# Investor Presentation for FY23 H1 Apr.2023-Sep.2023



#### Mizuho and Art

Based on the concepts of "Feeling Energized by Art," "Making Art More Accessible," and "Changing yourself through Art," Mizuho, in collaboration with Tokyo University of the Arts, contributes to social innovation, and the overcoming of social challenges like improving gender equality and people's well-being, aiming to co-create a sustainable and abundant society in terms of its art and culture as well as its economics.

For this presentation, we asked students at the Tokyo University of the Arts, Department of DESIGN to give form to the ideas they took from Mizuho's Purpose, "Proactively innovate together with our clients for a prosperous and sustainable future." This is the first time that artwork has been featured on the cover of our financial materials for shareholders and investors.

Artist: Hiro Igarashi

Tokyo University of the Arts, Department of DESIGN First-year master's student

Title: "Spreading roots"

Roots interlace and grow.

Branching this way and that way.

Supposedly they fork, yet reconnect, only to branch out again.

A journey of 150 years, watching the intertwining complexities

of society and envisioning what comes next.

How to thrive in this ever more intricately interlaced world?

Unencumbered by the past, and with freedom, create something entirely new.



1 Summary of FY23 H1 Financial Results

2 Progress on improving P/B Ratio

3 Progress in Business Focus Areas

4 Enhancing our corporate foundations

Appendix



#### **Summary of Financial Results**

	(JPY B)	FY23 H1	YoY	Outlook	vs. initial Outlook	
1	Consolidated Gross Profits + Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others <sup>1</sup>	1,331.2	+168.7			
2	G&A Expenses (excl. Non-Recurring Losses and others)	-796.1	-74.2			
3	Consolidated Net Business Profits + Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others <sup>1</sup>	554.3	+104.9	950.0	+50.0	
4	o/w Customer Groups	373.5	+36.8 <sup>2</sup>			
5	o/w Markets	129.5	+24.5 <sup>2</sup>			
6	(Consolidated Net Business Profits)	536.0	+95.2			
7	Credit-related Costs	-11.0	+39.3	-100.0	-	
8	Net Gains (Losses) related to Stocks - Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others <sup>1</sup>	16.2	-13.4	60.0	-	
9	Ordinary Profits	574.0	+134.8	910.0	+50.0	
10	Net Extraordinary Gains (Losses)	22.2 <sup>3</sup>	+16.4			
11	Net Income Attributable to FG	415.7	+81.7	640.0	+30.0	
(Reference)						
12	Consolidated ROE <sup>4</sup> (over past 12 months)	7.3%	+1.7%	<u> </u>		
13	Expense ratio (2÷1)	59.8%	-2.2%	 ) 		

#### **■** Consolidated Gross Profits

+ Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others: Large increase mainly due to steady growth in Customer Groups and Markets, in addition to other factors such as Yen depreciation

#### ■ G&A Expenses (excl. Non-Recurring Losses and others):

Increase from resource deployment to growth areas, mainly outside Japan, in addition to external factors such as Yen depreciation and inflation

#### ■ Consolidated Net Business Profits

+ Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others Increase of 23.3% year-on-year from top-line growth and other factors. Progress against initial annual target of JPY 900.0B at 61.5%

#### **■** Credit-related Costs

Increase in forward-looking reserves in line with external business environment outlook. Recorded reversal from certain clients, keeping overall costs low

#### ■ Net Income Attributable to FG

Increase of 24.4% year-on-year, mainly due to improving of Consolidated Net Business Profits. Strong progress of 68.1% against initial annual target of JPY 610.0B

#### ■ Outlook

Increased earnings outlook, given steady performance in core business profits, Yen depreciation and other factors

<sup>3.</sup> Of which JPY 18.7B are from the cancellation of the Employee Retirement Benefit Trust (+JPY 6.7B YoY). 4. Excl. net unrealized gains (losses) on other securities.



<sup>1.</sup> Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others JPY 18.3B (+JPY 9.6B YoY). 2. Figures for YoY are recalculated based on the FY23 management accounting rules.

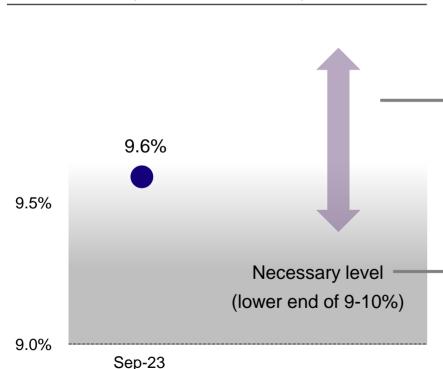
#### **Capital Policy**

#### Capital policy

Pursuing the optimal balance between capital adequacy, growth investment and enhancement of shareholder return



(Basel III finalization basis)



#### Approach for managing CET1 Capital ratio at present

- Continue prudent capital management, including flexible control of RWAs, while paying close attention to geopolitical risks and the global economy
- While fulfilling the necessary level (lower end of 9-10%), secure enough capacity to enable flexible capital utilization in line with management strategies

Level at which we can adequately fulfill our financing function even in risk scenarios that are expected in a regular business environment

<sup>\*</sup> Excl. Net Unrealized gains (Losses) on other Securities.



#### Shareholder Returns

#### Shareholder return policy

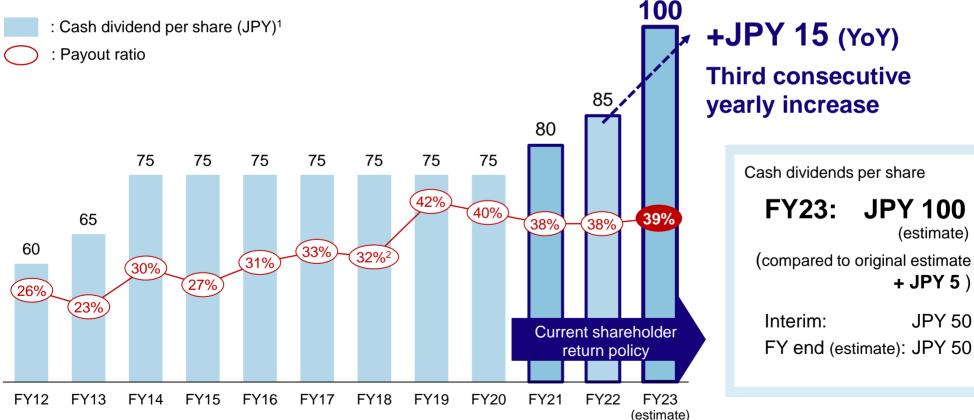
#### Progressive dividends are our principal approach while intermittent share buybacks will also be considered

Taking 40% dividend payout ratio as a guide, decide based on the steady growth of Dividends:

our stable earnings base

Consider our business results and capital adequacy, our stock price and the Share buybacks:

opportunities for growth investment in determining the execution



**JPY 100** 

+ JPY 5)

1. Reflects the effect of the reverse stock split conducted in October 2020. 2. Before recording one-time losses basis.197% if after recording one time losses.



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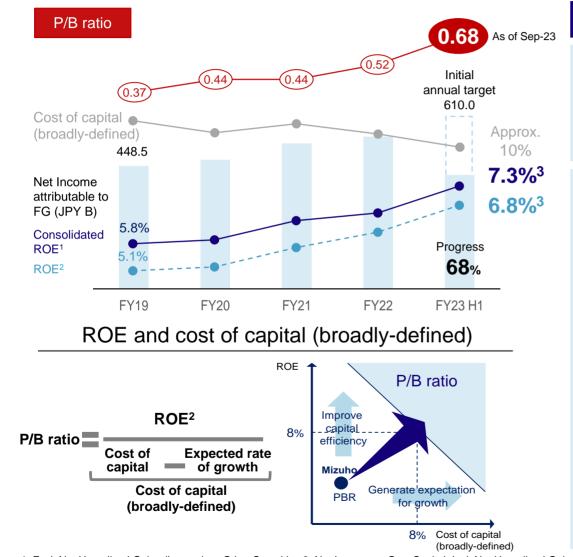
4 Enhancing our corporate foundations

**Appendix** 



#### Progress on improving our P/B ratio (1)

■ Increased ROE through improving capital efficiency. Strengthened initiatives generating growth expectations



#### **Current initiatives to improve P/B ratio**

# Improving capital efficiency

- Improve asset profitability
- Reallocating resources from underperforming assets to highly profitable assets

#### · Control on expense ratio

Employ disciplined cost management, and improve productivity

# Generating expectation for growth

- · Achieve steady profit growth
- Aim for sustained growth in profit from core businesses, and expand non-interest income

#### · Effective capital utilization

- Growth investment, investment in intangible assets, enhancement in shareholder return

#### Stabilize profit from core businesses

 Global CIB model becoming one of our strength where primary and secondary business complement each other. Diversify revenue and reduce one time gains/losses, cross shareholding reduction

# Eliminate discount factors

Macro factors

- Improve financial soundness
- Optimize the management of CET1 capital ratio and reduce cost of capital

#### Contribute to the growth of Japan's economy

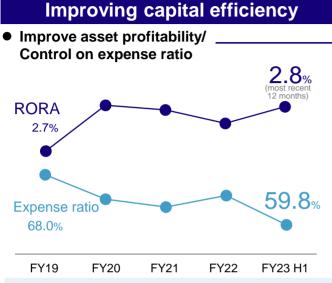
(Doubling of personal financial assets and strengthening the competitiveness of Japan companies)

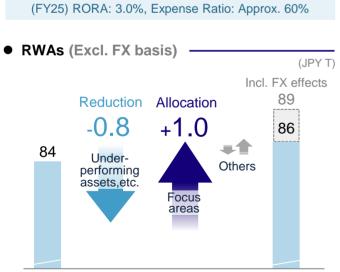
- Realizing and prevailing Corporate Identity and Purpose
- Capturing the growth outside of Japan

<sup>1.</sup> Excl. Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities 2. Net Income on Own Capital. Incl. Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on other Securities. 3. Most recent 12 months.



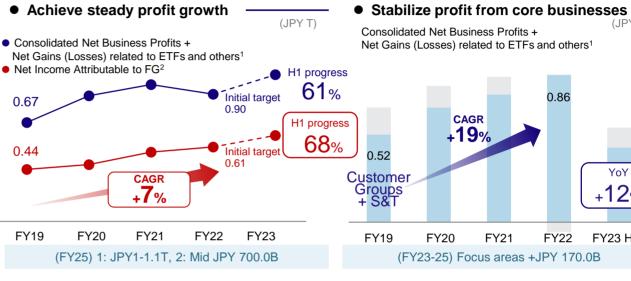
#### Progress on improving our P/B ratio (2)

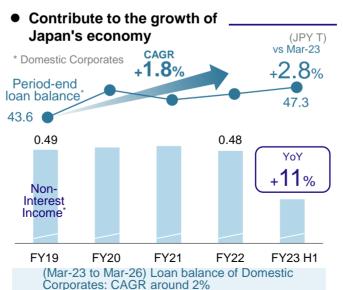


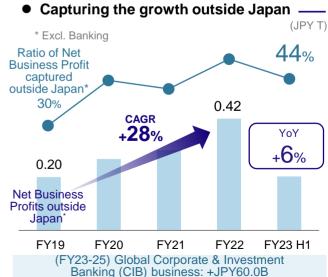


Sep-23

#### Generating expectations for growth







0.86

FY22

YoY

+12%

FY23 H1



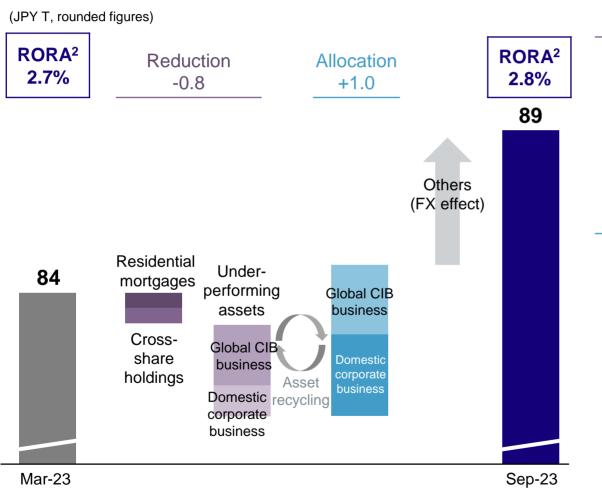
Mar-23

(Estimate: Mar-23 to Mar-26)

Reduction: -6 to -7, allocation: +12 to +13

#### Improving asset profitability

- Reduced underperforming RWAs¹ and re-allocated to core business areas
- Target RORA of 3.0% by FY25 through disciplined RWA management



#### Reduction

- Residential mortgages
   Selective approach based on customer's income profile and transaction history with Mizuho
- Cross-shareholdings
   JPY 23.6B sold vs. target of 300.0B over 3 years
- Under-performing assets
   Reduced mainly in RBC and outside Japan

#### **Allocation**

- Domestic corporate business
   Allocated to assets with higher profitability
- Global CIB business
   Allocated mainly to Americas

(Reference) RORA<sup>2</sup>

	Sep-23	vs Mar-23
RBC	4.1%	+0.2%
CIBC	2.3%	+0.1%
GCIBC	2.5%	+0.1%

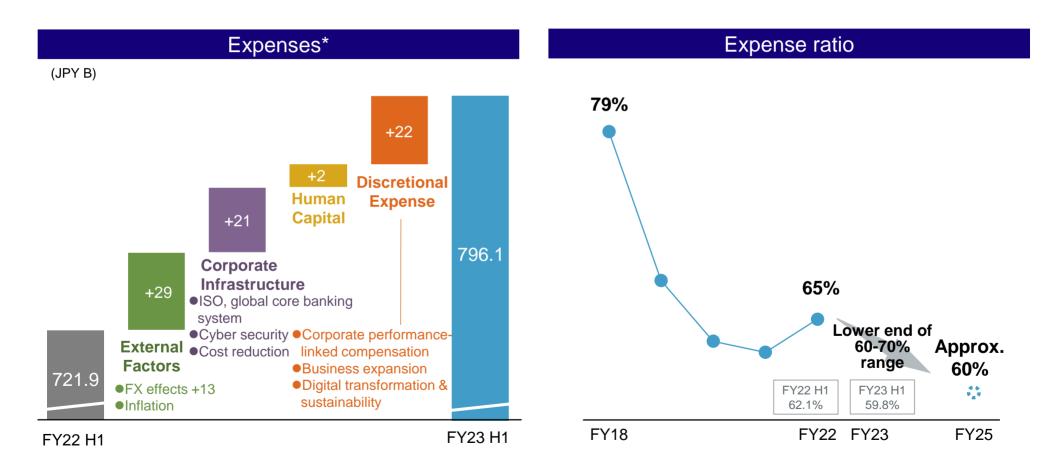
<sup>2.</sup> Management accounting rules for FY23. Gross Business Profit RORA. Most recent 12 months. Excl. the impact of unrealized losses on foreign bonds in FY22, RORA as of Mar-23 is 2.8%.



<sup>1.</sup> RWA calculated on a management accounting basis (Preliminary figures). Incl. interest rate risk in banking account.

#### Disciplined cost management

- Expense in line with budget. Increase in expenses mainly due to inevitable factors such as inflation, exchange rate and regulatory/governance costs
- Focus on controlling expense ratio at approx. 60% in FY25 through disciplined cost management

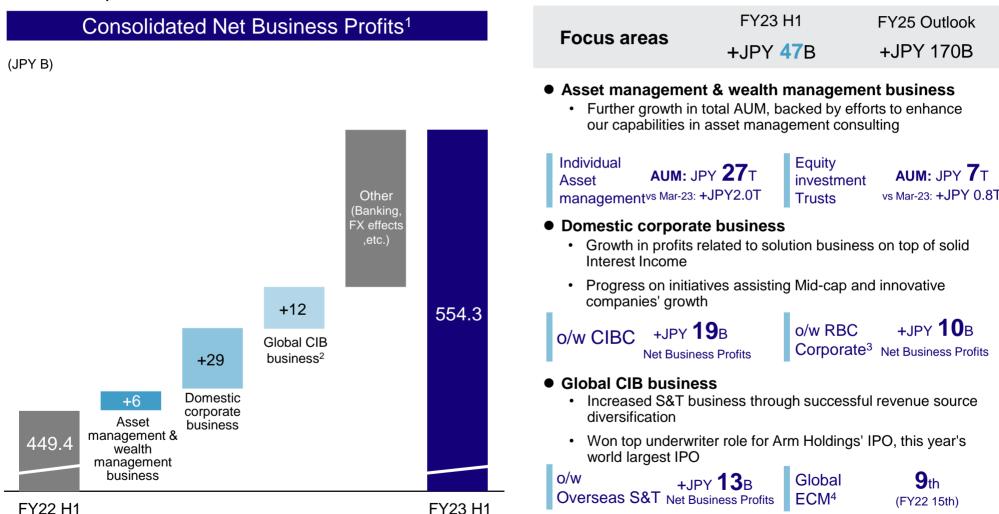


<sup>\*</sup> Excl. Non-Recurring Losses and others. Breakdowns are rounded figures.



#### Achieving profit growth (1) - Net Business Profits

Achieved growth in areas where we have been focusing under our Medium-term business plan.
 Yen depreciation and other factors also contributed to the increase

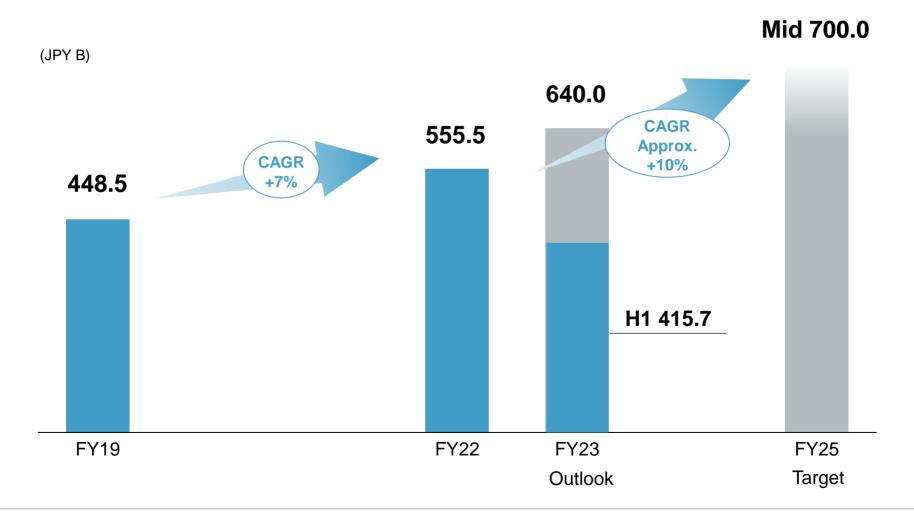


<sup>1.</sup> Consolidated net business profits+net gains (losses) related to ETFs and others. Breakdowns are in rounded figures. 2. GCIBC+GMC/S&T outside of Japan. 3. Mid-cap companies.

<sup>4.</sup> Source: Dealogic. FY23 H1. Incl. Japan.

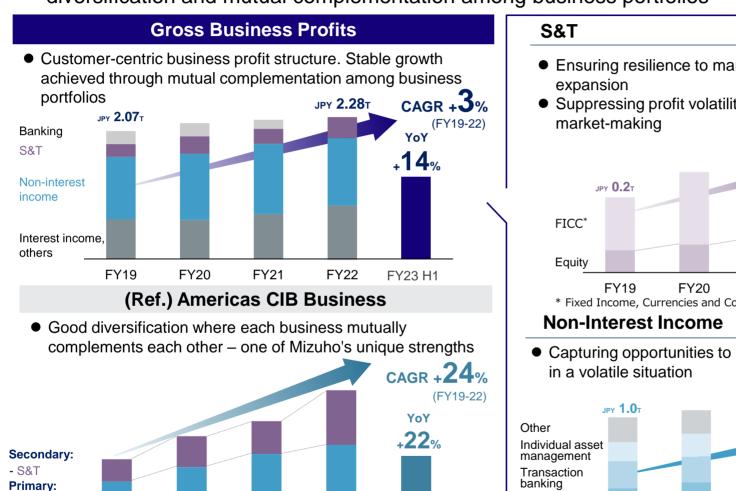
#### Achieving profit growth (2) - Net Income Attributable to FG

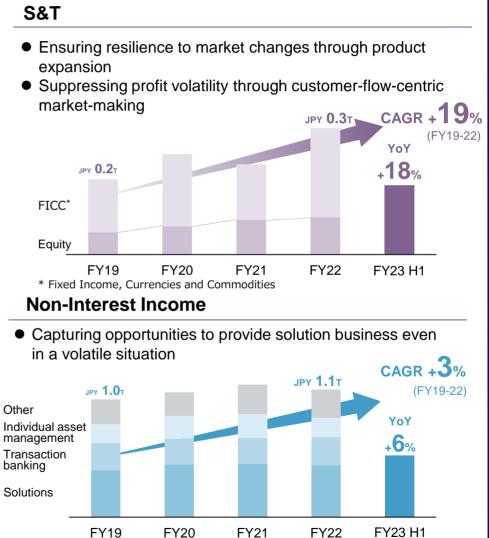
- Net Income Attributable to FG reached JPY 415.7B in FY23 H1, through steady profit growth
- Aim for mid JPY 700.0B in FY25



#### Stabilizing profits from core businesses (1)

 Portfolio centered on customer business. Profits from core businesses stabilized through revenue diversification and mutual complementation among business portfolios





- Non-interest

FY19

FY20

FY21

FY22

FY23 H1

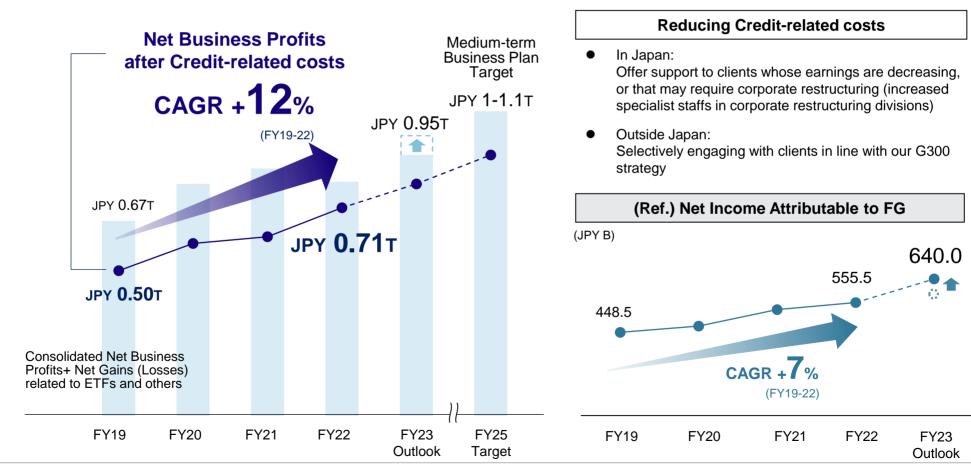
incomeInterest income

other

#### Stabilizing profits from core businesses (2)

- Steady growth in Net Business Profits after Credit-related Costs, due to effective control of credit costs by predictive management of clients' credit profile, and solid growth in core business profits
- Utilize forward-looking provisioning and support clients' business turnaround

#### **Net Business Profits after Credit-related Costs**



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#### Business focus areas in the new Medium-term plan

Defining the business areas that Mizuho needs to focus on in order to make "the world we aim for 10 years from now" a reality

"The world we aim for 10 years from now"

Development towards an inclusive society

Social widespread of innovative technology such as Al

Improvement in national strength of Japan and turning into a growth trajectory

Global sustainability

Promoting the shift from savings to investments to increase personal asset income



Respond to accelerating sustainability awareness



Meeting the needs of the diverse lifestyles of the digital native generation



Fueling the growth of listed companies whose market values are stagnant and make it as a key growth driver of the Japanese economic revival



Securing leading edge position in global financial markets





Support for the doubling assetbased income



Enhancing the competitiveness of Japanese companies



Improving customer experience



Global Corporate & Investment Banking (CIB) business model



Sustainability and Innovation



#### Expand the base for asset management and wealth management

Further strengthen the asset management and wealth management businesses to achieve the goal of "Personal well-being"

New NISA launched by the government will be a game changer. Leverage on the current momentum

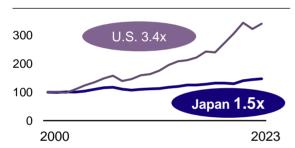
Mizuho's vision for the future **Personal well-being** 

Mizuho's materiality

Declining birthrate and aging population, plus good health and lengthening lifespans

Japan's household financial assets have room for growth

Household financial asset balance<sup>1</sup>



**Generational gap exists** in Japan's financial asset balance

#### Distribution of households by age and financial assets<sup>2</sup>

		Age of head of household			
	(JPY K)	Under 30	30-65	65+	
Financial balan	-3,000	79%	38%	27%	
icial a alanc	3,000-30,000	20%	53%	55%	
assets ce	30,000+	0%	10%	17%	

Sluggish growth of household financial assets



**Unequal** distribution of financial assets among generations

#### Mizuho's main initiatives

Support government plan to double household income from financial asset holding

Improving customer experience

- Provide unified customer experience throughout all channels by utilizing centrally managed customer information
- Strengthen our mass retail strategy

**Client Retention** (incl. Rebranding Mizuho)

**Marketing** 

**Client Acquisition** 

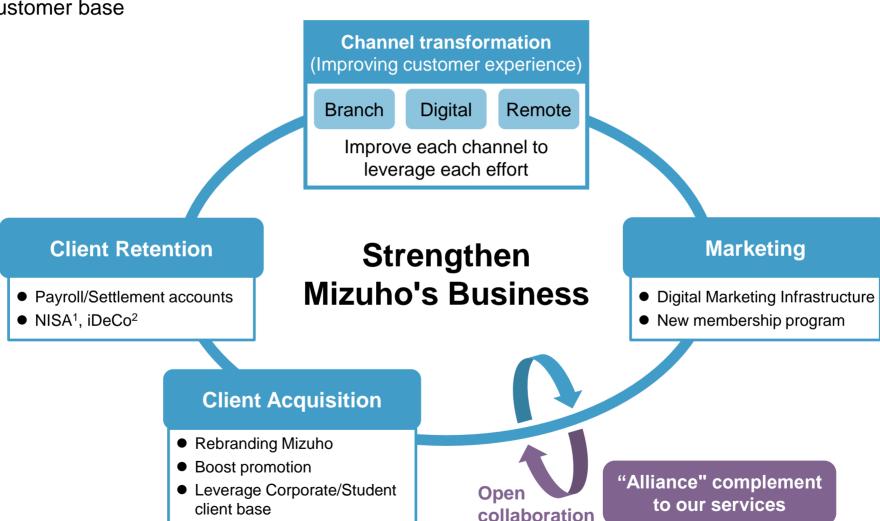
Cater to diverse asset management needs integrating our consulting capabilities across BK/TB and SC

<sup>1.</sup> Dec-2000=100. 2023 only through end of June. Source: Bank of Japan, Federal Reserve. 2. Percentages of households for age group and by financial assets. Source: National Survey of Family Income, Consumption and Wealth (2019).



#### Strengthen our mass retail strategy

Reconstruct our mass retail strategy and execute each initiative, in order to continuously expand our customer base



<sup>1.</sup> Nippon Individual Saving Account. 2. Individual-type Defined Contribution pension plan.





#### Support government plan to double household income from financial asset holding (1)

- Taking advantage of the current momentum triggered by the new NISA<sup>1</sup> program, strengthen our approach towards clients by integrating our consultation capability across our Group
- Aim to expand AUM to achieve an increase of JPY 50B in Net Business profits by improving consulting and asset management capabilities

AUM<sup>2</sup> of individual investment//FG

**Sep-23 Result** JPY **27.0** T (+JPY 2.0T vs. Mar-23)

Of which equity investment JPY 7.0T trust balance3

(+JPY 0.8T vs. Mar-23)



FY25 Target IDV 32T

#### Promoting market expansion

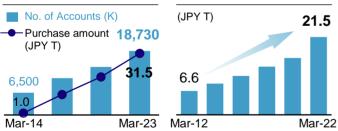
Government policy

Double asset-based income / New NISA (from 2024)

Revitalize asset management

Growth of DC Market5

#### Growth of NISA market4



Mizuho's initiatives

Financial and economic education

Educational donations, wedding and childcare trusts FY22 course participants:

**14.688** people

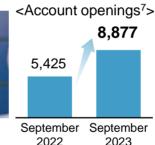
JPY **361.1**86

#### Strengthen approach towards clients

Acquiring NISA accounts



Television advertisement (From Oct. 2023)



 Approach towards clients outside Mizuho through Alliances

#### Rakuten 楽天証券

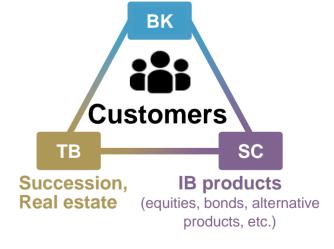


(p.22-24)

Improving customer experience (p.25-27)

#### Asset management & wealth management

Partner for Life design



1. Nippon Individual Saving Account. 2. Includes impact of stock price change, etc. FX rate applies the planned rate. 3. Publicly offered equity investment trust. RBC. 4. Source: JFSA. Survey for NISA activity 5. Source: Defined contribution pension plan statistics (Liaison Council of Operational Management Institutions). 6. Cumulative total amount set. Sep-23, 7. BK+SC.



#### Support government plan to double household income from financial asset holding (2)

#### Improve consulting capabilities

Pursue customer's best interests

**Implement Fiduciary Duty** 

Support and appraisal from clients, etc.

**Accomplishments** 

FG. BK. TB. SC

R&I's "Customer-Oriented Investment **Trust Sales Company Evaluation**"

Awarded the Highest rating (S+) for 3 consecutive years

Changed employee performance evaluation system Abolished revenue-based evaluations and referral targets from BK to SC, etc.

Action changes in SC FY23 H1

Increase in shift from deposits to investment products

Increase accounts utilization ratio, and sales proposals to customers with a wider range of products, not limited to Global Equity

Strengthen human capital

Personal consulting<sup>1</sup>

Sep-23 Actual 1,821 people (+36 vs. Mar-23)

FY25 Target 2.100 people

- Aiming for doubling per branch

**Business** Succession<sup>2</sup>

FY25 Target

00 people

 Aiming for deployment of more than 1 staff per branch in Tokyo metropolitan and Kansai areas

#### Enhance investment products portfolio and improve asset management capabilities

- A wide variety of solutions to meet individual investment needs
- <Multi-asset management Funds>

Introduced 2 balanced investment trusts simultaneously

フィデリティ・ロイヤル・コア・ファンド

Pictet Premium Asset Allocation Fund

Fidelity Royal Core Funds

#### <Japanese equity funds>

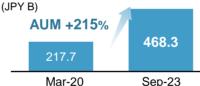
Introduced Japanese equity active fund managed by AM-One



Mizuho Japan Allcap Equity Funds

#### <Fund wraps>

Improved added value through inclusion of additional funds and decreasing costs, etc.



#### <Index funds>

Promote "Tawara" no-load fund (Entry products for NISA).

Promotion for expanding awareness



Forum vision



on Shibuya 109

Otemachi

Family Mart Vision

Management

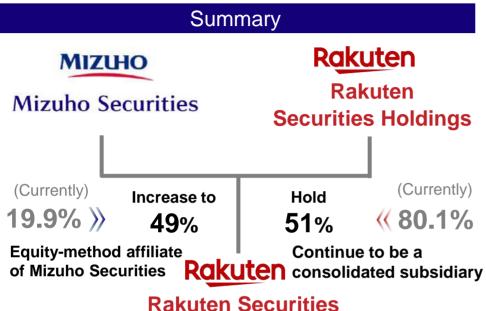
through the power of investmen

- Improve asset management capabilities
  - > Efforts of AM-One to improve the performance and optimizing the product lineup Asset
  - Inorganic strategy
    - Strengthen product offering capabilities
  - Potential growth of each asset class globally

Considering the above, reviewing opportunities focusing on global equity, infrastructure, and private assets

1. Certified Skilled Professionals of Financial Planning 1st-grade or Certified Financial Planners (international certification). 2. In-house certified personnel (program launched in FY23).

#### Strengthening business alliance with Rakuten Securities Holdings (1)



- Planned date of execution of share transfer: December 15, 2023. subject to approval from relevant authorities

#### Financial impacts

- Impact on CET1 ratio<sup>1</sup>: Up to approx. - 6 bps

– Goodwill: Up to approx. JPY 40 B+2

Investment amount : Approx. JPY 87 B

(Ref.) Previous investment amount in Nov. 2022 :Approx. JPY80 B

#### Outline of the business alliance

- Working together to create a new retail business model from customer's perspective that leverages both online and offline services
- Establish a framework which enables customers to choose their best services for their own

**Appropriately** addressing customer's needs

- Accelerate initiatives to address face-to-face consulting needs for individual online customers, through joint businesses
- Build a platform that provides unprecedented services, which leverage both online and offline channels through seamless UI/ UX

Strengthening product provision capability

- Provide highly convenient services, which allow users to access both Rakuten's services and full range of Mizuho's financial services, such as payment functions
- Develop and provide optimal asset management and wealth management products based on customers needs

IT/ Operations

■ Enhance customer satisfaction in IT/ Operation areas and improve efficiency by digitalization

1. Basel III finalization basis. Excl. net unrealized gains (losses) on other securities. 2. Plan to determine the amount of goodwill and other intangible assets based on consultation with CPA.

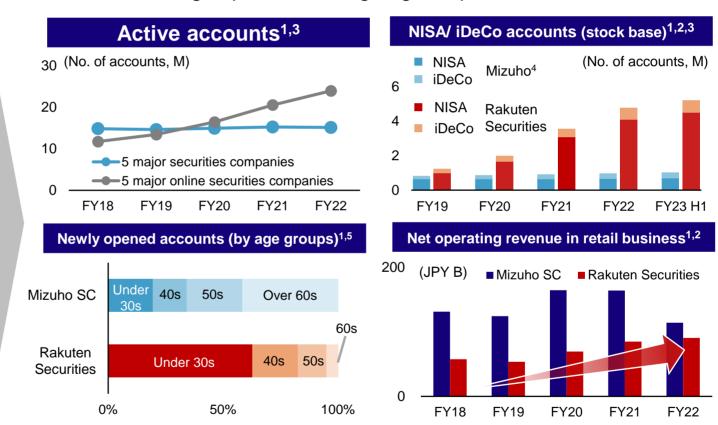
#### Strengthening business alliance with Rakuten Securities Holdings (2)

- While momentum in asset management is increasing, customers are becoming more digital-oriented, and penetration of online securities is expanding. Rakuten Securities' Net operating revenue has been increasing
- Combining online and face-to-face consulting to provide cutting edge responses to various needs

Strengthening asset management and wealth management businesses based on government policies in Japan

Strong customers' digital mindset

Necessity to expand the base for asset management to younger and assetbuilding generations



Facing necessity to establish frameworks which customers themselves could choose their own best service, in order to respond to such diverse customer's needs

<sup>1.</sup> The chart is made by Mizuho FG based on each company's disclosed materials (accounts with outstanding). 2. The figure of SC is only showing the performance of Retail business. 3. As Rakuten Securities's fisical year ends in December, FY23 1H refers to Jan. 2023 - Jun. 2023. Fiscal year of other securities companies including Mizuho SC ends in March. 4. While NISA service is provided by both Mizuho BK and SC, iDeCo is provided only by Mizuho Bank. 5. Jan. 2022- Dec. 2022





#### Strengthening business alliance with Rakuten Securities Holdings (3)

#### **Collaboration with Rakuten Securities Holdings**

# Collaborative

Initiatives

- Collaboration through monthly steering committees led by managements
  - Sharing mutual understanding of the concept and philosophy of asset management and wealth management businesses
  - Building reliable relationship between the managements
- ECM 18 deals\* o/w 16 IPO deals
- DCM 9 deals\* o/w 8 deals with SC as lead arranger of retail bonds
- Collaboration in creating and providing SC official YouTube contents
- SC/TB: Introducing Rakuten Securities' individual IR service to Mizuho's corporate customers
- BK: Started brokerage business in financial products of Rakuten Securities
- Concluded Basic Agreement on Joint-work (Oct. 23)
  - Responding to face-to-face consulting needs for individual online customers, through joint businesses
  - Established a new company for joint-businesses (planned to start in 2024 spring, subject to approval by related authorities)

#### Aim of strengthening strategic capital and business alliance

# **Business promotion**

- Based on strong trust between Mizuho and Rakuten, deepen and accelerate collaborative initiatives, to establish a framework which enables customers to choose best services for their own
- Working together to create services that leverage both online and offline through seamless UI/IX





Customers

Customers

Provide Rakuten Securities services to BK customers (Incl. opening NISA accounts)

Develop and provide services that will enable customers to access not only Mizuho's wealth management but also other products catered to customer needs

Joint initiatives to work in IT systems and operation areas, including digitalizing customer's procedures

Corporate foundations

■ Strengthening Mizuho's marketing capabilities and accelerating digital transformation by learning Rakuten's knowledge

<sup>\*</sup> Accumulative figures since Nov. 22 to Sep. 23



Digitalization of existing services

Added AI utilizing functions to address the

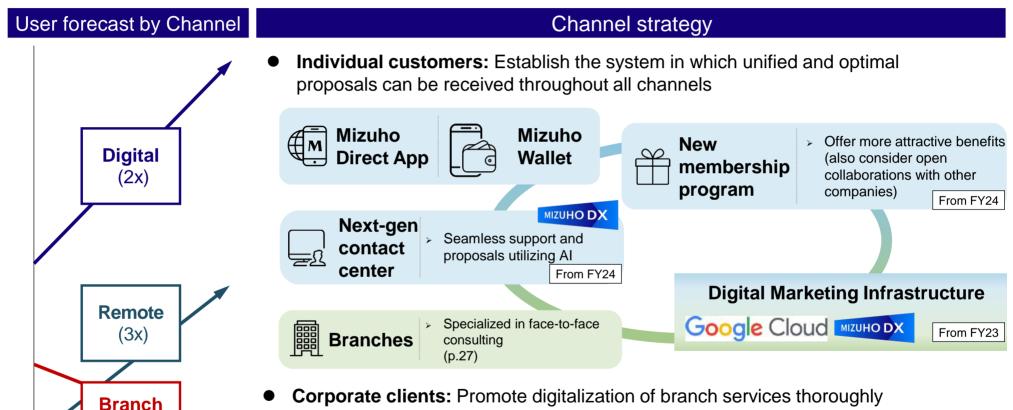
Digitalized application for CGCs1

Abolishing paper draft, check<sup>2</sup>

invoice system

#### Improving customer experience (1)

Strive to improve the customer experience in all channels, responding to changes in customer needs and achieve a sustainable customer base expansion. Full-scale disciplined digital investment of Approx. JPY 100B



Expand procedures that

From FY24

can be done remotely

> Provide various Mizuho

1. Credit Guarantee Corporations. Only in Tokyo and Osaka, while expected to be expand to other prefectures. 2. Abolish publishing for customers who newly open current account after January 2024.

reports

**Digital services** 

platform for

corporate

clients

Now

**Visitors** 

(0.5x)

**Future** 

(10 years from now)

From

FY23

FY24

#### Improving customer experience (2)

# Mizuho Direct (Online Banking App)



Significantly improved evaluation from users through drastic improvements in UI/UX:

> App store rating 4.5 (Highest Level)

MAU1 +50% (Aug-23, vs. before improvement)

- Expand services available in App
- Add 1-to-1 proposal function
- Unify the UI between App and website





#### **Mizuho Wallet**

(App which enables customers to use various types of settlement services)

- Extend the lineup of services linked to Mizuho Wallet, such as credit/debit cards, Suica<sup>2</sup>, J-coin, etc.
- Increase functionalities adding linkage to credit cards from other issuers. cashless transaction systems, etc.







# **Digital Marketing Infrastructure**





#### For each customer.

accumulate customer information from each action and offer comfortable services and interesting products at the optimal timing, through any channel

#### What we aim to:

FY23~ Real time recommendations on Mizuho Direct, etc.

FY24~ Offer unified consulting and support through timely sharing of customer data between all channels (contact and interaction, etc.)

#### Utilizing VoC<sup>3</sup>

Utilizing customer feedback to improve our products/services - e.g. Drastic improvements in UI/UX on Mizuho Direct

**BK: Awarded 2023 CRM Best Practice** and Taisei Award





Next-gen contact centers





**New membership** program

<sup>1.</sup> Monthly Active Users. 2. Prepaid e-money card for travel and shopping, issued by JR East Japan Railway Company. 3. 'Voice of Customer'.

#### Improving customer experience (3)

#### **Branch strategy**

- Continuously reassess branch format and proceed business processes reforms
- Improve customer satisfaction by providing high-quality services and professional consulting
- Expect users of self-service banking to more than double

Evaluation of service delivering capability survey<sup>1</sup>

+10 pt (FY22 vs FY21)

Branch network in the Tokyo metropolitan and Kansai areas



#### Retail core branches<sup>2</sup>

- Offer full banking services including consulting, various administrative services, etc.
- Maintain the number of locations



#### Mizuho Life Design Plaza

- Provide easy-access consulting services
- > Aim to continuously streamline each branch, and improve efficiency of the office network

#### **Open new streamlined branches**

#### Launch in FY23

- Space that offers a futuristic, convenient and relaxed atmosphere through its flexible operating hours and easy-to-use reservation system, etc.
- Consider opening new branches in commercial facilities, also converting some "Mizuho Life Design Plaza" locations

#### **Consulting branch**

Offers smooth services and asset management and wealth management services in a casual atmosphere





<lmage>



#### Specialized branch

Specialized in specific services such as Account openings, etc.

1. Based on positive response rate for "Service capabilities" on the survey for satisfaction with main bank by a third party survey institution. 2. Offer counter service for corporate customer as well.



#### Enhancing the competitiveness of Japanese companies

■ Reaching a turning point where we can restore Japanese economy to a growth trajectory. Need to tackle our materiality directed toward a sustainable society and fulfill our role as a financial institution

Mizuho's vision for the future Sound economic **Industry development** Mizuho's **Environmental** materiality and social and innovation A sustainable society and economy arowth Japan's efforts to tackle decarbonization despite resource Need to discover leading startups and support constraints their growth <5-year plan for startup <No. of Unicorns by country<sup>4</sup>> <Rate of energy self-sufficiency<sup>1</sup>> <Renewable electric power potential> development> **42**% **11**% **EMEA** Flat land area ratio: **OW** Japan **JPY 10**T 654 Startup funding amount Listed companies' stagnant market value Approx. 10x <Percentages of companies with a P/B ratio of less than 1x<sup>2</sup>> 1.8x 169 43% **5**% Japan **EMEA** Americas 70 6 <Market value by tier3> Of which have a Sales CAGR No. of companies P/B ratio under 1x (FY20-FY22) 2027 Japan India China U.S 2018 2022 >JPY 100B 834 35% +15% Mizuho's main initiatives 49% +11% JPY50-100B 402 Create sustainability-driven business **JPY10-50B** 1,308 47% +8% Strategic approach to Mid-cap companies Labor shortages Regional revitalization 1,530 <JPY10B 48% +6% Initiatives for innovative companies Progress in technology etc..

 $<sup>{\</sup>it 3. Compiled by FG based on publicly disclosed information. } {\it 4. Nikkei, as of April 24, 2023}$ 



<sup>1.</sup> Compiled by FG based on materials by IEA, etc. 2. Materials from the 5th meeting of the Tokyo Stock Exchange Council of Experts Concerning the Follow-up of Market Restructuring

#### Create sustainability-driven business

In the area of decarbonization, draw industry specific designs for transition and generate new businesses, by connecting various initiatives in and outside of Japan, leveraging our strength of industrial intelligence

Grand designs for the future	Creating industry-specific grand designs for sustainable society, and challenging with our clients towards industrial structure changes			
Owner and fair	Solar power generation	<ul> <li>Structured infrastructure funds for solar power plant</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Established a subscription model for residential renewable energy procurement</li> </ul>	
Support for decarbonizatoin	Wind power generation	<ul> <li>Financed floating offshore wind farm project in France</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Arranged and supported consortium for offshore wind power project</li> </ul>	
technology verification/commercialization	Hydrogen/ Ammonia	<ul> <li>Appointed as FA for projects in and outside of Japan (Japanese and non-Japanese clients)</li> <li>Participated in project finance for world's largest green ammonia plant project (Saudi Arabia)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Support for BECCS¹ technology verification to produce CO₂ negative hydrogen through domestic produced biomass energy</li> <li>Building a supply chain in Japan for domestic produced green hydrogen</li> </ul>	
	Innovation	Business matching between large corporates and innovative companies	<ul> <li>Utilizing Transition Equity Investment Facility and Value co-creation investments with clients (p.33)</li> </ul>	
Dovolonment	"Blue finance"	Provide finance for the purpose of marine conservation (Blue Bond/Blue Sustainability Loan)		
Development of Mizuho's	Real estate funds	<ul> <li>Provide sustainability finance for real estate private placement fund, Green real estate non-recourse loans (both in and outside Japan)</li> </ul>		
solutions	Virtual procurement of renewable energy	<ul> <li>Establish frameworks for renewable energy procurement through Corporate PPA<sup>2</sup>, Virtual PPA</li> </ul>		
	Mid-sized companies, SMEs	<ul> <li>Develop financial products such as "Sustainability-linked loan PRO" and "Positive impact finance PRO"</li> </ul>		

<sup>1.</sup> BioEnergy with Carbon Capture and Storage. Technology that collects CO2 and stores them underground, which generated though the process of with utilizing Biomass as energy source.

<sup>2.</sup> Power Purchase Agreement







#### Sustainable finance track record and initiatives

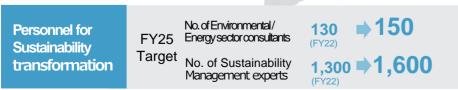
#### **Connecting challenges inside and outside of Japan**

## Knowledge accumulation on policy making and technologies, and information dissemination

- Joined "ACT FOR SKY", a cross-industrial organization working for the promotion and expansion of Sustainable Aviation Fuel (Apr.23-)
- Participating in "Hydrogen Council" (May.23-)
- Joint statement with DBJ¹ on hydrogen initiatives(Oct.23-)
- Participating in committees and working groups, organized by government agencies, and making proposals to policymakings

#### Connecting initiatives outside and inside of Japan

- Collaborating with London Exchange Stock Group (Nov. 22-)
- Building strategic partnership as a decarbonizatoin partner with BlackRock / Temasek, (Jan. 23-)
- Collaborating with Singapore Terrascope in providing decarbonization support service (Jun. 23-)
- Building strategic partnership in decarbonization areas with Koko Networks, a Kenyan company



#### **Dominant presence in finance** Sustainable finance targets / results (Applicable period: FY2019 - FY2030) **Target** 100T Sustainable finance O/w. environment- and climate-501 related finance 25.3T 21.2T 10.5T 2.4T Total for period Total for period 2 FY19 FY30 targets up to FY22 up to FY23 1H (after revision) Sustainable finance loan No. of SA<sup>4</sup> appointments<sup>5</sup> arranged amount<sup>3</sup> (Excl. Samurai Bond/in-house Bond) (Syndicated Loan) Global FY21 FY22 FY23 H1 FY21 FY22 FY23 H1

<sup>1.</sup> Development Bank of Japan 2. Preliminary figures 3. Referring to the period of Apr. 2021 to Mar. 2023. FY23 H1 refers data during Jan. 2023 to Sep.2023. Source: Refinitiv. 4. Structuring Agent 5. Period: Apr. 2021 to Mar. 2023. FY23 H1 refers data during Apr. 2023 to Sep. 2023. Source: Capital Eye and other disclosed information such as issuers' web page.

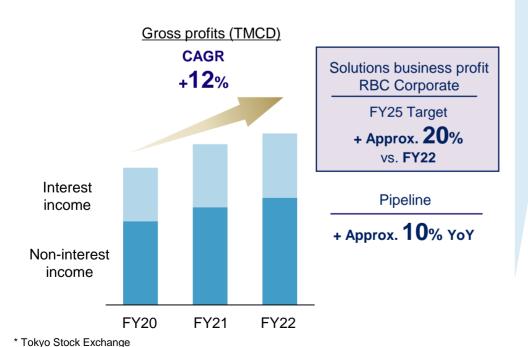


#### Strategic approach to mid-cap companies

Expand initiatives towards mid-cap companies, leveraging our success in Tokyo Metropolitan area

#### **Further develop TMCD initiatives**

- In Tokyo Metropolitan area, made significant progress in providing solutions to upper mid-cap companies for growth strategies and corporate restructuring needs
- Merged the investment banking divisions that were originally divided between CIBC and RBC in order to further leverage sector expertise to mid-cap companies



#### Support for enhancing the corporate value of listed mid-cap companies

The Business Development Support Office was established to increase proposals that create growth stories. The response has been quite favorable, with a positive reaction from around 30% of the customers who were approached. The number of target customers is being expanded from 100 companies



#### Efforts based on the TSE\* reforms

 Enhance approaches with proposals aiming to boost ROA & ROE to RBC mid-cap and large companies

**RBC** Of which have a P/B Pipeline No. of listed customers Ratio under 1x (YoY) + Approx. 20% **Approx. 50**% 2.800 companies

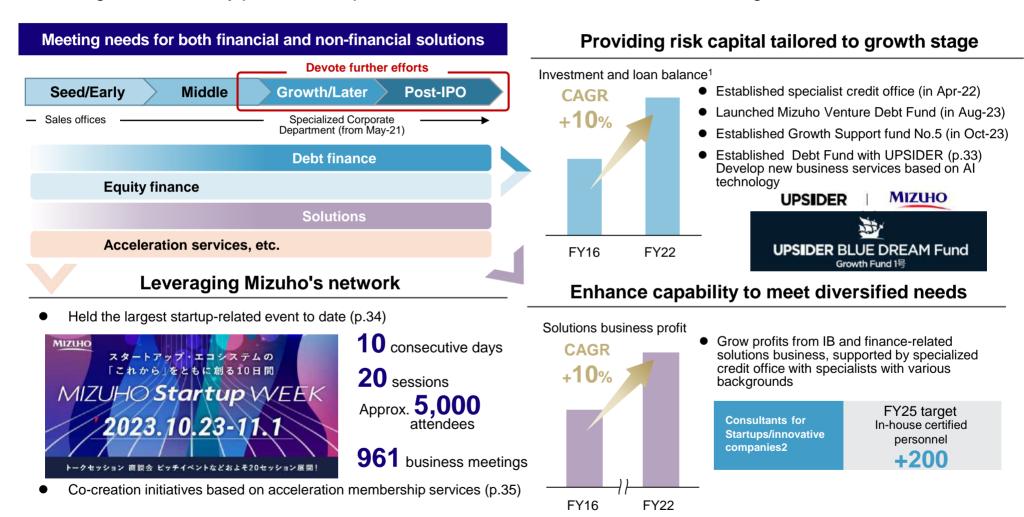
#### Support for companies with decreasing earnings

 Select priority targets for a focused approach by credit and relationship management departments. Leverage expertise we have cultivated to encourage revitalization of local industries



#### Initiatives for innovative companies

- Keeping the spirit of our forerunners, who supported and drove development of Japanese infrastructure and foundations, re-accelerate efforts to support innovative companies
- Strengthen risk money provision, respond to needs for business solutions, and leverage our networks



<sup>1.</sup> Total of balance of loans from BK as of March 2023 to 5,040 innovative companies based on the Apr-22 standards, and balance of investments by FG to domestic Venture Growth Fund and Mizuho Capital Management Fund. 2. In-house certified personnel (program launched in FY2023).



#### Co-creation

Accelerating efforts promoting value co-creation through risk sharing, aiming to create businesses opportunities that address social issues

#### Debt Fund for Startups Established with UPSIDER Co.

 Joint venture launched with the aim of developing and providing new financial services that contribute to the sustainable growth of startups

UPSIDER Co. has developed a card business for corporations. including startups, through its unique Al credit model. The company's services have been adopted by over 25,000 companies









- > As the first project, plan to establish 'UPSIDER Blue Dream Growth Fund No.1', a debt fund for growth-stage startups with a total financing amount of JPY 10B (Nov. 23)
- > Provide growth capital through new credit model that combines AI credit technology developed by UPSIDER Co. with Mizuho's lending expertise
- > In the future, plan to establish as an open platform to solicit funds from investors in and outside of Japan

#### \* Mizuho Innovation Frontier Co., Ltd.

#### **Corporate venture capital**\* (from Apr-23)

Investment of **JPY 10B** 

Invest in financial and non-financial areas to speed up innovation



- > Established a new JV for skills and personnel matching
- > Resolves issues such as shortages of specialist staff



- > Invested in alternative investment platform providers
- > Expanded alternative investment opportunities to individual investors



#### **UPSIDER**

#### Value co-creation investment

(from Feb-23)

 Promote creation of new business opportunities to support our clients and solve social issues

From launch to end Oct-23:

**Expected 4 investments** 

Building up pipeline steadily: Almost 100% progress

against initial target investment amount in FY23

#### **Transition Equity Investment Facility**

(from Apr-22)

Over JPY 50B in 10 years +

• Cultivate technologies and businesses in the demonstration or startup stage that contribute to environmental and social sustainability improvement

3rd deal closed





#### MIZUHO Startup WEEK

## Make Our Future "Start-Up" Together

**Event period** 

10 days

23rd Oct. - 1st Nov. 2023

Participants\*

Approx. 5,000

\*Cumulative number for each session

**Business Meetings** 961

Sessions 20

Speakers 75

#### **Talk Session**



#### **Business Meetings**



#### Pitch by Start-Up Company



# Largest scale ever



#### Workshop



#### Seminar





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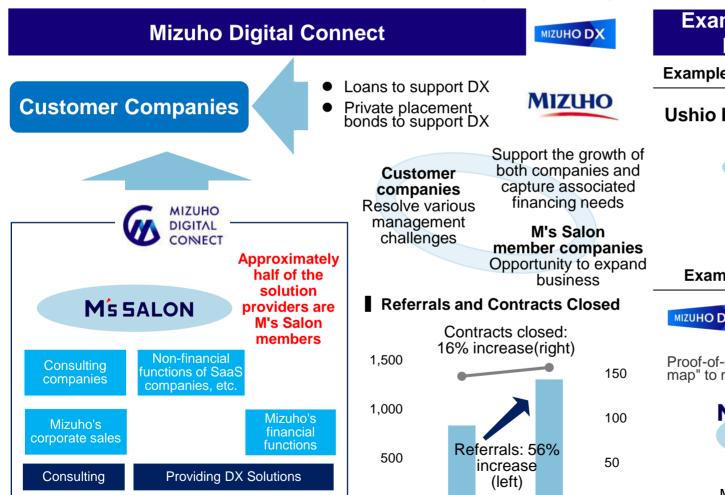
FY23 1H

#### Initiatives for co-creation based on organically grown networks

Mizuho Digital Connect: Promote a co-creation framework for connecting solution providers with customer companies

FY22 2H

Co-creation projects with external partners originated through M's Salon network



#### **Examples of Co-Creation with Individual Companies**

**Example 1: Introduction and joint investment** 

Ushio Inc. + Photo electron Soul (PeS)

#### M's SALON

Introduction of both companies

Invested in PeS along with Ushio (Value co-creation investment)

Example 2: Joint proof-of-concept test



unerry +

**Meta Tourism Promotion Institute** 

Proof-of-concept test: Project using the "meta tourism map" to make travelling on foot fun and enjoyable







No. 1

Japanese

bank

No. 1

Japanese bank

No. 1

Japanese

bank

#### Global CIB business (1)

No.1 presence among Japanese banks in the Americas in the IG area. Aim for further growth through capability strengthening

#### Global League Table<sup>1</sup> Other Key League Tables FY23 H1 FY23 H1 **JPMorgan** 10.3% Deutsche Bank 2.1% Americas<sup>1</sup> Goldman Sachs 9.1% **RBC** 2.0% **BofA Securities** 7.5% **BNP Paribas** 2.0% Morgan Stanley 5.7% Mizuho 1.8% Americas IG DCM<sup>1</sup> 8<sub>th</sub> Citi 4.5% Evercore 1.4% 3.2% 1.4% Barclays Nomura Global IG DCM/LCM<sup>1</sup> 6<sub>th</sub> 2.9% **HSBC** 1.3% Wells Fargo **Jefferies** 2.6% Houlihan Lokey 1.3% FY23 H1 **UBS** 2.4% 1.2% Lazard Global Sustainable 2.3% **SMFG** 1.2% Centerview 3rd Loans<sup>2</sup> **FY22 FY23 H1 FY25** FY30 Sep-23 FY25 Target **Global Talent** 17th 14th **Top 10** Top 15 Portfolio<sup>3</sup> +35 employees +150 employees

<sup>1.</sup> Source: Dealogic, fee basis, incl. Japan. 2. Source: Refinitiv, Origination amount basis. 3. New international assignees from Japan. Figure as of Sep-23 includes employees not yet transferred.







# Global CIB business (2): Americas

■ Established business base with IG corporates. Strengthen non-IG/ECM and M&A business

#### **History of Mizuho Americas**

 Expanded in-house capabilities, including products and personnel, through inorganic investment

Acquired credit portfolio from RBS and added approx. 130 personnel to our talent portfolio – served as the base for IG business

	FY14	23 H1
IG DCM <sup>1</sup>	15th	8th
IO DOW	15011	2nd excl. U.S. banks

2019 Instated position of Head of CIB – to enhance the integration of primary-secondary markets business models

Acquired Capstone Partners – to strengthen non-IG/PE sponsor business

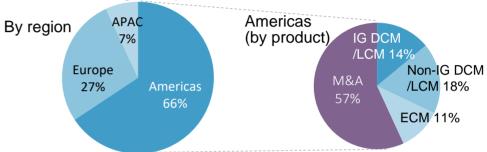
Acquired Greenhill – to strengthen M&A capabilities

	FY19	23 H1		Mar-19	Mar-23
Total market <sup>1</sup>	23rd 0.9%	17th 1.4%	Talent (Approx.)	2,300	2,700

<sup>1.</sup> Source: Dealogic, fee basis. 2. FY22. DCM, LCM, ECM, M&A.

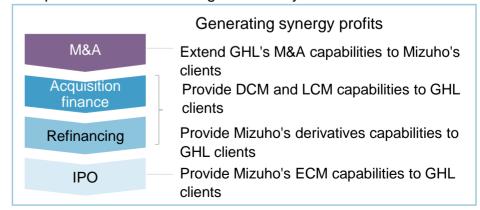
## **Capital Market Fee Pool**<sup>1,2</sup>

 Room for growth in M&A and ECM business in the Americas, the world's largest capital market



## **Acquisition of Greenhill (GHL)**

- Acquired approx. 370 M&A advisory professionals and the brand
- Will focus on the PMI of GHL, in order to maximize on value chain of capital markets business generated by M&A

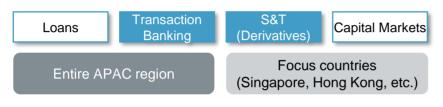




# Global CIB business (3): APAC and EMEA

#### **APAC**

 Approaching customers in APAC on a region-wide basis, though simultaneously aligning products to each market environment



#### Transaction Banking (Profits)<sup>1</sup>



#### **Derivatives**

- Continue to develop business foundation, capturing emerging markets rates/FX flows from financial institutions and non-Japanese clients
- Established a futures trading subsidiary in Singapore

#### ESG Solutions

Providing decarbonization efforts support to an affiliate of Pertamina<sup>2</sup> in Indonesia



#### **EMEA**

#### • Transition to Universal Bank in the EU region<sup>3</sup>

- ➤ Mizuho Bank Europe N.V. and Mizuho Securities Europe GmbH will merge, transforming into a Universal Bank in the EU region with integrated banking and securities functions by FY25
- ➤ Aim to provide improved services in the EU region by deepening BK-SC CIB model collaboration and utilizing the EU passport

Universal Bank

4 cities
4 offices

Provide integrated
BK-SC services
throughout the EU region



1. Current deposit + FX + Trade Finance (non-interest income). 2. Indonesian state-owned oil & gas business operator. 3. Subject to approval by the relevant authorities.



1 Summary of FY23 H1 Financial Results

2 Progress on improving P/B Ratio

3 Progress in Business Focus Areas

4 Enhancing our corporate foundations

Appendix



## IT Reforms

- Aiming to increase proportion of Change-the-Bank-related IT investment, while securing the costs necessary for stable business operations
- Pursue optimization of IT investment portfolio, including reviewing existing products and services

#### Main initiatives towards IT reform IT investment Review existing IT System structure IT management Reinforce development systems and perform optimization reforms and operation and IT Revenue growth. overall optimization investment management productivity (resolve any disorganization) improvements, etc. IT reforms **Enhancement of IT** Governance personnel and frameworks Maintenance of existing systems Visualize IT system architecture, Develop personnel, build sustainable Review of products, enhance risk management relations with partner companies services, and operations framework, etc. Aiming to increase proportion of Conduct group wide effort (discontinuation of certain area CTB-related IT investment from of business, reduction of exceptional processing, etc.) current level of approx. 20%\* to around 30% in three years

## **Main Progress**

- > Creating and commencing initiatives to completely remove legacy systems
- Began optimizing system architecture based on business strategy, timelines for termination of system
  - maintenance services and others
- Efforts toward digitalization are progressing, including reviewing operations that use bills and checks, and Faxes.

<sup>\*</sup> FY19-FY22 average



# Promoting ideas initiated by employees

- Initiatives driven by employees' ideas revitalizing the organization and promoting digital transformation within Mizuho, and generating new business opportunities
- Initiatives to improve internal operational efficiency also making progress

#### Promoting digital transformation from "generative Al" ideathon

 "Generative AI" ideathon: Initiatives to cerate new businesses and explore potential useful ideas for operational efficiency, and further enhancing employees' digital transformation literacy, through ideation



Group-wide Generative Al ideathon No of ideas submitted

Over **2,000** 

The best prize

"Al judges investment capabilities!"



Utilizing Al internally

Crating operations procedures and credit applications

Adopting selected ideas also from the ideathon (10 ideas selected out of 2,000)



#### Expand utilization into customer services

#### <ld><ldeas from employees></ld>

Accumulating knowledge and sharing it among RM officers

Analysis of market data and industry trends, data visualization, etc.



#### **Incubation through "GCEO Challenges"**

- Employees directly proposed their new ideas to managements, and GCEO selects the ideas to promote
- Management resources such as personnel and budget will be prioritarilly allocated to selected initiatives



#### 3 ideas were selected FY2022

Applications for parent and child communications



Service for business matching



NFT\* platform



<sup>\*</sup> Non-fungible token



# Reference: Data on the revitalization of personnel

# No. of participants in the first 3 years of establishment More than 1,100 114 Japan Alumni Award "the Grand prize" No. of participants in the first 3 years of establishment More than 1,100 114 FY20 Oct. 23

The first time to win the award for 2 consecutive years in 2022 and 2023



#### Mid-career hiring track record No. of mid-career hires (Rounded figures) 570 ■FG·BK·TB Junior level 1,2 ■SC 440 Approx. 30% Management / RT fully competent staff<sup>1,3</sup> Approx. 70% **50**% women4 FY21 FY22 FY23 1H

Professionals in management class

Promoting digital transformation within Mizuho, leveraging rich experience and knowledge



# Digital Planning Dept. Fujii Tatsuto, Operating Officer

Executive officer at the financial holding company of a leading telecommunications company and executive officer at Microsoft before joining Mizuho in 2023; current position.

Founding member of FINOVATORS, a financial innovation association. Overall supervisor and coauthor of "Fintech Engineer Training Reader" (Gijutsu-Hyoron Co.)

1. Total figures of FG, BK, TB and SC. 2. Those who are at Associate class at FG, BK, TB, and Assistant class at SC. 3. Those who are at higher than Leader class at FG, BK and, TB, and at higher than Analyst class at SC. 4. Total figures of FG, BK, and TB



# Culture reforms by top management – employee engagement





























 $<sup>1.\</sup> Visiting\ frontline\ offices\ in\ Japan.\ 2.\ Including\ round table\ discussions\ and\ town\ hall\ meetings\ outside\ of\ Japan$ 





# Culture reforms by top management — employees and Mizuho brand Mizuho brand Mizuho is a Major Partner of the Japan National Football Team

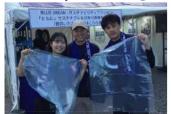
Special sponsorship to realize our purpose "Proactively innovate together with our clients for a prosperous and sustainable future", challenging to a big dream together with the Japanese national football team players







12,000 bags







**MIZUHO** 

## **BLUE DREAM MATCH 2023**

Official no. of participants at the stadium

37,125

Of which, our employees (Inc. families)

Approx. 1,000

No. of participants at public viewing at Tokyo/Osaka

850

No. of sites our employees viewing

At more than 50 sites

No. of posting/viewers at internal social media

88,000

Participants at youth program\*





















# **Enhancing corporate value.**

# Refining core competencies.

# Addressing challenges.

Industry Knowledge and foresight.
Linking networks.

A distinctive overseas strategy - building our own full CIB capability

A changing corporate culture.

1 Summary of FY23 H1 Financial Results

2 Progress on improving P/B Ratio

3 Progress in Business Focus Areas

Enhancing our corporate foundations

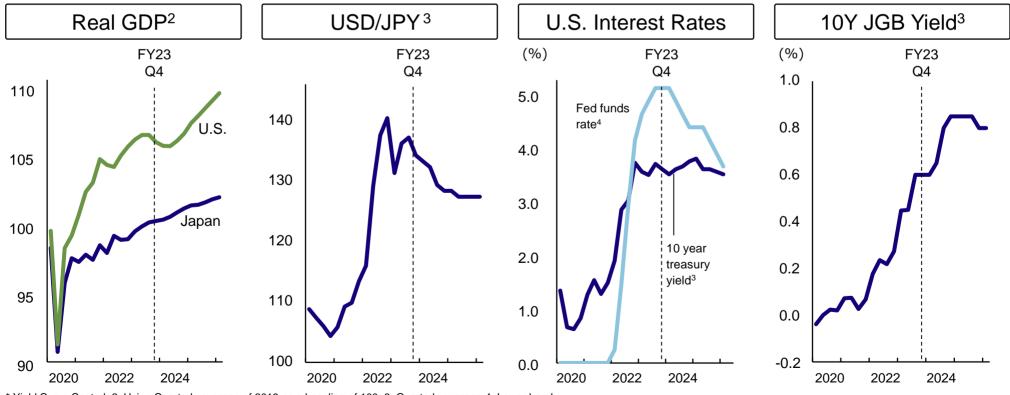
Appendix



Financial information

## Economic outlook

- Globally, we expect productivity to slowdown in line with the effects of higher inflation and interest rates, with Europe and U.S. economies experiencing negative growth. Though recovery is expected in 2024 as major economies bring interest rates back down, it should remain sluggish
- Domestically, a bounce in inbound tourism to Japan should help maintain relatively stable economic growth for the interim. In 2023 we expect the BOJ to loosen YCC<sup>1</sup>, and in 2024, whilst assessing price trends and economic risks, to potentially move out of Negative Interest Rate Policy (NIRP)



\* Yield Curve Control. 2. Using Quarterly average of 2019 as a baseline of 100. 3. Quarterly average 4. Lower band.



# Risk Management

#### Our Top Risks\* Approach

#### **Identification Process**

Assess a wide range of risk events in line with Mizuho's vulnerabilities, the external business environment and other factors, and identify any that could potentially damage corporate value

Ascertain which of those risks are serious, through an evaluation of their likelihood of occurrence, degree of impact, and their route of transmission

After consideration of difficulty of containment and closing discussions between executive officers, identify the top risks

#### Strengthening Risk Governance

- Work to align the Group's understanding of risk perception and expand risk-related communication
- Ensure that risk perception is consistent between relevant risk management systems
- Formulate measures to address top risks, document those in our business plan, and monitor progress on containment as necessary



Report to the Risk Committee and Board of Directors, etc.

#### Top Risks for FY23

- Continuation of high inflation and spillover to credit risk
- A shift in monetary policy and growing fiscal concerns
- Escalating U.S.-China conflict and sluggish Chinese economy
- Global decoupling and growing geopolitical risks
- Worsening impact of climate change
- IT system failures
- Cyberattack
- Money laundering/Financing of terrorism
- Improper acts and omissions by officers and employees
- Stagnation of sustainable growth due to a talent shortage
- Changes in the competitive environment

<sup>\* &#</sup>x27;Top Risks' are those that the Group identify as the most serious when assessed via the above process.



# Financial Results by In-house Company

(JPY B) Group aggregate, preliminary figures

	Gross	Profits	G&A Expenses (excl. Non-Recurring Losses and others)		Net Busine	ess Profits	Net In	icome	ROE (most recent 12 months)
	FY23 H1	YoY¹	FY23 H1	YoY¹	FY23 H1	YoY¹	FY23 H1	YoY¹	FY23 H1
Customer Groups	950.3	+60.8	-594.2	-32.9	373.5	+36.8	278.5	+31.6	7.4%
RBC	348.0	+21.1	-308.6	-9.5	45.2	+19.3	35.0	+30.8	3.7%
CIBC	261.7	+23.0	-103.9	-4.4	161.7	+18.8	108.9	-33.7	8.2%
GCIBC	313.0	+16.7	-164.6	-18.8	160.3	-0.4	132.7	+35.2	9.3%
AMC	27.6	-0.0	-17.1	-0.1	6.4	-0.9	1.9	-0.7	2.9%
Markets (GMC) <sup>2</sup>	279.3	+50.0	-149.8	-25.9	129.5	+24.5	90.4	+19.0	2.6%
Banking <sup>2</sup>	88.6	+17.0	-24.1	-2.5	64.4	+14.5			
Sales & Trading	190.8	+33.0	-125.7	-23.4	65.0	+10.0			

<sup>1.</sup> Figures for YoY are recalculated based on the FY23 management accounting rules. 2. Incl. Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs of 2 Banks.



# Retail & Business Banking Company

/·												Gro	up aggregate <sup>1</sup>
(JPY B)		FY22 H1	FY23 H1	YoY	FY Plan P	rogress				Results S	Summary		
Gross Profits	1	326.8	348.0	+21.1					•		o increase in Interes		
o/w Interest Income	2	137.7	156.4	+18.7						aı asset maı o contribute	nagement business, d.	, wniie a	iscipiinea
o/w Non-interest Income	3	189.1	191.5	+2.4	•		Loan B	alance (avç	g. balance)	/ Spread <sup>3</sup>	League Table a	ınd refer	ences
G&A Expenses (Excl. Non-recurring losses and others)	4	-299.1	-308.6	-9.5		,	(JPY T)			<u> </u>	Compositor	<b>5</b> )/00	<b>5</b> 1/00 114
Equity in Income from Investments in Affiliates	5	-0.9	5.8	+6.6	•		0.55%	0.58%	0.60%	0.61%	Corporates	FY22	FY23 H1
Net Business Profits	6	25.9	45.2	+19.3	88.0	51%	0.55%				Number of IPOs <sup>4</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup>
Credit-related Costs	7	-20.0	8.4	+28.4			25.5					Mar-23	Sep-23
Net Gains (Losses) related to Stocks and others	8	5.9	1.3	-4.6	,		25.5	24.8	24.6	24.4	High-profit loan balance <sup>5</sup> (JPY B)	712.9	800.0
Others	9	-7.6	-19.8	-12.2							Individuals	FY22	FY23 H1
Net Income	10	4.2	35.0	+30.8	55.0	64%	16.2	15.9	16.0	16.1	Number of NISA accounts opened <sup>6</sup> (K)	60	48
Internal risk capital	_				ı.							Mar-23	Sep-23
(avg. balance)	11	1,951.8	1,897.7	-54.1							Assets in Custody	50.9	54.9
ROE <sup>2</sup>	12	2.0%	3.7%	+1.7%	2.8%		9.3	8.9	8.6	8.3	(JPY T)  o/w SC <sup>7</sup> (JPY T)	45.4	49.2
Gross Profits RORA <sup>2</sup>	13	3.9%	4.1%	+0.2%			FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23 H1	Avg. holding period of equity investment trusts8	7.4	7.6 yrs.
Expense ratio	14	91.5%	88.7%	-2.8%			Indiv	/iduals ☐ Co for Corporate	rporates	2	Reference: Industry wide avg. <sup>8,9</sup>	5.1 yrs.	4.6 yrs.

<sup>1.</sup> New management accounting rules were applied in FY23. Past figures were recalculated based on the new rules. 2. Most recent 12 months. 3. BK+TB, management accounting. Excl. loans between the consolidated entities and loans to the Japanese Government and others. 4. IPO bookrunner number. Source: Capital Eye. 5. Highly profitable loans of JPY 1 billion or more, period-end balance. 6. FG. 7. For Retail & Business Banking segment. 8. Calculated by dividing previous year's average balance by total cancellations/redemption value. 9. Prepared based on data published by Investment Trust Association, Japan.



# Corporate & Investment Banking Company

(15)(5)					•							Grou	p aggregate <sup>1</sup>
(JPY B)		FY22 H1	FY23 H1	YoY	FY Plan Pi	rogress				Results	Summary		
Gross Profits	1	238.7	261.7	+23.0							supported by specific	•	
o/w Interest Income	2	122.4	121.5	-0.9				ing Credit			, with forward-looking	j provisio	ภาร
o/w Non-interest Income	3	115.6	140.7	+25.2			Loan B	alance (av	g. balance)	/ Spread <sup>3</sup>	League Table a	nd refer	ences
G&A Expenses (Excl. Non-recurring losses and others)	4	-99.5	-103.9	-4.4			(JPY T)						
Equity in Income from Investments in Affiliates	5	3.6	3.9	+0.2			0.51%	0.52%	0.53%	0.53%		FY22	FY23 H1
Net Business Profits	6	142.9	161.7	+18.8	321.0	50%	•	•		•	DCM4	<b>1</b> st	A ct
Credit-related Costs	7	6.4	-46.4	-52.9							DCM <sup>4</sup>	130	1 <sup>st</sup>
Net Gains (Losses) related to Stocks and others	8	32.8	12.9	-19.9							SDG bonds <sup>4</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>
Others	9	-39.5	-19.2	+20.3							LCM⁵	1 <sup>st</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup>
Net Income	10	142.6	108.9	-33.7	281.0	39%	30.7	29.9	30.0	30.8	ECM <sup>5,6</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup>	<b>4</b> th
											□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□	4***	4
Internal risk capital (avg. balance)	11	3,371.2	3,170.3	-200.9							M&A <sup>5,7</sup> No. of dea	ıls <b>3</b> rd	3 <sup>rd</sup>
ROE <sup>2</sup>	12	8.9%	8.2%	-0.7%	8.8%						Total amou	nt <b>4</b> th	6 <sup>th</sup>
Gross Profits RORA <sup>2</sup>	13	2.2%	2.3%	+0.1%			FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23 H1	SI Investment <sup>8</sup>	•	•
Expense ratio	14	41.7%	39.7%	-2.0%				Loan Balan	ce 🕕 S	Р	(Period-end balance FY19=100)	135	142

<sup>1.</sup> New management accounting rules were applied in FY23. Past figures were recalculated based on the new rules. 2. Most recent 12 months. 3. BK+TB, management accounting. Excl. loans between the consolidated entities and loans to the Japanese Government. 4. Based on underwriting amount and pricing date. Excl. own debt and securitization (subordinated bonds includes bonds issued by utilities companies). Source: Capital Eye. 5. Source: Refinitiv. 6. Based on bookrunner and pricing date. Deals including initial public offerings, public offerings, convertible bonds and REITs. 7. Involving Japanese corporates (excl. real estate) 8. Strategic investment. Hybrid financing, Equity & Mezzanine, etc.



# Global Corporate & Investment Company

												Grou	p aggregate
(JPY B)		FY22 H1	FY23 H1	YoY	FY Plan F	Progress				Results S	ummary		
Gross Profits	1	296.3	313.0	+16.7	•						under 50% of FY p		
o/w Interest Income	2	133.3	135.1	+1.8	-				•	r tactors, tho lated costs.	ugh Net Income rea	iched 60	% from
o/w Non-interest Income	3	148.5	154.3	+5.8			Loan Ba	alance (avg.	. balance)	/ Spread³	League Table ar	nd refere	ences
G&A Expenses (Excl. Non-recurring losses and others)	4	-145.7	-164.6	-18.8			(USD B)					FY22	FY23 H1
Equity in Income from Investments in Affiliates	5	10.3	12.3	+1.9			0.96%	1.07%	1.01%	1.05%	IG DCM	8 <sup>th</sup>	8 <sup>th</sup>
<b>Net Business Profits</b>	6	160.7	160.3	-0.4	332.0	48%			265.0		in the Americas <sup>4</sup> Excl. U.S. Banks	2nd	<b>2</b> nd
Credit-related Costs	7	-12.6	31.1	+43.7	1		<b>262.5</b> 57.5	242.8	57.4	<b>253.9</b> 51.1	Market Share	4.2%	3.9%
Net Gains (Losses) related to Stocks and others	8	-	0.9	+0.9			93.1	51.2 88.4	101.4	106.5	Non-IG LCM/DCM in the Americas <sup>5</sup>	17 <sup>st</sup>	16 <sup>th</sup>
Others	9	-50.6	-59.5	-8.9							Excl. U.S. Banks	7 <sup>th</sup>	8 <sup>th</sup>
Net Income	10	97.5	132.7	+35.2	217.0	61%	112.0	103.2	106.2	96.3	Market Share	1.4%	1.7%
	_						FY20	FY21  Americas	FY22 EMEA	FY23 H1 → SP	Asia Transaction Banking <sup>6</sup> (vs FY20)	+81%	+11%
Internal risk capital (avg. balance)	11	2,558.2	2,488.9	-69.3						Profits by	region <sup>7</sup>		
ROE <sup>2</sup>	12	7.6%	9.3%	+1.7%	7.9%		(USD M) o/w Appro	ox. 60%					
Gross Profits RORA <sup>2</sup>	13	2.4%	2.5%	+0.1%	•		Non-Japa			FY23 H1		23 H1	
Expense ratio	14	49.2%	52.6%	+3.4%	· •			<ul><li>APAC</li><li>America</li><li>EMEA</li></ul>		Gross Profits 281.0		usiness s 153.7	

<sup>1.</sup> New management accounting rules were applied in FY23. Past figures were recalculated based on the new rules. 2. Most recent 12 Months. 3. BK (incl. the subsidiaries in China, the U.S., the Netherlands, Indonesia, Malaysia, Russia, Brazil and Mexico). Excl. loans between the consolidated entities. 4. Bonds issued by investment grade corporations. Fee basis. Source: Dealogic. 5. High Yield Loans and Bonds issued by non-investment grade corporations, fee basis. Source: Dealogic. 6. Current deposit + FX + Trade Finance (non-interest income). 7. Mismatch with number shown in let table due to exclusion of portion recorded at Head Quarter.



# **Global Markets Company**

(ID)(D)													Group aggregate
JPY B)		FY22 H1	FY23 H1	YoY	FY Plan P	rogress	S			Results	s Summary		
Gross Profits <sup>2</sup>	1	229.3	279.3	+50.0	•		•	•		•	s, results over		•
o/w Banking	2	71.5	88.6	+17.0	-			•			nd seizing sto tomer flows th		gains. duct expansion
o/w S&T	3	158.3	189.3	+31.0	-				•	_		<b>O</b> .	an and Americas
G&A Expenses (Excl. Non-recurring losses and others)	4	-124.0	-149.8	-25.9					(Ref.)	Unrealiz	ed Gains (L	0000015	
Equity in Income from Investments in Affiliates	5	-	-	-	•		(JPY B)		(IXGI.)	Officaliza	ed Gairis (L	.03363)	Consolidated
Net Business Profits <sup>3</sup>	6	104.9	129.5	+24.5	154.0	84%		-613	3.9	-752.3	✓ Continu	ued integrate	ed interest rate risk
o/w Banking	7	49.9	64.4	+14.5			JGBs	-46	.4	-35.2			s foreign bond n currency ALM
o/w S&T	8	58.7	66.6	+7.9	•		Foreign	-454	1.6	-583.2	'	J	•
Credit-related Costs	9	-0.7	0.3	+1.0	•		Bonds	440				Unrealize	H1 Fluctuation in ed Gains (Losses) <sup>6</sup>
Net Gains (Losses) related to Stocks and others	10	-	-	-			ETF, Funds	-112	2.8	-133.8	Foreign bon Foreign cur	rency ALM	Approx JPY 908
Others	11	-32.8	-39.3	-6.5	-			Mar	-23	Sep-23	o/w FX effe	cts	Approx JPY 40
Net Income	12	71.4	90.4	+19.0	104.0	87%			S&7	Gross F	Profits by pro	oduct	
	-						(JPY B)			In-	house company	managemer	nt accounting basis
Internal risk capital (avg. balance)	13	1,649.4	2,042.1	+392.7	•				158.3		176.7	189.	3
ROE <sup>4</sup>	14	2.1%	2.6%	+0.6%	4.2%		_		100.3				
Gross Profits RORA <sup>4</sup>	15	3.1%	2.9%	-0.2%			-	uity CC					
Expense ratio	16	54.1%	53.7%	-0.4%			Г						
	_				•				FY22 H1		FY22 H2	FY23 I	H1

<sup>1.</sup> New management accounting rules were applied in FY23. Past figures were recalculated based on the new rules. 2. Incl. XVA related gains and losses (FY22 H1: -JPY 1.2B, FY23 H1: -JPY 0.3B).

3. Incl. Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs (2 Banks). 4. Most recent 12 months. 5. Changes in value to be recorded directory to Net Assets after tax and other necessary adjustments. After hedge accounting. After applying Net deferred gains/ losses on deferred hedging accounting among hedging instruments related to other securities. 6. Management accounting basis.



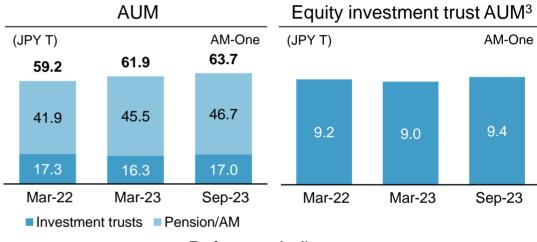
# **Asset Management Company**

(ID)(D)					ı	
(JPY B)		FY22 H1 I	FY23 H1	YoY	FY Plan	Progress _
Gross Profits	1	27.6	27.6	-0.0		
o/w Investment Trusts	2	17.1	17.3	+0.3		
o/w Pension	3	6.3	6.3	+0		
G&A Expenses (Excl. Non-recurring losses and others)	4	-17.0	-17.1	-0.1		
Equity in Income from Investments in Affiliates	5	0.1	-0.9	-0.9		
Net Business Profits	6	7.2	6.4	-0.9	14.0	46%
Credit-related Costs	7	-	-	-		
Net Gains (Losses) related to Stocks and others	8		-	-		
Others	9	-4.6	-4.5	+0.1		•
Net Income	10	2.6	1.9	-0.7	5.0	38%
	_					

Internal risk capital (avg. balance)	11	105.0	100.9	-4.0	
ROE <sup>2</sup>	12	3.5%	2.9%	-0.6%	4.5%
Gross Profits RORA <sup>2</sup>	13	19.0%	18.6%	-0.3%	
Expense ratio	14	61.6%	62.1%	+0.4%	

## **Results Summary**

Gross Profits largely flat YoY in both Investment Trusts and Pension business, though Net Business Profits and Net Income lower due to loss in Equity in Income from Investments in Affiliates.



#### Reference indicators

(Thousand)	Mar-23	Sep-23
DC Participants and other <sup>4</sup>	1,741	1,794
Corporate type	1,427	1,462
iDeCo	314	332

No.1 for DC participants in Japan<sup>5</sup>

(JPY T)	Mar-23	Sep-23
DC Pension AUM	2.9	3.2
DB Pension AUM	6.6	6.8
	FY22	FY23 H1
R&I investment trust sales companies satisfaction survey <sup>6</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup>

<sup>3.</sup> Excl. ETFs. Source: The Investment Trusts Association data. 4. BK. 5. Mar-23. 6. AM-One. Source: R&I 'Fund information' Vol. 390, 417



Group aggregate1

<sup>1.</sup> New management accounting rules were applied in FY23. Past figures were recalculated based on the new rules. 2. Most recent 12 months.

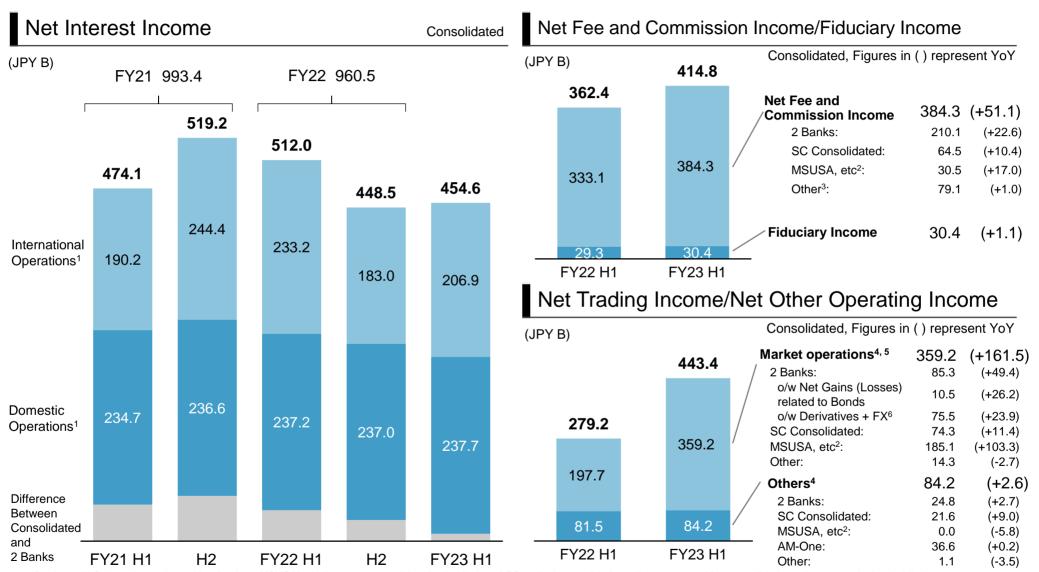
# Overview of Balance Sheet (Sep-23)

#### **Consolidated Balance Sheet** Non-JPY Balance Sheet<sup>2</sup> BK+TB, management accounting Figures in () represent changes from Mar-23 Figures in ( ) represent changes from Mar-23 (USD B) (JPY T) Total Assets 272 (+17.9) ■ Customer deposits to loan ratio: 75% ■ Breakdown of Customer deposits: Deposits/NCDs Loans - JP Clients (inside + outside Japan): Approx. 50% - Non-JP Clients (outside Japan): Approx. 50% 91 (+3.1) Total Assets 475 (-11.1) 164 (+0.6) Customer deposits<sup>3</sup> **Securities** 203.4 (-22.5) Loans<sup>3</sup> 44 (+7.2) 271.1 (-13.4) Mid-long term **JGBs** 20.4(+3.2) fundina4 Other Liabilities Foreign Bonds 13.6(+2.8) 89.6 (+1.9) Japanese Stocks 3.4(+0.4)97 (+16.8) Securities Market Operations<sup>5</sup> Other Assets 90.3 (+13.2) 126.7 (+10.3) 135 (+7.4) **Net Assets** Others Cash and Due from Banks 61.6 (-5.4) CD/CP 9 (+0.4)o/w Bank of Japan Current 44.3 (-6.8) 113.8 (-10.8) Account Balance1 55.4 (-0.8)

<sup>1. 2</sup> Banks. 2. FY23 management accounting rules. 3. Japan and subsidiaries in China, the U.S., the Netherlands, Indonesia, Malaysia, Russia, Brazil and Mexico. 4. Corporate bonds, currency swaps, etc. 5. Repos, interbank, Central bank deposits and others.



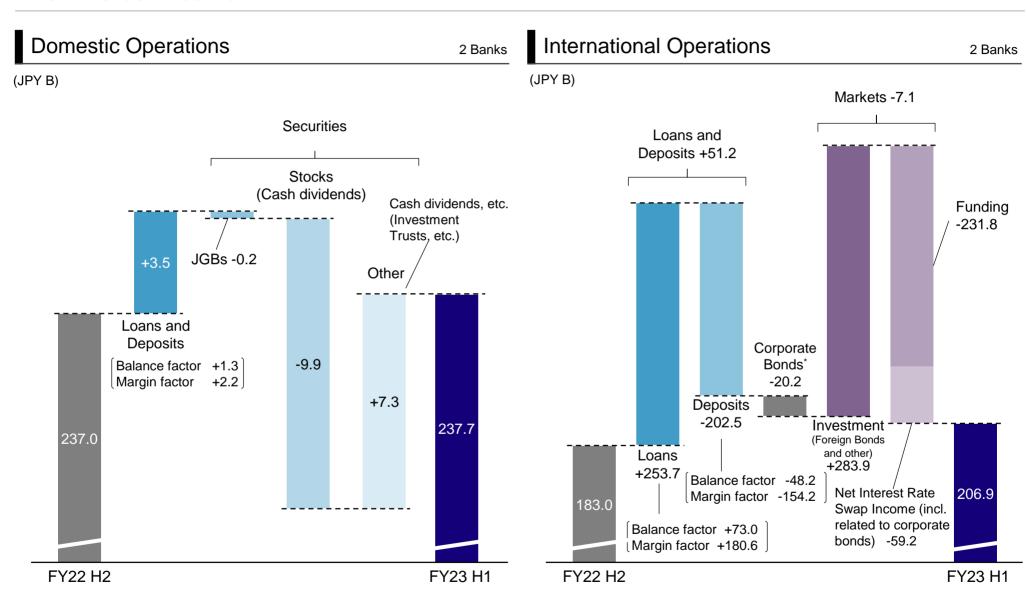
## **Consolidated Gross Profits**



 <sup>2</sup> Banks. 2. U.S. based security entities (such as MSUSA) which are not consolidated subsidiaries of SC. 3. Incl. consolidation adjustments.
 4. After consolidation adjustments, incl. subsidiaries.
 5. Net Trading Income-SC Underwriting and Selling Fees+Net Gains (Losses) related to Bonds+Net Gains (Losses) on Foreign Exchange Transactions.
 6. Net Gains (Losses) on Foreign Exchange Transactions.



## Net Interest Income

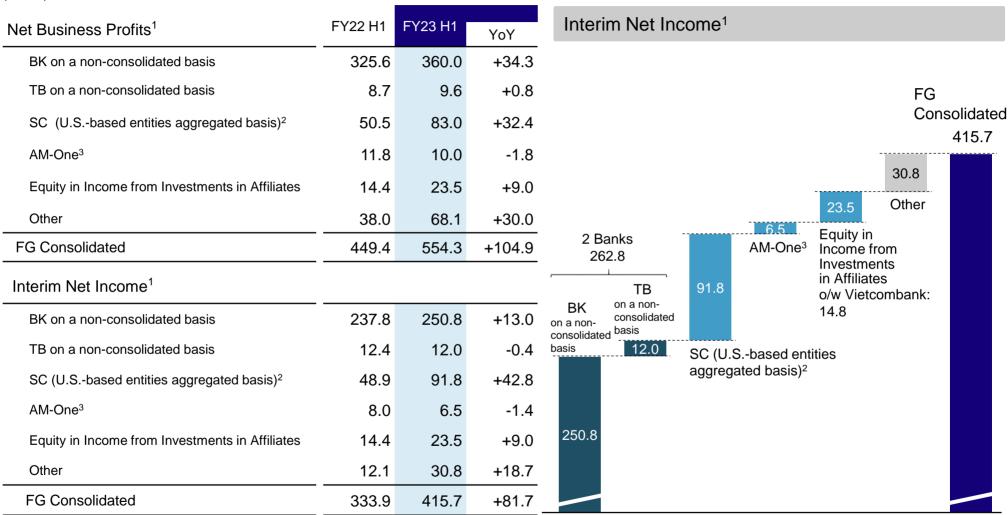


<sup>\*</sup> Incl. loans payable.



# Financial Results by Group Company

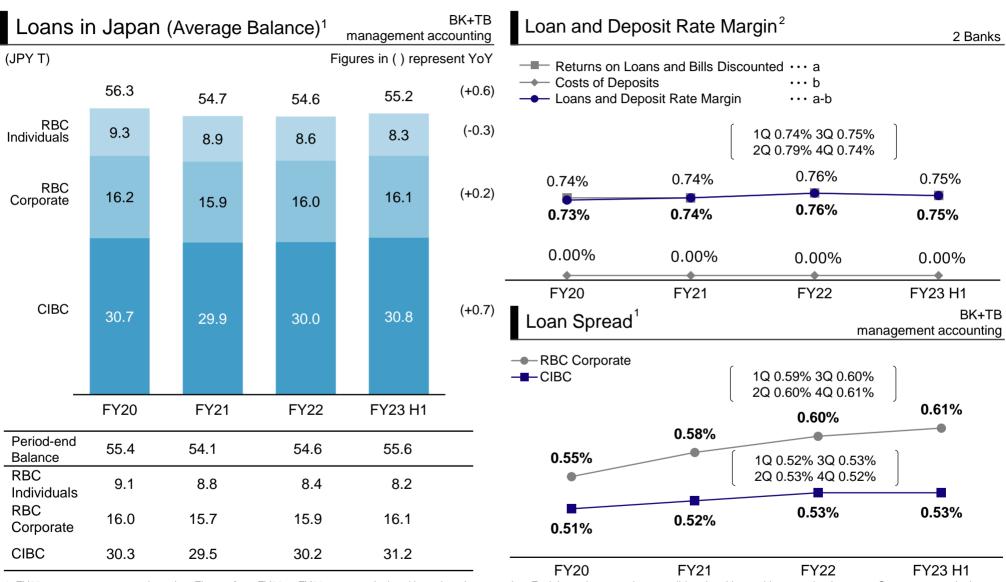
(JPY B)



<sup>1.</sup> Incl. Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others. Rounded figures before consolidation adjustment. 2. Net Business Profits are the sum of figures from SC consolidation and U.S.-based entities (such as MSUSA, etc.) which are not consolidated subsidiaries of SC. Interim Net Income is Management accounting basis, which includes the figures of such U.S. based entities. Figures of U.S.-based entities are: Net Business Profits JPY 58.2B, Interim Net Income JPY 48.9B. 3. Excl. Consolidation, Amortization of Goodwill and other.



## Loans in Japan

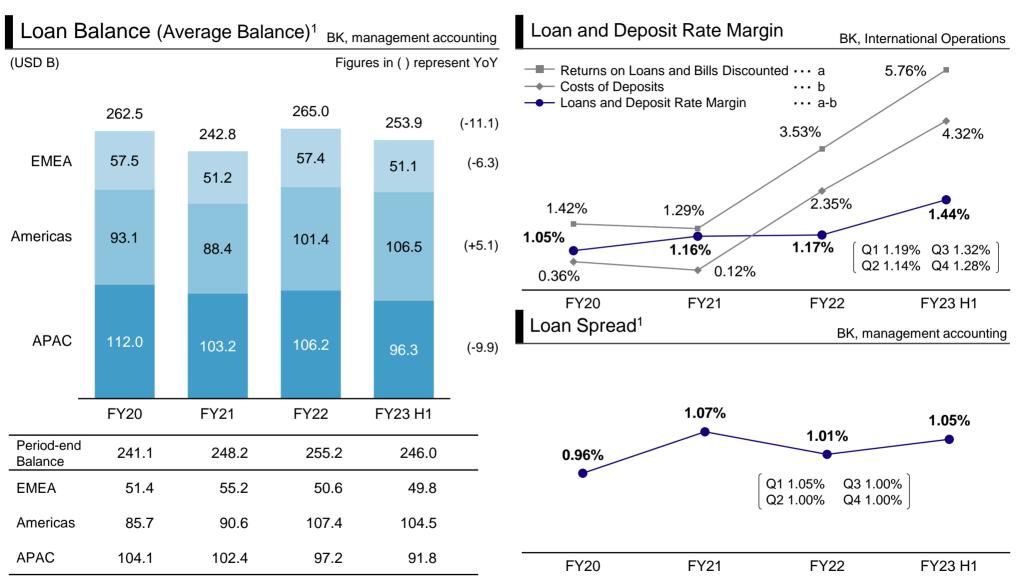


<sup>1.</sup> FY23 management accounting rules. Figures from FY20 to FY22 were recalculated based on the new rules. Excl. loans between the consolidated entities and loans to the Japanese Government and others.

<sup>2.</sup> Excl. loans to financial institutions (incl. FG) and the Japanese Government & others. Domestic operations.



## Loans outside Japan



<sup>1.</sup> FY23 management accounting rules. Figures from FY20 to FY22 were recalculated based on the new rules. Excl. loans between the consolidated entities. Incl. the subsidiaries in China, the U.S., the Netherlands, Indonesia, Malaysia, Russia, Brazil and Mexico.



## Reference: Outlook on Loans

Mar-23

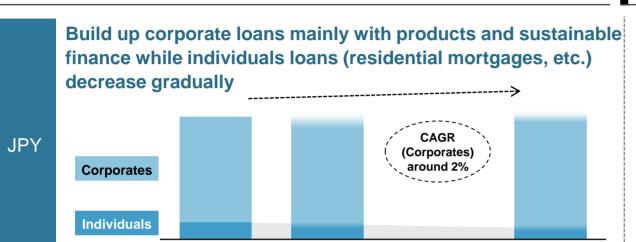


In-house company management accounting basis

Mar-26

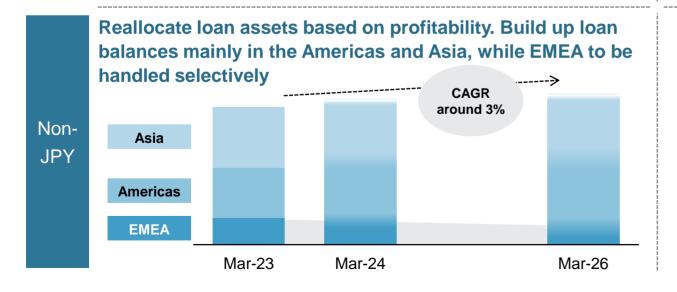
Loan Spread

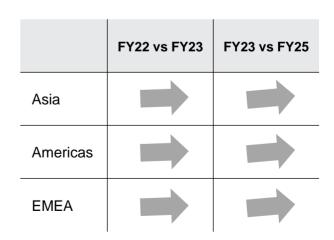
In-house company management accounting basis



Mar-24

	FY22 vs FY23	FY23 vs FY25
Large Corporates		
SMEs		
Individuals		<b>&gt;</b>

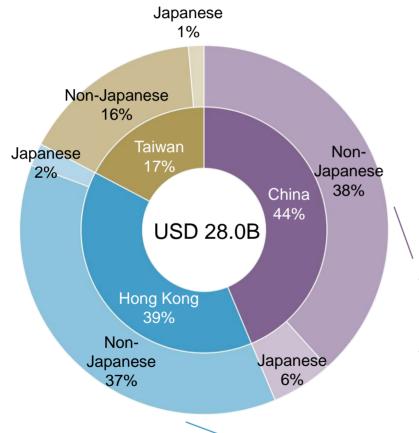




# Portfolio outside Japan (1)

## Loans to China, Hong Kong and Taiwan (Sep-23) 1

Balance after guarantee at country or region of risk



- Control the quantity and quality of the loan portfolio while improving profitability mainly by non-interest income
  - Achieve mobility in loan assets by actively managing their maturity and salability
  - Enhance returns on a by-client and by-deal basis, through the strengthening of Transaction Banking, DCM, etc., and reduction of low-profitability assets
- ✓ Global automobile-related companies and leading state-owned companies such as petroleum and chemicals, etc., and major privatesector companies such as TMT²
- ✓ Real estate-related loans in China represent approx. 10% of total loan balance in China, and are mainly extended to leading state-owned companies. Look to maintain same ratio going forward.
- ✓ Loans primarily to IG Hong Kong conglomerates, whose resilience against real estate market downturn has been confirmed through stress testing

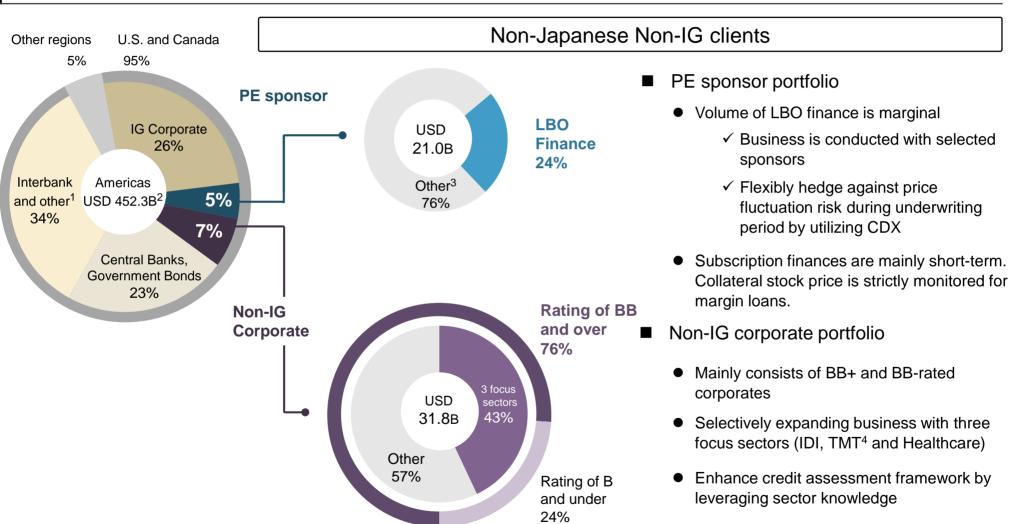
<sup>1.</sup> BK Consolidated+TB Consolidated. Classification of Japanese and non-Japanese clients is on a management accounting basis. 2. Telecom, Media & Technologies.



# Portfolio outside Japan (2)

## Exposure in the Americas (Sep-23)

Management accounting basis



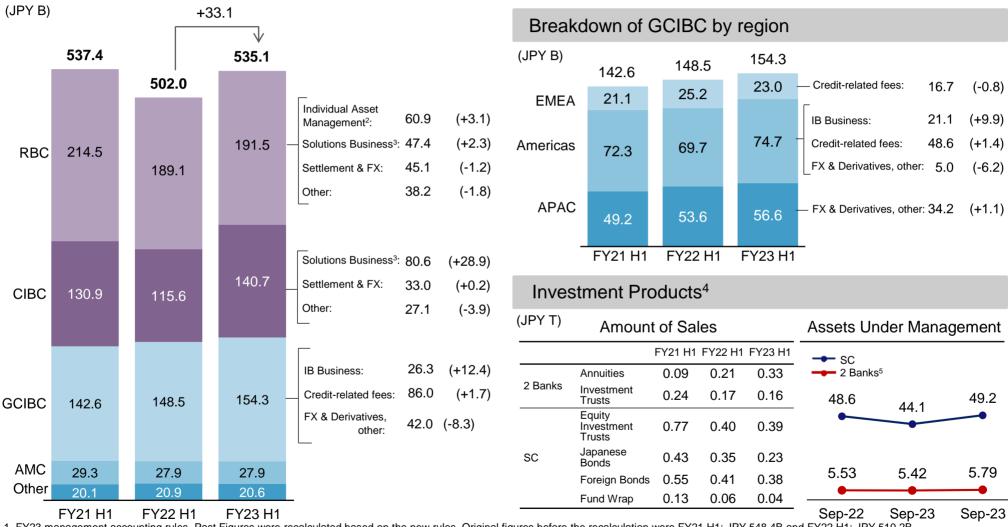
<sup>1.</sup> Interbank transactions, Japanese corporates, etc. 2. BK Consolidated+TB Consolidated. Inclusive of loans, commitment lines, guarantee transactions, derivatives related credit, etc. Balance after guarantee at country of risk. 3. Subscription finance, margin loans. 4. Industrial & Diversified Industries, Telecom, Media & Technologies.



## Non-interest Income

#### Non-interest Income (Customer Groups)<sup>1</sup>

Group aggregate, preliminary figures Figures in ( ) represent YoY

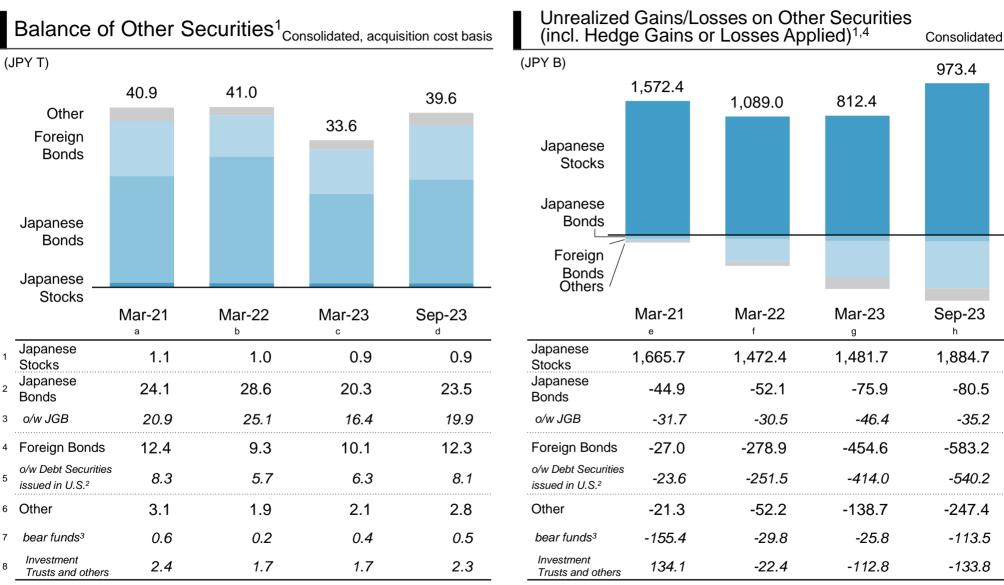


<sup>1.</sup> FY23 management accounting rules. Past Figures were recalculated based on the new rules. Original figures before the recalculation were FY21 H1: JPY 548.4B and FY22 H1: JPY 510.2B.

<sup>2.</sup> BK investment trusts, annuities + SC individual segment, PB segment. 3. Incl. fees related to investment banking business and real estate brokerage.

<sup>4.</sup> SC: Retail & Business Banking Division. 5. Total of Individual Annuities, Investment Trust (excluding MMF), and Non-JPY Deposits.

## Securities Portfolio

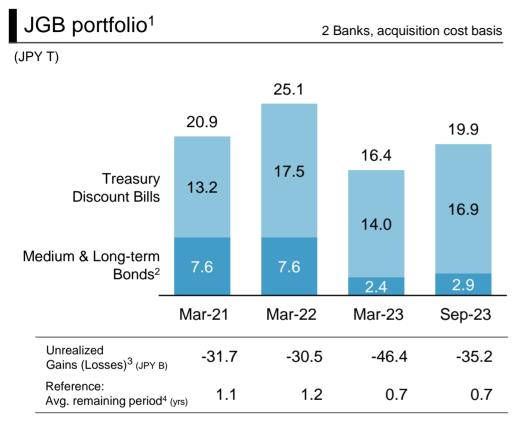


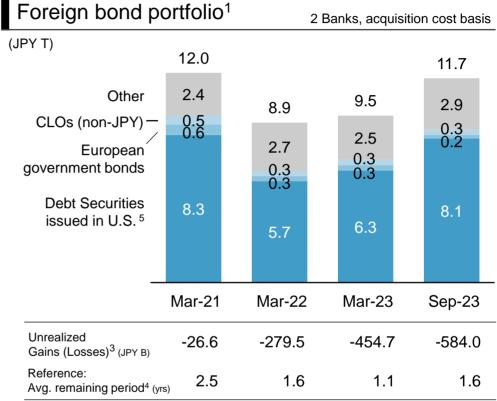
<sup>1.</sup> Other Securities which have readily determinable fair values. Excl. Investments in Partnership. 2. UST/GSE Bonds. 2 Banks. 3. Hedging transactions aiming to fix unrealized gains on Japanese stocks.

<sup>4.</sup> Changes in value to be recorded directly to Net Assets after tax and other necessary adjustments. After applying Net deferred gains/losses of deferred hedging accounting among hedging instruments.



# Securities Portfolio (Bonds)





#### (Ref.) Bonds held to maturity

2 Banks, acquisition cost basis

	Mar-21	Mar-22	Mar-23	Sep-23	
Balance (JPY T)	0.8	1.5	2.0	2.9	_

#### (Ref.) Foreign currency Banking Operations

 Continued integrated interest rate risk management across foreign bond portfolio and foreign currency ALM
 FY23 H1 Movement in

Foreign bonds<sup>3</sup> + Foreign currency ALM

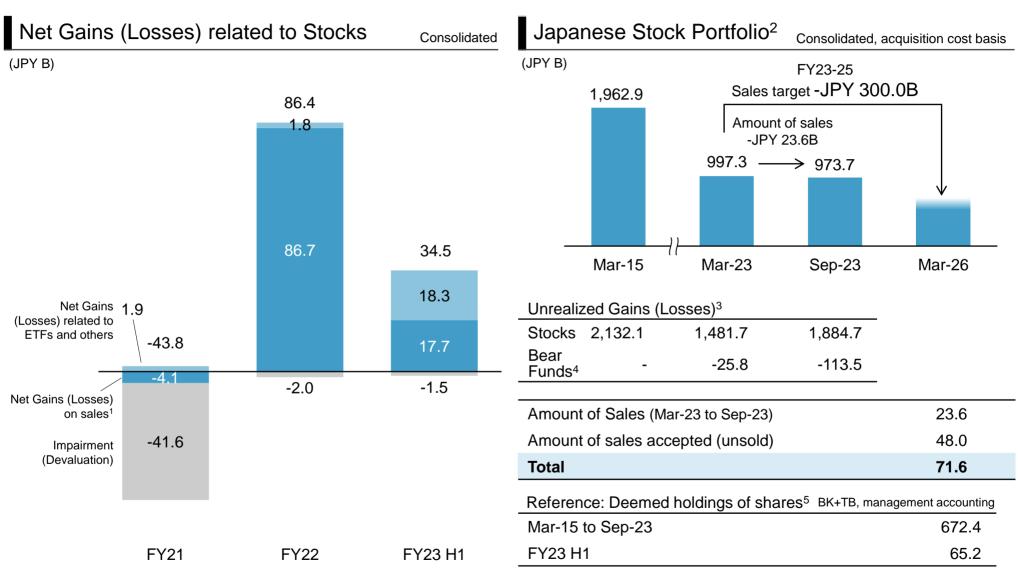
o/w FX effects

FY23 H1 Movement in Unrealized Gains (Losses)<sup>6</sup> Approx. -JPY 90B Approx. -JPY 40B

<sup>1.</sup> Other Securities which have readily determinable fair values. 2. Incl. bonds with remaining period of one year or less. 3. Changes in value to be recorded directly to Net Assets after tax and other necessary adjustments. Applying Net Deferred gains (losses) of deferred hedging accounting among hedging instruments. 4. Management accounting basis. After taking into account hedging activities, excl. bonds held to maturity. 5. UST/GSE Bonds. 6. Management accounting basis



# Securities Portfolio (Stocks)



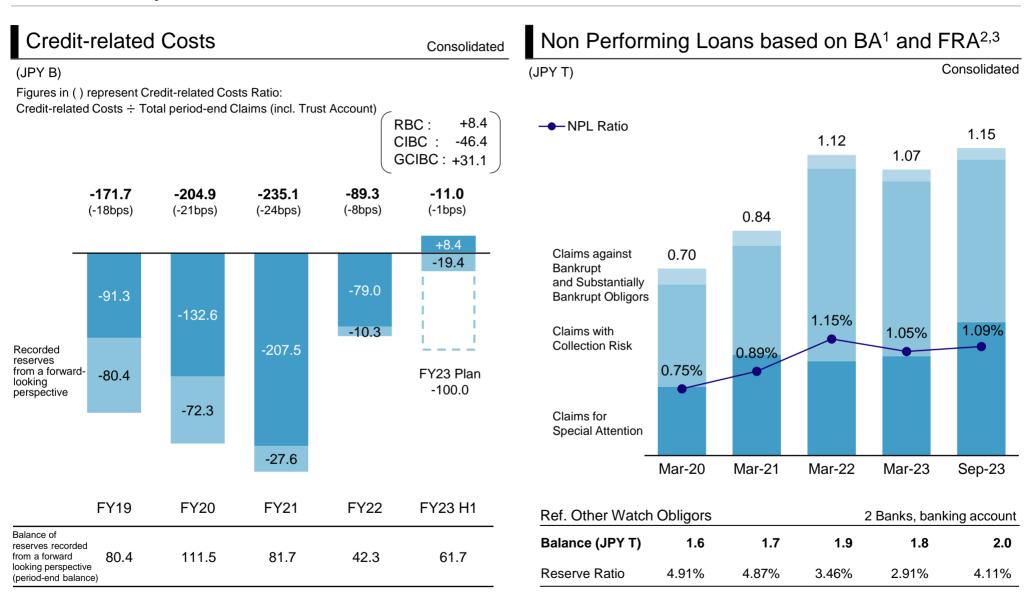
<sup>1.</sup> Net Gains (Losses) on sales of stocks + Net Gains (Losses) on Derivatives other than for trading. 2. Other Securities with readily determinable fair values, excl. Investments in Partnerships.

<sup>5.</sup> Partially includes amount recorded as assets of BK or TB. Management accounting basis.



<sup>3.</sup> Changes in value to be recorded directly to Net Assets after tax and other necessary adjustments. 4. Hedging transactions aiming to fix unrealized gains on Japanese stocks.

# **Asset Quality**



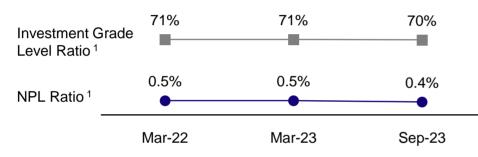
<sup>1.</sup> Banking Act. 2. Financial Reconstruction Act. 3. Incl. Trust Account. Ratio and balance before Mar-21 are based on non performing loans on FRA.



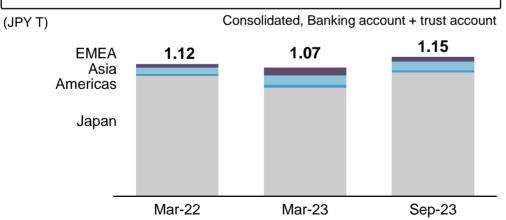
## Asset Quality outside Japan

#### Quality of loan portfolio

- Promote business with Non-Japanese blue chip companies under "Global 300 strategy"
- Financing towards SMEs and individuals outside Japan is marginal

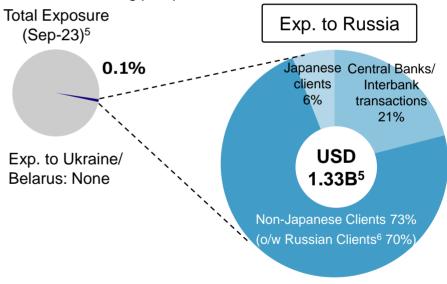


#### Non Performing Loans based on BA<sup>2</sup> and FRA<sup>3</sup> (by region<sup>4</sup>)



## Russian related exposure (Sep-23)

- Focusing on providing necessary support (settlement operations, etc.) primarily to existing Japanese clients operating in Russia, while complying with the sanctions imposed
- Russian related exposure decreased from Mar-23 due to repayment of loans, sales of receivables and others.
   Reserves were recorded to the fullest extent possible under Japanese accounting standards, including those from a forward-looking perspective



Reserves on Russian related Exposure<sup>7</sup>: JPY 54.3B

<sup>6.</sup> Includes project finance transactions. 7. Reserve account for Possible Losses on Loans to Restructuring Countries.

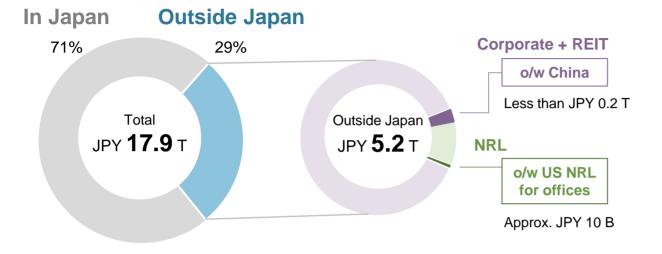


<sup>1.</sup> BK (incl. banking subsidiaries outside Japan), In-house company management basis. 2. Banking Act. 3. Financial Reconstruction Act. 4. Representative main branch basis.

<sup>5.</sup> BK Consolidated+TB Consolidated. Inclusive of loans, commitment lines, guarantee transactions, derivatives related credit, etc. Balance after guarantee at country of risk.

## Exposure to Real Estate Sector

Management accounting basis<sup>1</sup>



Exposure to real estate sector outside
 Japan is approximately 30% of the total

#### In Japan

- Real estate market has remained steady compared to overseas markets
- IG-rated clients represent approximately 80% of exposure

#### Outside Japan

- Selectively expanding business with IG-rated clients, and counterparties with resilient associated assets
- U.S. NRL exposure is less than 0.1%<sup>2</sup> of total U.S. CRE loan balance
- China portfolio solid, with over 80% of exposure originated to IG-rated clients, and over 95% to governmentassociated clients<sup>3</sup>

(JPY T)	Balance	Pct.		o/w NRL	Balance	Pct.	
Total	17.9	100%	$\rightarrow$	Total	4.4	100%	
In Japan	12.8	71%	-	In Japan	3.9	88%	
Large Corporations	4.3	24%		Outside Japan	0.5	12%	
SMEs and Individuals	2.4	13%		Ref. NRL balance outside of Japan			
J-REIT	2.2	12%		By region			
NRL	3.9	22%	•	Americas	0.2	5%	
Outside Japan	5.2	29%		EMEA	0.1	3%	
Corporate	2.5	14%		APAC	0.2	4%	
REIT	2.1	12%		By asset type			
NRL	0.5	3%		Offices	0.1	3%	

- 1. BK consolidated+TB non-consolidated. Total exposure including loans, FX and unused commitment lines. Sep-23. NRL represents Non Recourse Loans.
- 2. U.S. Total Commercial Real Estate loan balance, published by FRB. 3. Counterparties associated with central government and local government in first-tier cities.



# **Basel Regulatory Disclosures**

#### **Capital Ratios** Other Regulatory Ratios Consolidated Consolidated (JPY B) (JPY B) Mar-22 Mar-23 Sep-23 17.53% Total 16.05% 15.86% Leverage Ratio 4.56% 4.46% 4.38% Tier1 15.00% 13.91% 13.80% External TLAC Ratio Risk Weighted Assets 24.24% 24.02% 23.22% CFT1 12.46% **Basis** 11.80% 11.52% [11.52%] (Excl. Net Unrealized **Total Exposure Basis** 8.43% 8.85% 8.52% [11.28%] [10.93%] Gains (Losses) on Other Securities) FY21 Q4 **FY22 Q4** FY23 Q2 Liquidity Coverage 136.5% 130.6% 132.7% Mar-22 Mar-23 Sep-23 Ratio (LCR) Total HQLA 71,174.1 77,599.9 80,465.1 **Total Capital** 11.306.9 12.228.2 11.351.6 **Net Cash Outflows** 52.140.9 59.419.4 60,670.1 Tier1 Capital 9.713.2 9,803.3 10,636.3 CET1 Capital<sup>1</sup> 8.067.2 8.315.5 8.885.3 AT1 Capital<sup>2</sup> 1.646.0 1.487.8 1.751.0 Reference: Mar-22 Mar-23 Sep-23 Tier2 Capital 1,638.3 1,503.5 1,591.8 **CET1 Capital Ratio** 9.9% 9.9% 10.0% Risk Weighted (Basel III finalization basis) 64.730.4 70.434.1 77.063.5 Assets (excl. Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) 9.3% 9.5% 9.6% **Total Exposure** 212.972.0 219,441.1 242,406,1 on Other Securities)

<sup>1.</sup> Common Equity Tier 1 Capital. 2. Additional Tier 1 Capital.



# FY2023 Earnings Outlook

#### Earnings outlook

Consolidated	FY22		FY23	
(JPY B)	Results	H1 Results	Revised Outlook	vs May
Consolidated Net Business Profits + Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others	807.1	554.3	950.0	+50.0
Credit-related Costs	-89.3	-11.0	-100.0	±0
Net Gains (Losses) related to Stocks - Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others	84.6	16.2	60.0	±0
Ordinary Profits	789.6	574.0	910.0	+50.0
Net Income Attributable to FG	555.5	415.7	640.0	+30.0

 Increased earnings outlook, given steady performance in core business profits, Yen depreciation and other factors

#### Shareholder return

Cash dividend per share	FY	23
		vs May
Interim Cash Dividend	JPY 50.00	+JPY 2.5
Fiscal Year-end Cash Dividend (Estimate)	JPY 50.00	+JPY 2.5
Annual Cash Dividend (Estimate)	JPY 100.00	+JPY 5.00

 Annual Cash Dividend (Estimate) raised to JPY 100.00

[Assumed financial indicators] 10Y JGB Yield 0.60%. Nikkei 225, JPY 31,000. USD/JPY 135.



# Plan by In-house Company

(JPY B)

Group aggregate, preliminary figures Net Business Profits<sup>1</sup> Net Income<sup>1</sup> ROE<sup>1</sup> FY23 H1 FY23 FY23 H1 FY23 **FY23** Plan YoY Plan YoY Plan YoY Result Result **Customer Groups** 373.5 755.0 +11.0 278.5 558.0 +24.0 2.8% **RBC** 45.2 35.0 +16.0 88.0 +8.055.0 +0.8% **CIBC** 161.7 321.0 +8.0 108.9 281.0 -14.0 8.8% -0.1% **GCIBC** 7.9% 160.3 332.0 -6.0 132.7 217.0 +21.0 +0.4% **AMC** 6.4 14.0 +1.0 1.9 5.0 +1.0 4.5% +1.0% 129.5 90.4 4.2% Markets (GMC) 154.0 104.0 +2.2% +94.0 +69.0 950.0 640.0 7.3% FG Consolidated<sup>2</sup> 554.3 415.7 +85.0 +0.7% +143.0 vs initial plan vs initial plan vs initial plan +50.0 +30.0 +0.3%

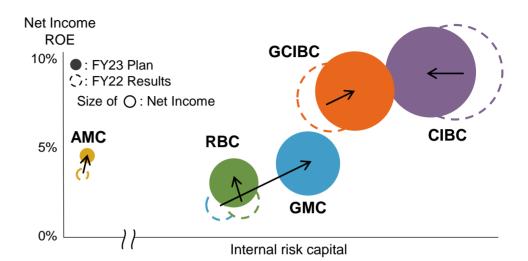
<sup>1.</sup> Accounting rule as of FY23. GMC includes Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others of 2 Banks. 2. Figures for Net Business Profits includes Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others. Net Income is Net Income Attributable to FG.

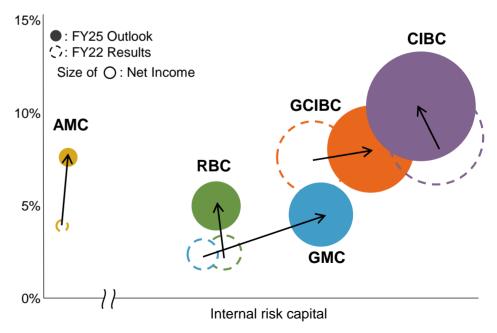


# ROE / Internal Risk Capital by In-house Company

- Aim to strengthen stable profit base and improve ROE, pursuing enhanced capital efficiency in each In-house Company
  - Allocate internal risk capital by concentrating corporate resources to focus areas and reducing low-return assets
  - Derive ROE target for each in-house Company from FG consolidated ROE, based on cost of capital and profit forecast considering the business environment

	FY22 Results	FY23 Plan	FY25 Outlook
RBC	2.0%	2.8%	4.9%
CIBC	8.8%	8.8%	10.4%
GCIBC	7.5%	7.9%	7.9%
GMC	2.0%	4.2%	4.6%
AMC	3.5%	4.5%	7.5%
FG Conso	olidated 6.6%	7.3%	Over 8%





<sup>\*</sup> New management accounting rules were applied in FY23.



# Reference: Estimating the financial impact of JPY rate-hike

Abolishing of NIRP<sup>1</sup> (Policy rate +0.10%)

Annual P/L impact estimation: JPY B/S (Sep-23)<sup>5</sup> Impact on interest income assuming no change in current balance-sheet (JPY T) [Case 1.] Abolishing of NIRP1 [Case 2.1 Continued increase in policy rate 56 118 Loans **Deposits** Floating: Approx. 60% Avg. **+JPY 50.0** в +JPY 35.0 B<sup>2</sup> Fixed: Approx. 20% (unchanged from previous Ref. estimation in July 2023 Prime rate, etc.: Approx. 20% Liquid: Approx. 80% Simulation based on Analysis of upwards parallel shift for risk monitoring purposes<sup>4</sup> a set of assumptions<sup>1</sup> Fixed-term: Approx. 20% Market **72** nvestment Assumptions (BoJ Current Account): For example: Treasury Discount Bill<sup>6</sup>: 18 (change) (change) +0.10% +0.10% Mid/long-term: Policy Interest Rate Balance: Policy Interest Rate Balance: Unchanged +0.10% Avg. remaining period: 0.7yrs<sup>7</sup> Macro Add-on Balance: Macro Add-on Balance: Unchanged +0.10% Base Balance: Base Balance: Bank of Japan **Current Account:** 42 □ Actual impact would fluctuate in line Conceptual interest with market environment 13 rate sensitivity Other 4 Other Variables affecting impact: Rate framework applied to Past investment in JGBs8 Ref. **BoJ Current Account** Interest income Market-wide interest rate trends Mid/long-term 10Y JGB Yield Treasury JGB Discount Bills (RHS) 100% 1.00% 0.50% 50% 0.00%

Continued increase in policy rate

Mar-12



Mar-23 Sep-23

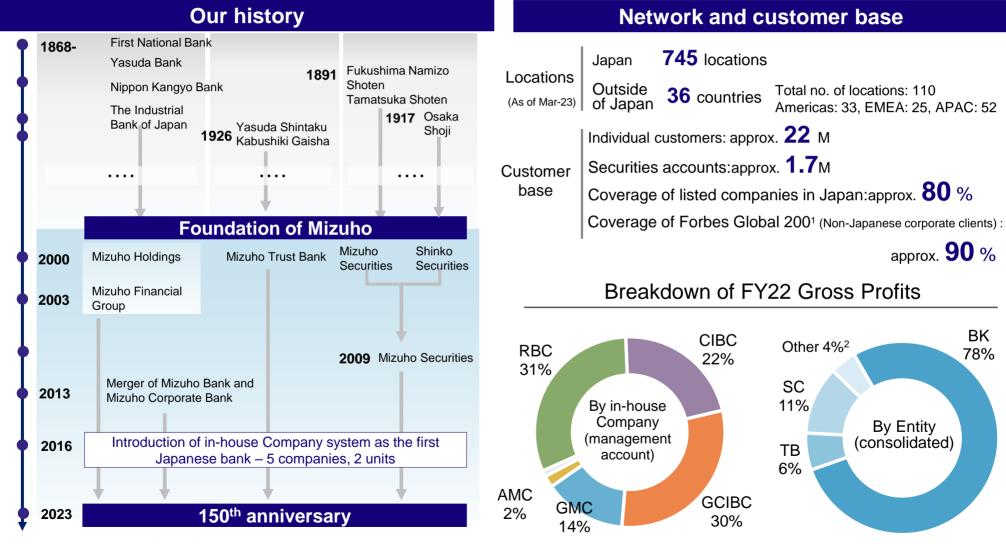
<sup>1.</sup> Key assumption: Policy Interest Rate 0.00% (+0.10% vs Sep-23), Rate applied to Macro Add-on Balance 0.00% and to Base Balance 0.00% (unchanged from Sep-23), Short-term rate (TIBOR and other) and Long-term rate +0.10% (vs Sep-23). 2. Loan/Deposit Income +20.0Bn. Market Investment +15.0Bn. 3. <a href="https://www.mizuhogroup.com/binaries/content/assets/pdf/mizuhoglobal/investors/financial-information/ir-information/briefing/202308\_1.pdf">https://www.mizuhogroup.com/binaries/content/assets/pdf/mizuhoglobal/investors/financial-information/ir-information/briefing/202308\_1.pdf</a>, p.12. 4. JPY \( \Delta \text{JPY \( \Delta \text{IV} \) Under IRRBB. Average based on 100bps instantaneous upwards parallel shift. BK Consolidated, Jun-23. 5. BK, management accounting basis.

6. Government guaranteed bonds and other. 7. Excl. bonds held to maturity. After taking into account hedging activities. 8. Other securities. Acquisition cost basis.

Outline of Mizuho Group

# Who we are: Mizuho Group (1) Outline

■ To mark 150<sup>th</sup> anniversary, as the first bank founded in Japan, we offer full range of financial services, banking, trust banking and securities, with wide range of network and customer base



<sup>1.</sup> The top 200 companies in the Forbes Global 2000. 2. Includestransactions between subsidiaries that should be consolidated and eliminated as internal transactions



# Who we are: Mizuho Group (2)

#### RBC Retail

Figures as of Sep-23

- Promoted integrated asset management consulting across our Group (BK-TB-SC)
- Grew the stable revenue base by expanding AUM
- Exercising FD¹ supporting advanced consulting



BK

TB

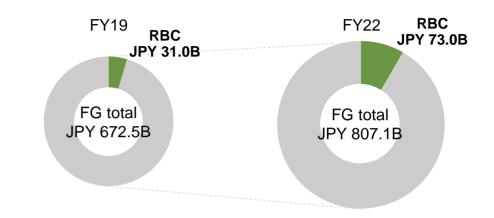
#### **RBC** Medium-sized companies and SMEs

FG

- Switched to new branch structure in 2021, consolidating expertise based on industrial sectors
- Enhanced the capabilities of providing solutions based on clients' needs, including addressing sustainability transformation & digitalization, through supporting growth strategy and business succession. Continuing to change loan profit structure

#### **Net Business Profit**

Management accounting, rounded figures



#### **RBC** breakdown

- Individual Retail: Asset management, Business generated through succession, Real-estate
- Medium-sized companies and SMEs: Lending, Solutions businesses
- Non-face-to-face:
  - Residential mortgages, Card Loans, Frontier areas



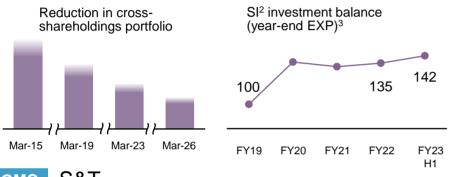
<sup>1.</sup> Fiduciary Duties. 2. Publicly offered equity investment trust. 3. Calculated by dividing the average balance held in the past year by the total amount of cancellations and depreciation. 4. Based on data published by The Investment Trusts Association.



# Who we are: Mizuho Group (3)

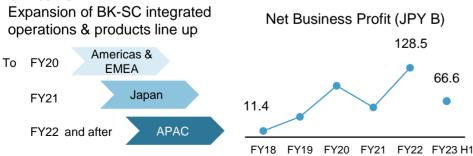
#### CIBC Large corporations (in Japan)

- Implemented the IG/RG¹ framework which promotes group unified initiatives among banking, trust banking and securities
- Having been promoting co-creation business and risk sharing model by leveraging our strengths in industry insight, and shifting capital from cross-shareholdings



#### GMC S&T

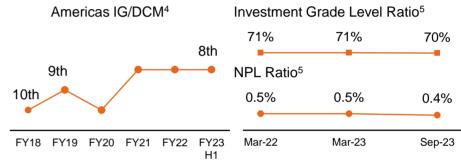
- Expanding BK-SC integrated operations on a global basis
- Enhanced business in Americas, diversifying deal generation by expanding product line-up, increasing resistance to environmental change. Strengthened APAC's infrastructure, aiming for steady build-up of income.



#### **GCIBC** Outside Japan

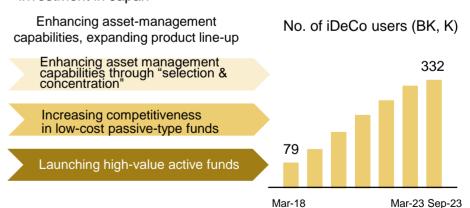
Management accounting

- Pursuing business with leading non-Japanese corporations based on the Global 300 strategy.
- Establishing a solid position in Americas IG DCM.



#### AMC Asset Management

 Aiming for solid growth through leading the reinvigoration of fund investment in Japan



1. Industry Group & Regional Group. Formation based on industry sector. 2. Strategic Investment. Hybrid financing, Equity & Mezzanine, etc. 3. Balance indexed at FY19 as 100. 4. Bonds issued by investment grade corporations. Fee basis. Source: Dealogic. 5. BK (incl. banking subsidiaries outside Japan), In-house company management basis.



# What we aim through Strategic Capital and Business Alliance with Rakuten Securities

Provide integrated new asset formation and asset management services with the customer's perspective by leveraging both online and offline services

#### **Strength of Mizuho**

#### **24M**

(Number of retail customers)

Face to face Consulting (Branch network)

**Consulting capability** (The 1st Grade Financial Planner/ CFP holders:1,821)

Strong corporate customer base and partnership

**Integrated Financial functions** (Trust, Research, etc.)

A new retail business model that allows customers

to utilize both online and offline channels Digital **Face-to-face consulting** 

Mizuho Securities Mizuho Bank

**Consulting oriented** 

**Rakuten Securities** 

Joint consideration of product and service capabilities

JV Company

**Collaborative Platform** 

**Strength of Rakuten** 

**UI/UX** oriented

#### 100M

(Rakuten IDs issued)

Digital (Excellent UI /UX)

Low cost channel

No.1 share of NISA accounts

> Rakuten **Ecosystem**

\* As of Sep.23



# How the Business Alliance with Rakuten Securities works in our medium-term business plan

# Business focus area in medium-term business plan

Support for the doubling of asset-based income

Improving customer experience

Enhancing our in-house services

**High Net Worth** 

Customers with asset building needs (Aim of strengthening partnership)

New asset building and asset management services by leveraging both online and offline channels

Mizuho's Customers

Rakuten Securities's Customers

#### Strengthening approach for customers with asset building needs

Provide newly added value, which can not be realized by Mizuho alone

#### Contribute to

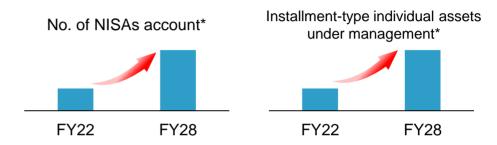
"Living lives in the aging society without concerns about the future"

"Realizing comfortable, safe and convenient lives"

#### Support for the doubling of asset-based income

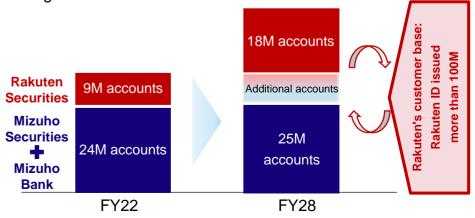
Aiming for a leading position in asset building industry by collaborating with partner

#### Aiming to be the dominant player together with the partner



#### Improving customer experience

Aiming to expand Mizuho's customer base exponentially, by providing attractive platform in asset building and asset management services



<sup>\*</sup> Total of Mizuho Bank, Mizuho Securities and Rakuten Securities

# **Global Retail Strategy**

Capturing the growth of Asia through Digital Finance

Policy for selecting 'target countries

Population scale and the outlook for economic growth.

target countries for investment

 Volume of numbers of young generation without bank accounts (the unbanked segment).



Promote financial transactions via Digital Finance.

No intention to pursue branch-based retail business.





#### Vietnam

Invested in Dec-21

No.1 super-app<sup>1</sup> (Share<sup>2</sup>)

Approx. 7.5%3

No. of registered users<sup>2</sup>

Payment transaction volume<sup>2</sup>

Over **36** M (Mar-23)

USD **24** B

(cumulative Dec-22)



First digital bank in

No. of

registered users<sup>5</sup>

Over 1 M

(Jun-23)

(started operations in Mar-21)

the Philippines

**Philippines** 

Invested in Feb-22

Approx. 10%<sup>4</sup>

Deposit balance<sup>6</sup>

USD **146** M

(Jun-23)



No. of

registered users8

**7.8** M

(Sep-23)

(Share)

Indonesia

Invested in Mar-23

No.1 BNPL<sup>7</sup> provider

USD 125M

Coverage rate of e-commerce

No.1

<sup>1.</sup> All-encompassing mobile application that can provide services on personal life, incl. massaging, ride-hailing, and payment. 2. Source: MoMo Info Memo. 3. Investment ratio to Online Mobile Services Joint Stock Company. 4. Investment ratio to Tonik Financial Ptd. Ltd. 5. Source: Tonik web site. 6. Source: Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas 7. Buy Now Pay Later. 8. Source Kredivo Info Memo.



# Position of the new Medium-term business plan\*

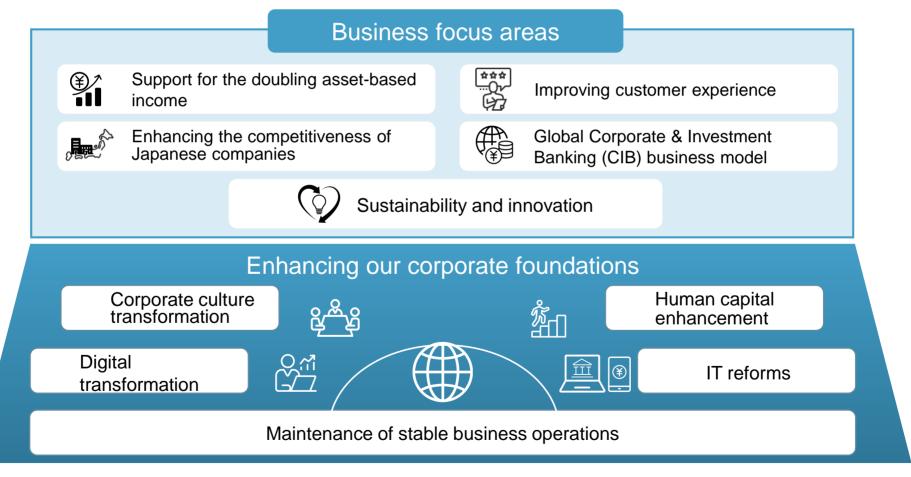
 Backcasting from our vision for the future, we have revised our Corporate Identity and launched the new Medium-term business plan



# Basic Policy of the new Medium-term business plan<sup>1</sup>

A three-year journey connecting various challenges and co-creating value-added solutions in order to support our clients' initiative and to solve social issues

- Make the most effective use of corporate resources through a flexible business development approach
- · Together with our clients and society, build the cornerstone of future sustainable growth and prosperity



<sup>1.</sup> Excerpt from Mizuho FG Investor Presentation for FY22 in May-23. 2. Announced by Kishida Administration, which encourages the shift of household excess fund from saving into investment.



# The new Medium-term business plan target<sup>1</sup>

#### Mizuho's vision for the future

Personal well-being

A sustainable society and economy

#### **Pursue social impact**

e.g. Household financial assets, Competitiveness rank of Japan, Märket value of Japanese companies

#### **Management Capital**

**Financial** Capital

Nonfinancial Capital

#### **Management Strategy**

**Business** Strategy

Strengthen corporate foundation

# **Create society value**

# **Enhance corporate value**

Medium-term business plan target

Consolidated ROE 2

over 8 %

Consolidated Net Business Profits <sup>3</sup> JPY 1-1.1T

Engagement score 4

**65** %

Inclusion score 4

**65** %

#### **Expansion of Management Capital (input)**

[Assumed financial indicators] JGB (10-yr): 0.95%, Nikkei 225: JPY 30,000, USD/JPY: JPY 120 (FY25)

1. Excerpt from Mizuho FG Investor Presentation for FY22 in May-23, 2. Excl. Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities. 3. Consolidated Net Business Profits + Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and other. 4. Based on the positive response rate (selection of 4 or 5 on a scale from 1 to 5) for four Staff Survey questions related to engagement and inclusion.



# Assumed Scenario for Target Achievement<sup>1</sup>

- Allocate corporate resources to focus areas, aiming for Net Consolidated Business Profits of JPY 1-1.1T, and Net Income attributable to FG of mid JPY 700B
- Asset management & wealth management: Use the new NISA2 as a chance to strengthen our presence

Domestic corporates:

(Large corporates) address sustainability-driven business (Medium-sized corporates) target and approach strategically

Global CIB business:

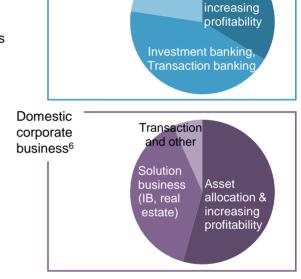
Reallocating and injecting resources to the Americas and APAC regions where growth is expected

Expenses:

Exercise a disciplined, ratio-focused approach. Allocate expenditure to focus business areas and to streamline corporate governance functions

JPY 1-1.1T

in order to keep aligned with G-SIBs standard (JPY B, rounded figures3)



S&T

Asset

allocation 8

Global CIB

business<sup>6</sup>

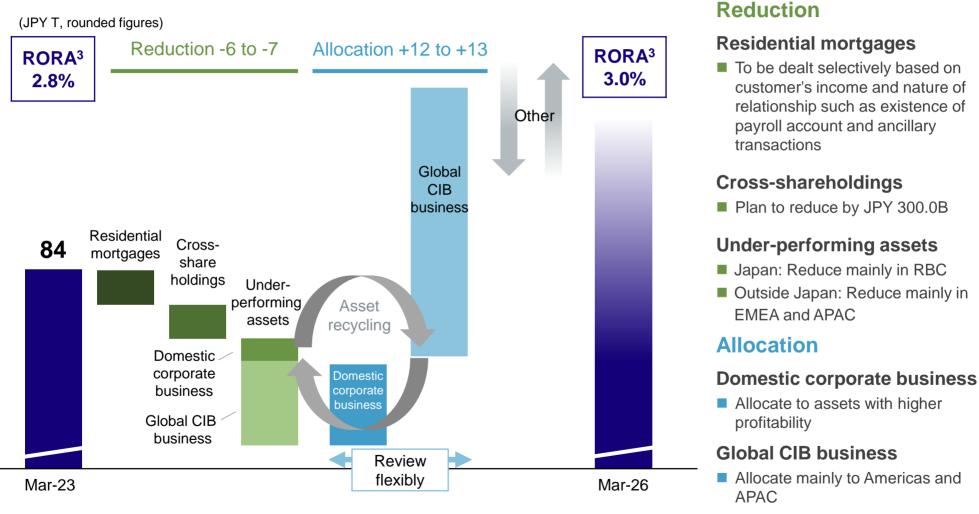


<sup>3.</sup> Consolidated Net Business Profit + Net gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others. 4. GCIBC+GMC/S&T Outside of Japan 5. Banking + S&T in Japan and other. 6. Gross Business Profits base. The pie chart shows the proportion of the profit growth (outlook) in each business to the total accumulative profit growth from FY22 to FY25 (outlook) in the focus areas. Rounded figures.



# Assumed Scenario for Target Achievement – Risk Weighted Assets (RWA)<sup>1</sup>

■ Reallocate RWA² to focus business areas whilst pursuing capital efficiency. Though a slight increase expected in the total, use of RWAs will be flexibly reviewed in line with prevailing business environment



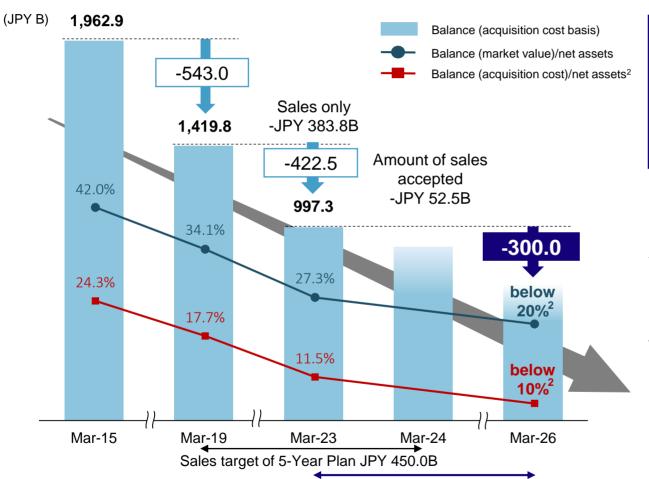
<sup>1.</sup> Excerpt from Mizuho FG Investor Presentation for FY22 in May-23. 2. RWA calculated on a management accounting basis. RBC, CIBC & GCIBC calculated on Basel III finalization basis. Incl. interest-rate risk in banking account. 3. Gross Business Profit RORA.



# Sales of Cross-shareholdings<sup>1</sup>

■ Plan to reaccelerate sales as part of the new Medium-term business plan, in pursuit of enhanced capital efficiency. Assumed outcome for ratio of stocks to net assets to be less than 10% in book value and less than 20% in market value by the end of Mar-26 ¹





New Medium-term business plan target

#### Sales JPY 300.0B

(Mar-23 to Mar-26)

(Reference) Stock reduction from Employee Retirement Benefit Trust Fund

	Mar-20 to Mar-23 Actual	Mar-23 to Mar-26 Outlook <sup>4</sup>
Total Reduction	-JPY 576.8B	-JPY 200.0B
CET1 Capital Ratio (Basel III finalization basis) <sup>3</sup>	+0.5%	+0.2%

Continue sales after Mar-26, putting emphasis on profitability

Sales target for new Medium-term business plan JPY 300.0B

<sup>1.</sup> Excerpt from Mizuho FG Investor Presentation for FY22 in May-23. 2. Calculated based on the net asset and stock price as of Mar-23. 3. Excl. net unrealized gains (losses) on other securities. 4. Calculated based on stock market price and market outlook as of Mar-23. The figure fluctuate based on market price.



# Assumed Scenario for Target Achievement (other corporate resources)<sup>1</sup>

Thoroughly review our business portfolio and the current allocation of corporate resources, given their constraints, and reallocate them to focus areas

#### Expense ratio

■ Lowered the expense ratio notably through structural reforms



- While ensuring disciplined control of expenditure based on expense ratio, allocate expenses mainly to focus areas
- Stay committed to raising productivity and reducing expenses

65%

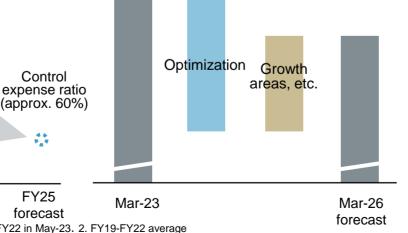
FY22

#### Personnel

■ Although process of digitalization is still underway, headcount is decreasing

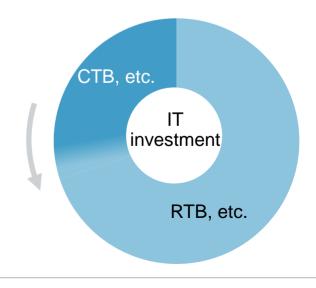


- Promote digitalization and optimization of business processes. Improve efficiency of existing businesses
- Allocate human resources to focus areas and areas necessary to streamline corporate governance functions in order to keep aligned with G-SIBs standard



#### IT investment

- Work on to optimize IT system structure, in addition to investment for Running the Bank (RTB), accelerate investment aimed Changing the Bank (CTB)
- Increasing IT-related investment for CTB, from current approx. 20%2 up to below approx. 30% in three years



1. Excerpt from Mizuho FG Investor Presentation for FY22 in May-23. 2. FY19-FY22 average

Control

FY25

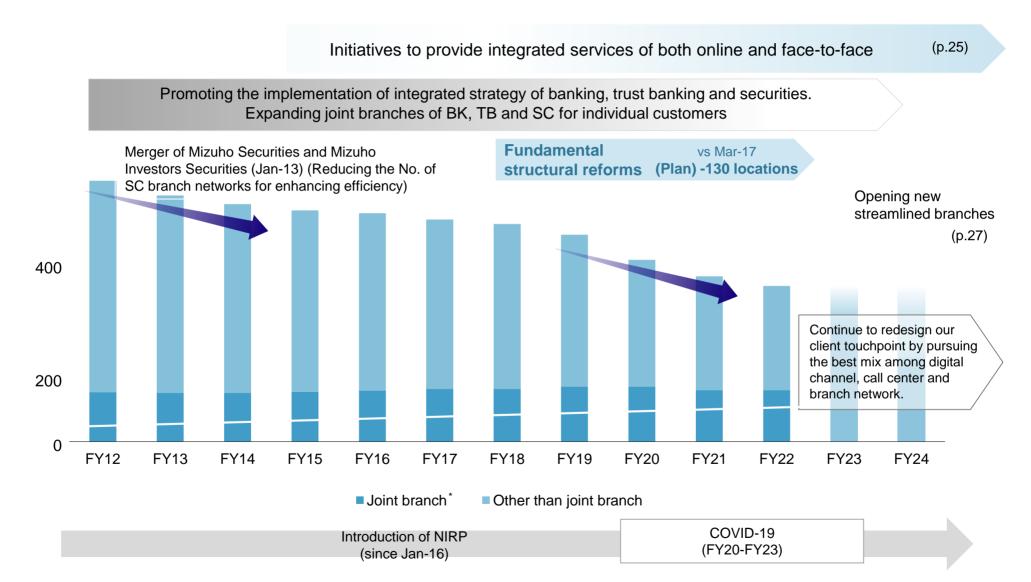
forecast



FY18

79%

# Number of frontline offices (FG)



 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Joint branch between BK, TB or BK and BK SC, or among BK, TB and SC



# Creating new value together with employees and managements

- Giving each employee the opportunity "to be yourselves" to develop a relationship in which employees co-create value with the company
- Mizuho is committed to enabling employees to be their full selves at work, which means, demonstrating each individual's strengths and characteristic, in suitable job positions, and taking on new challenges with fulfilling each assigned roles and responsibilities. We allocate sufficient budges for investments to develop HR systems and working environment to support our people.
- **<CANADE**<sup>1</sup>>, the new HR initiatives created together with both employees and the company, enables to build a relationship in which employees can speak up and the company responds by making changes. Through **<CANADE**<sup>1</sup>>, we aim to become an organization where employees and the company can work together to enhance corporate value for our customers and help solve social issues.

Internal and external Medium-to long-term upto FY23 **FY24** environment Change in employee-Prepare for <CANADE1>, a new Complete transition to <CANADE1> company relationship in human resources initiative unpredictable times; entering an era when "individual" being Allocate sufficient budget a leading act Continue investing in human capital Unify the HR framework among FY23 **Employees and** FG, BK, TB, SC, and RT Investing in education: approx. 2x1 the company will Inclusion of diverse values as a grow together, source of strength for the Wage increase: approx. 5%<sup>2</sup> Strengthen the learning system company to support each of employee's co-creating new value career Support career design, including allowing dual works (since FY19) Flexible compensation based on the value of each individual The first Japanese bank to: and others Importance of investing introduce 3 or 4-day workweek in human capital (since Dec-20)

<sup>2.</sup> Continuing employees in Japan are eligible. Compared with the result in FY22, BK



<sup>1.</sup> The figure for FY23 is a target figure. Investment for overall education and human development in FY23, vs. investment amount only for training in FY21. 5 entities including FG, BK, TB, SC and RT.

# Progress of the Business Improvement Plan

- Progress has been made in establishing an inspection circuit and improvement measures, and major IT system failures have been deterred
- Incorporated into day-to-day operations to maintain and continue effectiveness
- Along with preventing system failures, responding promptly in the event of a failure to minimize the impact on customers

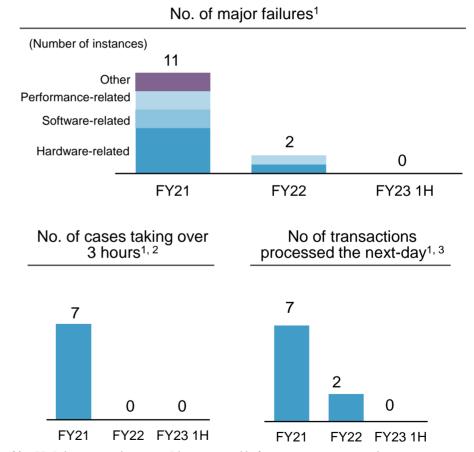
#### Main initiatives

# IT System failures prevention

- · Multidimensional inspection of key IT systems
  - 1. Parts: detect signs of failure and replace promptly
  - 2. Configuration: establish a configuration that can allows switching between multiple devices
  - 3. Procedures: Visualize and share recovery procedures
- Improving ATMs: modify specifications to prevent the swallowing of bankbooks and ATM cards into ATMs

# Enhancement of response capabilities

- Thorough initial response: Report within 30 minutes, hold a meeting within 1 hour
- Visualize business processes and data flow through joint walkthroughs by IT divisions and divisions in charge of business operations
- · Refine contingency plans and run repeated simulation drills
- Other efforts include utilizing customer and front office feedback, IT governance, transforming the corporate culture, legal compliance, and exercising of supervisory functions



<sup>1.</sup> Failures of systems with a large impact (impact in Japan, excl. those caused by external factors). FY21: Feb-21 to Mar-22. 2. Instances where over 3 hours passed before systems are restored.

<sup>3.</sup> Number of system failures (in Japan) in which transactions that should have been processed on that day were handled on the following day.



ESG

# Road map for net-zero by 2050

	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	203	0 ··· 2040	2050
GHG emission reductions	Cor	mpleted shifting	g approx.					
Scope 1,2	con	6 of our electric sumption to re			Ca	rbon neutral		
Scope 3 (Emission associated with financing and investments)	ene (FY21)		•	for each sectors		and Real Esta	ate	
Electric power	353 (-kgCO <sub>2</sub> e/MWh	35kgCO2e/MWh v	s Mar-21)		k	138~232 gCO2e/MWh		
Oil and gas Client Scope 1, 2	6.5 gCO <sub>2</sub> e/MJ	0.1gCO2e/MJ vs N	Лаr-20)			4.2 gCO2e/MJ		Net-ze
<i>"</i> 3	43.2 (-2 MtCO <sub>2</sub> e	29% vs Mar-20)		Absolute GH (MtCO <sub>2</sub> e)	IG emissions	12 to -29% <sup>3</sup>		
Thermal coal mining	1.7 (-: MtCO <sub>2</sub> e	3.4MtCO2e vs Ma	r-21)	Absolute GH (MtCO <sub>2</sub> e)	IG emissions O	ECD countries: Zero balance	Non-OECD cou Zero balance	intries:
Capture client needs			(Sep-23) Preliminary figures					
Sustainable finance <sup>2</sup> o/w finance related to environment and climate change =E	(+JPY 4	1.1T vs Mar-23) (+JPY 2.4T) <b>E</b>	JPY 25.3T : JPY 10.5T			JPY 100T E: JPY 50T		
Risk management			(Sep-23)					
Outstanding credit balance of coal- fired power generation plants	(-18	.7% vs Mar-20)	JPY 243.4B			-50% <sup>4</sup>	Zero	
High risk area exposure in transition risk sectors	(-JPY (	0.3T vs Mar-21)	JPY 1.5T	Reducti medium-l	on in the ong term			
Engagement Engagement to suppression accordance with	oort clients' SX: approx the ES Policy <sup>5</sup> : approx	(FY22) c. 1,700 clients c. 1,100 clients	Sup thei	port clients to make r efforts to decarbo address tra	progress in nization and nsition risks			
Capability building			(Sep-23)					
Sustainability management experts	(Approx. +	190 vs Mar-23) 1	,492 people	1,600 p	eople			
Consultants in the environmental and energy fields	(Approx.	+10 vs Mar-23)	137 people	150 p	eople			
Initiatives P	CAF Partnership for Carbon Accounting Financials	Chair of the Japan co		rticipate in PCAF obal Core Team	Glasg	ANZ gow Financial nce for Net Zero	NZBA, NZA	М

<sup>1.</sup> Scope 2 in Japan. 2. Total accumulated financing amount since FY19. 3. vs FY19. 4. vs Mar-19. 5. The Environmental and Social Management Policy for Financing and Investment Activity.



# Highlights: TCFD Report / Human Rights Report



# Revisions to the Net Zero Transition Plan

- Identified key sectors to the net zero transition and relevant next-generation tech related key sectors.
- Strengthen initiatives on structural transformation of economy/industry, commercialization of technology
- Added progress in client's status of response to the transition risks as a metric.
- Enhanced engagement and strengthen human resources development to proceed the engagement



# GHG emission reduction interim targets associated with financing and investments

Sectors with targets set

FY22 (targets already set): Electric Power, Oil and Gas, and Coal Mining (Thermal Coal)

<u>FY23 (target-setting planned): Automotive, Steel, Maritime</u> Transportation, and Real Estate

Reduction of our own GHG emissions

Scope 2 in Japan: Switched around 70% of electricity consumptions to renewable energy sources

Governance

Revised executive compensation system

Evaluation criteria on sustainability / climate change



#### Engagement

Engagement to support clients' SX

Engagements in accordance with the ES Policy<sup>1</sup>

FY22 approx. 1,700

approx. 1,100

Clients in transition risk sectors: Steady progress in response to the transition risks



# Strengthening of climate change risk management structure

- Establishment of Sustainability Risk Management Office
- Formulation of the Basic Policy on Climate-related Risk Management



#### Natural capital initiatives

Identified important natural capital by the financing portfolios analysis

Water/Biodiversity (habitats and species)



# Wider scope of financed emissions measurement

Corporate finance
Project finance

Investment on own account

19 sectors in accordance with TCFD

+ Other sectors

Increase targets of sustainable finance

**JPY 100T**<sup>2</sup>

o/w finance related to environment and climate change

JPY 25T

JPY 50T

#### Revisions to ES policy1

Thermal coal mining sector

Added to prohibited target for financing and investment

Oil and gas sector

Enhanced environmental and social risk verification of oil and gas mining operations

Human Rights Due Diligence (HRDD)

Engaged in dialogue with stakeholders including customers, suppliers, investors, and human rights experts

Number of enhanced DD: 9 cases<sup>3</sup>

(3 in Japan, 6 in outside of Japan)

TCFD Report 2023 Human Rights Report2023

1. The Environmental and Social Management Policy for Financing and Investment Activity. 2. Total accumulated financing amount of FY19-FY30 3. 2023 Apr-Sep.



# ESG-related recognition and awards

#### Third-party evaluation

**I** D&I Award 2022



Pride Indicators 2023



#### Incorporation in social responsibility indices<sup>1</sup>









Section ESG Finance Awards Japan



Environmental Finance Bond Award 2023







SC Award for innovation

Research Institute for Environmental Finance

"Outstanding Performance Award" in the

"Sustainable Finance Awards"





**FTSE Blossom** Japan Index

#### **GPIF** selected ESG indices

#### General Index







#### Themed Index

2023 CONSTITUENT MSCI JAPAN EMPOWERING WOMEN INDEX (WIN)

2023 CONSTITUENT MSCI JAPAN ESG SELECT LEADERS INDEX

S&P/PX carbon efficient index Morningstar Japan ex REIT Gender Diversity Tilt Index (GenDi J)

ESG score (Sep-23)

S&P Global<sup>3</sup> 59

MSCT 4 AA

Finance

Sustainalytics (ESG Risk Rating)<sup>5</sup>

25.7

FTSE 6

4.6

1. As of Sep-23. 2. https://www.mizuhogroup.com/sustainability/mizuhocsr/evaluation 3. https://www.spglobal.com/esg/solutions/data-intelligence-esg-scores

4. CCC-AAA 7-grade rating. Source: Bloomberg 5. Sustainalytics ESG Risk Ranking compares ESG risk with peers in the same industry. The lower the score, the higher the evaluation. Source: Bloomberg.

6. FTSE Overall ESG Score: on a scale of five.

# Other Non-financial Targets

#### Environment and climate change related

Sustainable finance, Environment and Climate Change related finance targets - JPY 100T from FY19 to FY30 (o/w 50T climate change related)

Scope 1, 2 (GHG emissions across the seven group entities  $^{1}$ ) - Carbon Neutral by FY30

Scope 3 (Emission reduction targets associated with financing and investments) - **reach net-zero by 2050** 

Sector		FY30 Target
Electric Power		138-232kgCO <sub>2</sub> e/MWh
Oil and gas	Client's Scope 1, 2	4.2gCO <sub>2</sub> e/MJ
	3	Absolute emissions (MtCO <sub>2</sub> e) -12 to -29% <sup>2</sup>
Thermal coal mining		Absolute emissions (MtCO <sub>2</sub> e) - OECD countries: zero balance by FY30 Non-OECD countries: zero balance by FY40

New

FY23 Plan: Automotive, Maritime Transport, Steel and Real Estate

Outstanding exposure to coal-fired power plants based on our 'Environmental and Social Management Policy for Financing and Investment Activity' - reduce exposure in FY19 to 50% by FY30, reduce to zero by FY40

Exposure in high-risk areas within transition risk sector - **reduce over medium to long term** 

Human Capital related FY25 target					
Management	Operating	officer	s and candidates: <b>Twice of E</b>	xecutive (	Officers
Digital	In-hous		Digital transformation <sup>4</sup>		+100
Transformation <sup>3</sup>	certifie person	-	Digital transformation	basic <sup>5</sup>	+1,000
Personal Consulting			ed professionals of FP1 nternational certification		2,100
Business Succession <sup>3</sup>	In-hou	se certi	ified personnel:		+100
Innovation <sup>3</sup>	In-hou	se certi	ified personnel:		+200
Global Business <sup>3</sup>	New in	nternati	onal assignees from Ja	pan	+150
Sustainability	Environmental /energy sector consultan				150
Transformation	Sustai	nability	management experts		1,600
Engagement score					65%
Inclusion score					65%
		Equiva manaç	alent to general gers		14%
Percentage of manage positions filled by wor		•	alent to gers and above		21%
		By beg	ginning of 2030's		30%
Management positions filled by employees hired outside Japan <sup>7</sup>					n <b>83</b> % <sup>8</sup>
Ratio of female new-graduate hires <sup>6</sup> mair					n <b>30</b> % <sup>8</sup>
Paid annual leave taken by employees <sup>6</sup> maintain					n <b>70</b> %8
Rate of childcare leave taken by male employees <sup>6</sup> maintain 100% <sup>8</sup>					

<sup>1.</sup> FG, BK, TB, SC, RT, AM-One, Mizuho Americas. 2. vs FY19. 3. Over past 3 years (accumulative). 4. Personnel that has the basic minimum knowledge required to promote digital transformation.

<sup>7.</sup> Total outside Japan (BK, TB, SC). 8. Level to be maintained continuously.



<sup>5.</sup> Professionals: Professional personnel that has advanced skills and knowledge in addition to digital transformation (DX) literacy and aims to play a role in the DX area. 6. Total in Japan (FG, BK, TB, SC, RT).

# Approach to the composition of the Board of Directors

**Composition of the Board of Directors** 

In addition to conducting strategic direction within the group, it is important for our Board of Directors to fulfill the role of appropriately implementing governance functions across the group and across subsidiaries under the group's management. As such, our Board of Directors is composed of an appropriate balance of internal directors who have insight into the group's business model, and outside directors who possess complex and diverse perspectives that we may not have within the group.

#### Characteristics of the Board of Directors of MHFG

The Board of Directors is dedicated to "supervising" management to the maximum extent possible (i.e., separation of supervision and management)

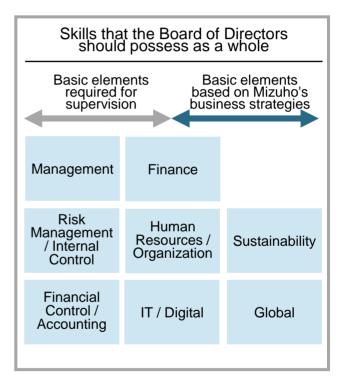
#### The aim of the group

Mizuho's vision for the world

Mizuho's Purpose

# Support for the doubling asset-based income Enhancing the competitiveness of Japanese companies Global Corporate & Investment Banking (CIB) business model Sustainability and innovation Enhancing our corporate foundations Corporate culture transformation Digital transformation IT reforms

Maintenance of stable business operations



#### Skill Matrix of the Board of Directors

The table below lists the particular core skills of the directors in relation to the skills that the Board of Directors as a whole should possess

	Management	Risk Management/ Internal Control	Financial Control/ Accounting	Finance	Human Resources / Organization	IT / Digital	Sustainability	Global	N: Nominating C: Compensation A: Audit R: Risk H: Human Resou Review Meeting S: System Failure Response Evaluation  Chairperson
Yoshimitsu Kobayashi	•	•			•		•	•	Member of the Board of Directors
Ryoji Sato	•	•	•	:	:	•		•	Member of the Board of Directors
ဖ Takashi P Tsukioka	•	•			•			•	Member of the Board of Directors
Kotaro Ohno		•		:	•				Member of the Board of Directors
9 Hiromichi த Shinohara	•				•	•	•		Member of the Board of Directors
Masami Yamamoto	•					•		•	Member of the Board of Directors
Izumi Kobayashi	•	•		•	•		•	•	Member of the Board of Directors  Chairman of the Board of Directors
Yumiko Noda	•			•	•		•	•	Member of the Board of Directors
Seiji Imai				•	:		•	•	Chairman (Kaicho), Member of the Board of Directors (Non-Executive)
Hisaaki Hirama		•	•	•	:		•		Member of the Board of Directors (Non-Executive)
Masahiro Kihara	•	•	•	•				•	Member of the Board of Directors, President & Group CEO (Representative Executive Officer)
Makoto Umemi <u>y</u> a			•	•		•			: Member of the Board of Directors, Deputy President & Senior Executive : Officer, Group CDO (Representative Executive Officer)
Motonori Wakabayashi		•		•			•		: Member of the Board of Directors, Senior Executive Officer, Group CRO
Nobuhiro Kaminoyama		•		•	•				: Member of the Board of Directors, Senior Executive Officer, Group CHRO
YoY* Percenta outside d		50.0	)% ⇒ 57.′	1% P	ercentage on-executi	of outside ve directo	and rs	66.6% =	⇒ 71.4% Percentage of female directors 8.3% ⇒ 14.3%

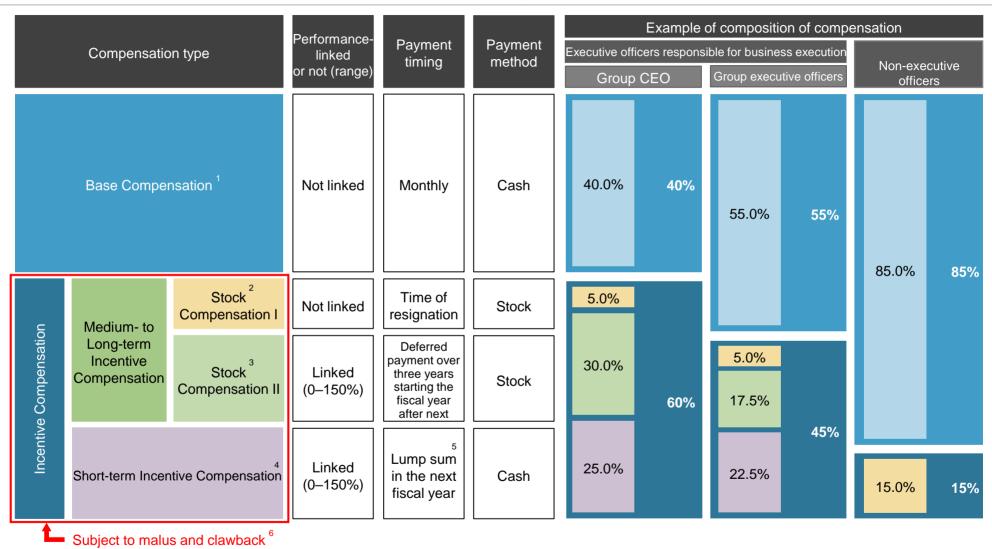
 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Compared to the timing of appointment at the 20th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders in June 2022.



# Reasons for the selection of necessary skills

Management	The experience of management, especially as a member in executive management in a large corporation and other companies, is necessary to fulfill the supervisory function of the group
Risk Management / Internal Control	Professional experience in and knowledge of risk governance and internal control in corporations, auditing firms, and/or in the legal profession are necessary for supervision to ensure fair corporate activities and sound business operations by management
Financial Control / Accounting	Experience as a CFO or person with similar responsibility in corporations and professional experience and knowledge as a certified public accountant or as a member of a similar profession are necessary to oversee management, which aims to build a sound financial base, pursue capital efficiency and realize growth strategies
Finance	Knowledge of the financial business, backed by, among others, business experience at financial institutions, is necessary to fulfill the supervisory function of the group, which has banking, trust, and securities businesses at its core
Human Resources/ Organization	The group considers "human resources" to be one of the key corporate resources that will support future growth, and experience in and knowledge of, among others, the development of executive managers, human resources and organizations are necessary from the perspective of appropriately overseeing efforts by management to transform human capital and corporate culture
IT / Digital	Experience and knowledge in, among others, technological and business development in the IT and digital fields are necessary to fulfill the group's supervisory function, as they are the foundation for customers to use the group's services with peace of mind and are also key to the group's future competitiveness
Sustainability	The group aims to achieve its own growth through facing social issues and contributing to their resolution, and we believe that experience in and knowledge of environmental and other sustainability-related operations are necessary to fulfill the supervisory function of the group
Global	As the group is expanding its business globally and aims to contribute increasingly to the sustainable growth of the world, experience in, among others, management of global corporations overseas is necessary to fulfill the supervisory function of the group

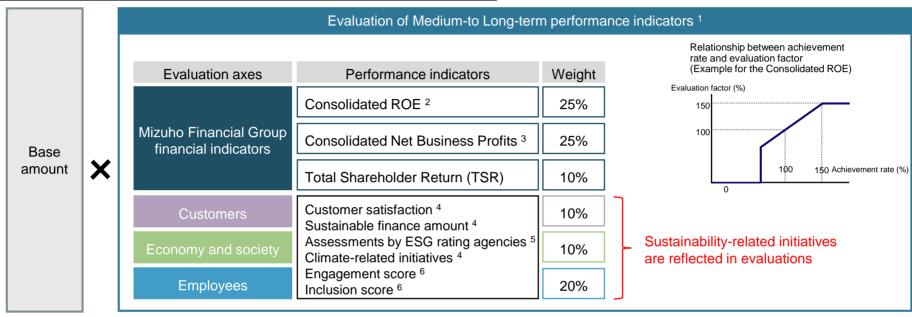
# FY23 Compensation framework for executives (1)



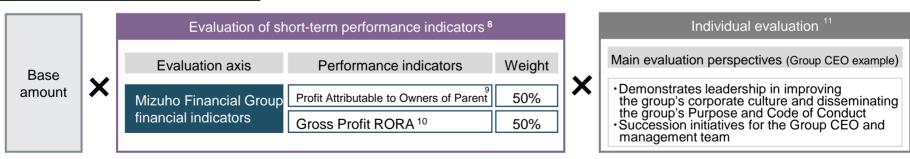
<sup>1.</sup> Payment will be made monthly in cash in accordance with the roles and responsibilities of each of the Officers. 2. Payment in accordance with the roles and responsibilities of each of the Officers as an incentive to increase corporate value over the medium to long term and for other purposes. 3. Payment in accordance with level of achievement of financial indicators emphasized by the Mizuho Financial Group and evaluation of indicators related to stakeholders as an incentive to increase corporate value over the medium to long term and for other purposes. 4. Payment in accordance with level of achievement of financial indicators emphasized by the Mizuho Financial Group and the evaluation of individual performance as an incentive for fiscal year performance to increase corporate value. 5. Deferred payment over three years starting the fiscal year after next for payments above a certain amount. 6. A system has been adopted that enables malus (forfeiture of compensation remaining unpaid) and clawback (request for return of compensation) by resolution of the Compensation Committee depending on the performance of the group or the individual.

# FY23 Compensation framework for executives (2)

Medium- to Long-term Incentive Compensation (Stock Compensation II)



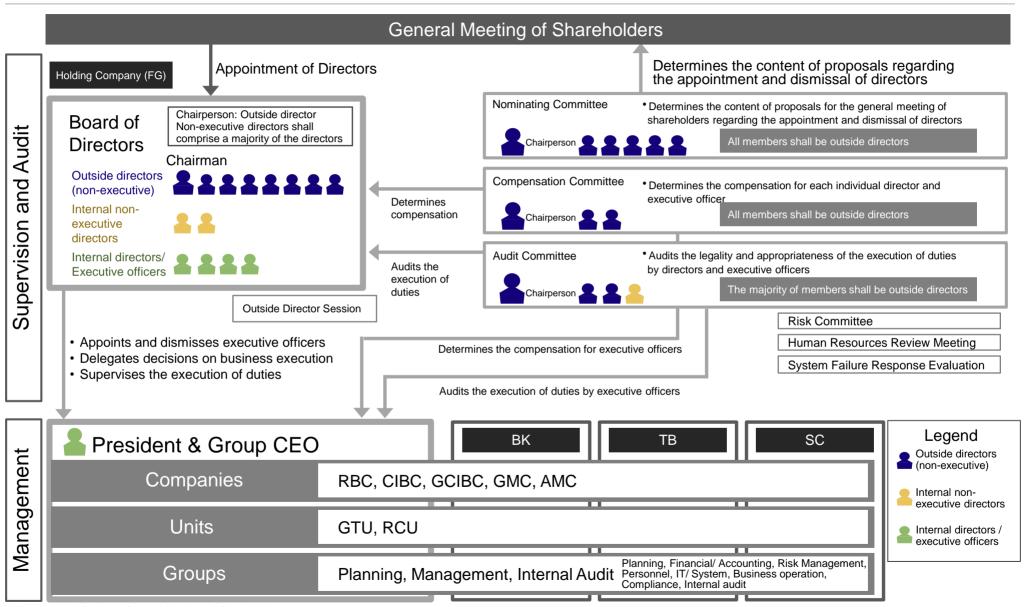
#### Short-term Incentive Compensation 7



<sup>1.</sup>The Compensation Committee makes the final decision (maximum 150%) based on target achievement rates for performance indicators considering the business environment and the existence of events that should be reflected individually. 2. Excludes Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities. 3. Consolidated Net Business Profits + Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and Others. 4. Evaluated on the target achievement rates on related internal indicators. 5. Evaluated by comparison with results of previous years and peers that have been assessed by four major ESG rating agencies (S&P Global, Sustainalytics, MSCI, and FTSE). 6. Evaluated on the target achievement rate for the positive response rate for four Staff Survey questions related to engagement and inclusion. 7. The evaluation factor for the short-term performance indicators and individual evaluation is capped at 150%. 8. The Compensation Committee makes the final decision based on target achievement rates for performance indicators considering the business environment and the existence of events that should be reflected individually. Varies from 0–140% in the case of the Group CEO. 9. Net Income for the period Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent Company. 10. Return on Risk-weighted Assets. 11. The Compensation Committee makes the decision based on the evaluation perspectives, etc. Varies from 0–110% in the case of the Group CEO.



# Corporate governance structure



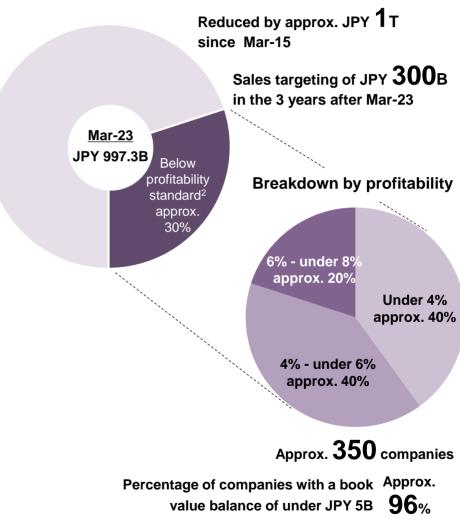
\*After the 21th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders



#### Verification of the significance of cross-shareholdings

#### **Basic Policy** Unless we consider these holdings to be meaningful, we will not hold the shares of other companies as cross-shareholdings Through dialogue with the issuing companies, we will also reduce even those holdings we consider to be meaningful Process for assessing whether cross–shareholding is meaningful Quantitative Comprehensive assessment assessment Negotiate to ★ Criteria not met improve profitability Consider potential for improvement in . profitability Profitability of Negotiate the sale of holdings shareholding per client\* (including partial sale) Criteria met Meaningful holdings (however, aim to reduce) Hurdle rate: Set at 8% after income taxes in consideration of the < consolidated ROE target

Reference: Results of verification of the significance of holding (Mar-23 base date; book value<sup>1</sup>)



<sup>1.</sup> Consolidated, acquisition cost basis. 2. As of Mar-21, capital management was changed to align Basel III finalization basis, and the measurement of risk capital for verifying the significance of holdings was also changed accordingly, resulting in double the number not meeting the profitability standards compared to the previous method.



#### **Definitions**

#### Financial accounting

- 2 Banks : BK+TB on a non-consolidated basis

Consolidated Net Business Profits : Consolidated Gross Profits - G&A Expenses (excl. Non-Recurring Losses) + Equity in Income from Investments in

Affiliates and certain other consolidation adjustments

Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs and others : Net Gains (Losses) related to ETFs (2 Banks) + Net Gains on Operating Investment Securities (SC Consolidated)

G&A Expenses (excl. Non-Recurring Losses and others) : G&A Expenses (excl. Non-Recurring Losses) - Amortization of Goodwill and other items

- Net Income Attributable to FG : Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent

Consolidated ROE : Calculated dividing Net Income by (Total Shareholders' Equity + Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (excl. Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities)). Denominator is calculated as the average of the previous

fiscal year quarter end and current quarter end

- CET1 Capital Ratio (excl. Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) : Includes the effect of partially fixing unrealized gains on Japanese stocks through hedging transactions

[Numerator] Calculated by excluding Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities and its associated

Deferred Gains or Losses on Hedges

[Denominator] Calculated by excluding RWA associated with Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Other Securities (stocks)

CET1 Capital Ratio (Basel III finalization basis) : Estimated figures reflecting the effect of Basel III finalization. The capital floor is calculated after deducting the

associated reserves from RWA using the standardized approach

#### Management accounting

on Other Securities)

- Customer Groups : RBC + CIBC + GCIBC + AMC

- Markets : GMC

- Group aggregate : BK + TB + SC + AM-One + other major subsidiaries on a non-consolidated basis

- In-house Company management basis : Figure of the respective in-house company

- Net Business Profits by In-house Company : Gross Profits - G&A Expenses (excluding Non-Recurring Losses) + Equity in Income from Investments in Affiliates -

Amortization of Goodwill and other items

Internal risk capital : Risk capital calculated taking account of factors such as regulatory risk-weighted assets (RWA) and interest rate risk in

the banking account. Internal risk capital of RBC, CIC, GCC are calculated from Basel III finalization fully-effective basis

ROE by In-house Company : Calculated dividing Net Income by each in-house Company's internal risk capital

#### **Abbreviations**

#### Foreign exchange rate

FG BK	: Mizuho Financial Group, Inc. : Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	RBC CIBC	: Retail & Business Banking Company : Corporate & Investment Banking Company	TTM	Sep-22	Mar-23	Sep-23
ТВ	: Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	GCIBC	: Global Corporate & Investment Banking Company	USD/JPY	144.81	133.54	149.58
SC MSUSA	<ul><li>: Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.</li><li>: Mizuho Securities USA LLC.</li></ul>	GMC AMC	: Global Markets Company : Asset Management Company	EUR/JPY	142.32	145.72	157.97
AM-One RT FT	RT : Mizuho Research & Technologies, Ltd. RCU : Research		: Global Transaction Banking Unit : Research & Consulting Unit	Management ac (Plan rate)	FY23		
LS	: Mizuho Leasing Company, Limited			USD/JF	ΡΥ	120	0.00
IF	: Mizuho Innovation Frontier Co., Ltd.			EUR/JF	PΥ	132	2.00

#### Forward-looking Statements

Financial information in this presentation uses figures under Japanese GAAP unless otherwise stated (including management accounting basis).

This presentation contains statements that constitute forward-looking statements including estimates, forecasts, targets and plans.

These statements reflect our current views with respect to future events and are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions.

Such forward-looking statements do not represent any guarantee of future performance by management.

Further information regarding factors that could affect our financial condition and results of operations is included in our most recent Form 20-F and our report on Form 6-K.

We do not intend to update our forward-looking statements. We are under no obligation, and disclaim any obligation, to update or alter our forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required by the rules of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

Information on companies and entities outside Mizuho group that is recorded in this presentation has been obtained from publicly available information and other sources. The accuracy and appropriateness of that information has not been verified by Mizuho group and cannot be guaranteed.

This presentation does not constitute a solicitation of an offer for acquisition or an offer for sale of any securities.