

SPARK BEYOND

Al for 'Always Optimized' **Industrial Operations**

P_HERD_LO' STYLE="WIDTH

CHECCHE RETORN

NAPLIGOTHES, EVENT.

(NOGROK TRUE PRIRINGS.

(_REF 'LEFT_NEV'));

CLRSS='LEFT_ROW';

<SPRIL

CLRSS-'LEFT_FIXER";

STORN

STORN

CLRSS-'LEFT_FIXER";

044 16.88 > W8116 > D1 > 200220216XX 103 11 URRLWEB A+='6R='+ESCAPE(URRLWEB D.REFERRER);

3-3W.

DI IO-LINER, BG: CLRSS-FIXED-VOID-VOID IO-LINER, WRRP: CLRSS-SCROL, FIX, WRRP
FIXED LINER, WRRP-VOID IO-LINER-VOID-VOID-VOID

OID 10-BGX, LINER, BG: CLRSS-FIXED-VOID-VOID IO-BGX, LINER, WRRP
CLRSS-FIRRAL, FIX, WRRP FIXED-VOID IN-BGX, LINER-VOID IO-BGX, LINGER-VOID
CLRSS-FIRRAL, FIX, WRIGHT IO-BGX, LINER-VOID IO-BGX, LINGER-VOID
CLRSS-FIRRAL, FIX. WRIGHT IO-BGX, LINER-VOID IO-BGX, LINER-VOID ID-BGX, LINER-VOID ID-BGX, LINER-VOID ID-BGX, LINER-VOID ID-BGX, LINER-VOID ID-BGX, LINER-VOID IN-GIX LINER-VOID IN

About us

Established in 2013 to accelerate Al-powered problem-solving.

Since then we have delivered \$Bns in tangible ROI for our customers across 100s of use cases.

Mission

Unlock Al-driven 'Always Optimized' KPIs for any organization



Global Footprint

Presence across Asia, Europe and US with employees spread across 8 countries



Industry Validated

100s of success stories across within Fortune 500 companies globally



Partner first DnA

Partner-first organisation with global reach with GSIs















Our Technology

Generative AI doesn't understand YOUR business.

For KPI optimization, AI must leverage knowledge from operational data

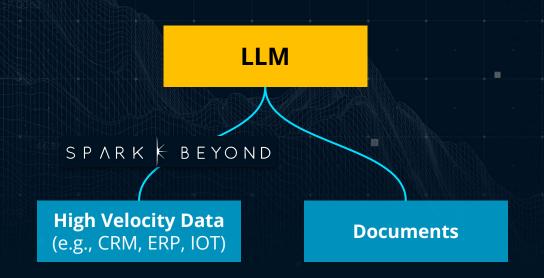
Challenges of LLMs

- Limited in understanding patterns hidden in complex operational data
- Unable to ground business reasoning in data.

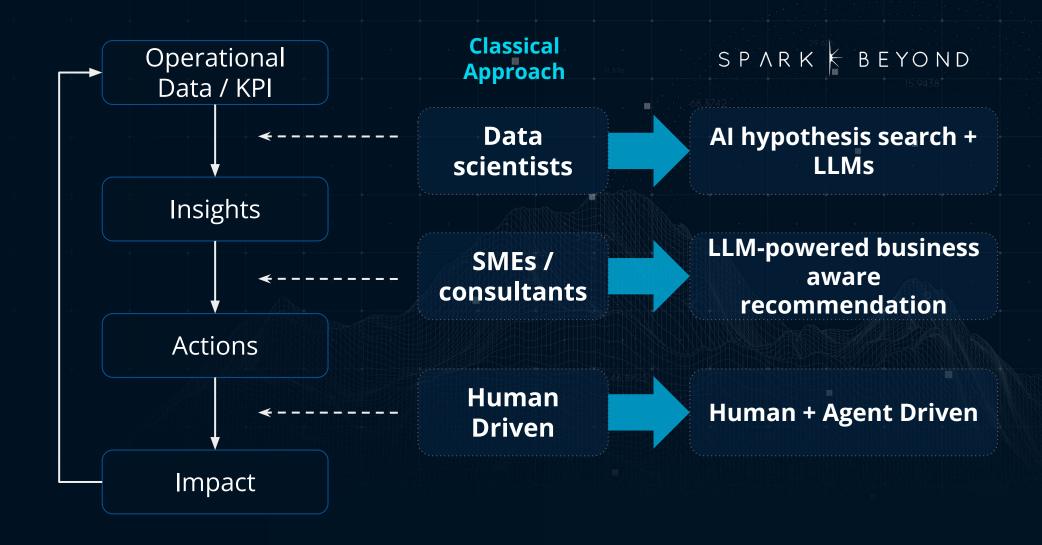
High Velocity Data
(e.g., CRM, ERP, IOT)

Documents

Unlocking LLM-powered KPI-optimization for solution-builders



Making the paradigm shift to 'Always Optimized' KPI Optimization

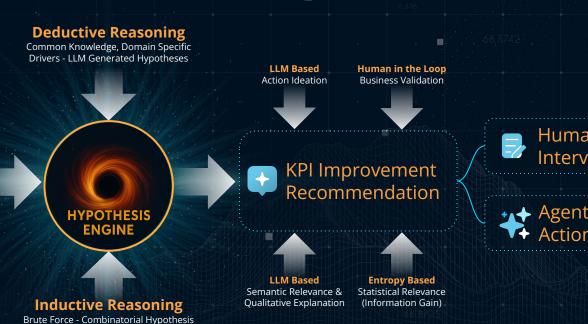


'Always Optimized' KPI Architecture

Continuous feedback loop creating impact from enterprise structured data

Search For Company Specific Drivers









Existing approaches to link LLMs to enterprise data are insufficient to address structured data needs

Overview of current approaches (not-exhaustive)

Pre-Training & Fine Tuning

What is it?

Pre-training a model on a selected corpus applicable to your enterprise domain Fine-tuning LLMs to answer domain specific questions

Limitations

- Expensive to re-train
- Does not address structured data sources
- Fine-tuning is better suited to teaching specialized tasks or styles and less reliable for factual recall.

Retrieval Augmented Generation

What is it?

Retrieve data from outside a foundation model and augment your prompts by adding the relevant retrieved data in context

Limitations

- Structured data requires a query for RAG based solution to retrieve
- Retrieved query needs to be LLM compatible
- RAG is largely limited to searchable documents

Code Interpretation & Generation

What is it?

LLM task to translate a query spoken in natural language into SQL/code automatically

Limitations

- User needs to define the intent and insights
- Path to using the insight in an LLM use case is several steps away for a user

In-Context Learning

What is it?

One/few-shot learning example to gain new knowledge (e.g. feeding an existing ppt report about a quantitative analysis)

Limitations

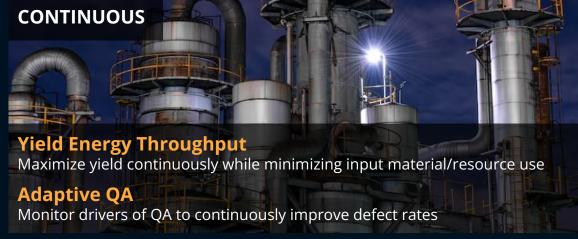
- Context needs to be textual
- Context document can get easily outdated

SPARK | BEYOND

Industrial IoT Use Cases

Select top-line and bottom-line impact generating use cases







Operator CopilotGuide operators to act effectively with automated root causes and SOPs



NPHR Optimization

Optimize plant heat rate by ongoing tuning of parameters to maximise output

Predictive Maintenance

Detect root causes of potential failures for timely action

Cobb EMC Priorities & SparkBeyond IoT Value

Select top-line and bottom-line impact generating use cases

Cobb EMC's Digital & Grid Modernization Priorities

- Smart Grid and DER Integration:
 Cobb EMC is actively deploying distributed energy resources, microgrids, and advanced metering infrastructure.
- Data-Driven Operations:
 Emphasis on leveraging analytics for operational efficiency, customer engagement, and reliability.
- Innovation in Customer
 Experience:
 Focus on digital platforms, predictive maintenance, and proactive outage management

Operational Optimization Offerings

Predictive Maintenance:

Reduce equipment downtime and maintenance costs by forecasting failures in grid assets (e.g., transformers, substations, DER systems).

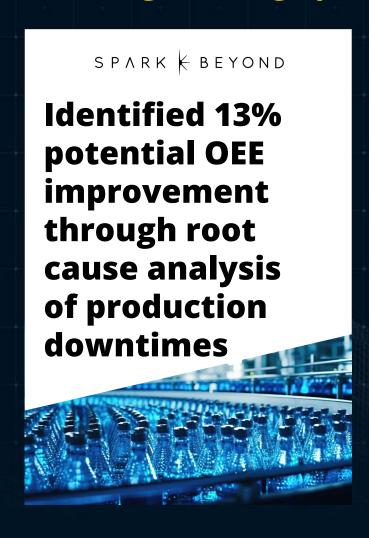
- Grid Analytics:
 Real-time analysis of sensor and IoT data to optimize load balancing, outage detection, and restoration.
- Asset Lifecycle Management:
 Use Al to extend asset life, optimize replacement cycles, and prioritize capital investments.

Sustainability & DER Integration

- Renewable Forecasting:
 Al-driven forecasting for solar and battery storage to optimize dispatch and grid stability.
- **DER Value Stacking:**Identify and maximize the value of distributed resources (e.g., solar, batteries, EVs) across grid services.



Boosting beverage production line efficiency with root cause analysis



CHALLENGE

- A leading global beverage manufacturer wanted to improve Overall Equipment Effectiveness (OEE) for its filling and packaging lines
- Despite having Lean, Six Sigma, and excellence programs in place, they sought to use data to better understand root causes of downtime and to foresee breakdowns proactively

RESULTS

- Sparkbeyond autonomously pinpointed key root causes: volume output spikes, older product batches and failures at upstream machines
- Estimated 13% potential OEE improvement from addressing these causes

- Collected performance data on OEE shifts, outages, process orders, and machine status
- Identified "built-back" events as the biggest negative driver of OEE
- Applied predictive analytics to identify root causes and recommended targeted actions

Achieving fuel efficiency in mining with up to 10% savings

SPARK | BEYOND

Reduced fuel consumption by 10% in 4 months across mining fleet



CHALLENGE

- High fuel costs (30% of OPEX) pressured a mining fleet to cut consumption
- Needed to identify controllable drivers across a fleet of 100+ vehicles to reduce operational expenses
- Manual reviews are costly and time consuming prevent fuel used to be optimized

RESULTS

- Identified ~300 predictors of fuel efficiency, including payload, tire pressure, and driver behavior
- Rolled out dashboard monitoring for key fuel drivers
- Achieved a 10% fuel consumption reduction in 4 months, with ongoing optimization

APPROACH

SparkBeyond created a digital twin for each vehicle using:

- IoT Vehicle Management System (30+ onboard sensor data points)
- Fleet Management System (trip data)
- SAP maintenance logs
- External sources (weather, contextual data)

Each digital twin integrated 130+ data points per truck

Optimizing the Net Plant Heat Rate by 3.3% based on load conditions



CHALLENGE

- Low efficiency due to boiler and combustion losses
- Heat rate varies with operational load
- High volume of sensor data from over 3000 sensors from PI system but low actionable insights
- Need to reduce coal input costs and emissions

RESULTS

- Identified 23 high-impact controllable drivers and predicted NPHR impact per driver
- Estimated 3.3% heat rate improvement corresponding to ~3% reduction in CO₂ emissions

- Model NPHR by load condition levels (Low, Medium, High)
- Ran learning experiments to rank thousands of features
- Prioritized initiatives and actions via SME workshops
- Built RCA and ideal parameter setting dashboard for engineers

\$3m impact from optimizing alumina/caustic ratio in alumina refining

SPARK | BEYOND

Reduced variability in the alumina refining process, saving \$1.8m per year

CHALLENGE

- Controlling the A/C ratio in the digester is critical to the alumina refining process and a major production driver
- However, the client was relying on an outdated predictive model, resulting in high variability throughout the process

RESULTS

- SparkBeyond identified several ways to improve consistency in the A/C ratio, with one improvement alone potentially driving over \$3 million in added production value
- The client implemented changes valued at \$1.8 million annually

APPROACH

The team used SparkBeyond to improve model accuracy through:

- Analyzed internal sensor data from the existing DBO model
- An iterative process to identify optimal time windows and interactions between sensor readings
- Built several models, from linear regression to advanced boosted trees, to maximize impact

Reducing non-conformance rates in shaft annealing process for a bicycle manufacturer

Direct cost improvement from reducing scrap



CHALLENGE

 Automatically identify the root causes of non-conformance amongst a sample of annealed metal parts, augmenting engineering intuition of operators

APPROACH

- Combined visual inspection data with furnace sensor in historian, power consumption, nitrogen, oxygen levels and environmental factors (room temp, humidity)
- Generated hypothesis and identified root causes

RESULTS

 Identified nitrogen pressure and oxygen content levels during heating and cooling respectively, which when fixed, help reduce non-conformance rates from 29% to 4%

Proactive identification and resolution suggestion for industrial chiller trips at a bicycle manufacturing plant

Avoid throughput losses



CHALLENGE

 Greenfield site with new industrial chiller system for cooling tripped frequently and abruptly with no consistent explanation - each trip while lasts a short duration leads to plant downtime

APPROACH

- Generate hypothesis from sensor and other data from SCADA and operational systems.
- Use LLMs to bring engineering and physics knowledge to boost insights.
- Use LLMs + OEM manuals to validate actions and recommendations.

RESULTS

Developed a highly accurate predictive model with 85% recall and 80% precision for identifying trips - \$ value for preventing temporary plant shutdown not known to SparkBeyond

Predictive Maintenance of ESPs (Electrical Submersible Pumps)

SPARK K BEYOND

\$2M Impact per Early Warning for Key ESP Failures



CHALLENGE

- Client needed to anticipate and manage ESP failures to minimize production loss
- Built a model to predict the probability of ESP failure within the next 100 days
- Data Sets Used: Past ESP failures, sensor readings, well trajectories, coordinates, completions

RESULTS

- \$2M impact per early failure alert
- Enabled proactive maintenance, minimizing downtime and production loss

- Reframed task as remaining uptime prediction due to dataset imbalance
- Identified if an ESP is likely to fail within the next 100 days
- Used Discovery Platform with 8 datasets to uncover failure drivers
- Delivered insights as both code and natural language
- Provided daily SHAP-based predictions and explanations
- Outputs shared with maintenance teams to support preventive action

Proactive Predictive Maintenance for PCP Pump Failures

SPARK | BEYOND **30+ Days Predictive Horizon | >50% Failure Detection** Accuracy 0-15% False Positive

CHALLENGE

- Improve the life of wells to increase production and reduce CapEx
- Build a predictive model despite incomplete data
- Integrate analytics with the client's IT infrastructure

RESULTS

- Identified >50% of system failures
 with a 0-15% false positive rate
- Defined 9 predictive parameters contributing to model power
- Achieved a 30+ day predictive horizon with additional system data

- Focused on Analytics & Insight and IT Integration
- Built a live model to predict failures in PCP sub-systems from incomplete data
- Delivered an integrated view of the IT infrastructure and provided software improvement recommendations

Predictive Maintenance for Bearing Failure in CMP wafer process

SPARK | BEYOND

Advanced analytics predicted failures weeks ahead, improving uptime.

CHALLENGE

- Short lead time limited predictive capacity
- Manual process unable to anticipate failures in advance
- **8-hour downtime** affects all 4 chambers

RESULTS

- **Earlier failure prediction** than manual process
- Weeks of advance warning enabled
- Improved maintenance scheduling
- Reduced unplanned downtime

- Connected data from vibration and maintenance sources
- Used APC system to track sensor signals up to 0.5Hz
- Leveraged Maintenance records with free-text.
- Analyzed observations before bearing failures

Optimizing wind farm production by continuous temperature adjustment

SPARK | BEYOND

Improved wind farm throughput by 2% in just two weeks by managing temperature impact

CHALLENGE

- A large European energy company faced unexpected asset downtime across multiple wind farms, impacting production and IRRs
- Traditional methods were missing key drivers behind the downtime

RESULTS

- SparkBeyond uncovered that moving from cold to hot weather impacted turbine lubricant viscosity, and reduced performance over time - so "temperature rate of change" was the most valuable metric
- Initiatives to control the rate of change led to a 2% improvement in throughput in a two-weeks

- Automated time series analysis of sensor data across various periods (12h, 3 days, 1 week, 1 month)
- Identified **temperature sensors** as critical to performance
- Augmented internal data with weather datasets to uncover new drivers

Maximizing mean annual increment for a plantation



CHALLENGE

- A forestry company in Asia wanted to better identify predictors of tree growth
- They struggled with inconsistent data from two different MAI measurement methods and sought to develop a consistent methodology while discovering new opportunities to boost growth rates

RESULTS

- Identified human-controllable drivers of forest growth, validating expert knowledge
- Built an elaborate model explaining ~40% of MAI variability, even after excluding biological factors like tree diameter and height

- Reduced data preprocessing time and generated 100+ predictive models across two datasets, including time series models
- Identified **critical features** (e.g., text list variables) improving MAI predictions
- Detected gaps in maintenance and planting methods
- Paved the way for adaptive and autonomous Al systems to ensure quality results

Industrial agents combine knowledge from operational systems and documents to improve operator performance at keeping KPIs optimized

1

KPI Definition

Get engine to optimize the KPI quality control specification in manufacturing process 2

Hypothesis Generation

Generate hypothesis from sensor and other data from operational systems. Use LLMs to bring engineering and physics knowledge to boost insights.

Validate against historical data.

3

Natural language translation

Translate
mathematical
functions and
statistical
calculations into
natural language text
document
compatible with
LLMs for
downstream
applications

4

Live State Inferencing

Predict quality issues
during live
operations, infer
root causes, cross
validate with
historical data and
OEM manuals

5

Action Recommendation

Generate
appropriate actions
based on process
SOPs, OEM manuals,
domain knowledge
and physical
constraints

Industrial agents = sensor knowledge + SOPs/OEM manual knowledge

what causes industrial chiller trips?

By analysing your data we found:

1. Chilled water return flow rate in the last 2 hours was below the threshold of 40.254 l/s:

• Potential Impact: This indicates a significant reduction in the flow rate, which can lead to inadequate cooling and potential chiller trip.

2. The minimum chilled water return flow rate for Chiller 2 in the last 1 hour was below 19.08

• Lift: 5.23

(ial Impact: A low flow rate can cause insufficient cooling and trigger a trip.

3. High differential pressure in the main chiller header bypass valve in the last 30 minutes:

tial Impact: High differential pressure can indicate a blockage or restriction, leading to a

Chilled water return flow rate in the last 2 hours was below the threshold of 40.254 ls

maxValue(CHSYSCTRFPMXCT 1SYS 1 ST TO PMX A (nan) in the last 1 hour before datetime) ≥ 0.5

The minimum chilled water return flow rate for Chiller 2 in the last 1 hour was below 19.08 L/s minValue(CHILLER 2 CHILLED WATER RETURN ELOW RATE (Ls) in the last 1 hour before date

High differential pressure in the main chiller header bypass valve in the last 30 minutes lastValue(MAIN CHILLER HEADER - BY PASS VALVE DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE (kPA) in the last 30 minutes before datetime) ≥ 198.25

What's the industry standard for the chilled water return flow rate?

By analysing your data we found:

The industry standard for the chilled water return flow rate can vary depending on the specific application and system design. However, based on the provided technical data, some key points consider include:

- 1. Chilled Water Return Flow Rate Thresholds:
- Below 40.254 I/s in the last 2 hours is a critical factor leading to chiller trips.
- Below 19.08 I/s for Chiller 2 in the last 1 hour is also significant.
- 2. Flow Rate and Pressure Drop:
- The flow rate and pressure drop for various chiller models are provided in the technical data example, a chiller with a cooling capacity of 351.7 tons has an evaporator flow rate of 54.26 l and a pressure drop of 15.5 kPa.

- 3. Chilled Water Plant Control:
- · The chilled water system control aims to maintain supply water temperature and provide stabilized pressure for the load side.

- 4. Green Mark Computation:
- Chiller plant efficiency and heat balance are computed based on all chiller plant equipment power consumption versus building load.





Technical Data

	Model	Cooling capacity		Power Consumption	Efficiency		Evap. Flow Rate Pressure Drop				Rated Load Amps	Chiller Weight	Operation Weigh
	HXEV350SSTTF/E2209-RH/C2009-MK	100.0	351.7	54.26	0.5426	6.481	15.09	15.5	18.90	13.3	97.27	2927	3358
	HXEV400SSTTF/E2209-QH/C2009-KK	150.0	527.5	90.77	0.6052	5.811	22.66	21.1	28.76	22.5	151.3	2990	3463

2. Chilled Water Plant Control

2.1 Overview

The purpose of chilled water system control is to maintain supply water temperature and provide stabilized pressure for load side.

To achieve supply water temperature as set point, Chiller plant controller will monitor building load and determine necessary chillers to operate with comparing design capacity of chillers.

The Chilled Water Control System consists of :-

2.7 Green Mark computation

To comply with Green Mark 2015 requirement, Chiller plant efficiency and heat balance is

Chiller Plant System Efficiency is calculated based on all chiller plant equipment power consumption versus building load. It is the criteria for BCA green mark assessment.

Chiller [KW] + CHWP [KW] + CWP[KW] + CT[KW]

Chilled Plant Efficiency [KW/RT] =

Building Load [RT]

Chiller.pdf

CMV-03

