

People's Voice Survey: Laos Country Brief 2022



BACKGROUND

High-quality health systems generate health, trust, and economic benefit while responding to changing population needs. Current measurements of health systems fail to capture people's perspectives at the population level. The People's Voice Survey (PVS) is a new instrument that measures health system performance from the populations' perspective. It assesses use of health care as well as people's experiences, expectations, and confidence in the health system.

METHODS

During May – August 2022, data were collected from a nationally representative sample of 2,007 adults in Laos across three languages (Lao, Hmong, and Khmou) via mobile phone surveys. All data are weighted to represent the population.

KEY FINDINGS

Health care utilization in past 12 months

Average number of health care contacts (all types)	2.2
Average number of in-person facility visits	1.9
Average number of visits for COVID-19	0.1
Average number of virtual or telemedicine contacts	0.1
% of respondents who received mental health care (among those with poor or fair mental health)	0.9%
% of all respondents who had an overnight hospital stay	10.8%
% of all respondents with no unmet need for health care	83.4%

Respondent o	demographics ¹	Overall (N = 2,007)
Age (median)	[Min, Max]	38.0 [18.0, 89.0]
Female		1,032 (51.4%)
Urban residency		677 (33.8%)
Education (highest level)	Post-secondary	304 (15.2%)
	Secondary	621 (31.0%)
	Primary	949 (47.3%)
Household income (monthly)	Highest (≥ K 3,000,001)	881 (43.9%)
	Middle (>\;\text{\tin}\ext{\tin}\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tint{\text{\tinit}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tinit}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\tint{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texitil{\text{\texi}\text{\texitilex{\text{\tilit}\tint{\tiint{\texitilex{\tiin}\texitilex{\tilit{\tex{	394 (19.6%)
	Lowest (≤ K 1,500,000)	506 (25.2%)
	Unknown	226 (11.3%)
Health insurance	No insurance	0 (0.0%)
	Public insurance only ²	1,766 (87.9%)
	Public + supplementary private insurance	232 (11.6%)

^{1.} Denominators of some items may vary slightly from the full sample size due to missingness

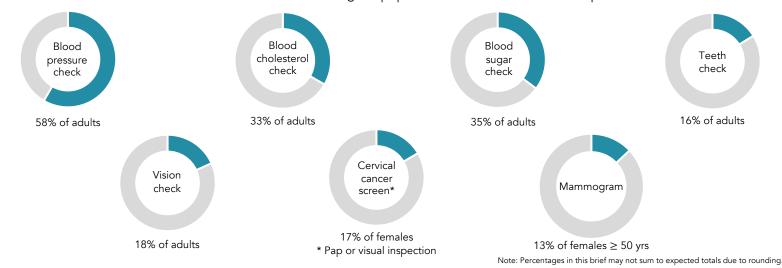
Usual source of care:

Percent with usual health care facility or provider's group



Health system competence

Preventative care services: Percent of eligible population who received service in past 12 months



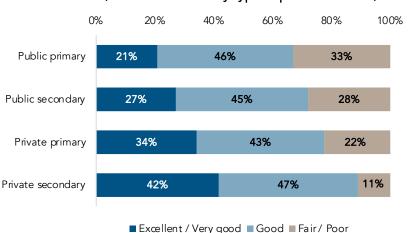
^{2.} Universal public insurance system

Care competence and user experience

Average¹ quality ratings for last health care visit in past 12 months



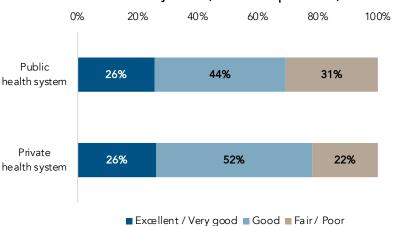
Quality ratings for last health care visit (% of users of facility type in past 12 months)



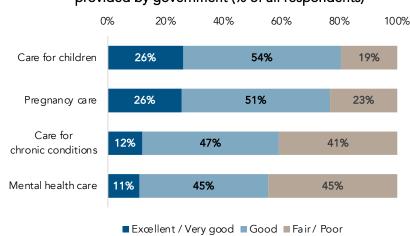
- 2. Provider skills, knowledge of past visits, explanations, equipment/supplies
- 3. Respect, courtesy, joint decisions, visit time, wait time, scheduling time

Health system quality

Quality ratings of national public and private health systems (% of all respondents)



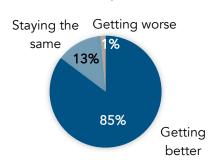
Quality ratings of key primary care services provided by government (% of all respondents)



Confidence in and endorsement of the health system

Confidence in health system as a whole (% of all respondents): Including public, private, NGO health care facilities/providers Can get good quality care 83% if very sick Health security: Can afford good quality care if 82% % very or very sick somewhat confident Can get and afford good quality 71% care if very sick Government considers the public's opinion in health system decisions (% of all respondents): 79% % very or somewhat confident Government's management of the COVID-19 pandemic (% of all respondents): 46% % excellent or very good

Endorsement: Health system trajectory over past 2 years (% of all respondents)



Endorsement: Current health system (% of all respondents)

