M/s B.P.JAIN & CO.

Chartered Accountants.

2, GEE GEE MINAR, 23, COLLEGE ROAD, CHENNAI -600006.

PHONE: 044-28273871, 044-28224212.

Email: devchennai02@gmail.com.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To
The Members of Arihant Griha Limited,
Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Arihant Griha Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. In conducting our audit, we have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder and the Order issued under section 143 (11) of the Act.

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2018, and its loss, total comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
 - b. in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d. in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.
 - e. On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2018 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2018 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
 - g. with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:



- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- 2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For B.P.JAIN & CO.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.050105S

23, College Road, Chennai - 6. Ph: 28273871

, Gee Gee Mina

DACCCA.DEVENDRA KUMAR BHANDARI

Partner

Membership No: 208862.

Place: Chennai, Date: 30-05-2018

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Arihant Griha Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Arihant Griha Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2018 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on "the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- ii. Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- iii. Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2018, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India".

For **B.P.JAIN & CO.,** Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.050105S

Tilli s Registi adoli No.0301033

Place: Chennai, Date: 30-05-2018

CA.DEVENDRA KUMAR BHANDARI Partner

23, College Road, Chennai - 6. Ph: 28273871

Membership No: 208862.

"ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement' of our report to the Members of Arihant Griha Limited of even date)

- 1. According to the information and explanation given to us, the company does not have any fixed assets. Therefore the provisions of clause 3 (i) (a) to (c) of the order are not applicable to the company.
- 2. According to the information and explanation given to us, the company does not have any inventory. Therefore the provisions of clause 3(ii) of the order are not applicable to the company.
- 3. According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Consequently, the provisions of clauses 3 (iii) (a) to (c) of the order are not applicable to the company.
- 4. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies act, 2013 In respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- 5. The Company has not accepted deposits during the year and does not have any unclaimed deposits as at March 31, 2018 and therefore, the provisions of the clause 3 (v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 6. The Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records for the company under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies act, 2013.7.
 - (a). The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Value Added Tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise, Cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities except on certain occasions irregularities were noticed. According to information and explanations given to us there were no statutory dues as on 31st of March, 2018 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b). According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has no dues of income tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise or Value Added Tax which has not been deposited on the account of any disputes.
- 8. The Company has not availed any loan from Banks and Financial institutions and company has not issued any debentures, hence the question of default does not arise.
- 9. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer including debt instruments and term Loans. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (ix) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 10. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.



- 11. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, no managerial remuneration has been paid or provided. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- 12. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- 13. In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 15. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 16. The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For **B.P.JAIN & CO.**,

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.050105S

2, Gee Gee Minar 23, College Road, Chennal - 6.

Place: Chennai, Date: 30-05-2018 CA.DEVENDRA KUMAR BHANDARI

Partner

Membership No: 208862.

Balance sheet as on March 31, 2018 Amount in Rs. 31 March 2018 31 March 2017 1 April 2016 Notes Assets Non Current Assets Financial Assets Loans 3 527.01.465 481,29,192 439,53,600 43,658 43,658 43,658 ii. Trade Receivables 4(a) 527,45,123 481,72,850 439,97,258 Total non-current assets Current Assets Financial Assets Trade Receivables 4(b) 38,11,491 35,07,462 32,45,819 5 2,10,975 2,10,783 ii. Cash and Cash Equivalents 2,10,855 iii. Loans 6 85,000 85,000 85,000 16,329 Current Tax Asset (Net) 7 71,754 16,18,624 Other Current Assets 8 41,79,100 **Total Current Assets** 38,19,766 51,60,226 **Total Assets** 569,24,222 519,92,616 491,57,484 **EQUITY AND LIABILITIES** Equity Equity Share Capital 9 5,00,000 5,00,000 5,00,000 Other Equity Reserves and Surplus 10 4,58,139 5,96,816 12,59,330 **Total Equity** 9,58,139 10,96,816 17,59,330 LIABILITIES Non-Current Liabilities Financial Liabilities Borrowings 11 547,18,351 498,63,991 465,42,346 **Total Non -Current Liabilities** 547,18,351 498,63,991 465,42,346 **Current Liabilities** Other Current liabilities 12 12,47,733 10,31,808 8,55,808 **Total Current Liabilities** 12,47,733 10,31,808 8,55,808 **Total Liabilities** 559,66,084 508,95,799 473,98,154 **Total Equity and Liabilities** 569,24,223 519,92,616 491,57,484

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

AIN &

Gee Gee Mina 23, College Road, Chennai - 6.

Ph: 28273871

As per our report of even date attached

Name of the Company: Arihant Griha Limited

For B.P.JAIN & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number:050105S

Devendra Kumar Bhandari

Partner

Membership number:208862

Place: Chennai May 31,2018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Arihant Griha Limited

Kamal Lunawath Director

DIN:00087324

Vimal Lunawath Director

DIN:00586269

Place: Chennai May 31,2018

ARIHANT GRIHA LTD

REGD.OFF.# 3, GANAPATHY COLONY, 3RD STREET, OFF.CENOTAPH ROAD

TEYNAMPET, CHENNAI - 600018 CIN: U45200TN2006PLC061191

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2018

		Amount in Rs.	Amount in Rs.
D		Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	Notes	31 March 2018	31 March 2017
Other Income	13	4,910,083	4,747,186
Total Income	-	4,910,083	4,747,186
	- 8		
Expenses			
Finance costs	14	4,685,708	5,053,546
Other expenses	15	363,053	305,438
Total Expenses		5,048,761	5,358,984
Profit before Exceptional Items and tax		(138,678)	(611,798)
Exceptional Items		-	-
Profit before Tax		(138,678)	(611,798)
Tax Expense			(
Current tax			50,716
Deferred Tax		_	-
Profit for the period		(138,678)	(662,514)
Other Comprehensive income			\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		-	_
Items that will reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		0=0	_
Total Other comprehensive income, net of tax			
Total Comprehensive income for the period		(138,678)	(662,514)
Earnings per equity share			
Equity shares of par value Rs.10 each	i Anger		
Basic (Rs.)		(2.77)	(13.25)
Diluted (Rs.)		(2.77)	(13.25)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

2, Gee Gee Minar 23, College Road,

Ph: 28273871

As per our report of even date attached

For B.P.JAIN & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number:050105S

Devendra Kumar Bhandari

Partner

Membership number:208862

Place : Chennai May 30,2018 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Arihant Griha Limited

Kamal Lunawath

Director

DIN:00087324

Vimal Lunawath Director

DIN:00586269

Place : Chennai May 30,2018

ARIHANT GRIHA LTD

REGD.OFF.# 3, GANAPATHY COLONY, 3RD STREET, OFF.CENOTAPH ROAD TEYNAMPET, CHENNAI - 600018

CIN: U45200TN2006PLC061191

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31,2018

	Amount (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
PARTICULARS	31-03-2018	31-03-2017
A CACULELOW FROM OREDATING ACTIVITIES	(12 MONTHS)	(12 MONTHS)
A.CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(400.070)	(044 700)
Net Profit/Loss Before Tax and Extraordinary Items	(138,678)	(611,798)
Adjustments for :	4.005.700	5050540
Interest and Finance Expenses	4,685,708	5053546
Interest and Finance Income	(4,910,083)	-4747186
Operating Profit Before Working capital Changes	(363,053)	(305,438)
(Increase) in trade receivables	-304029	-261643
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current assets	0	0
Decrease in Inventories	0	0
(Increase)/ Decrease in current Tax Net	-55425	1602295
Decrease in other financial assets	0	0
(Decrease)/Increase in other financial liabilities	0	0
(Decrease) in trade payables	0	0
(Decrease) in other non-current liabilities	0	0
Increase in Other current liabilities	215925	176000
Cash Generated from operations	(506,582)	1,211,214
Income Tax Paid		50,716
Cash From operations before Extraordinary items	(506,582)	1,160,498
Extraordinary Items	- 1	
Cash flow from Operating Activities	(506,582)	1,160,498
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of current investments	0	-
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	0	-
Increase/ (decrease) in other non-current financial assets and other non current assets	(4,572,273)	(4,175,592)
Interest received	4,910,083	4,747,186
Net Cash generated from Investment Activities	337,810	571,594
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
(Repayment of)/ Proceeds from short-term borrowings		
Repayment of long-term borrowings	1	3
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	4.854.360	3,321,646
Interest paid	(4,685,708)	(5,053,546)
Net Cash from Financing Activities	168,652	(1,731,900)
D. NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C)	(120)	192
E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	210,975	210,783
F. CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	210,855	210,975

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

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2, Gee Gee Mina

23, College Road, Chennai - 6. Ph: 28273871

As per our report of even date For B.P. Jain & Co. Chartered Accounta

Firm Reg No. 050105S

CA. Devendra Kumar Bhandari

Partner

Membership No.: 208862

Place : Chennai May 30,2018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors For ARIHANT GRIHA LIMITED

KAMAL LUNAWATH DIRECTOR

DIN:00087324

VIMAL LUNAWATH DIRECTOR

DIN:00586269

May 30,2018

Arihant Griha Limited

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2018

		Other	Other Equity	
	^	Reserves and		Total Equity
	9	Surplus	Other	attributable to
	Equity Share		Comprehensive	Equity Shareholders
Particulars	Capital	Retained Earnings Income	Income	of the company
Balance as on April 1, 2016 (As per Ind GAAP)	200,000	-615,492	1	-115,492
Add:				
Fair Valuation of Loans and Advances	T	31,832,079		31,832,079
Fair Valuation of Loans (Liability)	3	33,706,901	1	33,706,901
Balance as on April 1, 2016	200,000	1,259,330	1	65,423,489
Changes in the Equity for the year ended March 31,2017				
-Profit for the year	1	(662,514)	1	-662,514
Balance as on March 31, 2017	200,000	596,816	,	64.760.975
Changes in the Equity for the year ended March 31,2018				
-Loss for the year		-138,678	1	-138,678
Balance as on March 31, 2018	500,000	458,139	1	64,622,297

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For B.P.JAIN & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number:0501055

Devendra Kumar Bhandari

2, Gee Gee Mine

Membership number: 208862

Place: Chennai May 30,2018

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Arihant Griha Limited

(3m).

Kamal Lunawath
Director
DIN:00087324

Vimal Lunawath Director DIN:00586269

> Place: Chennai May 30,2018

ARIHANT GRIHA LIMITED

1. Corporate Information

The company Arihant Griha Limited ,has registered office at No.3, Ganapathy Colony, 3rd Street, Off. Cenotaph Road, Teynampet, Chennai-600018 and has the ability to control its operating and financial policies.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements

i) Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended by the companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

For all the periods upto and including the year ended March 31, 2017, the company prepared its financial statements in accordance with the accounting standards notified under the Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read together with Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014 (Indian GAAP).

"These are the company's first annual financial statements prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS). The Company has adopted all applicable standards and the adoption was carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101 – 'First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards'.

An explanation of how the transition to Ind AS has affected the reported financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company are provided in Note 44 First Time Adoption."All amounts included in the financial statements are reported in Indian Rupees Lakhs.

ii) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention, unless otherwise stated. These financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act. All assets and liabilities are classified nto current and non-current based on the operating cycle of less than twelve months or based on the criteria of realisation/settlement within twelve months period from the balance sheet date.

b) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

The Company bases its estimates and assumptions on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control

of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

c) Current and Non Current Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ noncurrent classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or"
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has evaluated and considered its operating cycle as 12 months.

d) Property, Plant and Equipment

The Company does not have any property, plant and equipment.

e) Revenue Recognition

The company recognizes its revenue when it virtually certain that the amount will be collected in

future and there is no uncertainty regarding their collection and amount is reliably measured at the

time of recognition of revenue. Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis taking into

account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

f) Income Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred income- tax. Current and deferred tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items

recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current income tax for current and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a

transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

g) Provisions and Contingencies

Provision is recognized in the accounts when there is a present obligation as a result of past event(s) and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and

a reliable estimate can be made.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

h) Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

i) Earnings per Share

Basic EPS are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

j) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit/(loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future receipts or payments. In the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, cheques on hand, balances with banks in current accounts and other short- term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less, as applicable.

	Arihant Griha Limited				
	Notes to Financial Statements				
			As at	As at	As a
			31 March 2018	31 March 2017	01 April 2016
			₹	₹	₹
	Financial Assets				
2	3 Loans				
	Non Current				
	Unsecured, Considered Good				
	Related Parties		47,861	43,709	39,917
	Others		52,653,604	48,085,483	43,913,683
			52,701,465	48,129,192	43,953,600
4	Trade Receivables		, , , , , ,	10,120,102	40,750,000
	Receivables from Related Parties		3,545,340	3,241,311	2,979,668
	Others		309,809	309,809	309,809
			507,007	307,807	309,809
		Total Receivables	3,855,149	3,551,120	3,289,477
	Current portion		3,811,491	3,507,462	3,245,819
4	Non Current Portion		43,658	43,658	43,658
			10,000	15,050	45,056
	Secured, Considered Good				
	Unsecured, Considered Good		3,855,149	3,551,120	3,289,477
		Total Trade Receivables	3,855,149	3,551,120	3,289,477
			0,000,149	5,551,120	3,209,477
5	Cash and Bank balances				
	Balances with banks		188,411	188,531	100 220
	Cash on Hand		22,444	22,444	188,339
			210,855	210,975	22,444 210,783
6	Loan		210,055	210,975	210,783
	Current				
	Unsecured and considered good				
	Others	-	85,000	95,000	0.5.000
	**************************************		85,000	85,000	85,000
7	Current Tax Asset (Net)		05,000	85,000	85,000
7.	Income tax assets (Net)		71.754	17.005	2 202 200
	and the same of th		71,754	16,329	1,618,624
_			71,754	16,329	1,618,624



Note :9 Share Capital

	As at March 31,2018	1,2018	As at Ma	As at March 31,2017	As at April 01, 2016	101,2016
	Number	Amount in Rs. Number Amount in Rs. Number Amount in Rs.	Number	Amount in Rs.	Number	Amount in Re
Authorised						The same of the
Equity Shares of Rs 10 each	20,000	200 000	***************************************			
	20,000	200,000	30,000	200,000	50,000	500,000
Issued						
Emit Share SB 10 - 1						
Equity Shares of Ks.10 each	50,000	500,000	50,000	500,000	50,000	500,000
Subscribed and Paid up						
Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully naid -un	000.05	600,000	20,000			
		occion.	201000	DAN'OAC	20,000	200,000

b. Reconciliation of the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

	As at March 31,2018	,2018	As at Ma	As at March 31,2017	As at Apr	As at April 01 .2016
	Number	Amount in Re	Number	0	N	
		Canadama in Mar.	130mm	Amount in KS.	Number	Amount in Rs.
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	50,000	500.000	50 000	500 000	50,000	500,000
61		the section for the section of	40000	000,000	20,000	200,000
Shares issued during the year		*				
Character J. C.1						
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	50,000	500,000	50,000	500,000	50 000	500 000
						4 4 4 4 4 4 4

c.Terms and Rights attached to Equity Shares

The company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to their shareholding.

d. Shares in the company held by each shareholder holding more than 5 percent shares specifying the number of shares held

100%	50,000	100%	50,000	100%	50,000	Armant roundations and Housing Limited and its nominees
% of Holding	No.of Shares held	% of Holding	No.of Shares held	% of Holding	No.of Shares held	A Thoras Francisco and III
101,2016	As at Apr	rch 31,2017	As at Ma		As at March 31,2018	

Note:10 Other Equity

Retained Earnings

As on 01-04-2016	
Balance as per previous financial statements (Ind GAAP)	(615.492)
Add:	1
Adjustment in accordance to Ind AS 109 (Discounted @ 9.5%p.a)	1 874 822
Opening Balance as on 01-04-2016	1,259,330

As on 31-03-2017

D. Parties Co.	
518 505	Closing Balance as on 31-03-2017 (Ind AS)
662,514	Loss for the year
	Less:
1,874,822	Adjustment in accordance to Ind AS 109 (Discounted @ 9.5%p a) for the year ended March 2016
	Add:
(615,492)	Opening Balance as on 01-04-2017 (Ind GAAP)

As on 31-03-2018

osing Balance as on 31-03-2017 (Ind AS)	Loss for the year	Less:	ening Balance as on 01-04-2017 (Ind AS)
458,139	138,678		596,816

Arihant Griha Limited Notes to Financial Statements

Note:11 Borrowings (Amount in Rupees) As at March 31, 2018 As at March 31, 2017 As at April 01, 2016 Non Current Unsecured Loans from Others 10,431,020 9,526,046 8,699,585 Loans from Related Party 44,287,331 40,337,945 37,842,760 Total 54,718,351

49,863,991

46,542,346

Note 12. Other Liabilities			(Amount in Rupees)
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at April 01, 2016
Current			
Others			
-Statutory Liabilities	19,500	19,275	21,775
-Creditors for others	1,141,033	925,333	746,833
-Other Payables to Related parties	87,200	87,200	87,200
Tota	1,247,733	1,031,808	855,808

Arihant Griha Ltd Notes to Financial Statements

	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 March 2017
13 Other Income	SI March 2010	31 March 2017
Interest on IT Refund	_	2,80,879
Notional Interest Received	49,10,083	44,66,307
(In accordance to Ind AS 109- Discounted @ 9.5% p.a)		
	49,10,083	47,47,186
14 Finance Costs		
Notional Interest Expense	46,85,708	50,53,546
(In accordance to Ind AS 109- Discounted @ 9.5% p.a)		
	46,85,708	50,53,546
15 Other Expenses		
Audit Fees		
- For Statutory Audit	2,05,700	1,95,500
Bank Charges	120	338
Filing Fees and Others	2,400	33,100
General Expenses	1,22,725	71,500
Interest on Income tax	2,608	-
Legal and Professional Charges	29,500	5,000
	3,63,053	3,05,438

Arihant Griha Limited		
Notes to Financial Statements		
Note 16 Femines and Jan (IFBS)		
Note :16 Earnings per share ('EPS)		
Earnings per share has been computed as under	For the year ended March 31 ,2018	For the year ended March 31 ,2017
Profit/(loss) for the year (in Rupees)	-138,678	(662,514
Number of weighted average shares considered for calculation of basi	С	
or diluted earnings per share	50,000	50,000
Earnings per share -Basic and diluted (in Rupees)	-2.77	(13.25
Note :17 Related Party Transactions		
(a) Name of the related parties and description of relationship		
Name	Description of Relationship	
Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited	Holding Company	
Kamal Lunawath	Director	
Summary of Significant transactions with related parties		
	For the year ended March 31,2018	For the year ended March 31 ,2017
Arihant Foundations and Housing Limited / Holding Company		
-Loan taken	168652	118100
- Loan Repaid	-	1850000
- Interest Paid/ (Payable)	-	_
-Balance payable	63685999	63517347
Kamal Lunawath / Director		
-Loan taken	-	-
- Loan Repaid	-	-
-Balance payable	17200	17200
Vimal Lunawath / Director		
-Interest received due to belated payment	337811	290715
-Balance receivable	2180755	1876725
Transperent Heights Realestate Ltd / Fellow Subsidiary		
-Balance receivable	2180755	1876725
Varenya Constructions Ltd / Fellow Subsidiary		
-Balance receivable	1364586	1364586
Note :18 Contingent Liabilities		
There are no contingent liabilities to be recognised.		
Note :19 Deferred Tax		

Deferred Tax Asset to be recognized only when there is a virtual certainty that the created Deferred Tax Asset would be adjusted /recovered. Hence on a prudence basis, Deferred Tax Asset has not been recognized during the current year

Note: 20: Information regarding Small and Medium Enterprises

The information regarding micro, small and medium enterprises has been identified on the basis of information available with the company. Based on the information available with the Company, there are no micro, small and medium enterprises to whom the company has paid interest or any interest payable on outstanding (under the provisions of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006) during the year ending March 31, 2018.

Note:21: First time adoption of Ind AS

These are the company's first financial statements prepared in accordance to Ind AS. For all the periods upto and including the year ended 31 March, 2017 For all periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2015, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with the accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP). Accordingly, the Company has prepared financial statements which comply with Ind AS applicable for periods ending on or after 31 March 2018, together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended 31 March 2017. This note explains the principal adjustments made by the Company in restating its Indian GAAP financial statements.

Exemptions applied

(a) De-recognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The company has elected to apply the derecognition requirements for financial assets and financial liabilities in Ind AS 109 prospectively for transactions occurring on or after the date of transition to Ind AS.

(b) Estimates

The estimates made by the Company under previous GAAP were not revised for the application of Ind AS except where necessary to reflect any differences in accounting policies or errors.

(c) Deemed Cost - Previous GAAP Carrying amount

Ind AS allows first-time adopters certain exemptions from the retrospective application of certain requirements under Ind AS. The company has applied the following material exemption:

The Company has elected to avail exemption under Ind AS 101 to use Indian GAAP carrying value as deemed cost at the date of transition for all items of property, plant and equipment as per the statement of financial position prepared in accordance with previous GAAP.

(d) Fair Value measurement of Financial assets and Financial Liabilities

First-time adopters may apply Ind AS 109 to day one gain or loss provisions prospectively to transactions occurring on or after the date of transition to Ind AS. Therefore, unless a first-time adopter elects to apply Ind AS 109 retrospectively to day one gain or loss transactions, transactions that occurred prior to the date of transition to Ind AS do not need to be retrospectively restated.