

Get the latest update from our own Jeff Bridges, Chief Economist at Enact. Check out some key economic observations from the **week of Sept. 30 – Oct. 4, 2024.**

Key Points:

- The <u>September unemployment rate fell</u> to 4.05% from 4.22% the largest monthover-month decrease since March 2022.
 - Using unrounded unemployment rates, the drop was large enough to cause the widely-watched <u>Sahm rule recession indicator</u> to untrigger.
 - As a reminder, the Sahm rule indicates a recession when the 3-month moving average of the <u>national (U3) unemployment rate rises by 50 basis points</u> or more above the minimum value for that average over the prior year.



Sahm Rule

- According to the <u>Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS)</u>, the number of job openings per unemployed worker rebounded slightly in August.
 - Currently, there are <u>1.1 openings per unemployed worker</u> slightly less than the 2019 average of 1.2.
 - While the layoff/discharge rate remains low (1.0% vs a 1.2% 2019 average), the rate of hiring is depressed (3.3% vs a 3.9% 2019 average) meaning <u>an increase</u> in layoffs could translate to rising unemployment relatively quickly.

-Job Openings per Unemployed Person 2019 Avg. Level 2.5 2 1.5 1 0.5 0 2016 2017 2019 2020 2022 2024 2018 2021 2023 Sources: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Job Openings and Unemployment