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# Skyscan atomic clock 86715 how to set time

**Skyscan atomic clock manual 86722.  How to set time on skyscan atomic clock.  How do you manually set a skyscan atomic clock.  Skyscan atomic clock model 86715 manual.  Skyscan atomic clock how to set.  Skyscan atomic clock model 86715 setup.  How to set time zone on skyscan atomic clock.**

To set your SkyScan Digital Atomic Clock, follow these steps if you have the 4-button model (SET, +, ALM, SNZ). If not, refer to the manual on the company's website. You only need to program the time zone if it's not Eastern Time; other functions are pre-set. Press SET once to change the time zone, and repeatedly press + until your region's abbreviation appears in the day of week display. For Daylight Savings (DST), press SET twice and toggle between ON and OFF using the + button. To adjust language, hour, minutes, year, month, day, or temperature settings, press SET three to ten times, respectively, and modify using the + button. Note: If you live in Arizona, set your time zone to -7 MST and disable DST. The clock can also count seconds; if it doesn't display outside temperature, try resetting the transmitter and clock together. When putting the transmitter back outside, make sure it's next to the clock with no more than one foot between them until you see a matching temperature reading on both devices. Once they're in sync or close to it, you can safely return the transmitter outside. Remember to keep it away from direct sunlight and metal objects that could affect readings. It's also recommended to use Duracell batteries for optimal performance. If issues persist, refer to your user manual. The clock will automatically set itself to Eastern time zone; just set your time zone if you're not in Eastern. Allow 24 hours for the signal to be picked up and the clock to adjust. For best results, set it up at night when the signal is strongest between 12-6 am. Keep the transmitter away from electronic appliances like TVs, microwaves, computers, and refrigerators. The maximum distance between the clock and transmitter should not exceed 80-200 feet, considering obstacles like walls. If you have multiple clocks using the same transmitter in your household, use only one transmitter. Avoid placing it near direct rain or sun exposure. Time zones include: Atlantic (AST) at -4, Eastern (EST) at -5, Central (CST) at -6, Mountain (MST) at -7, Pacific (PST) at -8, Alaska/Aleutian (AKST) at -9, and Hawaii (HADT) at -10. The atomic clock allows for adjustments to be made by pressing SET, with different functions accessible at each number: Pressing SET once changes the language setting. Pressing SET twice displays a single digit, which can be changed using the plus (+) button and press SET again. Pressing SET three times changes the display to two digits or US format for English. Pressing SET four times flashes the hour, which can then be adjusted with the plus (+) button. Pressing SET five times shows the minutes, which can also be changed using the plus (+) button. Pressing SET six times switches to a two-digit day of the week display. Pressing SET seven times flashes the month, and press SET again allows changing the month. Pressing SET eight times displays the day in flashing mode, then the plus button is used to select it. Pressing SET nine times shows the day of the week in flashing mode. Then, the plus button must be pressed to select it. Pressing SET ten times enables display of 12 or 24-hour time formats. Pressing SET eleven changes the temperature setting from Fahrenheit (oF) to Celsius (oC). If using an Arizona model, you must configure the time zone and disable DST manually. To determine the optimal distance between a clock and a transmitter, measure at least 80-200 feet. Using multiple transmitters in one household can be avoided by keeping a single unit. Avoid placing units near electronic devices such as televisions, microwaves, computers, refrigerators, or speakers.