Special Education Citizens' Advisory Committee (SECAC) of Prince George's County Monthly Meeting

Agenda September 29, 2015

Desired Outcomes:

Participants will:

- Learn about the history of special education

- Understand why parent involvement is vital to the vision of special education

- Meet parents, PGCPS staff and community members who are working for positive changes for students receiving special education instruction

TIME	AGENDA ITEMS	FACILITATOR(S):
6:30-6:35	Welcome & Introductions	Pamela Talley
		Sarah Wayland
6:35-6:45	Update from Special	Joan Rothgeb
	Education Department	
	Introduction, Gwendolyn	
	Mason, Associate	
	Superintendent of Special	
	Education & Student Services	
6:45-6:55	SECAC Business (Elections,	Pamela Talley
	SECAC Calendar)	Sarah Wayland
	Special Education Clinic, RDI	
	Model Sessions	
6:55-7:50	Presentation: The History of	Josie Thomas
L.	Special Education: Why	The Parents' Place of
	Parent Involvement is <i>Vital</i> to	Maryland
	the Vision of Special	
	Education	
7:50-8:00	Open Discussion	Pamela Talley
8:00	Announcement of Next	Pamela Talley
	Meeting	
	Adjournment	

SECAC-PG Executive Board (2014-2015)

Pamela Talley (kpztalley@msn.com) – Chair Sarah Wayland (sarah Wayland (sarah.wayland@gmail.com) – Vice Chair Lisa Wilkins (lbwilkins.lb@gmail.com) – Secretary Joi Moorer (joimoorer@hotmail.com) – Asst. Secretary Amani Kharma (mkharma@aol.com) – Treasurer

PGCPS Advisors

Joan Rothgeb, Director of Special Education Mary Bell, Coordinating Supervisor Scott Geist, Instructional Supervisor

Next meeting: October 27, 2015

Topic: Review of Program and Services, RDI and the Family Support Center

Minutes SECAC-PG 29 September 2015

Joan Rothgeb started with a presentation from the Department of Special Education. She asked, "How can we get better engage with parents?" One suggestion was that we could ask parents to fill out a survey at the end of every IEP meeting to mail in where they could provide feedback.

Ms. Rothgeb mentioned that the PGCPS budget process was soon to get underway, and that the school board was going to also start hearings on boundary changes for the 2016-2017 school year.

She also noted that the latest MSDE Survey results indicate that PGCPS has improved in educating more Special Education Students in environments with their non-disabled peers, engaging with parents, and graduating more students with IEPs (an 8% increase).

They are improving academic achievement by:

- working to improve the "Least Restrictive Environment" numbers for kids in early childhood and elementary school programs.
- Developing standards-based IEPs
- Increasing opportunities for professional learning
- Engaging families
- Monitoring instruction (support to schools)
- Monitoring compliance

For students going through transition, they are working to develop partnerships with local colleges and other post-secondary educational institutions.

Ms. Rothgeb also noted that the Partners for Success Family Center has been renamed the "Family and Community Engagment". They are working hard to provide a timely response when families have concerns by enhancing communication and creating a website with resources families can use.

Special Education Coalition of Prince George's County

Special Education Resource Fair

Learn How to Advocate for Appropriate Special Education Services for Your Child

- Meet with an attorney during the Resource Fair*
- Meet with representatives from Prince George's County Public Schools who can answer questions and hear your concerns
- Community and family resources will be available
- Attend Educational Workshops

Saturday, November 7th

9:00 am-2:00 pm

Holy Family Catholic Church

12010 Woodmore Road, Mitchellville, MD

Educational Workshops

10 am: Navigating the IEP Process 101

12:30 pm: Help! My Child Keeps Getting

Suspended.

*Please call Maryland Disability Law Center at 800-233-7201, ext. 2516 by November 4th to make an appointment to meet with an attorney.

Walk-ins are also welcome.

Accommodations available upon request.

The **Special Education Coalition of Prince George's County** is a partnership of family members, special education advocates, service providers, and nonprofit organizations working together to improve the educational services received by students with disabilities in Prince George's County Public Schools. Sponsoring organizations include The Arc Prince George's County, Parents' Place of Maryland, and Maryland Disability Law Center.

For more information contact: The Arc at (301) 925-7050, ext. 307.



Yesterday, Today, and Tomorrow

A Quick Look at the History of Special Education

Children with disabilities were excluded from school.

Schools refused enrollment or provided inadequate services



Parents started to organize

They came together a few at a time, usually in someone's home.



Parents placed ads in newspapers

1000+

parents responded Are there any other parents out there who have a retarded child? Would you be interested in meeting and talking about this with another parent? Call 224-4343

Letter from a school district seeking help as a parent would not stop trying to get education for their child. (1951)



JFK formed the President's Panel on Mental Retardation (1962).

JFK called on America to address the significant needs of people with disabilities



Organizations started programs for children with disabilities

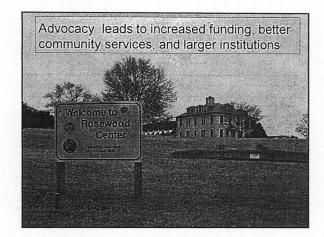
Children were considered "noneducable" or "trainable"



"Do not attempt to teach trainable children to read by means of phonics. It can't be done."

Teacher textbook, 1965





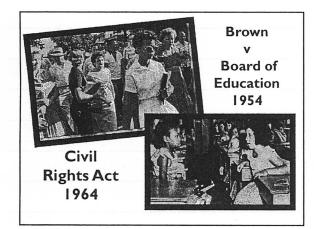


Let's take a moment ...

Think about the impact of this early history on the special education parent advocacy movement.

Turn to a partner and discuss.

Share your thoughts with the large group.

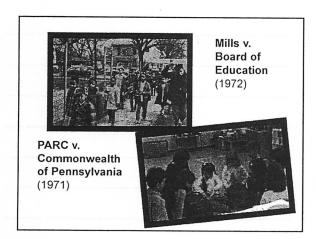


New laws mandate special education



Between mid-'60s and '75 • • •

45 state legislatures, the federal courts, and Congress spelled out strong educational rights.



Since Mills, school districts are constitutionally prohibited from planning special education programs in advance and offering them to students on a space available basis.

Rehabilitation Act of 1973

Disability discrimination is a prohibited for the first time in Section 504



Public Law 94-142 guarantees FAPE

Guaranteed a free, appropriate public education to each child with a disability in every state and locality across the country.

Education for All Handicapped Children Act of 1975



New law expands services to young children

Before 1986, many babies did not receive early intervention



Individuals with Disabilities Education Act

Proclaims the right for all children, including those with special needs, to receive a free and appropriate public education.

1990 - renamed IDEA 1997 - Amendments to IDEA

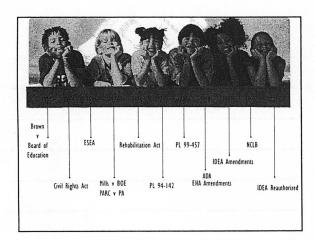
2004 - IDEIA



The purpose of IDEA is:

"To ensure that all children with disabilities have available to them a free appropriate public education that emphasizes special education and related services designed to meet their unique needs and prepare them for further education, employment and independent living."

No Child Left Behind Holds schools accountable for making sure students with disabilities achieve high standards



Yesterday

4 million students in schools were **not** receiving services they needed in 1975



Yesterday

More than

I million
children with
disabilities
were
excluded
from public
education



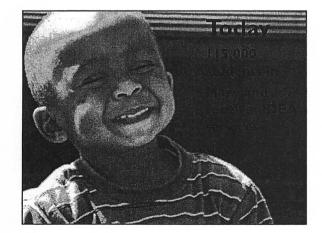
Today

6.8 million

students and more than 200,000

infants & toddlers receive IDEA services





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So where do we go from here?	