



# NPCC 2026 Spring Compliance and Reliability Webinar

Jacqueline Jimenez  
Vice President, Compliance

May 20, 2026

Public



# NPCC Outreach, Training, Events Disclaimer

Northeast Power Coordinating Council, Inc. (NPCC) is committed to providing outreach, training, and nonbinding guidance to industry stakeholders on important industry topics. Subject Matter Experts (SMEs) from NPCC's organizational groups and the industry may develop materials, including presentations, provided as part of the event. The views expressed in the event materials are those of the SMEs and do not necessarily express the opinions and views of NPCC.



# Antitrust Compliance Guidelines

Because this event brings together market participants who may be viewed as actual or potential competitors, we must be mindful to conduct it in a manner that is consistent with the antitrust and competition laws. Participants should not disclose non-public, proprietary, or competitively sensitive information.

Attendees should exercise independent judgment and avoid even the appearance of discussions of agreements or concerted actions that may be viewed as restraining competition. Any company decisions that are informed by your discussions today must be made independently.

This guidance is not intended as legal advice, and each attendee is responsible for seeking their own legal advice with respect compliance with applicable antitrust and competition laws. However, any questions on NPCC's Antitrust Policy may be directed to NPCC's General Counsel.



# Webinar Housekeeping



**Recording:** This webinar is being recorded. A link to the recording will be shared with all registrants after the session, so you can revisit the content or share it with colleagues.



**Audio:** All participants are muted by default to minimize background noise. If you experience any audio issues, try refreshing your browser or checking your device settings.



**Q&A:** We encourage your questions! Please use the Q&A box at the top of your screen. We'll address as many as we can during the Q&A portion at the end.

# Agenda

AGENDA	
9:00 AM	<b>WELCOME</b> Jacqueline Jimenez – NPCC – Vice President, Compliance
9:10 AM	<b>INSIDER THREAT</b> Harrison Crow – FBI – Special Agent
9:35 AM	<b>ENFORCEMENT INTAKE REQUEST FOR INFORMATION (EIR)</b> Cory Boughton – NPCC – Senior O&P Enforcement Analyst
9:45 AM	<b>UPDATED ERO CMEP IP - COMMUNICATION PROTOCOLS &amp; OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS</b> Daniel Kidney – NPCC – Senior Compliance Engineer
10:00 AM	<b>CIP ERT v10 UPDATES</b> Chase Cameron – NPCC – Senior CIP Compliance Analyst
10:15 AM	<b>POLAND CYBER SHIELD: NAVIGATING ATTACKS AND CYBER HYGIENE</b> Michael Bilheimer – NPCC – Senior CIP Analyst
10:35 AM	<b>BREAK</b>

AGENDA	
10:45 AM	<b>MODERNIZATION OF STANDARDS PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES (MSPP) UPDATE</b> Soo Jin Kim – NERC – Vice President, Standards and Registration
11:05 AM	<b>PROJECT 2026-02 RELIABILITY STANDARDS TO ADDRESS COMPUTATIONAL LOAD – PHASE I</b> Damian Interrante – Central Hudson Gas & Electric – Manager, Reliability Compliance
11:30 AM	<b>NPCC’S SECURITY OUTREACH</b> Doug Vitale – NPCC - Security Outreach Manager
11:45 AM	<b>PNC ABEYANCE PROCESS</b> Arthur Brown – NPCC – Associate General Counsel
11:55 AM	<b>NERC LARGE LOAD WORKING GROUP UPDATE</b> Diana Barsotti – NPCC – Senior Reliability Assessment Engineer
12:05 PM	<b>CLOSING</b> Jacqueline Jimenez – NPCC – Vice President, Compliance



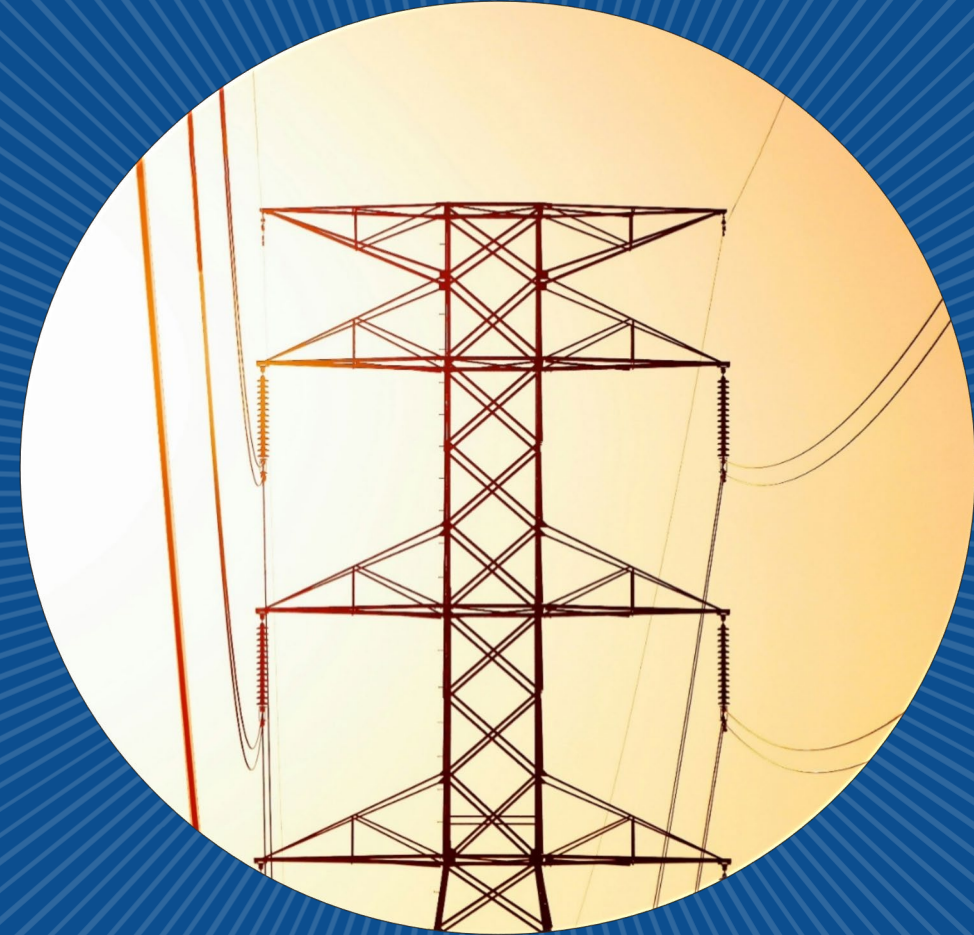


# Enforcement Intake Request For Information (EIR)

Cory Boughton  
Senior O&P Enforcement Analyst

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# EIR Overview



- NPCC identified an improvement opportunity to the Align Self Report/Self Log Template.
- Provide a structured format for submitting information related to a potential noncompliance.
- Specific to the applicable NERC Reliability Standard.
- The information requested reflects the details NPCC typically considers when assessing the scope, risk, and disposition of a potential noncompliance.
- The worksheet may be used when preparing information related to a potential noncompliance, or it may be issued by NPCC as a Request for Information (RFI).



# EIR Development

- EIRs are developed by the NPCC Enforcement Team.
- NPCC will prioritize the most violated CIP/O&P standards.
- Published EIRs can be found on the NPCC Website.
- Published EIRs will be updated as needed for standard revisions.
- Member entities will be notified of new and updated EIRs through the NPCC Compliance and Reliability Bulletin



# Most Violated Standards CIP

- In 2025, the most frequently reported noncompliance involving CIP standards included CIP-010, CIP-007, and CIP-004.

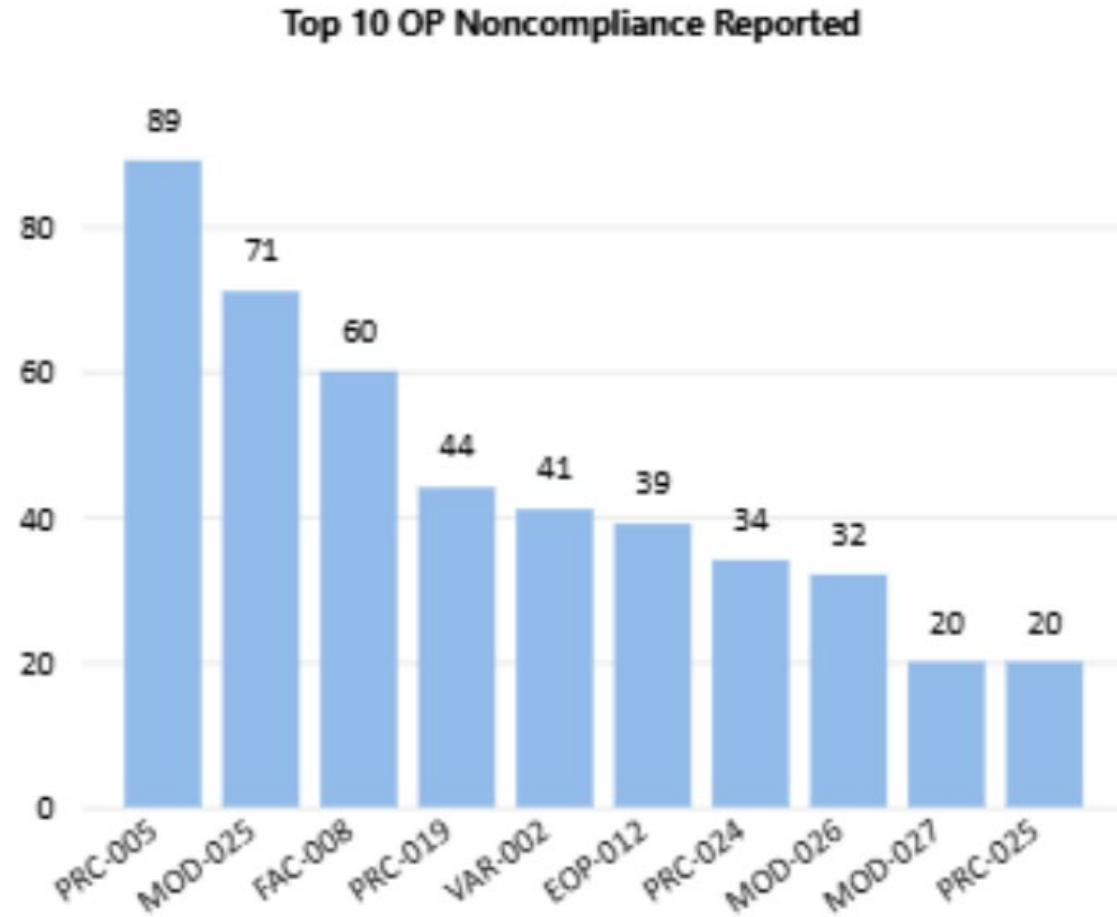


Source: NERC ORCP and CMEP Annual Report – February 11, 2026  
<https://www.nerc.com/globalassets/programs/enforcement/cmep-and-vegetation-reports/2025-orcp-and-cmep-annual-report.pdf>



# Most Violated Standards O&P

- In 2025, the most frequently reported noncompliance involving O&P standards included PRC-005, MOD-025, and FAC-008.



Source: NERC ORCP and CMEP Annual Report – February 11, 2026  
<https://www.nerc.com/globalassets/programs/enforcement/cmep-and-vegetation-reports/2025-orcp-and-cmep-annual-report.pdf>



# How to Access EIRs?

EIRs can be found on the NPCC Website

[NPCC Website](#) > [Enforcement](#) > View all Enforcement Documents

- [MOD-025-2 Enforcement Intake RFI](#)
- [PRC-005-6 Enforcement Intake RFI](#)
- CIP-004-6 Enforcement Intake RFI **Coming Soon!**





# Questions?

Contact Us: [npcc.org/contact](https://npcc.org/contact)

NPCC Enforcement  
Cory Boughton

Enforcement Intake RFI (EIR) | Public

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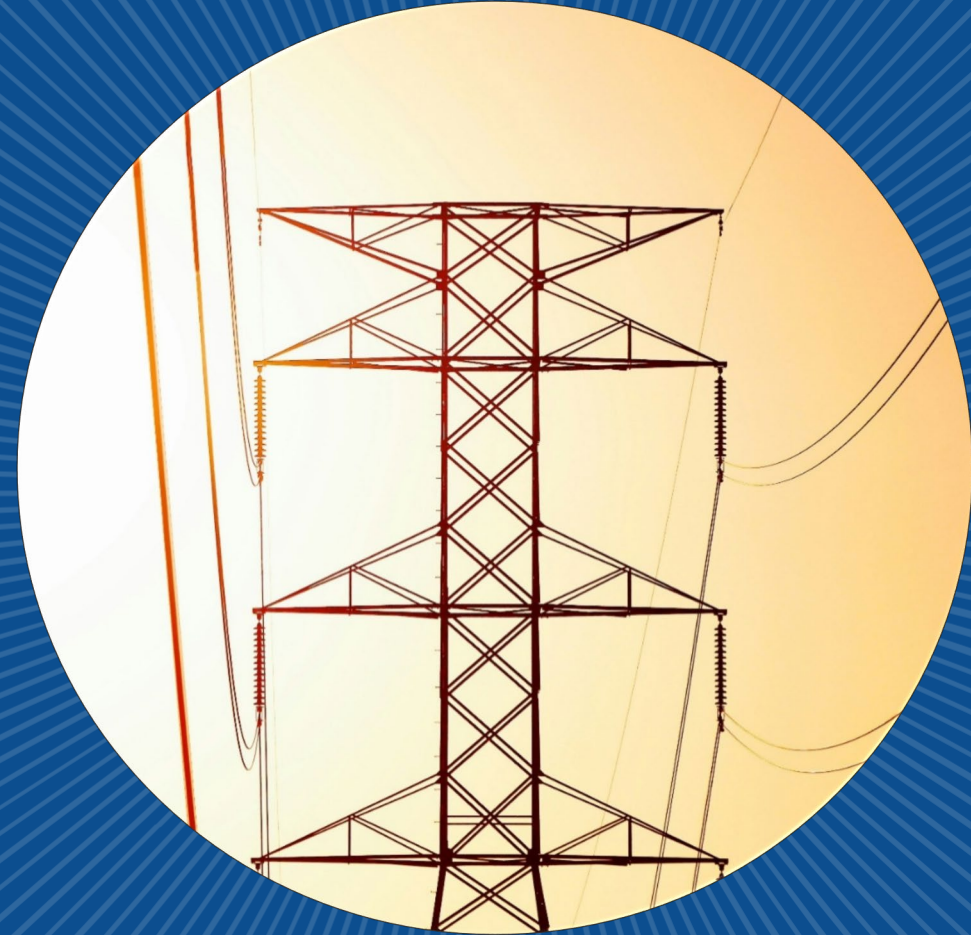


# Updated ERO CMEP IP – Communication Protocols & Operating Instructions

Daniel Kidney  
Senior Compliance Engineer

NPCC Spring Compliance and Reliability Webinar | May 20, 2026

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# Agenda

- 2026 CMEP IP Update
- Why?
- What is the Risk?
- Operating Instructions
- Areas of Focus
- Best Practices
- Additional Resources
- Questions



# 2026 CMEP IP Update

- Risk-based compliance monitoring approach
- Risk Elements reviewed and assessed annually by ERO Enterprise
  - Compliance findings, event analysis, etc.
  - Risks are prioritized for CMEP activities
- Communication Protocols & Operating Instructions Risk Element added to 2026 Risk Elements list in February

Risk Elements	
2025	2026
Remote Connectivity	Remote Connectivity
Supply Chain	Supply Chain
Physical Security	Physical Security
Incident Response	Grid Transformation
Transmission Planning and Modeling	Facility Ratings
Inverter-Based Resources	Extreme Weather Response
Facility Ratings	Communication Protocols & Operating Instructions
Extreme Weather Response	

Source: 2026 ERO Enterprise CMEP Implementation Plan





# Why?

- Heightened consequences of ineffective communication
  - Growing system complexity
  - Tighter operating margins
  - Increasing interdependence
- Instances where Operating Instructions were treated as informal guidance rather than authoritative commands
- Risk being introduced due to poor communications protocol adherence

# What is the Risk?

- Misunderstanding leading to incorrect actions being taken
  - Can impede Reliability Coordinator (RC) actions during an Emergency
  - Impairs Operators' ability to maintain safety and reliability of the BES
- Delayed execution of Operating Instructions
  - Can affect ability to respond to Emergencies in a timely manner
- Cascading outages
- Risk exacerbated by evolving BES



# Operating Instructions

- Defined in NERC Glossary of Terms
- Insufficient or ineffective use of Operating Instructions creates critical vulnerability in grid stability
- All parties that are involved in an Operating Instruction have responsibilities to ensure effective communication
- Operating Instructions are not suggestions
- Operating Instructions must be clear, concise, technically accurate, timely, and definitive to maintain safety and reliability



# Areas of Focus

COM-002-4	IRO-001-4
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- <b>R1 - <u>Ensure</u></b> adherence to documented communication protocols for operating personnel that issue and receive Operating Instructions</li><li>- <b>R4 - <u>Assess</u></b> adherence to documented communication protocols and evaluate their effectiveness; providing feedback and/or corrective action to address deviations from documented protocols.</li><li>- <b>R5, R7 -</b> Ensure Operating Instructions are correctly <b><u>understood and repeated</u></b> back as required, or; that Operating Instruction was reissued as required/requested, or alternative action was taken.</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- <b>R1 -</b> Ensure Reliability Coordinators act to address reliability of its RC Area via direct actions or by issuing Operating Instructions.</li></ul>



# Best Practices



## Communication Training

- Stress the importance of Operating Instructions
- Explain possible consequences of poor communication
- Refresher communication training



## Communication Protocols “Audits”

- Ensure that Operating Instructions are specifically reviewed, where possible
- More frequent communication “audits”
- Provide examples of excellent communications to all Operations staff



## Identify issues that may cause confusion



# Additional Resources

- [2026 ERO Enterprise CMEP IP](#)
- [COM-002-4](#)
- [IRO-001-4](#)





# Questions?

Contact Us: [npcc.org/contact](https://npcc.org/contact)

**Compliance Monitoring & Enforcement**  
**Daniel Kidney**

Updated ERO CMEP IP - Communication Protocols & Operating Instructions |  
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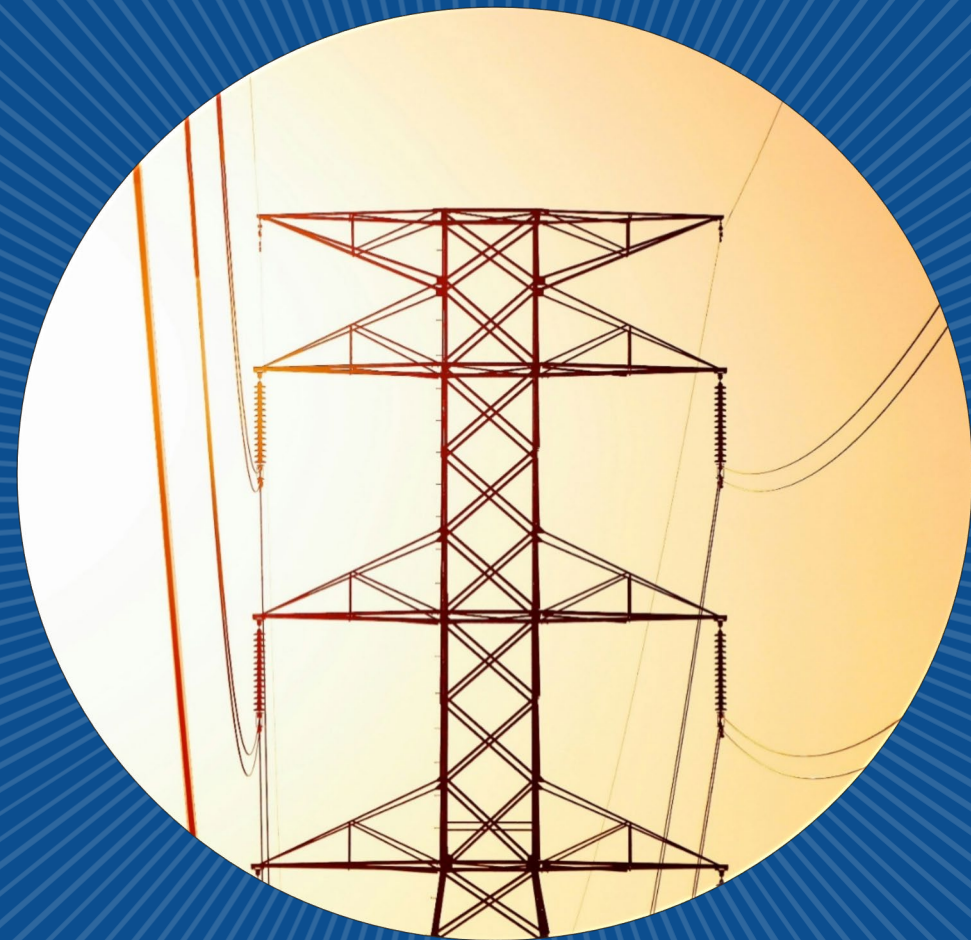


# CIP ERT v10 Updates

Chase Cameron  
Senior CIP Analyst

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# Overview

- Instructions Tab Updates
- Level 1 Tab Updates
- Sample Sets L2 Tab Updates
- Level 2 Tab Updates
- CA Tab Updates
- Tabs with Identical Updates



# Instructions Tab - Updates

Changed Version v9.0 to v10.0



# Level 1 Tab - Updates

Updated SEL Reference ID formula to replace periods from the tags section to hyphens

Updated CIP-005-7-R1-L1-02 request language

Updated CIP-006-6-R1-L1-02 request language

Updated CIP-007-6-R2-L1-01 to be consistent with the rest of the Level 1 “-01” requests

Added CIP-007-6-R2-L1-02, which contains the second request previously from CIP-007-6-R2-L1-01



# Level 1 Tab Updates Cont'd



Requests added for Reliability Standards from Standard Drafting Project 2016-02 pending FERC approval at time of ERT v10 publication:

- CIP-002-7
- CIP-003-10
- CIP-004-8
- CIP-005-8
- CIP-006-7
- CIP-007-7
- CIP-008-7
- CIP-009-7
- CIP-010-5
- CIP-011-4
- CIP-013-3



# Sample Sets L2 Tab - Updates

Added new Sample Sets needed for Level 2 requests related to Reliability Standards from Standard Drafting Project 2016-02 pending FERC approval at time of ERTv10 publication.



# Level 2 Tab - Updates



## Separated “Sample Set” field into “Index Sample Set” and “Date Sample Set” columns:

- Index Sample Set field contains the sample set for the assets/personnel
- Date Sample Set field contains the sampled date range for a given request, if applicable

## Requests added for Reliability Standards from Standard Drafting Project 2016-02 pending FERC approval at time of ERTv10 publication:

- CIP-002-7
- CIP-003-10
- CIP-004-8
- CIP-005-8
- CIP-006-7
- CIP-007-7
- CIP-008-7
- CIP-009-7
- CIP-010-5
- CIP-011-4
- CIP-013-3





## Level 2 Tab – Updates Cont'd

- Updated CIP-003-9-R2-L2-05 and CIP-003-9-R2-L2-06 Sample Set Index Numbers and Sampled Dates field to reference the correct cells
- Updated CIP-004-7-R6-L2-01 request language to request evidence from the correct sample set
- Updated CIP-005-7-R2-L2-01 and CIP-005-7-R2-L2-02 to sample from Electronic Security Perimeters rather than from Cyber Assets
- Updated CIP-010-4-R1-L2-01 request language
- Requests that previously requested both PSP-L2-01 and PSP-L2-02 now request PSP-L2-03





# CA Tab - Updates

- Updated “TRUE/ ” validation fields to “TRUE/FALSE”
- Some field names have been updated to be more concise and consistent with other worksheets. See the ERT User Guide for details
- Added columns for Reliability Standards from Standard Drafting Project 2016-02 pending FERC approval at time of ERTv10 publication. See the User Guide for details
  - Virtual
  - SCI ID
  - VCA Classifications
  - EACMS Controls ESP



# Tabs with Identical Changes

BES Assets	Low CA	ESP
EAP	PSP	TCA
RM	BCSI	Personnel
Reuse_ Disposal	CSI	Procurement

- Updated “TRUE/ ” validation fields to “TRUE/FALSE”
- Some field names have been updated to be more concise and consistent with other worksheets. See the User Guide for details on what is requested in each field





# Questions?

Contact Us: [npcc.org/contact](https://npcc.org/contact)

Compliance Monitoring & Enforcement  
Chase Cameron

CIP ERT v10 Updates | Public

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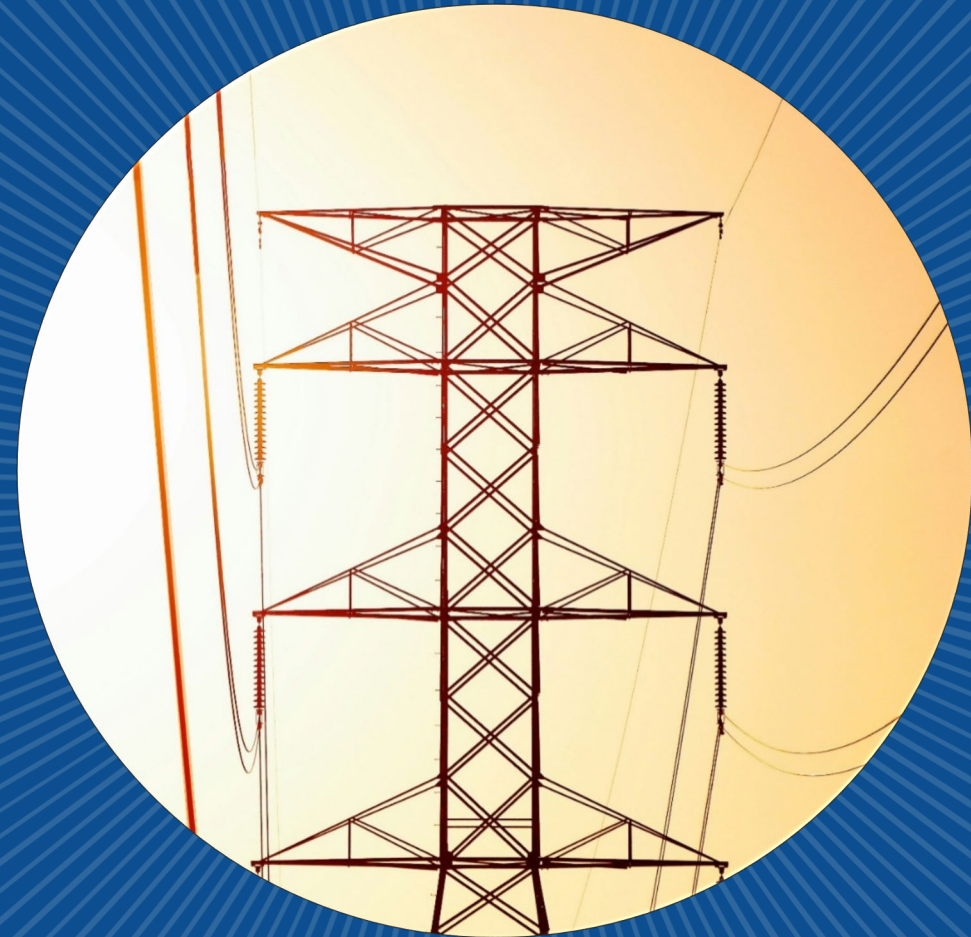


# Poland Cyber Shield: Navigating Attacks And Cyber Hygiene

Michael Bilheimer  
Senior CIP Auditor

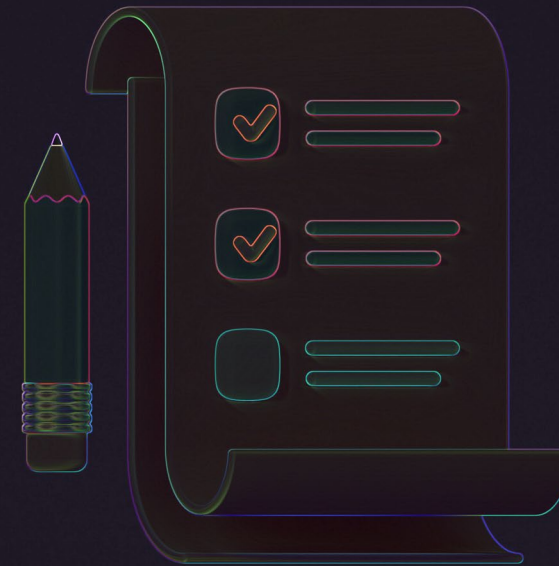
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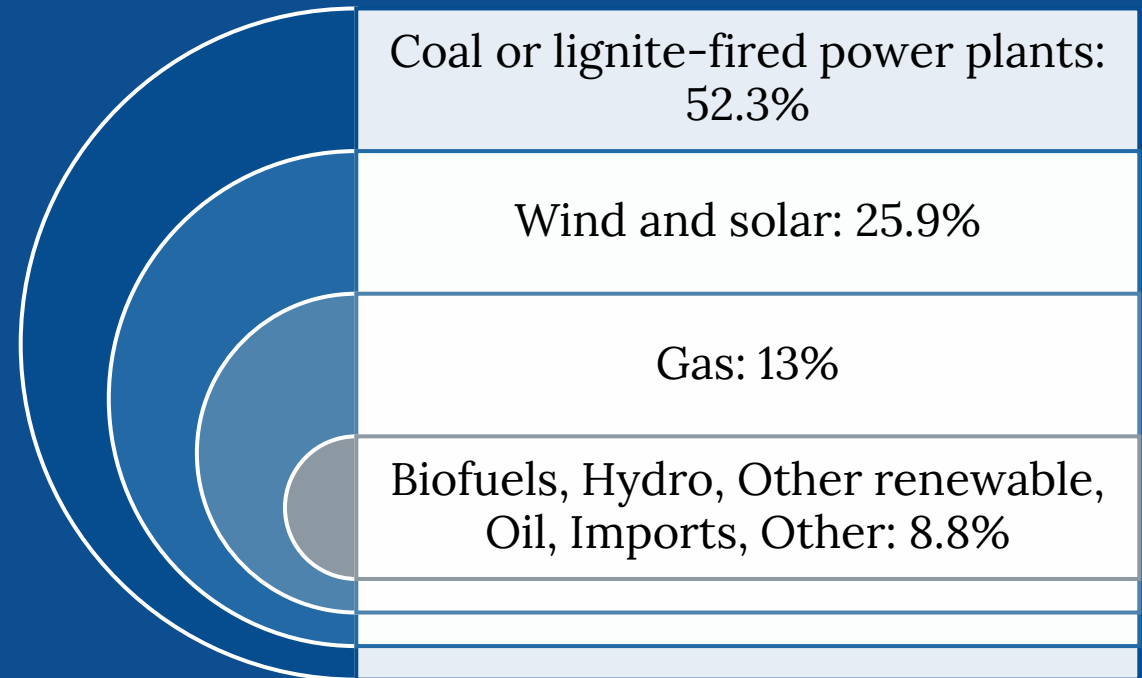
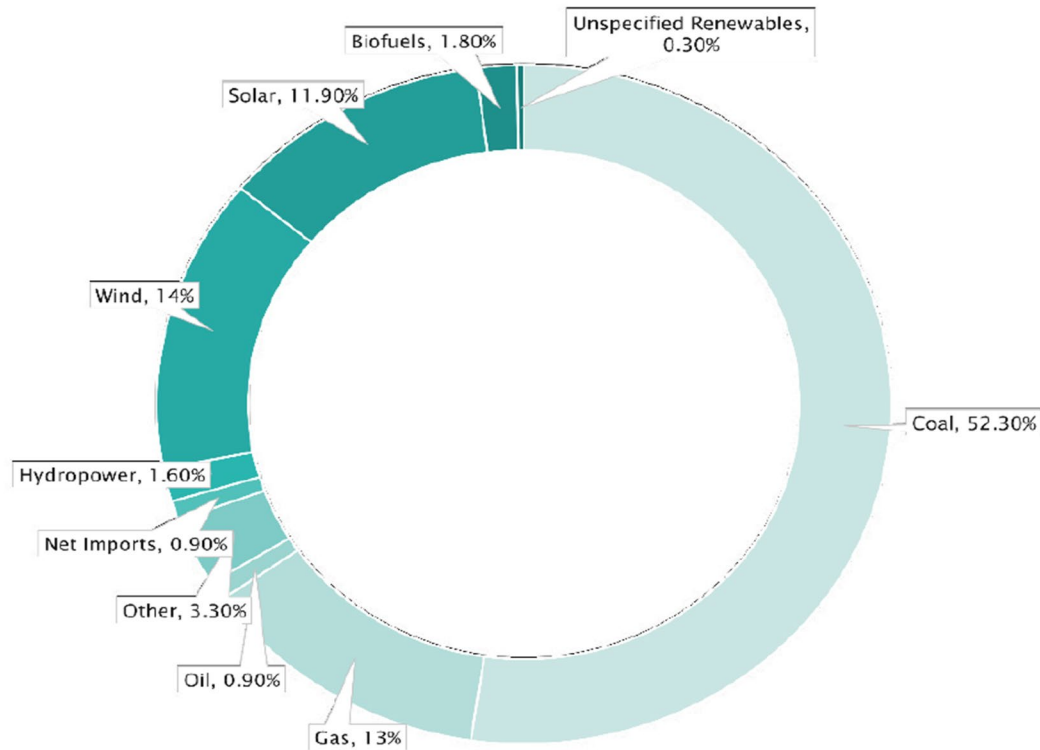


# Agenda

- Poland Energy Make-up
- Event Summary
- Cyber Attack Timeline and Vectors
- CISA Actions
- Good Cyber Security Hygiene
- CISA Cyber Hygiene Tools
- Sources



# Poland Energy Makeup



Source: Dragos: [ELECTRUM: Cyber Attack on Poland's Electric System 2025 INTELLIGENCE BRIEF](#)



# Event Summary

On December 29, 2025, a coordinated cyberattack targeted multiple sites across the Polish power grid, specifically those connected to distributed energy generation. The attack affected communication and control systems at combined heat and power (CHP) facilities and systems managing the dispatch of renewable energy systems from wind and solar sites.

The attacks targeted numerous wind and solar farms, a private company in the manufacturing sector, and a combined heat and power (CHP) plant supplying heat to nearly half a million customers in Poland.

The Cyber Attack affected both information systems (IT) and physical industrial equipment (OT)

**Effect:** No power outages but loss of remote control and visibility at the affected sites.



# Sites Attacked

- Attack targeted at least 30 wind and solar farms GCP (grid interconnection point) substation
- A Combined Heat and Power (CHP) plant
- Manufacturing sector company (opportunistic in nature and not linked to the other affected organizations.)
- Cloud Services (M365 service, Exchange, Teams, and SharePoint)



[Image Source: Green and grey transmission tower during nighttime photo - Free Dark Image on Unsplash](#)



# Attack Timeline



10 Month Attack Time Period from Initial Attack to Executed Attack

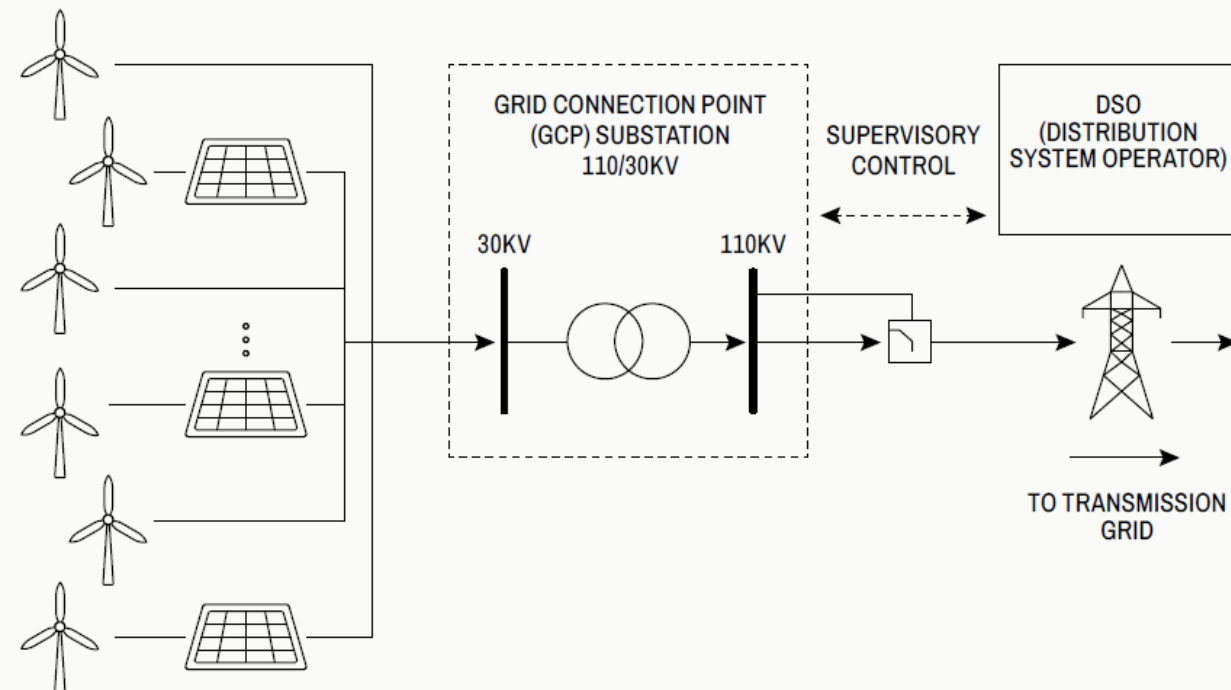
## Exploited:

- VPN Perimeter Devices
- RDP
- Weak Passwords or Unchanged Default password
- Lack of East West Monitoring
- Known Device Vulnerabilities



# Wind Farm and Solar

Illustrative renewable energy farm and the location of the GCP



Many Remote unstaffed locations

Standardized Design using the same or similar RTU, HMI, Protection Relays, Serial devices, Primary and backup communication links (a cellular router), and Integrated VPN concentrator and firewall.

Operator's SCADA system and the GCP is required to pass through serial links.

Source: [ELECTRUM: Cyber Attack on Poland's Electric System 2025 INTELLIGENCE BRIEF](#)




# Solar and Wind Attack Vector



- Firewall Device served as both a VPN concentrator and a firewall and exposed to the Internet
- VPN authentication to accounts defined in the configuration without multi-factor authentication
- VPN Logs Destroyed during the attack
- Firewall Device:
  - Past Vulnerably
  - Common practice in the industry to reuse the same accounts and passwords across multiple facilities
  - Threat actor gained administrative privileges on the device to access segregated VLAN Subnets



# Solar and Wind Destructive Activities Part 1



**Type 1 RTUs** - configured with default credentials, including an account named “Default.” the attackers uploaded corrupt firmware which resulted in device reboot loop.

**Type 2 RTUs** - used default credentials to log in via the SSH console to an account with root privileges. The attacker then executed a command intended to delete all files from the system, which resulted in device failure

**IEDs** - used default credentials to log in via the SSH console to an account with root privileges. The attacker then executed a command intended to delete all files from the system, which resulted in device failure

# Solar and Wind Destructive Activities Part 2



- **HMI** - machines were configured with a default password set during deployment for an account with local administrator privileges. Used PowerShell to conduct reconnaissance activities and damage data.
- **Serial Device Servers** - had the web interface enabled and were configured with default login credentials. Attackers restored the devices to factory settings, change the login password, and set the device IP address to an unreachable value



# Attack on the Large CHP Plant

- Objective of the sabotage was the irreversible destruction of data stored on devices within the organization's internal network, achieved through the execution of the wiper malware.
- Long-term infiltration of the infrastructure and the theft of sensitive information.
- Attacker gained access to privileged accounts in the Active Directory domain, which enabled unrestricted lateral movement across the organization's systems.
  - Wiper used on Group Policy Object (GPO) but was detected by Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR) solution.



Image Source: [unsplash/ Bird eye view photography of lighted building photo](#) – Free Dark Image on [Unsplash](#)



# CHP Attack Process

- Between March and July 2025 – suspicious activity observed.
- **Initial Indicators**
  - Jump Host access, and RDP to perimeter devices and domain controllers.
  - Attacker focused on industrial automation systems and other systems on the network and taking screenshots.
  - Attacker initiated remote execution of a command that wrote information to a file named outlog.txt.
  - Attacker also interacted with the file systems of other systems, gaining access to them via the SMB protocol.
  - Attacker looked for the word “SCADA”.
  - Within a month Attacker initiated Privilege Escalation within the Infrastructure.
  - After gaining access to the SSL-VPN portal service, the attacker used bookmarks defined in the configuration file that allowed authorized users to access jump hosts via RDP.
  - Perimeter device had statically configured target user credentials, which enabled connections to the jump host from the SSL-VPN portal without the need to provide additional local or domain user credentials.

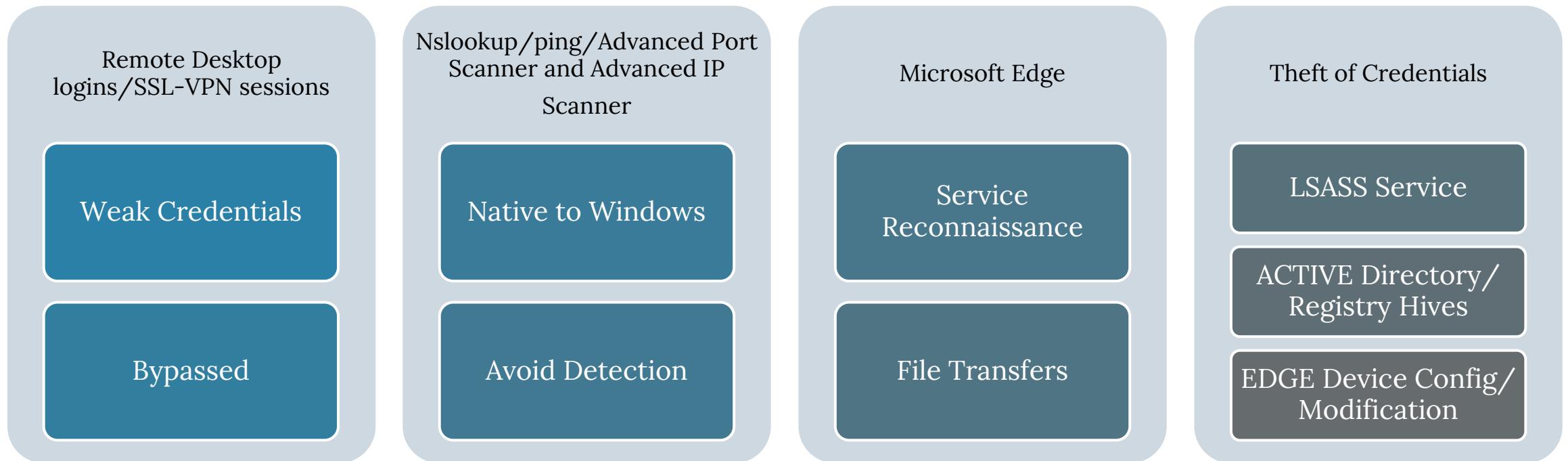


Image Source: Bing images Free to Share and Use /cyber shield- Search Images



# Infrastructure Reconnaissance Traces

Analysis of the forensics data revealed that during the incident the attacker repeatedly established connections



# Manufacturing Sector Company

Attacker gained access via a perimeter device.

- The device had been vulnerable in the past, and its configuration had been stolen and publicly disclosed
- Attacker introduced changes aimed at maintaining persistent access, even if user passwords were changed

Execution of the File-Destruction Script - PowerShell



# Activities Against Cloud Services



M365 service, the attacker downloaded selected data from services such as Exchange, Teams, and SharePoint.

Focused on files and email messages related to OT network modernization, SCADA systems, and technical work carried out within the organizations.



Attacker also attempted to expand privileges by exploiting misconfigured permissions



# Malware Used



DynoWiper  
- A native  
Windows  
binary.

LazyWiper -  
PowerShell-  
based  
script.

Detailed Analysis and indicators of  
compromise in **RT Polska** Energy  
Sector Incident Report – 29 December.  
This includes Detection rules.



# CISA Alert EOS

## Poland Energy Sector Cyber Incident Highlights OT and ICS Security Gaps

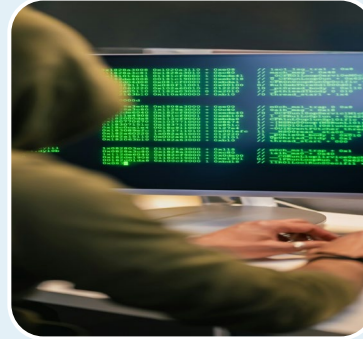
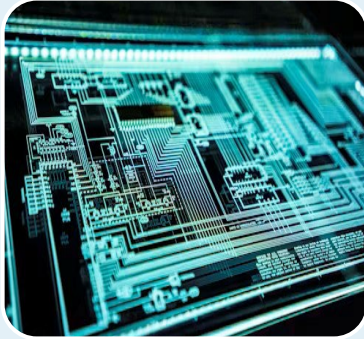
- [Binding Operational Directive \(BOD\) 26-02: Mitigating Risk From End-of-Support Edge Devices](#), end-of-support edge devices pose significant risks.
- [CISA Fact Sheet: Primary Mitigations to Reduce Cyber Threats to Operational Technology](#)
  - Multifactor authentication (MFA),
  - Asset management and identification,
  - Isolation of critical workloads and strong access policy, and
  - Encryption of data in transit.
- OT devices without firmware verification can be permanently damaged
- Threat actors leveraged default credentials, a vulnerability not limited to specific vendors, to pivot onto the HMI and RTUs



Sources: [Home Page](#) | CISA



# Good Cyber Security Hygiene



## Edge System Hardening

- Remove OT connections to the public internet.
- Secure remote access to OT networks
- Elimination of default credentials
- Patching
- Monitoring

## RTUs and Communications Infrastructure

- Monitoring of communication
- Change default/generic passwords

## Distributed energy networks require continuous, OT-native visibility

- Network Monitoring
- North/South and East/West

## Defensible Architecture

- Avoid common configurations across multiple sites.
- Segment IT and OT networks (VLANs)
- Restrict access
- Script Management
- Monitor for Living off the land attacks

## Secure Remote Access

- MFA
- Restricted Device access
- Restrict User Access
- Restrict Unauthorized Software Installations
- Monitor User Access
- Prevent Split-tunneling

## Risk-based Vulnerability Management

- Patch Management
- Replace End of Support (EOS) devices
- Zero-Trust Security
- Incident Response Plan
- Recovery Plan
- Employee Cyber Security Training



# CISA Cyber Hygiene Tools

## For Organizations

### [Ford Foundation | Cybersecurity Assessment Tool](#)

Assess your organization's cyber maturity, strength, and resilience and take actionable steps to improve elements of your cybersecurity program.

### [Global Cyber Alliance | Cybersecurity Toolkit for Mission-Based Organizations](#)

Select no-cost tools and services to assess and enhance your cybersecurity posture through a guided process.

### [NetHope | Data Governance Toolkit](#)

Develop or improve your data governance plan using these templates.

### [NTEN | Tech Accelerate](#)


Use this no-cost assessment tool to evaluate your organization's technology adoption, practices, and policies.

[Link: Cybersecurity Resources for High-Risk Communities](#)

[Link: CISA: Cybersecurity Best Practices](#)

[Link: CCCS Cyber Security Guidance](#)

Cybersecurity is mission critical for individuals and organizations that belong to high-risk communities.



Disruption of Mission	Data Leaks	Surveillance
<p>A ransomware attack could disrupt your organization's operations by denying you access to your own data, devices, and network, halting your humanitarian efforts.</p>	<p>Data leaks of your organization's sensitive information could enable cyber threat actors to target the vulnerable communities you serve.</p>	<p>Malware exploits could allow cyber threat actors to monitor and track your staff's activities, communications, and location.</p>

[Source All Screenshots: Cybersecurity Resources for High-Risk Communities | CISA](#)



GCA  
Cybersecurity  
Toolkit *For Mission-Based Orgs*

## TOOLBOXES

- 1 Know What You Have
- 2 Update Your Defenses
- 3 Beyond Simple Passwords
- 4 Prevent Phishing and Malware
- 5 Backup and Recover
- 6 Communicate Securely
- 7 Protect Your Email and Reputation





# Sources

Dragos: [ELECTRUM: Cyber Attack on Poland's Electric System 2025](#)  
[INTELLIGENCE BRIEF](#)

[CERT Polska Energy Sector Incident Report](#) (December 29, 2025)

[CISA: Poland Energy Sector Cyber Incident Highlights OT and ICS Security Gaps](#)  
(February 10, 2026)

[CISA Fact Sheet: Primary Mitigations to Reduce Cyber Threats to Operational Technology](#)



# Summary



**Cyber Hygiene:** Apply cyber security measure on all company devices and systems.

**Security Awareness Training:** Educating staff to recognize phishing, pretexting, and social engineering attempts.

**Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA):** Implementing strong, phishing-resistant MFA (like FIDO2 keys) to prevent the use of stolen credentials.

**Email Security Solutions:** Utilizing AI-driven email filtering to detect phishing, business email compromise, and malicious attachments.





# Questions?

Contact Us: [npcc.org/contact](https://npcc.org/contact)

**Michael Bilheimer**

**Compliance Monitoring & Enforcement**

Poland Cyber Shield: Navigating Attacks And Cyber Hygiene | Public

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# Break



# Modernization of Standards Processes and Procedures (MSPP) Implementation

NPCC

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Soo Jin Kim  
VP Standards and Registration

May 20, 2026

## ***Transform and Modernize the Process***

Re-envision a modernized standard development process to address evolving risks

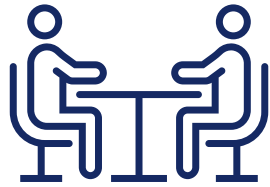
## ***Create Efficiencies***

Identify areas of opportunity and recommendations to save time and remove redundant steps in the current process

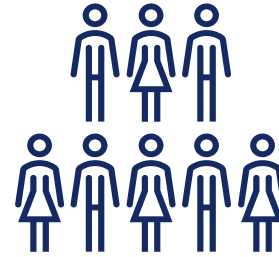
## ***Develop a Trusted Process***

Provide clear opportunities for stakeholder input, due process, openness, and balance of interests, remaining consistent with the requirements in Section 215 of the Federal Power Act

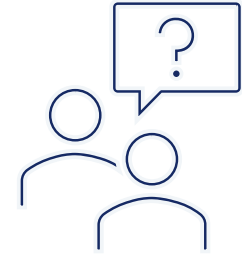
# Stakeholder Engagement by the Numbers



**50+ Presentations**  
during standalone meetings  
or as agenda items



**5,800+ Attendees**  
at presentations since May 2025



**5 Interactive Sessions with  
1,100+ Attendees**  
to provide stakeholder access to  
Task Force members



**10+ U.S. and Canadian  
Trades & Forums**  
engaged by MSPPTF members



**11 Regional Entity-Hosted Events**  
Including webinars and in-person  
presentations



## Standard Initiation

Semi-annual review and prioritization process

RSTC technically vets all requests for standard development projects

New RISC subcommittee determines path forward and oversees term sheet development



## Standard Drafting

New Stakeholder SME Pool as expert bench to help develop standards

RISC subcommittee oversees drafting standards leveraging SME Pool, NERC staff, and technology tools

Emphasis on public comment process with straw polls, rather than multiple ballots, to drive consensus



## Balloting

Individual entity balloting process to confirm consensus

Improved Registered Ballot Body voting rules

Refined Registered Ballot Body segment structure

# Key Roles



## RSTC

Centralized review of all Standard Initiation Requests

Provides technical vetting and recommended prioritization



## RISC

Oversight of RISC Subcommittee

Ultimate approval of path forward for SIRs (based on RISC subcommittee determination)

Visibility and accountability



## RISC Subcommittee

Strategic oversight and management of standard development process

Elected sector representatives, appointed at-large seats, and two RISC members as Chair and Vice Chair



## Stakeholder SME Pool

Large dedicated technical pool of subject matter experts

Called upon by RISC subcommittee as needed to assist with reviewing and refining draft standards



## Project Teams

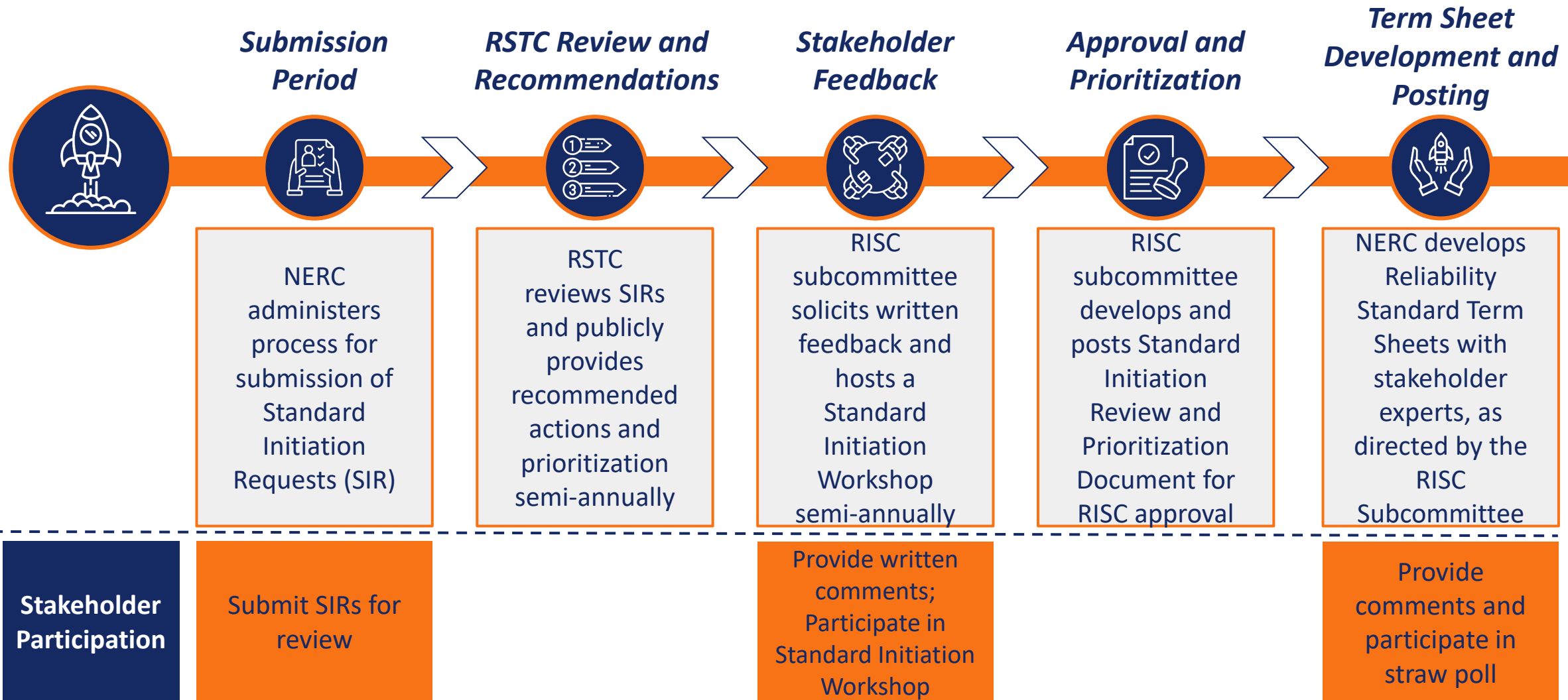
Formed by RISC Subcommittee with a subset from the Stakeholder SME Pool as needed

May be formally appointed or an informal ad hoc team led by NERC staff depending on project complexity



New Role

# Standard Initiation Process Overview



# Standard Initiation “Fast Track” Process



## What

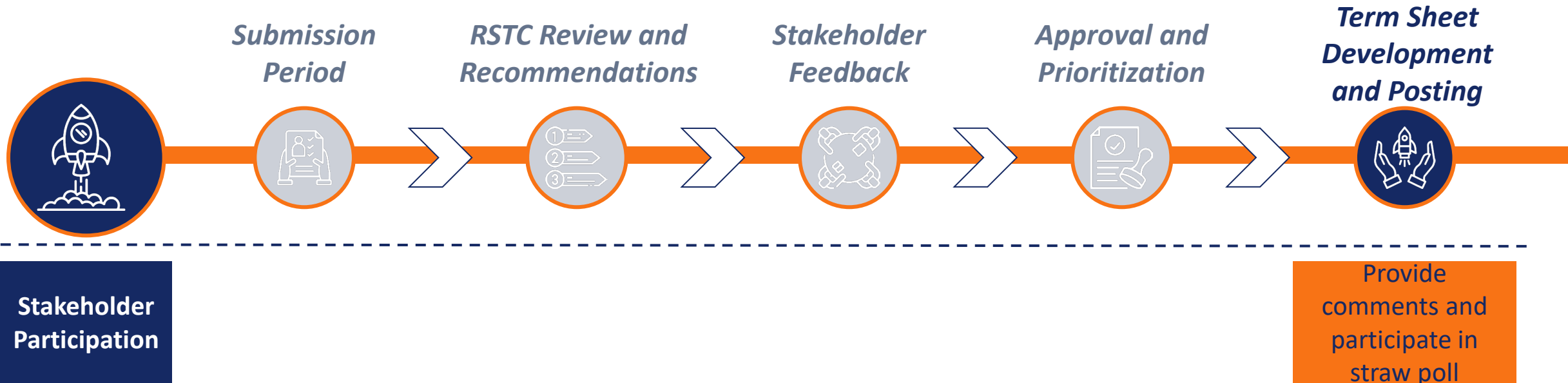
Expedited track for regulatory directives or urgent NERC Board directives

## When

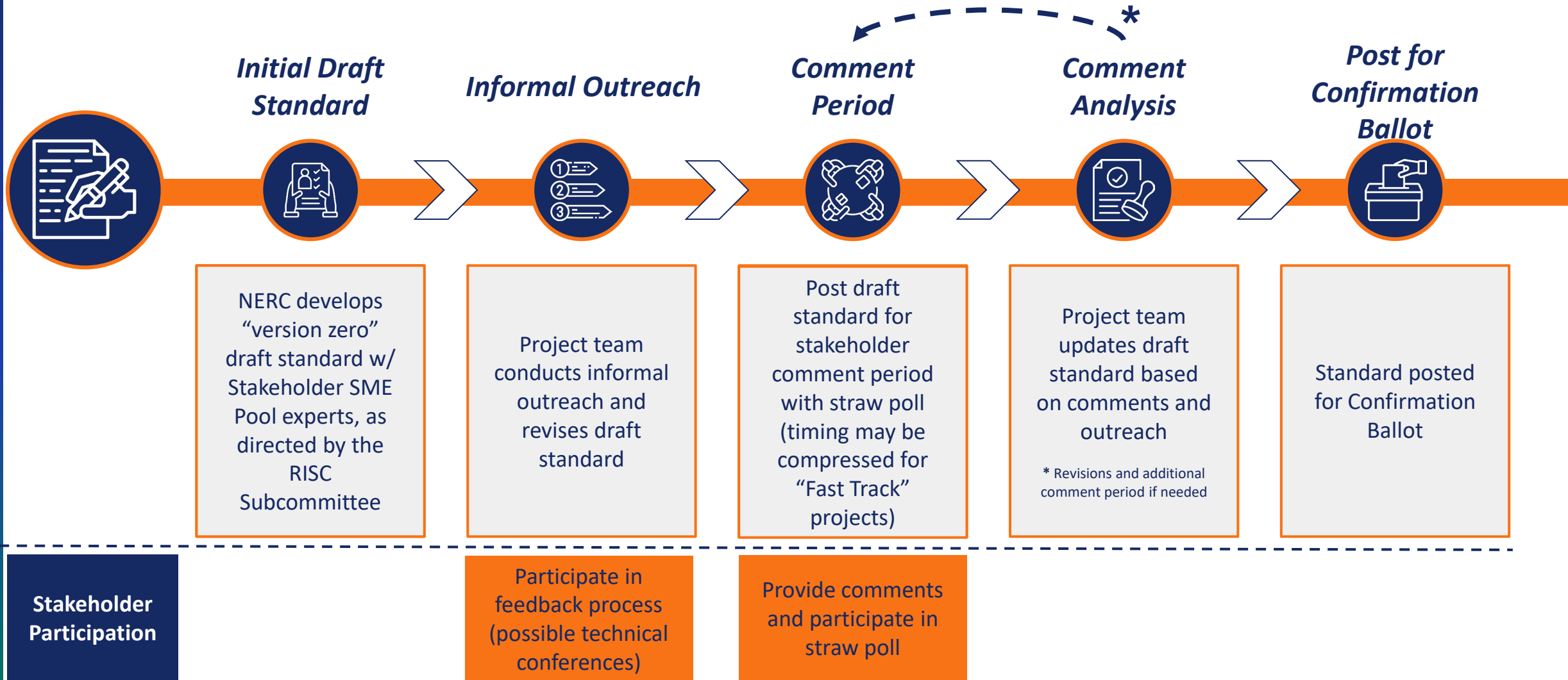
Following issuance of a regulatory or NERC Board directive to develop a standard

## How

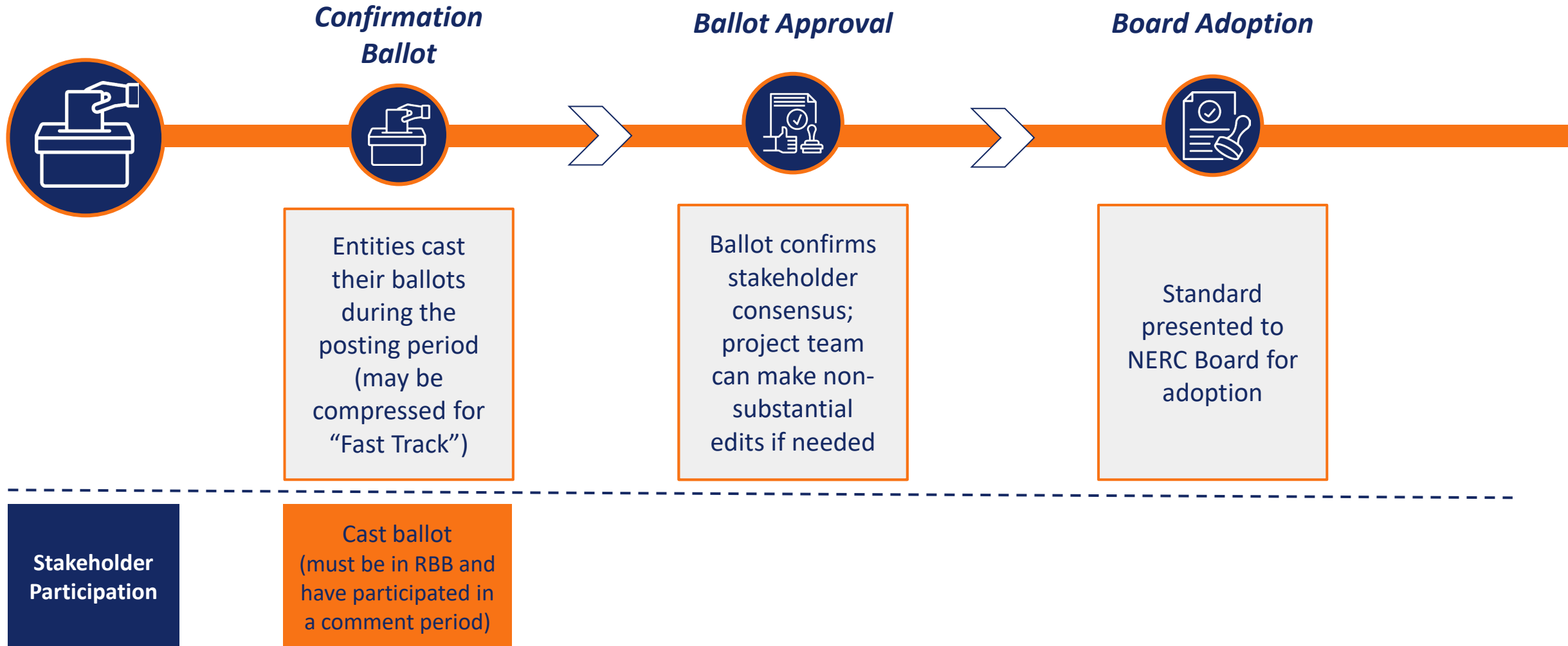
Begin with Term Sheet development, bypassing general intake and review process



# Standard Drafting Process Overview



# Standard Balloting Process Overview (with Passing Ballot)



# Confirmation Ballot Does Not Pass

If the confirmation ballot does not pass, the project team shall review the ballot statements and present recommendations to the RISC Subcommittee, which will choose one of the following actions:



## Option 1

Ask project team to revise the standard and post for extraordinary ballot



## Option 2

Determine alternative action (e.g., refer back to RSTC, refer to Board for consideration of further action)



## Option 3

End work on the standard

# Registered Ballot Body Voting Rules

1

## Relax Ballot Pool Rules

Entity is eligible to cast a ballot if they have participated in a comment period

2

## Ease Participation Burdens

One voter could represent multiple segments, rather than requiring a distinct voter for each segment

3

## Flexibility for Voting Representatives

Corporate entities would have improved flexibility to replace ballot body voters

# Registered Ballot Body Structure

1

## Segment 2 Weighting\*

Ensure ISO/RTOs (including FRCC) have full and proportional segment weight to reflect their critical role in BPS reliability

2

## Combine Segments 7 and 8\*

Combine large electricity end users and small electricity users into one segment and remove participation thresholds to improve representation and engagement

3

## Consolidate Segments 5 and 6

Eliminate Segment 6 (Electricity Brokers, Aggregators, and Marketers) and consolidate members into Segment 5 (Electric Generators) to streamline participation while preserving all distinct voting interests

4

## Revisit Segment 9 Criteria\*

Update the government segment criteria to clarify eligibility, exclude oversight authorities, and include NYSRC and other qualified public-interest organizations

5

## Retire Segment 10\*

Remove Regional Reliability Organizations and remove Regional Entities from the RBB

\*Recommendations adopted (all or in part) from 2024 RBB Task Force Report

# Registered Ballot Body Other Recommendations



1

## NCR Number Requirement\*

Require the NCR number in the RBB for members who are NERC registered entities

2

## Stakeholder Outreach and Training\*

Expand stakeholder outreach and training

3

## Review Segment Definitions

Review segment definitions to improve clarity of qualifications

4

## Two-Year Review

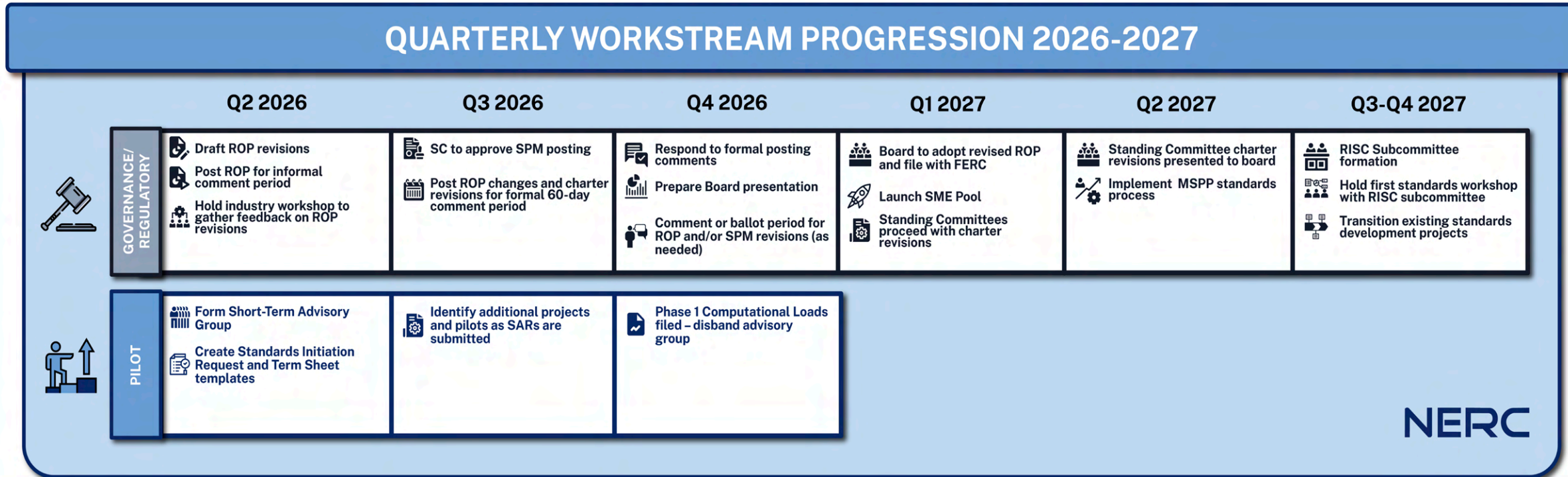
Review segment criteria after two years of implementation (consider new development in regulatory framework, changes in voter participation patterns, potential for mutually exclusive segment representation)

\*Recommendations adopted (all or in part) from 2024 RBB Task Force Report

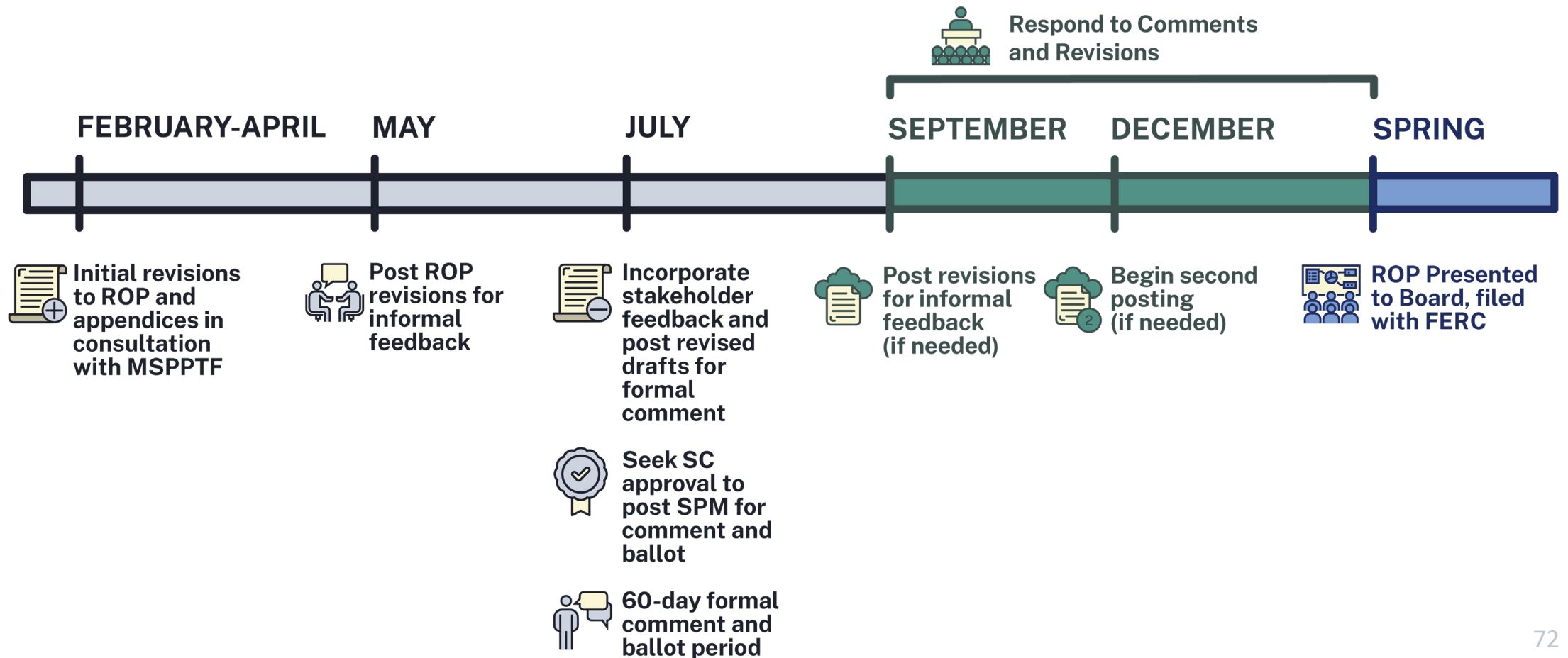
# Areas of Focus

<b>Governance/ Regulatory</b>	<p><b>ROP</b></p> <p><b>RSTC Charter Revisions</b></p> <p><b>RISC Charter Revisions</b></p> <p><b>RISC Subcommittee Scope Document</b></p> <p><b>Standards Committee Transition</b></p>
<b>Tools</b>	<p><b>Comment and Ballot System</b></p> <p><b>Enterprise Document Library</b></p> <p><b>AI Tools</b></p> <p><b>Website Enhancements</b></p> <p><b>Standards Initiation Request and Term Sheet</b></p>
<b>Pilot</b>	<p><b>AI Tools</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Comment summary</li><li>• Standard draft</li></ul> <p><b>Short-Term Advisory Group</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Computational Load</li></ul> <p><b>Solicit SARs Biannually</b></p> <p><b>Increase Stakeholder Engagement</b></p> <p><b>Standards Initiation Request and Term Sheet</b></p>

# Implementation Timeline



## 2026–2027 GOVERNANCE AND REGULATORY TIMELINE



# What is Changing and Why

## Standard Processes Manual (SPM): ROP Appendix 3A

- **To implement most MSPPTF recommendations, including standards development mechanics and responsibilities:**
  - SIR intake process and review coordination; term sheets
  - Standard development responsibilities of the new Reliability Standard Development Subcommittee
  - SME Pool, project teams, and drafting process
  - Comment and balloting processes

## Other ROP Sections & Appendices

- **To conform with SPM changes and to address certain high-level MSPPTF recommendations related to standard development mechanics and responsibilities:**
  - Section 300, Reliability Standards Development
  - Removal of SC election procedures (Appendix 3B)
  - RBB segment updates (Appendix 3D)

## Standing Committee Charters

- **Issues specifically pertaining to committee governance and authorities:**
  - Provide committees with the new authorities required by the MSPPTF recommendations
  - Outline the creation and governance of the new subcommittee

*\*Certain recommendations will be addressed in committee process documents, not the charters\**

**Standard  
Processes  
Manual  
(SPM): ROP  
Appendix 3a**

- Overseen by Standards Committee
- Revised and posted at least once
- Must be balloted and approved by Registered Ballot Body

**Other  
ROP Sections &  
Appendices**

- At least one 45-day public comment period
- Board-approved changes submitted to FERC
- FERC considers changes through open process (includes public comment opportunity)

**Standing  
Committee  
Charters**

- Oversight by the Board (through the Corporate Governance and Human Resources Committee (CGRHC))
- Presented to Board/CGHRC for approval in open sessions

The NERC team has developed draft revisions to the RSTC and RISC charters and created a scope document for the new RISC subcommittee, referred to as the Reliability Standard Development Subcommittee

## These redlines are meant to...

- Provide context for the draft ROP revisions by showing where certain MSPPTF recommendations will be implemented
- Outline the proposed changes necessary to address MSPPTF recommendations

## These redlined charters are *not* meant to...


- Represent the final version of these charters or scope document as they are subject to committee and stakeholder comment
- Capture every committee-specific process/procedure in the MSPPTF recommendations (e.g., the risk criteria used by the RSTC/RISC), as these are best developed by the committees/subcommittee via a process or procedure document

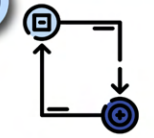


**Charter amendments will have go through committee and Board approval processes**

## PILOTING: WHAT'S IN AND WHAT'S OUT

 **WHAT WE CAN PILOT**

- 1**  **STANDARD INITIATION REQUEST**
- 2**  **TERM SHEET**
- 3**  **SHORT-TERM ADVISORY GROUP (SME GROUP)**
- 4**  **STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT**

 **WHAT WE CANNOT PILOT**

- 1**  **ANY RBB CHANGES**
- 2**  **SBS VOTING ELIGIBILITY**
- 3**  **REDUCED POSTING TIME WITHOUT WAIVER**



MSP Implementation  
Webpage



Newsletters



Committee Updates



June Industry  
Workshop



Email



Informal and Formal  
Comment  
Opportunities



Presentations

# Computational Load Project- SAR

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“The goal of this project will be twofold and require developing:

1. Changes to the NERC Glossary to include large load entities, consistent with the proposed modifications for registration criteria in NERC’s Rules of Procedure; and
2. a Reliability Standard addressing **reliability issues associated with integrating these large loads onto the BPS.**”

---

“This drafting team will develop one or more Reliability Standard(s) to address in the near-term **essential actions** entities must take to assure the reliable integration of large loads into the BPS.”

Goal: Deliver Reliability Standard Requirements that...

1. Are essential actions that 'move the needle the most'
2. Can be most effectively delivered on the targeted Phase 1 timeline

Alignment: Focus on the core, process-related items in Phase 1...

1. Establish the right process that can set the foundation for subsequent phases
2. Leverage other existing process-related frameworks & concepts for integrating elements onto the BPS
3. Focus on process considerations (allow flexibility on process specifics, do not include technical specifics that are still evolving and/or may have regional variances)

# Essential Actions – Phase 1

The drafting team is actively considering what are the “foundational” process-related requirements needed to support reliable integration of Computational Loads

## Data Sharing

- CL Data → Owners, Planners, Operators

## Interconnection Process & Requirements

- TOs have interconnection requirements specific to CLs
- TOs incorporate requirements from Planners & Operators

## Protection & Monitoring (High-Resolution)

- Ensure protection is coordinated between CLs & Owners
- Ensure high-resolution monitoring for CLs

## Commissioning

- TOs have a commissioning process (coordinated with Planners & Operators) specific to CLs

## Interconnection Study & Modeling

- Planners have interconnection study process for CLs
- Planners ensure appropriate dynamic modeling for CLs

## Operations Communication & Response

- CLs have communication protocols with Operators
- CLs respond to Operator Emergency Instructions

## Phase 2 & Beyond

### Other Important Gaps

(can build upon the foundational process-related requirements)

- Dynamic Model Validation
- Voltage & Frequency Ride-Through
- Annual Transmission Planning
- UVLS, UFLS, MLS
- Nuclear Coordination
- Balancing
- Critical Infrastructure Protection
- EMT Modeling
- Others



**NERC**

**Discussion**



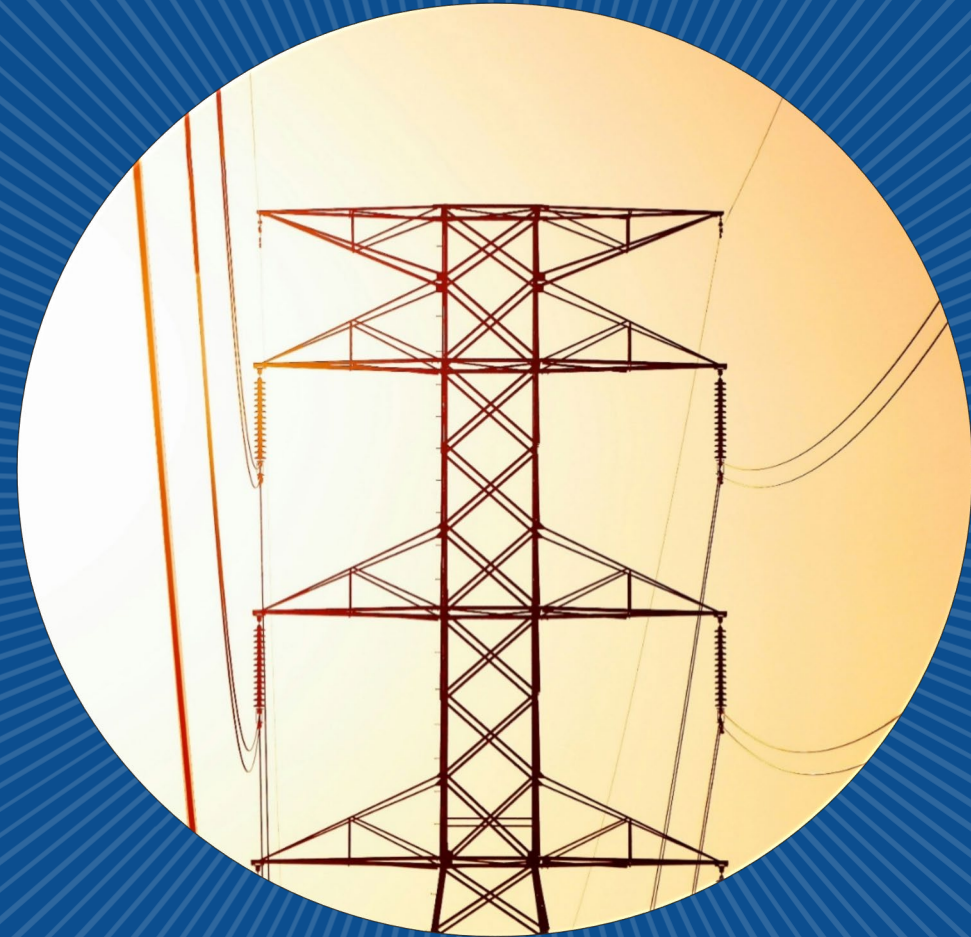
# NPCC's Security Outreach

## Strengthening Security Across the Power Sector

Doug Vitale – Manager, Security Outreach

NPCC Spring Compliance and Reliability Webinar | May 20, 2026

Public



# Agenda

- Purpose of Security Outreach
- Current Outreach Activities
- Physical/Cyber Threat Reports
- Security Outreach Webinars
- IST-5 Physical Security Working Group
- Fall Security Workshop
- Public/Private Sector Partnership
- Advancing NPCC Outreach



# Purpose of Security Outreach

**Protect the bulk power system in Northeastern North America by enabling information sharing, strengthening partnerships, and improving the collective resilience of the energy sector.**

- Threat Intelligence and Information Sharing
- Collaboration and Partnerships
- Education and Training
- Exercises and Preparedness
- Assessments and Risk Management
- Awareness and Culture





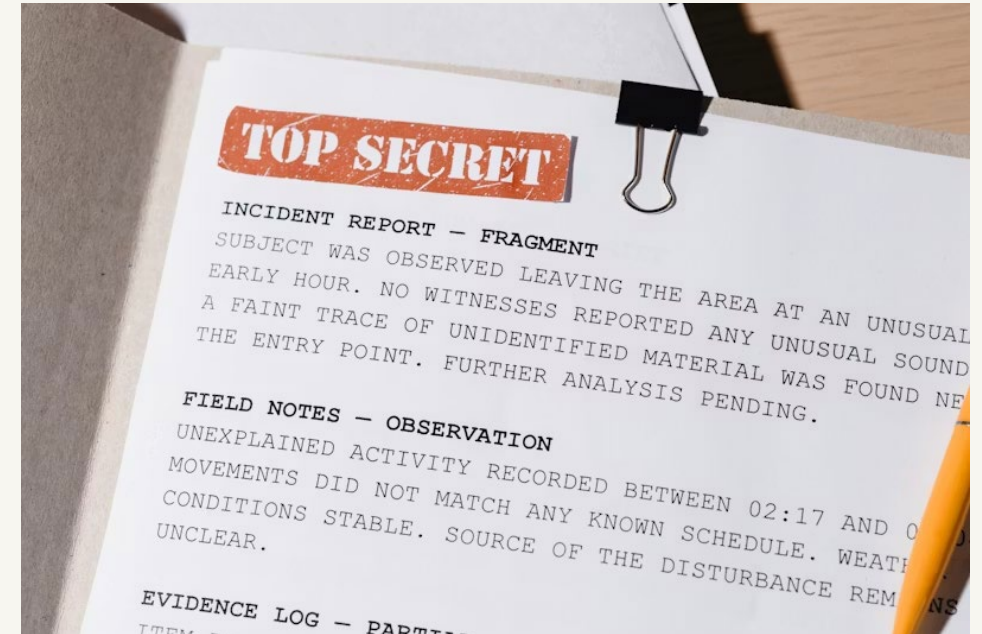
## Current Outreach Activities

- Physical/Cyber Threat Reports
- Security Outreach Webinars
- IST-5 Physical Security Working Group
- Fall Security Workshop
- Public/Private Sector Partnerships
- Entity Security Assessments



# Physical/Cyber Threat Reports

- Review all intelligence and information documents to find relevant articles to the energy sector
- Articles include Cyber Threat, Domestic Threat, International Threat
- Reports are sent to a specific list of physical and cyber security representatives from NPCC's members and entities



# Security Outreach Webinars



- Webinars are conducted on a periodic basis
- Relevant cyber/physical security topics and subject matter experts
- Past topics included: Drone Threat, Insider Threat, AI, Cloud Security, and Supply Chain Security



# IST-5 Physical Security Working Group



- Meet quarterly
- Discuss relevant security topics
- Bring in external speakers
- Benchmarking within group
- Discuss and review CIP standard related discussions
- Physical and Cyber Security program development



# Fall Security Workshop

- Held in conjunction with NPCC's Fall Compliance and Reliability Conference
- In-person participation of IST-5 and TFIST members
- External speakers invited to speak on relevant security topics
- In 2025, the NY State Police Intelligence Center briefed on an overview of their activities and responsibilities, terrorism threats to the US, and threats to the energy sector
- November 5, 2026, at Newport

Marriott Hotel and Spa  
NPCC's Security Outreach | Public



# Public/Private Sector Partnership

- One of the most important responsibilities of my job
- Help our mid-size and smaller entities develop relationships with local, state, federal, and provincial law enforcement (Left of Boom)
- Establish and maintain communication with local, state, federal, and provincial partners



# Advancing NPCC Outreach

- Promote services to our stakeholders
- Increase entity security assessments
- Social media monitoring tailored to the NPCC region
- Design Basis Threat/Vulnerability of Integrated Security Analysis (VISA) Training
- Open communication with entities to improve their security resilience





# Questions?

## Contact Us: [npcc.org/contact](https://npcc.org/contact)

**Situational Awareness**  
**Doug Vitale**

NPCC's Security Outreach | Public

NPCC Spring Compliance and Reliability Webinar | May 20, 2026

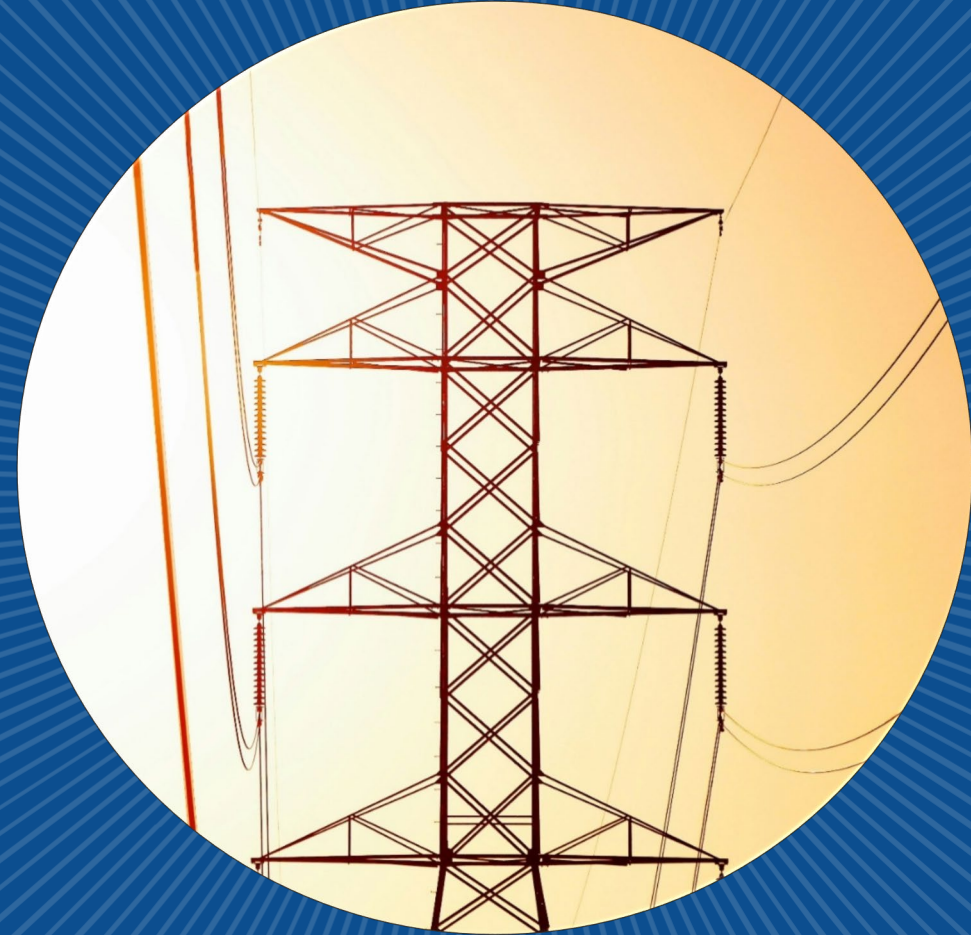


# PNC Abeyance Process

**Arthur Brown**  
**Associate General Counsel**

NPCC Spring Compliance and Reliability Webinar | May 20, 2026

Public





## What is the Value of Abeyance?

- To enhance the NERC standards development process agility that the ERO Enterprise and industry have focused on the past years.
- Help reduce the concern over compliance risk during standards development so that the focus can be on addressing risks to reliability.



# Abeyance: When, What, Who?

- **When is abeyance considered and What is the initial criteria for consideration?**
  - During the standards drafting process
  - High priority project, new or modified standard, new technology needed to implement, high level of complexity, emerging reliability issue with no consensus on specific best practices
- **What is the purpose of abeyance?**
  - Develop insights from initial implementation of the standard that can then be fed back to NERC and industry to further refine standards as needed
- **Who determines which standards/requirements/parts for abeyance consideration?**
  - The ERO Enterprise will consider the candidates for the abeyance period



# Abeyance: What it is NOT

## Abeyance is NOT

- A free pass
- An extension of the implementation plan
- Time to sit and **wait** for feedback

## What should you be doing?

- Working with NPCC
- Talking with your peers



# Enforcement



- NPCC will **NOT** pursue an enforcement action during the abeyance period if registered entities implement the Reliability Standard in good faith.
- What is “Good Faith”?
- “Good Faith” in this context refers to a sincere intention to comply with the standard



# Current Standards with an Abeyance Period:

- **EOP-012-3 Extreme Cold Weather Preparedness and Operations**
  - Where will be the abeyance language be within the Standard?
    - Section C. Compliance
- **MOD-032-2, R2 Part 2.1**

- 1.4. Compliance Abeyance Period:** From the effective date of Reliability Standard EOP-012-3 until October 1, 2027, the CEA will not pursue an action under Sections 4A.0 or 5.0 of Appendix 4C to the Rules of Procedure for a failure to comply with Reliability Standard EOP-012-3 Requirement R1 Part 1.1 with respect to the calculation of the Extreme Cold Weather Temperature for an applicable generating unit, or any other failure to comply resulting from an incorrect calculation of the Extreme Cold Weather Temperature for that generating unit, against any entity acting in good faith to comply with the standard in accordance with the relevant implementation plan. “Good faith” in this context refers to a sincere intention to comply with Reliability Standard EOP-012-3 regarding all requirements based on the calculation of the Extreme Cold Weather Temperature for each applicable generating unit, following a reasonable and serious assessment by the entity in determining how this Reliability Standard should be applied to its particular facts and circumstances. Entities shall participate in any compliance monitoring activities undertaken by the CEA during this abeyance period and submit documentation as requested.



# Abeyance: Common Questions



Will all Standards/Requirements have an abeyance period?

No, it will be evaluated by NERC and the Regions during the standards drafting process.



What if I'm not audited during the abeyance period?

Entities are expected to meet compliance on the effective date of the standard.



What will be the impact to the self-logging process?

There is no impact to the self-logging process.



# Abeyance: Common Questions, cont.

How does the information feed back to standards for possible enhancements?

- The ERO Enterprise will be tracking and reporting on a periodic basis.

How will industry receive updates during the abeyance period?

- Periodic webinars/outreach activities

Can a SAR be introduced during the abeyance period?

- Absolutely, a SAR can be introduced at anytime.



# Abeyance Process – NPCC Entities

## How Does an Entity Submit PNC Abeyances?

- Step 1. Entities need to email [PNCAbeyance@npcc.org](mailto:PNCAbeyance@npcc.org) to obtain direction on where to submit their completed spreadsheet.
- Step 2. **Within 5 business days** of receipt of a PNC Abeyance email, NPCC Enforcement will send the entity a:
  - Link to the applicable abeyance template
  - The submittal instructions for uploading the completed template to NPCC Portal
  - Request the entity send an email to [PNCAbeyance@npcc.org](mailto:PNCAbeyance@npcc.org) again when information is uploaded
- Step 3. NPCC will evaluate the information uploaded.
- Step 4. NPCC will generally complete its evaluation **within 60 business days**.



# Additional Resources

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[ERO Enterprise  
Guidance-Potential  
Noncompliance  
Abeyance Period](#)

[Template for EOP-012  
PNC Abeyance](#)





# Questions?

Contact Us: [npcc.org/contact](https://npcc.org/contact)

NPCC Enforcement  
Arthur Brown

PNC Abeyance Process | Public

NPCC Spring Compliance and Reliability Webinar | May 20, 2026

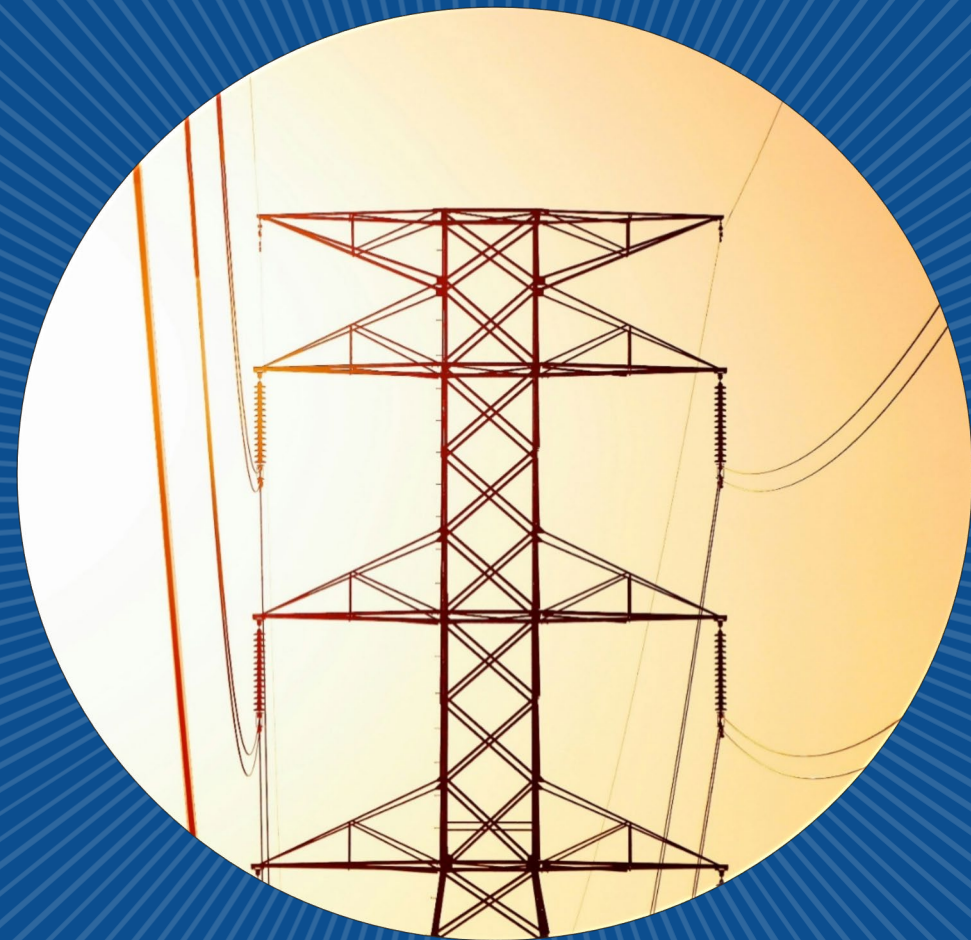


# NERC Large Loads Working Group Update

**Diana Barsotti**  
Reliability Assessment and Performance Analysis

NPCC 2026 Spring Compliance and Reliability Webinar | May 20, 2026

Public



# NERC Large Loads Working Group



Level  
2 Alert

Gather Industry Data,  
Extent-of-Condition

Level  
3 Alert

Recommended  
Industry Actions

Characteristics and  
Risks of Large Loads  
(White Paper 7/22/2025)



Assessment of Gaps in  
Existing Practices  
(White Paper 3/11/2026)

Risk Mitigation for  
Emerging Large Loads  
(Reliability Guideline  
4/30/2026)



Large Load Disturbance  
Performance Ride-  
Through  
Recommendations

Dynamics Modeling  
Considerations for  
Large Loads



Plan Standard  
Authorization Requests  
Based on Assessment of  
Gaps

White papers available at: <https://www.nerc.com/our-work/white-papers>

Reliability Guideline available at: <https://www.nerc.com/our-work/guidelines/reliability-guidelines>

Alerts available at: <https://www.nerc.com/programs/bulk-power-system-awareness/alerts>





**Questions?**

**Contact Us: [npcc.org/contact](https://npcc.org/contact)**

**Reliability Assessments and Performance  
Analysis (RAPA)  
Diana Barsotti**

NERC Large Loads Working Group Update | Public

NPCC 2026 Spring Compliance and Reliability Webinar | May 20, 2026



# NPCC 2026 Spring Compliance and Reliability Webinar Closing

Jacqueline Jimenez  
Vice President, Compliance

May 20, 2026

Public



# Thank you for Attending!



## Presentation Slides

- Available on the NPCC website:  
<https://www.npcc.org/events/npcc-2026-spring-compliance-and-reliability-webinar>

## Webinar Survey

- We'd love your feedback—please complete the webinar survey.



# Upcoming NPCC Events

## NPCC 2026 Fall Hybrid Compliance and Reliability Conference

- November 4 - 5, 2026
- Newport Marriott Hotel & Spa Newport, RI
- [Register](#)

