

Missouri at a glance

THE STATE OPPORTUNITY INDEX combines research-backed strategies for improving education-to-career outcomes with benchmarking measures to track progress for all 50 states, giving policymakers and institutions a framework for strengthening the link between education and opportunity.

For each state, the Index reports the percentage of students who experience a positive return on investment and summarizes progress in five key areas for improving success beyond completion: Clear Outcomes, Quality Coaching, Affordability, Work-Based Learning, and Employer Alignment. States are grouped into four categories: Leading (at the forefront, demonstrating strong progress); Advanced (substantial progress); Developing (early stages of improvement); and Foundational (just beginning their journey).

Positive ROI

68%



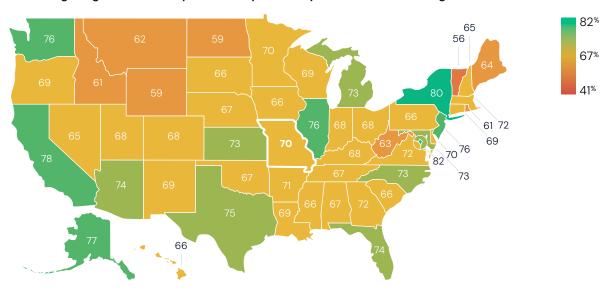
State Opportunity Index

strada

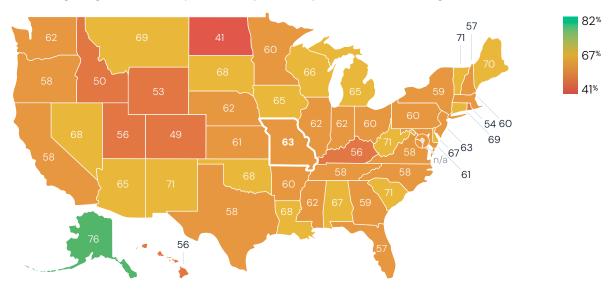
The positive ROI value for each state represents the estimated percentage of public college graduates whose earnings premium over high school graduates is enough to repay their total cost of a degree within 10 years.

	Missouri	U.S.	
Overall	68%	70%	
Bachelor's	70%	73%	
Associate	63%	60%	

Percentage of graduates with positive 10-year ROI by state - bachelor's degrees



Percentage of graduates with positive 10-year ROI by state - associate degrees





Everyone should have access to accurate information on employment outcomes that can help them make informed decisions about education after high school. The Clear Outcomes measure is based on 10 critical elements that contribute to the capacity of state education-to-employment data systems to strengthen the connection between education and opportunity.

State data system elements	State description	Rating
Includes learner-level and program characteristic data for nondegree and noncredit postsecondary education and training programs	Missouri collects enrollment and credential outcome data for (i) college-issued, for-credit nondegree credentials; and (ii) WIOA-eligible training providers. The state links these nondegree and noncredit data to employment outcomes.	DEVELOPING
Examines earnings by occupation, pay rate, and work location	Missouri does not collect any of the three enhanced elements, and Strada's research did not demonstrate any emerging collection policy.	FOUNDATIONAL
INTEGRATE		
State data system elements	State description	Rating
Integrates and delivers information on learner's earnings and employment after postsecondary education and training completion,	Missouri has extensive integration and publication of postsecondary education and training and employment data. The state's integration and publication include: (i) public four-year institutions to employment, (ii) private four-year institutions to employment, (iii) community colleges to employment, and (iv) WIOA-eligible training providers to employment.	LEADING
and over time	These education-to-employment datasets and employment outcomes for other college-issued, for-credit nondegree credentials are available as open data files and a public interactive reporting tool through Moscores, with disaggregation by race/ethnicity and gender.	
Integrates and delivers information on learner's earnings and employment after high school completion and over time	Missouri's P20W Research and Data Center has linked high school graduate records to employment and wage data. Results have been shared with the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education and included in presentations. Additionally, the Missouri School Report Card includes the percentage of graduates entering employment (as well as into postsecondary education and the military), but these employment outcomes are not disaggregated.	ADVANCED
Partners with national and multi- state initiatives to assess education- to-opportunity outcomes for graduates and non-graduates of postsecondary education and training programs who relocate or work outside the state	Missouri partners with PSEO (50-75% graduate coverage), Multi-State Data Collaborative, and State Wage Interchange System.	LEADING
ATEGORY KEY	Leading • Advanced • Developing •	Foundational
ent to which elements present in state data	Fully present Partially present In development	Not in developme



infrastructure.

State data system elements	State description	Rating
6 Provides comprehensive and timely open data files containing anonymized education-to-opportunity statistics that anyone can access, download, and otherwise use	Missouri has open data files with various education-to-opportunity metrics such as earnings, employment percentage, and time to completion by program for (i) public four-year institutions; (ii) private four-year institutions; (iii) community colleges; (iv) nondegree credentials; and (v) WIOA-eligible training providers.	LEADING
Publishes robust, timely, and easily understandable interactive resources informing education-to- opportunity decision-making by learners, families, and institutions	Missouri has an interactive reporting tool with education-to-employment outcomes by program for (i) public four-year institutions; (ii) private four-year institutions; (iii) community colleges; (iv) nondegree credentials; and (v) WIOA-eligible training providers. The state has a separate dashboard containing employment outcomes for two- and four-year institutions.	LEADING
8 Gives researchers access to individual-level matched education-to-opportunity dataset	The P20W Research and Data Center, housed within the Missouri Department of Higher Education and Workforce Development, is currently collaborating with partner agencies on a draft data governance framework that will formalize a process for requesting linked de- identified data. Data have been provided in the past on an ad hoc basis.	DEVELOPING
(1-1) IMPACT		
State data system elements	State description	Rating
9 Enables learners and earners to access and utilize their own verified data, unlocking opportunities for college and career advancement	No evidence was identified through the state's response or in Strada's research of the state demonstrating this element.	FOUNDATIONAL
10 Designates a unit with responsibility and dedicated, full-time capacity for generating education-to-employment insights to inform state policymaking and resource allocation decision-making	Missouri has established the P20W Research and Data Center within the Missouri Department of Higher Education and Workforce Development. The Center integrates education-to-employment data and produces education-to-employment insights, including reports on postsecondary employment outcomes. The Center has dedicated funding.	ADVANCED
CATEGORY KEY	Leading	Foundational

Support

TWO-YEAR

Everyone should have access to coaching that helps them reflect on their talents and interests, choose a career goal, chart a path, and navigate challenges. Graduates who receive such guidance are more likely to land a job that requires a degree and feel satisfied with their career trajectory. The Quality Coaching measure is based on the percentage of two-year students and four-year senior students who reported receiving personalized guidance, timely labor market information, and support to create a plan and overcome barriers.

Personalized guidance	Four-year	Two-year
Percentage of students at public institutions who report receiving personalized coaching or guidance to help select the education that will help prepare them for a successful career.	35% DEVELOPING	UNAVAILABLE
Timely labor market information	Four-year	Two-year
The average share of students at public institutions who receive timely labor market information, across the various types below, before enrolling or during their first year.	22% FOUNDATIONAL	UNAVAILABLE
Education-to-career paths that might be a good fit for student's strengths and interests	25%	
Job opportunities that a particular education program could lead to	25%	
Potential earnings in different careers related to student's education program	18%	
Career outcomes of students from their own institution	20%	
Support	Four-year	Two-year
The average share of students at public institutions who receive at least some support in setting goals and in overcoming obstacles.	71% ADVANCED	UNAVAILABLE
Setting education and career goals and developing a plan to achieve these goals	71%	
Identifying and overcoming barriers	72%	
CATEGORY KEY Leading Then the margin of error crosses a category ≥75% The shold, states are given a combined category.	Advanced • Develop 50% to <75% 25% to <	
National results	Four-year	Two-year
Personalized guidance	34%	45%
Timely labor market information	21%	33%

71%

74%

TWO-YEAR

LEADING

Quality post-high school programs should be within everyone's financial reach, allowing for equitable opportunities for success. The Affordability measure is based on how many hours a week the average student would need to work to cover the in-state net price (total cost of attendance minus any grants and scholarships), how many hours a student from a low-income family would need to work to cover their typical in-state net price, and the percentage of students that complete their degree on time – a critical factor in the cost of a degree.

Student hours of work needed	Four-year	Two-year
Average student hours of work needed	FOUNDATIONAL	ADVANCED
	37 hours per week Average annual net price, four-year institutions: \$15,606	11 hours per week Average annual net price, two-year institutions: \$7,707
Low-income student hours of work neeeded	DEVELOPING 24 hours per week	LEADING 8 hours per week
	Average annual net price for low-income students, four-year institutions: \$11,752	Average annual net price for low-income students, two-year institutions: \$6,622
• Leading	AdvancedDevel10 to <20 hrs20 to	oping

On-time completion rate On-time completion rate		Four-year	Four-year DEVELOPING		
		DEVELOPING			
		40%			
CATEGORY KEY	Leading	Advanced	Developing	Foundational	
	≥65%	50% to <65%	35% to <50%	<35%	

All students should have access to quality work-based learning experiences, such as paid internships and apprenticeships, that are linked to higher earnings, greater job satisfaction, and lower underemployment. The Work-Based Learning measure is based on the percentage of two-year students and four-year senior students who reported participating in at least one of the following types of paid experiences: paid internship, paid apprenticeship, paid co-op, paid practicum, or paid undergraduate research experience.

Quality Work-Based Learning	Four-year	Two-ye	ar
Percentage of students at public institutions who participated in at least one of five types of quality paid work-based learning experiences	39% DEVELOP Paid internship participation: 34%	UNA	VAILABLE
	Percentage of stud participated in at le the five types of ex (paid or unpaid): 6	east one of operiences	
CATEGORY KEY ■ Leading When the margin of error crosses a category threshold, states are given a combined category.	• Advanced 50% to <75%	• Developing 25% to <50%	• Foundational <25%

National results	Four-year	Two-year
Any quality paid work-based learning experience	43%	17%
Paid internship	37%	14%
Any work-based learning experience (paid or unpaid)	72%	33%



In addition to student self-reporting of apprenticeship participation, states have other sources of information on participation in registered apprenticeships via the U.S. Department of Labor. In Missouri, **0.69 percent** of the state labor force is made up of active apprentices, for a total of **21,891 apprentices**. Across the country, this number ranges from 0.9 percent (Hawaii) to 0.12 percent (Oklahoma). In countries with leading apprenticeship systems, such as Germany, Switzerland, Australia, Canada, and England, apprentices constitute about 2.5–3.0 percent of the labor force, so all states in the U.S. have substantial room for improvement.





Students should have access to programs that lead to quality jobs and mobility, and employers should assess and advance individuals based on skills and experiences, not just degrees. The Employer Alignment measure is based on the percentage of terminal bachelor's degree holders aged 25–34 employed in a college-level job as well as the supply/demand ratio for a variety of high-demand, high-wage jobs in each state.

College-level empl	oyment			
The percentage of both who are employed in				ADVANCED
Supply/demand rat	tio			
The overall ratio: the for these nine oppo	•	ry-level supply/demand ratios Il groups	3	FOUNDATIONAL
Information	Data analytics			ADVANCED
technology and business	Finance and accounting professionals			FOUNDATIONAL
	Finance and accounting support			FOUNDATIONAL
	Information and cybersecurity			ADVANCED
	Software development and engineering			LEADING
Health care	Health care tech	nicians and technologists		FOUNDATIONAL
	Nursing			FOUNDATIONAL
Manufacturing				
and engineering	Manufacturing/Trades technicians and technologists FOUNDATIONA			
CATEGORY KEY	• Leading ≥75%	• Advanced 60% to <75%	• Developing 50% to <60%	• Foundational <50%