### Welcome and Attendance

**Introduce yourself** in the chat box by sharing your:

- name,
- · district, and
- position (e.g., school specialist, principal, Special Education Director).

Complete the attendance survey using the QR Code.

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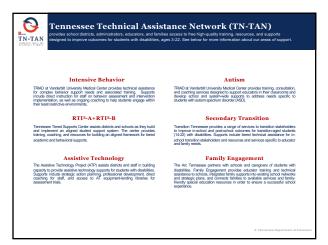


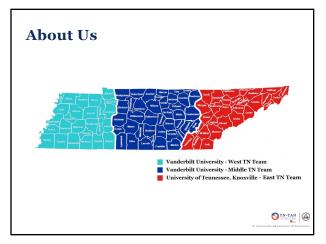
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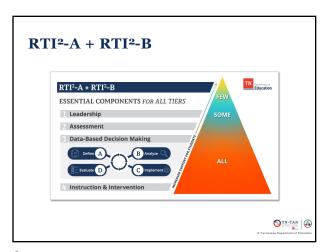
### DISCLAIMER – Generative AI Tools

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......







### **Learning Objectives**

- Understand and identify critical features of four research-based preventative classroom management practices: pre-correct and prompt behavior, provide opportunities to respond, use flexible learning groups, and provide specific feedback.
- 2. Examine tools that can be used to evaluate your use of classroom management practices.
- Apply new knowledge of classroom management practices during collaborative activities and develop plans to implement practices in the classroom.



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### Tell us about yourself.



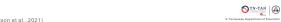
Respond to the poll questions to share about your role and classroom management experience.



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### What is classroom management?

**Classroom management** consists of skills and practices necessary to establish and maintain an effective learning environment.



### What does effective classroom management look like?



In the meeting chat, describe what you see and **hear** in a wellmanaged classroom.



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### **Core Features**





### **Preventative Practices**

Implemented before challenging behavior occurs.

### Reactive **Practices**

Implemented in response to challenging behavior.

### Data **Analysis**

Informs classroom management.



US Department of Education, 2015)

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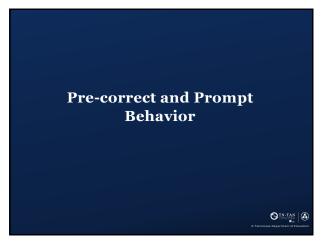
### **Event Focus**

### **Preventative Practices**



- · Develop routines
- Actively Supervising Students
- Teach Expectations
- Pre-correct and Prompt Behavior
- Provide Opportunities to Respond
- Use Flexible Learning Groups
- Provide Specific Feedback





### Precorrection Precorrection is the proactive use of strategies to teach, remind, prompt, and reinforce desired behaviors before challenging behavior occurs.



# Steps to Follow 1 Identify when and where challenging behaviors are likely to occur and what factors may contribute to them. 2 Determine appropriate replacement behaviors. 3 Modify the context to support the replacement behaviors. 4 Teach the replacement behaviors and provide opportunities to practice them in the natural context.

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## Steps to Follow 5 Provide a reminder of the replacement behaviors before transitioning to the challenging context. 6 Prompt the replacement behaviors while in the challenging context. 7 Reinforce occurrences of the replacement behaviors.

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### Example

Mr. Rito notices a pattern of trash on the floor at the end of the day. To address the problem, he:

- posts a sign that reads "Keep Your Area Clean,"
- reminds his students each morning on where to place trash,
- moves trash receptacles near each door, and
- provides behavior-specific praise to students who meet his expectations.





### Non-example

Upon seeing trash on the floor, Mr. Rito:

- shakes his head,
- · complains to his students, and
- makes them pick up the trash.







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### Video Example That's a cliche.

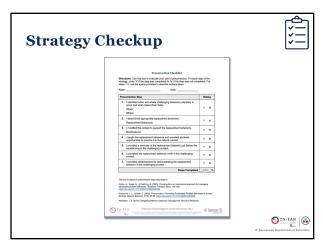
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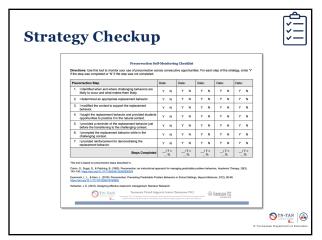
### **Implementation Tips**

- Explain, model, practice, and provide feedback on expected behaviors at the beginning and throughout the year, as needed.
- Modify the environment in conjunction with using precorrections.
- Think about what students are accessing or avoiding by demonstrating challenging behavior.
- Monitor progress by collecting data on challenging behaviors and replacement behaviors.



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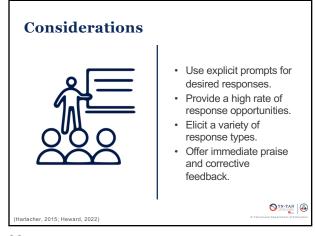
### **Rationale**

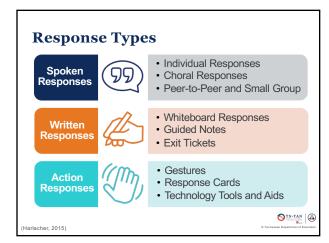
Opportunities to respond:

- · increase opportunities for students to practice skills,
- allow for high rates of positive specific feedback about academic and non-academic behaviors,
- allow the teacher to receive feedback about student understanding and student engagement, and
- limit the amount of time students can engage in problem behavior.

(Harlacher, 2015; Heward, 2022)





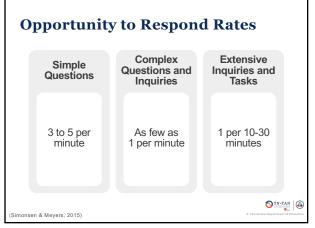


## Examples and Non-examples: Spoken Responses Elementary Students recite vocabulary terms together as teacher points to them in the reading. Secondary Shoulder partners take turns using new vocabulary terms correctly. Non-example Students have the option to talk to their seat partner about questions on a worksheet.

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### Examples and Non-examples: Written Responses Elementary Students chose the best word from a group of options to write in guided notes. Secondary Students complete an exit slip, share with a peer, and get feedback about accuracy before leaving. Non- Students are asked to record what they learned today on a Post-it note and leave on desks as they exit.

ction Re	Teacher prompts small groups to	
	respond by giving a thumbs up or thumbs down, then scans group responses, and gives feedback.	
Secondary	Partners circle the best answer on a	
	response card and show responses; teacher gives praise and additional feedback.	
Non-	Students are directed to raise their	
example	hand if they misunderstand an answer.	



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### **Implementation Tips**

When providing opportunities to respond verbally:

- Make sure response opportunities are accessible and given equitably.
- Balance opportunities for individual, peer-to-peer, and small-group responses.
- Incorporate opportunities for students to summarize or rephrase what was just shared.
- Use a method of student selection (e.g., use popsicle sticks with student names) that encourages student participation.



### **Implementation Tips**

When providing opportunities to respond using **actions**, try these strategies:

- · Provide response cards to students.
- Incorporate gestures (e.g., thumbs up/thumbs down).
- Give each student a colored cup to indicate the level of assistance they need.
- Provide students with pre-printed answers they can choose from (e.g., "yes" or "no").



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### **Implementation Tips**

When providing opportunities to respond using **written responses**, try these strategies:

- Have students write their answers on a whiteboard and hold them up when asked to respond.
- · Provide a word bank with guided notes.
- Encourage students to use completed guided notes when participating in other response opportunities.
- Provide time for students to reflect on their exit tickets and receive corrective feedback when appropriate.



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### **Strategy Checkup**



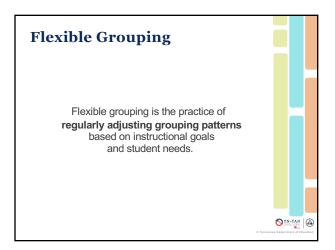
As you reflect on your instruction, ask "Did I provide..."

- explicit prompts that specified the question and type of response desired,
- · variety in the ways students were asked to respond,
- · a high rate of response opportunities,
- frequent and immediate praise for correct responses, and
- · corrective feedback following incorrect responses?









# Flexible Grouping Group Format - Whole group - Small group - Pairs - Individual Student - Academic Characteristics - Social - Interpersonal Group - Homogeneous (same) - Heterogeneous (different)

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### Rationale



Mixed-ability small groups can improve classroom management by:

- increasing opportunities to respond,
- reducing discipline problems, and
- creating a collaborative learning environment.

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(Colón et al., 2022)

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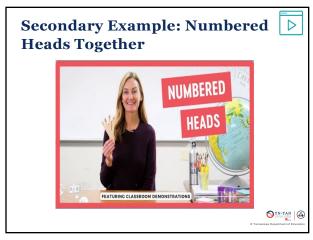
### Critical Features of Mixed-Ability Small Groups



- Positive Interdependence
- Individual Accountability
- Equal Participation
- Simultaneous Interaction

(Kagan, 1994)

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### **Implementation Tips** Face partners Divide the class into small, mixed-ability Shoulder partners Shoulder partners groups. Н HM Use learning structures that promote and 2 enhance collaboration. LM Reward collaboration and acknowledge effective group functioning. Face partners OTN-TAN A (Image adapted from McLeskey et al. 2022; Hunter et al. 2015)

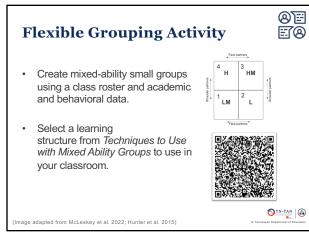
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### **Strategy Checkup**

When preparing to implement mixed-ability small groups, ask, "Did I structure the task so that..."

- Group members' success is dependent upon each other?
- Group members' individual contributions are clear?
- · Group members are equally engaged with the work?
- Nearly 100% of my classroom is engaging with the material at once?

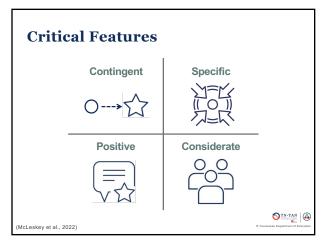




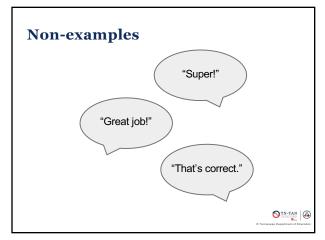












### **Implementation Tips**

- Align praise with school-wide and classroom expectations.
- · Use strategies to cue praise delivery.
- Develop a method to track and analyze praise rates to ensure that all students are recognized.
- Aim for a 4:1 praise-to-reprimand ratio.



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### Teachers can use the tool to: monitor their use of behavior-specific praise, set goals, and observe and provide feedback to colleagues. Administrators can use the tool while conducting

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observations.

### **Strategy Checkup Activity**



- 1. In the meeting chat, re-write these phrases to make them behavior-specific:
  - "Nice essay, Claudia!"
  - "Yes, you are correct."
  - · "Good decision, class."
  - "Thanks for your help!"
- 2. When cued, press "enter" to your revised statements.



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**Social Media** 



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### Wrap-up

- · Complete the TN-TAN survey on the next slide.
- Visit <u>tn-tan.tnedu.gov</u> to see our upcoming events!

Dia Davis

dia.davis@vanderbilt.edu



### **TN-TAN End-of-Session Survey**

Please complete the evaluation survey using the following link or scanning the QR code:

https://kusurvey.ca1.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV\_085eZrS8l4j\_ZIIC

Project Provider: Tennessee TSC

Event Title: Classroom Management Session 2

### Learning Objectives:

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### Resources

- Iris Center Elementary Video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ijV6FkDWLAs
- · Iris Center High School

Video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oCnZu8sqWhA

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