

Interim Results for FY2003

December 2003
Mizuho Financial Group

Summary of Interim Results for FY2003

Resolving Financial Issues

Mizuho's Business Strategies & Cost Reduction

FY2003 Earnings Estimates

Definitions

3 Banks:

Aggregated figures for Mizuho Corporate Bank, Mizuho Bank, Mizuho Trust & Banking and their financial subsidiaries for corporate revitalization on a non-consolidated basis

2 Banks:

Aggregated figures for Mizuho Corporate Bank and Mizuho Bank and their financial subsidiaries for corporate revitalization on a non-consolidated basis

Summary of Interim Results for FY2003

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Mizuho Financial Group (Consolidated Basis)					
(JPY Bn)	1H of FY2003	Change from 1H of FY2002	1H of FY2002 *	FY2002	
Ordinary Profits	505	+383	122	-2,130	
Net Income	255	+216	39	-2,377	
BIS Capital Ratio	10.63%	+0.21%	10.42%	9.53%	

*On a consolidated basis of Mizuho Holdings, Inc.

PY Bn)	1H of FY2003	Change from 1H of FY2002	1H of FY2002	FY2002
Gross Profits	965	+60	905	1,815
G&A Expenses	-437	+59	-496	-941
Net Business Profits	531	+112	419	894
Net Gains related to Stocks and Other Securities	99	+161	-62	-905
Credit Costs	-131	+142	-273	-2,095
Ordinary Profits	485	+408	76	-2,174
Net Income	309	+260	49	-2,367

	Mizuho S	ecurities	Mizuho Investors Securities		Shinko Securities	
(JPY Bn)	1H of FY2003	Change from 1H of FY2002	1H of FY2003	Change from 1H of FY2002	1H of FY2003	Change from 1H of FY2002
Ordinary Profits	21	+13	5	+10	9	+12
Net Income	12	+ 7	5	+12	9	+13

Resolving Financial Issues

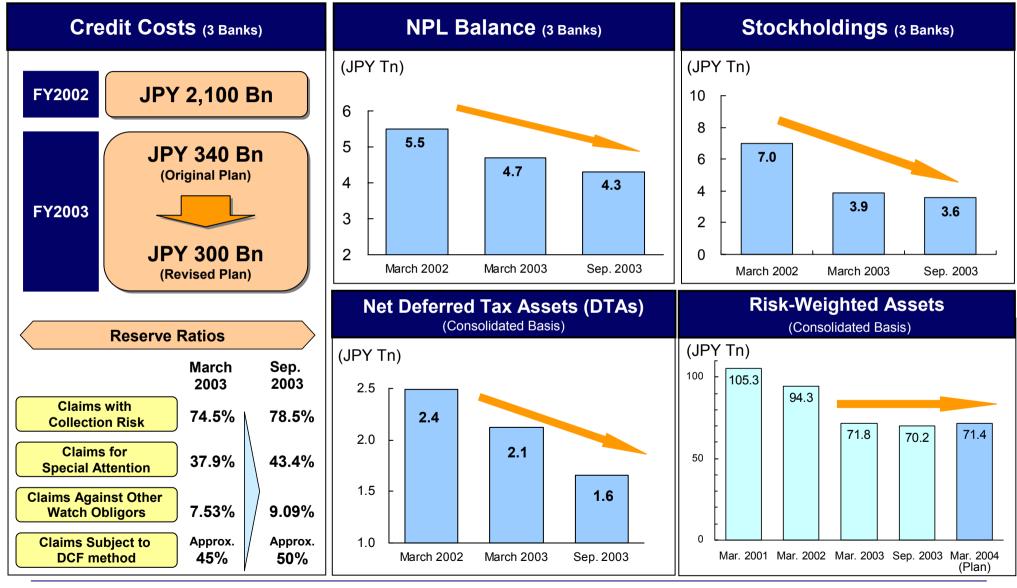
Non Performing Loan (NPL) Issue

Stock & JGB Portfolio

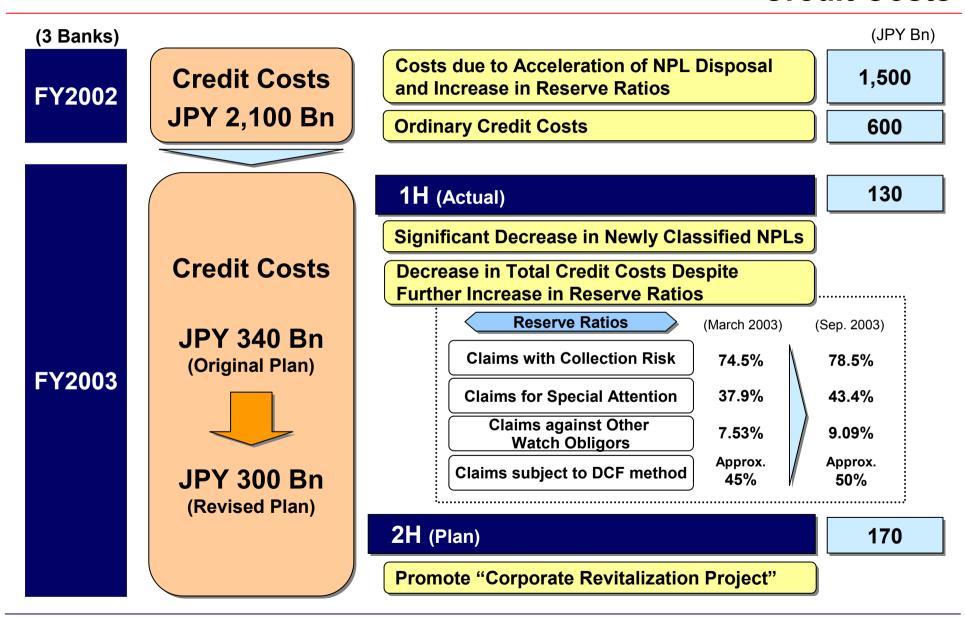
Deferred Tax Assets (DTAs)

Capital Ratio & Retained Earnings

Summary



Credit Costs



Balance of NPLs

Target for March 2004

NPL Ratio

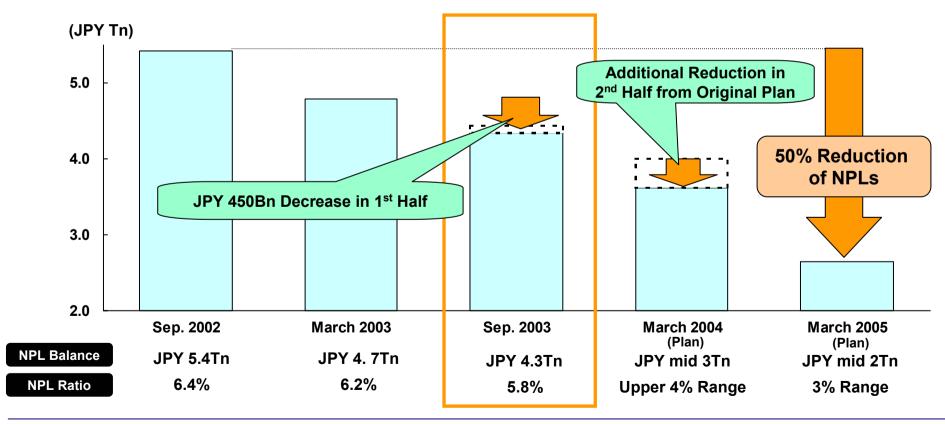
(Original Target)

JPY 4 Tn

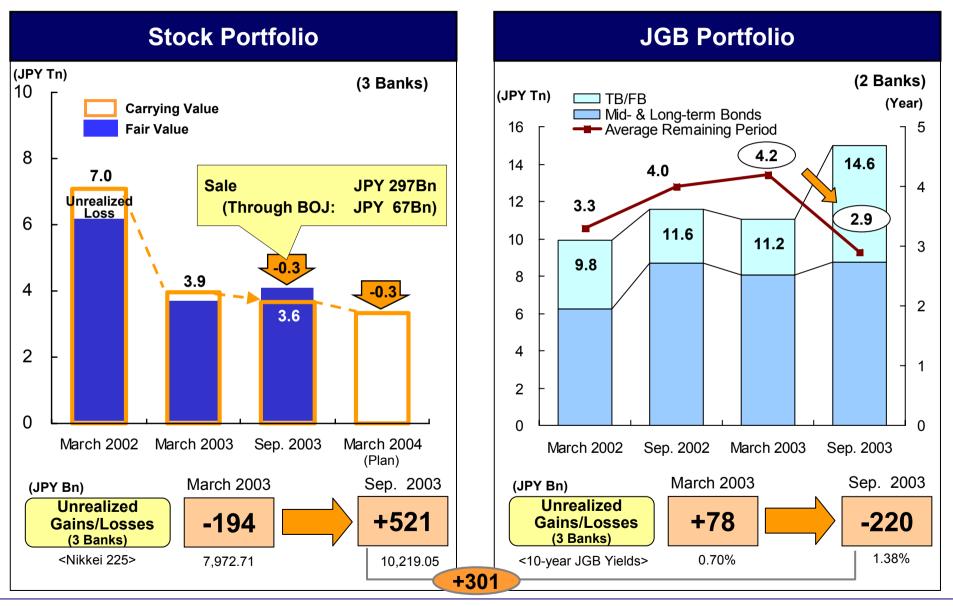
JPY mid 3 Tn

Upper 4% Range

Balance of NPLs (3 Banks)



Stock & JGB Portfolios



Conservative Valuation of DTAs



Net DTAs Reduced by JPY 440Bn

(Net DTAs / Tier1 Ratio Decreased by 17% to 41%)

2H of FY2003

Plan to Reduce Net DTAs Further Through Increase in Taxable Income

<Contributing Factors>

Decrease in Gross DTAs

- 77 Bn

Decrease of Net Loss Carry-Forwards (JPY 160Bn) by positive Taxable Income (JPY 400Bn)

Increase in Gross DTLs

- 264 Bn

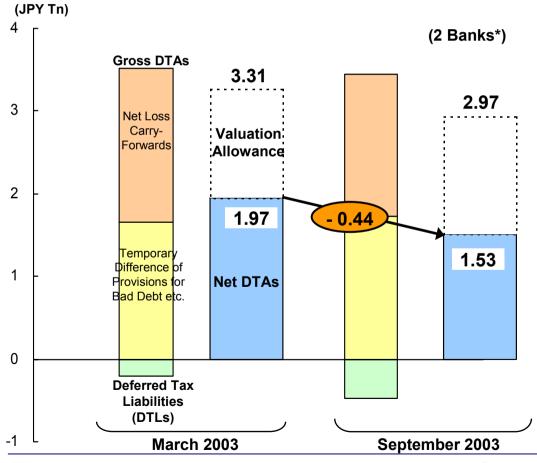
Increase in Unrealized Gains on Other Securities due to improved stock market (JPY156Bn)

Increase in Valuation Allowances

- 98 Bn

Conservative estimation of future Taxable Income

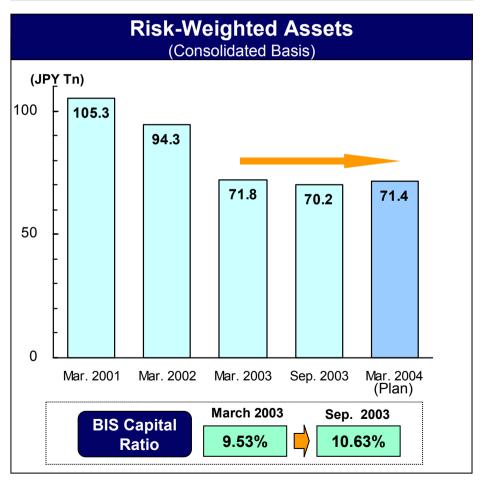
(* Excluding financial subsidiaries for corporate revitalization)

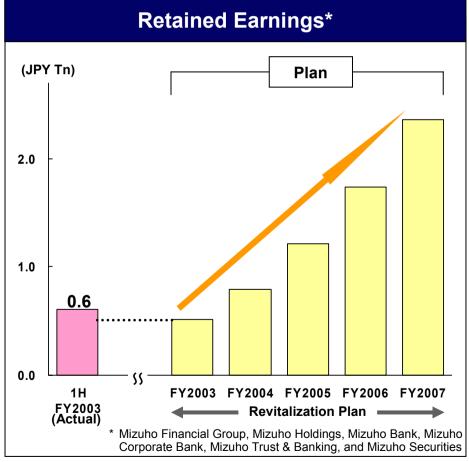


Capital Ratio & Retained Earnings

Completed Reduction in Inefficient Risk Weighted Assets

Secure Stable Source of Dividends
Through Consistent Profitability

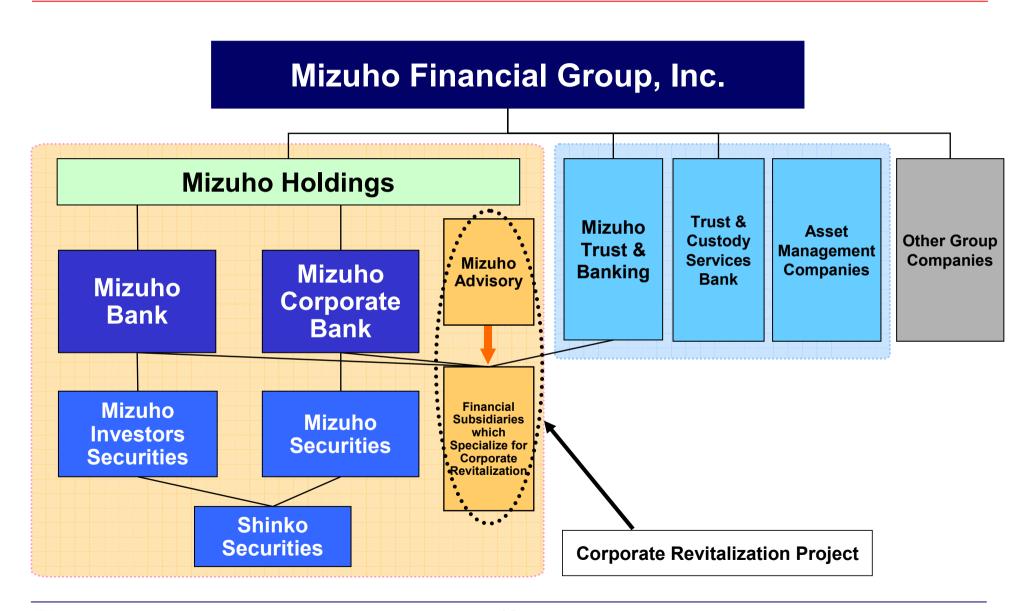






Mizuho's Business Strategies & Cost Reduction

Mizuho's Corporate Structure



Business Strategy of Group Companies

Mizuho Bank

Provide Competitive Financial Products and Establish Efficient Multi-Distribution Network

Retail Banking Strengthen housing loan and personal assets under management, and Realize Efficient ATM network

Corporate Banking

Focus on risk/return profile of customers & promote solution businesses

→ Secure appropriate loan spreads

Mizuho Corporate Bank

Accelerate Transformation to Market Oriented Indirect Financing Model

Break away from asset volume dependent business model

Expand syndication business

Realize "Solution Bank"

Pursue Group Synergies

Mizuho Trust & Banking

Strengthen Competitive Business Areas

Securitization

Private Banking

Real Estate

Pursue Synergies within Mizuho Group

Promote collaboration with group companies through joint branches and franchise system

3 Securities Companies

Mizuho Securities

Mizuho Investors Securities

Shinko Securities Establish Global Network as a Leading Investment Bank (Pursue Consolidated Ordinary Profits of JPY 50Bn in FY2004)

Cross-Sell to existing Mizuho Bank customers (Increase No. of Joint Branch with Mizuho Bank to 100 by Sep. 2006)

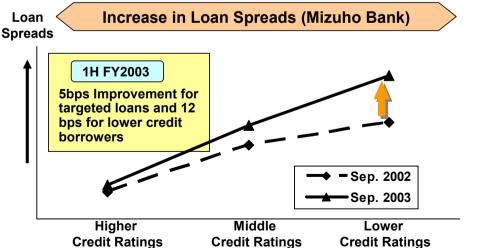
Promote Cooperation among Mizuho Group by Utilizing Its Strength as a Full Line Securities Company

Loan Businesses

Focus on Risk/Return Profile

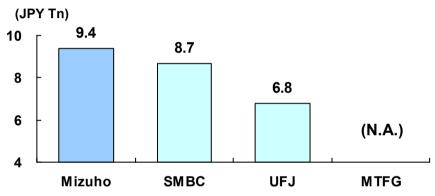
Improvement in Interest Margin (2 Banks*) 1H of FY 1H of FY 2002 2003 Return on Loans and 1.60% 1.66% Bills Discounted (A)** **Cost of Deposits and** 0.21% 0.16% Debentures (B) **Loan and Deposit** 1.40% +10bps 1.50% Rate Margin (A-B)

- * Excluding financial subsidiaries for corporate revitalization
- * * Excluding Loans to Deposit Insurance Corporation of Japan, government, and others



Strengthen Housing Loan Business

Outstanding Balance of Housing Loans for Owner's Residential Housing (as of Sep. 2003)*



* Based on 1H of FY2003 Financial Results of Each Bank

Securitization-type Housing Loans

Alternative Product for Government Housing Loan Corporation (HLC) Loans

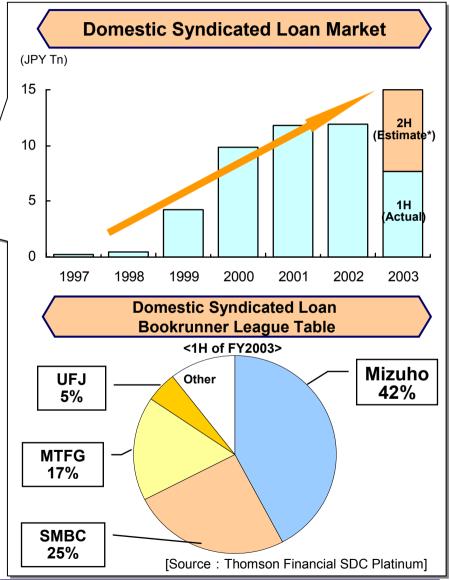
Increase lineup of housing loan products (Max. 35-year fixed rate housing loan)

Pursue servicing fees as Non-Interest Income



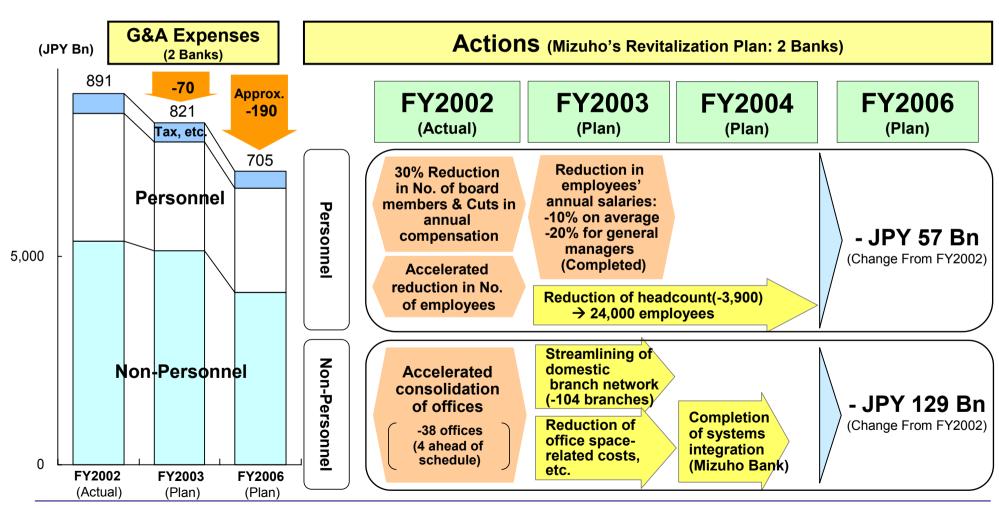
Fee Businesses

Increase Non-Interest Income (2 Banks*) (JPY Bn) **Contributing Factors** 150 (JPY Bn) (1) New Businesses +17.5 +36.1 Syndication, **Commitment Lines** New Businesses **Project Finance** 100 Securities, Investment Banking **Investment Trust** Settlement, (2) Settlement, +16.3 Foreign Exchange Foreign Exchange 50 Settlement Fees Foreign Exchange (3) Derivative Sales, +2.3 **Derivatives** and Others and Others 0 **Derivatives for Customers** 1H of FY2002 1H of FY2003 * Excluding financial subsidiaries for corporate revitalization



Cost Reduction

Expense Target: FY2006 G&A Expenses -JPY 190Bn (Change from FY2002)

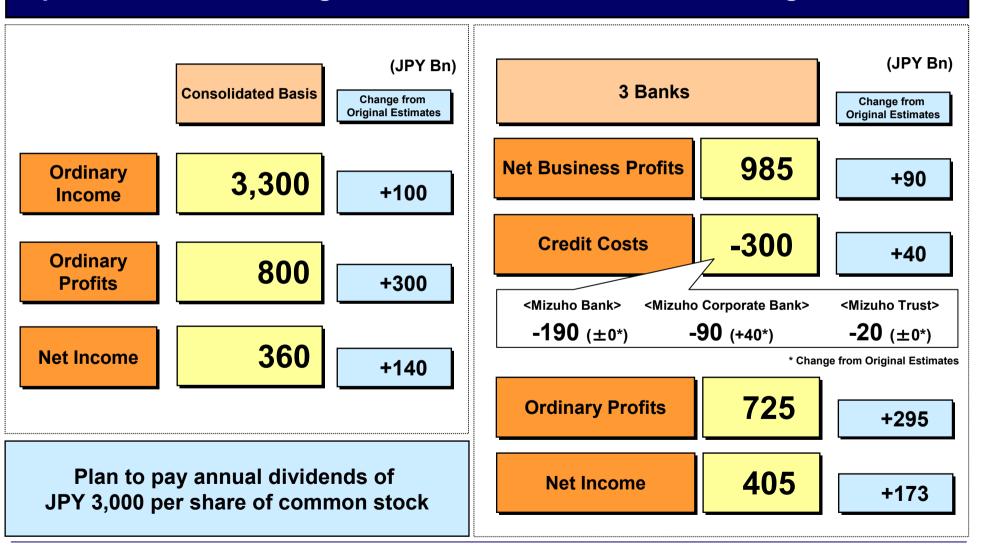




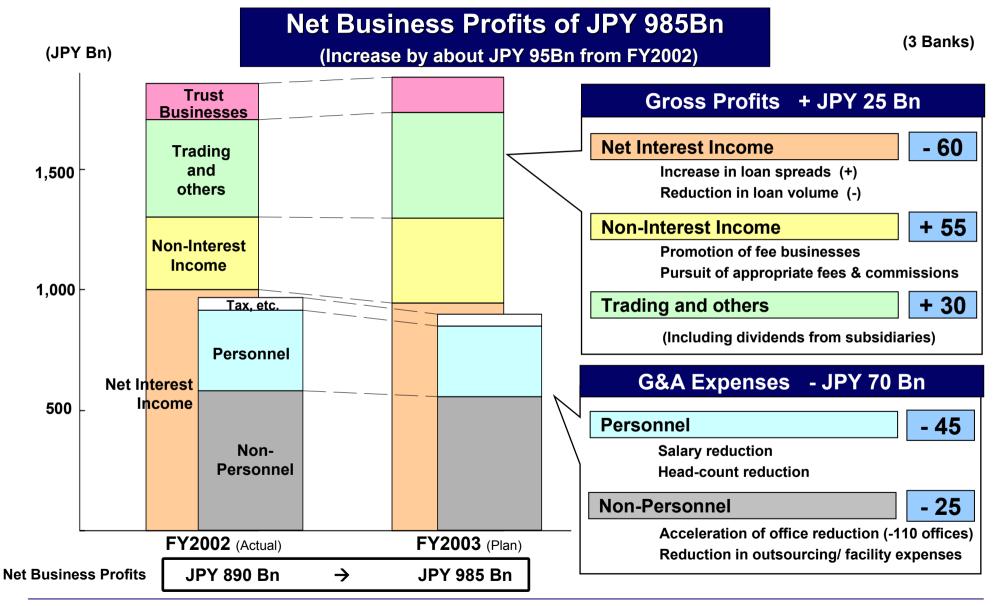
FY2003 Earnings Estimates

FY2003 Earnings Estimates

Upward Revision to Original Estimates for FY2003, Reflecting 1H Results



FY2003 Earnings Estimates



Mizuho's statements contained in this material of the current expectations are forward-looking statements subject to significant risks and uncertainties, and actual results may differ materially. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include, but are not limited to, changes in overall economic conditions, changes in market rates of interest, further declines in the value of equity securities or real estate, further deterioration of the quality of loans to certain industry sectors and the effect of new legislation or government directives.

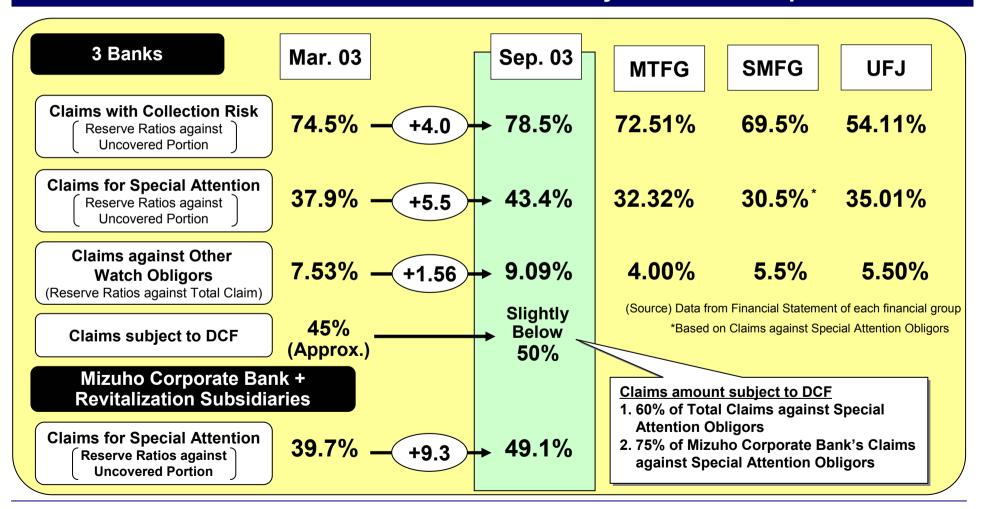
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Consistent Disposal of Non-Performing Loans (1) - Further Increase of Reserve Ratio

Further increase in reserve ratios, especially for claims against obligors to which DCF method applied

Further reduction in credit costs incurred by future final disposal of NPLs



Consistent Disposal of Non-Performing Loans (2) – Improvement of Asset Quality

FY03 Credit Costs by Banks (includes Revitalization Subsidiaries)

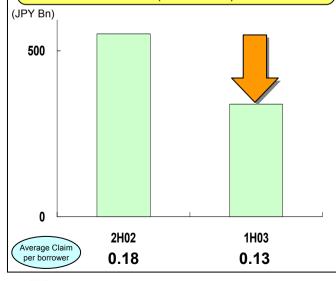
(JPY Bn)

	3 Banks	Mizuho Bank	Mizuho Corporate Bank	Mizuho Trust & Banking
1 st Half of FY03	131	99	23	8
FY03E (change from original plan)	300 (-40)	190 (±0)	90 (-40)	20 (±0)

Credit Risks to SMEs (Mizuho Bank)

 As for SMEs, downmigration to Intensive Control Obligors or below tends to be decreasing although their business performance stays still slow

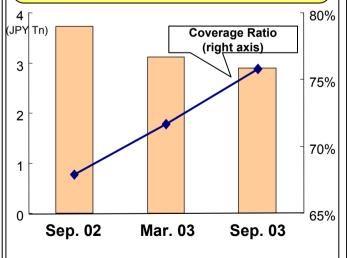
Claims for SMEs obligors of which classification downmigrated to Intensive Control Obligors or below (Mizuho Bank)



Credit Risks by Industry

 Amount of NPLs reduced and coverage ratios increased at the same time

NPLs and Coverage ratio for Construction, Real Estate, Wholesale & Retails, Service Industries and Finance & Insurance on an aggregated basis (3 Banks)

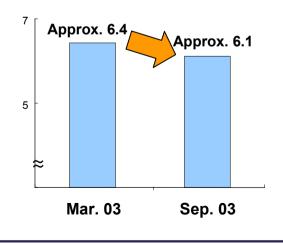


Decrease of Other Watch Claims

 Decrease by over JPY300 Bn since March 2003 by recovery, etc.

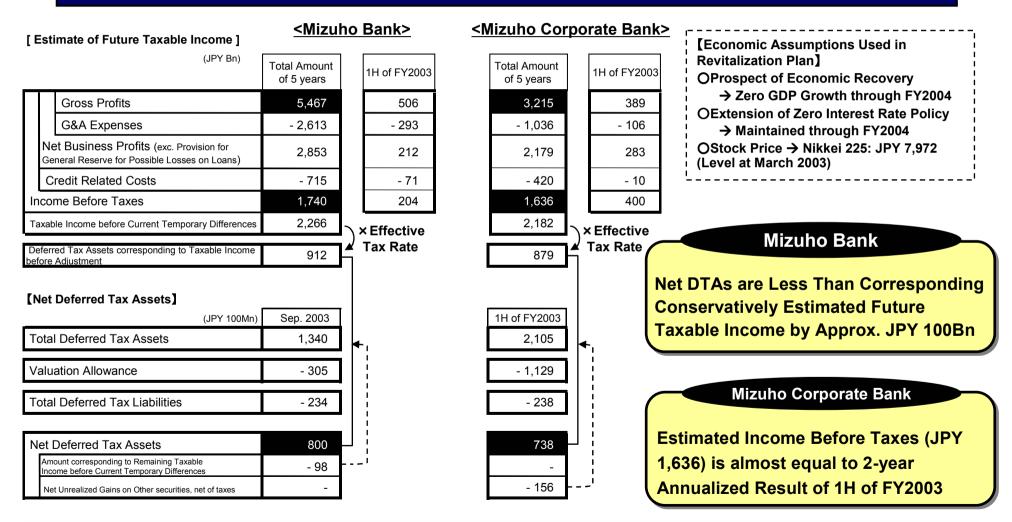
Claims against Other Watch Obligors (3 Banks)

(JPY Tn)



Conservative Valuation of Deferred Tax Assets

More Conservative Projection of Taxable Income Compared to Current Revitalization Plan and Economic Assumptions





Reduction of Projected Benefit Obligation

JPY 280Bn Reduction in Unrecognized Net Obligation from March 2003 due to

- Amortization in 1H of FY2003
- Return of Substitutional Portion of the Pension Funds



Reduction of Future Amortization Expenses

Projected Benefit

Obligation

(A)

Received Approvals of Return of Substitutional Portion of the Pension Funds on September 25, 2003 (Extraordinary Profit: JPY 45.9Bn (3 Banks*)) Change of Projected Benefit Obligation by **Return of Substitutional Portion (Illustration)** (Pre-Return) (Post-Return) **Projected Benefit Projected Benefit Plan Assets** Plan Assets (Fair Value) (Fair Value) **Obligation Obligation** Net Obligation by the change Minimum Funding **Substitutional Portion of** of Accounting Policy Reserve (B)

Unrecognized Net Obligation

• Benefit Obligation (A) and Plan Assets (B) (=Minimum Funding Reserve) corresponding to Substitutional Portion will be resolved

• Unrecognized Net Obligation (= Net Obligation by the change of Accounting Policy (C)

Actuarial Gains/Losses

+ Actuarial Gains/Losses (D)) will be disposed collectively

Net Obligation by the change of Accounting Policy

Actuarial Gains/Losses

(C)

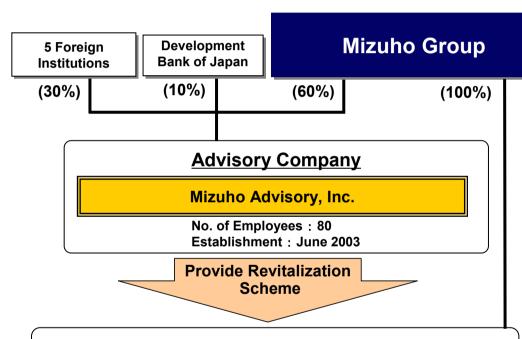
(D)



^{*} Excluding financial subsidiaries for corporate revitalization

Promote Revitalization Project (1)

Establish Advisory Company/Financial Subsidiaries and Specialize in Corporate Revitalization



Financial Subsidiaries

Mizuho Project, Ltd. Mizuho Corporate, Ltd. Mizuho Global, Ltd. Mizuho Asset, Ltd.

No. of Employees: 685

Establishment: May 2003 (Launch Operations in July)

Advisory Company

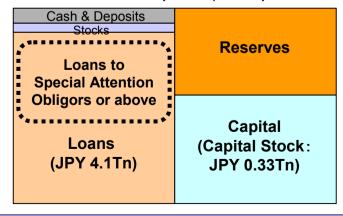
Centralize Know-how on Corporate Revitalization

Provide Centralized Advisory Functions

Financial Subsidiaries

Two-Thirds of the Loans to the Customers in Need of Revitalization / Restructuring were Transferred (950 Customers)

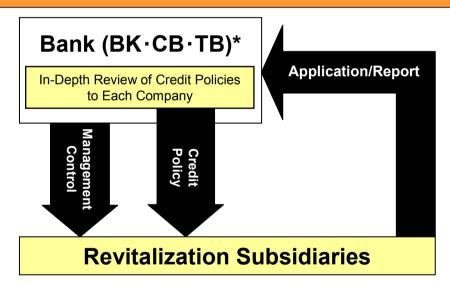
<B/S of Financial Subsidiaries as of Sep. 2003 (Before partial direct write-off)>



Promote Revitalization Project (2)

Enhancement of Cooperation within the Group for Corporate Revitalization (Complete within 3 years)

Promote Corporate Revitalization Under Strict Group Management Policy



Track Record Securitization Scheme of Loans on Bills for Nippon Yakin Kogyo Group (Approx. JPY 8Bn)

Implementation of Bulk Sale Across Financial Subsidiaries (Approx. JPY 45Bn)

(* BK: Mizuho Bank CB: Mizuho Corporate Bank TB: Mizuho Trust & Banking)

Corporate Revitalization driven by Mizuho Advisory

Bulk Sale across Revitalization Subsidiaries

Structure Optimal Portfolios to Increase the Sales Value

As a Window for Bidding of Bulk Sales across the Subsidiaries

RCC Funds

Provide Revitalization Scheme for SMEs

Arrange Conclusion of Operating Agreement between RCC and Financial Subsidiaries

Funds within the Group

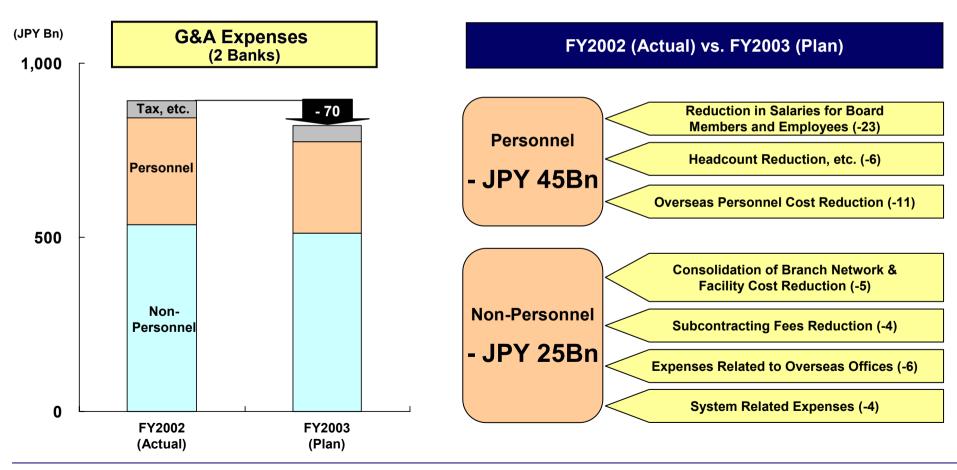
Take Advantage of Know-how within the Group and Obtain Future Capital Gains, Utilizing Joint Funds with Mizuho Securities, Merrill Lynch and Orix

Outside Advisors

Invite Advisors in accordance with Characteristics of Deals

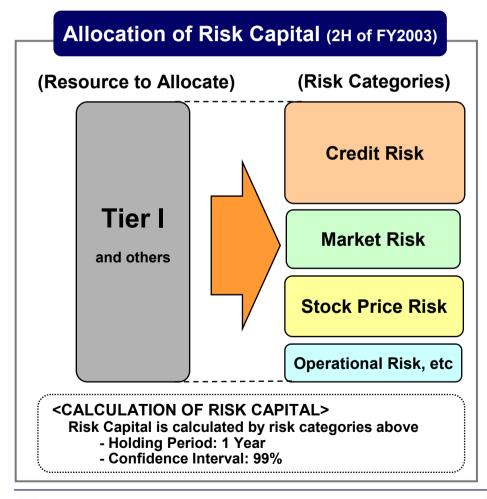
Further Reduction of Costs

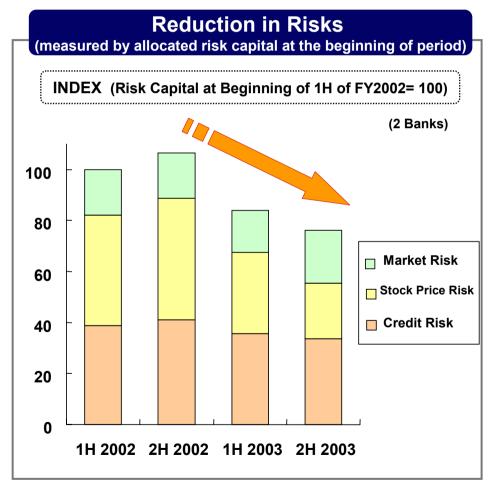
FY2003 G&A Expenses Reduction → - JPY 70Bn From FY2002 (Actual)



Risk Management by Allocation of Risk Capital

- Allocation of Risk Capital by Risk Categories
- Enhancement of Risk Control and Capital Efficiency





Business Strategies

Financial Performance for each Business Segment

	_			(JPY Bn)
		FY2002	1H of FY2003	
Mizuho Bank + Revitalization Subsidiary		(Actual)	(Actual)	Change from 1H of FY2002
	Gross Profits	290	144	0
Consumer & Private Banking	Expenses	-242	-119	3
	Net Business Profits	47	24	2
	Gross Profits	531	259	-3
Corporate Banking	Expenses	-283	-140	1
	Net Business Profits	247	118	-2
	Gross Profits	183	104	9
Trading & Others	Expenses	-85	-33	13
	Net Business Profits	98	71	23
	Gross Profits	1,005	508	5
Total	Expenses	-611	-293	18
	Net Business Profits	394	214	24

Mizuho Corporate Bank + Revitalization

Subsidiaries				
Domestic Corporate Banking	Gross Profits	400	194	-8
	Expenses	-113	-51	8
	Net Business Profits	287	143	0
International Banking	Gross Profits	79	36	-9
	Expenses	-63	-20	17
	Net Business Profits	15	16	8
	Gross Profits	222	165	70
Trading & Others	Expenses	-103	-36	13
	Net Business Profits	118	129	84
Total	Gross Profits	701	397	53
	Expenses	-280	-107	39
	Net Business Profits	420	289	92

2 Banks + Revitalization Subsidiaries

	Gross Profits	1,706	905	58
Total	Expenses	-891	-401	58
	Net Business Profits	814	504	116

Mizuho Bank

- [Consumer & Private Banking] Increased Net Business Profits by JPY 2.8Bn from 1H of FY2002 through cost reduction while Gross Profits remained flat
- [Corporate Banking] Gross Profits decreased mainly due to decrease in loan balance, despite increases in fee income from securitization and syndicated loan businesses
- [Trading & Others] 49% increase in Net Business Profits due to increase in bond-related profits and cost reduction

Mizuho Corporate Bank

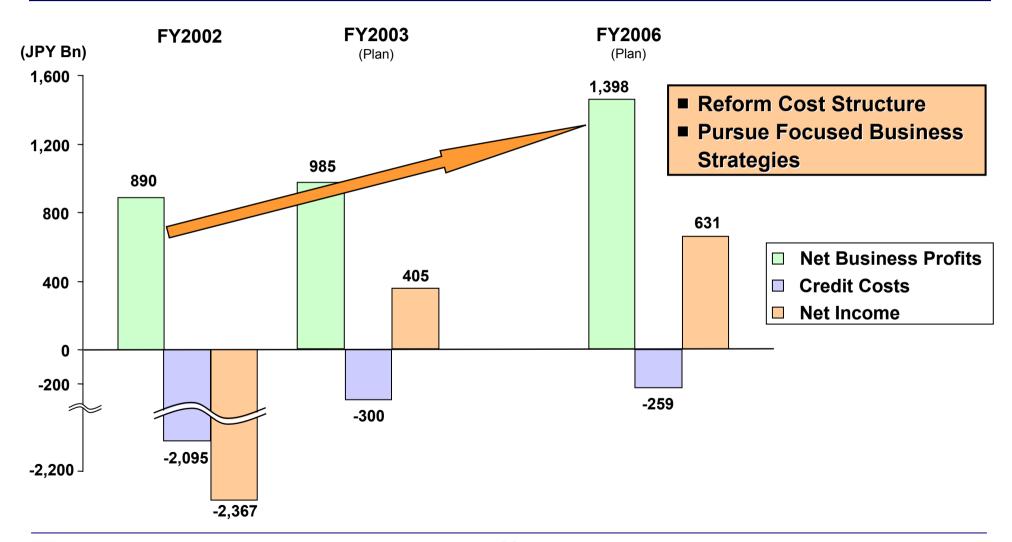
- [Domestic Corporate Banking] Net Business Profits remained flat, increases from fee income, cost reduction were offset by decreases in net interest income due to changes in the business model
- [International Banking] Significant increase in Net Business Profits due to cost reduction which exceeded decrease in Gross Profits from reduced inefficient assets
- [Trading & Others] More than 70% increase in Gross Profits due to increase in bond-related profits and dividend income from overseas subsidiaries

Note: Data included in the table are based on the managerial accounting for each described segment



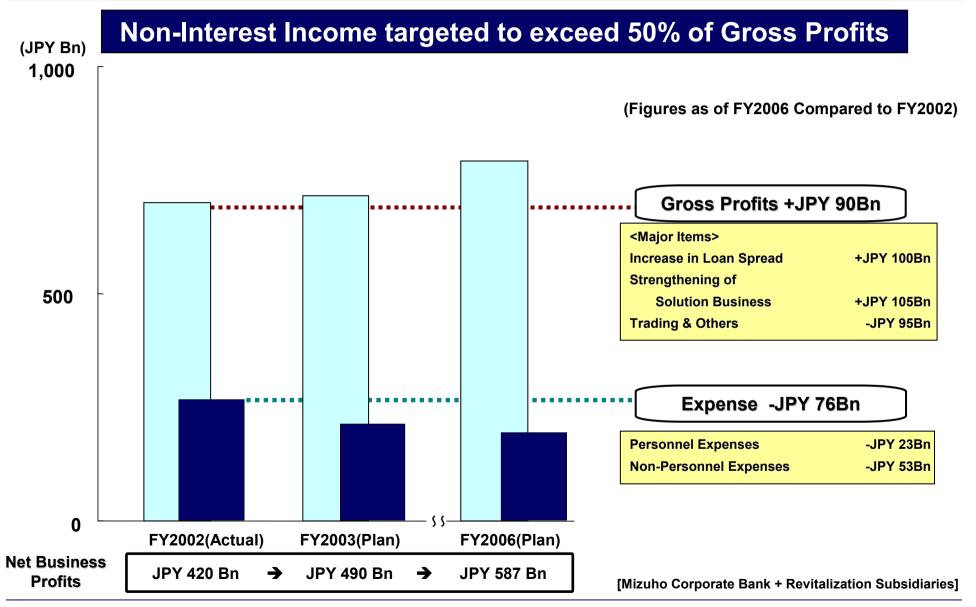
Overview of Profit Plan

Profit Growth during Turnaround (3 Banks)





Earnings Plan of Mizuho Corporate Bank



Mizuho Corporate Bank's Business Strategy

Transformation to a Market-Oriented Indirect Financing Model

Breakaway from the Conventional Business Model Dependent on Asset Volume

- Completed Reduction of Inefficient Risk-weighted Asset
- Achieved Streamlining of Asset and Improvement of Efficiency
- Implement Dynamic Portfolio Management
 - Maximize Value of Portfolio by using various methods;
 i.e. Loan Trading, Credit Derivatives, Corporate Bonds,
 Securitization

Creation and Expansion of Loan Syndication Business

- Further Expand Loan Syndication Business
 - Maintain a Dominant Share in the Domestic Syndication Market
 - Enhance General Syndication with Wide-range of Investors and Expand Syndicated Loans for Mid-to-Lower Credit Borrowers
- Promote Loan Trading
 - Establish Secondary Market

Realization of "Solution Bank"

Enhancement of Solution Businesses

- Offer Various Financing Schemes (Securitization, Real Estate Finance, Acquisition Finance, etc.)
 - Pursue Cross-selling of Various Financial Products by Mobilizing Mizuho Group's Capabilities
- Expand Clearing & Settlement Businesses through Product Specialists (Foreign Exchange Business, e-Business, Clearing & Settlement, etc.)

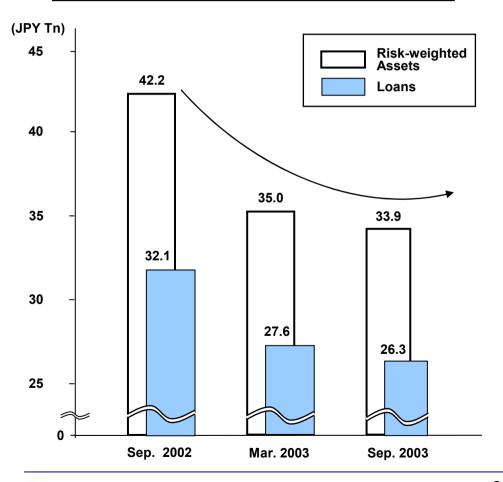
Further Strengthening of Sales and Marketing Capabilities

- Transform Domestic Relationship Management
 Organization and Enhance Synergies in Sales & Marketing
 - Integrate Corporate Banking Divisions of Otemachi and Uchisaiwaicho into Head Office
 - Enhance Group Synergies among Group Companies, such as Mizuho Bank, Mizuho Securities
- Focus on Japanese Customers in Overseas Market and Foreign Customers in Japanese Market
 - Strengthen Support for Japanese Customers Expanding into China
 - (Business Alliance with Major Chinese Cities and Chinese Financial Institutions)

Breakaway from Conventional Business Model Dependent on Asset Volume

Completed Reduction of Inefficient Risk-weighted Asset

End Balance of Risk-weighted Asset and Loans



Implement Dynamic Portfolio Management

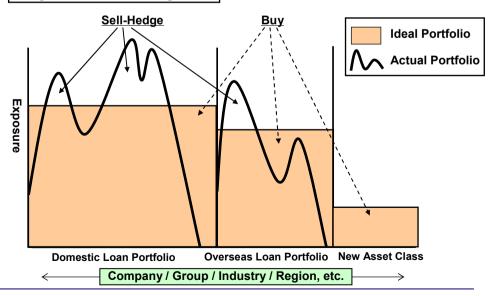
Increase in Portfolio Value

- Avoidance of Credit Exposure Concentration and Diversification of Portfolio
- Efficient Utilization of Asset and Contribution to Profit

Adjust and Optimize Portfolio by Making Full Use of Various Financial Technologies

- ← Loan Trading
- · Loan Participation
- · Credit Derivatives
- Securitization
- Purchase of Corporate Bonds / Securitization Products, etc.

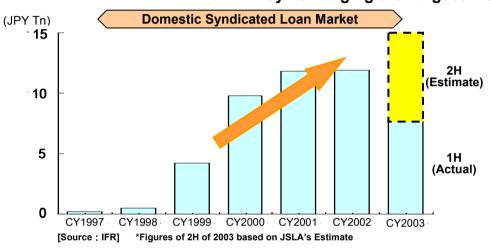
Image of Portfolio Management

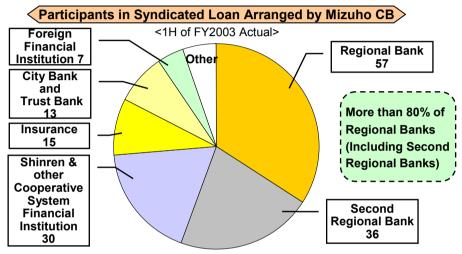


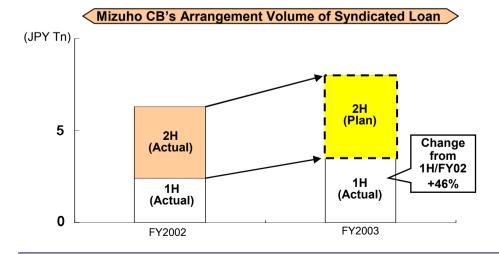
Creation and Expansion of Loan Syndication Business (1)

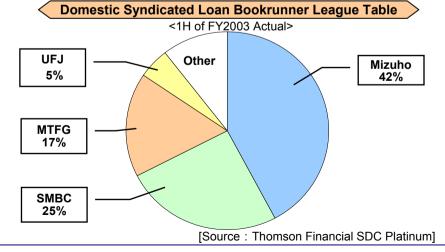
Syndicated Loan Market Enters a Period of Rapid Growth

~ Expand the Arrangement Volume as a Market Leader by Leveraging the Largest Distribution Network with Financial Institutions ~









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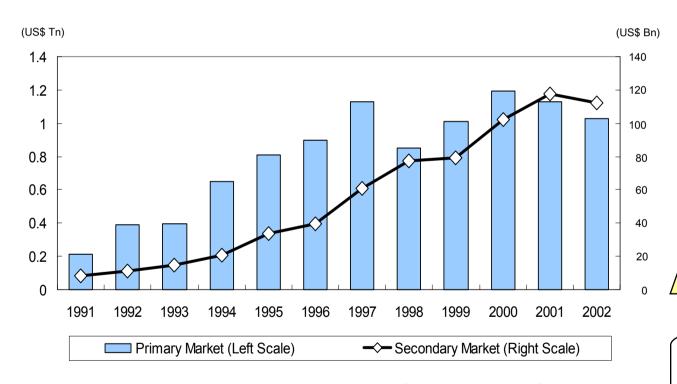
Creation and Expansion of Loan Syndication Business (2)

Promote Loan Trading

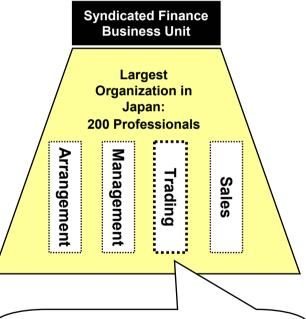
~ Establish Secondary Market in order to Further Develop and Expand Primary Market ~

Overview of U.S. Syndicated Loan Market and Loan Secondary Market

Organization for Loan Trading



(Source : Loan Pricing Corporation)



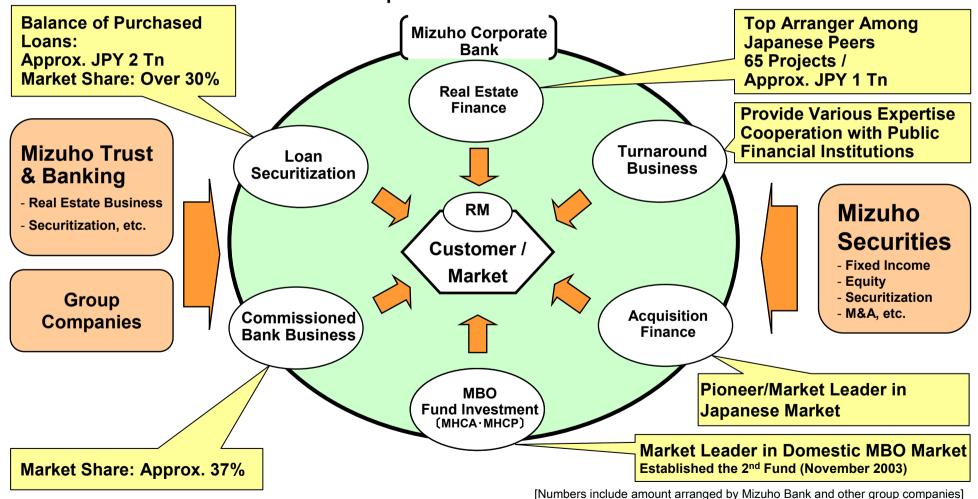
Established Syndication & Loan Trading Division with 40 professionals to deal with the Loan Secondary Market



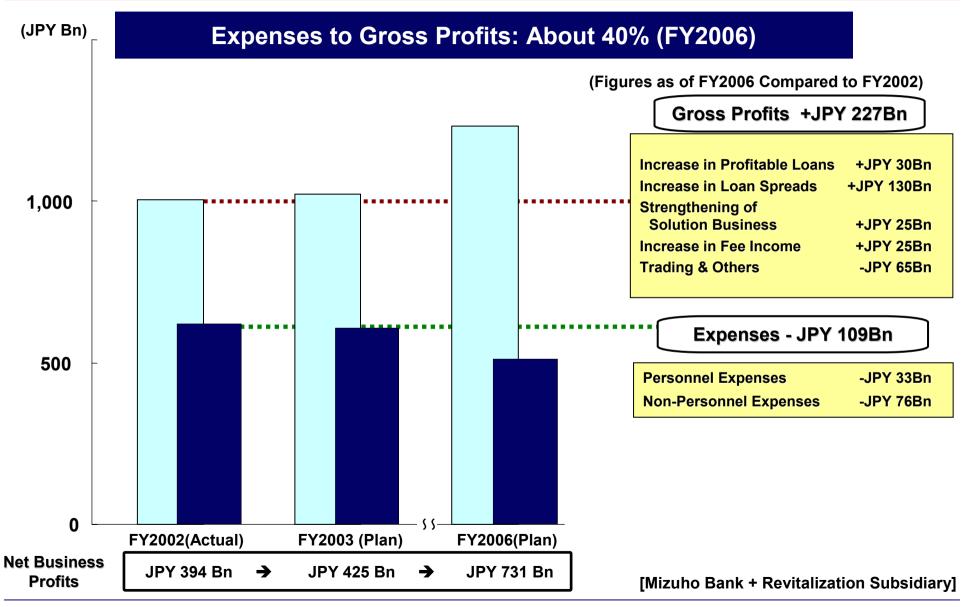
Realization of Solution Bank

Pursue Cross-Selling among Investment Banking Divisions

Cooperate with Group Companies such as Mizuho Securities and Mizuho Trust & Banking and Provide Comprehensive Solutions to Customers ~



Earnings Plan of Mizuho Bank

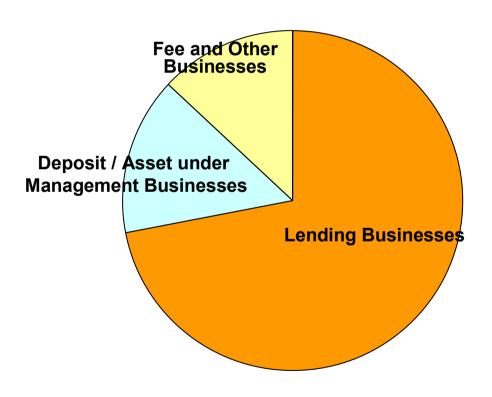




Business Strategy of Mizuho Bank (Retail Banking)

Breakdown of Gross Profits (Retail Banking) (1H of FY2003)

Strengthen Sales and Marketing and Introduce Strategic Products



Lending Businesses

Establish leading position in the individual loan market especially in housing loans

Deposit / Asset under Management Businesses

Promote profitable products by expanding transactions with "prime" customers

Promote Channel Efficiency and Strengthen Marketing Strategies

Enhance ATM network efficiency

Upgrade relationship marketing by utilizing RMDB (Relationship Marketing Data Base)

Strategy for Housing Loans (1)

Strengthen Sales and Marketing Channels

FY2002

Through Real Estate
Brokers

Approx. 60%

Housing Loan Centers (89 centers, 400 people) (Approx. 20,000 House Makers)

Through Corporate Customers

Approx. 15%

Approx. 6,000
Affiliated Corporate Customers

Through Branches

Approx. 25%

Through Real Estate Brokers

Strategic Deployment of Staffs and Housing Loan Centers

Enhanced Administration on Housing Loan Centers

Enhance Communication between Housing Loan Centers and Mizuho Bank's Branches

More Flexibility in Business Days and Hours

Through Corporate Customers

(Mainly with Affiliated Loans)

Affiliated Loan Promotion Team

Flexible Terms and Conditions

Marketing to Corporate Customers with their In-house Lending to employees and to Mizuho Corporate Bank's Customers

Through Branches (Refinancing Needs, etc.)

Promotion of "My Home Plaza"

Weekends and Holidays Consultation

Increase
Housing Loans
by Strengthening
Sales Force and
Various
Marketing
Channels

Strategy for Housing Loans (2)

Expand Product Line-up by Providing Customer Needs-Met Products

Mizuho Super Select

(For New House and or refinancing only)

Customer Needs

Products

Newly Built Houses (Approx. 50%)

Refinancing of Housing Loans (Approx. 20%)

Use of Proceeds Limited to Newly Built or Refinancing

Product Selection
Based on
Customers'
Future Cashflows

Short-term Course

Maximal Length: 10 yrs 1.0% discount

Long-term Course 0.7% discount until maturity

Securitization-type Housing Loans

(Alternative Product for Government Housing Loan Corporation (HLC) Loans)

Expand Product Line-up in Long-term Fixed Interest Rate Loans

Exit from Current HLC-related Unprofitable Business

Create Securitization Market for Extra Long-term Fixed-rate Loans

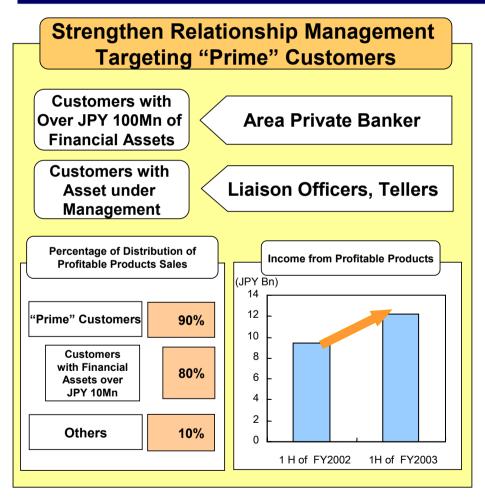
Increase Fee Income Without Using Balance Sheet (Pursuing Servicing Fee)

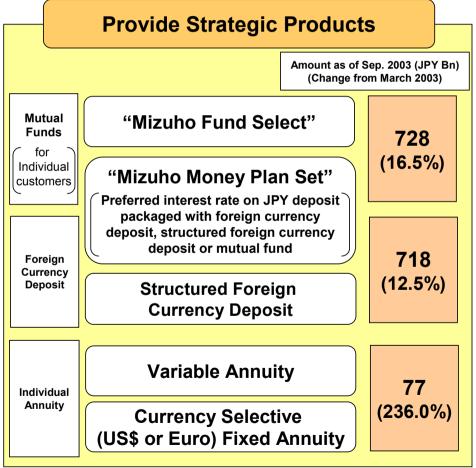
Alternating from Traditional HLC Loans to Securitization-type Loans

Interest Rate	Fixed Interes	Floating	
Preference	Extra Long-term 2-20 yr Fixed Fixed Interest Rates Interest Rates		Interest Rates
Up to Now	HLC Loans	Bank Loans	Bank Loans
Going Forward	Securitization-type Housing Loans	Same As Above	Same As Above

Reinforcing Sales of Profitable Products

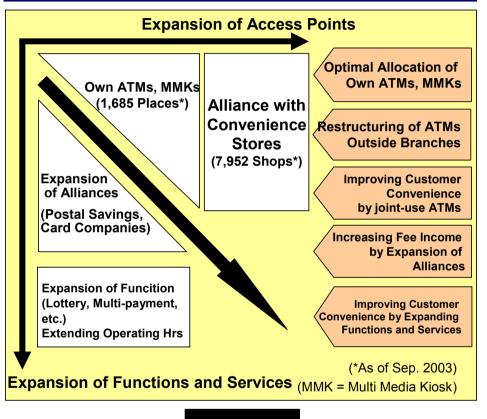
Expand Sales of Profitable Products (mutual fund, foreign currency time deposit and insurance product) by Expanding Transactions with "Prime" Customers



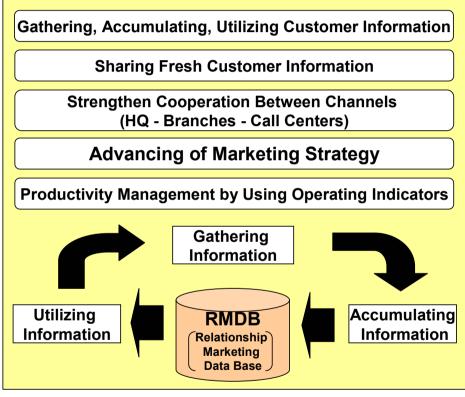


Realize Efficient ATM Network and Strengthen Marketing Strategies

Realize More Efficient ATM Network

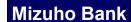


Strengthen Relationship Marketing by Utilizing RMDB



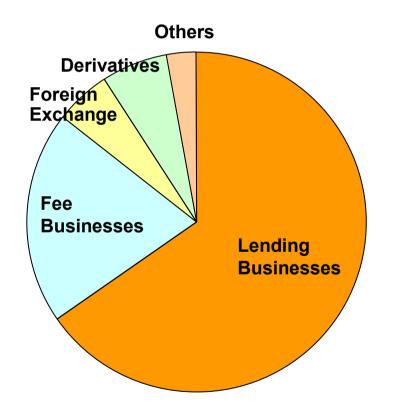
Improve Customer Convenience and Increase Fee Income

Deploy to All Branches within FY2004

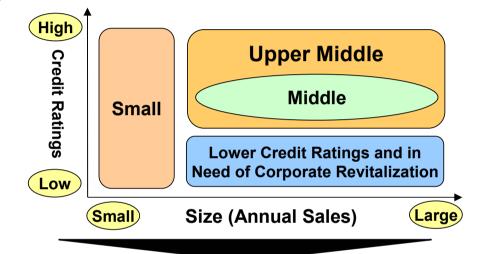


Business Strategy of Mizuho Bank (Corporate Banking)

Breakdown of Gross Profits (Corporate Banking) (1H of FY2003)



Strategies by Client Segment



Small

Establish efficient marketing practice with thorough low cost operation

Upper Middle

Maximize fee income by promoting solution businesses and capture finance needs

Middle

Aggressively take risks with standardized unsecured loan products and maximize net interest income

Lower Credit Ratings,and in need of Revitalization Ensure appropriate risk-return profile with adequate loan spreads, and reduce credit costs by promoting corporate revitalization

Small and Middle Corporations

Implement Thorough Low Cost Operation for Small Corporate Customers

Business Finance Center

Concentrate Transactions with Small Corporations as Mizuho Bank's Agency

Goal

Improve Efficiency of Transactions (70% of Total Customers, 20% of Gross Profits)

Target Customers

SMEs with Annual Sales below JPY 1Bn (Approx. 45,000 Companies)

Loan Balance: JPY 800Bn

Organization

25 Centers (Planned)

400 Employees (Planned)

Change from
High Cost Structure
by
Centralized Marketing

Enhance Customer Service with Specialized Division Improve Efficiency of Mizuho Bank's Branches

Reinforce Lending Strategy for Small and Middle Customers

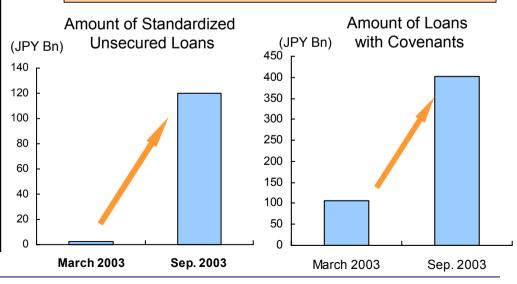
Shift from Collateral Driven to Risk-Return Driven

Standardized Unsecured Loan Products Utilize the Automated Scoring System

Increase the Branch Managers'
Loan Approval Limits

Shorten Approval Process and Standardize Assessment Method

Increase Loans with Financial Covenants



Upper-Middle Corporations

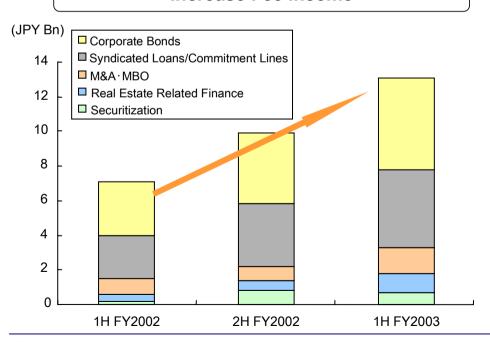
Provide High Quality Solutions, Taking Advantage of Small and Middle Enterprises-focused Business Model of Mizuho Bank

Increase Profits Related to Solution Businesses

Increase the Number of Staff for H.Q. for Business Solution Business

Enhance Cooperation between H.Q. of Business Solution Business and Branches

Increase Fee Income

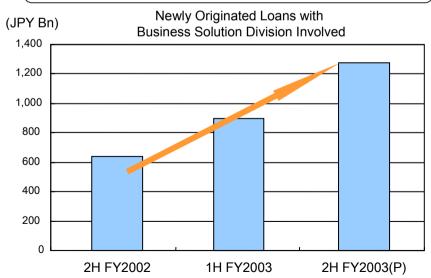


Increase Loans to Higher Credit Borrowers

Deploy 500 Staffs Focusing on New Customers

Acquire New Customers
by Promoting Solution Businesses
Plan for 2H 2003:
New Loans in the amount of JPY 200Bn

Promote Syndicated Loans, Loans with Financial Covenants and Acquisition Finance



Corporations with Lower Credit Ratings and in need of Corporate Revitalization

Strategies Focusing on Risk/Return Profile with Solution Businesses

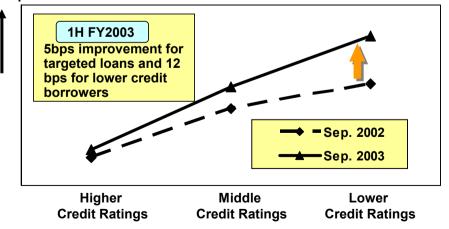
Secure Sufficient Level of Loan Spreads according to Credit Risks

Increase Loan Spreads to Guideline Level together with Proposal for Improvement in Customers' Financial Position

Promote Unsecured Loan Products with Appropriate Risk/Return Profile

Increase in Loan Spreads (Mizuho Bank)

Loan Spreads



Support Corporate Revitalization

Reinforce Research Capabilities on Industrial sectors and each Corporation

Establish strategies both by industry and by corporation, and promote co-working between headquarter and business sections

Support Prompt Corporate Revitalization

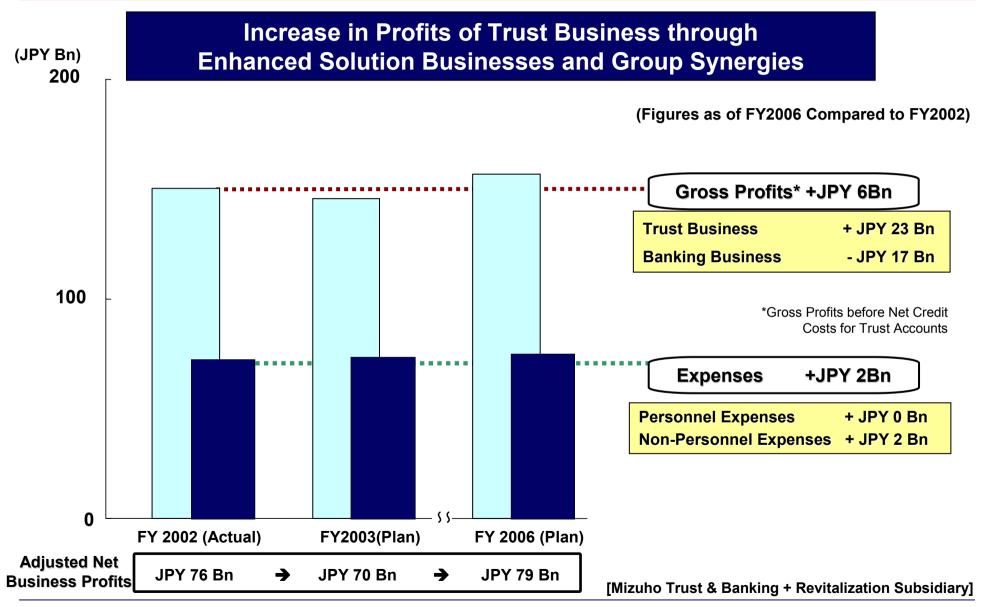
Reinforce solution business required for corporate revitalization

Enhance cooperation between Mizuho Advisory and other group companies

Reduction in Credit Costs



Earnings Plan of Mizuho Trust & Banking



Mizuho Trust & Banking's Business Strategy (1)

Further Strengthen Competitive Advantage Areas

Securitization Business

Provide the Best Solutions to Various Securitization Needs by Utilizing Advanced Structuring Capabilities and Expertise

Real Estate Business

Establish No.1 Sales Capabilities to Fulfill Customer's Expectations by Utilizing Real Estate Solution Functions

Private Banking

Establish "Total Wealth Management" System by Making Full Use of Property Management Capabilities and Consulting Skills Unique to Trust Bank Including Testamentary Trust

N	loney Claim				Real Estate		
	ecuritization	Sep. 2003 Bal. (JPY Bn)	Share		ecuritization	Mar. 2003 Bal. (JPY Bn)	Share
1	Mizuho	3,660	27%	1	Mizuho	1,930	27%
2	Mitsubishi	3,388	25%	2	Sumitomo	1,756	24%
3	Sumitomo	2,836	21%	3	Mitsubishi	1,498	21%
4	UFJ	2,634	19%	4	UFJ	1,038	14%
5	Mitsui	735	5%	5	Mitsui	1,002	14%
6	Resona	400	3%	6	Resona	38	1%

[Source: Interim Financial Statements of each company]

Testamentary Trust			
		Mar. 2003 (Transactions)	Share
1	Mizuho	9,653	24%
2	Mitsubishi	8,151	20%
3	Mitsui	7,389	18%
4	Resona	7,370	18%
5	UFJ	5,228	13%
6	Sumitomo	2,272	6%

Testamentary Processing			
		FY2002 (Transactions)	Share
1	Mizuho	676	44%
2	Mitsui	316	21%
3	Resona	176	12%
4	Mitsubishi	142	9%
5	UFJ	116	8%
6	Sumitomo	102	7%

Mizuho Trust & Banking's Business Strategy (2)

Thoroughly Pursue Synergies within Mizuho Group

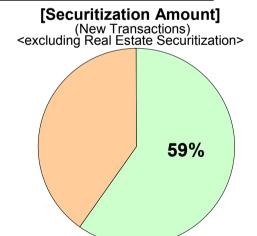
Strengthen Cooperation among Group Companies to Utilize Mizuho's Huge Customer Base and Network

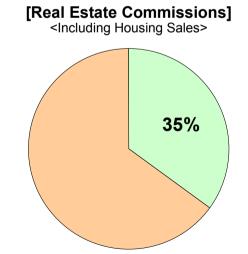
- Cooperation through Trust Banking Agency Branches (397 Branches of Mizuho Bank & Mizuho Corporate Bank)
 - -Launch the Sale of Investment Products for Wealthy Individuals in addition to Products for Corporate Customers
- Establish Joint Branch Structure in 17 Mizuho Bank Branches

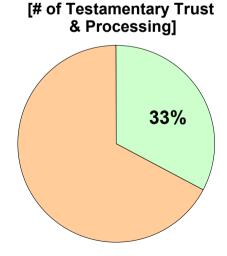
As the Only Full-Line Trust Bank within the Group, Maximizing Group Profitability by Providing Solutions (Products & Services) which Make Full Use of Trust & Custody Functions

Cooperation for Synergy Results of 1H / FY2003

(% shows the ratio of transactions obtained through Mizuho Bank & Mizuho Corporate Bank to entire transactions)

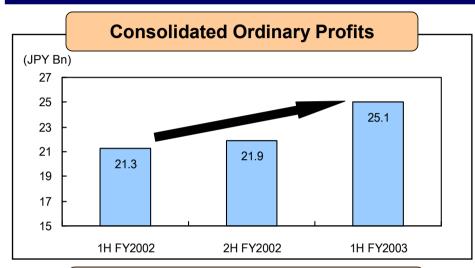


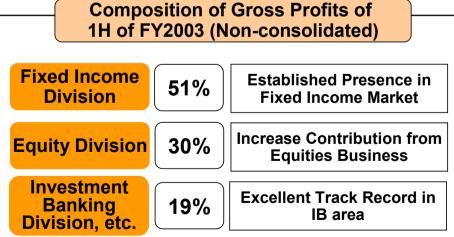




Mizuho Securities' Business Strategy (1)

Strengthen Business Bases as the Final Stage to Pursue Consolidated Ordinary Profits of JPY 50Bn





Expansion of Customer Base

Establish a Single Marketing Structure for Multiple Products (Establishment of Investment Banking Group)

Signing of Letter of Intent (LOI) for Transfer of Business from Nochu Securities

Enhancement of Global Structure

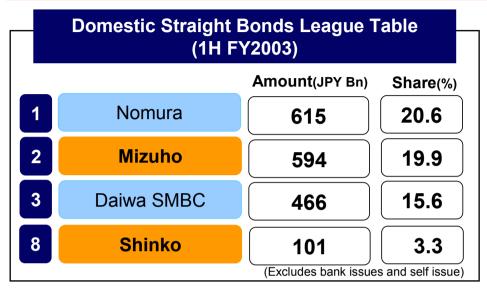
Further Upgrading of Infrastructure of Accounting/Risk Management

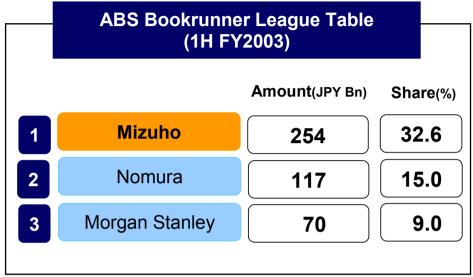
Expansion of Cross-Boader Transactions (Enhancement of Global Collaboration)

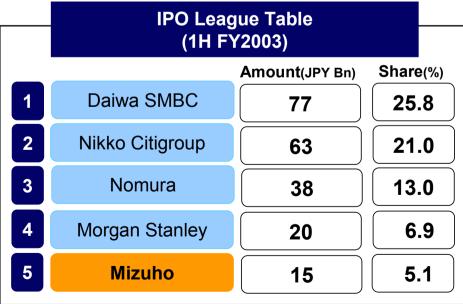
Further Strengthening of Management Bases

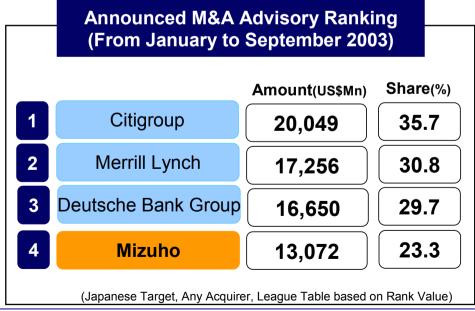
Diversification of Funding Sources by Issuing EURO MTN

Mizuho Securities' Business Strategy (2)



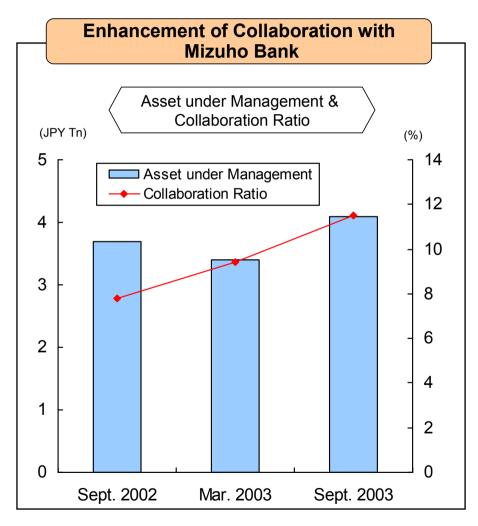


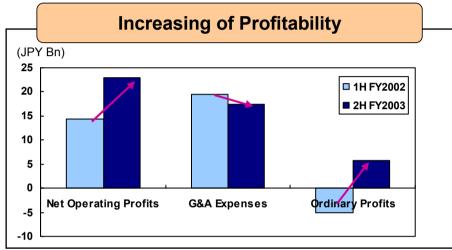


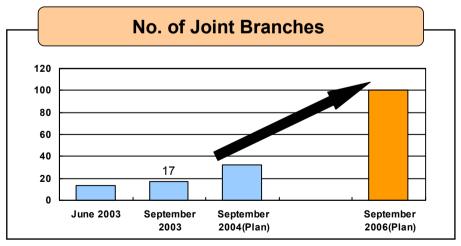


Mizuho Investors Securities

Collaboration with Mizuho Bank to Share Its Customer Base

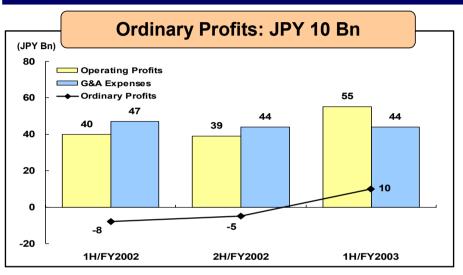






Shinko Securities

Utilize Strengths as a Full Line Securities Company and Enhance Collaboration



Diversification of Products and Expansion of Assets under Management

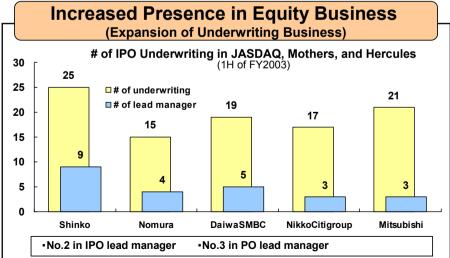
Enhancement of Product Offerings

Foreign Bonds and Equities for Retail Investors

Investment Trusts (Chinese Equities, Foreign Government Bonds, Foreign Corporate Bonds)

Expansion of Assets under Management

Target: JPY 10 Tn of Assets under Management



Enhancement of Group Cooperation

Mizuho Securities

- Co-Work to Joint Lead Manager
- Bond Issuance in Euro-Swiss Market
- Business Alliance for Products Development

Mizuho Bank

- ·Establishing of Joint Branches
- Introduction of Customers Each Other in Private Banking Business

Mizuho Trust & Banking

- •Collaboration in Testamentary Trust Business
- Joint Seminars



Interim Results for FY2003

Overview of Interim Results for FY2003

(JPY Bn)

- Net income of JPY 309Bn on aggregated basis of 3 Banks by growth of non-interest income, reduction of expenses and credit related costs and increase of extraordinary gains (ex. return of substitutional portion of Mizuho Pension Fund)
- Steadily Reduced JPY 450Bn of Non-Performing Loans (NPLs) and Substantially Decreased Deferred Tax Assets (DTAs)
- Consolidated BIS Ratio of 10.63%, increased by 1.1% since March 2003

	Consolidated
Gross Profits	1,097
Net Interest Income	585
Non-Interest Income (exc. Net Gains on Bonds)	399
Net Gains Related to Bonds	112
General and Administrative Expenses	-572
Net Business Profits	529
Credit Related Costs	-169
Net Gains Related to Stocks and Other Securities	119
Ordinary Profit	505
Net Extraordinary Gains	71
Net Income	255

	Consolidated
Disclosed Claims under the Financial Reconstruction Law ("FRL")	4,412
DTAs	1,656
BIS Ratio	10.63%

3 Banks	Change From 1H FY2002
965	60
599	0
250	27
115	31
-437	59
531	112
-131	142
99	161
485	408
114	128
309	260

3 Banks	Change From 1H FY2002
4,336	-449
1,645	-474

Analysis of Changes	
(3 Banks)	

< Results > (YoY)

- Net Interest Income +JPY 0.1Bn
 Maintained last year's level by covering effect of
 - Maintained last year's level by covering effect of disposal of inefficient assets with dividends from subsidiaries
- ➤ Non-Interest Income +JPY 27Bn
 - Growth in fees from syndicated loans, foreign exchange and derivatives
- > Expense +JPY 59Bn
 - Personnel Reduction in annual salaries and reduction of headcounts +JPY 31Bn
 - Non-personnel Reduction in facility costs and outsourcing expense +JPY 25Bn
- Credit Costs +JPY 142Bn
 Decrease due to decrease in newly classified
- NPLs and reversal of loan loss reserves

 Net Extraordinary Gains +JPY 128B
 - Tax refund resulting from settlement-at-court with Tokyo Metropolitan Government on Large Bank Tax Lawsuits
 JPY 58Bn
 - Gains on Return of substitutional portion of Mizuho Pension Fund
 JPY 45Bn

< NPLs and DTAs >(change from March 2003)

- NPLs -JPY 449B JPY 100Bn more reduction than planned due to progress of final disposal, etc.
- DTAs (Consolidated) -JF
 DTA/Tier1 = 43.6%



Overview of Interim Results of Mizuho Group Companies

- Improving Financial Results Especially for Securities Companies in the Group
- Expense Reduction by JPY 79.3Bn on a Consolidated Basis Resulting from Cost Reduction Effort throughout the Group

Securities Companies

- Financial results improved substantially due to Group synergies, expense reduction and active stock markets
- **■** Mizuho Securities

Recorded the highest net income for interim term due to good performance in Fixed & Equity divisions

Mizuho Investors Securities

Booked net income of JPY 5Bn by increase in fees, trading profit and reduction in expenses

Shinko Securities

Booked net income by JPY 9Bn by diversified sales products and reviewed sales strategy while reducing G&A expenses

		(JPY Bn)	
	1H 2003	1H 2003	
		Change from 1H 2002	
Net Op.Incom	e 41.3	16.3	
Expenses	-19.4	-3.3	
Ordinary Profi	21.9	13.1	
Net Income	12.4	7.5	

		(JPY Bn)
	1H 2003	
		Change from 1H 2002
Net Op.Income	22.9	8.6
Expenses	-17.4	1.9
Ordinary Profit	5.6	10.4
Net Income	5.0	12.2

	_		(01 1 111)
		1H 2003	
			Change from 1H 2002
Net Op.Ir	ncome	51.4	15.4
Expenses	S	-42.8	2.5
Ordinary	Profit	9.4	12.1
Net Incor	me	9.0	13.7

Trust & Custody Services Bank

■ Improvement of profitability by increase in assets under management and life insurance-related processing businesses

	I	1H 2003	
(JPY E	in)		Change from 1H 2002
Gross Profit	S	9.2	1.3
Expenses		-8.7	-0.9
Ordinary Pr	ofit	0.4	0.3
Net Income		0.2	0.2

Other Subsidiaries

■ Performed well by pursuing group synergies among strategic subsidiaries such as credit card company (UC Card), research institution (Mizuho Research Institute), and IT-related subsidiaries which develop group's management infrastructure



(JPY Bn)

Variance Analysis between Consolidated and 3 Banks

(JPY Bn)	Variance*	Main Factors					
Net Interest Income	-14.6 (x1.0)	The difference in net income stems mainly from the intra-group elimination of dividends received from overseas subsidiaries (Chekiang First Bank, etc.)					
Net Fee & Commission Income	+69.3 (x1.5)	Consolidated Net Interest Income in	Consolidated Net Interest Income is smaller than that on aggregated basis of 3 Banks due to intra-group elimination of				
Net Trading Income	+66.9 (x2.1)	 The difference in Net Fee & Commission Income is due to the contributions from Mizuho Investors Securities, UC Card, Fuji Research Institute, Mizuho Securities, etc. The difference in Net Trading Income is due to the contributions from Mizuho Securities Group, Mizuho Investors Securities, etc. 					
Net Other Operating Income	+10.2 (x1.1)						
G&A Expenses	+134.5 (x1.3)	Percentage Breakdown Non-					
Credit Related Costs	+38.1 (x1.3)	of Gross Profits Net Interest Income	62.1%	53.3%			
Ordinary Profit	+19.9 (x1.0)	Net Fiduciary, Fee & Commission Income	15.9%	20.3%			
Net Income	-54.3 (x0.8)	Net Trading Income	6.4%	11.8%			
		Net Other Operating Income	15.5%	14.6%			

^{*} The variance between Mizuho Financial Group (consolidated) and the aggregated figures of 3 Banks

Gross Profits

Gross Profits

(JPY Bn)		1H of FY2003	1H of FY2002	
		11101112003	Change	11101112002
C	Gross Profits	965	60	905
	Domestic Gross Profits	672	-22	694
	Net Interest Income	458	-49	508
	Net Fiduciary Income	26	4	22
	Net Fee and Commission Income	97	12	84
	Net Trading Income	25	4	20
	Net Other Operating Income	64	6	57
	International Gross Profits	293	82	211
	Net Interest Income	141	49	91
	Net Fee and Commission Income	29	0	29
	Net Trading Income	36	1	35
	Net Other Operating Income	85	30	54

Analysis of Changes

<Domestic Gross Profits>

> Net Interest Income

Decrease in average balance of loans (-JPY 9.7Tn) due to transformation to market oriented indirect financial model (MHCB)

- Net Fees & Commission Income
 Increase in syndicated loans &
 commitment lines Approx. +JPY 8Bn
- ➤ Net Other Operating Income

 Net Gains Related to Bonds +JPY 7Bn

< International Gross Profits>

> Net Interest Income

Dividend income from sale of a foreign subsidiary (Chekiang First Bank) and dividend from the intermediary holding company in USA Approx. JPY 45Bn

➤ Net Other Operating Income

US Treasury and other fixed income related profit Approx. +JPY 24Bn

Interest Margin

Use & Source of Funds (Domestic Operations)

(JPY Bn)

(%)

			(0: : =::)
	1H of FY2003	Change	1H of FY2002
	Average Balance	Average Balance	Average Balance
Use of Funds	91,068	-14,451	105,519
Loans	56,741	-9,549	66,290
Source of Funds	95,662	-11,332	106,995
Deposits	54,220	-6,755	60,975
Debentures	11,320	-3,358	14,678

Interest Margin (Domestic Operations)

g (=			411 . 5 53/0000	
		1H of FY2003	Change	1H of FY2002
Return on Interest-Earning Assets	(A)	1.12	-0.04	1.17
Return on Loans and Bills Discounted	(B)	1.59	0.01	1.58
Return on Securities		0.52	-0.24	0.77
Cost of Funding (including Expenses)	(C)	0.88	-0.06	0.95
Cost of Deposits and Debentures (including Expenses)	(D)	1.09	0.00	1.09
Cost of Deposits and Debentures	(E)	0.16	-0.04	0.21
Cost of Other External Liabilities		0.17	-0.09	0.26
Net Interest Margin	(A)-(C)	0.23	0.01	0.22
Loan and Deposit Rate Margin (including Expenses)	(B)-(D)	0.50	0.01	0.49
Loan and Deposit Rate Margin	(B)-(E)	1.43	0.06	1.37
5 10 1 1 1 100				

Deposits and Debentures include NCDs.

(Reference) After excluding Loans to Deposit Insurance Corporation of Japan, government, and other

Return on Loans and Bills Discounted	(F)	1.66	0.05	1.60
Loan and Deposit Rate Margin (including Expenses)	(F)-(D)	0.57	0.05	0.51
Loan and Deposit Rate Margin	(F)-(E)	1.50	0.10	1.40

* Excluding financial subsidiaries for corporate revitalization

Analysis of Changes

➤ Factors contributing to change in average balance of funds

Decrease in Loans mainly due to that of Mizuho Corporate Bank's average balance of loans (-JPY7.4Tn)

However, reduction in risk asset ended with JPY 0.8Tn decrease in end balance from March 2003

Analysis of Changes

➤ Loan and Deposit Rate Margin

Except for specific factor

Except for specific factor (increase of low margin loans to Deposit Insurance Corporation of Japan), margin improved by 10bps in the half year

Improvement of Loan Spreads (on a managerial accounting basis)

Improvement in 1H of FY2003
➤ Mizuho Bank

Improved loan spreads

approx. +5bps

(of which, lower credit) +12bps ➤ Mizuho Corporate Bank

Improved loan spreads +4bps



Expenses, Employees and Branches

G&A Expenses

(ID)(D)

ſ				(JPY Bn)
	3 Banks	1H of FY2003	Change	1H of FY2002
	General and Administrative Expenses	437	-59	496
	Personnel Expenses	146	-31	177
	Non-Personnel Expenses	268	-25	293
	Premium for Deposit Insurance	26	1	24
	Miscellaneous Taxes	23	-2	25

Analysis of Changes

> Personnel Expenses

Reduction in annual salaries and decrease of headcounts by operational efficiency improvement, etc.

> Non-Personnel Expenses

Reduction in facility costs Approx. -JPY 5Bn

International operations

Approx. -JPY 5Bn

Decrease in outsourcing expense, etc.

Expense Ratio for 3 Banks:45.1% (decreased by 9% from 1H for FY2002)

_						
	3 Banks*	September 2003	Change from March 2003	Change from Sept. 2002	March 2003	September 2002
	Number of Employees	29,712	-135	-1.885	29,847	31,597

of Branches

of Employees

3 Banks*	September 2003	Change from March 2003	Change from Sept. 2002	March 2003	September 2002
Head Office & Domestic Branches	606 (586)	_	-52 (-72)	632	658
Overseas Branches	24	-	-4	24	28

^{():} number of branches when counting mutiple branches operating at the same location as one

^{*} Excluding financial subsidiaries for corporate revitalization

2 Banks*

B/S Analysis

	(JPY Bn)	;	September 2003			
		Mizuho Bank Mizuho Corporate Bank		Total	March 2003	Change
1	Cash and Due from Banks	5,020	3,478	8,499	8,854	-354
2	Call Loans	3,700	389	4,089	7,410	-3,320
3	Trading Assets	739	3,180	3,919	5,138	-1,219
4	Securities	12,675	16,049	28,724	23,251	5,472
5	Loans and Bills Discounted	37,679	24,198	61,878	65,517	-3,639
6	Premises and Equipment	1,168	250	1,419	1,464	-45
7	Deferred Tax Assets	800	738	1,538	1,978	-440
8	Acceptances and Guarantees	1,965	2,924	4,889	5,155	-265
9	Reserves for Possible Losses on Loans	-548	-406	-955	-1,904	949
10	Others	5,688	6,729	12,417	12,032	385
11	Total Assets	68,888	57,532	126,421	128,899	-2,477
12	Deposits	49,607	15,161	64,769	63,730	1,038
13	Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	3,652	4,818	8,471	6,821	1,650
14	Debentures	3,348	7,442	10,791	11,797	-1,006
15	Call Money	1,227	9,224	10,451	12,919	-2,468
16	Payable Under Repurchase Agreements	123	3,205	3,329	4,611	-1,281
17	Bills Sold	623	1,931	2,554	4,789	-2,234
18	Trading Liabilities	632	2,366	2,999	3,890	-891
19	Borrowed Money	1,470	1,973	3,443	3,531	-87
20	Acceptances and Guarantees	1,965	2,924	4,889	5,155	-265
21	Others	4,585	6,592	11,178	8,560	2,617
22	Total Liabilities	67,237	55,641	122,878	125,806	-2,927
23	Total Shareholders' Equity	1,651	1,890	3,542	3,092	449
24	Total Liabilities & Shareholders' Equity	68,888	57,532	126,421	128,899	-2,477

Analysis of Changes

<Call Loans / Call Money (2&15)>

Decrease in intragroup transactions between Mizuho Bank and Mizuho Corporate Bank (JPY 3.7Tn as of Sep. 03)

<Securities (4)>

Increase in JGBs (mainly TB/FB)
Approx. +JPY3.4 Tn

<Loans and Bills Discounted (5)>

Effect of transfer of loans to revitalization subsidiaries

<Deposits (12)>

Increase in corporate deposits
Approx. +JPY1.2 Tn

<Debentures (14)>

Reduction in Bank Debentures

<Total Equity (23)>

Substantial increase with Interim Net Income and increase in Net Unrealized Gains on Other Securities

^{*} Excluding financial subsidiaries for corporate revitalization



Housing and Consumer Loans / Loans to Both Small/Medium-Size Companies and Individuals / Deposits

Balance of Housing and Consumer Loans

3 Banks (JPY Mn)

(Banking Account + Trust Account)	September 2003	Change from March 2003	Change from Sept. 2002	March 2003	September 2002
Housing and Consumer Loans	12,552,475	-296,276	-458,944	12,848,751	13,011,419
Housing Loans for owner's residential housing	9,433,927	-95,284	-68,818	9,529,211	9,502,745

^{*} Above figures are aggregated banking and trust account amounts. (Trust account denotes trust accounts with contracts indemnifying the principal amounts).

Loans to Both Small/Medium-Size Companies and Individual Clients

(%, JPY Mn)

3 Banks (Banking Account + Trust Account)	September 2003	Change from March 2003	Change from Sept. 2002	March 2003	September 2002
Percentage of Loans to Both Small/Medium-Size Companies and Individual Clients to Total Domestic Loans	61.3	0.1	0.5	61.2	60.7
Loans to Both Small/Medium-Size Companies and Individual Clients	39,779,763	-11,969	-2,347,257	39,791,732	42,127,020

^{*} Above figures are aggregated banking and trust account amounts.

Breakdown of Deposits (Domestic Offices)

(JPY Mn)

3 Banks*	September 2003	Change from March 2003	Change from Sept. 2002	March 2003	September 2002
Deposits	61,569,148	1,725,370	-105,841	59,843,777	61,674,989
Individual Deposits	30,354,737	-265,918	-302,427	30,620,656	30,657,165
Corporate Deposits	25,348,768	1,232,217	866,429	24,116,550	24,482,338
Financial/Government Institutions	5,865,642	759,074	-669,842	5,106,568	6,535,485

The above figures are before adjustment of transit accounts for inter-office transactions, and do not include deposits booked at overseas offices and offshore deposits.

^{*} Excluding financial subsidiaries for corporate revitalization



^{*} The figures above do not include loans booked at overseas offices or offshore markets.

^{*} The definition of "Small/Medium-Size Companies" is as follows: Companies of which the capital is 300 million yen or below (100 million yen or below for the wholesale industry, and 50 million yen or below for the retail, restaurant & service industries), or companies with full-time employees of 300 or below. (100 or below for the wholesale industry, 50 or below for the retail and restaurant industries, and 100 or below for the service industry)

Breakdown of Deferred Tax Assets

Deferred Tax Assets

Net DTAs Reduced by JPY 440Bn

(JPY Bn)

		Mizuho Bank		k
		Sept. 2003	March 2003	Change
Temporary Difference of Reserves for Possible Losses on Loans, Unrealized/Devaluation Losses on Securities and Others	1	583.9	507.2	76.7
Net Operating Loss Carry-forwards	2	485.2	560.0	-74.8
Others	3	271.3	225.1	46.2
Gross Deferred Tax Assets	4	1,340.6	1,292.5	48.1
Valuation Allowance	5	-305.8	-222.1	-83.7
Subtotal (=4+5)	6	1,034.7	1,070.3	-35.6
Liabilities related to Employee Retirement Benefits	7	-153.4	-83.2	-70.2
Unrealized Gains of Other Securities	8	-	-	-
Others	9	-81.1	-73.3	-7.8
Gross Deferred Tax Liabilities	10	-234.5	-156.5	-78.0
Net Deferred Tax Assets(=4+5+10)	11	800.1	913.8	-113.6

Mizuh	o Corporate	e Bank
Sept. 2003	March 2003	Change
742.3	787.8	-45.5
1,226.7	1,314.5	-87.8
136.4	129.0	7.4
2,105.6	2,231.4	-125.7
-1,129.6	-1,115.2	-14.3
976.0	1,116.1	-140.1
-65.2	-42.9	-22.3
-156.5	-	-156.5
-16.2	-8.7	-7.5
-238.0	-51.6	-186.3
738.0	1,064.4	-326.4

(JPY Bn)						
Aggregate	ed figures c	of 2 Banks				
Sept. 2003	Change					
1,326.3	1,295.0	31.3				
1,712.0	1,874.5	-162.5				
407.8	354.2	53.6				
3,446.3	3,523.9	-77.5				
-1,435.5	-1,337.4	-98.1				
2,010.8	2,186.4	-175.6				
-218.6	-126.1	-92.5				
-156.5	-	-156.5				
-97.3	-82.0	-15.3				
-472.6	-208.2	-264.3				
1,538.2	1,978.3	-440.0				

Analysis of Changes

- Decrease in Loss Carry-forwards by positive Taxable Income -162.5 Bn
- Increase in Deferred Tax Liabilities by increase in Unrealized Gains on Other Securities
- Increase in Valuation Allowance by conservative estimation of future Taxable Income, etc -98.1 Bn

^{*} Excluding financial subsidiaries for corporate revitalization



-156.5 Bn

Estimation of Deferred Tax Assets

Calculation Policy

Recoverability of Deferred Tax Assets is basically assessed based on future taxable income derived from future profitability, considering that Mizuho Bank and Mizuho Corporate Bank's fundamental profitability enabled the two banks to consistently report an appropriate level of Net Business Profits in previous periods. Mizuho Bank and Mizuho Corporate Bank's loss carryforwards and future deductible temporary differences in the past were resulted from nonrecurring special causes e.g. losses from extraordinary and significant waiver of claims due to the crash of the bubble economy, acceleration of disposal of problem loans and stock holdings in accordance with government policy to promptly stabilize the financial system under the long deflationary depression, and the restructuring of businesses to meet the severe management environment. Since the two banks could have reported positive taxable income every year except for the losses from these special factors, the conditions under the provisory clause of 5. (1) 4 of "Audit Guideline for Considering Recoverability of Deferred Tax Assets (JICPA Audit Committee Report No.66) have been fulfilled. Period for future taxable income considered in the assessment is five years.

Past Results of Taxable Income/Loss

(JPY Bn)

		(01 1 111)
	Mizuho Bank	Mizuho Corporate Bank
First Half of Fiscal 2003	170.0	230.0
(estimate)	170.0	230.0
Fiscal 2002	-976.5	-2,326.9
Fiscal 2001	-408.0	-185.0
Fiscal 2000	89.1	127.2
Fiscal 1999	177.1	226.0
Fiscal 1998	97.1	-199.6

(Notes)

- 1. Figures from Fiscal 1998 to Fiscal 2002 are taxable income (tax loss) amounts per the final corporation tax returns before deducting tax losses carried forward from prior years. Subsequent amendments have not been reflected.
- 2. Figures for First Half of Fiscal 2003 are estimates of taxable income before deducting tax losses carried forward from prior years for the interim period.
- 3. Above figures are those before deducting losses due to nonrecurring special reasons stipulated in Section 5. of JICPA Audit Committee Report No.66. If these nonrecurring factors are excluded, positive taxable income would have been recorded in each term.
- 4. Figures for the periods before the Corporate Split and Merger are those of the legally surviving banks.

Employee Retirement Benefits

Projected Benefit Obligation

(JPY Mn)

	_			(01 1 11111)
		1H of FY2003		1H of FY2002
			Change	
Balance of Projected Benefit Obligation (at beginning of period)	(A)	1,453,071	133,633	1,319,437
Discount Rate (%)	(/\)	2.5	-0.5	3.0
Total Fair Value of Plan Assets (at beginning of period)	(B)	1,006,384	-59,902	1,066,286
Unrecognized Net Obligation	(C)	776,800	310,108	466,692
Net Obligation by the change of Accounting Policy (at beginning of period)		59,013	-29,506	88,519
Amount amortized during the period		14,743	-9	14,753
Actuarial Gains (Losses) (at beginning of period)		717,787	339,614	378,172
Amount amortized during the period		37,329	18,807	18,521
Prepaid Pension Cost (at beginning of period) (D)	339,138	99,434	239,704
Reserve for Employee Retirement Benefits (at beginning of period) (A)-(B)-(C)+	(D)	9,025	-17,137	26,162

Expense Related to Employee Retirement Benefits

(JPY Mn)

	1H of FY2003	Change	1H of FY2002
Service Cost	-11,695	709	-12,404
Interest Cost	-18,132	1,657	-19,790
Expected Return on Plan Assets	18,830	-535	19,365
Amortization of Actuarial Gains (Losses)	-37,329	-18,807	-18,521
Amortization of Net Obligation by the change of Accounting Policy	-14,743	9	-14,753
Amortization of Prior Service Cost and Other	14,426	14,426	-
Gains on Return of Substitutional Portion of Mizuho Pension Fund	45,932	45,932	-
Total	-2,711	43,391	-46,103

^{*} Excluding financial subsidiaries for corporate revitalization



BIS Capital Adequacy Ratio

(%.	.1	PΥ	R

						(%, JPT BII)
		September 2003 (Preliminary)	Change from March 2003	Change from September 2002	March 2003	September 2002
(1)	Capital Adequacy Ratio	10.63	1.10	0.21	9.53	10.42
	Tier I Ratio	5.40	0.54	0.14	4.86	5.26
(2)	Tier I	3,792.9	297.4	-493.7	3,495.4	4,286.6
	Capital Stock	1,540.9	-	-1,031.0	1,540.9	2,572.0
	Capital Surplus	1,262.2	-1,337.2	908.5	2,599.5	353.7
	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	172.0	1,600.0	-811.4	-1,427.9	983.5
	Minority Interests in Consolidated Subsidiaries	1,030.0	-6.3	-15.6	1,036.4	1,045.6
	Preferred Stock Issued by Overseas SPCs	959.7	-0.5	0.7	960.2	958.9
	Unrealized Losses on Other Securities	-	23.0	509.2	-23.0	-509.2
	Treasury Stock	-134.1	0.0	-133.1	-134.1	-1.0
	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	-78.2	17.9	23.3	-96.2	-101.6
	Goodwill Equivalent	-0.1	0.0	0.2	-0.1	-0.3
	Consolidation Differences Equivalent	-	-	56.0	-	-56.0
(3)	Tier II	4,706.8	26.0	-235.9	4,680.7	4,942.7
	Amount included in Capital	3,792.9	297.4	-493.7	3,495.4	4,286.6
	45% of Unrealized Gains on Securities	159.7	159.7	159.7	-	-
	45% of Revaluation Reserve for Land, net of Taxes	279.7	-7.6	-28.6	287.3	308.3
	General Reserve for Possible Losses on Loans	1,512.1	-3.2	587.3	1,515.4	924.8
	Debt Capital	2,755.0	-122.9	-954.4	2,877.9	3,709.5
	Perpetual Subordinated Debt and Other Debt Capital	1,155.7	-115.0	-435.9	1,270.7	1,591.6
	Subordinated Debt and Redeemable Preferred Stock	1,599.3	-7.8	-518.5	1,607.2	2,117.9
(4)	Deductions from Capital	121.5	-21.8	32.1	143.4	89.3
(5)	Capital (2)+(3)-(4)	7,464.2	616.8	-1,019.7	6,847.4	8,483.9
(6)	Risk-adjusted Assets	70,204.1	-1,619.3	-11,159.3	71,823.5	81,363.5

Increasing Factors of MHFG's Capital (changes from March 2003)

Interim profit:

+JPY255.3 Bn (Tier I)

Increase in net unrealized gains on other securities:

+JPY159.7 Bn (Tier II)

(Transfer of JPY1,337.2 Bn from legal reserve to retained earnings to recover capital deficit: no impact on total capital amount)

Reduction of Risk-adjusted Assets (changes from March 2003)

Decrease of JPY1.6 Tn:

Foreign exchange (yen appreciation): Reduction of overseas under-performing assets:

Approx. -JPY600 Bn Approx. -JPY850 Bn

Reduction of domestic loan assets:

Approx. -JPY160 Bn

Number of Shares of Mizuho Financial Group, Inc.

	First Half of	Fiscal 2003	Fisca	2002
	Average Shares	Outstanding	Average Shares	Outstanding
	Average Shares	Shares at the End	Average Shares	Shares at the End
Common Stock	10,861,709	11,294,921	2,553,012	10,582,345
First series Preferred Stock (Class I)	33,000	33,000	7,951	33,000
Second series Preferred Stock (Class II)	100,000	100,000	24,096	100,000
Third series Preferred Stock (Class III)	100,000	100,000	24,096	100,000
Fourth series Preferred Stock (Class IV)	150,000	150,000	36,144	150,000
Sixth series Preferred Stock (Class VI)	150,000	150,000	36,144	150,000
Seventh series Preferred Stock (Class VII)	125,000	125,000	30,120	125,000
Eighth series Preferred Stock (Class VIII)	125,000	125,000	30,120	125,000
Ninth series Preferred Stock (Class IX)	140,000	140,000	33,734	140,000
Tenth series Preferred Stock (Class X)	140,000	140,000	33,734	140,000
Eleventh series Preferred Stock (Class XI)	943,740	943,740	34,111	943,740
Twelfth series Preferred Stock (Class XI)	81,544	50,600	3,668	101,500
Thirteenth series Preferred Stock (Class XIII)	36,690	36,690	1,326	36,690

Note: 1. Minimum Shares of Trading for Common and Preffered Stock: 1 share

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MIZUHO

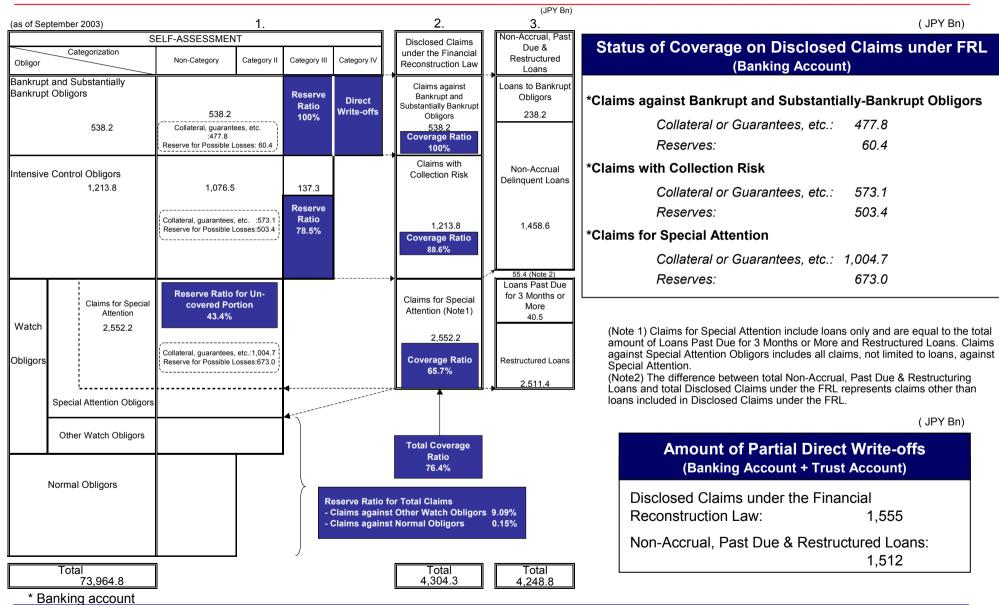
^{2.} Treasury Stock is excluded from Number of Common Stock.

^{3.} Increase in Number of Common Stock is due to the conversion of 50,900 shares of Twelfth series Preffered Stock (Class XI).

Asset Quality/Stock and Bond Portfolio

3 Banks*

Overview of Disclosure of NPLs





NPL Balance and Coverage Ratios

	_	
		FRL
		FRI
_	 151	

Reduction by JPY449 Bn in 1H for FY2003

(JPY Bn)

	September 2003	Change from March 2003	Change from Sept. 2002	March 2003	September 2002
Claims against Bankrupt and Substantially Bankrupt Obligors	548	-66	-349	615	898
Claims with Collection Risk	1,218	-46	-742	1,265	1,961
Claims for Special Attention	2,568	-337	3	2,905	2,565
Total	4,336	-449	-1,088	4,785	5,424
Above figures are presented net of partia	I direct write-offs				

 Amount of Partial Direct Write-offs
 1,555
 -30
 -885
 1,586
 2,440

 NPL Ratio
 5.81
 -0.48
 -0.63
 6.29
 6.44

Coverage Ratios

Further Increase in 1H for FY2003

(Banking Account)

(%)

Coverage Ratios	76.4	4.0	9.1	72.4	67.3
Claims against Bankrupt and Substantially Bankrupt Obligors	100.0	ı	1	100.0	100.0
Claims with Collection Risk	88.6	2.5	7.5	86.1	81.1
Claims for Special Attention	65.7	5.1	20.4	60.6	45.3

Reserve Ratios against Uncovered Claims

_		_				
Claims against Bankrupt and Substantially Bankrupt Obligors	100.0		1	1	100.0	100.0
Claims with Collection Risk	78.5	\	4.0	12.5	74.5	66.0
Claims for Special Attention	43.4	,	5.5	24.3	37.9	19.1
(Reserve Ratios against Total Claims for Special Attention)	26.3		2.2		24.1	
Reserve Ratios regarding Other Claims						_
Claims against Watch Obligors excluding Special	\					

Claims against Watch Obligors excluding Special Attention Obligors	9.09	1.56	4.87	7.53	4.22
Claims against Normal Obligors	0.15	-0.00	0.00	0.15	0.15

Final Disposals

Results of Final Disposals

Progress of Final Disposals as scheduled

(JPY Bn)

(JPY Bn)

Progress in Removal of Problem Assets from the Balance Sheet (Accumulated Removal Amount and Removal Ratio)

Banking Account
+
Trust Account

_	Problem Assets	Amount	Balance at September 30, 2003	Accumulated Removal Amount	Accumulated Removal Ratio(%)
Categorize	ed before September 30, 2000	2,718.7	109.0	2,609.7	95.9%
Newly Cat	tegorized during the Second Half of Fiscal 2000	700.6	67.8	632.7	90.3%
Newly Cat	tegorized during the First Half of Fiscal 2001	1,384.9	278.7	1,106.2	79.8%
Newly Cat	tegorized during the Second Half of Fiscal 2001	1,236.5	168.7	1,067.8	86.3%
Newly Cat	tegorized during the First Half of Fiscal 2002	589.1	144.5	444.6	75.4%
Newly Cat	tegorized during the Second Half of Fiscal 2002	809.5	603.5	205.9	25.4%
Newly Cat	tegorized during the First Half of Fiscal 2003	395.0	395.0	\setminus	
Total		7,834.3	1,767.5		

* Modit Accumu Removal R	lated
	98.6%
	92.8%
	88.9%
	91.2%
	82.8%
	34.5%

^{*} Modified accumulated removal ratios are based on the accumulated removal amount including the amount which was in the process of being removed from the balance sheet.

Breakdown of Accumulated Amount Disposed from the Balance Sheet

Banking Account
+
Trust Account

		Breakdown of Amount Removed					
	2H of FY2000	1H of FY2001	2H of FY2001	1H of FY2002	2H of FY2002	1H of FY2003	Accumulated from 2H of FY2000
Liquidation	-229.3	-154.9	-172.7	-190.2	-214.5	-20.6	-982.4
Restructuring	-84.4	-309.9	-47.8	-235.2	-316.5	-46.4	-1,040.4
Improvement in Business Performance due to Restructuring		-9.9	-4.6	-47.8	-58.7	-6.4	-127.6
Securitization	-170.3	-258.7	-311.7	-237.9	-1,658.1	-116.0	-2,753.0
Direct Write-off	69.2	455.5	-98.2	324.6	1,010.7	28.6	1,790.6
Other	-390.9	-329.2	-639.9	-693.2	-551.5	-346.6	-2,951.6
Debt recovery		-305.2	-505.9	-387.5	-390.8	-238.2	
Improvement in Business Performance		-23.8	-133.7	-305.7	-160.7	-108.3	
Total	-806.2	-607.8	-1,276.1	-1,079.8	-1,788.8	-507.6	-6,066.7



Disclosed Claims under FRL by Industry and Coverage Ratio

(Banking Account + Trust Account)

(JPY Mn, %)

	Septembe	September 2003				March 2003	
			Chang	e			
	Disclosed Claims under the FRL	Coverage Ratio	Disclosed Claims under the FRL	Coverage Ratio	Disclosed Claims under the FRL	Coverage Ratio	
Domestic Total (excluding Loans Booked Offshore)	4,110,550	76.5	-256,738	3.5	4,367,288	72.9	
Manufacturing	602,056	76.2	-100,537	4.6	702,593	71.6	
Agriculture	1,771	95.2	-524	4.9	2,296	90.3	
Forestry	414	70.0	-64	-12.5	478	82.6	
Fishery	2,834	96.0	292	2.6	2,541	93.3	
Mining	4,097	99.9	524	-12.0	3,573	111.9	
Construction	359,951	72.6	-47,725	-4.6	407,676	77.2	
Utilities	6,863	98.4	-4,836	1.5	11,699	96.9	
Communication	34,801	79.0	1,683	-0.4	33,117	79.5	
Transportation	79,575	74.1	-26,262	-3.2	105,837	77.4	
Wholesale & Retail	977,562	76.0	-16,430	6.7	993,991	69.3	
Finance & Insurance	144,851	58.5	-38,543	3.5	183,394	55.0	
Real Estate	797,615	83.9	-68,126	7.4	865,740	76.5	
Service Industries	619,316	70.9	-54,822	0.7	674,138	70.1	
Local Government	-	-	-300	-66.5	300	66.5	
Other	478,838	80.1	98,935	-2.3	379,902	82.4	
Overseas Total (including Loans Booked Offshore)	225,529	78.0	-193,135	9.9	418,664	68.0	
Governments	11,423	31.3	-781	-0.7	12,205	32.1	
Financial Institutions	1,713	76.0	-332	11.7	2,045	64.3	
Other	212,392	80.5	-192,021	11.4	404,413	69.1	
Total	4,336,079	76.4	-449,873	4.0	4,785,953	72.4	

^{*}Above figures are aggregated amounts for "Claims against Bankrupt and Substantially Bankrupt Obligors, and equivalent", "Claims with Collection Risk" and "Claims for Special Attention".

^{*}Since the "Japanese Standard Industry Categorization" was amended on March 7, 2002 by Bulletin no. 139 of the Ministry of Public Management, Home Affairs, Posts and Telecommunications, and was applied from October 1, 2002, the amounts for each industry under "Domestic Total (excluding loans booked offshore)" at March 31, 2003 and September 30, 2003 are given on the basis of the amended standard.



^{*}Above figures are aggregated banking and trust account amounts. (Trust account denotes trust accounts with contracts indemnifying the principal amounts).

Status of Loans by Nationality of Borrowers

Balance of Loans to Restructuring Countries

(Banking Account + Trust Account)

(JPY Mn, number of countries)

	0 t t 0000			Marrala 0000	September	
	September 2003 Change from March 2003 S		Change from September 2002	March 2003	2002	
Loan amount	71,873	-25,273	-65,881	97,146	137,754	
Number of Restructuring Countries	8	-	-	8	8	

Loans by Nationality of Borrowers

(Banking Account + Trust Account)

(JPY Mn)

	September 2003				March 2003	
			Change from	March 2003		
	Outstanding Balance	Non-Accrual, Past Due and Restructured Loans	Outstanding Balance	Non-Accrual, Past Due and Restructured Loans		Non-Accrual, Past Due and Restructured Loans
Asia	1,206,932	65,733	-141,198	-17,063	1,348,130	82,796
Hong Kong	218,118	2,749	-41,996	-1,450	260,114	4,199
Thailand	206,251	13,421	-21,421	-7,708	227,672	21,130
China	192,026	4,748	-11,691	-1,410	203,717	6,159
Singapore	148,007	6,194	-13,846	2,061	161,854	4,133
South Korea	99,430	292	-13,553	-370	112,983	662
Indonesia	106,537	32,809	-15,195	-7,236	121,732	40,045
Central and South America	708,193	9,716	-103,451	-29,297	811,644	39,013
Mexico	54,731	-	-8,420	-	63,151	-
Brazil	36,041	1,019	-8,402	-182	44,443	1,202
Argentina	12,947	5,509	-2,061	-641	15,008	6,151
North America	1,983,740	229,445	-680,506	-38,632	2,664,247	268,078
Eastern Europe	37,677	3,109	-26,394	-256	64,072	3,366
Western Europe	917,121	33,016	-49,671	14,294	966,793	18,722
Other	506,922	37,650	-17,186	5,063	524,108	32,587
otal	5,360,587	378,671	-1,018,408	-65,892	6,378,996	444,564



Consolidated NPLs under FRL

Reduction by JPY462 billion in NPLs under FRL on a Consolidated Basis Mainly due to the Reduction of Loans to Special Attention Obligors

(Consolidated + Trust Account)

(JPY Bn)

	September 2003	Change from March 2003	Change from Sept. 2002	March 2003	September 2002
Claims against Bankrupt and Substantially Bankrupt Obligors	614	-76	-374	691	989
Claims with Collection Risk	1,258	-47	-791	1,306	2,050
Claims for Special Attention	2,570	-338	5	2,908	2,564
Total	4,443	-462	-1,160	4,906	5,604

^{*} Trust account denotes trust accounts with contracts indemnifying the principal amounts.

 September 2003
 (Change from March 2003)

 Aggregated Figures of 3 Banks
 JPY4,336.0 bn (-JPY449.8 bn)

 Other Subsidiaries
 JPY107.8 bn (-JPY12.5 bn)

 Total
 JPY4,443.8 bn (-JPY462.3 bn)

Net Gains & Unrealized Gains on Securities

Net Gains/Losses Related to Stocks & Other Securities

			(JPY Bn)
3 Banks*	1H of FY2003 Change		1H of FY2002
Net Gains (Losses) Related to Stocks and Other Securities	99	162	-62
Gains on Sales	138	104	33
Losses on Sales	-4	7	-11
Devaluation	-8	76	-84
Provision for Reserves for Possible Losses on Investments	-11	-10	0
Gains (Losses) on Derivatives other than for Trading	-14	-15	0

^{*} Excluding financial subsidiaries for corporate revitalization

3 Banks

Net Gains (Losses) Related to Stocks and Other Securities	99	161	-62
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Unrealized Gains/Losses of Other Securities

Analysis of Changes

> Factor for Increase

+.JPY 104Bn Gain on sales of stocks NK225 03/3: JPY 7,972, 03/9: JPY 10,219 Gains due to sales of stocks at an increase of stock price

> Reduction of Stock Portfolio

-JPY 297Bn 1H of FY2003 Actual (of which, sale to BOJ -JPY 67Bn) 2H of FY2003 Plan -JPY 300Bn

Unrealized Gains/Losses

(Stocks)

Improved JPY 716Bn from March 2003 due to recovery in stock market Unrealized gains: JPY 521Bn

(Bonds)

Deteriorated JPY 307Bn from March 2003 due to rise in interest rates Unrealized Losses: JPY220Bn

(JPY Rn)

						_			(31 1 111)
	3 Banks	September 2003				March 2003			
	o Danks	Amount on B/S				Amount on B/S			
		(Book Value)	Unrealized Gains (Losses)			(Book Value)	Unrealized Gains (Losses)		
		(=Fair Value)		Gains	Losses	(=Fair Value)		Gains	Losses
Ī	Other Securities	24,342	324	718	393	21,314	-28	348	376
	Stocks	4,172	521	665	143	3,753	-194	160	355
	Bonds	15,564	-220	7	227	12,218	87	88	1
	Other	4,605	23	46	22	5,342	79	99	20

Stock Portfolio by Industry

Mizuho's Stock Portfolio vs TOPIX

(As of September 30, 2003)

