

People's Voice Survey: Somaliland Country Brief 2025





BACKGROUND

High-quality health systems generate health, trust, and economic benefit while responding to changing population needs. Current measurements of health systems fail to capture people's perspectives at the population level. The People's Voice Survey (PVS) is a new instrument that measures health system performance from the populations' perspective. It assesses use of health care as well as people's experiences, expectations, and confidence in the health system.

METHODS

During July 2024, data were collected from a nationally representative sample of 2500 adults in Somaliland via mobile phone and face-to-face surveys. All data are weighted to represent the population.

KEY FINDINGS

Health care utilization in past 12 months

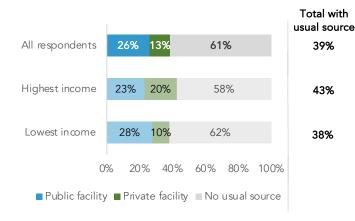
| Average number of health care contacts (all types) | 2.98 |
|--|-------|
| Average number of in-person facility visits | 2.49 |
| Average number of virtual or telemedicine contacts | 0.19 |
| % of respondents who received mental health care (among those with poor or fair mental health) | 3.07 |
| % of all respondents who had an overnight hospital stay | 16.39 |
| % of all respondents with no unmet need for health care | 56.70 |

| Respondent demographics ¹ | | Overall (N = 2,500) |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Age (median) [M | in, Max] | 32 [18, 99] |
| Female | | 1300 (52%) |
| Urban residency | | 899 (35.98%) |
| Education (highest level) | Post-secondary | 221 (8.98%) |
| | Secondary | 205 (8.32%) |
| | Primary | 385 (15.62%) |
| Household income (monthly) | Highest (≥ 250 USD) | 436 (17.43%) |
| | Middle (100 to <250 USD) | 814 (32.57%) |
| | Lowest (< 100 USD) | 1141 (45.66%) |
| | Unknown | 109 (4.35%) |
| Health insurance ² | No insurance | 2477 (99.08%) |
| | Public insurance | 0 |
| | Private insurance | 23 (0.92%) |

^{1.} Denominators of some items may vary slightly from the full sample size due to missingness.

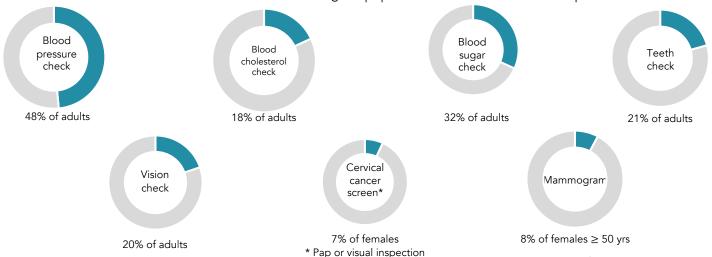
Usual source of care:

Percent with usual health care facility or provider's group



Health system competence

Preventative care services: Percent of eligible population who received service in past 12 months



Note: Percentages in this brief may not sum to expected totals due to rounding.

^{2.} Private insurance = employer-provided or other private

Care competence and user experience

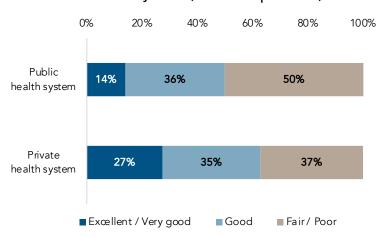
Average¹ quality ratings for last health care visit in past 12 months



- Rounded to the closest Likert category
- Provider skills, knowledge of past visits, explanations, equipment/supplies
- Respect, courtesy, joint decisions, visit time, wait time, scheduling time

Health system quality

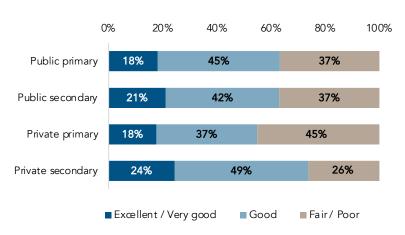
Quality ratings of national public and private health systems (% of all respondents)



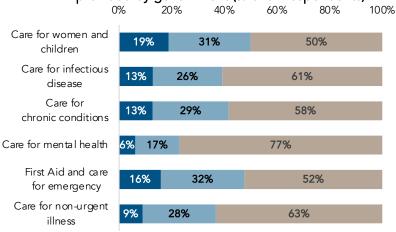
Confidence in and endorsement of the health system

Confidence in health system as a whole (% of all respondents): Including public, private, NGO health care facilities/providers Can get good quality care 72.78 if very sick Health security: Can afford good quality care if 61.53 % very or very sick somewhat confident Can get and afford good quality 53.22 care if very sick Government considers the public's opinion in health system decisions (% of all respondents): 57.42 % very or somewhat confident Government's management of the COVID-19 pandemic (% of all respondents): 36.33 % excellent or very good

Quality ratings for last health care visit (% of users of facility type in past 12 months)

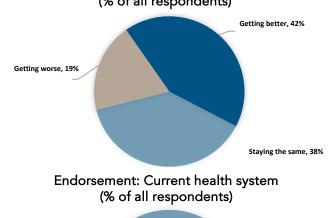


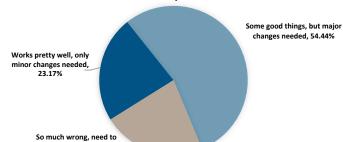
Quality ratings of key primary care services provided by government (% of all respondents)



■ Excellent / Very good ■ Good ■ Fair / Poor

Endorsement: Health system trajectory over past 2 years (% of all respondents)





completely rebuild, 22.38%