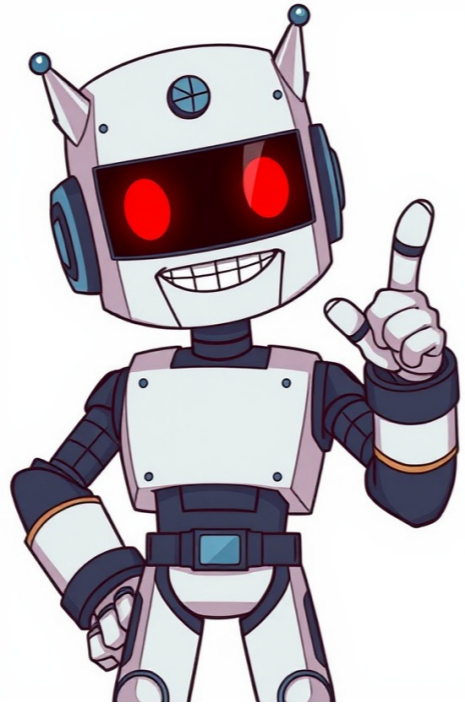


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prophet muhammad had more than a billion followers now many years after his death his message of peace and mercy through islam continues to inspire people worldwide. ===== who was prophet muhammad Prophet muhammad ibn abd allah ibn abd al mutlib ibn hashim ibn abd manaf was born in mecca a respectable family with a history in politics and commerce. ===== he was known for his honesty and dignity among his peers long before he became a prophet His purity and goodness drew people to him He was popular among both meccans and foreigners and was chosen by allah to spread the message of islam.The early Muslim army engaged in a series of battles for survival from 624 to 628. The final major conflict, the Battle of the Trench and Siege of Medina, saw Muhammad and his followers facing off against the Meccan allies. A truce was established to allow Muslims to live peacefully in Mecca, though this agreement was short-lived as the Meccans violated it a year later. In 630, Muhammad led his forces into Mecca, capturing the city with minimal casualties. Many Meccan leaders who had previously rejected him were granted amnesty, and others received pardons. The majority of the population embraced Islam, and Muhammad ordered the destruction of the pagan idols in the Kaaba, proclaiming the oneness of Allah. From 630 to 632, Muhammad resided in Mecca for two years before passing away in June 632 in Madinah. After his final pilgrimage, he returned to his wife's home in Madinah, where he fell ill for several days until his soul was taken by Allah. The birth of Prophet Muhammad is recorded as occurring on the 12th of Rabi' al-Awwal in Mecca, according to the Hijri calendar. While the exact year is not valid in the Hijri system, which marks the emigration in 622, it is noted that Muhammad was born 52 years before the Hijra. The relationship between Prophet Muhammad and Lady Aisha is widely celebrated. Despite initial hesitations from Abu Bakr, their marriage became a cornerstone of their lives. Aisha was deeply loved by Muhammad, who expressed a desire to die with her by his side, which he fulfilled. Their bond is cherished in Islamic tradition, with both hoping to reunite in Paradise. Prophet Muhammad's life serves as a profound example for all. Visit an Islamic bookstore to find a concise biography of his life and gain valuable insights. Key details include his full name, Muhammad ibn Abd Allah, his title as the Seal of the Prophets, his father Abd Allah ibn Abd al-Muttalib, his mother Amina bint Wahb, his birth date on the 12th of Rabi' al-Awwal in 570 CE, and his birthplace in Makkah. His mission was to guide people toward worshipping Allah alone and promoting justice. Known for his honesty, leadership, and compassion, he brought the final revelation, the Qur'an. Born into the respected Quraysh tribe, Muhammad faced early hardships, including the loss of his parents. Raised by his grandfather and uncle, he grew into a trusted and reliable individual, earning the nickname Al-Amin. At 25, he worked as a merchant, gaining a reputation for fairness. His work led to meeting Khadijah bint Khuwaylid, whom he married at 40. Khadijah was the first to believe in his prophethood and supported him through challenges. At 40, while meditating in the cave of Hira, Muhammad received the first revelation from Angel Jibril, marking the start of his prophetic mission.The mission unfolded over 23 years, leading to the full revelation of the Qur'an. Upon receiving the first message, Muhammad felt deep sorrow, yet his wife Khadijah (RA) reassured him and brought him to her cousin Waraka ibn Nawfal, who affirmed his role as Allah's messenger. In the following years, he continued receiving divine guidance, urging people to worship Allah alone and live morally. The early phase faced strong resistance from Quraysh leaders in Makkah, but Muhammad stayed resolute. His core teachings included Tawhid, social justice, and personal accountability. After enduring persecution, Muslims fled to Madinah, marking the Hijrah in 622 CE, which started the Islamic calendar. In Madinah, he became a leader, creating the Constitution of Madinah to unite diverse groups. Throughout his life, he led battles like Badr, Uhud, and the Trench to protect the community. In 630 CE, Makkah surrendered peacefully, and he purified the Ka'bah. His final sermon in 632 CE emphasized equality, women's rights, and unity. He passed away in Madinah at 63, leaving a legacy of the Qur'an, Sunnah, and social reforms. Islam spread globally under his successors, and he is seen as the last prophet. His life teaches patience, compassion, humility, and trust in Allah. Prophet and Messenger ===== The holy city of al-Mirqah was a significant location for our Prophet, who used to meet with various tribes and invite them to Islam during the time of Hajj. Following his migration to Madinah, the arrival of the Prophet brought great joy to the people, as it marked a turning point in their lives. The two Arab tribes of Madinah, al-Aws and al-Khazraj, had been at odds with each other, but God intervened and softened their hearts towards Islam. Islamic historians believe Muhammad was initially disturbed by the revelations and that he didn't reveal them publicly for several years. However, Shi'a tradition states he welcomed the message from the Angel Gabriel and was deeply inspired to share his experience with other potential believers. Initially, Muhammad's closest followers were his wife Khadija and close friend Abu Bakr (who became considered the successor of Muhammad by Sunni Muslims). As time went on, Muhammad began to gather a small following in Mecca. Initially, people ignored him or mocked him as just another prophet. However, when he condemned idol worship and polytheism, many Mecca's tribal leaders saw Muhammad and his message as a threat. Muhammad's message not only challenged the people's beliefs but also had economic consequences for merchants who catered to the pilgrims in Mecca. The condemnation of idol worship had significant implications for the Quraysh tribe, who were the guardians of the Kaaba. Sensing a threat, Mecca's leaders offered Muhammad incentives to abandon his preaching. But he refused. Resistance towards Muhammad and his followers grew, forcing them to emigrate from Mecca to Medina in 622. This marked the beginning of the Muslim calendar. In Medina, Muhammad played a crucial role in ending the civil war between several tribes and gradually gained acceptance for his community. Between 624 and 628, Muslims faced series of battles for their survival. The final confrontation was The Battle of the Trench and Siege of Medina, which resulted in a treaty being signed. However, the Meccan allies broke the treaty a year later. By then, Muhammad had amassed significant forces, shifting the balance of power away from the Meccan leaders towards him. In 630, the Muslim army marched into Mecca, taking control with minimal casualties. Many Meccan leaders converted to Islam and were pardoned by Muhammad. The conflict with Mecca was eventually settled, and Muhammad performed his first true Islamic pilgrimage. He delivered his last sermon at Mount Arafat in March 632. After returning to Medina, he fell ill for several days before passing away on June 8, 632, at the age of 62. Muhammad was buried at al-Masjid an-Nabawi (the Mosque of the Prophet) in Medina.

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