with 87.34 tCO₂e (61%) in FY2025, and remains an area of focus.

Reducing travel emissions could be achieved by adopting a virtual-first approach for meetings and events, supported by existing approval processes to ensure travel is planned efficiently and taken when it is business-essential (including travel required to maintain or win business), while prioritising virtual options wherever feasible.

Although Sustainable Aviation Fuel (SAF) provides a promising route toward greener air travel, the disproportionately large share of overall emissions generated by air travel underscores the importance of robust policies and incentives to reduce flight demand, thereby supporting Prezzee's long-term decarbonisation goals.



Your Emissions Hotspots



Deep dive into the emissions generating activities from Prezzee's indirect supply chain

Homeworking and Commuting

A remote workforce

The following is the breakdown of emission generating activities associated with this category of emissions.

Activity	Emissions (tCO ₂ e)
Car - Diesel	14.12
Car - Petrol	3.47
Car - Hybrid	0.56
Car - EV	0.15
Underground	1.16
National Rail	10.76
Homeworking Electricity	0.53
Homeworking Heating	5.62

Although only 6% of means used for travelling to the office, non-electric car travel accounts for >50% of commuting emissions.

With only 11% of Prezzee's workforce currently using renewable energy at home, encouraging and offering incentives for staff to switch to green tariffs can bring a significant reduction in Prezzee's reported emissions.



GHG Emissions Table

Total GHGs across all categories



Category	Scope 1 (tCO2e)	Scope 2 (tCO2e)	Scope 3 (tCO2e)
Total Scope 1	0.78		
Total Scope 2 (Location-Based)		4.57	
Total Scope 2 (Market-Based)		12.96	
3.1 Purchased goods and services			0.02
3.3 Fuel- and energy-related activities			5.18
3.4 Upstream transportation and distribution			0.05
3.5 Waste generated in operations			0.06
3.6 Business travel			87.34
3.7 Employee commuting			36.38
Total Scope 3			129.03
Total (Location-Based)		131.14	
Total (Market-Based)		142.77	

GHG Emissions Comparison Table

Total GHGs across all categories compared with FY2024



Category	FY2024 (tCO2e)	FY2025 (tCO2e)	% Change
1.4 Fugitive emissions	0.78	0.78	0.64%
Total Scope 1	0.78	0.78	0.64%
2.1 Purchased electricity (Location-Based)	0.86	4.57	431.81%
2.1 Purchased electricity (Market-Based)	1.39	12.96	832.26%
Total Scope 2 (Location-Based)	0.86	4.57	431.81%
Total Scope 2 (Market-Based)	1.39	12.96	832.26%
3.3 Fuel- and energy-related activities	0.56	5.18	825.60%
3.4 Upstream transportation and distribution	0.23	0.05	-79.03%
3.5 Waste generated in operations	0.01	0.06	507.49%
3.6 Business travel	4.44	87.34	1867.01%
3.7 Employee commuting (Market-Based)	95.05	36.38	-61.72%
Total Scope 3 (Market-Based)	129.23	129.03	-0.16%
Total (Location-Based)	130.66	131.14	0.37%
Total (Market-Based)	131.40	142.77	8.66%